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Susmar, of Contacts with AM-HIP/1 and AMLASH/1

HILLINKI:

1. Events of 30 July 1962.

according to plan, and after his second call (due to his hotel porter's abysimal understanding of English), Fallucci established contact with AMAHIP without further difficulty. The meeting took place in the restaurant of his hotel, The Vaskuna, and later in his room. We had not at this time located AMLACH, so the time was spent briefing AMCHIP on the local scene, and on his conduct with AMLACH when they met. The meeting lasted about one and a half hours.

no progress in location Affach. Feeling it advisable to keep ANCHIP occupied, we took him out to dinner at Figheterpet, located in the solution of Helsinhi. The events lasted until 1700, terminating with a drink at the roof bar of the Vashuna. Dur no the six hours, we had an opportunity to explain carefully to ANCHIP that in order for us to help his friend, AMCACH must be will not of ollow our directions and agree to certain conditions (alress's acreed upon by interested Hqs. part es).

ANCHIP resilised that this was necessary, and sersed with our ideas. However, he is attached to AMCACH, and will continue to look upon him in the most beneviable and subjective manner. This helm rather far reserved from our intental approach to, and existence half. A AMCACH = 11 require handle of a solution and acres of our of a solution nation is that he fill understand and is aware of our

position in this matter. We closed the meeting by telling him that we would have an effort made in the morning to locate AMLAIH, and that he might as well relax, sight—see if he wished, and that we would be in touch with him at intervals bring the day.

2. Events of 31 Jul- 1962.

Our efforts to locate AHLASH through UNDUBLE/? proved to be fruitless. Therefore T. Wintergrat, who was handling UNDUBLE/?, said that the latter tried his best, but had not been able to do us any good.

also reported that its contacts had been unable to aid us. We reported to AMWHIP the fact that we had not located AMWASH, and suggested that we have dinner together, to which he agreed. We met ANAHIP at 2100 ar our hotel, the Kamp, and proceeded to the loyal Restaurant for dinner. AFAMAYP was obviously getting on pins and needles because we had not found his friend. He suggested that we call up the Cuban Fertival delegation, or try some hotels that evening. Is persuaded him that it was not the hest idea yet, and to give other people more time to locate him. He arreed, but kept coming up with ideas all evening for ways to locate AMACH. He suggested that AMAIN lived night clubs, and that efter donger we could perhaps try several. We alreed, more to placate him that with any thoughts of success. We tried several, the Brumapar men and the Theater it il. with of which were filled with trink no P and, out no at me of AMAH. The Finne, emparing in the r national past as, the customeristated AMRTH, and after tein- pushed around in the (heater grill for an hour, he saif that he thou ht this was a waste of thee. To smeet, ranked a test and went home. Turing the evening, we take A" HIP that tomor, or morning, if noth no had termed up, we would about he calling the fatter hotels in town ourselves, and the this rather islantime mathem to lights IM IM, we arrest to past

between 9 and 10 o'clock at our hotel.

3. Events of 1 August 1962.

AMAHIP arrived at our hotel at 0945 on 1 August, and we retired to our room to telephone. Securing an outside line, our friend began to telephone. We decided to try the local "pink" hotels first, the Klass Korkki, and the Torni. AMMHIP had no luck with the Klass Korkki, but when he called the Torni, he was told that AMLACH was there, and was connected with room No. 201. A Spanish-speaking man (who was later identified as the newly appointed Cuban Diplomatic Representative to Finland) answered the phone in POI and said that AMLASH was in the shower, and call back later if it was important. AM MIP left a message that he was from Mexico and that he, "Carlos", would call back. During the break, we instructed him to be careful on the telephone, and to talk as if the opposition was listening. He was just to be casual, greet AMLALH, arrange to see him, saying that he was in Europe on business in Scandinavia, France and Switzerland, and that hearing in Helsinki that AMADH was attending the Festival, he had decided to stop over and contact him. ...hen AMLA.H answered the phone. AMCHIP's face lit up, caution was abandoned, and he was off at a rapid rate in Spanish. AMLASH said that he would be right over to see AMMIP in his room at the Vaakuna. We briefed AMSHIP once more on being careful. and showed AMRIP to the door. To arranged to have AMRIP call us when he could at the office, unding him once more to be careful and discreet. We hope he has been. It was later learned that finding AMLAN in this hotel room was pure your fortune, as he was just wing the more to take a shower, sings he was attli residing in the quarte of the common delerator.

AMCHIP talked to AMCAUS for at least seven hours, from about 1000 in the morning until approximately 1700 the same evening. Then AMCHIP called us at 1730, he presented us with the fact that he had convinced AMCAUS to talk with us, and for this purpose, he had arranged a dinner meeting that same evening for approximately 1930. We would have preferred to talk longer with AMCHIP about AMCAUS's reactions, but time did not permit. We arranged a dinner for 2100 at "The white Lady", a restaurant some way from the center of town, and succeeded in obtaining a private dining from, a practice not uncommon in this recommended restaurant, as it is often used by businessmen to have private dinners and afterwards, business discussions.

