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SUBJECT: Meeting With WUSLAB/1] on 22 April 1970

- 1. Arrangements and Security: The meeting took place in the office? safehouse at 1400 on the above date and ended at 1500. There were no incidents of a security nature.
- Bolivian Ambassador Julio Sanjines Production: Goytia talked on the phone to president Ovando on 20 April. Ovando said that there was pressure from the civilian members of the cabinet on the Debray case. They related their request that Debray should be released to a letter Ovando wrote the. Italian novelist Alberto Moravia which they claimed stated he would release Debray. Ovando commented to Sanjines that he had not committed himself to release Debray. The civilians think that the release of Debray and Bustos would take the pressure off the government. Ovando admitted that the government could not control the students. The Minister of Education had been destroyed when the USIS installation was damaged. Ovando commented that he would reconsider the Debray situation and commented that there were no legal precedents for Debray's The military will go along with it if Ovando and the cabinet will put down the union members if needed. Quiroga still claims to be able to influence a segment of the mineworkers. Ovando does not want to suppress by force the student demonstrations. Ovando indicated that there is a wave of uneasiness in the country. He is thinking about taking a stronger hand in certain issues and compromise on other issues.
- 3. Minister of Planning Jose Ortiz Mercado is coming to Washington on 2 May for a four day visit before he goes, to San Jose for the inauguration of Pepe Figueres. WUSLAB/1] believes that Ortiz will be frank with him, and tell him what the situation is like back in La Paz. He will attend the CIAP review of the Bolivian program.
- 4. Sanjines described the Rogelio Miranda Baldivia problem (Miranda is the Army Chief of Staff in Bolivia) as a personal matter which has now become ideological. He does not get along with General Juan Jose Torres, the Commander of the Armed Forces. Miranda is now trying to change some commanders in field commands.

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- 5. I asked some clarifying questions on the OAS report of a possible demonstration against the OAS Assembly in Santo Domingo in June 1970. He said that Rolz-Bennett normally maintains contact with the OAS Deputy Secretary General Urquia, who is a close personal friend and is also a Central-American. The head of the UNDP office in Santo Domingo is Hugo Navegas. He has been asked to get the information on the possibility of such a disruption.
- 6. Victor Paz Estenssoro, is one of three experts picked up under an OAS contract with the University of Engineering in Lima. In actuality, Paz will receive a P-4 salary from the OAS. The project is up for board approval and will last at least a year.
- [WUSLAB/1/went on at length on the difficulties between Miss Alexander, the former Bolivian ambassador to the OAS whose parents were murdered in La Paz, and Sanjines. In brief, Miss Alexander was accompanied to Washington by a catholic priest Sanjines offered to find him lodging in a Father Eduardo. Washington monastery, but he demurred. Whenever Sanjines called Miss Alexander during crises in Bolivia at early morning hours the father would answer the phone. He also helped with Miss Alexander's work at the OAS and was around the Embassy Sanjines once found them doing some research in his Colonel Bunzer, when assigned to Washington, said that there was an intelligence report that Father Eduardo had been involved with the guerrillas. The military finally forced the father to leave the Embassy. Miss Alexander sent him \$100 on which to live. When her parents were killed he reappeared. When Miss Alexander returned to La Paz she read a written report submitted by Sanjines on her affair with the priest, and when she came back to Washington she called up Sanjines and told him off.
- 8. Sanjines said that his relations with the State Department have cooled off. He thinks that the nationalization of Gulf Oil has weakened the government. There is a vacuum in Bolivia and this has caused the present Bolivian government to be much more subservient to the United States than was the government of Rene Barrientos. He believes, however, that his own position with the Bolivian government had been strengthened. Sanjines is going to San Jose for the presidential inauguration. He heard from Colonel Ayoroa that Victor Paz Estenssoro as a personal friend of Figueres, had also been invited to the inauguration. Sanjines said that it would be interesting to talk to Paz.
- 9. I asked WUSLAB/1/if there were any recent developments between and the Soviet Embassy. During





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his absence	
ints absence	received a telephone
call from KUTAKOV, the Soviet Under-	Secretary, who asked
that send directly to him Cong	ressional reports on
Chemical Warfare, USSR-US cultural e	xchanges, hearings on
the United Nations. These documents	are being sent to
KUTAKOV. WUSLAB/1 remarked that the	Soviets are always
interested in the Tinformation	
and never, the They	were interested in
10. / Plans: The next meeting w	ill be on 28 April at
1400. WUSLAB/1/goes to on	29 April to have his
eyes checked.	•

7. WYY.
FLOYD B. MCCULLY



