	DISPATCH		To and the second s	and on the second line and	
TO	Adef of Station, Buenos Aires	. HEADGHAPTERS FILE NO		-	
•i⊬D	Chief, bE				
	Chief, H	201-6145	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
FROM		CATE TE LIN			1
- SUBJECT	Acting Chief of Station, Madrid	25 August 196	XT ONE		
	Counter Espionage Luis TEDESCHI, aka Luis TEDESCHI	MARKED FOR HILL		i	r.
	•	HO PROEXING PEC			
ACTION	A ALEQUARD	BIDEXILIG CAN BE BY QUALIFIED HQ			
REFEREN	NCES: · · · · ·				
	OIE8-18463, 29 May 1961				
1	Ca receipt of reference, Kadrid Station t with negative results. Traces were also reque	sted of the QUANTUM cervi	ject Lce		
	and on 21 Angust 1961 they informed us that th Subject in their files. In this case the QUAN traces in the QUOTA files for KUBARK.	ey had no record of the TUK service also carried	cut		
		AMTHOLY B. FELDRAKS		ļ.,	
		ANTHONY DE CHERINALE			
1	26 August 1961				
	<b>Histributica</b> :				
	2 - Buenos Aires				
ч. Т	2 - C/IE				
	2 - C/H		-		
1					
1					
				· ·	
-			1		
1					
5					
di I					
		· · · ·	· · · ·		
-					
1					•
				1	
4					i
				1	•
• •					
4		·		1	2
1		• •		-	
4.		. :			L'EST.
			l.		
		- · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
-		n_ /11		. '	1.14
ł	ES COPY	F: 2843	77	· · · · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		PAGE NO		
	CLASSIFICATION			<b>4</b> .	
FORM 10-57	ABH/RSL SE MENDUS EDITION CLASSIFICATION STATES FORMS		÷ .		Mar 1
FORM 10-57 401	SI CL SI-ZEA AND'SI-ZY WHICH ARE OBSOLETE	CONTINUED	2. 		

CLASSIFICATION DISPATCH STANDOL AND NO. DISPATCH <u>90</u> S N C R B 7 -01° M 10 HEADQUARTERS FILE NO Chief of Station, Sugnos Lines Chief. WE Attal Chief. W/6 NFO 201-61-5 DATE FROM Chief of Station, Roma-13 July 1961 sumecl. Counter Emilonage RE "43.3" - (CHECK "X" CALE) MARKED FOR INDEXING Inis 7 DECON (Possibly Lais 7/DECH) X7 NO INDEXING REQUIRED ACTION REQUIRED INDEXING CAN BE JUDGED BY QUALIFIED HQ DESK ONLY PEFERENCEIS 0131-18463, 29 May 1961 File chocks conducted on Subject through are nomitive. PRANCIO K. CARULENT Distribution: 2-Boands Aires 4/1-85/4 1-10 5 ŝ 2.8 CLASSIRCATION MGE NO USE PREVIOUS EDITION REPLACES FORMS \$1-28, S1-28A AND 51 29 WINCH ARE OBSOLETE FORM 10-57 40) 53 SECRET es cult

• ;

ļ,

DISPATCH SECRET OSBA 1924 TO EADQUARTERS HER NO Chief, WE (Attention NUDESK). 201-6145 \*\*\* Chief of Station, Vadrid FROM .... Chief of Base, Barcelona' 255. -13 June 1961 ALECT RE. "43-3" --- (CHECK "X" OFIE) Counter Espionage MARKED FOR INDEXING luis TEDESCHI, possibly Luis TEDECHI NO INDEXING REQUIRED ACTION REQUIRED For your information INDEXING CAN BE JUDGED BY QUALIFIED HQ DESK ONLY PEFERENCE(S) OIRW-18463 There are no base file or QUOTA traces on Subject in Barcelona. ne Briedwald 13 June 1961 Distribution: 3 - Headquarters 2 - Madrid 2 - Files CS COPY EDITION 55 SECRET 2 Ϋ́

<b>N</b> !	CDATC		ADDITION OF ADDITION		PPOCESSING	and the second s	
<b>V</b> I	SPATC	<b>n</b> [		Parj Posed	ACTION	ACCOM PLISHED	
to Chi	ofa ne chat	Pane			LAND FOR MANY		
•••0		Rome, Madrid; COI	, parcelona	· <b>X</b>	E NO VICE ALMS ARGAINED		ч I),
Chi (ROM	ef of Station, I	uenos Aires			MERCOLAPIERS GESH CAN BUCKE INSERING		
	ef, WE				ABSTRACT S NUCROFILM		
	nter Espionage					1	
ACTION PEQUIR	D REFERENCES	ibly Luis TEDECEI	L		<u></u>		,
See	paragraph 3						
TED 1ng as	m we have no rea ESCHI was either for the RIS. A a member of the	the has given high son to question, being considered according to the s Bpanish Communist ras Pichincha 969,	has stated t l for recruit source, he wa t Party. The	bat during 1 ment by/or w s known to h address use	943 one Luis as actually work ave been active i by TEDESCHI	k	•
tel nat par and	ebruary 1918, is ephone 58-3717. ely, Headquarter agraph 1. The s may have been a	Aires Station ha listed in local Further investig s does not have t ource has indicat ctive in the Spar nvolvement in the	police files ation is being the date and the that Subj hish Civil Wa	as living a ng corducted place of bir ect was prob r 1936-39.	t El Dorador 31 there. Unforti th of Subject of ably born in Iti This. of course	50, u- f aly	
app Agga	e files for any	ested that Rome, traces of Subject information avail	i	con	eck Station and ntacts may be		
	4. Please add	ress replies in t	this matter "	Attention KU	DESK."		
				n/	,		
					UTARD		
	- Rome						
Ε	- Barcelona		and a				
1	- Medrid - Evenos Aires						
	- DUCIOS KITES		-				
	ANT RED			<u> </u>	* u. *		
REC	LASSIFIED		-	DATE TYP			
	A hard			29 May	SYNBOL AND NUMBER	JUN 1951	
	wight	CROSS REFERENCE TO	)	CISPATCI	SYNBOL AND NUMBER	•	
EI				் ப	N-18463		
_		\ <b>i</b>	CLASSIFICATION	HEADQUA	RTERS FILE NUMBER		
TRT	/Files	-	SECRET	24	1-6145 2 199-	147	•
ش <sup>ش</sup> ا			-91-911in	ORIGINATING			- ÷ '
·	·	WE/X	OFFICER	- TYPIST		EXT.	,
1 191	UTENG INTI		John D. Walk	er sjs Coordinating		2528	۰.
		OFFICE SYMBOL	DATE		OFFICER'S NAME		
P.d	M/PN /	C/WE/4	8/5	13a	hm	· · ·	
	HE/4	C/WE/5	31/200	Thank	A HI	e l	. ,
	11/x 16 17		1 1 may	Dia	LI X.I.	i i	
1		+ C/CISID	1 June	Uscar	T plus	ł (	• • • •
			1	<u> </u>	·	· · · ·	·
RI/		OFFICE SYMBOL	DATE	RELEASING	l. e la		
1 (n 10 <b>- 11</b>		C/WE/X		John D. 1	with a like a		
	· · · ·	IC/HE/A	<u> </u>	L. John D. 1	alker -		ه وه چ

14-00000

DRAFT

7 February 1961

MEMOPANDUM FOR: Chief, CI/Project SUBJECT: Luis TEDESCHI

 This office is extremely interpated in obtaining all available information on one Luis TEDESCHI, who was reported to be residing at Pichincha 969, duenos hogenized.
 Aires, Ain the early part of 1943, at which time he allegedly was of interest to the RIS. The attached document refers to a Luis TEDESCHI residing at this address in 1942 and to an individual by the name of TEDESCHI who had resided at Estados Unidos 0366 in 1942. Apparently the information as shown on the attached document was obtained

2. We would appreciate having you tell us if you know of any way we might locate referred to and possibly any other firected to TEDESCHI this for 4.5. Office of Superforme these in Superforme.

> BIRCH D. O'NEAL Chief, CI/SIG

Attachment: 1

Distribution: Orig. & 1 - Addressee 2 - CI/SIG

CI/SIG/EAGEgerter:jm

DRAFT

DISPATCH SECRET	PROCESSING
DISPAIL SECRET	POLID ACTION ACCO
:0	MARAEL F.R INCERING
Chief of Station, Buenos Aires	THO INSTITUTE BEQUIRED
nac	CALF QUALIFIED MEALQUAPTERS DESK CAN J. CLE INDERING
FP:M	ABSTRACT
Chief, WH	S PERGERSIN

Counter Intelligence/Luis TEDEDCHI (Correct spelling believed to be TEDESCHI)

See Paras. 3 and h FAEA-9016 of h November 1960

14-00000

1. Headquarters regrets that it has been unable to learn the date and place of birth of the Luis TEDENCHI who, according to a usually reliable source, was being considered for recruitment in 1943 by the FIS, or was actually working for the FIS. As stated in HARW-0515, our source reported that the address used by TEDENCHI during the early part of 1943 was Pichincha 969, <sup>B</sup>uenos Aires.