We arrived at the white Lady first, arranged for the dinner, and awaited AMMIP and AMLASH, who arrived at 7110 by taxi. Although AMMIP had suggested to us that the discussions should be nevely devoted to getting acquainted the first evening. AM & H commenced almost immediately into a discussion of his feelings and, his position concerning Cuba today. 1/09) WILLH was qu to intense, and showed As reported in our cable, the strain of his unexpected meeting with AM HIP. Although obviously unds. smotional strain, AMEALH presented his feelings in a relatively calm manner, and was given to discussing them throughout the meal. He said he was considering not going back to Juha, but after talking to AMCIP, he felt that if he could do something really significant for the creation of a new Cula, he was interested in return ny to garry on the fight there. He sand he was not interested in riskton his life for any small undertaking. but that if he could be given a really large part to pla , he would use hinself and several others in two when he could rely upon. These he said

included two majors (one of which AM/HIP later reported was a militia commander in the center part of the island), two captains, and several others whom AMLASH said he could trust, but whom he would not name. AMLACH said he had had plans to blow up an oil refinery, as he felt that the continuing existence of a semblence of normal functioning in Cuba depended upon a continuing supply of petroleum, supplies of which, as we know, are at a critical stage today. He also wanted to plan the execution of Carlos Rodriguez and the Soviet Ambassador, and also to eliminate Pidel, by execution if necessary. He feels that if Fidel is eliminated, it would be much easier to effect a take-over. (We listened for the most part, but at this point tried to explain to AMLASH that men like Rodri wez could easily be replaced by Moscow, and that the killing of the Coviet Ambassador, would have only the briefest effect on the Soviet control of Cuba.) AMLACH was not too interested in listening at this point, and continued by saying that if he could achieve all these actions, plus others, in one master stroke, a take-over, during the ensuing confusion, would be much facilitated. He did not feel that Haul or Che would be able to rally the people in sufficient time to prevent opposition forces from forming. His arguments and plans had man, flave, but AMMIP could not help admiring (to himself) AMMAEM's professed desire for vigorous and, he pofully, effective actions, designed to alter the situation in no uncertain terms. while we were making no committeents or plans, we pointed out to AMALN that schemes live he envisioned certainly had their place, but that a lot of coordination, planning, informationcollection, etc., were necessary prerequipties to ensure the value and sucress of much plane. AMA M said he acreef with this, but we weren't too sure first how much of this arounded ACA'S was will not on would be willied, to be,

AMIATH made it clear during the discussions that he was completely against Fidel's use of Soviet help from the first, but he had never envisioned, that even if it were used, gust how ineffective it really would be towards solving Cuba a problems. He still feels strongly, he said, about the pright of the lower classes in Cuba, and in any future Cuba, he would still insist on a new deal for them. AMLAUH said that although he had not been effective in helping the formation of a beneficial new Government in Cuba. he was now prepared to work towards that end. This time, he said, he wanted to look more towards the future, both for his own interests and for Cuba's. The last time, he said that he thought only as far as the elimination of Batists, and had not given consideration to planning for a government he favored after the fighting was over. We felt that AMLASS meant that he was as much concerned about his (AYLAIR's) position in the sovernment and personal stake in a new Juha, as he was about anythin; else. It is our impression that ANLAIM feels that he did not get his chare of the spoils or power from the Cestro regime, in proportion to his contribution against Batista. AMLASH is a complicated personality. It is difficult to fairly juige, at this time, AMLACH's degree of concern for a truly revolutionized Cuba for the people's benefit, we his concern to see a new government in Cuba in which he gets just recognition. This does not necessarily mean that ACASH wants high political office, but he does want credit for his efforts and the resultant power and prestige among his countrymen.

In addition to his concern for the manner in which the worlets are using Cuba for their man designs in Latin America, NOLACH is worried about the extent to which Tastin is using the Soviet technique of centuring the sinks of the pound people and the mass propagance efforts against the masses.

He feels certain that in a couple of years, the young people will be complishely and irrevocably won over to Castro, and that the masses will begin to believe the intense anti-American, anti-Sest propagands to which they are subjected.

Just as great ar are ANLACH'S fears about the Castro's winning of poung minds, is his concern that the USA will begin to consider a status quo for Cuba, and in the event of any intense and successful anti-regime activity, such as he plans, and which looks as if it might depose the regime, PRERINZ will withdraw its support from such efforts in the face of serious threats from the Soviets. Although ANLASH did not say it in so many words, it was apparent from the discussions that ANLASH would prefer to be able to free Cuba without any outside support (and by inference, obligations), but he is a realist enough to concede that any efforts to overthrow Castro must have the support of PRESIME. He is, therefore, willing to enter into discussions with a representative (s) of PUP-INE towards this end.

AMCADE agreed to meet in Paris for the purpose of further debriefings and to give any information in any field which he has. He is also most willing to discuss any plans which may lead to an overthrow of the present government. AMCADE stated many times, however, curing the course of the meetings, that he was only interested in involving hyperif in a plan of significant action, and which was truly destrued to achieve rapidly his desire to help Dubs. (He told AMCHIP later ofter we had left the meetings, that he was afield that FPP/TMM would come mus to pursue its present course, that of providing money and items, but no ATTICS() INCADE was also must adament about not becoming involved in any wally that he feels these are still the same people who left Cubs, i.e., willing to wait for the chance to return and again pursue their cuby interest, that of making money. He also said

he felt that the Cubans there were completely penetrated by Castro informants, and that for them to know of his cooperation with PRFINE, would be the same as telling Castro, and thus his future would end against the Wall! We assured him that maximum security would be practiced, as far as these people were concerned. He also does not wish to trust of he involved with, any contract Cubans. Only the PREMINERS does he wish to deal. (Along this line, AMMIP stated that he did not think it advisable to reveal any of these negotiations to AMCONCENT/1, whom AMMIP has known for many years and is quite friendly, but whom he does not feel can keep a secret of this nature.)

