This document is made available through the declassification efforts and research of John Greenewald, Jr., creator of:

The Black Vault



The Black Vault is the largest online Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) document clearinghouse in the world. The research efforts here are responsible for the declassification of hundreds of thousands of pages released by the U.S. Government & Military.

Discover the Truth at: http://www.theblackvault.com

Released under the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992 (44 USC 2107 Note).

DATE: 11-14-2017

JFK Assassination System Identification Form

Date:

6/8/2015

Agency Information

AGENCY:

FBI

RECORD NUMBER: 124-10222-10189

RECORD SERIES:

HQ

AGENCY FILE NUMBER:

97-4133-123

Document Information

ORIGINATOR: **FBI**

FROM:

SAC, MM

TO: .

DIRECTOR, FBI

TITLE:

DATE:

12/24/1964

'PAGES:

16

SUBJECTS:

MRR, MAB, TRA, CUBAN REVOLUTIONARY ACT, MIL

TRAINING CAMPS, COSTA RICA

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PAPER, TEXTUAL DOCUMENT

CLASSIFICATION:

Unclassified

RESTRICTIONS:

Consulted; 4

CURRENT STATUS:

Redact

DATE OF LAST REVIEW:

07/07/1998

OPENING CRITERIA:

INDEFINITE, APPROVAL OF INS

COMMENTS:

REFERRED TO INS, INC LHM

Released under the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of CONFROENTIA UNITED STATES GOV NMENT emorandum Director, FBI (97-4133) DATE: SAC, Miami (97-327) REASON-FCIM SUBJECT: MOVIMIENTO RECUPERACION REVOLUCIONARIA IS - CUBA; ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED CIA HAS NO OBJECTION TO RA - CUBA. HEREIN IS UNLASSIFIED EXCEPT DECLASSINGATION AND/OR, (NM) WHERE SHOWN STHERWISE. RELEASE OF STATINFORMATIO Remylet, with enclosures, 8/26/64. IN THIS DOCUMENT. Enclosed are twelve copies of a LHM, dated and 1-30 captioned as above. Copies of this LHM are being designated to INS; CIA; G-2; Coordinator of Cuban Affairs, Department of State; U. S. Coast Guard; U. S. Customs (3), 1-Miami, 1-Region II, and 1-Key West; U. S. Border Patro; ONI; and, MM T-1 is MM 639-S(🕊) MM T-2 is/M. H. REDMON, Investigator, MM T-3 is SANTIAGO ALVAREZ RODRIGUEZ, 547 N. W. 45th Avenue, Miami, Florida, (by request). Miami will follow activities of the MRR through established sources and informants, and will keep the Bureau advised. CODY to; CIA/State/RAO 1773 2/- Bureau (Encls.-12) (RM) ONI/OSI/ACSI l' - Miami by routing slip for info. RJD:GK (3) REC- 109 copies made 1 DEC 30 1964 for review at FBIHQ by uy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Released under the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992 (44 USC 2107 Note)

PATE: 11-14-2017



UNIT STATES DEPARTMENT OF STICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

CONFIDENTIAL Miami, Florida

DEC 2 4 1964

97-327

REASON DE T-2.4.2 2/3
DATE OF REVIEW 12/9 1/4

ALL WEORMATION CONTA

RE: MOVIMIENTO RECUPERACION

REVOLUCIONARIA (MRR); INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA; REGISTRATION ACT - CUBA.

Declassity on: UADR Garag 4 not company of the power of t

MM T-1, who has been involved in Cuban revolutionary activities for the past seven years, on December 1, 1964, advised the following:

The Movimiento Recuperacion Revolucionaria (MRR) continues to be headed by Manuel Artime Buesa, a Cuban exile doctor who travels continuously in the United States, Central America, and the Caribbean. Sixto Mesa, Suite 309, Coconut Grove Bank, Coconut Grove, Miami, Florida, continues to be the Treasurer of the organization. Manuel Guillott, 3488 N. W. 3rd Street, Miami, continues as Military Coordinator. The day-to-day operations of the MRR in Miami are handled by Mesa and Guillott. (My)

