This document is made available through the declassification efforts and research of John Greenewald, Jr., creator of:

The Black Vault



The Black Vault is the largest online Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) document clearinghouse in the world. The research efforts here are responsible for the declassification of hundreds of thousands of pages released by the U.S. Government & Military.

Discover the Truth at: http://www.theblackvault.com

Classification:	
-----------------	--

(This form is to be used for material extracted from CIA—controlled documents.)

Z CIA Personnel in		کو نو
--------------------	--	----------

The Committee investigated the allegation of former

CIA employee James Wilcott, who testified in executive

session that shortly after the assassination of President

Kennedy he was advised by fellow employees at the CIA's

Station that Lee Harvey Oswald was a CIA agent who

had received financial disbursements under an assigned

cryptonym. Wilcott explained that he had been employed

by the CIA as a finance officer from 1957 until his resignation

from the Agency in 1966. In this capacity, he served as a

fiscal account assistant on the support staff at the

Station from June of 1960 to June 1964.

Wilcott advised

that in addition to his regular responsibilities, he had

served security duty on his off-hours in order to supplement

his income. This additional job put him in contact with

THIS COPY IS NOT FOR RELEASE

from CIA—controlled documents.)	
	÷
other employees of the Station who would come by the	
A part	-
office and engage in informal conversations regarding	
orresponding to the state of th	. •
politics and their work	
Wilcott told the Committee that on the day after President	le
wil all the state of the state	٠.
Kennedy's assassination he was informed by a CIA case	
stor Nor and Ha	
officer that Lee Harvey Oswald was a CFA agent. Wilcott	
	,
further testified that he was told that Oswald had been	
(see one)	
assigned a cryptonym and that Wilcott himself had	
unknowingly disbursed payments for Oswald project using	
Als project	
that cryptonym. Although Wilcott was unable to identify the	•
Windows and Marketing and Mark	
specific case officers who had initially informed him of	
Oswald's Agency relationship, he named several employees	
of theStation with whom he believed he had subsequently	7
discussed the allegations.	
13'3 - 11 - Avigod the Committee that after Japaning	
Wilcott advised the Committee that after learning	
Classification:	
Ciasincanon:	
Classified by derivation:	

Classification:

(This form is to be used for material extracted from CIA—controlled documents.)
of the alleged Oswald connection to the CIA, he had never
rechecked the Station disbursement records for
evidence of the Oswald project. He explained that this was
because at that time he viewed the information as mere shop
talk and gave it little credence. Neither did he report
the allegations to any formal investigative bodies to be to
the assassination as he considered the information to be hearsay. In an attempt to investigate Wilcott's allegations,
concerning Lee Harvey Oswald's relationship with the GIA, the
Committee interviewed several present and former CIA
employees who were selected on the basis of the position each
had held with the GLA during the years 1954-1964. Among
those persons interviewed were individuals whose responsibilities
covered a broad spectrum of areas within the Station,
during this period, including the chief and deputy chief of
Classification:
Classified by derivation:

Classification: _

-		~ • * • • • •	
3)	 •	Classification:	

(This form is to be used for material extracted from CIA—controlled documents.)

Station as well as officers in finance, registry, the soviet
Branch and counterintelligence/ The Committee's.
investigation-refuted-Wilcott-s-allegation.
During the course of their employment in the
Station, none of these individuals interviewed had ever seen
any documents or heard any information indicating that Lee-
Harvey Oswald was a CIA agent. / This allegation was not known to anyone until the time of publication of Warren
Commission critical literature and the Carrison investigation
in the late 1960's/ Some of the individuals, including
the chief of counterintelligence within the Soviet Russia
Branch in expressed the belief that it was possible
that Lee Harvey Oswald had been recruited by the KGB
during his military tour of duty in Japan, as the CIA's
Station had identified a KGB program aimed at recruiting
Classification:

m	•	*				
€ 1	124661	·	~~1	- 4	P 77 0	•
*	まひつつま	11	~~ 41		A 8 4 4	ennyanyanyan kakis 1955 seria salaman ang arawa kanan ang arawa kanan kanan ang arawa sa kakis manan ang arawa

(This form is to be used for material extracted from CIA—controlled documents.)