2. Collateral information on Luis TEDESCHI of Pichinchs 969, Buenos Aires, has been found in a 19h2 document which appears to have been based on consorship reports. This document indicates that TEDESCHI's address, as given above, was a cover address for a SDE (Union Democratica Espanola) manifesto sent from Cubs. Also one TEDESCHI, Estados Unido 3365, Buenos Aires, was given as a cover address in a secret writing message. A copy of the pertinent portions of this document is attached.

3. It is hoped that a unilateral surveillance on the Luis TEDEDCHI living at EN Domador 3150, Buenos Aires, if instituted as the station planned, will be fruitful. Headquarters will be extremely interested in any further information on this individual you may be able to develop, as it is possible that he may be linked with Communist and/or EIS activities in Cuba as well as being used locally by the RIS.

4. As KUDESK is currently handling this case, it is requested that the slug PEDWOOD not be used.

OLIVER G. GALBOND

				DATE TYPED	DATE DISPATCHED
				6 February	1961 1 0 FEB 1961
	· ·	CROSS REFERENCE	TO	DISPATCH SYMBOL AN	D NUMBER
atri	butions			HABH-6669	
	. & 1 - Addressee	,	CLASSIFICATION	HEADQUARTERS FILE	NUMBER
	with one attachm		CRET	♦ 201-28924	7
		OFFICE			EXT
1	1 - WH/2, no a	tt. CT/STG	ALGEGERTER	jm	2621
	EID for 2	1 att		COORDINATING	
ł		att OFFICE SYMBOL	DATE		
	RIGA	C.CI/SIG	Tele 6	Durch O. O	'neal_
	DIT			, ,	- · ·
	RIT			250	line -
	rilsig	C.WH/2		$\rightarrow$	- Con
	CITOICI			RELEASING	. /
<u>,</u>		OFFICE SYNBOL	DATE	OFFICER'S SIGRATURE	

1',

34 . Al 71.7. - 4

F. S. S. R.Z.

FROM : No name, MAYANA, CUBA.

TO : SR. L'13 IEDRESCHT, FICHTMORIA 969. BURNIS AIRDO, ARIBUTINE. 28th July to 14th August 1942 : Statush

141 15 AND CONDITIONS IN TAIN , S.D. LIS F. ILLD SY CONVENISTS 25. INTERVIEWS ATT POISSON OF MENAIN.

This ouver contains Reports Nos. 550 - 3, 555 - 3 and 571, complet from interviews with corsens we have recently laft Spain, and describe the attitude of the Spanish peo le to be war and to insit Nov rement, the extent of Garman penetration in Spain and of Spanish aid to the Atis. the sciultics and standing of political parties of the Ri hu and Left in Spain, and general living conditions in the country. This group of reports montains of mining of both Gouldust and Falandet sympath serve.

## PRETIDUS RECORDS:

1 5860

TRI. 10:01/62, TRI. 110-3/42, TRI. 245.7, and TPI. 14201/42

TRL 245.7, and TPL.14201/42 cover or mps of reports on the same subject.

8/4555

covers a group of reacris on the Eparish political scene, possibly from the same source as the above, which may be VICENTE URISE, the Communist leader, which may be VICENTE are in CUBL. See also BER.14567/42. SP.14974/42, SER.19252/42.

Addressee, LUIS TEDERCHI, is shown by TRI.15328/42 to be a cover eduress for a U.D.E. (UNION DEEXCRATICA ESPANCIA) Manifesto sent from Cuba. He may also be the TEDERCHICA ESPANCIA Manifesto sent from Cuba. He may in the som message in TRI.14725/42 (secret). Cont. To MARINI SERV. 201- 7:1147

DISPATCH	SECRET	HABA-9016	a and a second sec	*****	
	FE8 23 1931	HEADQUARTERS FILE NO			₽.
		201-6145		i	
•	DOCUMENT MICROFILM SER		· · · ·	u.	
FROM		DATE			
Chief of Station, Buenos	Aires ···	4 November 19			
REDWOOD/ DEPROVE					
ACTON HEQUIT: #TELEDCHT 3-1-417				,	
	DISPATCH       Storest and the set of				
	/				
( nabi-0515	DISPATCH     SECRET       Chief, WD     Chief, WD       Chief, WD     COUNTRY TO       Chief, WD     Country Countr				
/		•			
1. In view of	the fact that Subject disp	atch presented a			
possible lead to an	RIS agent, it was decided	to do a unilater	al		
result of investigat	ther than refer the matter	to liaison. As	a earned		
		_,			
· Luis Edya	HI				
					-
58-3717	, and has no record of pol:	ice offences.			
This in	cividual was born on 2 Febr	ruary 1918.			
2. If possible	, it is recuested that Hea	dquarters attemp	t to		
confirm the above da	te of birth with the source	e of reference.	The		•
will keep Headquarte	citute a unilateral survei	Llance on Subjec	t, and		
	0				
	Coulty y	Aug 1-			
	Carlton G.	RECART			
3 - Chief, WHD					
1 - Chrono					
1 - File: 201-614	5				
BCHeighan/okb					
2	ee to whip				
				:	
	a fear and a second second	راف اوری خامت ام ا			
			· [		
,	,		1	ļ	
		•		ą	
					~
· · ·				1	
· · ·	- ,	, •		·:	
		· · · ·		а <sup>к</sup>	-
				÷	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		副編	にやらし	1	
			A L		
		2 1.	J-F	: ·	-
131		Jund	249247	•	•
(3hr					
(7 h,	CS COPY	201-			ŧ
(7 hr	CS COPY	201-			
End-1 Notes USI PERVICUS EDITION IBST 53 IBST 55 IBST	CASSMEATION S B C B E T	201-	I of 1		Auren

and the second second

14-00000

· · ·

11 DISPATCH PROCESSING SECRET ACCOM ACTION HADRES & & INCOMING x Chief of Station, Buenos Aires NO INCEP NO REQUIRED ..... THE OLALIFIED HEADSUARTERS DESK CAN FLORE DEDKING 1200 12572ACT Chief, WH Division V TROFT SUBJECT General-Counter Espionage Specific-Luis TEDEDCHI\* ACTION REQUIRED REFERENCES See Para. 2 1. A source who has given extremely reliable information in the past, has stated that, during 1943, one Luis TEDESCHI was either being considered for recruitment by the RIS or was actually working for the RIS. TEDESCHI was known to have been an active member of the Spanish Communist Party. The address used by TEDESCHI during the early part of 1943 was Fichincha 969, Buenos Aires, Argentina. 2. Our source was unable to provide further information on TEDESCHI and Headquarters' files contain no pertinent identifiable information on It is requested that you check all available records him. for any information on TEDESCHI that may be available. OLIVER G. GALBOND MICROFILMED JAN 6 1961 DOCUMENT MICROFILM SERVICE DATE TYPED DATE DISPATCHED 7 OCT 1950 1 160 CROSS REFERENCE TO CLASSIFICATION SECRET ORIGINATING OFFICE OFFICE 2356 AEGEgerter ® JI/SI jrm **L'HTIA** COORDINATING OFFICE SYN wn/2 ٦ CI/SIG. 2 CI/SI for 200-RELEASING Chief, WH/J. C. KING / C/WH 12.0ct. '60 DISPATCH 53: USE PREVIOUS EDIT

#### 5 October 1960

#75

SUBJECT: Luis TEDESCHI

1. A Source, who has given extremely reliable information in the past, stated that, during 1943, Subject was either being considered for recruitment by the RIS or was actually working for the RIS.

2. Subject is known to have been an active member of the Spanish Commist Party. The address used by Subject during the early part of 1943 was Pichincha 969, Buenos Aires.

3. It is requested that Latin American, as well as Spanish and Portuquese stations be asked to check available for any possible traces on Subject.