This meeting terminated at 0030 on 2 August. The three participants took a taxi together back to town. AMNHIP and AMLASH stopped off at a local night club, Teater Orillen, while we continued on to our hotel. No incidents of a security nature were observed, and it was felt that the meeting was held without the knowledge or observation of the opposition.

h. Meeting of ? August 1947.

The met with AMRHIP in his hotel room (No. 1h" at the Vashuna) at 1700 hours on ? Aurust. The discussed the events and talks of the preceding evening for some time. At approximately 1800, AMRACH servived, preceded us affail, and do ned us for a drink. AMRACH used this meeting to restate his position concerning his desire for participation in a really significant action a minut the Castro regime. Having decided by this time that further discussions and debriefings of AMRACH should take place with a spanish-speaking thin, we outlined the leak to meet for such a purpose in Parla. AMRACH did not like the idea of too many people being aware of his ecomeration with PROCING, but agreed that it would be best in order to allow himself to express his ideas and plans better, and to be able to provide us with his information in the greatest passible datail.

We persuaded AMAHIP and AMASH that it would be best not to have further meetings with them in Helsinki, but that we could continue our talks in creater safety in Stockholm and Paris. They acreed. AMAR also said that he felt that he shouldn't see AMATIP too much more in Helsinki, as he was beginning now to make some public appearances, and his presence was now established to everyone in the city. Incidentally, prior to Thursday, 2 August, AMASH had purposely refrained from making any public appearances at the Festival because (1) he and the other Cubans had been aware of the AMSPELL group and their announced intentions, and (?) AMLACH did not feel very disposed to play the "Public Relations" man from Cuba and espouse the "peace and friendship nonsense", as he called it. However, AMLASH also said that he felt that he had better perform this role to some extent, as it was expected of him by Fidel, and he did not wish to provide an unnecessary chances for unsatisfactory reports to be sent lack home concerning his lack of cooperation with the imban deleration. In making the arrangements for a Paris meeting and further discussions, AMA H said, in response to the question, that it would be quite normal for him to be in Paris, as he had already cleared this with Fidel, with whom, he remarked caustically, one had to clear everything these days. He then expressed the idea that he would like to return to Paris, via Stockholm, and at AH-HIP's suggestion, apend a few days there just relaxing. From there, or icpenhagen, he would return to Prague for two days at most, in order to pick up his luggage, then come as soon as possible to Paris. There, he intemed to wis't a hospital or two, as asseed upon with Firel, and cheed a total of at least a week there. He said that if he was to return to Tura to here he efforts, he will not wish to be away from what any linear than necessary.

(He has, it is noted, a sense of urgency in berinning action against the regime as soon as possible.) AM HIP told us later that AMLASH also was interested in a Pan American Hiani-based stewardess, who he would have come over to stay with him. AMRIP suggested to us that he thought the stewardess might be connected with PEFRIMS. He based this apparently on a remark which the stewardess made concerning AMLASH's political frame of mind last year. We answered that as far as we know there was no basis for AMWHIP's thoughts along this line.) AMWHIP will try to get the stewardess full name for us.

Meeting arrangements for Stockholm and Helsinki were laid on at this neeting. AMLASH felt he had to stay until the end of the Festival for cover purposes. Since AMENIP had already accidentally run into several people he knew, it was agreed that he should leave town for Stockholm in the near future. We would remain behind until AMLASH left, serving as an emergency contact in the event of change in AMLASH splens. It was arranged to meet AMLASH if absolutely necessar, at either 1200 or 1300 each day at a given restaurant in the center of the city. Normal security measures for the "emergenc " meeting were laid on. In Stockholm, meeting arrangements for Paris will be established. USHIP departed Helsinki 5 August and is presumably staying at the Palace Hotel in Stockholm he will make arrangements for accompodations for AMLASH there. Se will follow AMLASH to Stockholm.

5. Helsinki Meetings between AM HIP/L and Fallycot.

ANAMIP and Fallucci were 'n public together only three times for any length of time. Other meetings were held 'n their respective hotel rooms. One breakfast meeting (the 5th of Junist) was held in the near described

dining room of the Vaakuna Hotel at 1030. AMCHIP and Fallucci met at least once a day during the sojourn in Helsinki. ANCHIP used the name will am Thompson, as instructed, when calling HEFINCH to make initial contact.

There were no incidents of a security nature observed during any of these meetings.

6. Other Youth Festival Tarrets.

and, actually, only possibility among the participants was Jose Venegas.

However, both AMLASH and AMMHIP did not want to become involved with him as they felt that this, in both their cases, might compromise their interests in AMLASH's returning to Cuba. AMMHIP felt, for example, that Venegas would almost certainly connect his presence here with an attempt to do something with AMLASH. AMLASH also felt that he did not want to disclose any indications of his roal sympathies to Veneras, if he (AMLASH) were going to return to Cuba. Without doing this, it would be difficult to get any reactions or opinions from Venegas, thought AMLASH. Venegas, it is felt by AMLACH, might were possibly be counted on at a later date if this was desirable. An approach could then be worked out at that time.

As reported, AMLACH came to the Festival ac a "special deletate," after his request to Fidel was approved. AMLACH classes to Fidel that he was fat much and sick and needed a good rest in Durcoe. The Festival provided the excuse, Fidel but the back, and AMLACH got to Durcoe to see AMWHIP, his original intention. AMCHIP felt that this is a legical and honest explanation. It is interesting to note that neither the local service, (17)2, or any of the Cuban delegates he saxed, could determine the whereabouts of AMLACH. It is perhaps reasonable to assume that the Tubans were told not to tall of his presence to anyone not from their timediate delegation.

