Date:07/28/94

Page:1

#### JFK ASSASSINATION SYSTEM

### IDENTIFICATION FORM

### AGENCY INFORMATION

AGENCY : FBI

RECORD NUMBER : 124-10179-10252

RECORDS SERIES :

RH

AGENCY FILE NUMBER: CR 100-0-13081 THRU 13081B

#### DOCUMENT INFORMATION

ORIGINATOR:

FROM :

TO:

TITLE :

Released under the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992 (44 USC 2107 Note). Case#:NW 35994 Date: 11-01-2021

DATE : 00/00/00

PAGES : 0

SUBJECTS:

NAR

DOCUMENT TYPE : CLASSIFICATION : U

RESTRICTIONS : NOT ASSASSINATION RELATED

CURRENT STATUS : P

DATE OF LAST REVIEW : 07/28/94

OPENING CRITERIA:

INDEFINITE

COMMENTS:

This document is made available through the declassification efforts and research of John Greenewald, Jr., creator of:

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Date: August 2, 2021

From: National Archives and Records Administration

Subject: Reconstructed FBI File (CR) RH 100-0, Serials 13081-13081B

To: The File

This memorandum briefly summarizes the status of missing original Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) case files or portions of case files in the President John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection (JFK Collection) and documents the National Archives and Records Administration's (NARA) efforts to reconstruct these records, where possible, from duplicate copies of documents located in other FBI files.

As the JFK Collection was first compiled and reviewed in the 1990s, the Assassination Records Review Board and the FBI designated some records as "not believed relevant" (NBR) or "not assassination related" (NAR). The FBI retained custody of the NBR/NAR records and postponed their transfer to NARA until a later date. Every document or group of documents ("serials"), however, received an indexed Record Identification Form (RIF) and FBI inventory sheet for insertion into the JFK Collection.

After an extensive search, neither the FBI nor the National Archives could locate a small number of NAR documents or case files.

This compilation represents NARA's efforts to reconstruct the original file or portions of the file, as completely as possible, with duplicate copies of documents located in the FBI field office and headquarters files within the JFK Collection. Each reconstructed file or compilation contains a Record Identification Form, an explanatory cover memo, existing administrative documents available within the JFK Collection, and copies of identified duplicate documents. The table below summarizes the status of FBI file (CR) RH 100-0, Serials 13081 through 13081B.

RIF Number FBI File Number		List of Serials From Inventory Sheet	List of Identified Serials at NARA	Reconstructed Status (None, Partial, Complete)
124-10179-10252	(CR) RH 100-0	13081-13081B	13081-1308B	Complete

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION POSTPONEMENT INFORMATION SHEET (JFK MATERIALS)

5	One	or more of the	ntirely at this location in the file. following statements, where indicated, ion (these deletions).
()	rat ava Sec	ionale indicate ilable for disc	e pursuant to the postponement d below with no segregable material losure. All references relate to President John F. Kennedy Assassination Act of 1992."
	[]	Subsection 1A	(intelligence agent's identity)
	[]	Subsection 1B	(intelligence source or method)
	[]	Subsection 1C	(other matter relating to military defense, intelligence operations or the conduct of foreign relations)
,	[]	Subsection 2	(living person who provided confidential information)
	[]	Subsection 3	(unwarranted invasion of privacy)
	()	Subsection 4	<pre>(cooperating individual or foreign government, currently requiring protection)</pre>
	.[]	Subsection 5	(security or protective procedure, currently or expected to be utilized)
19		ormation pertai	ned to a matter unrelated to the JFK estigation.
[]	- For	your informati	.on:
4	reg	arding this pag	per is to be used for reference ge (these pages):
XXXXXXXXX			XXXXXXXXXXX

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End of Report....

## JFK Inventory Sheet (Committees Files)

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NRØ46 WA CODE
8:48PM NITEL 3-24-75 DEB

TO ALL SACS

FROM DIRECTOR

SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

SENATOR FRANK CHURCH, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE SELECT
COMMITTEE TO STUDY GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS WITH RESPECT TO
INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES HAS MADE AN INITIAL REQUEST FOR INFORMATION
FROM THE FBI. AMONG THE ITEMS REQUESTED IS A BREAKDOWN OF
FIELD AGENT PERSONNEL ASSIGNED TO INTERNAL SECURITY AND
COU NTERINTELLIGENCE MATTERS.

ACCORDINGLY, WITHIN FOUR EIGHT HOURS EACH SAC SHOULD SUTEL
TO FBIHQ, ATTENTION: BUDGET AND ACCOUNTING SECTION, SETTING FORTH
SEPARATELY THE NUMBER OF SACS, ASACS, SUPERVISORS AND AGENTS ASSIGNED
TO INTERNAL SECURITY AND COUNTERINTELLIGENCE MATTERS. PERCENTAGES
OF AN AGENTS TIME, WHEN NOT ASSIGNED FULL-TIME TO THESE ACTIVITIES,
SHOULD BE USED IF APPROPRIATE, PARTICULARLY IN THE SUPERVISORY
CATEGORIES. THIS INFORMATION SHOULD BE BROKEN DOWN SEPARATELY
BETWEEN INTERNAL SECURITY AND COUNTERINTELLIGENCE. YOUR RESPONSE SHOULD
BE LIMITED TO AGENT PERSONNEL ONLY.

END

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Drew Jahren Willer Senial Red July 18 1975

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NW 54955 Doctd:32989494 Page 2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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Dep.-A.D.-Arm

Dep.-1.D.-In: Atst. Cir.: Ad 12. Car. Svel Ext. Affeirs Fil . & Com.

Gen. Inv. \_ Ideat.

Inspection Intell. Laboratory

Training . Legal Coun. .

Telephone Rm.

