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EFFORTS TO SPLIT THE REGIME

March - June 1962

Study of the Loci of Power Concluded

#### EFFORTS TO SPLIT THE REGIME

- I. March June 1962: Study of the Loci of Power Concluded:
  - A. Power Groups in Cubs
    - 1. 26th of July Movement
    - The Popular Socialist Party, Communist
       (Partido Popular Socialista PSP)
    - 3. The Revolutionary Director (Directorio Revolucianario DR)

#### B. Key Leaders

- 1. 26th of July:
  - a. Fidel Castro
  - b. Raul Castro
  - c. Ernesto "Che" Guevara
  - d. Osvaldo Dorticos, President
  - e. Raul Roa, Foreign Minister
  - f. Ramiro Valdes, Minister of Interior

#### 2. PSP - Communist Leaders

- the National Institute of Agrarian Reform
  (Instituto Nacional de Reforma Agraria INRA)
- b. Blas Roca, Member of the Executive Board of
  Integrated Revolutionary Organizations
  (Organizaciones Revolucionarias Integradas ORI)

- c. Lazaro Pena, Secretary General of the Cuban Revolutionary Labor Council (Central de Trabajadores de Cuba Revolucionaria - CTC-R)
- d. Manual Luzardo Garcia, Minister of Internal
  Commerce
- e. Antonio Nunez Jiminez, Executive Director of National Agrarian Reform Institute (INRA)
- f. Severo Aguirre Cristo, a national leader of the Integrated Revolutionary Organizations (ORI)
- g. Lionel Soto \_\_\_\_\_, Director General of Schools of Revolutionary Instruction
- 3. Important Men not Clearly Aligned to the 26th of July or Communist Power
  - a. Regino Boti, Minister of National Economy
  - b. Armando Hart Davalos, Minister of Education
  - c. Alfredo Yabur Maluf, Minister of Justice
  - d. Carlos Lechuga Hevia, Ambassador to UN
  - e. Faure Chomon
  - f. Raul Prunilles, Cuban Delegate to the UN
  - g. (Ambassador) Garcia Inchaustegui, until recently head of the Cuban delegation to the UN
  - h. Rolando Cubela Secades, Ex-President of University Students
  - i. Dr. Rene Vallejo, Castro's personal physician

#### C. Governmental Structure:

- 1. Present Ruling Political Group: Integrated
  Revolutionary Organizations (Organizaciones
  Revolucionarias Integradas ORI)
  - 2. Future Ruling Political Group: United Party of the Socialist Revolution (Partido Unido de la Revoluciona Socialista PURS)
  - 3. Numerical Representations of Power Groups on Ministerial Levels:
    - a. 26th of July Movement 8
    - b. PSP Communist 2
    - c. Revolutionary Directorate 3
    - d. Fidel Castro Appointment
      - (1) Raul Roa, Foreign Minister
      - (2) Rolando Diaz Astarain, Minister of Finance
- The Implications to the Power Alignments of Escalante's Purge:
  - 1. The purge of Anibal Escalante Dellunde, Executive

    Secretary of the PSP from the position of

    in the ORI did not create a "split"

    between "new" and "old" communists.
  - 2. Castro's reasons for purging Escalante were Almost Certainly Aimed at:
    - a. Reassuring those 26th of July leaders who had fought for the revolution but not for communism.

- b. Putting the brakes on the PSP's grab for power.
- c. Castigating Escalante for personal "sectarianism".

#### K. A New View on Splitting the Regime:

- 1. Castro's purge of Escalante surfaced his concern for the balance between the non-communist elements of the 26th of July Movement and the "unaligned" government leader and the PSP "old" and "new".
- 2. To split Castro from the PSP would be difficult and of questionable value:
  - a. The PSP to gain its final objective would take any insult and turn the other cheek.

    It had embraced Fidel and would not let go under any circumstances. To rise against Castro now would not be opportune, and would probably be fatal.
  - b. Fidel was now totally dependent on the Soviet Union
  - PSP but to identify, at every opportunity, him and his government with communism, for only the non-communist element of the 26th of July Movement and the "unaligned leaders"

- of the government could effectively be split from the government.
- d. This conclusion did not preclude the Task
  Force from attempts to create suspicion,
  hostility and friction between Castro and
  the PSP.