)				
and a second state of the second s	nez nezi bazinegi beli birtezi barekeri birtezi	an a		
•••	· · · ·	•	The second	
· · · ·				
	SEC	RET	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		ROUTING SHEET		
0	BRANCH	ROOM & BLDG.	PHONE	
Cenne Egester	Ci/SIG	1408 8	2621	
2/ AT WEST CATE	and 1	dideki		
THESE PEPRODUCTIONS ARE OF A			HOLE OR IN FART, MAY	
EE INDIVIDED IN A 201, SUBJECT	OR FFCCECT FILLS REP	IAINING MATERIAL MUST BE DESTR	OYED AS SOON AS THE	
DOGDIATE PUPPOSE HAS BEEN SA	riefied. PR	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
•				
· ·				
				:
				1
				-
۰.				, ·
<b>5</b> 41259	SEC	RET .	142 W 27 1	,
and the star Bornary many many and an again and a second as			had a	م المعادية المراجعة المعادية المعادية المعادية المعادية المعادة المعاد
		and an end of the second s		and the second
				and the second
		·_·_·	•	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		ار با است می از این از این از این از این این از این این از این		
·····································				and the second
		ار در این از معام به مان این از مینان این از مینان از می مرابع از معام این از معام بی مینان مینان مینان از مینان از مینان مینان از مینان مینان مینان مینان مینان مینان م وی این از مینان	می از این از این از این	
ماند. موجع المراجع ال موجع المراجع الم				

-.. SECRET ÷., ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET. INSTRUCTICNS: Officer designations (see serarate steet) should be used in try "To" column. Under each comment a line should be drawn approx short and each comment in therei to correspond with the number in the "To" column. From officer should initial (check mark instificient) before further routing. This become and Routing Check should be returned to begintry. 1 ACCESSION NO FROM: GATE RECEIVED IN S A. . . .. UATE OF SICER'S то ROCM NO COMMENTS . FCHALHOED FECCHIED ••••••• نبه وسنترز 1. /s 3da 21/4 22 4/3. びい : : 16 . 3 . 27 in 3211 12  $\mathcal{O}$ "FBT 26/4 C1 الاستانية المرادية. والمساريط التي تري 26/4 11.7. 25 1243 000:00 777 SECRET

, C - . . .