U.S. military personnel in Tokyó during the period that
Oswald was stationed there. An intelligence analyst whom
Wilcott had specifically named as having been involved
following the assassination in a conversation logarding
the Oswald\GIA agent allegation told the Committee that he
was not in the Station at that time. A review of this
individual's Office of Personnel file confirmed that, in
fact, he had been transferred from the Station to the
United States in 1962.
The chief of the Station from 1961-1965 stated
that, had Oswald been used by the Agency within their
jurisdiction, the certainly would have known about it.
Similarly, almost all those persons interviewed who worked
in the Soviet Russia branch of that station indicated that
they would have known if Lee Harvey Oswald had, in fact,
Classification:

		Line	A. J. J.			Acres 1
	Classificat	ion:				
,	* .	•	•			
	(This form is to	be used f	or material	extracted		
	from CIA—cont	rolled docum	ents.)		•	•
					•	÷
•	6440					
	ted as a CIA a	cont who	n ho was	in Tanas		
been rectur	rea de civ e	egerre wile	ii iie was	In Japan	1	
						·
These perso	ns expressed t	he opini	on that	had Oswal	.d been	A
recruited w	ithout their k	nowledge	, it wou	ld have b	een a r	are
		•	,			
exception c	ontrary to the	working	policy	and guide	lines o	f
		•		*.		*
the	tation. wortly of vey Oswald's O	0.0.5	ب لحبعد	وو يه ر	ے ملک	سالما
true con	fo polinow	July 9				0
3. Lee Har	vev Oswald's C	IA File	(cic	5	$i \cdot i$	t1
		and an annual series in the series of the se	(- 6ª	, en mai	3140417
The	CIA has long a	cknowled dala e	ged that bout os	, prior t	o the	7
President's	assassination	it had	a perso	nalitý fi	le on	
	a Pile Hood conta					
			-	autrin		
Tee Harvel	Oswald, This	ille, wn	ich in A	gency ter	minorog	χ
	•					
is referred	to as a 201 f	ile, was	opened	on Decemb	er 9, 1	960.
					• -	
The Maency	has explained	tomtho C	omni t-t-co	that 207	files	220
The Agency	nas explained	COCTO	OHURT DECK	that 201	rires	are
e e		•			•	
opened when	a person is c	onsidere	d to be	of potent	cial	
intelligenc	e or countering	ntelligen	ce siani	ficance.	The	
	we was view for four date called all.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
opening of s	uch a file is	designed	to serv	e the pur	pose of	
	·					
bringing al	l of the CIA's	informa	tion per	taining t	to that	
			-	~		

Classification: _

Class	1	fic	d	i	on:		
AND 3 AND		B B #	- 40-0 1		40000	 	

(This form is to be used for material extracted from CIA—controlled documents.)

been recruited as a CIA agent when he was in Japan. / These persons expressed the opinion that had Oswald been recruited without their knowledge, it would have been a rare exception contrary to the working policy and guidelines of Station. the

Lee Harvey Oswald's CIA File

The CIA has long acknowledged that, prior to the President's assassination, it had a personality file on Lee Harvey Oswald. This file, which in Agency terminology is referred to as a 201 file, was opened on December 9, 1960. The Agency has explained to the Committee that 201 files are opened when a person is considered to be of potential intelligence or counterintelligence significance. opening of such a file is designed to serve the purpose of. oringing all of the CIA(s) information pertaining to that Consolidating Certa

Classification:

Classification:

(5)

(This form is to be used for material extracted from CIA—controlled documents.)

or indirectly, in any capacity for the CIA after hisresignation on 26 September 1950."

The Committee dees not regard this explanation as satisfactory, especially since Snyder's 201 file indicates that for approximately one year during 1956-1957 he was used by an Agency case officer as a spotter at Harvard University, because of his access to other students who might be going to the Soviet Union nor was the Agency actually able to explain specifically why someone considered it necessary to red flag the Snyder file.

The remainder of the Snyder file, however, is entirely consistent with his testimony before the Committee concerning the absence of Agency contacts. In addition, the CIA personnel officer who handled Snyder's case in 1950 confirmed that Snyder had, in fact, terminated his employment with the

Classitication:	
-----------------	--