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CLASSIFIED MESSAGE 17 452

ORIG: T. SILEO
UNIT: WH/4/FM
EXT: 8324
DATE: 3 APRIL 1961

SECRET

ROUTING			
1		4	
2		5	
3		6	

TO: JMWAVE
FROM: ~~DISSEMINATE~~ BELL
CONF: BELL 15
INFO: COP, ADDP/A, WH 3, BELL S/C

file Amyum

APR 4 1745Z 61
DEFERRED
ROUTINE
OUT 9693
UT 9693

TO: PRIORITY WAVE INFO
JWZIP
REF: WAVE 5177 (IN 1374)*

CITE ~~XXXX~~ BELL 3792
3192

AUTHORITY GRANTED PROVIDE FUNDS PER REF.

(END OF MESSAGE)

WH Comment: *AMYUM organization took possession of 100,000 pesos in Cuba for which we provide 20,000 U.S. dollars to a source in Miami. Funds are for operational expenses.

65
J.C. KING, C/WH

C/WH/4/FM *R.B. Moore*
C/WH/4/FINANCE

COORDINATING OFFICERS

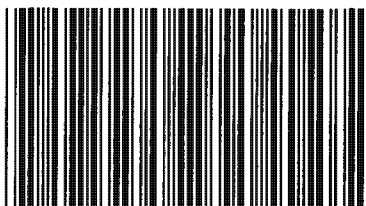
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03
J.D. ESTERLINE, C/WH/4
AUTHENTICATING OFFICER

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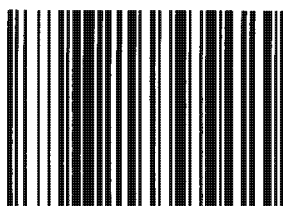
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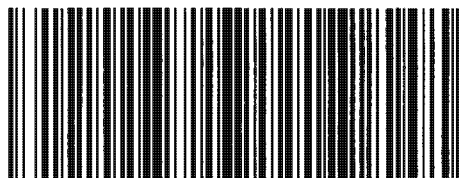


DOCUMENT

Box Number: JFK64-28
Source Number: 104-10193-10147
CADRE Ref ID: C00559494
Pub Date: 03/24/1961
Pages: 8



C00559494



104-10193-10147

SECRET

SENDER WILL CHECK CLASSIFICATION TOP AND BOTTOM			
UNCLASSIFIED	CONFIDENTIAL	SECRET	
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY OFFICIAL ROUTING SLIP			
TO	NAME AND ADDRESS	INITIALS	DATE
1	10/4/71		
2	Attn: Mr. Seaboyer	S	
3	2605 Quarters I		
4	[Redacted] 03	rlw	
5	10/14/71 P.F. JB B		
6			
ACTION		DIRECT REPLY	PREPARE REPLY
APPROVAL		DISPATCH	RECOMMENDATION
COMMENT		FILE	RETURN
CONCURRENCE		INFORMATION	SIGNATURE
Remarks:			
<p>Attached for your information is a copy of a memorandum from our Washington office concerning an interview with the committee for 1900 on 24 March 1971.</p> <p>cc: Mr. Seaboyer, 10/14/71</p>			
FOLD HERE TO RETURN TO SENDER			
FROM: NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NO.			DATE
S. Station, 20/11, Summit Street, X200			10/5/71
UNCLASSIFIED	CONFIDENTIAL	SECRET	

FORM NO. 237
1 APR 55

Replaces Form 20-4
which may be used.

U S GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1953-O 347531

4/17/71

SECRET

Chief, Contact Division
Attn: Support Branch (Crowley)

24 March 1961

CC 4-10-3271

Chief, Washington Office

Interview with AREC Committee

1. At the request of Mr. Ashcraft for Reichart, WH Division, Frank Sheridan interviewed the committee for AFEE at the Washington Field Office on 24 March 1961. They consisted of Abel Mestre, Victor Pedrosa, Silvio Samabria, Lealie Partin, Carlos Garcia del Tren, and Paul Heilman. Mestre stated that the organization was founded about June 1960 in Miami as a clandestine apolitical group with the objective to overthrow Castro, to unite the various Cuban exile groups and to create laws for the effective reconstruction of Cuba. Membership is comprised of individual businessmen rather than representatives of large organizations.