### II. The Direction of Task Force Efforts to Split the Regime:

- A. To identify those members of the 26th of July Movement and other "unaligned" government leaders who were for the revolution but against communism. To date, there is reasonably good evidence indicating that the following individuals do not approve of the communist direction of the Cuban revolution and may in fact be conspiring against the regime.
  - 1. Major Pedro Miret Prieto, commanding artillery unit
  - 2. Ambassador Gustavo Arcos y Bergnes
  - 3. Commander Sebastian Arcos, brother of Gustavo and a commander in the Cuban havy. Has been in Prague for some time on a training mission
  - 4. Orlando Ventura Reyes
  - 5. Manuel Carbonell Duque
  - 6. Major Faustino Perez, former minister charged with the recovery of stolen properties

7. Omar Fernandez Canizares, Minister of Transportation.

NOTE: is undoubtedly an important member of this group of potential conspirators. TFW has made an unsuccessful but sustained effort to recruit him in Brussels to Despite our failure to date, remains in close and friendly contact with TFW sources.

Conspiring in Cuba today is dangerous business.

These are fearful men and neither easily identified or easily contacted within Cuba.

Each of the above men remain as high priority targets within. Our main efforts to contact them take two directions: (1) The identification of suitable intermediaries to them, and (2) the eventual use of internal assets now in place.

- 8. Major Rolando Cubela Secades, ex-president of
  the Federation of University Students. An M.D.,
  recruited, trained and returned to Cuba after
  attending the World Youth Festival in Helsinki
  in June 1962.
  - 9. Juanita <u>Castro</u>, younger sister of Fidel and Raul <u>recruited</u>, trained and returned to

Cuba

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Major Raul Jaime Diaz Arguelles.

Reporting from Havana through AMSTRUT/1, the

who

travels to Cuba for TFW from where lives.

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Major Diaz is described as a "new" communist by Juanita Castro

| TT | naul moa, minister of rorardu Hilsirs. Ellort  |
|----|------------------------------------------------|
|    | to contact and recruit in October 1962 failed. |
|    | Recruited and working for TFW is               |
|    | He resides in Miami. TFW                       |
|    | is presently engaged in attempting to resettle |
|    | the parents of in the U.S. The departur        |
|    | of the parents from Cuba will leave            |
|    | the last member of her large family in Cuba.   |
|    | This move of her parents could cause a final   |
| ٠. | break between the who are already in-          |
|    | tensely concerned with their situation with    |
|    | Cuba. Raul Roa remains a high priority target. |
|    |                                                |

- 12. President Osvaldo Dorticos. An attempt to

  recruit President Dorticos in October 1962 failed.

  Dorticos was approached by a TFW asset in New

  York during his last visit to the United Nations.

  Our agent was "forcibly" removed from the

  hotel whereDorticos was staying.
- 13. Jose Llanusa, Director of Sports in Cuba and one time "Mayor" of Havana. Efforts to recruit

  Llanusa in May 1962 failed: however, a total of ten (10) Cuban athlets defected during the same period of the 9th Central American and Carribean games in Kingston, Jamaica.

AnnuED-3

Housing in Cuba refused to work in place but will defect. Contact is maintained inside Cuba. Rabel states he will fly out of Cuba with a "fat one" (unidentified).

hired to recruit technicians for Cuban industry has been recruited. He has recently returned to Cuba. He claims to be close to "Che" Guevara and Minister of National Economy, Regino Boti.

may serve as an excellent mechanism for the infiltration of TFW chosen technicians into Cuba.

16. Mrs. Carlos Lechuga, wife of Carlos Lechuga
Hevia, Cuban Ambassador to the United Nations,
is expected to seek asylum and break with her
husband and Cuba toward the end of November
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HMMA - 19325, dated 10 July 1962. Mexico City Station, KAPOK, dispatch with attachment.