Date: 02/16/05

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RECORD SERIES : JFK

AGENCY FILE NUMBER : RUSS HOLMES WORK FILE

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F. Kennedy

Assassination Records

Collection Act of 1992

(44 USC 2107 Note). Case#:NW 53320 Date:

DOCUMENT INFORMATION 16-24-2017

AGENCY ORIGINATOR : CIA

FROM : ACTING CHIEF, SR DIV

TO : ASSISTANT DEPUTY DIRECTOR, PLANS

TITLE : MEMO: CONTACT OF LEE OSWALD WITH A MEMBER OF KGB

ASSASSINATION DEPARTMENT

DATE: 11/23/1963

PAGES: 17

SUBJECTS : KOSTIKOV

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3-5958

23 November 1963

1X-25550

MEMORANDUM FOR: Assistant Deputy Director, Plans

FROM #

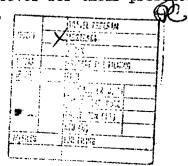
Acting Chief, SR Division

SUBJECT:

Contact of Lee OSWALD with a member of Soviet KGB

Assassination Department

- l. According to an intercepted phone call in Mexico City, Lee OSWALD was at the Soviet Embassy there on 28 September 1963 and spoke with the Consul, Valeriy Vladimirovich KOSTIKOV. This was learned when OSWALD called the Soviet Embassy on 1 October, identifying himself by name and speaking broken Russian, stating the above and asking the guard who answered the phone whether there was "anything new concerning the telegram to Washington." The guard checked and then told OSWALD that a request had been sent, but nothing had as yet been received. (MEXI 6453, 9 October 1963) The FBI liaison officer, Mr. Pappich, told me on 23 November that the Bureau has reason to believe that OSWALD's visit was to get Soviet support for a U.S. passport or visa matter /perhaps the new passport mentioned in the press articles/.
- 2. KOSTIKOV is an identified KGB officer. He was a case officer in an operation which is evidently sponsored by the KGB's 13th Department (responsible for sabotage and assassination). This operation, which is controlled by the FBI under the cryptonym TUMBLEWEED, involved a German-national resident of Oklahoma who was recruited in Europe, and met this year with KOSTIKOV in Mexico City and shortly thereafter with a known 13th Department officer, Oleg BRYKIN, in New York. The instructions given TUMBLEWEED by the two officers, (pinpointing objectives for sabotage) and the circumstances of their involvement in the case, left no doubt that both of them were working for the same KGB component, the 13th.
- 3. Of course it is not usual for a KGB agent on a sensitive mission to have such overt contact with a Soviet Embassy. However, we have top secret Soviet intelligence documents, describing Military Intelligence doctrine, which show that very important agents can be met in official installations using as cover for their presence there some sort of open business: Vice Admiral



Document Number 538

for FOIA Review on

APR 1975

CLASSIFICATION REVIEW
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23 Nov 6

201-289248

RECORD COPY

L. BEKRENEV, in a top secret lecture to a Soviet Military Intelligence course at Military-Diplomatic Academy, 1960, said,

"Case officers who use as cover, let us say, the Soviet Trade Representation, TASS or Sovinformburo, can use their cover assignments as backstopping for non-clandestine meetings with certain agents whose particular activities officially associate them with the previously mentioned Soviet institutions. However, such non-clandestine meetings within a legal residency should be restricted to a minimum both as to place and time. Meetings of this type should be carried out only in exceptional cases with tested and reliable agents in order to avoid provocation by the local counterintelligence service against the Soviet installation being used as cover. Such meetings are held as a rule in the work offices of the case officer or of the agent during working hours. It is necessary that such meetings be conducted naturally, that they do not attract the attention of outsiders, and that the receipt and transmittal of intelligence matters, properly camouflaged, be carried out discreetly. In setting up such meetings, measures against tapping must be taken. One must bear in mind that a meeting with persons outside official premises and during non-working hours usually signifies a relationship between the two parties that is above and beyond official matters."

Also, such contact in official installations may be caused by the agent's own carelessness. Again Admiral BEKRENEV speaks:

"Some agents, because of inexperience or because of deliberate violation of the rules of security through peculiar personal rashness,.... approached our case officers at places not stipulated as operational meeting sites, others telephoned the case officer at his Soviet installation and discussed personal contact arrangements, while others still showed up personally at the Soviet installation in order to contact the case officer."

4. I called the above connections to the attention of Mr. Pappich by phone to his FBI office at 1030 hours on 23 November.

