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CIA

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-		!	A
44-6000	1	CONTENT	<u> </u>
sa 202) 5	2	Deposition of	Examination by Counsel For the Commission
, Phune (Area 202) 544-6000	3	William C. Sturbitts	2
ũ.	4		
	5		
	6	(AFTERNOON SESSION	Page 58)
	7	William C. Sturbitts (Resumed)	58
	, 8		
	9		
	10	178-10002-10091	
	11		
ĭ	12		
3 & PAUL	13	178-10002-10215	•
WARD	14		
	15		
	16	178-10002-10279	
	17		
	18		
03	19		•
.C. 200	20		
gton, D	21		•
Washin	22		
П	23 !		
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Phone (Area 202) 544-6000

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410 First Street, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003

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PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

ON CIA ACTIVITIES

Langley, Virginia

Wednesday, April 16, 1975

Deposition of WILLIAM C. STURBITTS, called for examination by Counsel for the Commission on CIA Activities, the witness being duly sworn by Thomas C. Hogan, a Notary Public in and for the State of Virginia, in the offices of the Central Intelligence Agency, Langley, Virginia, at 9:50 o'clock a.m., on Wednesday, April 16, 1975, the proceedings being taken down in stenotype by Ruth G. McClenning, and transcribed under her direction.

APPEARANCES:

On behalf of the Commission:

GEORGE MANFREDI, ESQ.,

ROBERT B. OLSEN, ESQ.

	Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	1	PROCEEDINGS
	202) 5.	2	Thereupon,
	iie (Arez	3	WILLIAM C. STURBITTS,
	<u>a</u>	4	called as a witness by Counsel for the Commission on CIA
		. 5	Activities, and having been first duly sworn by the Notary
		6	Public, was examined and testified as follows:
		7	EXAMINATION BY COUNSEL FOR THE COMMISSION
		8	BY MR. MANFREDI:
		· 9	Q Mr. Sturbitts, will you state your full name for the
		10 4	record?
		11	A William C. Sturbitts.
A U.P.		12	Q Mr. Sturbitts, do you recall when we spoke some
WARD & PAUL		13 :	weeks ago you signed a document entitled, "Advice and
₹		14	Waiver"?
		15	A Right.
		16	Q You understand that document is still in effect?
		17	A Sure.
		18	Q Mr. Sturbitts, by whom are you currently employed?
0003		19	A You mean the Agency or
D.C. 20		20	Q That is right.
rington,		21	A Central Intelligence Agency.
E., Wast		22	Q And what is your current position with the Agency?
410 First Street, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003		23	A I am a Special Assistant, Latin America, for
is in Si		24	Economic Intelligence Collection and Operations.
D1:		25	Q And would you briefly review for me the history of

		3	
Phone (Ares 202) 544-6000	1	your employment with the Agency?	
. 202)	2	A When I first came in I was in the Intelligence	
ne (Are	3	Directorate for approximately ten years and I was put on specia	. 1
Plic	4	detail, special indefinite detail, in the Deputy Director, Plan	s,
	5	which is now the Directorate of Operations.	
	6	Q What year were you put on that detail?	Property of the last of the la
	7	A I guess it was 1964, January, I believe.	
	8	Q And what did that detail involve?	
	9	A Cuban operations, economic warfare.	
	10	Q And how long were you on that detail?	
	11	A I was in the Cuban operations for nine years.	
. <u>;</u>	12	Q Between 1964 and 1973?	
WARD & PAUL	13	A (Nods in affirmative.)	
¥ × ×	14	Q And in 1973 did you assume your current position?	
	15	A Yes, January.	
	16	Q Now, while you were on special detail to the DOD?	
	17	A Yes.	
	18	Q Were you stationed in Washington?	
f 00	19	A Yes.	
3.C. 20(20	Q And did you commute with some frequency to Miami?	
ashington, D.C. 2000 J	21	A Yes.	
. west	22	Q Were your activities in Miami in any way connected	
	23	with the operations of the Miami Station?	
	24	A In some way. My responsibilities were worldwide.	
•	. 25	I took temporary duty predominantly in Europe, and then Miami.	

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202)
(Area
Phone

ARD & PAUL

	4
Most of 1	my operations were run out of Europe.
Q	Run out of
A	Europe. Some were run out of Miami but the big ones
were run	out of Europe.
Q	Well, in the course of your activities with respect
to Cuba d	lid you have occasion to become familiar with the
operation	ns of the Miami base?
A	Yes.
Q	And the situation in the Cuban community in Miami?
A	Yes, sir.
Q	During the nine years you were with DDO's Cuban
operation	s, who was who were the chiefs of the Miami
Station?	
A	I think in 1963 Ted Shackley was the Chief and he
was follo	wed by I can't think of his name. I should know
it. Well,	I will come back to that.
-	Then, the next Chief of Station was Paul Henze.
Q	What years was he Chief?
•	Table Signature there should be an analysis at 15 mg

A I think paul was there about a year and a half. He left in 1968 when we reduced the size of the Station. Let's say Henze was there from 1966 to 1968. And then Jake Esterline.

He was Chief of Station from 1968 to 1973.

Q Now, what was the formal title of the group to which you were assigned for the 9-year period?

A Well, when I first came in it was known as the

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1	Special Activities Staff. It was headed by Desmond Fitzgerald.
2	And then, I believe after that it became the Cuban Operations
3	Group.
4	Q Now, was this a special group within the DDO or was
5	it attached to one of the area divisions?
6	A No. Following the Bay of Pigs, they created a thing
7	called Task Force W which was headed by Bill Harvey. And
8	that when Harvey left, he went to hier of Station,
9	and Fitzgerald took over, it became Special Activities Staff.
10	It wasn't attached to anything except it reported to the
11	Deputy Director, Plans.
12	Q And that was Mr. Karamessines?
13	A Yes. Well, it was Helms at that time back when it
14	was first created. Helms was DDP at that time.
15	Q And Task Force W was created immediately after the
16	Bay of Pigs?
17	A Well, not immediately. I think sometime around
18	in the Bay of Pigs was in April. I think this was created in
19	September, something like that, 1961.
20	Q And that subsequently became the Special Activities
21 ;	Staff?
22	A Special Activities Staff and consequently became the
23 :	Cuban Operations Group. As the Cuban Operations Group it went

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And what was the date of that reorganization?

back into the Western Hemisphere Division.

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000	~	•	
544-60	1	A	Well, let's see. I would say that was probably around
202) 5	2	1965 beca	use Fitzgerald then became Chief, W.H., and then
Pirone (Area 202) 544-6000	3	later DDP	•
Phone	4	Q	Now, Mr.Harvey do you recall what position Mr.
	. 5	Harvey he	ld after he left Task Force W?
	6	A	Yes. He was @Chief of Station,
	7	Q	And is he still with the Agency?
•	8	А	Oh, no. He retired a long time ago.
	9	Q	Do you know where he lives at the present time?
	10	A	Frankly, I don't. I have an idea where he lives.
	11	He went to	work for a friend of mine who had a law firm.
±	12	Harvey is	a lawyer.
WARD & РАUL	13	Q	Indianapolis area?
WARD.	14	F.	Yes, some place around there. It is in the midwest,
	15	Indiana.	
	16	Q	What was the role that was assigned to Task Force
	17	W?	
	18	А	It was the overall Cuban operations.
ņ	19	Q	Did the Miami when was the Miami Station estab-
C. 2000	20	lished?	
	21	. A	Well, I think they had a forward operatio-s base down
	22 ·	there abou	t 1960 which was small, in Coral Gables.
;	23	Q	This was, then, prior to the Bay of Pigs?
	24 .	A	Oh, yes.
- -	25	Q	Now, in addition to Task Force W, was the Miami

Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	1	Station running any operations against Cuba?
202) 5-	2	A You mean prior to the Bay of Pigs?
ie (Area	5	Q Yes.
g.	4	A I really don't know. It was a small it was a
	5	forward base and it was more or less as I recall, a support type
	ô	thing.
	7	Q Well, after the Bay of Pigs when Task Force W was
	8	established, did it have sole responsibility for Cuban
	9	operations?
	. lo:	A Yes.
	11	Q Or was that shared with the Miami base, Miami
ני	12	Station?
O & FAUL	13	A No. The Miami Station was under Task Force W.
WARD	14	Q All right. Would that also be true of the Special
	15	Activities Staff, the Cuban Operations Group?
	16	A Right,
	17	
	18 .	Q I understand that. When were Cuban operations termi-
700	19 :	nated?
D.C. 200	20 .	A At the Station? Let's see. Sternfield went down
inglen,	21	there in 1972. It was during fiscal year '72. I think it was
410 First Streat, S.E., Washington, E.C. 20003	22	in early 1973. It was a gradual reduction.
541, S.P	23	
15	24	
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7	O My Churchitte in the last sounds of weeks you may	CHCACHESTRESS CACACAGES

Q Mr.Sturbitts, in the last couple of weeks you may have seen some allegations in the press about possible assassination attempts that have been mounted or alleged assassination attempts that have been mounted --

A Right.

Q -- against Fidel Castro. In the course of your activities with respect to Cuba, did you ever learn of any such attempts?

A Well, let me answer it this way. I wouldn't say attempts. I know there was discussion. "Attempts" is too strong a word.

Q Well, can you place in time your first knowledge of any such discussions?

A Well, the first knowledge I had of any discussions,

I was on TDY and this was October, November, 1963, with Fitzgerald

in And I knew that he was going to meet -- let me put

it another way. I had overheard that discussions were going on

with a member of Castro's military but that he wanted, as

I recall, he wanted some British -- I mean Belgian rifles and

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000	1	
544-6		a telescopic sight.
ea 202	2	Q Who wanted them?
Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	5	A This military guy that was in Fidel's I think
ž	4	at one time he was a commandante. Now, I knew that was going
	5	on. I didn't participate in it because I was there for another
	6	reason. And I know that subsequent to that time that Fitzgeral
	7	met with him again and as I recall, as the personal representa-
	8	tive of the Attorney General, Bobby Kennedy.
	9	I provided all those files. There are 19 volumes that
	10	we gave to your people. But I don't know who was reviewing
	11	them. I think Belin was going to do it himself.
2	12	Q Yes. He is. He is doing it himself.
	13	You said there were 19 volumes of documents with
	14	respect to this.
	15	A 19 files, manila.
	16	Q All having to do with possible assassination?
	17	A All having to do with this whole time period and
	18	can we go off the record for a minute?
	19	(Discussion off the record.)
	20 :	BY MR. MANFREDI:
	21	Q The first knowledge of such conversations that you
	22	had, I take it you obtained on a trip to Europe with Mr.
	23 :	Fitzgerald?
	24	A I simply overheard it, that is right.

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And who were the parties to the conversation you over

000	1	
Phone (Area 202) 544-6000		heard?
	2	A A fellow named Nestor Sanchez.
	3	Q And Mr. Fitzgerald?
ã	4	A Yes, and I really can't recall some of the other
	5	people. We were we had just moved the Station at that time,
	6 :	
	7 :	and we felt that it was probably bugged, so all conversations
	8	took place we walked around the garden and tyat type of
	9	thing, and, you know, I was walking with somebody, somebody
	10	was in front of me, and you just overhear conversations.
	11	Q This was
	12	A Yes.
	13	Q I see.
	14	Mr. Sanchez was he a member of the military?
	. 15	A No. Man Sanchez was in the Special Activities Staff.
	16	He was stationed in Washington. And he was in contact with
	17	Cuban military-type.
,	16 :	Q Was it your understanding that the Agency had received
	19 :	instructions with respect to this activity from another
	20	component of the Government?
	21	A Well, let me put it this way. I don't know whether
	22	they received instructions. I have to assume, and I am pretty
	23	positive, that this was a result of a Special Group decision.
	24	And at this time you have to remember that Bobby Kennedy was
	25	

٠		SECKE1
Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	1	part of that Special Group. He called the meetings, he presided
02) 54 ₄	2	
Area 2	5	he did a number of things.
hone (,	Q Were there any other occasions that you can recall
ī	4	in which the possibility or the subject of assassination of
	5	Fidel Castro was discussed?
	ê	A No, not really.
	7	Q You referred to this as the first occasion.
	8	A This is the first
	9	Q Was there a second?
	10	A the first time I knew about it or even heard it
	22	discussed.
AUL	12	Q Well, prior to the investigation that is currently
либ & РАШ.	13	underway I am referring now to our Commission's investigation
×	14	were there any other occasions in which this subject came
	15	to your attention after this discussion in the garden in
	16	
	7 ~	A The only other thing that came to my attention was
	18	that the decision was made not to provide him with this sight
5 0 0 0	19	that he wanted. Whether that is right or wrong, I don't know,
	2C+	but that is what I was told.
	21	Q When did you learn that?
	22 -	A Oh, I would assume in must have been early 1964,
	23	around February, something like that.
		∤

(Discussion off the record.)