Although the MRR claimed to have closed its Miami office in July, 1964, and moved to Central America, the MRR continues to maintain different offices in Miami for recruiting, maintenance of records, and processing of salaries and allotments for the MRR members and their families

MM T-2 who is in close contact with MRR Alfredo & Borges, on December 21, 1964, advised Borges continues to

DECLASSIFIED BY SP8MAC/GOL ON 6/9/94 (JEK)

TO THE PARTY OF TH

97-4133-123 97-4133-121 Released under the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992 (44 USC 2107 Note):

COME

RE: MOVIMIENTO RECUPERACION REVOLUCIONARIA (MRR)

obtain re-entry permits for MRR members to travel in Costa Rica, Nicaragua, and Panama, and return to the United States. MM T-2*said that during the month of [%] October, 1964, Borges requested re-entry permits for 58 MRR members, and in November, 1964, 72 more were requested.

MM T-1, on December 10, 1964, advised that different Cuban exile leaders continue to claim that Manuel Artime Buesa and the MRR are making a living off the Cuban revolutionary activities, are engaged in smuggling instead of anti-Communist warfare, and are misappropriating funds designed for commando and infiltration activity against the present Government of Cuba.

MM T-1 continued that it is claimed Artime's men returned from Central America very disenchanted, or with large sums of money earned through illegal activity in

The "Miami Herald," a daily newspaper published in Miami, Florida, on November 27, 1964, contained an article stating that press reports had been received that Cuban exiles in Central America claimed to have a four-ship navy, a small air force, and 200 men trained as commandos. It was estimated that such an operation cost between three and six million dollars a year, although the MRR had carried out only two operations against Cuba during the past year.

In late November, 1964, Mrs. Alicia Trujillo went to the local press in Miami, Florida, and claimed her husband Roberto joined the MRR in February, 1964, was sent to a Central American training camp, and then disappeared. She later received a letter saying Roberto had been killed.

The MRR finally admitted to the press that they enforced their own penal code with a kangaroo court system;

Released under the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992 (44 USC 2107 Note)

DATE: 11-14-2017



UNIT STATES DEPARTMENT OF STICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

CONFIDENTIAL

Miami, Florida

DEC 2 4 1964

97-327

RE: MOVIMIENTO RECUPERACION

REVOLUCIONARIA (MRR); INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA;

REGISTRATION ACT - CUBA:

intossity on: Union of surface of the confidence of the confidence

MM T-1, who has been involved in Cuban revolutionary activities for the past seven years, on December 1, 1964, advised the following:

The Movimiento Recuperacion Revolucionaria (MRR) continues to be headed by Manuel Artime Buesa, a Cuban exile doctor who travels continuously in the United States, Central America, and the Caribbean. Sixto Mesa, Suite 309, Coconut Grove Bank, Coconut Grove, Miami, Florida, continues to be the Treasurer of the organization. Manuel Guillott, 3488 N. W. 3rd Street, Miami, continues as Military Coordinator. The day-to-day operations of the MRR in Miami are handled by Mesa and Guillott.

Although the MRR claimed to have closed its Miami office in July, 1964, and moved to Central America, the MRR continues to maintain different offices in Miami for recruiting, maintenance of records, and processing of salaries and allotments for the MRR members and their families.

MM T-2, who is in close contact with MRR Alfredo Borges, on December 21, 1964, advised Borges continues to

CLASS BYSPUGOM LOS CONFIDENTIAL REASON-FCT VIEW 2/24/89

DECLASSIFIED BY SPS MAC GOL ON 6/9/94 (JK) ALL INFORMATION CONTINED EXCEPT HEREIN IS TOWN OTHERWISE.

Released under the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992 (44 USC 2107 Note)

COONEDENTAL

RE: MOVIMIENTO RECUPERACION REVOLUCIONARIA (MRR)

obtain re-entry permits for MRR members to travel in Costa Rica, Nicaragua, and Panama, and return to the United States. MM T-2x said that during the month of October, 1964, Borges requested re-entry permits for 58 MRR members, and in November, 1964, 72 more were requested.