?. AMCHIP's Role in AMLACH Talks.

AMGHIP has been most helpful and cooperative in establishing the initial contacts with AMIASH, and he undoubtedly does have such influence over AMLASH. AMLASH also trusts AMSHIP explicitly, as evidenced by his remark to us that AMAHIP was the only one whom he felt that he could fully trust and to whom he could speak openly. Of course, he did speak openly at length to us at the behest of WM-HIP, but it is also obvious that he does not tell us everything. AMMIP has given good advice in the handling of AMLASH, but, as he has a tendency to interpret AMLASH's . remarks and feelings subjectively, and to attempt to guide us a bit too much, it might be wise to eliminate in later portions of the talks in Paris. With a Spanish-speaking C/O, this should not be too difficult to do, and without alienating AM-HIP: AM-HIP has no clandestine training to speak of, as evidenced by his actions in this case. However, to his credit, he responds readily to directions in this area, and follows rather well suggestions for adding to the security of the meetings. His remark about the advisability of keeping his old friend AMCONCIT/1 out of the operation or from any knowledge thereof, is gratifying. AMSHIP also has gently explained to us, that while he is a Cuban at heart and loves the Cubans, they simply cannot be trusted to keep secrets among any of their friends who, for no real tested reasons, they consider safe and discreet. As a general statement, we feel that AWHIP is a good security rick operationally, and that with more exposure to the rame, will become a good and useful asset under almost any circumstance. He is, however, somewhat su'consciously subjective about his evaluations of AMMATH. He is completely honest, and s using a considerable amount of his own mone, not to mention time, in this operation. We only hope his faith in AMC : A is past flet.

8. Evaluation of and Comments about AMLACH.

Our initial comments forwarded in cable 1609 remain unchanged. We have seen too little of, and cannot converse in the native language of AMLASH, to make any strongly valid assessment of him to date. In the second meeting with AMLASH, he was considerable more relaxed than in the first, but just as intense about his convictions...or seemingly so. AMLASH stated that, having decided to return to Cuba, he would enrole in an officers' refresher type course at Hatanias in an effort to renew old Army contacts, re-assert his position as a major in the flavolutionary Army, and attempt to re-establish some recognition and following in Army and other Government circles.

For the sake of completeness, we repeat our comments regarding AMLACH from 1609:

He appears capable of rash, thoughtless, violent action under the strain of provocation, tense situations, or frustration. For exemple, he stated to us that last year during a period of dejection and frustration, he had contemplated su'c'de. Although AMEATH appeared to concede some valid'ty to our arguments for planning and for carefully prepared actions, we feel that he will present difficult control and directional problems in any op s'tuat on. He himself stated several times that he is not the type to sit tight, but prefers solutions to problems by violent, positive actions. AMEA'H showed the strain of not trusting anyone. He was according to WMIP, overjored to see him. and talked ver, very much about man, many subjects. It is not possible to comment at this time about ASA H's capacit for loyality to friends or causes, nor his will noness to see a job through. However, SM HIP assures us that when ATALH as a he'll do something, he will. d-n't know at this point.

ANCHIP also told us that in discussions subsequent to our meetings with AMLACH, he expressed the hope that "Fill" and his friend (s) in Paris will have a really fruitful, forcaful idea and plan of action for him to follow. Otherwise, he said he might drop the whole idea and not go back,

but to forget the whole problem, leave the Cuban fold quietly, and work in Paris or elsewhere, forgetting completely Cuban problems and Cuban politics.

AMERIP also told us on Sunday that he was truly surprised when AMEASH said he wanted to go back and fight. AMEMIP was sure, as were we, that he would defect, period. AMEASH told AMEMIP that he could not see the point of making a statement regarding defection and the state of affairs in Cuba, and then accepting a dole in Hiami. Nor could he see any use in propaganda efforts in Latin America or Europe. Later, after our talks with him, AMEASH told AMEMIP a little different story, i. e., that he would not want to make a public defection statement, because of the probable repercussions against his friends in Cuba for no good reason. This area of thinking needs to be examined at length in Paris. A Spanish-speaking C/O might well do the trick.

STOCKHOLH:

· 9. Travel to Stockholm.

AMERIP departed Helsinki for Stockholm on L August. Both AMERIP and AMEASH felt that they had been together enough in Helsinki. AMERIP also ran onto a refugee newspaper friend of his in Helsinki who was quite curious as to why AMERIP was there. AMEACH departed Helsinki in the afternoon of 7 August: we took the same flight unbernounst to AMEACH. No problems were encountered in arriving at Stockholm. Stock the next hus after AMEACH to the city. Both AMEACH and AMERIP stayed at the Palace Hotel, room 200 and 500, respectively. Talks of a name at nature were held in our hotel room (the acitya) and hur'n the colerate dimedia. It was obvious that AMEACH had much on his wint. He can return to the

subject of Cuba at anytime, with a question, suggestion, or comment upon it, regardless of the context of the general discussion. It was during the talks in Stockholm that AM-HIP revealed that AM-HIM had told Maranjo, Revellon, Veneras, and the "Mayor of the ", Earned Downwall Values (4), (in Helsinki) that he was seeing AM-HIP. In Helsinki, he also told the mayor Domingues to tell Eaul that he was going on his present itinerary, and that he wanted a refresher course in the Army when he returned home.