Off the record.

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Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	1	Q Was he ever hired to do any piecework for the
202)	2	Agency?
ie (Area	3	A Not to my knowledge.
Phot	₹ <u>.</u>	Q Do you know whether or not Mr. Sturgis ever partici-
	5	pated in any type of paramilitary or other operation against
	6	Cuba?
	7	A On his own behalf he did, not on behalf of this
	8	Agency.
	9 (Q How did you learn of those operations?
	10	A Through the newspaper. And through FBI reports.
	11	Q Now, are these recent FBI reports?
<u>;</u>	12	A Oh, no. These go back I know at one time, the
:	13	thing that comes to mind, I think he made a leaflet drop
	- 14 .	over Cuba and this was subsequently reported in the press and
	15	by the Bureau office in Miami.
	16 ^{.:}	Q Do you know who financed his activities?
	<u> </u>	A I have no idea.
	18	Q Is it possible that Mr. Sturgis' activities were
	19 :	indirectly financed by the Agency through
	20 1	A I don't see how. Frank Sturgis is a soldier of
	21	fortune; has been. He has constantly tried to associate himsel
	22	with the Agency. When I went through his file they wanted me
	23 :	to classify the file and the way I classified it was "don't

Off the record.

destroy it, he is an intelligence nuisance."

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		14
90099-	1	(5)
Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	2	(Discussion off the record.)
		MR. MANFREDI: On the record.
ome (Ar	3	BY MR. MANFREDI:
	· 4	Q Have you caused the Agency records with respect to Mr.
	5	Sturgis to be assembled in any one location?
	6	A Yes. Ihave custody of them.
٠.	7	Q And what is the volume of that material?
	8	A As I recall, there are five volumes. Your Committee
	9	called for them the other day after the article in the paper,
	10	I guess it was last Saturday. They called for them Monday and
	11	they returned them Monday afternoon.
. 9 116.	12	Q Do you know who examined those files?
AND A PALIC	13	A No, I don't.
W	14	Q You indicated a moment ago that Mr. Sturgis contacts
	15	the DCD office in Miami with some frequency, is that correct?
	16	A Well, not great frequency but he does with tidbits
	17	of so-called information.
	18	Q Is this information limited to narcotics, alleged
	19	narcotics traffic?
	20	A Recently it has been.
,	21	Q Has Mr. Sturgis been encouraged by the DCD office
	22 "	in Miami?
	23 ·	A Mr. Sturgis has been told by the DCD office in Miami
	24 .	to take his information to the Drug Enforcement Agency or the
	25 .	FBI.

õ

Q Do you know whether or not they consider him an
established contact?
A No manner.
Q Do they have any do they periodically seek to
collect information from Mr. Sturgis?
A I can't speak to that but the records that we have
don't reflect anything like that. Before they would contact
somebody in that context, knowing that there is a 201 file
on Sturgis, they would have to coordinate with the Latin
American Division before they did anything since we do hold
the file.
Q Would you briefly explain what a 201 file is?
A A 201 file is a personnel file. It consists of any
information relating to an individual appearing in the press
as a result of other agency reporting and that type of thing.
Q Personnel or personality file?
A Personality file, I should say. Excuse me.
Q Do you know whether or not there is any connection
or relationship between Eugenio Martinez and Mr. Sturgis?
A Well, I will say this. Obviously, they do know
each other. They have to know each other from their days
in Cuba.

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pated with Martinez in raids against Cuba?

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Do you know whether or not Mr. Sturgis ever partici-

No. As I recall, we employed Martinez around 1961,

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I guess, and he was in our maritime activities. He was a boat captain eventually. And he did participate in infiltrations and exfiltrations and perhaps one or two raids, hit and run, sabotage-type actions against Cuba. Sturgis never engaged in any of these things. He never did it for us nor did he ever do it on any of our boats, planes, or — anything that belongs to the Agency.

Q When Martinez would run such an operation or captain a boat on such an operation, would he be charged with putting together his own crew?

A No. He had an assigned crew and every boat had a

Case Officer operating either out of the -- probably out of

the Miami Station. Sometimes I would assume that we did have

some people in the Key West base. But he, Martinez, would receive

his instructions and briefings from his Case Officer.

Q So it is likely that he could have brought Sturgis along on any of these operations?

A Absolutely unlikely. Oh, the guy whose name I was trying to think of, Chief of Station, John Dimmer.

Q And that would be for a period of time between Shackley and Henze?

- A Yes.
- 0 1964 to 1966?
 - A Something like that.
 - Q Would you describe briefly for me the nature of the

SECRET

		17
	activities conducted by the Special Activities Staff duri	ng
	your and subsequently the Cuban Operations Group durin	g
1	your 9-year tenure with those groups.	
1	A Well, there was it was an across-the-board	
:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	intelligence operation consisting of collection of foreign	n
	positive intelligence, counterintelligence, paramilitary	
	activities, covert action, economic activities. That is	about
: (]	the breadth of the thing.	
	Now, these were all conducted through the DDO?	
	A Right.	
	Q Now, let's speak for a moment about the paramili	tary
	operations. Were these operations run out of southern	
	Florida?	
	A Right.	
	Q And in particular out of the Miami Station?	
	A Yes.	
	Q Were there any other CIA facilities in that area	of
	the country that participated in these activities?	
	A Not to my knowledge.	
	Q Were there any southern harbors other than Miami	
	that were used in these activities?	
	A A	s
	I said, we did have a	

SECRET

country that were utilized in these operations?

Were there any other bases in that area of the

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Q

Piene (Acs. 202) 544 6000	1	A Well, not that I would call a base. We did have
5 (20Z	2	training facilities for the UDT teams.
ne (Area	3	Q What is a UDT team?
5163	4	A Underwater demolition.
	5	Q Where were those bases located?
	6	A I frankly don't know.
	7	There were a
	8	number of sites. I really can't recall them.
	9	Q Were there any other sites within the United States
	10	in which paramilitary training was conducted, for people
	. 11	participating in these activities?
-	12	A Not to my knowledge.
(: :	1.3	Q Where were these people trained?
	14	A What do you mean?
	15	Q Well, Cubans who participated in these activities.
	16	A We trained them at these places we had
	17	Now, there also some of them were brought up here and traine
	18	at the Domestic Training Station.
	19	Q Where is that located?
	20 .	A That is down in
	21	Were any CIA personnel actually involved in these
	22	raids?
	23	A Occasionally, I would think that you have got to
	24	understand at this time that we had a great many contract
,	25	employees, independent contractors and this type of thing.
	19	

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- Most of the paramilitary operations and the training was conducted by the Special Operations Group which is another entity of the --
 - DDO? O
- DDO.
- ĉ Now, the facilities that we have been talking about, 7 training facilities, were manned, then, by the Special Operations Group, or at least supervised by the Special 9
- Well, supervised, yes, and I would think that probably some of the training was given by their people. The Domestic 12. Training Station is under the Office of Training and -- but I would think that in the paramilitary field that the SOG would probably staff the training facility with their people who have the expertise in paramilitary operations.
 - Now, were the people that were being trained at these facilities basically Cuban refugees?
- 18 Α Yes.
- 19 And at the outset I take it not many of those people 20 were American citizens?
- 21 А No.
- 22 Or had become American citizens. 0

Operations Group, is that correct?

- 23 Α I would assume a great many have.
- 24 -By this time. 0
- 25 ... F_{\cdot} By this time, yes.

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	Q	Αt	the	preser	nt t	ime,	how	large	is	that	Cuban	communit	ý
				•									
in	Miami?	Do	you	ı have	any	idea	١?						

A Well, it is extremely large. I would think it is probably -- I was trying to think. I would say up towards a military people.

Q You spoke about paramilitary operations and covert action. How do you distinguish between those two categories of activities?

A Well, actually one can fall into the other. The paramilitary could fall into covert action but in those days we did distinguish somewhat. A lot of the covert action was media placement. We had a number of operations at -- legaltype operations, harassment operations. For instance, Fidel seized a great many art treasures and in particular he had a Napoleonic collection which was supposed to be the finest in the world that he sold to dealers in Europe. He had paintings that were immensely valuable that he tried to have auctioned in London and the London auctioneer would not accept them because he obviously didn't have clear title to them. He was -- they were stolen, in the eyes of the auctioneer. He was forced to auction them in Toronto, Canada.

We ran legal operations, got the owners and had them hire attorneys and bring them to court and this type of thing.

He seized these race horses. He tried to peddle them in Europe and up in Canada. We ran opposition against that

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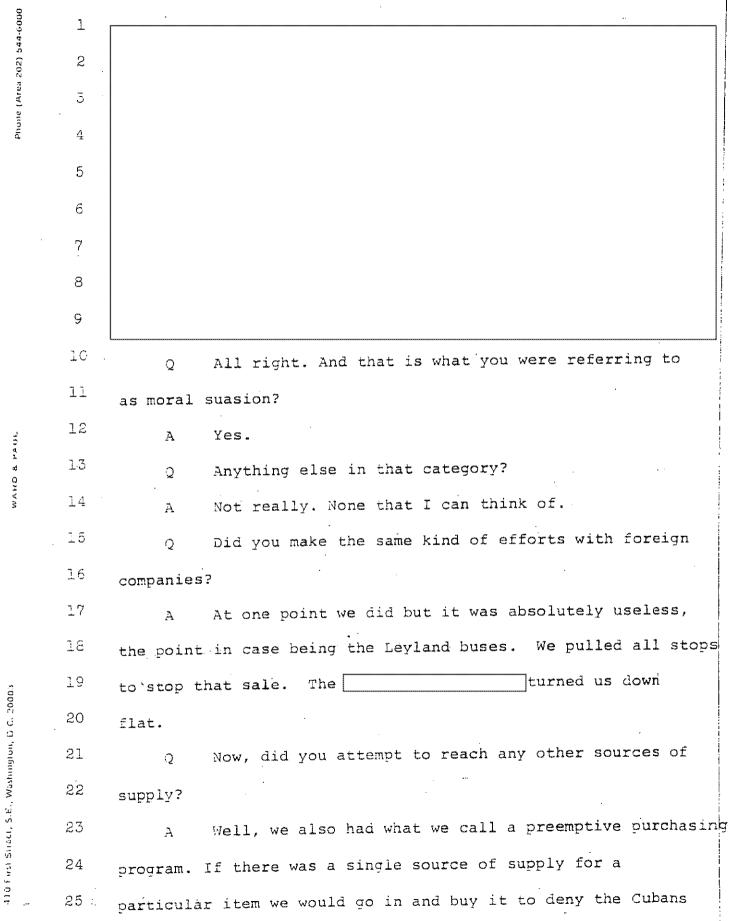
		21
Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	1	type of thing.
202)	2	Q These were what you considered to be covert operations?
te (Are;	3	A Yes, covert action.
iong .	<u>4</u>	Q Now, this is what you were referring to, legal-
	5	type operations?
	6	A Yes.
	7	Q You used legal process to harass Castro.
	8	A Yes.
	9	Q What other types of harassment activities did you
	10	run that would fall under this covert action category?
	11 .	A Well
ž	12	Q Would economic warfare be
D & PAUL	13	A That was sort of something separate unto itself.
WARE	14	This was the economic warfare aspect of this thing was a
	15	decision of the Special Group to enforce an economic blockade.
	16	2 What special group is that?
٠	17	A It is now called the Forty Committee.
	18:	Q Is that 302 Committee?
500	19 -	A Well, it was a 302 at one time, too. First of all,
D C. 20	20	it was called the Special Group, CI, Counterinsurgency. Then
., Washington, D. C. 20003	21	it went to the 302 and then it had another name in between
	22	there and now it is the Forty Committee.
10 First Snect, 5.2	23	Q All right. We will return to that a little bit
й 5	24	later, but what other types of harassment were you running
2	06 1	

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against Castro --

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Мине (Area 202) 544-6000 Ţ the market. 2 Would that then be re-sold somewhere on the domestic 3 4 Yes. 4 -- domestic market? 0 5 No. It would be re-sold abroad. 6 In all cases? 7 The cases that I was associated with, it was all A 8 sold abroad. Ĉ What kind of purchases were made? 10 Well, we purchased at one point -- we purchased some Bright Stock in Antwerp. 12 What? 13 Bright Stock. А What is that? \odot 15 3 Heavy, heavy oil, and since Cuba -- 85 percent of 16 · her energy comes from oil, this was considered a critical 17 : commodity. Bright Stock can be -- oh, it is almost like tar. 18 melted tar, and it can be cut into additives, lubricants, this 10 type of thing, and this was critical to the Cuban economy. So 20 ... we had an oil firm purchase this Bright Stock from a dealer for

23 Do you know of any sales of such materials that 24 were made within the United States? Resales, I should say.

which we reimbursed the guy and the Bright Stock was eventually

25 | No.

sold in Africa.