MM T-1, on December 10, 1964, advised that different Cuban exile leaders continue to claim that Manuel Artime Buesa and the MRR are making a living off the Cuban revolutionary activities, are engaged in smuggling instead of anti-Communist warfare, and are misappropriating funds designed for commando and infiltration activity against the present Government of Cuba.

MM T-1 continued that it is claimed Artime's men returned from Central America very disenchanted, or with large sums of money earned through illegal activity

The "Miami Herald," a daily newspaper published in Miami, Florida, on November 27, 1964, contained an article stating that press reports had been received that Cuban exiles in Central America claimed to have a four-ship navy, a small air force, and 200 men trained as commandos. It was estimated that such an operation cost between three and six million dollars a year, although the MRR had carried out only two operations against Cuba during the past year.

In late November, 1964, Mrs. Alicia Trujillo went to the local press in Miami, Florida, and claimed her husband Roberto joined the MRR in February, 1964, was sent to a Central American training camp, and then disappeared. She later received a letter saying Roberto had been killed.

The MRR finally admitted to the press that they enforced their own penal code with a kangaroo court system;



DATE: 11-14-2017

Released under the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992 (44 USC 2107 Note)

DATE: 11-14-2017



INIT STATES DEPARTMENT O

STICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

CONFIDENTIAL

Miami, Florida

DEC 2 4 1964

97-327

RE: MOVIMIENTO RECUPERACION

REVOLUCIONARIA (MRR);

INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA;

REGISTRATION ACT - CUBA.

MM T-1, who has been involved in Cuban revolutionary activities for the past seven years, on December 1, 1964, advised the following:

The Movimiento Recuperacion Revolucionaria (MRR) continues to be headed by Manuel Artime Buesa, a Cuban exile doctor who travels continuously in the United States, Central America, and the Caribbean. Sixto Mesa, Suite 309, Coconut Grove Bank, Coconut Grove, Miami, Florida, continues to be the Treasurer of the organization. Manuel Guillott, 3488 N. W. 3rd Street, Miami, continues as Military Coordinator. The day-to-day operations of the MRR in Miami are handled by Mesa and Guillott.

Although the MRR claimed to have closed its Miami office in July, 1964, and moved to Central America, the MRR continues to maintain different offices in Miami for recruiting, maintenance of records, and processing of salaries and allotments for the MRR members and their families

Borges, on December 21, 1964, advised Borges continues to

HEREIN IS UNCLOSED EXCEPT, WHERE SHOWN OTREPUSE.

DECLASSIFIED BY SPANNE GEL ON 6/9/94 JULE PARTE

1/30/85 91454/8000 Onyon in Paragy most Celegraphy and let from 1NS dtd 12/12/84 Released under the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992 (44 USC 2107 Note).

DATE: 11-14-2017



RE: MOVIMIENTO RECUPERACION REVOLUCIONARIA (MRR)

obtain re-entry permits for MRR members to travel in Costa Rica, Nicaragua, and Panama, and return to the United States. MM T-2 said that during the month of October, 1964, Borges requested re-entry permits for 58 MRR members, and in November, 1964, 72 more were requested.

MM T-1, on December 10, 1964, advised that different Cuban exile leaders continue to claim that Manuel Artime Buesa and the MRR are making a living off the Cuban revolutionary activities, are engaged in smuggling instead of anti-Communist warfare, and are misappropriating funds designed for commando and infiltration activity against the present Government of Cuba.

MM T-1 continued that it is claimed Artime's men returned from Central America very disenchanted, or with large sums of money earned through illegal activity.

The "Miami Herald," a daily newspaper published in Miami, Florida, on November 27, 1964, contained an article stating that press reports had been received that Cuban exiles in Central America claimed to have a four-ship navy, a small air force, and 200 men trained as commandos. It was estimated that such an operation cost between three and six million dollars a year, although the MRR had carried out only two operations against Cuba during the past year.

In late November, 1964, Mrs. Alicia Trujillo went to the local press in Miami, Florida, and claimed her husband Roberto joined the MRR in February, 1964, was sent to a Central American training camp, and then disappeared. She later received a letter saying Roberto had been killed.

The MRR finally admitted to the press that they enforced their own penal code with a kangaroo court system;