COPENHAGEN:

10. Travel to, and Step in Copenhagen.

ANCASH and AMAHIP took SAS flight 607 to Copenhagen on the after- noon of 10 August. In speaking at length about meeting in Paris, AMLASH felt sure that there would be no problem in metting permission to wiskt Paris after returning to Prague. He felt that he better not visit Paris first, as it might cause some undue 'nterest in Prame Outam circles as to why he was away so long. He also had some trouble in getting the Airline to approve his side trips to Stockholm and Copenhagen. They wanted . him to fl direct to Practic from Helsinki. He refused their requests. and said that he would pay his own way to Stockholm and Copenhagen (or the difference) if need te. This he finally had to do, for which AMMIP footed the bill. (perhaps we should later absorb). (We felt that this ability to may for the extra routing might cause some suspicion among his collearues. AMAIN said "no", but we are not so sure. Perhaps he can tell them, should then be curious, that AMHIP paid the bill, as all know he has mone, and has, in fact, paid bills before for ACAS during the time of the Cattors partme.)

11. Copenhagen, 10 August 1962.

AMANIP and AMLASH arrived as scheduled in Copenhagen and obtained rooms at the <u>hichmond</u> Hotel. AMCHIP phoned HBFEKH as planned and we in turn contacted them by phone at the <u>hichmond</u> at 1855. A meeting was arranged for 2000 at the bar of the <u>Terminus</u> Hotel. After a drink, the party retired to <u>Divan I</u> for dinner. Apparently the spell of Tivoli, Danish food and snaps, and beer at the student's inn, <u>Faercekroen</u> (in Tivoli), served to mellow AMLASH. He for the first time appeared to talk to us as a friend, rather than as a PBPEME representative. During supper, and for most of the evening, at intervals, AMLASH talked shout himself, his thoughts, and problems. The evening was well worth it, in terms of the rapport and insight gained.

12. AMLACH's Thoughts and Personality.

AMEAUM feels basically that he would like to live in a world in peace under an acceptable political system, practicing medicine, thus giving expression to his desire to help the less-fortunate people, and from this to find happiness for himself, something he seeks; but which heretofore has eluded him. As a young student he not into the struggle against. Batista without thinking such about the future, particularly that it could be less than parfect. He soon found that the opposing parties in Tuba, and in particular the lossumitate, were not about to being true peace and contentment to the people, but rather through mismans easent and poor planning, had created unnecessary hardships for the people. After his fighting time was over (or so he thought), USAUM because a student scain and leader of the FG. This did not satisf him and he sought to leave politics all together, and return to setterne. The prilitical of sate,

however, and the acceptance of AMASH as a militar, leader by the people rather than as a doctor (Hello Commandante: not, Hello Doctor:) forced AMIACH to reconsider his future, and to decide that he must flee Cubs or fight against what he considers a ruinous future for his country and her people. This time, however, he hopes to make the "operation" successful, and never again subject the patient to another such ordeal. Then when he is sure that the political and social outlook for the Cuban people and the country are sound, he would like to tr, once more to enter private life as a doctor. He is not sure, however, that this will ever come about. AMAER was also quite frank, we thought, in his conversation with us concerning his views on the PBRPDM2 position vis-avis Latin America. (And, although he had nothing to say which has not been said by many before him, they were interesting to hear from a disenchanted Cuban revolutionary.) He feels that PRPRIME is simply not getting "through" to the youth and students of latin America, as are the Communiste, and for this simple reason alone, the next ten reass (when these students become the political and economic leaders in Latin America) will see us lose the structle for Latin America. We realised by using the old line that PB7#IMS realizes only too well to/a. that there were serious short-com.n/a In our Latin American policy for a number of lears and that now we are folior what we can to correct this. However, it is not our polic, (said with tongue in cheer) to attempt to alter these conditions of influence future events by color behing the backs of the entail ahed governments in the various Latin American countries. Instead, we wast take the often slow, laterious path of working through these consumments, however had they may be, in our attempts to guide and influence the minds of Latin

American youth. AFLASH said that he understood why we take this point of view, but nevertheless, if we intended to win the struggle, we must do as the Communists do, and disregard the alchaic and doomed old-line governments in Latin America. We agreed that this was undoubtedly the more agreesive way to deal with the problem, but that such methods would leave us open to the old familiar charges of interference in the internal affairs of sovereign countries. ACLAIR smiled and replied that from a practical viewpoint this didn't make any difference, for if we didn't act forcefully and soon, there wouldn't be any opportunities there for us to be open to anything! He then cited Venezuels as the next obvious Communist victim and thereby a loss of another opportunity for PBPRIME. Obviously AMASH was correct in such of his thinking, but rather than standing still with our shoes untied, we gave him the ball by soliciting from him, as a former student leader and politician, any ideas he might have for combating the Communists in the struggle for the minds of Latin American youth. He replied that he would be clad at any time to disuces this problem and to offer what ideas and suggestions he could.

As a result of the discussions of this evening, we felt that AMIAIR now was genuinely interested in setting Outa out of its present predicament with the active aid of PSPLEMS. AMIAIR seemed more sincere and interested in discussing his thoughts and problems with us than at any previous time. He no doubt axismed over in his own mind (or at least doctined to revent this to us) his record as dissident of the FEM. The full story of this period from his side would be most interesting. However, we felt that a discussion of this particular subject requires the use of Spanish and the profittions score to

As a matter of record, ANCASH stated during the evening that he had not Algeria's Ben Bella at one time and knows him more than casually. He felt that the man bears strict watching by the West as a measure of protecting its interests in developments in Algeria. ANCASH thought Ben Bella was a clever man, devious, and ambitious, and not to be taken too literally at his word.