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Q)	In a	additio	on t	o pre	eempti	ve buy	ying w	ere	there	any	
other	acti	ons.	taken	by	this	group	with	respe	ct t	o sou	irces	of
supply	to	Cuba	a?									-

A Well, we did provide through third country agents who got orders for Cuban goods, in collusion with the Commerce Department, and I would assume the Special Group, we had replacement parts manufactured that were substandard.

Q And you had them sold through foreign companies?

A Well, we had our agents get the Cuban orders all over Europe. Then they would come back and, as a matter of fact,

Q Mr. Dillon?

A No. He was Secretary of the Treasury.

Q But --

A But you must remember that these American --

0 Mr. Connors?

A Yes. But you must remember these American manufacturers, well, their places were nationalized and they were only too happy to work with us. And actually, it was a cash deal, bona fide business. These things were transshipped through two or three countries, finally wound up in Havana.

O You referred to some extra-legal activities.

A Yes. That is what I was trying to think of, what we did. I just can't think -- I remember this was on one of

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our activities but I just dan't think I remember this was
on one of our activities but I just can't remember what the
extra-legal was. I just can't remember what it was. I know
it was one of the parts of the program.
Q This was illegal activities? Is that what you are

- Q This was illegal activities? Is that what you are referring to?
- A Well, I wouldn't say they were illegal, but they

 weren't exactly legal, I don't think. Perhaps they were in a

 gray area some place.
- Q Well, whose laws are we talking about, international law, the laws of the United States?
- 12 A I would have to go back and review the thing. I

 13 really can't remember this. I would have to go to the files.
- Q Where could we find that kind of thing in the files?
- A I would think probably down in the Records Center some
- lë place.
- 17 Q Would it be possible to obtain that material some 18 time during the lunch hour?
- A No. It is forty miles away.
- Q Well, is there some place in the building where you could refresh your memory?
- A Not to my knowledge. All that stuff has been shipped.
- This is talking ll years ago, l2 years ago. All that material
- has been retired.
- 25 Q What category of activity would we be talking about

_		
Phone (Arca 202) 544-6000	7 -	when we refer to extra-legal activities?
i 202)	2	A This is what I was trying to think of and I can't
ane (Are	5	think of what it was. I know extra-legal activities was one
ăď	/_	parts of the program that we were involved in.
	ō	I might have a chart in my safe downstairs that might
	6	tell me what that is.
	7	Q Well, let's make a note of that and we will have to
	8	come back to that.
	9	A All right.
	ŤC	Q Who else would be knowledgeable about extra-legal
	- -	activities that were run against Castro?
])	12	A Well, the people that would be knowledgeable are
I .	13	probably retired and I was running the program. So I ran
	14	the economic program.
	16	Q Well, these are activities that were run in connection
	16	with the economic program?
	- ~ - ·	A Yes.
	18,	Q We talked about media placement during this nine-
	19.0	year period. To what are you referring when you refer to
	20	media placement?
	21	A Well, stories or news items that perhaps our
٠	22	propaganda people wrote. We had them placed in newspapers
	23	and magazines throughout the world.

Would this also include broadcasts over radio

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Q

stations?

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1	
	A Oh, yes. Radio is a very big part of it.
2	Q Now, were any of these newspapers or magazines
3	published within the United States?
4	A Not to my knowledge, no.
5	Q These were essentially foreign publications?
ć	A Yes.
7	Q Were any of them published in the Cuban community
8	in Miami?
9	A No. The intent was to get world opinion against
10	Castro. You don't do that by publishing in the United States
11	Q What about the radio broadcasts? How were those
12.	handled?
13	A Are you speaking of Radio Swan now?
14	Q Well, I am unfamiliar with how many radio stations
15 .	were involved. Was there more than one radio station?
16	A No. We only had the one radio station but we did
17 .	contract time
18	Q For broadcasts to what areas?
19 7	A For broadcasts to Havana.
20 .	Q And the station in was that received also
21	was that also broadcasting to various areas of the United
22 :	States?
23 .	A I have no idea. I don't know whether they used a
24]	particular frequency to get this out or whether they did it
25	on short-wave or what they did. Photocopy from
;	Gerald Ford Library

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Pbone (Area 202) 544-6000	<u>1</u> :	Q But the intention was to reach Cuba.
202)	2	A Reach Cuba.
ie (Ares	5	Q You referred to a station referred to
Place	4	as Swan. Were there others?
	5	
	6	
	7 :	I think, and one down in Key West that they used.
	8	Q Where was Radio Swan located?
	9 :	A On Swan Island.
	10	Q Where is Swan Island?
	11	A Swan Island is a little glob around Honduras.
יור	12 :	Q As far as you can recall, were there any other
WARD & PADE	13 .	radio stations in the United States that were utilized to
WAL	14	broadcast propaganda materials toward Cuba?
	15 :	A Well, there conceivably could have been, not that
	16	I recall right now.
	17	Q Do you recall any attempts by the Agency or groups
	18.	affiliated with the Agency to raise money from the American
5.00	19	public to support those propaganda activities?
D C. 20	20	A No. As far as I know, Radio Swan and this type of
mglent,	21	thing was fully subsidized by the Agency.
Wash.	22	Q Do you recall the advertising campaigns that were
	23	run in connection with Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty?
tw.Frest Sitter, S.E., Washington, D.C. 2000.	24	A Oh, yes.
3	25	Q Was anything of that nature done in connection with

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Cuban pro	paganda:	:
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- A Not to my knowledge.
- Q And that would include both the publications and the radio?
 - A Right.
- Q Let's talk about economic warfare for a couple of moments. Could you describe for me briefly the type of economic activities that were conducted against Castro?

Well, first of all, we wanted to denigrate the Α regime, his credit worthiness, and this type of thing. We worked very closely with the Coordinator of Cuban Affairs in the State Department and, well, for instance, in those days, I quess it was back in 1964, the price of sugar had jumped from about a penny a pound to 13 cents a pound, something like that, and we couldn't understand why. So we kept -- Fidel kept saying that he had such a poor crop and this type of thing and we just couldn't figure out why he had such a poor crop because some of our own island assets told us they were out there cutting this cane like mad and the mills were working 24 hours a day, this type of thing. So subsequently, we found out that he was lying and he was storing the raw cane in the schools, any place. He had no storage facilities and put it any place he could.

So in cooperation with a couple of sugar brokers in New York, we surfaced this fact and the price of sugar took a

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real	tumble	and	all	of	a	sudden	then	Cuba	started	exporting.	

It was this type of thing that obviously he was trying to build up the world price because he didn't have any money, he was so short on his exchange, and obviously we didn't want him to get the exchange. So it was those types of activities.

- Q Was the assistance of any U.S. businessmen or U.S. companies enlisted in that effort?
- . A Oh, yes.
- 2 In what manner did you use U.S. companies and businessmen?
 - Mell, we simply used them as the experts. A great many -- the sugar industry in Cuba was controlled by the American community, by American bankers, and obviously they lost everything when they had to pull out. Sugar is the lifeline of Cuba as far as any exchange, foreign exchange, this type of thing, and it was naturally our Number 1 target. So it was only natural that we would go to the American businessmen.
 - Q What kind of assistance did you seek or obtain from these businessmen?
 - A Well, we simply talked with them about why -- you know, the market conditions were, why the price was rising, if we could find out that Fidel has plenty of sugar, what would happen to the market price. This type of thing.
 - They were used as consultants, basically.

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		32
544-6000	7.	A They were used as consultants, basically, yes.
fana	2	Q We have spoken about the investment American business
Phone (Area	ō	had in Cuba. Did it ever come to your attention that American
Mod	4	organized crime
	5	A No.
WARD A PAUL	6	Ω had considerable investment in Cuba?
	7	A No. Well, everybody knew that the Mafia was in
	8	Cuba. I mean, all the casinos and this type of thing.
	\ 9	Q The casinos were run
	10	A I knew that long before. When I was in the Air Force
	11	during the war, I used to fly into Havana on weekends and this
	12	type of thing.
	13	Q I understand that. It was fairly well known.
	14	A It was a criminal element.
	18	Q The Mafia was involved with the casinos in Havana.
	16	
	17	A Right.
	18	. Q Do you know of any attempts by the Agency to enlist
	13	the support or assistance of any crime figures in any manner
	20	whatsoever in the Agency's efforts against the Cuban regime?
	21	A No.
	22	Q Have you ever heard of Mr.Roselli?
		A Oh, yes.
	23	Q When was the first time you heard of Mr. Roselli?
•	24	A Well, I guess it was it seems to me it was either
	25	Drew Pearson or Jack Anderson had an article on him a number

Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	<u> </u>	of years ago.
202) 5	2	Q Was that the first time you heard of the man's
e (Area	3	name?
Phon	<u>-</u> ±	A Yes, as I recall.
	õ	Q Is that also true of Sam Giancana?
	ĉ	A No. I have heard that name but I don't know where.
	7	Q In connection with
	. 8	A Not in connection with the Agency, no.
	9	Q In connection with the casinos or
	10	A No.
,	11	Q gambling interests in Cuba?
70,	12	A No.
D & PAUL	13	Q You know of no instance in which organized crime
WARD	14.	figures were used as consultants by the Agency?
	15	A Only what I read in the paper. I had no knowledge
	16	of that whatsoever.
	17	Q Do you know of any offers of assistance from figures
	lâ.	of that type
1000	19	A No.
ຄັ ນີ້ ກ	20	Q who were interested in getting back into cuba?
жиневсоп, D.C. 20003	21 :	A No.
ë X	22	Q We were talking about economic warfare. We have
; ;	23	talked about attempts to keep the price of sugar low. What other
	24	types of economic activities were conducted against Castro's
	25	Cuba? Photocopy from
	· i	Couple Co

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A Well, we used all-source information to find out what
his commercial dealings were. When we would see well, for
instance, the Nicaro Nickel Mine which is a source owned
by the General Services Administration, finally got back into
production and nickel, of course, and still is was in short
supply. We had a French firm, Societe le Nickel, who was
buying almost the entire output of the Nicaro mines. And this
French firm ex ported to the United States. So we went to
the Treasury Department and to the Foreign Assets Control
people and said, isn't there something we can do to stop these
le Nickel exports coming into the United States? So they looked
into the thing and indeed they did.

O Who owned the mine?

A The U.S. Government owned it when Castro took it over.

O I see.

A General Services Administration. And it was leased out for operation. But the ownership rested with the Government.

So the Treasury simply made the French provide a Certificate of Origin for the nickel that went in -- they export a lot of metal that contains nickel, silverware, knives and forks, this type of thing, and -- you know, stainless steel, and since nickel is used as a hardening agent we simply -- Treasury simply said you can't import any more into this

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country until we have a Certificate of Origin. As a matter of fact, there was a boat that was pulling into the dock in New York and they wouldn't let it unload. They just turned it around. Eventually, over a period of months, le Nickel found other sources and export privileges to the United States were restored.