- 5. I am attaching
  - 1) a summary of our information on KOSTIKOV; and
- 2) all valid background information now available on the work of the 13th Department of the Foreign Intelligence of the KCB:
  - a. Extracts from Report on the Soviet State Security
    Service (KGB), dated May 1963, based on information from AELADLE.
  - b. Soviet Use of Kidnapping and Assassination -- Executive Action, dated August 1960.
    - c. Soviet Strategic Executive Action, dated October 1961.

Tennent H. Bagle

SUBJECT: Valeriy Vladimirovich KOSTIKOV

KOSTIKOV, who was born on 17 March 1933 in Moscow, was assigned to the Soviet Embassy in Mexico City as Vice Consul on 19 September 1961.

A fluent Spanish speaker, he had travelled abroad at least three times before this permanent assignment; moreover, in 1959 KOSTIKOV applied for a visa to accompany Premier Nikita Sergeyevich KHRUSHCHEV's party to the United States as an official of the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs, but we have no record of his having come to this country at that time. KOSTIKOV served as an interpreter at international conferences at Madrid and Barcelona in 1958 and 1959. In late 1959 and early 1960 he attended Soviet exhibitions in Mexico City and Havana; he is known to have been in Cuba from 6 January to 7 March 1960.

The physical description of KOSTIKOV quite accurately fits that of a Soviet case officer who nearly a year ago met in Mexico an FBI-controlled double agent. This double agent's Soviet case officer in the United States has been Oleg Danile-vich BRYKIN of the Thirteenth Department, KGB First Chief Directorate, occupying the overt position of translator-trainee, U.N. Secretariat, New York City. BRYKIN was stationed in New York City from December 1960 to July of this year.

Since arriving in Mexico, KOSTIKOV is known to have travelled three times outside the capital: In March 1963 and again for the first two weeks of September he went to Tijuana, Ensenada, and Mexicali, ostensibly for the purpose of purchasing cotton. The U.S. Department of State, however, has reported that during these trips KOSTIKOV met local representatives of Movimento Liberation National and Central Compesina Independienta, both large Communist front organizations. In addition, according to FBI sources, KOSTIKOV was accompanied on the September trip by Ivan Gavrilovich ALFERYEV, and he contacted in Ensenada several persons including Communist sympathizers who previously had been associated with Soviet officials stationed in Mexico City.

ALFERYEV, a PRAVDA correspondent in Mexico, was in close contact with Cuban diplomats and local Communist leaders during a February 1962 visit to Quito.

REPRODUCTION

## PROMIBITED

23 November 1963

LX-25550

MEMORANDUM FOR: Assistant Deputy Director, Plans

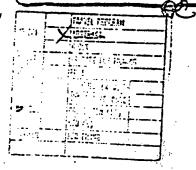
FROM:

Acting Chief, SR Division

SUBJECT:

Contact of Lee OSWALD with a member of Soviet KCB Assassination Department

- 1. According to an intercepted phone call in Mexico City, Lee OSWALD was at the Soviet Embassy there on 28 September 1963 and spoke with the Consul, Valeriy Vladimirovich KOSTIKOV. This was learned when OSWALD called the Soviet Embassy on 1 October, identifying himself by name and speaking broken Russian, stating the above and asking the guard who answered the phone whether there was "enything new concerning the telegram to Washington." The guard checked and then told OSWALD that a request had been sent, but nothing had as yet been received. (MEXI 6453, 9 October 1963) The FBI liaison officer, Mr. Pappich, told me on 23 November that the Bureau has reason to believe that OSWALD's visit was to get Soviet support for a U.S. passport or visa matter perhaps the new passport mentioned in the press articles.
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- 3. Of course it is not usual for a KGB agent on a sensitive mission to have such overt contact with a Soviet Embassy. However, we have top secret Soviet intelligence documents, describing Military Intelligence doctrine, which show that very important agents can be met in official installations using as their presence there some sort of open business:



Document Number

for FOIA Review on

APR 1976

CLASSIFICATION REVIEW CONDUCTE

201-289248

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PAGE 207 of 212

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- 2 -

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PAGE 208 of 212

• REPRODUCTION

PROMIBITED

SUBJECT: Valeriy Vladimirovich KOSTIKOV

KOSTIKOV, who was born on 17 March 1933 in Moscow, was assigned to the Soviet Embassy in Mexico City as Vice Consul on 19 September 1961.