2. The committee had been meeting with various United States officials in Washington, D. C., to express its views. Its members are worried over Castro propaganda, which, although untrue, has been accepted as fact, i.e., twenty thousand killings by Batista and the claim that Castro's was a social revolution rather than a political one. They pointed out that the Cuban economy was formerly prospering with an enlarging middle class, so that the term social revolution has been used by Castro primarily to promote leftist measures. In addition, labor legislation was in effect which actually put employers at a disadvantage with employees, compared to the other countries of Latin America. The problem facing Cuban labor was primarily the seasonal crop economy. Now the people have less pay, less commodities available, no claims against anyone and merely work for a Castro-Communist government. The farmer has not been helped by agrarian reform, but has been obliged to enter cooperatives or to sell his crops at controlled prices, which are paid when and how the government pleases. This is merely an imitation of what Castro promised.

3. The committee feels that supporters of the revolution actually were seeking honesty in government and the liberty outlined in the 1940 constitution. In this regard, the members feel that the Communists may try for a second round in any government replacing Castro. Such an interim regime must develop careful measures to promote true democratic elections. This government may include covert Communists who would be a constant threat. For this reason, it was emphasized and re-emphasized that the exile leaders be most carefully screened by the United States before their return to Cuba.

4. A major concern has been unification of the various exiled factions. This has now started, but the committee feels that businessmen such as they represent should be proportionately represented in any new government during the interim period of reconstruction. They believe that no leftists of any shade should be included in the provisional government. Business representatives of the economic classes should participate for the first time in Cuban politics and should be consulted at all stages.

5. They emphasized that the problem is not merely a Cuban one, but is a Communist springboard against the United States. They urged that the United States do what they, the businessmen, failed to do in Cuba - to take the offensive. Developments in Cuba have followed the classic Communist technique, so that it should not be difficult to anticipate future moves. United States propaganda must be overhauled. It should be less passive and more effectively aggressive. To date, propaganda has been the Communists' most effective weapon and the United States has lost to the point that it is threatened by a serious loss of respect in Latin America. Although it has long been the basic ideal model, some Latins are beginning to wonder whether they are right about the United States and whether they should switch sides. Fidel Castro won his revolution by propaganda and not by arms.

6. The primary worry of the committee seems to be the leftist orientation of leaders who have taken over the government in exile during recent days. They emphasized that Cuba needs a democratic government and they fear a tyranny of the right or the left. The United States must realize that some of the exile leaders participated as ministers in the Castro government and might try to continue some of the bad aspects of the Castro program.

7. Silvio Sanchez commented that, although CIA appeared to be in touch with all of the other Cuban groups, no one had approached his organization to assist or to learn what it was doing. The whole committee offered to be of any possible assistance to CIA at any time. No effort was made to solicit information or funds from CIA during this session.

F. J. Sheridan

Enclosures: 3 AFEC documents

W-14279

METRO

Association for the Reconstruction of the Cuban Economy (AREC)

CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS

Article I. The Association for the Reconstruction of the Cuban Economy (AREC) is a non-profit organization established for the purpose of promoting the economic development and reconstruction of Cuba.

Article II. The Association shall have as its primary objective the promotion of economic development and reconstruction of Cuba through the following means:

- 1. To conduct research and studies on the economic conditions of Cuba and to disseminate the results thereof.
- 2. To promote the development of the Cuban economy through the establishment of a network of economic and financial institutions.
- 3. To provide technical assistance and training to Cuban citizens and officials.
- 4. To cooperate with the Cuban government and other organizations in the reconstruction of the Cuban economy.

Article III. The Association shall be organized and operated exclusively for the purposes set forth in Article II and shall not have a purpose that is in any way in violation of the laws of the United States.

Article IV. The Association shall have a Board of Directors consisting of not more than ten members, who shall be elected by the members of the Association.

Article V. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to manage and control the Association and to carry out all the duties and responsibilities of the Association.