SECRET			an a	
SECRET       SECRET         Prove or conduct       SUBJECT         Prove or conduct       SUBJECT         Prove or conduct       SUBJECT         SUBJECT       SUBJECT         SUBJECT       SUBJECT         SUBJECT       Subject         SUBJECT       Subject         SUBJECT       Subject         Subject       Contrulat Nettors         Subject       Subject         Subject       Contrulat Nettors		·		
SECRET       SECRET         Prove or conduct       SUBJECT         Prove or conduct       SUBJECT         Prove or conduct       SUBJECT         SUBJECT       SUBJECT         SUBJECT       SUBJECT         SUBJECT       Subject         SUBJECT       Subject         SUBJECT       Subject         Subject       Contrulat Nettors         Subject       Subject         Subject       Contrulat Nettors	میں			43
SECRET SECRET SUBJECT SUBJE				
SECRET       SECRET         BECRET       Second Market of Carlot 12 of 100				
SECRET SECRET SUBJECT SUBJECT SUBJECT SUBJECT SUBJECT SUBJECT Convent of Carlot Rethors of the second second second convents the second secon	· · · · · ·		CODEVENT MICLOFILM SERVICE	
SECRET SECRET SECRET SUBJECT SUBJECT SUBJECT Contant ACCURATE SUBJECT Contant Entropy SUBJECT Contant Entropy SUBJECT Contant Entropy SUBJECT Contant Entropy SUBJECT Contant Entropy STATE SUBJECT Contant Entropy SUBJECT Contant Entropy SUBJECT				
generation which is the interval of the second of the s	·•	SECRET A	<del>، د کاری</del> اور با با با در میکند. اور ایر	. •
HNNAN, CLAN       Clar 40       The concerned of 1000       Marking D. Lloyd         HNNAN, CLAN       Communist Retters       Traver       Traver         SUBJECT       Traver       Traver       Traver         second       Communist Retters       Antice       Antice         second       Antice       Communist Retters       Antice         second       Antice       Communist Retters       Antice         second       Antice       Communist Retters       Communist Retters         second       Concond       Concontisters	· .			
SIGNATION       Contrainst National Factors         Secure       Departed Contrainst Factors         Presence       Therapse, Contrainst Factors         Source       A - LA files; B-ALLCAATIC.         Source       A - LA files; B-ALLCAATIC.         Source       A - LA files; B-ALLCAATIC.         Source       Therapse, and in Search Consumate Factor in 1945, as reported in -surge a file, per file.         Source       A - LA files; B-ALLCAATIC.         Source       A - LA files; B-ALLCAATIC.         Source       The file of the file of the consol of the file	and store in a mathematical state of the store of the sto	T DATE PERIOD COVERED	MADE BY	
SUBJECT General General General Secure Minimum Contracts Nettors Minimum Contracts Nettors Source Minimum Contracts Nettors Minimum Nettors Nettor		N 16 187 48 10 Jan-10 . W 100		-
Control Control to Farty      recenced     Control of Control to Farty      recenced     A - El files; B-AUXCANTEL      SUMPRIS      Ying and in Stranish Communist Party in 1948, as reported     The Sume A relation and the Control of the Con		A low		
moreneset       Chill-A-2560, Thill-RTT, Thilder         source       A - El filos; B-ALACGAVICO.         stinces       A - El filos; B-ALACGAVICO.         stinces       Stinces         stinces       and in Stanish Communist Pertr in 1048, as reported         The Surce A Tible, set fibe.       Notified in Control is the fibe.         stinces       to persons and in Cont on Identical with some of those listed, or investightions of anon with led to identification of in- dividuals listed, in THE-W-OSS also submitted as background material that is boing uced as a basis for investigations of Spanish Communist Party in Suba.         ADMINISTRATIVE ALDENDUM:       To date no cofinite information has been received that rould link any of the individuals reported herein to those mined in reference THE	GENERAL	Comunist Matters		
Source A - Li files; B-ALICATIO. SINDPUS The curves were in Scamish Communist Pertr in 1943, as reported in cource a filet, for Firth, artificaton of these to persons at a night be identical with some of those listed, or invertigations of mene might level to identification of in- dificuris listed, in TME-W-258 also submitted as background meteria that is being used as a basis for investigations of Spanish Communist Party in vuba. ADMINISTRATIVE ALLERDEN: To date no definite information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that the heped that, by using it as a brais for our investigations, more concrete deals regarding the Party in Present a civil- ties in Cuba, as well as identification of individuals maned is reference, can be obtained. Cogies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in larice and Luenes directions include as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include several in those countries. MECHANNE (3) Boother distr.	SPECIFIC	1 Spanish Coursunist Farty		
Source A - Li files; B-ALICATIO. SINDPUS The curves were in Scamish Communist Pertr in 1943, as reported in cource a filet, for Firth, artificaton of these to persons at a night be identical with some of those listed, or invertigations of mene might level to identification of in- dificuris listed, in TME-W-258 also submitted as background meteria that is being used as a basis for investigations of Spanish Communist Party in vuba. ADMINISTRATIVE ALLERDEN: To date no definite information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that would line any of the information has been received that the heped that, by using it as a brais for our investigations, more concrete deals regarding the Party in Present a civil- ties in Cuba, as well as identification of individuals maned is reference, can be obtained. Cogies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in larice and Luenes directions include as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include several in those countries. MECHANNE (3) Boother distr.			<u>}</u>	-
ADMINIST         ADMINIST         In Source a files, for Trends Communist Perty in 1943, as reported in Source a files, for Trends, in Minister and these listed, or investigations of man minist lend to incontification of in- dividuals listed, in THE-W-856 also submitted as background material that is being used as a basis for investigations of Spanish Communist Party in Subar.         ADMINISTRATIVE ALLENDER:         To date no coffinite information has been received that would link any of the individuals reported herein to those mend is reference TRE-W-258. It is realized that this information is guite vapue and is not conclusive in any may, but it is hoped that, by using it as a brais for our investigations, more concrete details regarding the Party is present a citivi- ties in Cuba, as well as isontification of inividuals named is reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in Lawice and Europs directionet as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include several in those countries.         Evenue in these (2) Detroise Aires (1) Files (2) No other distr.	REFERENCE	······································		
Waldston       : C-3         Waldston       : C-3 </td <td>SOURCE</td> <td><pre>* [A - LA files; B-ALACHATIC.</pre></td> <td>· •</td> <td></td>	SOURCE	<pre>* [A - LA files; B-ALACHATIC.</pre>	· •	
Waldston       :C-3         Waldston       :C-3 <td< td=""><td>SYNOPSIS</td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	SYNOPSIS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<pre>In Source A file J FFOR THE AND WERE In Source Instead, or Invertigations of uncer might lend to identification of in- dividuals listed, in TERE-WEEDS also submitted as background material that is being used as a basis for investigations of Spanish Communist Party in Suba.</pre> ADMINISTRATIVE ALLERDEN: To date no definite information has been received that would link any of the individuals reported herein to those named is reference THE265. It is realized that would will be used as is not conclusive in any way, but it is heped that, by using it as a besis for our investigations, more concrete details reported herein to individuals memed if reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are being funnished to our field stations in Maxico the Duenos dires in cuba, as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include several in those countries. Evaluation : C-3 DESTRIBUTION : C-3 DEST	XUS		- in 10/7 or momented	
to persons also might be identifical with some of those listed, or invertigations of anom might lead to identification of in- dividuals listed, in THE-W-DDS also submitted as background material that is being used as a basis for investigations of Spanish Communist Party in "uba.         ADMINISTRATIVE ADDENEDUM:       In reference THE-W-DDS.         To date no definite information has been received that would link any of the individuals reported herein to those mend is quite vague and is not conclusive in any way, but it is heped that, by using it as a brais for our investigations, more contrast details regarding the Party's present activit- ties in Guba, as well as identification of individuals named in reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in Maxico and Duenos Alree instance as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include several in those countries.         EVALUATION DESTRUCTION Field (2) Field (2) Field (2) Field (2) Field (2) Field (3) Field (3)	1n -34	ree A files, bet forth. Relationed	s in Solfie & files	
dividuals. listed, in THE-MODES also submitted as background material that is being used as a basis for investigations of Spanish Communist Party in Yuba.         ADMINISTRATIVE ALLERDUX:         To date no definite information has been received that would link any of the individuals reported herein to those mined in reference THE-JOSE. It is realized that this information is quite vague and is not conclusive in any way, but it is heped that, by using it as a brois for our investigations, more concrete details requiring the Party's present a clivi- ties in Cuba, as well as identification of individuals mamed in reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in lexico and Eucros Airos inscuot as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include several in those countries.         EVALUATION BETRIEMON Files (2) No other distr.       COPY NEW MARK Market MESTICE (1) Files (2) No other distr.	to per	sons and might be identical with so	ome of those listed,	·
Spanish Communist Party in Suba.         ADRINICTRATIVE ADDENEUX:         To date no definite information has been received that would link any of the individuals reported herein to those mend is reference THE2856. It is realized that this information is quite vague and is not conclusive in any way, but it is hoped that, by using it as a brois for our investigations, more controls details reporting the Party's present a citii- ties in Cuba, as well as identification of individuals named in reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in Matice cut Duenas Aired instanded so defined.         EVALUATION INSTRUMENT       : C-3 (ATCOLONIAL COPY)         EVALUATION INSTRUCTI	đividu	als listed, in THE-W-258 also subm	itted as background	
ADMINISTRATIVE ADDRESS To date no cefinite information has been received that would link any of the individuals reported herein to those nered is reference THE-ABSE. It is realized that this information is guite vague and is not conclusive in any way, but it is hoped that, by using it as a brois for our investigations, more concrete details regarding the Party's present a ctivi- ties in Cubs, as well as identification of individuals mamed is reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in herico and Busnos ALCOMMENT : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : C-3	materi	al that is being used as a basis for	or investigations of	•
To date no cefinite information has been received that would link any of the individuals reported herein to those monod is reference THE-258. It is realized that this information is quite vague and is not conclusive in any way, but it is hoped that, by using it as a breis for our investigations, more concrete details regarding the Party's present a ctivi- ties in Gubs, as well as identification of individuals named in reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in herico and Buenos Aires inscruct as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include several in those countries.         EXALUATION BETHISUTON Exercise (1) Statice (1) Sites (2) No other distr.	Spanis.	a communist party in outa.	-	
To date no cefinite information has been received that would link any of the individuals reported herein to those monod is reference THE-258. It is realized that this information is quite vague and is not conclusive in any way, but it is hoped that, by using it as a breis for our investigations, more concrete details regarding the Party's present a ctivi- ties in Gubs, as well as identification of individuals named in reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in herico and Buenos Aires inscruct as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include several in those countries.         EXALUATION BETHISUTON Exercise (1) Statice (1) Sites (2) No other distr.		۵) « ۲۰۰۶	.,	·
<pre>link any of the individuals reported herein to those nered in reference THE-ASE. It is realized that this information is quite vague and is not conclusive in any way, but it is hered that, by using it as a bosis for our investigations, more concrete details regarding the Party's present activi- ties in Guba, as well as identification of individuals memed in reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in Maxico and Duanos Aires instruct as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include several in those countries.</pre>	•		•	•
<pre>in reference TMI=258. It is realized that this information is quite vapue and is not conclusive in any way, but it is hoped that, by using it as a brais for our investigations, more concrete details regarding the Party's present a ctivi- ties in Guba, as well as identification of individuals named in reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in lexico chd Duenos Aires instruct as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include several in those countries.  EVALUATION : G-3 DESTRIBUTION : G-3 DESTRIBUTION</pre>				,
hoped that, by using it as a brois for our investigations,         more concrete details regarding the Party's present activities in Guba, as well as identification of individuals mamed         in reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are         being furnished to our field stations in Maxico and Duenos         Alrea inserven as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include         several in those countries.         WALUATION         EVALUATION         • C-3         DESTRIBUTION         • Tash (3)/         • Puenos kires (1)         • Files (2)         • No other distr.	in ref	oreneo TII-J-258. It is realized t	that this information	
EVALUATION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : Task (3)/ · Evaluation : Task (2)/ · Evaluation : Task (2)/	is qui	te vague end is not conclusive in a	any way, but it is	
in reference, can be obtained. Copies of this report are being furnished to our field stations in Maxico and Duanos Airoz inecruch as addresses used by the Party in 1943 include several in those countries.	more c	oncress details regarding the Part	y's present a ctivi-	
EVALUATION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : C-3 DISTRIBU				
Evaluation : C-3 Distribution : C-3 Distribu	being	furnished to our field stations in	Lexico and Busnos	
EVALUATION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : Tast (3) Metico (1) Dienos Aires (1) Files (2) Ko other distr.			Party in 1943 include	<b>i</b> 21
EVALUATION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : Tash (3)/ Evaluation (1) Distribution (1) Evaluation (1) Evaluation (1) Files (2) No other distr.				
EVALUATION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : Tast (3)/ EDUENDS Aires (1) Files (2) Ko other distr.		· · · · •		
EVALUATION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : C-3 DISTRIBUTION : Tast (3)/ EDUENDS Aires (1) Files (2) Ko other distr.				
DISTRIBUTION : Tast (3) Mexico (1) EDuenos Aires (1) Files (2) Ko other distr.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•
Herico (1) Duenos Aires (1) Files (2) No other distr.			APPROVED BY	
Files (2) No other distr.		- Mexico (1)	Derth. trainelle	1 And
Ko other distr.		«Puenos Aires (1)	1 wt5	•
SECRET 1.5 - 53				
		SECRET	ę na	•••• • • •
		a Caust - 10-34-675.000	101 1 83	
	,			
游戏学者,这些学校的"教育"的"教育"的"教育"的"教育"的"教育"的"教育"的"教育"的"教育"		and the state the state of the state of the		Kipu -

1 . .

14-00000

7 -

2

1 27

. . .