In dealing with AMLASH, one trait of his which confronts the C/O at every trun is his tempermental reactions over points which would generally be considered minor. For example, at one time when we were discussing the various aspects of AMLASK's future role in Cuba, we used the term "assassinate". The use of this term, we later learned from AMCHIP and from ANLASH himself, was most objectionable to the latter, and he was visibly upset. It was not the act he objected to, but rather serely the choice of word used to describe it. "Eliminate" was acceptable, but obviously the term "assassinate" had a distastsful connotation. From discussions with AMANIP, this lable of "assassin" had been given to ANLASH after some of his encapades against Patists supporters in the pre-Castro era. Another example, which ANGTP discussed with us, occurred during a meeting in Merico City in March 191, when a KURASEZ said to AMLASH, "I'm prepared to help you in any was within my power". According to ANKHIP, AMILIER later turned to him, shrugging his shoulders in a manner of saying, ". o I need help from him?" These examples are pointed out here in order to indicate the begree of prite and sensitivit, one finite in AMACH, and to note that however tedfour this attitude may become to the C/O, it is, from personal experience, quite necessary to adjust one's approach accordingly in order to secure AMLA. H's maximum econeration.

13. Paris Meetin- Arran-enents.

APEACH has been given APAHIP's hotel in Paris, Franklin Hotel,

19 Rue Buffault (telephone Tall 6950). APAHIP will reserve a room there for

AMEACH, who can come there directly after he has landed in Paris. We

also had another contact address in the form of the office of a jeweler

friend and business contact of AMAHIP's. M. B. Losenblatt, 20 Cite-Treuise

(Telephone TAI-7638). Resemblatt's number has not been given to AMEASH.

In discussing security precautions with AMAHIP, it is obvious, that he

still is not possessed of a good sense of security by normal clandestine

ops standards. This, however, can be improved over a period of time.

Note: Subject expressed interest in obtaining expert instruction in use of silenced-equiped rifles and in use and handling of plastic explosives. This can be handled from France on priority basis, it is felt, after preliminary discussions in Paris.

PARIS:

14. Events of 12 August 1967.

According to prior arrangements with AMERIP and AMEASH, AMERIP would see AMEASH off to Eurich from Fastrup Airport on 12 August, then take a late afternoon filth down to Faris. As it turned out, however, AMEASH was able to took a passage on a upanian Airl nes (Taron) flight to Prague, via East Perlin's Schoenfeldt August. AMERIP later took the early evening flight to Paris we toor the 1150 AF flight the same night.

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15. Events of 13 August 1952.

On the morning of 13 August, we checked into HTINCH to discuss the Paris meetings with Peter J. Fymington. Thru his good office we were able to arrange for precautionary surveillance of AV-HIP and AMLACH, obtain use of a Station safehouse, and effect other arrangements as necessary. The cooperation and help of the Paris Station was excellent. Following this meeting, we went to a small bistro near our hotel, phoned AMMHIP, and arranged for a meeting in our hotel room at 1830.

Roblin, at 1830. The purpose was merely to meet AM-HIP and remassure him that arrangements for AMLASH's meeting were laid on. We also made arrangements to give him his expenses for the trip and account for same during a meeting the following day. This will permit him to leave for Milan without delay at the close of our business with AMLASH. He was getting "nervous", as he called it, and will be glad to get this business over and done. We agreed. He wanted to remain until the conclusions of the talks with AMLASH, however, for he felt that he could be of use in handling AMLASH. We agreed. He did not, of course, want to be in on any operational discussions, but just to be on hand to milde his tempermental "charge".

He was ver anxious to seet dallace t. Grovery injorder to point out to him in advance size of the quires in ALAR's nersonality. In talking to us, AMSHIP said that a person with the background of AMLAIR, sust be handled in a certain manner, and frame, he will respond. AMSHIP told us that while he is of course subjective shout AMLAIR, he also realized that he is of a of figure theory round and mass-unwificited Then either we or himself, and that is order to get him to produce and cooperate, the problem must be approached to a certain way. He said

that ANLASH is very proud and independent. He does not want to feel he has to take help from amone. ANOHIP said that this is a rather naive way to look at it, but ANLASH does, and for this reason, one must be careful not to appear to be buying him. We said that we understood this, and ware willing to advance our arguments in any manner necessary to get ANLASH's cooperation, but that eventually ANLASH must be made to realize that, though he is of no little importance to us, he is after all, the only one man with one man's resources.

AMASH, it was necessary to have them first accept a person either by personal contact over a period of time or on the recommendation of a good friend. He felt that while it was necessary for us to spend some time becoming acquainted with AMASH, it also might be necessary for Growery to go slow at first. This, we said to AMCHIP was all right, up to a point, but that we felt quite enough time had been spent with AMLASH already, and that the meetings in Paris were going to get down to business quickly, and proceed as necessary to conclude business as rapidly as possible. We felt that AMCHIP understood our point.

During this talk, AMSHIP arain expressed the feeling that if Guha is not returned to freedom within two years, he was soing to set up husiness permanently in Paris or Couthern California, and forget the idea of returning. He was obvious moved by the finality of such a decision, as he is a real Cuban patriot. Or so we believe.

on the August (Tusaday). Subsequently a meeting at 1700 in our hotel room.