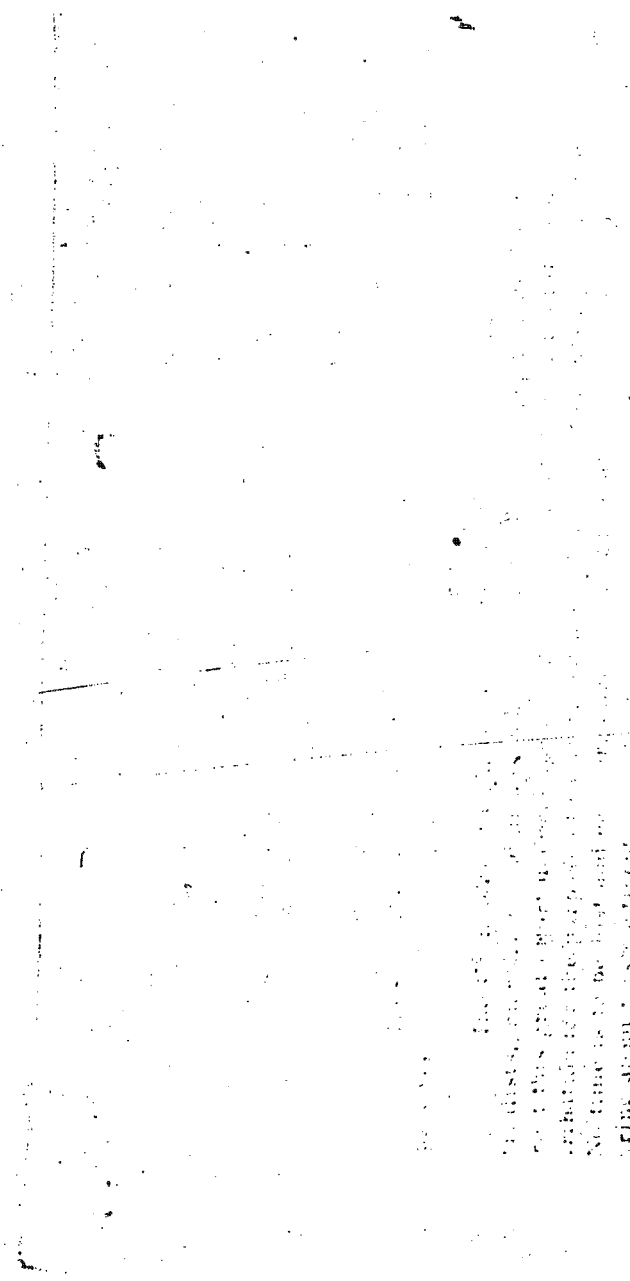
Article VI. The Association shall have the right to acquire, hold, and dispose of real and personal property, to enter into contracts, and to sue and be sued.

ASSOCIATION FOR THE RECONSTRUCTION OF THE CUBAN ECONOMY
AREC

INCORPORATED

1954

1200 Washington Boulevard, Miami, Florida



Be sure to

There are many ways to get involved in your community. You can help by volunteering your time and skills. You can also help by donating money or supplies. No time is too small to make a difference. **THINK ABOUT IT!**

There are many ways to get involved in your community. You can help by volunteering your time and skills. You can also help by donating money or supplies. No time is too small to make a difference. **THINK ABOUT IT!**

We hope you will take the time to get involved in your community. You can help by volunteering your time and skills. You can also help by donating money or supplies. No time is too small to make a difference. **THINK ABOUT IT!**

We will appreciate your

ASSOCIATION FOR THE

1953 November 20, 1953
Mr. ...
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1. The first part of the document is a list of names and addresses of the members of the committee. The names are listed in alphabetical order. The addresses are listed in the same order as the names.

2. The second part of the document is a list of the names and addresses of the members of the committee who have been elected to the office of chairman. The names are listed in alphabetical order. The addresses are listed in the same order as the names.

3. The third part of the document is a list of the names and addresses of the members of the committee who have been elected to the office of secretary. The names are listed in alphabetical order. The addresses are listed in the same order as the names.

4. The fourth part of the document is a list of the names and addresses of the members of the committee who have been elected to the office of treasurer. The names are listed in alphabetical order. The addresses are listed in the same order as the names.

5. The fifth part of the document is a list of the names and addresses of the members of the committee who have been elected to the office of clerk. The names are listed in alphabetical order. The addresses are listed in the same order as the names.

6. The sixth part of the document is a list of the names and addresses of the members of the committee who have been elected to the office of member-at-large. The names are listed in alphabetical order. The addresses are listed in the same order as the names.

7. The seventh part of the document is a list of the names and addresses of the members of the committee who have been elected to the office of member-at-large. The names are listed in alphabetical order. The addresses are listed in the same order as the names.

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10. The tenth part of the document is a list of the names and addresses of the members of the committee who have been elected to the office of member-at-large. The names are listed in alphabetical order. The addresses are listed in the same order as the names.

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12/10/19