Director Sec'y

Plan. & Eval. Spec. Inv. ...

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3:50 PM NITEL MARCH 25. 1975 EJM

DI RECTOR

ATTENTION: BUDGET AND ACCOUNTING SEC.

FROM RICHMOND

1 P

SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

REBUTEL TO ALL SACS MAR 24. 1975.

RICHMOND HAS ONE AGENT ASSIGNED APPROXIMATELY 30 PERCENT OF HIS TIME TO INTERNAL SECURITY AND NO AGENTS ASSIGNED TO COUNTERINTELLIGENCE MATTERS. ONE SUPERVISOR DEVOTES LESS THAN 5 PERCENT OF HIS TIME TO SUCH CASES.

END

DBS FBIHQ CLR

	Routing Stip (Copies to Offi Checked) 0-7 (Rev. 12-17-73)
	TO: SAC:
	Albany
	RE: SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE Date 11/21/75
ļ	ON INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES
٠.	
	Retention For appropriate  For information optional action Surep, by  The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, conceal all sources, paraphrase contents.
	Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA
}	Remarks:
	Enclosed for your information is a copy of an article by Mr. William Safire entitled "Mr. Church's Cover-Up" that appeared in the November 20, 1975, issue of "The New York Times."
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NW 54955 DocId:32989494 Page 41 NW 65994 DocId:32174433 Page 7

# Mr. Church's Cover-Up

## By William Safire

WASHINGON, Nov. 19—On Oct. 10, 1963, the then-Attorney General of the United States put his personal signature on a document that launched and legitimatized one of the most horrendous abuses of Federal police power in this century.

In Senator Frank Church's subcommittee hearing room this week, the authorized wiretapping and subsequent unauthorized bugging and attempted blackmailing of Martin Luther King Jr. is being gingerly examined, with the "investigation" conducted in such a way as not to unduly embarrass officials of the Kennedy or Johnson Administrations.

With great care, the committee has focused on the F.B.I. Yesterday, when the committee counsel first set forth the result of shuffling through press clips, it seemed as if no Justice Department had existed in 1962; today, an F.B.I. witness pointed out that it was Robert Kennedy who authorized the wiretap of Dr. King, and that "the President of the United States and the Attorney General specifically discussed their concern of Communist influence with Dr. King."

But the Church committee showed no zest for getting further to the Kennedy root of this precedent to Watergate eavesdropping. If Senator Church were willing to let the chips fall where they may, he would call some knowledgeable witnesses into the glare of the camera lights and ask them some questions that have gone unasked for thirteen years.

For example, he could call Nicholas Katzenbach, Attorney General Kennedy's deputy and successor, and ask what he knows of the Kennedy decision to wiretap Dr. King. Who at Justice concurred in the recommendation? How does the F.B.I. know the President was consulted or informed?

After Mr. Katzenbach assumed office, and the wiretapping continued, he was told by angry newsmen that the F.B.I. was leaking scurrilous information about Dr. King. Why did he wait for four months, and for a thousand telephonic interceptions, to discontinue the officially approved tap?

Of course, this sort of testimony would erode Senator Church's political base. That is why we do not see former Assistant F.B.I. director Cartha (Deke) Deloach, Lyndon Johnson's personal contact with the F.B.I. in the witness chair. What did President Johnson know, about the characterassissination plot and when did he know it? What conversations took place between Mr. Deloach and President Johnson on the lapping of Dr. King, or about the use of the F.E.I. in any other intrusions into the lives of pelitical figures?

The committee is not asking embarrassing questions even when answers are readily available. A couple of weeks ago, at an open hearing, an F.B.I. man inadvertently started to blurt out an episode about newsmen who were weritapping in 1962 with the apparent knowledge of Attorney General Kennedy. The too-willing witlness was promptly shooshed into silence, and told that such information would be developed only in executive session. Nobody raised an eyebrow.

That pattern of containment by the Church committee is vividly shown by the handling of the buggings at the 1964 Republican and Democratic con-

## ESSAY

ventions which were ordered by Lyndon Johnson. Such invasions of political headquarters were worse than the crime committed at Watergate, since they involved the use of the F.B.I., but the Church investigators seem to be determined not to probe too deeply.

If F.B.I. documents say that reports were made to specific Johnson aides, why are those men not given the same opportunity to publicly tell their story so avidly given the next President's men? If Lyndon Johnson committed this impeachable high crime of using the F.B.I. to spy on political opponents, who can be brought forward to tell us all about it?

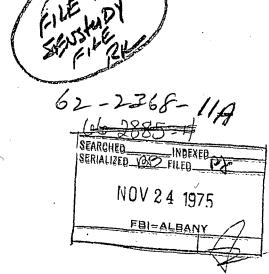
But that would cause embarrassment to Democrats, and Senator Church wants to embarrass professional employees of investigatory agencies only. A new sense of Congressional decorum exists, far from the sense of outrage expressed in the Senate Watergate committee's hearing room. When it is revealed that the management of NBC News gave press credentials to L.B.J.'s spics at the 1964 convention, everybody blushes denureally—and nobedy demands to know which network executive made what decision under what pressure.

I have been haranguing patient readers for years about the double standard applied to Democratic and Republican political crimes, and had hoped the day would come when the hardball precedents set by the Kennedy and Johnson men would be laid before the public in damning detail.

Obviously, Democrat Frank Church in not the man to do it. His jowlshaking indignation is all too selective; the trail of high-level responsibility for the crimes committed against Dr. King and others is evidently going to be allowed to cool.

Pity. You'd think that ofter all the nation has been inrough in the past few years our political leaders would have learned that the one time that brings you down is the art of covering up.

SAC-RIV SAC



THE NEW YORK TIMES
THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20th, 1975
PAGE C-41