Carles Street	A Contract on Marine 15 Symmetry Contract of the Schemetry Contract of	•	
	a a construction of the second s	a di kang kang dan kang dan kang kang kang kang kang kang kang ka	
		'	- 14
e : '		•	
· · · · ·			
		. <i>.</i>	
		1	· · · ·
	SECRET	1	
	-2- Series No. 723-344 -2- March 16, 1943		· · · · ·
	<u>c.</u> <u>Colva</u>		1
	Caridad DIAZA Konucl PUNT		
,	Calle Nueva del Filar 2 - Man Lizaro 2003 altos		• •
•	eltos del cafó Habens, Cuba	·	· ·
	Hatana, Cuca		
	Juan Jos a Timo Cosarco Manager -		
	Casa de la Galtura Luis Estevez y Ferraga		
	Papeo del Prado 210 altos Santos Suerez (bodega)		
,	Habana, Cuba Habana, Cuba		
	Alexandro 1701 20		
•	Colle Luwton, ontro Tejar y Pocito		
•	Habana, Cuba.		
	4	•	
	d. Jack STRONG Boni and AODRIGUEZ		
	c/O W.L.P. c/o Francisco Janivet		
•	232 Breadway, 9th flr. 51 Cleveland Square NewYork, New York London W. 2, England.	. '	
د •	Doloroc I Pilling	,	•
•	Moscow, Russia.		
•	3. Enclosure to TKH258, report on expenses, cites payments		
	to:		,
1 .	a. "Doughtor of Eduardo" - 37 in Mar and Arr; 17 in Mar.		
· · ·	Source A reported that:		
· · · ·			
•	(1) Cn 21 Cop 45 one EDUAPDO DEPEDA Y GASSET, a		
	Consist folitical onlie, spoke at a meeting at		
,	The Treation is Gitties, Suben Computer inont orgenization, leading the success of a convention		
	held 14-16 Sop 35 by the CUNTE CONDENSAL		
	PRO PEPFUBLICA ESPANOLA.		Ŷ
	(2) On 1 Mar 46 EDUARDO MARTINEZ CRUTELLES, represent-	· .	•
•	(2) On 1 Mar 46 EDUARDO MARTINEZ CANTALLES, represent- ing the Association of Sucan ex-colliatants of	•	• •
	the Spanish Republic, spoke at a demonstration	ě.	• •
· .	in front of the Spanish Legation in Cuba held as		
1997 - 2019 March 1997 - 2019	a result of the execution of ten leftist under-	· · · ·	• • \$\$ • • • •
,	ground workers in Spain.		2 1
	b. "Son of Esteban" - 11 each month. From Source A it		i M
	15 learned that:	•	
			4. 2.,
1		· · ·	ž – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –
		•	
3	SECRET	·	•
	200-4.5-18	<u> </u>	
10 5		an and the second s	
	ここと 酸素通信 しっしょう たきまたがら しった 酸酸酸化 パ		후 그 그 문화
11 - San Street	and a second	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · ·	
مي الأمر <del>ية</del> من الأربي ا	and the second		
(病力) ひっこの (おう)	计一部分子 化化学输出 化输出 建苯基酚 建铁石石酸石 法行为 编出 人名法德 化力学 法保险 计算机 化		

·

<u>م</u>ي: ارتر ا

1

÷.,

# SECRET Series No. 7.21-214 March 16, 1943 -3-(1) Y DEFEDAN VERA (nationality not given) was named Beenetter Conon 1 of the All Dir Lichard FUSAMA Market Conon 1 of the All Dir Lichard Concurses Choup. (P) RIPY OTLAN (nationality spirituan) war the pape reactive in Outland to Kritis, ON Last TE TRA-TRACTION OF DESCRIPTION (CONTRACTOR OF THE TE TRACT.) Yapawaria - 75 in Mar: 1 in Apr. There is only one Peters and which Might Vojesty be considered to have any bearing on this item. (1) SAMPING OF FULLY FOR USE 1 (aka Santiago F FILLIUS) a <u>Archick set</u> which trained in Cube in 1910. From that thus intifflic he lived in Samtiago de Cuba when he este to Masala to assist Transfer (Pancho) GANGIA GUNNALLU in Fork "of an intelligence nature" for the Spanish Front group, Cash de la Cultura; d. Transmitter - 170 in Mar: 130 in Apr. Source A reported: (1) CAA THE PRODUCT WAS SETTING IN 1915 as first Vice President of CONTRE HISPAND CUSAND PRO HERUBLICAND ADDRADEL IN CLEAR A CUBA. (2) JOAQUIN LORINAD was a sailor on the vessel RIO NEWLY. In 1942 and was a sailor on the vessel RIO NEWLY. In 1942 and was a sailor on the vessel RIO NEWLY. This in Structure the Spenish Communist Large. In Buenos Aires and one GUILLER'O" in Habana. A Source B advises that according to official Cuban records, the vessel HO NEWUER of Amentine Registry has arrived at Cuba Daily once since 1942. That was 10 April 1943. There is no record of the vessel 15 ml 1 having been here cry time in 1942. The prew list of the RIO NEGOEN lies not carry the name of Joaquin

"GD-CA" - a seeman, who usually relies trips to Gaba, Ald two conredes who are anti-com. "PANCHO"/ - Surmary Jan-Ney 47. "To PANCHO Jan-Neb 3315.55.

LONLING nor any name similar thereto.

ο,

5000 BY .:

In March 1947 it mas reported by source A that Francisco (PANDER A SHOLL ALMONTED (see 3c(1)) had traveled IN 1942 and 1943 from Cuba to Portugal (1)

-3-SECRET

200-14-5-88

SECRET Corles No. 700-844 -4- Narch 16, 1943

and returned; that he was an inteiligence agent working for the Spanish Communists in Subs and was in Helson contact with the Coviet Legation here. He was at that time reported to be utilizing the services of a counter named (MARCALL between Cable and Plance.

One Stall' of Makada, Outon with Dought with the Republican arry in the Spanish war and was with the Adorican Adorement morine during World War II was pointed out that this individual in supposed to be anti-contained. In Laron 1947 he was enployed on a vessel (constad) between Fallstelphia and Colombia but he also came to Habana often. There is no further report in Source A files concorning identification of this individual.

(2) See also 3<u>d</u>(2) above.

٤.

"Exchanges for Decempentation of CHTEN - 17.04 in May. <u>Augustanian 1988 40 100.00</u>. "Durde A reports:

- (1) FILLICITY \_\_\_\_\_ (probably Cuban though nationality not given) attended the national P3P training school. Was president of Socialist Committee of the first district of Camaguey Cuba.
- (2) LUIS DETIL (nationality not given) represented (JUVLIFED 5 / IALENTA UNITIONES DE DEFALLS in 1945 and was a member of the JUVENTUD SECTION of Casa do la Cultura.
- Z. "What They Send Us From Cuba On the Organization There". One of the family members is the <u>inumber of a mourned</u> <u>member...Marineer[Eddland(), who died nore</u>"
  - (1) Maria GARGIA INCUINED was elected in January 1945 Secretary of Feminine Section of the <u>KINTED</u> COMPATIENTED LEFALOLA DJ CUEA.

-5-55

4. Others mentioned in reference THE-W-258 - MARIANAMOFIES, ANGELITA, CONCHITA, DULALIO, VIDTOR, HUNTA - cannot be identi-Tied in any way with persons named in Source A files.

SECRET



1.5 1954 DISPATCH NO. \_\_\_\_ 0171-38 ASP ISPECIEV AIR OR SEA POUCH CLASSIFICATION -Chief, WE' to Acting Chief, Trieste Substation D.FO: Senior Rep., Rome . FROM : ILTEL ' SUBJECT: GENERAL-Summary of Deports Submitted by It. Col William Washington SPECIFIC---HEF: WHIE 2175 Attached hereto is a surmary of 1 ports relative to possible disturbances in Trieste which was prepared by C2/TeUST for the meeting edgeribed in reference. 1 Sugar 3. Jievins att. Ç.S Enclosure: 1 G2 report 6 March 1954 Distribution: 3 - Headquarters w/encl 2 - Rome w/encl FINCL. • • • • • • CLASSIFICATION 101 104 104 51-28 A 265 RI COPY

語言が、語言語語の語言語

ある。おりおどに

		· · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · ·
					• •	•
• VIA:			DISPATCH NO.	OITA-38		•
	(SPLEHT AIR OR SLA POUCH)		;			: .
		CLASSIFICATION		,		•
то	: Chief, W	L	DATE:	ru <del>in 1951</del>		
FROM		ricsto Substation	DRO: Conio			
SUBJE	CT: GENERAL- TITL				·	
		f Acports Submitted b	or Lt. Col. Sillian W	achington		•
PTF	1 97.A: 2175	• • •				• ·
14-1			-			
At	tached hereto is a surridente which was prepar	harry of reports relat	tive to possible dis	turbances in in reference.		
11	TCEPS WITCH HOS SECTOR					
			Janes B. b	levins		
En	closure: 1 62 report	,	•			
6	March 1954				•	
Di	stribitions				,	
	3 - Peadquarters w/en 2 - Rome w/encl	.cl			•	
	,			•		
						1
					¥ • • •	
•						
i ,						
				-	•	
-						
· · · · · · · · · · · ·	a ser e la composition de la c	,	····· · ·			
• •						
,				- ,		•
Fäks	DR 51 00 A	CLASSIFICATIO	N	•	•	· · ·
NAL.	194. 51-28 A	. COPY	17-1	1-12-26	5	· · · · · ·
Second State			1	Turnie .	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 (- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
· ·		and the second sec		and the second sec		
				and the second	2 . K	· · · · · · ·
		and the second		الي مع من معياهم. الميترين المراجع المراجع المعروم الم		1

14-00000

÷ċ

Ś  7

:

and the second second

19 |}

and the second second

a company of the contract the second provides and the

1. 7 6 Sont 5. 202 Std 20 Lat 53. Lond 5-

In this den (3 the motion of not of the CI will to enter an indicate a new spatem formum in any evolutial do tractivities in the (A. Stiture than 6. See a will not a from the partitive provinces of thely carticularly from the U. CH and (A. Stands, Chine partitive vibration for a scill travclars and protocolations. This partition that a new tool of the pair of the test with the CI will in them (A. Chine part of the standard of the first of the test of the partition of the standard of the pair of the test with the CI will in the standard of the bin activities in the We done of the test with the pairs and many standard with his activities in the test indicate.

