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ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET 30 June '53

INSTRUCTIONS: Officer designations should be used in the "TO" column. Under each comment a line should be drawn across sheet and each comment numbered to correspond with the number in the "TO" column. Each officer should initial (check mark insufficient) before further routing. This Routing and Record Sheet should be returned to Registry.

FROM: WH/III				NO. ✓ 15 IB-6805	
				DATE 24 June 53	
TO	ROOM NO.	DATE		OFFICER'S INITIALS	COMMENTS
		REC'D	STENO		
1. Seehafer		24 JUN 1953	24 JUN 1953	RJ	
2.					
3. [Redacted]		25 JUN 1953		SV	
4. [Redacted]					
5. Doerflinger				M	
6.					
7. Gallyary		26 JUN 1953	26 JUN 1953	LG	
8.					
9. [Redacted]		26 JUN 1953	1953 26	JR	
10.					
RI/SC/Matter				CHM	
11.					
12.				A.	
13. SEC					
14. WH/III	2218	30 JUN 1953	30 JUN 1953	R	D-0
15. The Eye					
16. MICROFILMED					
17. RI	SEP 2 1953				

FORM NO. 51-10
FEB 1950

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ABSTRACT	INDEX
DATE 2 JUL 1953	

2/80

Security Information

TO: Commissioner
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Attention: Mr. Raymond F. Farrell

FROM: Deputy Director, Plans

SUBJECT: Rolando Arcadio MASFERRER Y ROJAS
File No. A 7197768-WKP

1. Reference is made to your request for a name check, dated 24 April 1950, your file number A 7197768-WKP, in which you asked for any derogatory information contained in the files of this Agency concerning Rolando Arcadio MASFERRER Y ROJAS.

2. The following is a summary of the many reports available concerning one Rolando MASFERRER, who is probably identical with the subject of your request.

3. A usually reliable source reported on 15 July 1949 that Rolando MASFERRER, Cuban Congressman and magazine editor, was expelled from the local Communist Party in 1945. He was an outstanding figure in the 1947 attempt to overthrow the Dominican Government, but took no part in a similar attempt in 1949, mainly because of personal differences which arose from the 1947 venture. He retained great interest, however, in the overthrow of the Dominican and Nicaraguan Governments.

4. Another usually reliable source reported on 7 August 1950 that Congressman Rolando MASFERRER, a former member of the Communist Party, was known to have expressed great admiration for the PERON government's social legislation, as it resulted in the improvement of the living conditions of the working classes.

5. A fairly reliable source reported on 10 May 1951 that Rolando MASFERRER obtained money from the PERON government. MASFERRER made a trip to Argentina several years ago, and since that time has supported the PERON government in his publication, El Social en Cuba. It was believed that MASFERRER was working for PERON, with the view to extending PERON's sphere of influence to Venezuela and the Dominican Republic, and eventually to the Central American countries.

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6. In October 1951 a usually reliable source reported that Rolando MAGISTER fought in the Spanish Civil War under the command of Valentin GONZALEZ (El Cermesino). MAIF PRIER defended GONZALEZ in the controversy concerning the latter in the Cuban press during GONZALEZ' visit to Cuba in 1951.

7. Another fairly reliable source reported on 7 October 1952 that, according to information obtained by the National Executive Board of the Partido Socialista Popular (PSP, Cuban Communist Party), Rolando MAGISTER, together with some leaders of the armed forces who wished to impose a military dictatorship in Cuba, had a force of about two or three hundred armed men who, at a given signal, would attack the police stations, seize the radio stations, and stage a street riot against the government. While carrying out this operation the revolutionists would kill several policemen and demand that the government to condemn such acts, and to decree violent reprisals against the Partido Revolucionario Cubano (PRC, Autentico), the Partido del Pueblo Cuban (PPC, Ortodoxo), and particularly against the Communists.

CS DB-6805

PPH:LG:PS:dk
24 June 1953
TEH-1242
ENH-1418
TYP-1562
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