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AMLASH-1

1 July 1964

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Test of Open Sight Bood for 7.62mm Belgium (FAL) Rifle

REFERENCE: A) Memo for Rcd. dated 25 May 1964, Subject: FAL-81lencers/8ights, from C/WH/8A/MOB/PM

B) Memo for Rcd. dated 10 June 1964, Subject: Tests of Modified Sights for 7.62 Belgium (FAL) Rifle

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,	1. On 15 and 16 June 1964, the undersigned and Mr.
١	TSD/SDB went to to test an open sight hood for
٠	the 7.62mm Belgium (FAL) Rifle developed in answer to Ref. A.
	The Modified Williams peep sight developed previously in answer
	to Ref. A and reported on in Ref. B. proved unsatisfactory to the
	requester. The snap-on sight hood was then developed on a quick
	reaction basis to be simpler to install and easier to use than
	the Williams sight. In addition some improved underloaded 7.62ms
	MATO rounds having #9ft, annealed cases and cream of wheat filler
	were tested for performance. These were developed in hopes of
	correcting the erretic examission perference noted in fef . Production

- 2. The open sight hood snaps over the existing rear sight of the FAL rifle, and in theory makes shooting in poor light or at night easier. It can be used with either standard factory loads or the underloaded assumition in conjunction with the muzzle attachment silencer. The notch on the rear sight hood is "U" shaped and raised to compensate for the more curving trajectory of the low velocity assumition. The hood is easily detached making the conventional peep sight available any time it is desired.
- 3. The attached data sheet summarizes the test results. It was found that some familiarization was necessary to get used to the open sight. Under ideal conditions the sight was as easy to use as the peep sight although it was more difficult to maintain uniform vertical grouping. The relationship between the eye and rear sight was found to be very critical. As the tests proceeded a change was noted in the point of impact we, point of aim which was thought to be due to a change in sight picture on the part of the undersigned.
- 4. The improved assumition was found to be quite consistant in performance. The use of cream of wheat filler to tamp the powder charge against the primer was an attempt to get more even ignition with correspondingly improved accuracy. The expended cartridge cases were checked periodically and no evidence was found of the soft annealed cases not expanding properly. During the tests the rifle and assumition combination instilled a degree of confidence in the undersigned not present in the previous tests.

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- Tests were conducted in the evening to determine the degree of usefulness of the sight in poor light. In this respect a 22 Caliber Hi-Standard pistol with folding shoulder stock and Bushnell 1.3X Phantom scope was tested in comparison. The scope was equipped with yellow filters to brighten the sight picture for low light level use. It was the opinion of both test personnel that the scope was superior to either the peep sight or open sight for as long as their was some illumination on the silhouette targets. Once the light failed the scope was completely useless although the undersigned could still discern targets with the naked eye out to 50 yds. All actual shooting was done with the open sight and some difficulty was experienced in hitting the targets at ranges of 100 yds, or more even at dusk. The closer targets could be easily hit up until it became too dark to see them at all. A large rain cloud moving from behind the firing position gradually obscured all available light. For the final shooting at 25 yds. occasional lightning flashes gave only a vague awareness of the target location. At no time during the night trials was there any nuzzle flash visible from the under loaded assumition and nuzzle sliencer combination. The gas port which was in the off position during the daylight trials was turned on at night but no flash was visible at the breech. A fine white cloud of cream of wheat powder was visible in front of the muzzle at almost full darkness but could not be seen more than 30 feet away.
- 6. Listener trials were conducted the following day to determine how far away an alert listener could discern the mechanical noise of the mechanism and that of the round being fired. Hr. walked away downwind at an angle of 90 degrees to the line of fire and stopped to listen every 25 paces. The undersigned fired single rounds, (hand actuating the mechanism) each time Mr. stopped. At 325 paces, or roughly 275 yds., Mr. reported he could still hear the mechanism being actuated, the round being fired, and the bullet striking a concrete pillar 200 yds. down-range. However, he stated that he might not have noticed the sound at that range had he not been listening for it specifically.
- * 7. One of the major causes for concern at the start of the tests was that the cream of wheat filler might clog the silencer and render it ineffective. A total of 200 rounds were fired with the silencer in place and the noise level did seem to be higher at the finish of the second day. (Round numbers 180 to 200 were the ones expended during the previously sentioned listener trials). Inspection of the silencer at a later date revealed considerable cream of wheat residue in the screening. Sound level measurements made in the AMP sound lab showed that while the total noise level was no higher, the duration was relatively longer. This would make the silencer seem louder to near by observers but not increase the range at which it could be heard. However, from a standpoint of the ability for a listener to discriminate a silencer being fired from random noise, the longer duration gives him a better chance to recognize what he hears.