End to 015A - 38 12 mar 57

7-7-12-265

2. ( 2. 7/32. (1) at 1 2 Jun (1. math

A propine to preventive the second state of a state of the second state of the second

3. 010 m pt To. 1 500-2011 Ctd 12 Jan 14. Twnl -3

The off is matrice place to have themands of localets printed for the City and 20th of the . The localete will be nationalistic in stars and will speed to the permittee to make a the two dates. The localete will be printed by the appointer former of the two dates. The localete will be printed by the appointer former of the two dates. The localete will be deterined before how the transformer, With Star This former to not be to be deterined before how the transformer of triants a few of his before the two montioned dates. The

14. 510 Rept No. 3 554-0439 dtd 15 Jun 54. (Vml 1-3)

TEN 15 117

(AP (AP), Salvatory, recently returned from PC, was accounted rule parsaultour "attant" recovery to end o paired arreat. (AP) of T yea also precised financial accidence from a flow customer as, where the fit is presently alcourt. (MP) "T, has avoid to avoid the feature of the fit "ristion reflects hill dearths the bouch reflect. No has notified his morp that they not strike a fit of a fit is a fit dear the Yu oster fits as they not strike and also the fittish and merican Defenation was in the base of the fit of property expression. There we relate and bin income in the terms of the interval resistance for his vectors. It is have in the theorem of his group is in procession of arms and exploritys intended to o used by WAC WD1.

·.··g

#### 5. 75/ 30 / (4) atd 14 Jan. . . . .

A propositive of the filter of the set of the first of the set of

# 6. 111/3. (5) atd bb Jun. (142.5)

bt a react constant of the first constant with the set to the stand in advice le to have consistent them now (DE 199) but have let to be abreaded to to concentrate their affords on DE nor. If you have that he would authorite much do controllers on that cap.

According to "the course, provide large time rous especial of the submersion of there entries bothly as only a set in provide to be intified when the information of the rous at the rous, course into a submersion with a course of the rous of the rous, course into a provide of 20-2, proor and with writtening of a to when our fonder ach. The provide of 20-2, proor and with writtening of a to when our fonder ach. The provide of 20-2, proor and with writtening of a the formed with for the following a solution is a the former to when as the formed with for a fillential could a solution in the forward to when as the to be blifting as possible.

the served also added that the following action could indeed not taily in term and influence diarrange their prometics. They are quoted to have and that 20 menutiles their dep of ray we a close to pollog.

Station, for the th . The offer (resto Z the intuito

7. 5 will ge Vernerer did 25 Jan. W.J. F.

The UNU-intende to use visitions is an estimat to init ideal local Yuponlay consister. A province confer of the UN is stated to have said that the future palter of the party is to be one of visitnes.

8. 010 0 5 0-255 dtd 3 Eds. Two 2 2-3

PT CT, woth Jtalian inticality stated that to the work of the knowled to there were no plane on the part of Italian groups or pursues the Trivere to some deconstructions on Daller. Die stat disort errode roure would, no dee t. sing to there we show on the set set the war easy stat where the had now rist victime wars and d. De the product that the conservarontop rould the respective and produced sold with the construction, where rolles attempted to distribute.

2014[77

-1 - 1 P

No ord in cos=2567 cre trijet. (red 1-3)

A second to the second of the first of the first of the first the second of the transment of the second of the sec

/iii = T., Lewis call = T., C. e., I Charaff r in the Talina prelineast, who wars layout a to the 'Arithm's the toold at it. whete, have written to several Grimete. I Extend enclish that for formed to what is note sometime in Comb. 6 F THE CONTRACTION is in whit is note sometime to become their signamines would note into it.

10. 033 5 5.0-2075 CHE 21 THY . 1-1 -3

NUL COLF, Industore, who to notive in forming the flats dirith notion squade, has not a provingion to use the 2000 Fig in Criecte as a sector place for the non-org of the courts. The 2000 will direct his request at the rest reative. It is eather a that normalized will be around to all 2001.

11. - 5 6/ 32. (15) etc 13 50. Sent 5

, ·--

In a convinction with is Col +1 - DIGCUS, the following information was supplied:

a. Lordia; monters of the Cormittic for the Lefence of Italianity in Trioste and Latria are discussing the possibility of patriotic processions to be envalued in Urisate on 20 Upr.

i. To definite place have near reduce pat to state formatentions on that date, but the "Security as is in favor of semicrine sculing proconsists."

c. It was not orchwish, during there discussions, that the proceres of eavilian polloe may stated as a abolic a and will furn eventual processions into disturgence.

d. 22 2009 A thiorned course that is lateria at ease in ste on 16 Car to avoid a repairion of the union whether this is such converse.

1.4-00000

ing the grade stated that there is no day of the ( ) or eth  ${f r}$ In W- Wild's stated that there is no Landro f tool. For oth r Italian partice or automatic a construction on 20 have. Found that it had it on not by to all automatics and 2000 Mill. There we and the print to or each a density element of Wild's of the preparation part than on 20 have. Containing the state of the preparation part that that where the probability of the preparation of the pre-table where the part and are for the to have nothing to with him.

to with him weak

13. 110 116 G. 1216 143 92 146. V.1 M.2

reflected to the pure (with, an or estimates constants of  $\pm 1$ m more relative the relative constraints of the co r is the group tiple a plan rep last and to an a still could be transfer to the could be transfer.
et last out.

This surplue founded (y 171 1 27, elusion. A cartain " MTC", Franceson is a war active set or with The TTF. At present this wroup is £100:001111

a. Mintra whose an 20 Mar. N. 7 Mard - service attraction the Manaplay Processic Circles F migrarthre.

		,		
VIA- AIR	Situdit Education	DISPATCH NO. STTA-3769		•
(37) CH I HAN (4 348 900 H)	Sharet Control			
	US FILEND BOY CLASSIFICATION			
TO : Chief, SE	5月	DATE: 5 Pourinry 1954		
FROM : Chief of Mission, 7	riesvel 2	20: Senior Representative, Rome		
SUBJECT: GENERAL- 101/1173L	j.			
SPECIFIC- ISI Activit	ties and Plans for 20 Ma	rch 1954		
NET: THIE 2069; STTA-3697,	, cates 14 January 1954			
	~~ ·	/		
<ol> <li>The following information 1954, a report of the □</li> </ol>	ion was obtained from 53	0/C/309(5), datea 22 January		
made available by CEON formation is 19 January		valuation is ?). Date of in-	7	
2. Riccardo GUETER-WONDALC		ating held on Via Fismondo.	•.	
Approximately thirty pe	ersons were present. CD	FTRR-WOLDRICH told the students demonstrate against the sentences	•	
imposed on students who	participated in the No	vember riots. Instead, he	, 	
		attention on preparations for udent demonstrations on that date.	•	
		ion, composed of approximately	!	
		r parties, is being formed ETTI is possibly identical with	t	
Salvatore (MARSETTI.) 5 to twenty-five men. eac	inis organization consist th sound being under one	ts of action squais of twenty leader. NU-SUTTI was expected		
to return from Rome du	ring the weekend of 23-2	i January with arms and funds ce, these arms and funds are		
supplied by prominent ;	facons in Rome and Milan	. Source stated that the or- of GEFTER-SCHERICH, although	• •	
	evade any responsibilit		• •	
		nt locations to discuss progress. Their principal task appears	,	
to be the formation of	plans for demonstration	s on 20 Marca. They state that police. The following persons		
are leaders of action :				
	tanjino DE MURCO Lis DJALNISIO			
Pasqu	nale EUONATUTO io EDECOLO		-	
Y SEIN	A (fnu), brother of Dill le 222A	IO SANNA	4	
Alla Sala	Le Fura	*	3	
Men Sta			•	
FD311 PG. E 9-00-8	Corred Beatral			
EAL 1949 51-28A			-	
Ballion Barrier - Theorem : Barrier and an international statements and a second statements and a second second		and a set of a		
			المحموم أيرين والمحموم مع العام مريد المراجع المراجع المحموم المراجع المحموم المراجع المحموم المحموم المحموم المراجع المحموم المراجع المحموم ال المحموم المحموم	
				•
				•
				۰.