15. Events of 14 August 1982.

As agreed, we called AXWIP at his hotel at 1700 on 14 August and arranged a meeting for 1700 in our hotel room. At the 1700 meeting AMSHIP informed us that AMASH had arrived as promised from Prague about mountime, and was already inquiring about a meeting time with "the man. from Washington". AMMIP was told that "the man from washington", (whom they in the future called "Jaime" as they could not readil; pronounce Growery's true first name) was not able to arrive before that afternoon, and that a meeting with him could not take place before the 16th. Also, AK-HIP was reminded that he himself had stated that it would be best for him (AMMIP) to talk to Jaime first in order to explain AMA. H's personality. AMHIP was unhappy that this meeting could not take place immediately, but said he would explain the matter to AMASH. This meeting, it is noted, took place initially at a small cafe across the street from our hotel, so that we could finger AM/HIP to two surveillants of the Paris Station. The two principles then retired to our hotel room for the remainder of the meeting. We said to AMWRIP that we would check in with him by phone the following day and inform him whether there was any chance of Jaime arriving on that da:, the 15th.

At this assting, ASHIP was also paid \$350.00 to cover hotel bills for his and AMACH in Helsings, repenhaten and Stockholm.

1. Events of 11, tunet 1000.

was no chan e 'n plane and that the heat we could do was to call him assim that evening. AY HIC sent that he would be out all evening arrangements were then make that AM HIP should call us at our hotel at

2200. Subsequently, ANOMIP did call as acreed, and was informed that he could plan to come to our room tomorrow, the 16th, at 0900. The hour bothered him (too early) but he said he could make it.

Later the same evening, Kynington, Grovery and us met to discuss plans for the meetings tomorrow. At this meeting Kymington disclosed that his team had detected what was believed to be survailance of AM-HIP and AMASH. To be positive he plaimed to have the meeting the next day surveilled. Grovery agreed to come at 0900 for preliminary talks with AMSHIP.

16. Events of 16 August 1962.

Grower arrived within five minutes of appointed time at our hotel room. AM-HTP arrived later at 1015, apoligizing for his tardiness (a late evening). Breakfast was provided and, after introductory amenities, the two began their talk, in Spanish. The talks terminated at 1730. The second meeting of the day was postponed until 1500, as AMLAIH was not feeling too well.

Later at the Station, Kymington revealed that he now believed the norming meeting had been surveilled and that efforts were being made to determine who was responsible. It was readily established that it was no Duban or Coviet exercise, but rather one by one of the French services or local police. Fince it was pointless to stop the meetings new and the address of the safehouse had not been mentioned veriall, it was decided to continue as planned, issuable forward account of surveillance and miteomeras room as normalite. Then we left parts, it was determined that this "surveillance" if our meet or a bit has a teen a trul freedoming femome, and the substitute of the surveillance was another target, not see, the tooler as. However the mention Par a report shoul resolve to \$1.

Growery and we arrived at the cafehouse (1.9 b's rue Spontini, IVI) shead of AMLASH and AMINIP. A tape recorder was installed. At 1615, AMLASH and AMINIP arrived. Shortly after introductions, Growery and AMINISH were talking business in Spanish. After about 30 minutes, we took AMINIP out of the flat on the pretense of buying food, in order that the two principles could talk freely. Procuring food and beer, we returned after a two hour absence, and made a cold supper for the four. The meeting terminated about 1930, AMINISH and AMINIP leaving some 15 minutes before us. Arrangements had been made for a meeting at 1000 the following day for further talks, and beginning 16 5/6 training.

17. Events of 17 August 196?.

At 1000 Growery met with AMLACH for several hours. Arrangements were made for AMLACH to return to the safehouse for J/s training that afternoon at 1500. (See 3/s training report for account of meeting.)

Before breaking up, arrangements were made for a continuation of the 5/s training the following day.

18. Events of 18 August 1967.

(See S/4 report for account of training this meeting conducted at the aforement oned safehouse. Account of detriefing of AMMATH during this meeting and others to be filed by Growery. All detriefing of AMMATH by Growery was commuted in the Spanish language.)

19. Events of 19 Au mat 10/2.

. Heating was held at 1900 at safehouse. Uncount of meeting to be included in Tages, is report by.

20. Events of 70 Aurust 1962.

and proceeded-to rendervous with AMLAIM. Counter-surveillance detected no apparent observation of the pickup of us. The four then proceeded by oar to the Army Air Corps Support Element at St. Andres, for is demonstration and instruction in plastic explosives. The classroom work and the field demonstration lasted until 1130, at which time the four proceeded back to Paris. AMLAIM was let out of the car in the suburbs and told to take a taxi back to his hotel. Kymington took some snapshots of AMLAIM areceiving this instruction. These are not too satisfactory, but nevertheless, will be enlarged and forwarded for the files.

The participants met later that evening at 2100 for a drink and critique and comments of the days activities. AVEASH second quite satisfied with the demonstrations, but was interested in having smaller explosive packages with more force, and a remote control method for detonating them. The meeting was short and broke up at 2200. It was agreed to meet once more on 22 August for a final briefing sesson at Growery's hotel room (in the Critlon) at 1200.

21. Events of ?? August 1962.

AMEAN case alone and on time to this meeting. A tape recorder was in operation. About one hour was spent on a review of C/4, followed by requirements, and tasks to be performed or looked into upon AMEAIN'S return. (See drowery's report for tasks and S/4 report for this section of meeting.) Arcangements for emergency contact in Paris were set up us no the phone of a contract CUPAINE of Paris Station. AMERY and we made accomments for a meeting at Queen's's for 1000, 23 Jugust.