You know, it is -- you just -- any time you raise or lower a tariff you have economic warfare. It is that simple.

Q Were there any other instances that you can recall of economic warfare in which you enlisted the support of American business firms?

A I know we were in touch with a great many American business firms. We enlisted everybody's support that we could.

MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

BY MR. MANFREDI:

Q When we broke for a moment we were discussing other instances where the Agency has enlisted the support of American business in economic warfare against Cuba. Can you think of any other such instances?

A Oh, certainly. The Cubans were having an awful time with their Maritime fleet, such as it was. These boats were powered with Nordberg engines. We simply went to the Nordberg people and told them -- asked them to cooperate with us, which

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they said they would. They notified their manufacturer's representatives around the world if they got any orders from the Cubans they were to be refused. This type of thing.

We did the same thing with --

Q Let's just stop for a second. Now, was Nordberg compensated in any way for cooperation with the Agency?

A No.

Q Were they compensated for the loss of business involved in that activity?

A No. No.

Q I take it, you received similar cooperation from other companies.

A Oh, a great many other companies, yes.

Q Did any American companies refuse to cooperate in that manner?

A No. Not a one.

Q Were there any legal sanctions threatened against any companies?

A No. No.

Q Were there any sanctions that could have been brought to bear upon those companies had they chosen to trade with Cuba?

A Well, i'n the first place, they couldn't trade with Cuba. They couldn't get export licenses from this country anyway. Then, under the Foreign Assets Control Act of the

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Treasury Department you have the extra-territorialty clause
in there where a subsidiary of an American company cannot
foreign subsidiary of an American company cannot trade with
the country that is designated and Cuba was a designated countr
And all the businessmen were well aware of this. Nobody tried
to twist their arm.

Q Other than insuring that these companies refused to accept orders from Cuba, which I take it you feel they were legally constrained from doing, what other types of support did you receive from American business?

Well, if American business -- sometimes they would receive correspondence, particularly, say, from -- well, they received it from Cuba asking for publications and this type They would normally forward all this type of thing to the Commerce Department and the Treasury Department, or in some instances they might call me and I would just give them a Post Office box to send the correspondence to.

Any other types of support solicited or received by the Agency from American business?

No. Not that I can recall. There just wasn't one A firm we approached, and God knows we approached I don't know how many, that wasn't extremely cooperative. As a matter of fact, a lot of them, you know, thought we weren't doing enough, that we ought to do a little more than we were doing, the government wasn't really pushing Cuba the way it should, but

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Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	1	outside of that, nothing. There wasn't any problem of coopera-
202) 5-	2	tion. There wasn't any arm-twisting. It was all voluntary.
ie (Area	õ	Q Did you identify yourself as CIA
og d	4	A Yes.
	5	Q in dealings with these companies?
	6	A Indeed, I do and we went to the top level, even
	7	the Board Chairman or the president. No problem at all.
	8	Q Let's talk about paramilitary operations. We started
	9	but didn't really discuss that in any depth.
	10	What kind of paramilitary operations were run
	11	against Cuba by the CIA?
PAUL	12	A Maritime operations.
ದೆ	13	Q Is that the extent of it?
WARD	14	A That is the extent of it.
	15	Q Were there any aerial operations?
	16	A Not to my knowledge.
	17	-Q Leaflet drops?
	18	A No.
203	19	Q Bombing?
D.C. 200	20	A No. Of course, you had the over-flights. As far as
ington,	21	I am concerned that is the only aerial activity.
E., Wash	22	Q That was run by another directorate, wasn't it?
rzet, S.E	23	A Yes.
410 First Street, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003	24	Q Aerial photography, and so forth.
410	25	A Yes. They run a flight when you ask them. It has to
		SECDET Photocopy from

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Phone (Area 202) 544-6000 be requested and that is about it. 2 And those were run out of the United States? 3 Α Oh, yes. 4 Q Can you think of anything, any other type of para-5 military activity other than maritime operations. 6 A No. I really can't, no. Am I correct that those operations were manned 8 by CIA contract employees? 9 A Right. 10 Which would include Cuban refugees. 0 11 Right. Α 12 And some: CIA officers? & PAUL Q. 13 Right. Α 14 Any other branches of the services, Armed Services, 15 involved? This, of course, is posted Bay of Pigs. 16 Yes. No, not to my knowledge. You have got to remember Α 17 that probably down at our Domestic Training Station we 18 probably have people on detail from other -- from the military 19 branches in the Government, but other than that I don't think 410 First Street, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003 20 that -- of course, during the Bay of Pigs operation we also 21 had people detailed into the Agency. 22 Now, the training of persons involved in maritime 0 23 operations, I take it, was conducted in part within the 24 United States and in part outside of the United States. 25 that correct? Photocopy from

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A	I would think probably the major portion of it	was
conducted	within the United States.	
Q	The Keys would be considered within the United	
States.		
A	Oh, yes.	

Or were there any locations where it was conducted outside the United States?

Following the Bay of Pigs, I don't think so. Not Α to my knowledge. I just don't know, I just don't recall but I don't think that -- I think all the training was done domestically.

Now, what kinds of operations are included within Q this category of maritime operations?

Well, the infiltration operations, infiltrating agents into Cuba, exfiltrating agents, hit and run sabotage That is about the extent of it. raids.

Now, when did these operations commence? Was it shortly after the Bay of Pigs?

Α I would -- I think these operations were probably at their height during the period about 1963 through, say, The program was terminated in 1968, I think in December 1968, something like that.

Why was the program terminated? 0

First of all, it was too expensive. It wasn't providing enough intelligence and it simply wasn't -- economically,

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it wasn't feasible to continue these things. The agents were getting wrapped up. We were -- we just felt that the return wasn!t sufficient for what the investment was.

- Q You say the agents were getting wrapped up.
- Α Yes.
- What do you mean by that? Q
- When we infiltrated an agent, Cubans would identify A him and capture him.
- These various types of paramilitary operations that Q were conducted by the Agency I trust were approved by the Forty Committee?
- Every operation received a specific approval from A the Forty Committee.
 - In advance? Q
 - In advance. A
- Now, what was the procedure for submitting -- for initiating such an operation?
- Well, normally in the case of an infil or an exfil. or perhaps we wanted to lay down the cache:
 - You are referring to a cache of arms. 0
- A cache of anything, replay of radio, batteries, whatever they might need. If we decided that we should have one of these operations and the request would go from here over to the, I guess to the White House and then the Forty Committee at its weekly meeting -- they used to meet very

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frequently -- they would either approve the operation or say no. These operations had to be planned well in advance because the tides had to be right, the moon had to be in the proper phase for communications and this type of thing. And these things, all these were coordinated with the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Navy, the Coast Guard, the FBI. If we were exiltrating people, the Immigration and Naturalization Service. Every Government agency or enforcement agency or military agency that had any involvement whatsoever, and the entire thing was coordinated.

Do you know of any such paramilitary operations that were run unbeknownst to the Forty Committee?

Α No.

What kind of volume of operations are we talking about?

You are not talking about a very big volume of operations because of the planning that had to go into these things. I would say that probably at the height of the thing they may be running three or four a month. No more than that.

You have heard Eugenio Martinez refer to having O run 300 operations.

I have seen that.

Is that inaccurate?

Well, it all depends on what is in his mind. He A may have considered some of the training exercises as opera-

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- They were mostly launched from the Keys. Α
- Any other locations?
- Not to my knowledge. Α
- Q Now, would you describe for me the kind of hit and run sabotage operations that were conducted?
- Well, we conducted one hit and run sabotage against Α the Texaco refinery.
 - Q What used to be the Texaco refinery?
 - What used to be the Texaco refinery. Α

MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

THE WITNESS: These things, a great amount of planning went into these things. We did have a model of the refinery. We agonized over the best approach to the refinery and this type of thing to do the most effective damage. This was run. It was successful, as I recall, not totally successful but it was

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a successful operation. By that, I mean they didn't do as much damage as they wanted to because they had to get out because the Cuban defense came after them. It was that type of operation that we did.

As I recall, another time we took a team in to burn some cane fields. Really, the classical operations that we did in the maritime activities were the infiltrations and exfiltrations.

- Q Were any CIA operations run out of Guantanamo?
- Α Not to my knowledge.
- Was it impractical to use the base there for --0
- Well, the base is so surrounded and has been that I think if a guy went through that fence you would carry him back. He wouldn't walk.

MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. MANFREDI: Back on the record.

BY MR. MANFREDI:

- Are there any other categories of sabotage run out of the Keys other than what you have just described?
- Well, we did lay down a cache, if you will, sabotage Α kits to be used by our own island agents. They contained sugar to dump into gas tanks and metal fragments to put down crank cases. Things of this nature.

One of our main objects was to, of course, sabotage

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all the oil. We did that with a big operation. We made our own oil, substandard. Additives, I should say, not oil. We contracted with an American firm for that. And we shipped it in through third countries in Europe. It did hit the target.

The thing we wanted to get at was the oil and the automotive machinery on the island. We knew it was breaking down and if we could get a complete breakdown we would have everything at a standstill because in those days the automotive equipment wasn't coming in that rapidly from Europe because Castro didn't hve the money to buy it and they weren't going to extend the credit.

The railroad system was in total disaster. The Soviets had such a long logistics line, supply line, plus the fact that the Cubans didn't like the Soviet equipment because they were used to good American equipment. And these were principal targets that we were trying to get to.

Q In your experience at the Agency can you think of any other analogus or similar paramilitary operations run from a base in the United States?

A No.

, Q I know there has been some paramilitary training in the United States.

A Oh, yes.

Q In connection with other operations.

A Oh, sure.

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	Q	But	do	you	know	of	any	par	camilitary	operations	that
were	actua	ally	rur	out	of	the	Uni	:ed	States?		

Α No.

As far as you know, then, this is a totally unique situation.

Α As far as I am concerned, it is, yes.

Now, how large a Navy was actually organized in 0 On a previous occasion you described this to me as the third largest Navy in the Caribbean.

Α That is right.

What kind of equipment did these people have?

Well, we had -- honestly, everything from a canoe up to three to 500 foot mother ship. We had Boston whalers, rubber boats. We had a number of craft in, say, the 27 to 45 foot length. And they looked like real tubs. They were painted and they looked like they wouldn't even float but they had the fastest engines in them. They could outrun any-They were extremely well armed. We had our underwater demolition teams. We had a pretty good Navy.

Did these craft operate under non-official cover in the Miami area?

Α Yes.

Were there a variety of covers or was there one 0 firm?

Α No. Variety.

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Q	Fishing	companies?
×		COMPANED.

Well, fishing companies, Geodetic Survey, marine A In all, I think during the period that the station and these other entities were under commercial cover, or nonofficial cover, I think we had 100 so cover companies.

Did any of these companies actually engage in any Q legitimate commercial activities?

Not to my knowledge, no.

None of them -- were any of them in competition with firms in that area?

These are probably what we would call devised They were probably registered with the State of facilities. Florida and they paid taxes and this type of thing, but if one was blown or became known, we just crossed that out of existence and started up a new one.

What did Eugenio Martinez do when he wasn't running 0 these operations?

Well, he was down -- this is one of the reasons, as I told you before, we brought him back and put him under that contract, that retainer; because of the years that he spent under such strict operational discipline down in the Keys. Obviously, he didn't stay down there all the time. He came back -- he might come back once a month, or something like that, to see his family, perhaps once every two weeks if he got some time off.

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Q	I	see.	So	some	of	thes	se l	boats	and	personnel	were
•											
actually	sta	atione	ed :	full-	time	in	the	e Keys			

- A Oh, yes. Oh, sure.
- Q Were there any operations run out of the United States which involved destruction of crops or poisoning of sugar or anything of that sort?

A What did you have in mind specifically? You mean the Puerto Rican thing?

A Well, that is one of the things I had in mind. Would you describe that for me?

A Well, this is, I guess you could term it a target of opportunity. This was where a vessel was carrying Cuban sugar to the Soviet Union and I forget exactly now what happened to it but I know that it got a hole below the waterline, or something, and had to put into Puerto Rico for repairs.