14-00000

and the second

. ...

いた。日本語言語を言いて

Security Information Secret-Control US Officials Dairy 71-3769 5 February 1954 page 2 5. The following data is from TOO/O/309(4), dated 19 January 1954. Source Date of information is 12 January 1954. The following MSI members met in the Buffet Gallopin, in Piazza Goldoni: Constantino IE MARCO Aurelio D'ALESSIO Pasquale BUCCAIUTO Orazio EASCOLA (armed with pistol) SANNA (Inu) (armed with pistol) Natale ERA Subjects discussed MARSETTI's trip to Roma. MARSETTI had left for Roma on 16 January, arriving on 15 January, and had telephoned Trieste that he would "bring back the goods." The meeting also discussed plans for demonstrations on 20 Marca. It was decided to use acid in small bottles in limited quantities against the police. 6. (Dr. TEDESCHI (fnu), manager of the Ridotto in the Rossetti Theater, keeps MSI arms stored there. pichael L. Rosemore T Michael L. Rosemont 30 January 1954 Distribution: 3 - Headquarters Security Information Secret Control **ES Officials Gray** 40

4-0000

SECOL MAR GRUY FETTER NO: WEL-28265 IFON: London, England LCCAL FILT NO: ¥ J.1-23 GY PAGE REPORT 1 KADD BY: David P. Keck ANTRONED BY: Edver S. Farr CRALLT TO: DISTUINATION BY COPY TO: Mashington (1) Registry (1) R-6 ORIGINATING ERDAIWAY FISTION: SOURCE ORYPTOLITYHA TEFERENCE : Sturge Operational Pata and Company: Attention: DYCLAMOR SECRET CONTROL SECRET/CONTROL - U.S.OFFICIALS CILY 43-7-24-1170 F

. 15 15 . . Э. Э 6 5 2 Date of Information July 1052. E/ 2272 Country : ITALY Subject : The S.T.I.M. Machine Tool Factory, MILAN. Remarks : ij Bolieved reliablo, based on documentary evidence. Source : *.*[1] 13-7-24- 410 1

# IJALY

## Feetoric

#### The S.C.I.I. Machine Scol Mentory, HILE.

### Icontion.

 The first, which designs suchinery for construction in other fuctories, has its technical offices in Viale Jonna 65 and its sales department in Via T. Priceo, 3, JHAN.

Personalitica. 2: The a mager is (Dr.) (DSSE H.1.0, a German and former canager of a German eaching tool factory. He is assisted by Ing. (DESCH and by other technicicas.

Production.

3. The Firm decigns and/or produces on a sub-contracting basis the following types of machines :-

Haching tools for the manufacture of micron bearing balls, steel bearing balls, cylindrical roller bearings, conical roller bearings, enges for ball bearings, external and internal rings for ball bearings, sewing needles, bicycle accessories, fount for typeuriters, cecentric presses for hot and cold stamping, sandpapering machines, special grinders, oscillating grinders, a lactors, rotary rolling wills, control instruments, pneumatic harkers, splining machines, rectifiers, presses, drilling medines, polishing machines.

Tith the exception of some very small items, the machines designed the firm are not covered by patents. <u>Destination of Output</u>.

43-7-24-1470

The firsts products are sold on the hove market

NOT SECRET

FROM : No name, HAVANA, CUBA.

TO : SR. LUIS TEDESOUL, PICHINCHA 969, BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINE. 28th July to 14th August 1942 : Spanish 6734

14/4/4/4 OPINION AND CONDITIONS IN SPAIN : REPORTS CON ILED BY COMMUNISTS TRAL INT AVISAS WITH PASSED TAS PR & SPATN.

This cover contains Reports Nos. 350 - 3, 355 - 8 and 371, compiled from interviews with persons who have recently left Spain, and describe the attitude of the Spanish people to the war and to their Government, the extent of Garman penetration in Spain and of Spanish aid to the Axis, the activities and standing of political parties of the Right and Left in Spain, and general living conditions in the country. This group of reports contains ominions of both Gommunist and Falanjst sympathesers.

#### PREVIOUS RECORDS:

1 5560

TRI.10901/42, TRI.116-3/42, TRI.24567, and TRI.14201/42 cover groups of reports on the same subject.

8/4555

ė:..

covers a group of reports on the Spanish political scene, possibly from the same source as the above, which may be VICENTE URIBE, the Communist leader, whose headquarters are in CUBA. See also BER.14567/42, BER.14974/42, BER.19252/42.

Addressee, LUIS TEDESCHI, is shown by TRI.13528/42 to be a cover address for a UND.E. (UNION DEMOCRATICA ESPANCIA) Manifesto sent from Cuba. He may also be the TEDESCHI, ESTADOS UNIDOS 8565, who is given as a cover address in the s.w message in TRI.14725/42 (secret).

#### REPORT No.350

Results of our first conversation with a young man from TOPREL VEGA, SANTANDER, about 28 years old. At the beginning of the war he was in the army in KOROCCO and spant the whole war in Franco's army. He comes from a family of small garage-owners. Noither he mar any of his family have belonged to any political party or syndicate although his sympathies have always been on the left.

SPANISH ATTITUDE TO THE RECIES AND THE WAR. - He says that the immense majority of the Spanish people is against Franco and the Falange, workers, peasants, exployees, bourgeois, big and small and a large proportion of the soldiers and the Raquetes. He says that everyone hopes for the victory of the Allies. In it there is a blind trust, especially when the U.S. entered the war as the U.S. and England are the most powerful countries in the world, especially with the assistance of Russia. Only the Falancists desire and plan for the victory of Hitler, even though "there are many Falangists too who take a very black view of him". He says the majority of people sympathise with England. They have complete faith in the bictory of the Democracies. There are sup orters of the USSE, but the immense majority, according to our informant, do not like "communism" and prefer Democracy. He is obviously rather muddled by the Falangist processeda against the U.S.S.R. Be says that the entrance of the U.S.S.R. into the war gave rise to happiness all over the world, although there had been a great deal of confusion before, through the "Treaty of Aid between Russia and Germany." But this confusion disappeared with German aggression against the U.S.S.R. He says that the Gorman defeats on the Russian front raised morals and renewed everyons's confidence in victory. Hitler's admission in his speech of how much they had suffered in Russia in winter, and that they usre on the edge of catastronie; produced great joy mone the people. He says that the entry of the U.S. inte the Ter cannot a very good impredator; and increased people to confidence in wictory although Pearl Harbour caused some demoralisation. He says that no one wishes Spain to enter the war, except the Falangists. France does not wish it

- 2 -

<u>3/461</u>2

and desires neutrality out since those who command are Serrano Sunar himself: and the Falangists, Franco has no choice but to do what Hitler orders him, and there is serious danger of war for Spain. He says that the Anglo-Soviet and the Soviet-American pact are known through the Palan ist press which has spoken of them. They made a very good impression on the people. Asked if he knew that the said pact stipulated that after the victory mations would have freedom to decide their destinies without foreign interference, he says yes, the press published it. About the Second Front he says that everyone thinks of it, and is hoping for it to 0 en if pussible through Spain. That the day they disembark, all the people will rise. Asked what the people would do in case of a landing in France, he said that his o indon was that if that happened the Spanish people would rise, even though the invasion was not on their coasts. The agreement about the Second Front is also known. He says the people who are most fervent supporters of the Nazis are Sorrand Sumer, Primero de Rivera, and a certain Count whose name he does not anow. He often says that he knows nothing of politics, because he only read the sports news in the papers and did of want to know anything about the Falange. He says that there are many preparations for war; they are making fortifications on the coasts of Galicia and placing a considerable amount of artillery there. He says that the political force of the Falange and the syndicates is "artificial"; ev ryone hates them. The people belong to the sindicate because they can't help it, but they do not pay their dues or take them seriously. Discontent has even reached the ranks of the Falange. Many clerks, students, and people who joined it thinking they wave going to steal the music" are now very discontented, and do not pay their dues, and when they are threatened with being expelled they say that is what they are waiting for, for the Falance to play at "fisticuffs". There are many officers in the army wto are not in agreement with the Palange or the idea that Spain is to go to war. The most violent op osition comes from queipo de Llano and Yague. No one knows where Queipo is going and Yajue is thought to be in exile in the Prov. of Pontevedra. Both were cashiered, Queipo for protesting against food leaving for Germany and Yague because in a speech at Zaragoza, he said - wwe do desire a great and free Spain, but without any Plue Shirts, Red Shirts, or prisoners."