22. Events of 23 August 1952.

At the morning meeting, AFRIP said that AFRIH wanted to see us on a matter concerning of. The meeting was arranged for 1300 at the rue Spontini safehouse. This meeting took only a few minutes as to problem was minor. AFRACH and AMCHIP departed the safehouse at 1325.

We left a little after. This was the last time we were to see either AMRASH or AMCHIP in Europe.

23. Events of 25 August 1962.

AMLASH departed for Prague. We left Paris at 1045 aboard PAA 119 for New York.

> 26. Miscellaneous Comments on Case, Personalities, and Actions in Paris.

LAMLACH's attitude in Pariz was essentially that which it had been during the previous contacts in Scandinavia, that is, changeable as the weather, varying from occasional flashes of wit and mirth to degrees of discouragement and perhaps despondency. He was generally receptive and interested in procedures and conversations during the meetings and during periods of instruction. He makes little attempt to disquise his feelings, should be become tired, bored, or disinterested. His social graces are not the sharpest honed. He can, however, he reasoned with, even in some of his contrary moods. AMARIP was particularly effective in reaching him during these. He are in complete agreement with AMARIP when he describes AMARIH as being full of complexes. But further than that, AMARIH not only has complexes as such, but it is felt that he is renerall preoccupied with his thoughts presumable about problems luban, and is often meen mally incapable of maintain methic interest in things about his for any ten the

interested. Therefore, it might well be that he is actually so preoccupied with thoughts about problems at home, that all else is secondary
and treated accordingly. when, on occasion, he "opened up" a bit with us,
it was obvious that he had done, and was doing, a great deal of thinking
about Cuban problems. It may be that Growery will have much more to say
on this point, as their discussions were in AMAGH's native tongue. On
many occasions, AMAGH is rather exasperating to deal with, but we feel
that this is a trait of his which is a normal facit of his personality,
and not assumed to try the metal of his case officers. We may be wrong,
but doubt it.

27. Physical Appearance:

MMLASH is about S'll", weighs about 175 lbs., dark wavy hair, thimming noticebly on top and usually needs combing: brown eyes, small, almost pectulant mouth, small nose, pale complexion, eyes are a little small for his face and ver intense in expression. He prefers dressing informally, and is prone to wearing jackets with no tie. (He could mingle with the typical small town corner-loungers without difficulty.) When dressed up, he presents a good appearance in a massouline way, and apparently from AMMIP's stories, does quite well with the women. Concerning the question of h's being a homosexual, we cannot say whether he has a hidden bent in th's direction, but 'f he does, he is not at any rate, a purist but rather AC-DC.

28. Languare.

Rative panish, fair to good whilish, but with limited recability. He can be successfully conversed with us no Darlish, but it has to be done slowly and with tasted constructed sentences. It is not possible to be articulate with him, if he is expected to grasp the full meaning of the conversation.

29. Pasily.

AMLACH is separated from his wife, and stated that since he is going to undertake to work against the regime, he could not go back to her if he wanted (which we don't think he does) as she has been too outspoken in her dislike of the Castro regime and of her desire to get out of Cuba. AMLACH's mother lives with him as she is divorced from his father.

AMLACH's father is in the tailoring business and has recently married a girl many years his junior. AMLACH does not approve.

30. Girl Friends.

AMLASH is on good terms with a Pan American stewardess of French descent who is based in Hiami. AMMRIP said to us that he thought she was with us, but we replied we really did not know. AMLASH also is friendly with the Cuban dancer Son's CALERO, whom he telephoned from Paris to give the return date to Havana.

31. Pastimes.

AMEACH likes nightfolubbing and dancing. He is also interested to a limited degree in architecture and historical buildings and sculpture.

It 's interesting to note that AKvHIP was reluctant to answer many questions about AMLASH's private affairs. He felt that this was not in good taste (somewhat) and most of the information in this report was obtained by elicitation rather than direct questions.

32. AMIAM's Orisinal Schedule in Farts.

ACACH was interested in coming to Paris, executing his business with us in the first three days, then checking into the Cuba House or a small hotel on the left bank, and socializing with the Cubana at their Sphace. In Paris, He also wanted to spend some time on the context

(several days), as he felt, or so he told AMCHIP, it may be some time before he would see this area again. As it turned out, scheduling for the Grovery meetings, S/I training, and plastics demonstrations procluded his taking the Riviera trip, and also postponed his second his Cuban friends. He finally went to the Embassy on Tuesday, 21 August to make what contacts he felt were necessary. As it turned out, Gramatges and most of the men were away on vacations, etc., so that his late showing at the Embassy was not a problem at all. No plans had been laid on for his entertainment by the Embassy, and no one, it turned out, was expecting him at any definite time after his leaving Prague. He felt much better, AMCHIP reported, after he had made the Embassy appearance and learned the above facts.

33. Honey Banked by AMLASH.

At our last meeting with AMHIP on 23 August, he said that AMHASH had given him \$500.00 to be banked in Paris or elsewhere against a rain; day. It is also interesting to note that while UMHIP said that any offer of money to AMHASH would be an affront to him, AMHASH readily allowed AMHIP to pick up the tabs for the hotel rooms and all expenses incurred during the trip, including a number of new pieces for his wardrobe, and the plane tickets to Prague from Paris. AMHIP said that when they direct together on 27 August, AMHASH insisted on picking up the tab, stating that he felt he should set this one, then expresses surprise at the expense of living in Paris. Neither did AMHASH seem to sorry when it was we who picked up several tabs in Joandinavia. Fung sense of oblivations and finances!

FIGHARD M. PALIDEDI TFWFI