In order to repair it, I guess, and get it in the drydock or wherever it was, they had to remove the sugar and put it in the warehouse and at that time I guess somebody came up with a plan to try to widen the rift between — there was a rift at that time between the Soviets and Cubans and to put a harmless substance into the sugar that would make it acid, sour tasting, and it wouldn't harm the sugar or the individual, and some of this was done. And then when it leaked, of course, we had to get rid of it and we had a sugar firm buy it back from the Soviets.

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Bought it back from the Soviets? 0

Α Yes.

MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR.MANFREDI: Back on the record.

BY MR. MANFREDI:

Are there any other operations in which crops were Q -- were there attempts to destroy crops in Cuba?

A No. No.

Place foreign substances in Cuban products?

In Cuban products? Α

Q Yes.

Not that I recall. You see, Cuba really -- in Α No. those days the only thing, Cuba was exporting sugar and nickel. The agriculture sector of the economy was in absolutely total. chaos. God, they didn't have any citrus, they didn't have anything, and the poor people in Cuba were literally starving. There just wasn't anything to eat. And Fidel was going around with this big plan -- of course, there were a number of experimental cattle ranches in Cuba. King Ranch had one there. I forget -- several other European and American companies that had experimental cattle ranches there and they were experimenting with the, you know, cross-breeding and this type of thing.

Fidel was preoccupied with this. He went up to Canada and paid \$100,000 for a bull and -- so he just put it

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on an old Cuban Airways airplane. The damn airplane few too high and the bull became sterile by the time he landed in No thought given to, you know, pressurizing the cabin and keeping the temperature at a certain point and this type So he was helping us all along the line and of thing. this here again, we generate propaganda, incompetence and this type of thing.

But as far as sabotaging any Cuban product, no, we didn't go into that. Our object was to enforce the blockade and cut off his sources of supply.

- When was the Miami Station established? 0
- 12 Α As a station?
- 13 Q Yes.
- 14 I think in September 1961. Α
 - And that was several years before you became involved in Cuban matters?
- 17 _A Yes.
 - Do you know of any other facilities of that nature 0 within the United States, Agency facilities?
 - You mean, targeted against the opposition? Α
- 21 Yes. Q
- 22 Α A station as such?
- 23 Yes. 0
 - No. You have some communications facilities that Α you really call stations because here again, they are not

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1	directed towards any domestic activity. They are in support of
2 .	overseas communications.
3	Q Of course, we have FR bases and DCD offices and
4	Office of Security officers, and so forth.
5	A Right.
6	Q But I am talking about actual stations.
7	A Operating stations, no.
8	Q This is the only such station in the United States
9	as far as you know, is that correct?
10	A Right.
11	Q And was this station established to deal primarily
12	with Cuban activities?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Cuban-related matters?
15	A With Cuba, period.
16	Q Did it have, when it was established, any other
17	responsibilities with respect to Western Hemisphere activities?
18	A Not to my knowledge.
19	Q Entirely limited, then, to Cuban activities?
20	A Yes, and in support of Cuban activity and other
21	countries in the Hemisphere.
22	Q When you joined the group dealing with Cuban
23	activities, what was the size or the number of personnel
24	attached to that Station?
25	A To that Station? Well, the Station had probably a
A STATE OF THE STA	SECRET Photocopy from Gerald Ford Library
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	6	Q Full-time Agency people?
	7	A No, no.
	8	Q Combination of contract and
	9	A And full-time, yes. A regular employee we call a staff
	10	employee.
	11	Q Now, would Martinez have been one of those contract
PAUL	12	people?
괩	13	A Yes.
WARD	14	Q Even though he was located down in the Keys?
	15	A Oh, yes.
	16	Q And what kind of facilities did the Station have in
	17	Miami? Physical facilities.
	18	A Well, they were located on the south campus of the
203	19	University of Florida, I mean, the University of Miami, at
D.C. 20	20.	the old Richmond Naval Air Station. It was a self-contained
ington,	21	unit. It was pretty well off the beaten path, in fact, damn
E., Wash	22	well off the beaten path. It was about four miles from the
410 Fırst Street, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003	23	Dixie Highway inland. We had our own guard force.
First St	24	Q Official cover?
410	25	A No. Non-official. Photocopy from Gerald Ford Library

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one was called Zenith Corporation and it was set up with a President and Vice President, normal corporate setup.

Engaging in any business?

Α No.

Now, in a community of that type, Cuban community, Q how long could a non-official cover last?

Well, obviously it didn't, but it was research A activities. Funded -- it is a giant mechanism when you put one of these things in for the funding and this type of thing, for your ostensible customers, establishing bank accounts.

Yes, I understand.

So it was a research activity and the only people that Α ever paid any attention to the place were the newspapers. know, somebody would make an inquiry, you know, we can't accept: any work, we are loaded with Government contracts and this type of thing, and it held up reasonably well. And out of this one thing, of course, then we were running these innumerable other covers with different activities. The guard force, of course, were like -- well, they wore uniforms, similar to the Pinkerton people and this type of thing. And I think that there was -- in the later days at that site I think the Department of Agriculture had offices in there and some other Government agencies, in other buildings, of course.

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Q	And	this	partio	cular	s Sta	ation	, then,	was	under	the
4 3									_	
supervision	on of	the	group	we h	iave	been	discus	sing:	?	

Α Yes. They were staffed within the Cuban Operations.

When did the Western Hemisphere Division resume responsibilities for the Miami Station?

Well, when Des. Fitzgerald left as Chief of the A Special Activities Staff and became Chief of the Western Hemisphere Division, he brought it back into the Division.

When you joined the group in 1963, what functions Q were being performed by the Miami Station?

Well, all the classical intelligence functions. think I have lined them out at one time -- collection of positive intelligence, counterintelligence, paramilitary, this type of thing. Covert action.

This is the list of things you gave me earlier in the deposition?

Yes. Α

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Q So the Agency was conducting counterintelligence activities in the Miami area?

actually being conducted within the Cuban community in Miami?

Which of these activities, if any of them were

Well, the collection of foreign positive and probably

A Yes, sir.

Α

Q Can you give me an example of the kinds of counterintelligence activities that the Agency would be conducting
in that area or was conducting in the area at that time?

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Were there many activities of that type? Q

Not really. You have got to remember that the Bureau's Cuban squad was fairly small. I mean, it was a large squad in terms of FBI squads. It had 36 people on it, something like that, but 36 people trying to follow a couple of hundred thousand Cubans around, you know, it is pretty nega-This was one of the reasons that obviously from -in those days when we had formed these revolutionary fronts which were being run by the Cuban exiles, they were reporting to Case Officers and they would report on things in the community, of people they thought were suspect and this type These leads in turn were then given to the Bureau and it was to this extent that we got ourselves involved in CI activity.

Would it be fair to say that the involvement in CI

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activities in that area was primarily a function of the overwhelming number of these people and the Bureau's inability to properly staff the thing?

A Yes, yes. You have got to remember, too, that a lot of the people on that Cuban squad were in the legal section of the Embassy in Havana. You know, the FBI overseas is known as Legal Attaches, obviously working out of the Embassy and a lot of our Station officers from Havana were down in Miami at that time. So there was a relationship there that had gone over a period of years between the Agency and the Bureau.

MR.MANFREDI: We will reconvene at 1:00 o'clock.

(Whereupon, at 11:45 o'clock a.m., the taking of the deposition was recessed, to reconvene at 1:00 p.m., this same day.)

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Α.	You	mean	in	terms	of	vears?

Q Yes.

A. Well, I would think that I would probably say from about 1962, and I think the debriefings as such, of course — we relied principally on the airlift for the people coming out and when the airlift was cut off, which Castro did — cut off about, I guess about 1970 or '71, in that timeframe —

0 I see.

A. -- that stopped the flow of the refugees, so we just terminated that part of the activity.

Q. Well, in addition to debriefing refugees that came in in the airlift, did the smaller group of AMOTS have any other intelligence gathering functions --

A. No.

O. In the community?

A. Well, I can't give you a real yes or no to that. I would suppose that there is an outside possibility they could have been used to debrief people within the community, within the Cuban community, but we had in the organization — all these people were Cuban with the exception of we had what we call an On-Site Case Officer, who was a fulltime staff employee and he had a couple of assistants; including a secretary. These people were directly under his control. Though the organization as it was set up, they had their own chief and this type of thing, but the chief took his instructions from the On-Site Case Officer.

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Of course, if these people went out and did something on their own, they could do things we were not aware of, obviously. You can't -- you know what they are doing during their eight or ten hours that they are going to work everyday but once they leave, we don't know what they are up to.

Q Did they have CIA credentials?

A. No sir

Q. Did CIA levy any intelligence requirements upon these people other than in their duties -- in their debriefing capacity, I should say?

A. No. When -- there were -- obviously there was a standard debriefing form that covered questions of intelligence interest or a battle, you know, anything -- economic questions, morale, and this type of thing. When these questions -- when these people were cebriefed and the debriefer wrote up the report, it would be sent from the AMOTS over to the Station. If the debriefing report contained something of positive intelligence, of that nature, the Case Officer -- well, not the Case Officer but a staffer in the Station may or may not jot down some additional requirements and ask that that person be recontacted and asked specific questions.

Now, in addition to debriefing, what else did this
 smaller broup of AMOTS do for the Agency in the Miami area?

A. This was their prime purpose.

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0. How large was that particular group?

A. Oh, there were only about, I would say at the outside, I think there were about five debriefers with the support people which would be secretaries, translators, strictly administrative types. I don't think there were more than probably 12 or 15 in that group, if there were that many.

MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

(Off the record discussion)

BY MR. MANFREDI: Back on the record.

- Q Before we move on to further discussion of the AMOTS could you briefly describe for me what role the CIA plays in resettling Cuban emigres?
 - A. CIA doesn't resettle Cuban emigres.
 - 0. What Agency is charged with that responsibility?
 - A. Health, Education and Welfare.
 - O Does CIA play any role in that process?
- A. We may assist if we are asked but the idea of the whole airlift was having relatives here for somebody to claim you when you came in so you wouldn't become a ward of the State of the Government, and normally when these refugees came in, they were processed through the Center and then they had a place down on Biscayne Boulevard they called Freedom House and this was, of course, all run by HEW, and they -- if need be and they had to stay overnight or stay several days, HEW would put them up and care for them in Freedom House.

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Then as soon as they could, of course, they would move them to the areas where they wanted to resettle them, where the relatives were, this type of thing, and we had nothing to do with that whatsoever.

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Q. What activities was the larger group engaged Okav. in?

WEll, the larger group was engaged in the collection of intelligence. They compiled dossiers on the principals inside Cuba. They carded -- they kept card files on every refugee that came through the reception center. They provided they did do economic and social reporting. They put out a monthly newsletter based on the information they collected.

The information these people collected as opposed to the information we collected, ther's was all unclassified. came from -- all the information they had came from human sources

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have any pertinancy at all.

a swimming meet. It got rather ridiculous. So we purged those

files and took out that material, you know, which just didn't

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Ç).	Now,	is	ther	e an	y way	to	detern	nine	from	those	files
which	of	those	exi	les	have	hecor	ne i	United	Stat	es ci	itizens	;?

- No wav. A.
- Has there been any effort to make such a determination?
- We made an effort at one time but this -- you can A. become nationalized out in California and your record of nationalization wouldn't be reflected here in Washington for two years. That is how far they are behind.
 - So I take it --
- So there is no central index you can go to. there is a central index you can go to but it is not current.
- I take it, then, that there is a possibility that the CIA has some files in Miami or here in Langley on Cubans who are now American citizens?
 - Absolutely true. Α.
- Now, are any of those files likely to contain derogatory information about the individuals involved?
 - Well, no.

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purposes other than recruitment?

- A. . Well --
- For example, let me ask you this. Were any of these files on Cubans who were suspected or thought to be a possible internal security problem?
- They didn't keep those types of files. We would simply task them with through your sources what do you have on so and so. They would not be told the reason why we wanted the information on anybody.
 - Well, I quess

it is difficult to

make generalizations about the kind of information that is in those files?

