

SECRET

- 3 -

RETURN TO CIA
Background Use Only
Do Not ReproduceChapter 3

Page 13 - Refers to deep cover personnel income offset against CIA salary and to CIA officers under light cover protected by diplomatic or official passports.

Page 14 - Refers to laundering of CIA salary before deposit to personal bank account.

SECRET

SECRET

- 4 -

Chapter 5

Contains detailed references throughout to Winston Scott, identified as chief of station, Mexico City. Central Cover Staff points out that Mr. Scott, who was never officially acknowledged as a CIA employee, retired under State Department cover in Mexico, where he subsequently died and where his widow and children still reside.

SECRET

Chapter 7

Page 29 et. seq. - Discussion of cover

Pages 44-49 - Identifies [redacted] as a CIA training establishment, discusses training cover and Department of Defense cover. Central Cover Staff asserts that while the CIA auspices of [redacted] has been often alleged in the press, the Agency has never confirmed it as a fact.

2/17

SECRET

- 6 -

Chapter 8

Pages 2, 3 - Discussion of cover.

Page 4 - Reference to CIA/State ground rule that ambassadors are not necessarily informed about deep cover officers.

SECRET

SECRET

- 7 -

Chapter 9

Page 37 - As written, passage in first full paragraph could endanger a particular source, according to NE Division, which suggests the following modification:

...unexpected development. From surveilling the group's movements it was established that the intention was to travel to an adjoining area, where a major energy installation, we assumed, might be their target. CIA, through liaison, warned the authorities of that country and appropriate defense measures were taken. I instructed the CIA Station in [redacted] to advise the president that the terrorists might be using his country as ¹⁶⁻⁴²...

SECRET

Pages 38-41:

LA Division recommends that the passage on the terrorist kidnapping in the Dominican Republic be deleted for the following reasons:

1) This incident is still fresh in the minds of most Dominicans and it is unrealistic to assume that it will not be picked up and published in the local press. Barbara Hutchison, USIA, one of the people kidnapped, is still in the Dominican Republic and, according to two recent reports, is again being considered as a target for kidnapping. The potential for terrorist acts against US citizens continues; three leaders of terrorist-oriented groups are in prison and publication of this item could propel the terrorists into action.

2) The close link between the ambassador and the station, as portrayed in the book could be prejudicial to his public image and might even provoke the terrorists to target against him.

3) The station has renewed a ²⁴(liaison) relationship and much effort is being directed toward developing mutual confidence. Revelation of details of a ²⁴() by a former division chief might lead the increasingly friendly (liaison) ²⁴contact to wonder whether we can maintain confidence on future operations and thereby throw the new relationship into jeopardy.

4) Although the bugging of the thermos was discovered and appeared in the press, the use of the Coca Cola case was not exposed and therefore continues to be an operational possibility, at least as far as the Dominican Republic is concerned. Revelation of the technique by Agee should not be a criterion for further disclosure.