A fluent Spanish speaker, he had travelled abroad at least three times before this permanent assignment; moreover, in 1959 KOSTIKOV applied for a visa to accompany Premier Nikita Sergeyevich KERUSHCHEV's party to the United States as an official of the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs, but we have no record of his having come to this country at that time. KOSTIKOV served as an interpreter at international conferences at Madrid and Barcelona in 1958 and 1959. In late 1959 and early 1960 he attended Soviet exhibitions in Mexico City and Havana; he is known to have been in Cuba from 6 January to 7 March 1960.

The physical description of KOSTIKOV quite accurately fits that of a Soviet case officer who nearly a year ago met in Mexico an FBI-controlled double agent. This double agent's Soviet case officer in the United States has been Oleg Danile-vich BRYKIN of the Thirteenth Department, KGB First Chief Directorate, occupying the overt position of translator-trainee, U.N. Secretariat, New York City. BRYKIN was stationed in New York City from December 1960 to July of this year.

Since arriving in Mexico, KOSTIKOV is known to have travelled three times outside the capital: In March 1963 and again for the first two weeks of September he went to Tijuana, Ensenada, and Mexicali, ostensibly for the purpose of purchasing cotton. The U.S. Department of State, however, has reported that during these trips KOSTIKOV met local representatives of Movimento Liberation National and Central Compesina Independienta, both large Communist front organizations. In addition, according to FBI sources, KOSTIKOV was accompanied on the September trip by Ivan Gavrilovich ALFERYEV, and he contacted in Ensenada several persons including Communist sympathizers who previously had been associated with Soviet officials stationed in Mexico City.

ALFERYEV, a PRAVDA correspondent in Mexico, was in close contact with Cuban diplomats and local Communist leaders during a February 1962 visit to Quito.

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FAGE 209 of 212

• REPRODUCTION

PROHIBITED



SUBJECT: Valoriy Vludinirovich KOSTIKOV (201-305052)

ROSTIKOV, who was born on 17 March 1933 in Moscow, was assigned to the Soviet Embassy in Mexico City as Vice Consul on 19 September 1961.

A fluent Spanish speakor, he had travelled abroad at least three times before this permanent assignment; moreover, in 1959 MOSTIKOV applied for a visa to accompany Premier Bibita Sergeys—Vich MHRUSHCREV's party to the United States as an official of the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs, but we have no record of his baving come to this country at that time. KOSTIKOV served as an interpreter at international conferences at Madrid and Barcolona in 1955 and 1959. In late 1959 and early 1960 he attended Soviet exhibitions in Mexico City and Mayana; he is known to have been in Cuba from 6 January to 7 March 1960 (Mayana)

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11/29/63 dick at NSA showed highed flate Degealed from Typesana dated 10/10/63 which stated routes a who have reposited content will CET & MLN later rain the war is wear, air Three was no received of skipment of Expositional of content,

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PASE 210 of 212

Wife: Rosa Aleksandrovna, born 2 March 1932 Arkhamgel Oblast.

Daughter: Svetlana Valerievna born 1959, Moscow.

Wife and daughter accompanied Subject to Mexico.

Graduate of Foreign Language Institute and/or Institute of Foreign Affairs, Moscow.

From 30 June to 10 July 1959 was at the Electrotechnical Congress in Madrid; attended a conference in Madrid and Barcelona in 1958.

November 1959 to 6 January 1960 - Soviet Exposition in Mexico City.

6 JA-197 1960- in ATO ACCIDENT AT VERY GALZ.

Contacts in Ensenada, Baja, California, September 1963:

- 1. Daily with Isaak Karlos CHAPLUK (201-229418) and with CHAPLUK's son.
  - 2. 7 September, stayed 45 minutes at Nuna SIMANOVKA's Curio Shop.
  - 3. 7 September, dinner with Miguel POPOFF (201-286055)

Note that ALFEREV claimed that he was a guest of the party of Eva Samano de Lopez MATEOS, wife of the President of Mexico, Adolfo Lopez MATEOS. On the trip to Baja, California; Mrs. Lopez was attending a Congress of the National Institute for the Protection of Children.

201-289248

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PAGE 211 of 212 copy No. \_\_\_\_\_

N Robert

23 November 1953

METORANDUM FOR: Assistant Deputy Director, Flans

FROM:

Acting Chief, SR Division

SUBJECT:

Contact of Lee OSWALD with a member of Soviet KCB Assassination Department

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N Robert

23 November 1963

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