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WH/SH # 64 . 749

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: CARAN DEFECTOR

Briefing in Gustemala of

24

1. The bricking was held in a small luxurious government conference room on the afternoon of Friday 5 October 1964, lasting about 2 1/2 hours.

.06,08,24

malanz.)

Two CIA OFFICERS WERE PRESENT

prefaced the operational briefing with a brief description of how the U.S. Intelligence community operates, of the role of CIA, of the need for compartmentation and security, and specifically of how the foregoing considerations make it importative for the Guatemalam) to adopt security precautions which will ensure that the information we provide and the joint operations we undortake are compartmented within the Guatemalam government (and, in fact, discussed by the Guatemalam government exclusively with our re- zupresentatives in the fleid).

3. Following the introductory remarks outlined above, I bristed the group on the DGI structure, the PGI operational techniques, and specifically on DGI aims and operations in Guatemaial The lent close attention throughout the briefing and examined the exhibits closely, including the DGI intelligence requirements for Guatemaia

4. After the foregoing expectition, I emplained our aims in emploiting the information in the connection is asked for close cooperation and coordination of activities, promising that we shall do our autmost and making reference to our travel lists and water list.

ON

h. The effectiveness of his own actions against guerrillas in Gustemain and his determination to 'most violence with violence;"

1. Recognition of the importance of the information covered in the briefling and of its exploitation;

J. Relarence to the case of the working for Cultar intelligence and now detained in Customals in

k. Acceptance of security restrictions and his decision to bold the information to those present.

I said that we appreciate the cooperation of Guatemala in the OAS and that we shall be most interested in the exploitation of the possibilities in the present case. I added that the matter of using force against Cuba is a policy matter on which I was not competent to comment but that the decisions made by the United States Government are based on careful study of detailed information technics information on Soviet intentions and capabilities.

asked for a copy of the OG jugaironnents (which he aiready had gono over closely) and took the copy with him to study further.

S. With reference to case, because of the developments and plans in applicated briefly the status of the (DALTON case) and the possibility of his being transferred to (Cautemaia) (This was in line with the discussion in and the shirt included our case of the advisor, Colombi MEDRANCA) I as sed that the Castemalae) (Sovernment take no action unless, requested by corrected to the correct of the corrected of the c

5. The made a rather impassioned speces in which he covered the following points:

- a. His own long experience in the OAS, in Cuba and in Central America;
- b. lile early warnings about Castro--which were disregarded;
- e. The extent to which Craismals has lived up to its obligations in the CAS; to which it has cooperated in efforts against Castro; and to which it has looked toward U.S. leadership;
- d. The failure of the U.S. to take aggressive action against Cabs and the need for taking a hard line, including the use of force in support of military activity by the free Cubans and the other American countries;
- 8. His appreciation that the Soviets will not be willing to risk a nuclear war over Cuba;
- f. Condemnation of Mexico for her dealings with Cuba, for fathere to acide by her obligations in the OAS, and for permitting the Castroites to operate out of Mexico against other American countries:
- g. The need for action against Mexico;

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