- Well, that is right.
- So I guess I won't ask you to do so, but I want to ask -Q. I trust that there is the possibility that some of these files do contain what you in the trade refer to as derogatory information?
 - I would assume so.
- And that so much of them may -- some of the subjects of those files may now be American citizens?
 - Right. A.
- And finally I take it that no effort has been made to study that particular situation?
 - WEll, we did make an effort to do it at one time.

4-6000	1	information on the cards?
Phone (Aren 202) 544-6000	2	A. Right down on the third floor.
(Area	. 3	Q. That is not the hydro system?
Phone	. 4	A. Oh, no, no.
	5	Q. This is a separate
	6	A. This is a complete only the Latin American Division
	7	uses this particular system.
٠	8	0. What kind of records strike that.
	9	The AMOTS are still in existence, aren't thev?
	10	A. No.
	11	O T thought they were going out in June.
۲	12	A. Well, okay. They are on the books until June.
& PAUL	13	Q I see.
.ward	14	A. But they have all been let go. They were let go
	15	they were all given six months termination bonuses and told to
	16	go find a joh.
	17	O Do they have any facilities, physical facilities, in
	18	Miami at this time?
03	19	Λ. no.
J.C. 200	·20	0. So there are no records in Miami?
nglon, C	21	A. No. No. We brought all those records back here.
., Washii	22	Q. Did the AMOTS have law enforcement responsibilities
201, S.E	23	in the Miami community?
First Street, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20093	24	A. No. No.
410 F	25	Q Any affiliation with law enforcement groups?
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agencies in Miami plus the State government enforcement agencies up the wall and, of course, I guess it was around -- the Government allowed a lot of this to go on for awhile but I guess about 1965 or 1964 they got a little tired of it and they started to tighten up.

I am sure the AMOTS were in part responsible for proposing alerting us and in turn we alerted the enforcement agencies when there was going to be a raid against Cuba by one of these militant groups. A number of times raids were aborted, picked up by the Coast Guard or Florida Coastal Patrol or the Bureau, this type of thing.

- 0. These people were arrested?
- A. Oh, yes.
- Q. Prosecuted?
- A. Not really.
- O. Any of them American citizens?
- A. Not to my knowledge.
- O. This would be Alpha 66 type groups?
- A. I don't know whether this guy -- well, you know, they are still after this Masferrer and this guy Donestevez. I don't know if they ever did get him in jail but they had him up on so many charges and he was a Cuban exile that made it big here. He was a boat manufacturer, small boats, but whether he ever served any time or not I don't know. I know he was convicted but he was always walking around Miami when I was there. So

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÷.	DECKEI.
1	I truthfully don't know whether any of these people ever went
2	to jaul or not.
<u> 5</u>	Q Other than identifying operations by militant anti-
4	Castro groups, what other intelligence gathering did the AMOTS
5	engage in?
6	A. Well, of course, there was a counterintelligence
7	I wouldn't call it a project but a counterintelligence.interest
8	at that time because we knew that they were infiltrating agents.
9	Q. Cubans were?
10	A. The Cuban Government. They couldn't do it very well
11	on the airlift because, as I said before, the aged, infirm, and
12	young, but they did infiltrate them by small boat. And I don't
13	well, we had knowledge that this was on and we did try to
14	identify those people whom we thought would be suspect.
15	Q Was that done in cooperation with the Bureau?
16	A. With the Bureau, yes.
17	Q. Because of their manpower limitations you folks were
18	in a better position to do it?
19	A. Yes, and language-wise, too. That is always a big
20	factor.
21	Q. And this was conducted through the AMOTS?
22	A. Yes.
0.7	Q. How substantial was the counterintelligence operation

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WEll, it wasn't that big.

in the community?

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They identified not what I

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would call a great number of suspect infiltrees, but they did come up with a few promising ones and ones it turned over to the Bureau, of course, we have no idea what the hell ever happens to it because, you know, you just -- unless you personally know the guy in the Bureau that is handling the case, you might as well forget it. You have got too many other things to do. What other positive intelligence gathering activities 0. were they engaging in? Well, as I told you, one part of them were engaged in electronic intercept. Q, Where was that done? Down in Florda, A. Q. Yes. A. Q. What ere they intercepting? Well, originally they were set up to assist with the Α. commo. for the infiltration. As we phased down the maritime activities, they were made

As we phased down the maritime activities, they were made available to intercept Cuban communications.

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SECKEI

Phone (Area 202) 544-6000 Now, since they belong to us we could levy ceratin require 1 ments on them if we wanted to, which we did very infrequently 2 because the common interests, -- we have a common interest in 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 WARD & PAUL 13 14 MR. MANFREDI: Off the record. 15 (Off the record discussion) 16 MR. MANFREDI: Let's go back on the record. 17 BY MR. MANFREDI: 81 Were the communications they were intercepting O, 19 410 First Street, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003 exclusively foreign communications? 20 Exclusively foreign communications. 21 Were they intercepting any communications, one terminus 22 of which was the United States? 23 No. 24 These were basically Cuban Government communications? 0. 25 Photocopy from Gerald Ford Library

	SECKE!	ļ
, 	A. Right.	
1	On the Island?	
2 3	A. Right.	
	Q. Or between the Island and other locations?	
4	A. Yes.	
5	Q. But not between the Island and the United States?	-
6	A. No. Let's go off the record on that.	
7	(Off the record discussion)	727
8	BY MR. MANFREDI:	
9	0. To your knowledge were the AMOTS engaging in the	
10	intercept of any communications, either that facility or else-	
11	where, in the Miami area or in the southern part of the countr	λ3
12	A. No.	
13	Q Of other communications?	
14	A. No.	
15	Q. Is that their only intercept facility?	
.16	A. (Nods affirmative)	
17	Q. Do you know of your own personal knowledge strike	
18	that. Do you have any knowledge of any wiretaps, surveillance:	s,
19	breakins or activities of that type other than what we have	
20	discussed	
21	A. No sir.	
.22	that were conducted by the AMOTS?	
23	A. No sir. I want to go off the record a minute.	
24	(Off the record discussion)	

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BY MR. MANFREDI: I understand that a study of the history of the AMOTS has been prepared by one of your members. That is right. A. What is his name? I think it is -- I can't remember the last The poor guy is dead now anyway. Well, I will just have to get that for you. What is the title of the study? The title of the study -- it is part of the historical A. series of the Miami Station and I think it is just entitled "The AMOT Organization." What is the historical series of the Miami Station? <It was done when.</pre> was down there. What Ä. we try to do as we go along, from year to year, is set aside what is considered to be some of the more significant things the station might do or that might occur in the station personnelwise, this type of thing, and then these things are written. 0. I see. At intervening periods of time. A.

- When was this particular report prepared, the AMOTS?
- A. I think it was preAared in 1967 or '68.
- Q. It is a fairly lengthy document, isn't it?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And purports to be a fairly complete history of the

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activities of the AMOTS?

A. It starts back in 1959 when we first started using this gent.

- Q First started using what?
- A. First started using, I forget what his name was.
- Q I see. Is it a chronological study of their activities?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q And you have a copy of that in your custody?
 - A. Yes.
- 0 I would like to see that document. And we will try and obtain it through Hank Knoche's office.
 - A. Okay.
 - Q Excuse me just for a minute.

(Off the record discussion)

MR. MANFREDI: On the record.

BY MR. MANFREDI: I wonder if you would -- let me ask you this. There have been some allegations in the press that prominent newsmen in the Miami area have in the past been agents of the CIA.

Mr. Olsen just came into the office and I asked him to join us because some of your involvement in Cuban activities in the Agency in the Miami area touch peripherally on some of the things had has been charged with investigating, so I am going to turn the examination over to him for whatever time he needs.

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		MR. OLSEN: Thank you, George.
0004	1	
i) 544	. 2	BY MR. OLSEN:
rea 203		0. Can you begin, since I have not been in on the begin-
Prone (Area 202) 544-6000	ō	ning of the interview here, can you start off, Mr. Sturbitts,
ž	4	by giving me about a one or two minute resume of what your
	5	contacts were with the Cuban elements in Florida and elsewhere
	6	withing this country on behalf of the Agency?
	7	A. Well, I was a member of the Special Activities Staff
	8 .	which was in effect the Cuban task force at Headquarters and the
	9 .	Miami Station functioned under the Special Activities Staff in
	10	a variety of intelligence collection and operations.
u የዓሀL	11	Q. Who was the head of the Special Activities Staff?
	12 -	A Desmond Fitzgerald.
	13	Q. And who was his immediate superior?
WARE	14	A. Dick Bissell. Excuse me. No. At that time it was
	15 '	Dick Helms. He was the DEP.
	.16	Q Deputy Director for Plans?
	17 "	A Deptuty Director for Plans.
	18 .	Q. What period of time are we talking about now?
1.001	19	A. We are talking in the period of 1963 to 1965.
S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003	20	MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.
)inglos,	21	(Off the record discussion)
E., Wasi	22	BY MR. OLSEN:
-	23 -	Q. So you were not involved in this Special Activities
4101 421 54	24	Group during the 1959 to '61 period?
<u> </u>	25	A. No.
	- 11	Dhatacany trom

- A. He commuted quite a bit.
- 20 0 Between Washington and --
 - A. Washington and Miami.
- 22 0 -- and Miami. During the period of 1960 and early
- 23 61?

19.

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area?

- A. Right.
- 25 a Mr. Hunt has stated in his interviews and in his

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1	published materials that he was the person who was in charge of
2	organizing a political unit among Cubans in this country which
3	would constitute the Cuban government in exile. Do you recall
4	where that was?
5	A. That could be guite true.
6	Q Have you reviewed, Mr. Sturbitts, the Agency's entire
7	files relating in any way to the Cuban operations and particu-
8	larly with reference to whether they reflect any contacts
9	between the Agency and Frank Sturgis?
10	A. Yes.
11.	Q Or Frank Fiorini?
12	A. There is no relationship.
13	0. Is it your testimony that the records and files of
14	the Agency reveal no official or unofficial contact of any
15	nature with Frank Sturgis?
16	A. To my knowledge that is true.
17	Q. I take it from that that you are emphatic in your
18	testimony that he was never an employee of the Agency?
19	A. Extremely emphatic.
20 -	Q. And you are also equally emphatic to the effect that
21	he was never a contract agent of the Agency?
22	A. Exactly.
23	0 Do you know whether he ever served in the capacity
24	of being an informer or informant to the Agency?

It is possible that he could have been a source.

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1	ဂ္ YOu mean a source of
2	A. Source of information of another agent. Another
3	agency agent.
4	Q Do the files of the Agency reflect any matter?
5	A. To my knowledge I don't recall anything like that bu
6	it is entirely possible that that could have happened without
7	being a matter of record.
8	0. Do the files of the Agency reveal any instance what-
ĝ	ever in which Frank Sturgis was ever asked to undertake any
10	kind of an operation or activity on behalf of the Agency?
11	3. To my knowledge, nothing.
12	0 Do the files of the Agency reveal any evidence
.13	whatever that Frank Sturgis was ever paid anything directly or
14	indirectly by the Agency?
15	A. To my knowledge, no.
16	Now, when you say "to my knowledge, no", in answer
17	to some of these questions, do I understand that to mean that
18	you are giving us the full benefit of your knowledge on the
19	basis of a full review of the Agency's records and files?
20	A. On Frank Sturgis, yes.
21	Q. Okay. During the period of time that you were with
. 22	the Special Activities Group from 1963 to '66, first of all,
23	can you tell us when that began in 1963?

When the Special Activities Group --

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When your contact with the Special Activities

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Q.

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Group began?

- A. It began -- well, it began around June of '63.
- Now, with particular reference to the last half of 1963, including whatever period in June '63 may not have been involved, were there a great many Cubans in the southern United States who were active in revolutionary fronts that were being sponsored by the Agency?
 - A Wellm you mean Agency sponsored fronts?
 - O. Yes.
- A. The Agency subsidized these fronts in an effort to have unity rather than these split factions, split anti-Castro factions. Obviously the leaders of the fronts knew that the CIA was subsidizing. Supposedly the people that joined these fronts did not know they were being subsidized by the Agency or the U.S. Government.
- Q But when you say "supposedly," does the fact appear to be otherwise?
- A. Well, based on my experience with the Cubans and this type of thing, and their penchant to talk, I would think that it wouldn't take long for knowledge of any subsidy to surface itself.
- Was it your opinion and impression at that time, Mr.

