

This document is made available through the declassification efforts
and research of John Greenewald, Jr., creator of:

The Black Vault



The Black Vault is the largest online Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) document clearinghouse in the world. The research efforts here are responsible for the declassification of hundreds of thousands of pages released by the U.S. Government & Military.

Discover the Truth at: **<http://www.theblackvault.com>**

DATE: 11-14-2017

JFK Assassination System
Identification Form

Date: 4/15/201

Agency Information

AGENCY: FBI
RECORD NUMBER: 124-10370-10003

RECORD SERIES: HQ

AGENCY FILE NUMBER: 62-117290-ADMIN FOLDER-A6

Document Information

ORIGINATOR: FBI
FROM: DL
TO: HQ

TITLE:

DATE: 12/24/1970
PAGES: 363

SUBJECTS:

HSCA ADMINISTRATIVE FOLDER, ASSASSINATION
MATTERS VOLUME I

DOCUMENT TYPE: PAPER, TEXTUAL DOCUMENT

CLASSIFICATION: Secret

RESTRICTIONS: 1B; 4

CURRENT STATUS: Redact

DATE OF LAST REVIEW: 02/17/1999

OPENING CRITERIA: INDEFINITE

COMMENTS: INC FOLDER, A/T, MEMO, LET, NEWS RELEASES, LHM, LEAFLET, NEWS ARTICLES,
TRANSCRIPT, R/S, AFFIDAVITS, RESOLUTION, INSERT, FEDERAL REGISTER, S/S, NOTES,
ADDENDUM, COMPLAINT, EXECUTIVE ORDER, PRESS RELEASE

DATE: 11-14-2017

SECRET

November 8, 1966

REVIEWED BY ^{Nancy} FBI/JFK TASK FORCEON 5/11/95 del

9/3/96

CLASSIFIED BY 5668-SLD/mak
DECLASSIFY ON LOOK (1) (JFK)

"THE OSWALD AFFAIR"

BY
LEO SAUVAGE☒ RELEASE IN FULL☐ RELEASE IN PART☐ TOTAL DENIAL

Leo Sauvage was born on February 28, 1915, at Nancy, France. In 1964 he was reported as a correspondent and chief of the New York Bureau of "Le Populaire," a French socialist newspaper. He also has been reported as a correspondent for the French publication "Le Figaro."

In 1951 it was reported that Sauvage was a member of a small group of individuals close to Louis Dolivet who was refused reentry to the United States due to his suspected communist and Comintern background.

(100-23792-148)

In October, 1953, information was received that Leo Sauvage, "Le Figaro," 50 Rockefeller Plaza, New York City, responded to an invitation extended by the Polish Consulate, New York City, to attend a showing of the Polish film, "Peace Will Win," to be shown on November 30, 1951, at the Museum of Modern Art, New York City.

[(100-350264-1183)] (S)

According to a statement filed with the Department of Justice, Foreign Agents Registration Section, the French Press Agency (FPA) in January, 1954, listed Leo Sauvage, 270 West End Avenue, New York City, as an employee of that agency. In May, 1954, while Sauvage was still employed by the FPA, it was reported that the chief of the Washington Bureau of the Soviet Tass News Agency utilized personnel of the FPA to secure intelligence information.

(105-28250-2 and 3)

In September, 1953, it was alleged that one Leon Sauvage, 28 rue Marcel Royer, Gannevilliers, France, was one of a number of individuals employed by the French Communist Party Headquarters, Paris, France. It is not known if this individual is identical with captioned author.

(64-200-231-1559 page 5)

The March, 1964, issue of "Commentary," a monthly magazine published by the American Jewish Committee, contained an article by Sauvage entitled "The Oswald Affair." This article attacks the findings of the Warren Commission concerning the assassination of former President John F. Kennedy and suggests that Oswald was unjustly presumed to be guilty of the assassination due to prejudiced press and television coverage.

(105-82555-3531)

JHC:jah (8)

SECRET

DATE: 11-14-2017

4/28/70

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: LEGAT, LONDON (94-338) (RUC)

MR. KEITH HOSKINGS
16, GAP ROAD
WIMBLEDON, SOUTHWEST 19
LONDON, ENGLAND
RESEARCH MATTER (CORRESPONDENCE AND TOURS)

ReBuairtel, captioned as above, dated 4/7/70 and
Bulet 4/15/70 captioned "ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63, MISC- INFO.
CONCERNING".

On 4/27/70 Detective Sergeant FRED PARISH,
Criminal Intelligence Squad, New Scotland Yard, London,
advised he has identified subject and has in fact inter-
viewed him in connection with captioned matter. Results
of PARISH's investigation and interview are contained in
the LHM, 5 copies of which are enclosed.

From this contact with PARISH and further check-
ing of Special Branch records, New Scotland Yard, it would
appear subject is an inveterate letterwriter with some
mental instability.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 5)
1 - Liaison (Enc. 1)
1 - Lon 94-338
1 - Lon 62-358
ACM:vw
(6)

cc LHM to USSS

5/14/70

cc AIRTEL + LHM to

DL 5/14/70



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

April 28, 1970

MR. KEITH HOSKINGS

On April 20, 1970, a check of records of New Scotland Yard, London, England, reflected that KEITH HOSKINGS was born October 8, 1928, in St. Kitts, British West Indies. He arrived in the United Kingdom in 1958 and resides with his mother at 16, Gap Road, Wimbledon, London. S.W. 19. In 1960 he was arrested and convicted for theft and as of April 27, 1970 was about to be arrested again by Metropolitan Police, London, for larceny of money from his employer.

On April 24, 1970, Detective Sergeant FRED PARISH, New Scotland Yard, London, interviewed HOSKINGS at his residence. He described HOSKINGS as a white male with West Indian accent. He has persisted in saying to the police that he was not well enough to stand trial for his present offence of larceny from his employer and it is believed that the letters he has written to the F.B.I. at Washington and Dallas, as well as letters to American Embassy, London, U.S. Air Force Headquarters, England, and New Scotland Yard, London, have all been an attempt on his part to say that he has been cooperating with New Scotland Yard and the F.B.I. in solving major crimes, which he hoped would act in mitigation for his current offense of larceny from his employer.

When interviewed by Sgt. PARISH, he professed intimate knowledge of all the current major crimes in London, including a kidnaping and murder case and an espionage case currently being tried. He also claimed to have been a member of the Mafia sent to England.

Sergeant PARISH is of the opinion that because of subject's mental instability he thought he might be immediately brought to the U.S. to assist U.S. authorities, thus saving himself from being arrested and sentenced in London.

This document contains neither
recommendations nor conclusions of
the FBI. It is the property of
the FBI and is loaned to your agency;
it and its contents are not to be
distributed outside your agency.

-1*-

AL