SFERFT

On 19 June 1964, the undersigned went to the warehouse at Franconia to try to fit the sight hood to other 7.65mm FAL rifles. It was suspected that the fit might be a problem when it so would not fit over the rear sights of three FAL rifles at Isolation. Although it was later determined that the three rifles were of a different lot and may therefore have different tolerances on the rear sight casting, it was felt that further checking was necessary. Hime PAL rifles from the same lot as those obtained by WH/SA/MOB/PM were unpackaged and the sight hood tried on the rear sight. Of the nine, two were perfect fits and the other seven too thick for the hood to fit. This created a problem in that the sight hoods had to fit rifles which for operational reasons could not be measured before hand to determine the thickness of the rear sight blade. Providing adjustment in the slot of the sight hood would have complicated the fixture to the point where it could become operationally unsuitable. Therefore it was determined that the best solution was to provide several small files with the hoods. The peep sight on the rifles, a soft casting, was found to be quite easy to file. In most cases it would be necessary only to file several thousandths to obtain a proper fit. This procedure was explained to C/WH/SA/MOB/FM and he stated that it would be acceptable.

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9. On 24 June 1964, three open sight hoods with accessories consisting of two files and a small screwdriver were turned over to C/VH/SA/MOB/PM. In addition, 400 rounds of improved underloaded ammunition with cream of wheat filler were provided as a replacement for the original 400 underloaded rounds.

14/3/10

for the 7.62mm Belgium (FAL) Rifle (Sniper Version) and in the Agency supply system. Steps are being taken to obtain a scope for evaluation. The results will be forwarded to C/FH/SA/MOB.

PED/KB

DDP/TSD/EB/DJR/EC

cc: C/TSD C/VH/SA/MOB/PM

STANDARD VELOCITY AMMUNITION, DAYLIGHT:

RANGE	BAMP SETTING	SIGHT TYPE		IMPACT E TO POINT OF AIM)	Extreme Spread	NO. OF ROUNDS
100 yds. 100 yds. 100 yds. 100 yds.	No. 2 No. 3 No. 2 No. 3	Peap Peap Open Bood Open Hood	On On 24" high 26" high			5 5 5 5

ERLOADED AMMUNITION, OPEN SIGHT ECOD, DAYLIGHT:

RANGE	RAMP BETTING	POINT OF IMPACT (RELATIVE TO POINT OF AIM)	BUREAD	HORIZONTAL SPREAD	Vertical Epread	HO. OF BOUNDS
100 yds. 100 yds. 125 yds.	No. 6 No. 6 No. 6 Full Elevation Full Elevation Full Elevation	3" high 3" low On 4" left, 4" low 6" left, 8" low On (Diff. Shooter) 8" left, 8" low 8" left, 18" low On (Changed Sight Picture)	1 3/4" 2 3/4" 5"	2" 2" 5" 6"	13"	5 5 5 10 5 10 5 8 (2 missed target)
-	Full Elevation	On (Changed Sight Picture)	• • •	611	18"	8 (2 missed target)
. J yds.	ruit Bievation	6" low (Changed Sight Pic- ture)	(III)	8*	26"	10

UNDERLOADED AMMUNITION, OPEN SIGHT HOOD,	MOITIMIMMA DECAM	OPEN SIGHT H	COD. Dusii:
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RANGE	EO. OF BOUNDS	MO, OF HITS BORES	ONTAL SPREAD	VERTICAL SPREAD	REMARKS
300 yes.	10	6 15"		85 **	Could see target more
					sight but no rounds were fired.
yds.	10	6		6"	Could see target very
が 対が 複					scope.
TOTORR! OADE	D ANXINITION AL	MOST PULL DARK, OPE	ATOM MOON		

DARK, OPER SIGHT BOOD: UNDER OADED AMBUNITION, ALMOST PULL

RANGE	NO. OF ROU	IDS NO. OF HITS	BORTZOHTAL SPREAD	VERTICAL SPREAD	REMARKS
75 yds.	10	9	9"	6"	Poop sight useless
25 yds.	10	10	140	25"	Could see targets out to
	•			and the second of the second o	200 yds. with filtered scope at start of
•		* **			firing, could not see
•					finish

DERLOADED AMMUNITION, OPEN SIGHT HOOD, PULL DARK:

RANGE	NO. OF ROUNDIS	RO. OF HITS	REMARKS			٠.
25 yds.	10	5 (scattered)	Target in total darkness	, rain cloud	overhead, inter-	,
			. mittant lightning flash	OB BAYO & VA	to avereness of	
, <u>f</u>	•		terget location.	1		٠