 Sturbitts, that a great many Cubans considered themselves to be involved in the CIA organizations?
 - λ Yes.

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- Q. And again with particular reference to the Miami area?

 A. Yes.

 Q. Was there also Cuban activity of this sort elsewhere
- Q. Was there also Cuban activity of this sort elsewhere in the United States? I am asking now particularly with reference to New Orleans.
- A. There was some Cuban presence in New Orleans. I am really not familiar with what happened in New Orleans that was sort of a sideshow to Miami.
- But the same is -- it is possible that some of the
 same Cuban organizations which were being sponsored or funded
 by the Agency also had activities or operations in New Orleans?
- A. I don't know if I can answer that, whether they had the same functions. I know that some funding arrangement for subsidizing the organizations in Miami was carried out through New Orleans.
- Q Well, can you be more specific about what you mean by that?

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funding source?

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4 6000	-	A. This I do not know either.
Phone (Area 202) 544 6008	2	Q. Pardon?
: (Area)	CI	A. This I don't know.
Moni	4	BY MR. MANFREDI:
	5	Q Where would that information be available?
	ĉ	A. Well, we have a guy that used to work with me who was
	7	down in New Orleans at that time. He would probably know.
	8	Q Is he in the building?
	, è	A. Yes.
	10	O. What is his name?
	11	Α.
.	12	Q
R PAUL	13	A. Yes.
WARED	14	BY MR. OLSEN:
	1.5	0. Who is with now? Which department?
	16	A. He is still with the DDO.
	7.	BY MR. MANFREDI:
	16	Q. Western Hemisphère Division?
-	19	A. No. He is on one of the staffs. He is on the I
C. 200f	20	think Career Management Group Staff.
ugtont, D	21	0. Is he officed near you?
, Washin	22	A. No. He is down in the basement.
	23	BY MR. OLSEN:
410 First Street, Jaffa, Washington, D.C. 2089 s.	24	
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ie (Area	Č.										
<u> </u>	<u>-</u>										
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	ش	Ã.	No.	No.	Totally	unfamiliar	with	anything	that	took .	

- llace in New Orleans.
- I take it that Frank Sturgis was never an intermediary for providing funds to the Cuban fronts?
 - The files that I have don't reflect it.
 - I think we covered this already just a few minutes ago but let me make sure that we have got it on the record.
 - I understood vou to sav that it was vour impression in 1963 that large numbers of Cuban exiles, Cuban people in the southern United States, talked about and believed that they were involved in the CIA sponsored activities. Is that true?
- That is right.
 - Was it also your understanding and your impression that there was a good deal of talk among this Cuban element in the southern United States about plans or prospects for the assassination of Fidel Castro?
 - I don't think there was -- you have I would say no. got to remember that these people were embittered. They lost their homeland, their possessions, they lost everything and they blamed it all on one man.

•	F		OU
_ :	Q.	That is Fiedl Castro?	
	A.	That is right, and they would probably verbally	do
2	anything	they could to get rid of him.	
3	Q.	Was there a lot of talk about killing Castro amo	ng
- <u></u>	these Cub	ans?	
ō	A.	I would say among the Cuban exiles there probabl	y was
Ö	. a lot of	talk about that.	
7	Q.	Did you participate yourself in the overhearing	oī
ê :	such conv	ersations?	
Ĝ.	à.	No.	
	Q.	Was this a matter of something that was reported	to
	you?		
L2 :	A. .	Well, it was I really don't remember what the	
L3 1	source of	it was but I know in my discussions with people a	at the
. <u>.</u> 4	Station as	nd from my visits down there and that type of thin	ng
.5 :	that this	subject always came up. What were they going to	đo
.6	with Fide	l? How are they going to get rid of him and this	type
	of thing.	I don't mean the Agency people. This is what th	ie
La :	Cuban exil	te community was discussing.	
أ. وي :	Q.	Yes. Do you know what Howard Hunt was doing for	the
20 .	Agency in	1963?	

A. Well, it seems to me he was here at Headquarters in '63 and I think he was assigned to the European Division of the DDP.

Q. This is your best recollection --

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0004	<u> 1</u>	A. Yes.
02) 544	. 2	. Q at the moment. Is it possible that he was with
Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	5	Domestic Operations Division in the field of proprietaries
Phone	4	engaged
	5	A. I guess you are right, yes. I believe he was there.
	б	0. Did you personally know Howard Hunt?
	7	A. No.
	8	Q. Never met him?
	9	A. I met him. That is all. I can't say I know him.
	10	Q You would not have known anything about his where-
	11	abouts on any particular day, then. Is that true?
. 01.	12 ;	A. Can we go off the record?
WARD & PAUL	13	(Off the record discussion.)
WARI	14:	THE WITNESS: Let's go back on the record.
	15	BY MR. OLSEN:
	16	Q I would like to have it on the record.
	17	A. Do you have a particular day?
	18 :	Q. No. I am just asking you if your acquanitance with
5.0	19	Hunt was such that you would have known of his whereabouts on
5.C. 200	20	any particular day.
լ (սորհո	21	A. No.
., Wash	22	0 Was it very infrequently that you ever saw him?
r tea bored, brin, Washington, D.C. 20003	23	A. Oh, I would see him in the halls, this type of thing,
F34 22	24	but bump into him perhaps downtown on the street.
9	25	0. But you would have no occasion for knowing from one

٠		
Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	- -	day to the next where he was?
	2	A. No.
	3	Q. Have you ever conducted any kind of inquiry on behalf
anork!	- 1	of the Agency as to where he was on November 22, 1963?
	÷	A. Yes.
	ĉ .	Q And when did you conduct that inquiry?
	7	A. I have done it twice that I recall and the most recent
	ŝ	one was I guess I am just trying to think. Well, it wasn't
•	9	too long ago because we did have an inquiry and we obtained the
	<u>-</u> 0	time and the attendance records from the Office of Finance which
		showed that Howard Hunt was on sick leave on that day.
<u>.</u>	_2	Q. Was this just fairly recently?
۲ م ۱	13	A. Yes.
4 A W		0 I understood from what files I have seen, Mr.
	_5 <u> </u>	Sturbitts, that the only records that were available from the
	16	Office of Finance showed that he had had nine hours of sick leave
	7~	during the two-week pay period ending the 23rd of November but
	1.3	that the records were not available as to how much sick leave
ì	19	or annual leave had been taken on any particular day.
	20	A. Well
	23	0 Am I mistaken?
	60	A. As I recall, he was in a duty status one day and a

He is the chap that got that for me..

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sick leave status the next day and back to duty the next day.

I would have to check that with my Budget and Fiscal Officer.

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But Ican find out from the B and F guy, hopefully

25 :

0009-1	1	Q. You said there was a previous inquiry?
02) 54	2	A. Yes. The previous inquiry came from
Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	3	who is now retired and was at that particular time the Chief of
Phoae	4	European Division.
	5	Q. When was that inquiry received?
	6	A. That was about a year ago, I guess.
	7	BY MR. OLSEN:
	8 .	0. About the first time these photographs began to be
	9 . ;	circulated?
	10	A. Yes.
	11	Q. About the bums in Dallas?
_l	12	A. Yes, and actually I think this inquiry
# PAUL	13	came from some magazine or newspaper man in Europe. was
. ×××.	14	Chief of Station, for a long time and he apparently
	15 ;	made a lot of acquaintances over there among the media.
	16	Q. This is something you are relating to Der Sterm
	17 :	Magazine?
	13	A. That is right.
	19 3	Q And did I understand you to say that in checking with
	20	the Office of Finance that it was positively ascertained that
1	21	Hunt was on sick leave on November 22nd?
	22	A. Well, I will have to check that. That is the way
	23	I understood it but I did get this through our Budget people who
	24	have the contact with the Office of Finance.
	25	And that he was on annual leave the day before?

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A. No. He was on a duty status the day before, on sick leave, and then on duty status the following day.

BY MR. MANFREDI:

- Q. Was there any effort to determine what Mr. Hunt's previous pattern with respect to sick days had been?
 - A. (Nods in negative)

BY MR. OLSEN:

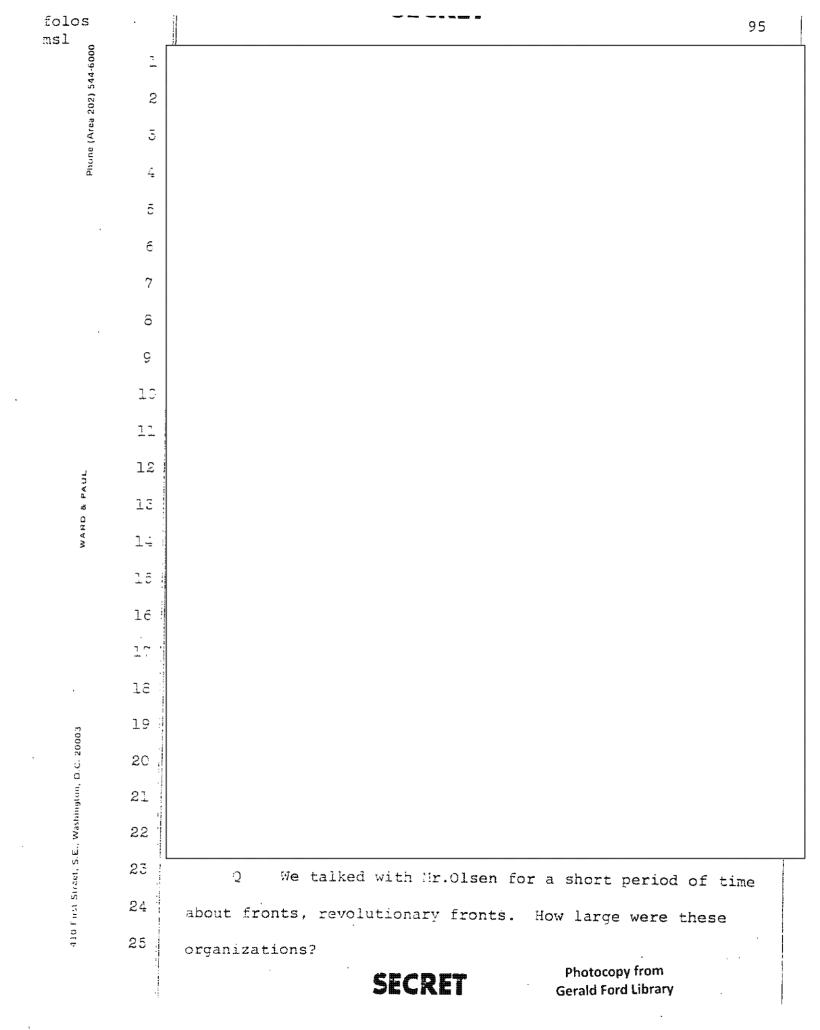
- November 22, 1963, was a Friday. When you say that records reveal that he was on a duty status the next day --
 - A. It was a Friday. Then I was mistaken.
- 0 Does that mean he was on duty the following Monday or on the next day, Saturday?
- A. No. On the following Monday. I didn't realize the 22nd was a Friday.
- Q. Will you check that thing for us and give us a brief memo together with whatever supporting -- copies of supporting documents you can find?
 - A. Okav.
 - Q As promptly as possible on this question.
 - I think that covers the subject matter.
- MR. MANFREDI: I can give you another moment if you want.

 Can you think of anything else?
 - MR. OLSEN: I think that is all.
- MR. MANFREDI: Okay. Off the record.
 - (Off the record discussion)

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4-6000	1	A Well, the membership varied. As I said, we were
Phone (Area 202) 544-6000	2	principally interested in the leadership of the organizations.
	5	Once the organization was established and the leadership took
Phone	4	over, then they would take care of enlisting the, I guess,
	5	
	6	getting membership from the Cuban exile community to join.
	7	Q What were their functions, the fronts?
	*! [1	A Well, it was to bring some unity out of this chaotic:
	8	thing of the splinter groups and get as I said, it was a
,	9	political organization in exile.
	10 "	Q Did they conduct any operations?
	11 .	A No, not that I know of.
PAUL	12	Q Just like a political party?
ಹ	13	A Like a political party.
WARD	14	Q How many of these fronts were there?
	15	A There were several of them. I really don't remember
	16	the names of them. The FRD was one. The Revolutionary
	17 '	Democratic Front. I guess that was probably the biggest one.
	18	And there were some others.
20003	19	Ω The RDF?
	20	A FRD.
ngton, .	21	Q I see.
, Washi	22	A Front Revolutionary Democratic. It is the
iet, S.E.	23	Democratic Revolutionary Front.
410 First Street, S.E., Washington, D.C.	24	Ω All right. Are these groups still in existence?
410 F	25	A I would think not. I really don't know.
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abh	3 8	_	 	
	544-60	Ŀ	. Q	Is there a CIA station in Puerto Rico?
	a 202)	2	A	No. There was but there isn't any more. There
ndm	ne (Are	ā	hasn't be	een one there for years.
	Pho	₹.	Q ·	When was it disbanded?
		5	A .	I think the station was established around 1958
		6	and pe	erhaps it was established before that. I think it
		7	went out	of existence in 1958.
		8	Q	Do you know why it went out of existence?
		9	F_{ij}	No, I don't. I don't have any idea.
		. 10	- Q	Do you know what function it was performing?
		11	· . A	(Mods in negative.)
	3	12	5	You mentioned earlier that Bernard Barker worked
	E P	13	in the C	Suban community for the CIA?
	WARD	14	A	
		16	Q	Was he performing any intelligence function in the
		16	community	· ·?
		17	A	Intelligence functions. Well
		18 .	 Q	Was he collecting information?
		19	A	Sure. If he got information that he thought was
	20003	!		
	, p.c.	20 :	worthwhil	e he would pass it on.
	ington	21	ij	Now, would be have been considered one of the three
	wash.	22 !	or 500 pe	rsons employed or assigned to the Miami Station?
	:ect, S.E	23 :	Λ	Yes. He was a contract employee.
	410 First Stract, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003	24	3	And were intelligence requirements levied on such
	4101	25	contract	employees?
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ll go

Isn't it the AMDUKES or -- these are the radio people.

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they?

Q	And	the	AMDUKES	are	the	AMOTS?
---	-----	-----	---------	-----	-----	--------

A	The	AMDUKES	are	AMOTS	but	they	are	radio	people.
---	-----	---------	-----	-------	-----	------	-----	-------	---------

A Yes. The only reason we use two different names is that in each of these things in those days we had to have a project which had to be renewed every year to get the funding.

- Q So AMDUKE and AMOT --
- A Synonymous.
- Q -- are cryptonyms?
- A Yes.
- Q Do the initials stand for anything other than --
- A No. Just pick them out. If you want to encrypt somebody you just call downstairs and they give you a crypt. You don't have anything to do with it. The AM happened at that particular time to be the Cuban diograph.

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Phone (Area 202) 544-6000

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410 First Street, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003

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Were these people on whom name traces were requested 0 all foreign nationals?

All foreign nationals.

Was there any check made to determine whether any of them were American citizens?

We levied on the Secret Service as a requirement that they have identified these people by nationality before we would run a name trace. Inadvertently, at one time they did submit a list, a rather long list of American citizens which we promptly sent back to them and told them we could not trace.

- And this practice was followed both in 1968 and 1972?
 - That is right. $\mathcal{F}_{\mathbf{c}}$
 - And where were these names traced? 0
- They were traced back here and also in Miami. Miami Station did their name check and we did our name check here. In the case of Cubans, probably the Miami Station had more information on the Cubans than we would have back here.
 - But the names were traced through Agency files?

- Do you still maintain the records with respect to that tracing activity?
 - I have all the names that have been traced.
 - And they are on little cards down in your files?
 - Yes.
- Why have those records been maintained? Is there any reason those records have been maintained?
- Well, because we were told to maintain them when the Watergate thing broke.
 - I see.
 - And since then nobody will destroy anything.
- Are you aware of any picketing at various OK. places in the country that has been conducted by Cuban
- I was not aware of it until I was told of it. I still don't know whether this was a spontaneous action on the part of these people or whether they were instructed to do it. I tried to run that down and I have been unable to.
- At what locations has it been reported that pickets were located?
- Airline offices in New York, Miami. I think another place. I forget where it was. .
- Have you in fact been able to verify that these persons were Cubans?

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	A	Well,	it	is a	mat	ter o	of re	ecord	in	the	AMOT	his	story
that	this	inde	ed di	id ta	ike p	lace	. lot	v, wha	at I	hav	e bee	en t	rying
to de	etermi	ine is	whe	ether	the	On-8	Site	Case	off	icer	auth	ori	ized
this	,which	ı I fu	1117	doub	t.								

- Who was the On-Site Case Officer?
- Α At that time it was a fellow by the name of Tony Sforza.
 - Is he still alive? Q

Yes, he is down in Miami. But I just do not know whether this was a unilateral action on the part of the AMOTS against the countries that were then trading with Cuba, notably Spain and Great Britain and France.

- Other than this incident which we -- strike that. QWhat kind of an investigation have you conducted?
- $F_{\mathbf{x}}$ I have talked to people, which is really all you can do. There is no other way you can do it.
- \mathfrak{I} You have been unable to determine who, if anyone, authorized this activity? Have you been able to identify any of the persons who participated in the picketing?
- No. $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$
 - Q. With what frequency did this activity occur?
 - I don't have any idea. I only know of one instance. Α
 - This was in New York City? 0
 - New York City and Miami. F_{\bullet}
 - Do you know of any organized political activity that Ω

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the AMOTS engaged in?

- A To my knowledge, they didn't engage in any.
- Q Any political activity.

Do you know of any other activities that they have conducted within this country, they or any of their members have conducted within this country that we have not already discussed this afternoon?

- A No.
- Any political activities? Any operations?
- A No. Not really. Of course, we have used certain select individuals to what we call hand-hold defectors, Cuban defectors. In other words, live with them until they are resettled and this type of thing. And this is another activity they engaged in. But other than that, I can't think of anything else.
- Q Do you know of any criminal activities that have been attribited to --
- A I have heard of some allegations which have never been proven.
 - Q What are the allegations?
- A The allegations concern break-ins and surveillances and this type of thing.
- \mathbb{Q} Have those allegations been made with any frequency?
 - A Well, I forget who it was. It was during the

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Matergate trial. Some of these allegations that came out and I think they were carried in the Anderson column but we made file checks and this type of thing. One particular activity was supposed to have been carried out in Rockefeller Center in New York and it turns out it was taken out of context. It was a training mission and -- training exercise. These guys were being trained in surveillance in New York and they were simply asked to go into a branch of the Manhattar -- Chase Manhattan and to come back out and then they were supposed to diagram the layout of the bank. And this to some of them meant casing the bank when in fact it was just a memory exercise.

Q With what frequency were those kinds of training exercises conducted?

A Well, whenever there was an -- whenever it was felt that these people, selected individuals, were to be trained in trade craft.

And did their trade craft training include such things as surveillance?

- A Sure.
- And break-ins?

A No. Not break-ins. Nor surreptitious entry. As I said, in the case of this particular thing, it was misinter-preted as casing the bank. These exercises were given -- they could have walked into your office, your outer office and

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said -- the instructor could have said two hours later tell me what is in that outer office? What is the layout of it? This is just for observation.

- You stated earlier none of those allegations have Have any of them been proved to your satisfaction?
 - No. Ithink we disproved them to my satisfaction.
- I take it you do not believe they took place other than the training exercise?
 - Oh, no. No. I don't believe they did. A
- Do you know of any instances where members of that group have broken in, made any other type of illegal entry in this country?
 - ENo.
- Have you ever been present at any discussions of the legality or illegality of maintaining stations like the Hiami Station within this country?
 - ALegality? No.
 - How about the propriety?
- Well, to my knowledge, that really never came up. No one to my knowledge, has ever questioned the legality or the propriety of having the Station.
- 0 There have been some allegations in the press and elsewhere about possible misuse of Cuban exiles, members of that community, by the CIA. Are you aware of those?

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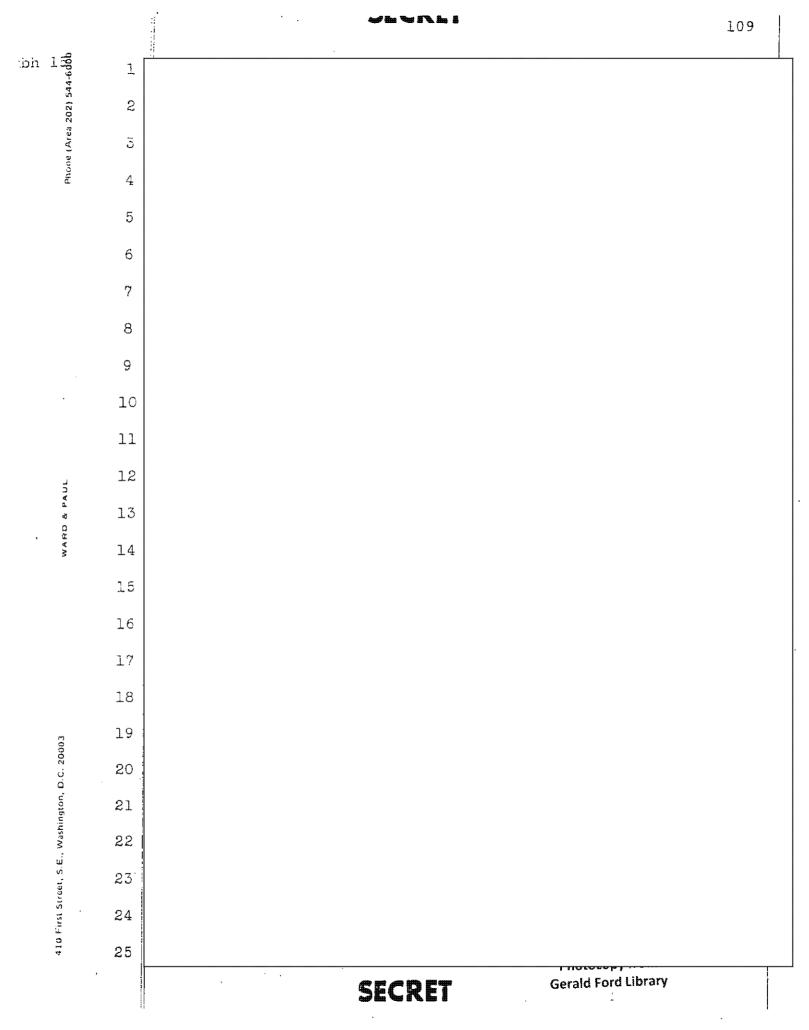
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21.00

- We received some correspondence and I have seen some 0 articles that suggest that the Cuban community is sort of a resource that is occasionally tapped by the CIA for various operations in this country.
 - Ĵ. You mean this country?
- Yes. Picketing was one example. There were also some other examples of unusual activities. Do you have any knowledge of use by the CIA of Cuban nationals or exiles for any type of operation within this country?
 - A No.
- 12 . 9 Do you know whether or not the Agency has provided any financial support for Cuban businessmen in this country?
 - 1 No. Not to my knowledge.
 - Other than the maintenance of cover? \cdot
- 16 \mathcal{L} 110.
- 17 Establishment of businesses? •)
- 18 \mathcal{A} No.
- 19 2 No?
- 20 Ä. No.
- 21 In the course of our discussions today we discussed \odot 22 : the AMOTS, the AMDUKES, various political front groups, 23 . revolutionary front groups. Are there any other emigre,
- 24 Cuban emigre groups in the Miami area which have been supported
- 25 : by the Agency, either financially or otherwise?

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000	1	·	
Ріюне (Агеа 202) 544-6000		A Sure.	
	2	Q I am sorry we had to take so much of your time.	
sne (Ar	3	A That is all right.	
Pho	4	Q Thank you again.	
	5	(Whereupon, at 3:35 o'clock p.m., the taking of	f the
	6	deposition was concluded.)	:
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