All the sergeants say that they are very discentented, because they earn 5 pts. wich keeps them very short and of the soldiers he says-min a word they are hungry, many years in barracks, and then the danger that they night be sent to war". He says that they are well-uniformed, just as well as before the war. They have dismissed the 1941 Draft. He thinks that there was very little sympathy for the Division Asul and the people laughed at those who volunteered. 40% were forced to go, others went because they were hungry, and there were/volunteers. He says that survivors came back in a state of panic, there was a lack of food and equipment, several of them mutilated themselves in order to escape from this inferno. All say that the Russians are very well-armed and fight with great courage.

HELP TO THE NAZES. — He says that his opinion is that a great deal of food is taken to Germany, although he can give no details, but if there is no food and olive oil in Spain where is it? He says that in Torrelavega the "Fabrica Continental" is working at high pressure, making tyre covers, while in Spain transport is held up for want of them.

THE CHURCH. — He says that it is not true that in the Church there are anti-German and Anti-Falangist groups. The supporters of the Regime are the Falange, the Germans and the Clergy, in that order. The Church wishes for the triumph of Germany, in spite of her anti-Catholic policy because they believe that in that case they will be able to preserve their position of influence. He says that English and Russian news can be heard alth ugh it is very difficult and is forbidden although there is no watch or inspection. He says that everybody is against the Falange and submissione to Germany, including the monarchists and the rich on whom the Falangists impose large fines for racketeering. Many of the monarchists, bourgeois etc. are on the side of England. Democracy is considered as a possible substitute for the Regime. A democratic Republic like there was before the war. A Regime of peace and work. Speaking of the solution of the present situation, he says that they want a regime of peace and not a revolution. The contradicts himself by saying t stit will not be achieved by peaceful means. He says that this would be the best but that the deaths, the betrayals, the crimes must be avenged. The people are very united and there are not the old differences between the parties of the Frente Popular. The policy of National Union is unknown, he has heard no one speak of it.

DETAILS F THE PEOPLE IS STRUCCEE - He says that he thinks that secret organisations function, especially in Bilbao and he says particularly "It is" a city of brave gen". He says that notices rainted on the walls are aften seen there. He only remembers one "Less Franco, more white bread". Asked if the nitices were signed by any party he says no, because it would give away the people who had done it. He says that he knows, because he was told, that in Bilbao there were illegal pamphlets and even a newspaper in circulation. but he does not know their content. He thinks that there just have been a clandestine press, but as he was hever an idealist the people who did thuse things would not trust him, and as he is out of everything he does not know any details". He says he thinks that the people working in Tilbao are nationalists and communists, especially the latter. That a few muchs are two Italian submarines, badly damaged by English planes, came into Santander. Two hundred persons were arrested for discussing this, and many people thought that the second front has already begun. He gives no more details. He says that Serrano Suner was the object of an attack in Madrid when he met Arress, and when the latter tried to protect Suner he was seriously wounded and had to undergo a critical o eration. Asked if he thought there was sabotage etc., he says no - the disorganisation of the train services is due to all the employees being new and not knowing their business.

QUERILLEPOS -- He says that "El Carinoso" was working in Santander and "The Railwaymen" too; that "El Carimoso" cane from Herrenes and had his headquarters in Santander. That he was recently killed through quarrels and imbroglios caused by his girlfriend who was from the J.C. and nad another lover, and it was he who was arrested at the same time as El Carinoso. It was he who informed against them all. Many people love the Juerilleros, although there are many people who help them through fear, as for example a relation of his from muon they took his only pig, but in general the Guerilleros behave excellent ly. "El Carinoso" was once in Barcelona, where he went in a cab to get his testh fixed. El Carinoso was not a politician but took to the mountains in order to avange the death of his cousin who was assassinated by the Falance. That they often, like the guerilleros of Asturias, disguised themselves as Civil Guard, went down to the villages, and arrested the Falandsts. But where there are wak most Guerilleros, and the most active, is in Asturias. Six months ago, about three hundred guerilleros were ready to embark on the coast in order to leave Spain. But there was a quarrel and a terrific fight between these guerilleros and the forces of authority, with many dead, and after that they retreated to the mountains. He says that the politicians hamaxanan sho are most po ular are Prieto and Azana. Some speeches of Prieto's have been cir-culated through Bilbao, but he does not know what they say. here is also in circulation an article, reproduced from an English paper, reprinted by an employee in the Real Comp. Asturiana, de Inz. Republicana. The article refers to the powers and resources of the Allies and their chances of victory. He says he does not know of any activity of the compunists, that this is obviously the activity of other p-ople who are not communists; that for example the man who reprinted the article and those who read it were all on the Republican Laft, and if there is any communist activity it is so camoufla ed that no one knows who is the author. He says that during the crossing they were detained by the English in Bermuda and in Baltimore by the Americans. That the English made a short examination, they did not interrogate them in front of everybody and left them the letters they carried. In Baltizore they were interrogated one by ine and were asked about fortifications, food, if they sent it to Germany, etc. When our informant said he had been in Franco's army up to the war-they asked himwhy he did not desert to the Republican army.

SOLIDARITY. - He says there is no organisation for solidarity, that this only exists between groups of friends who have a relation or acquaintance in prison. They are not allowed to visit the prisoners more than once a week. He says that the killing goes on, and that in Weg, a few days before he left, a lightenant of the Civil Quard was shot for having gone for a walk along "at his own risk".

#### REPORT No.351

MARIA RODRIGUEZ, about 29 years old. Comes from a confortably-off peasant family in the Province of Orense. She is very sluggish and at every question repeats that she does not know and that women do not understand many thin s. She had only a little more than an hour to spare as she was busy in the evening and had to leave for the interior in the morning.

\$/4612

<u>WAR</u> — She says that she was surprised when she arrived in Havana as she thinks there is more enthusiasm in S ain than here and more confidence in an American victory. The peasants "like everyone else" would like the "American" to win, even those on the Right are sure the dermans will lose. She cannot explain the nature of Franco's assistance to Hitler, she says only that "as it was the Germans who won, Spain owes them more than it has". She cannot be explicit, either, about the dangers of war, but she says that Franco's soldiors, the young men in general, and as a concrete instance a unthar of hers who served five jutues in Franco's gray; may that they will go up into the mountain and shoot before going again to the war. About the Division Azul she knows only that when it was first formed a volunteer left from her district. He was an outlaw who had committed crimes and she says that he went through fear of the consequences. The people do not like the Blue Division. They were not asked for anything for the "volunteers".

FUTURE PROSPECTS - She insists that there is great confidence that it will soon change. So much so that a Republican who was hidden for years and afterwards discovered told her to tell her husband "Do not leave because things will soon change" The village has a hundred inhabitants, and she says that they all hope it will change; but from what we can gather this confidence is based entirely on an Allied victory. She says that if the English upened a second front in Spain the people would revolt, but she says she has heard no c, inions on this point. The people speak mithout fear. She relates that the Falangists tried to take a pistol from har father and that he hid it. They threatened him, they took him in a car telling themesteredereder him that they were going to knock his head off, but the old man remained firm, telling them to do what they liked. They did not do anything to him nor dia they get the pistal. As an example of solidarity against the Falange the old man said he had sold the pistol to a man who was going to America. They told him to prove it, the old brought as witnesses two peasants who lived more than a league away, without having agreed on a story first, but being quite convinced that the peasants when they saw the Falangists, if only for the sake of contradicting them, would say that what he said was true. A little later they sent him a notice for a Falangist meeting and he refused to go. She does not know if the other peasants did.

<u>ARMY</u> — She knows t.at a short time are they discussed the 36 (1936) Draft. Her husband was on service in Orense and deserted and went to Cuba. Immediately the Captain of the Company and a lieutenant went to him house to make inquiries. His brother told them "In his circumstances I do not know what I would have do ne", and the captain and the lieutenant went away saying - "He is right".

PRASAMTS. -- As we have already said, she belongs to a family which is comfortably off, they have several labourers in their employ. She says that the day la bourers, and the farmer are equally gainst the Gevernment and the Germans. To illustrate the situation she says that the daily wage is 20 pts. without food, and 5-mith-food. They all prefer the 5 and food, because otherwise they have nothing to eat. The peasants are very discontented, and show it openly to the Falangist officials when they come to inspect the harvest and when they Fir the prices, saying - "They have no right to do it, it is an abuse", but it appears that it go es no further then this. They have not requisitioned anything but theyforce them to sell to the official buyers who issue permits to authorized buyers. These individuals take the produce to large shops and amass recal fortunes. A quintal of potatoes, they have to sell at 30 pts. and they are sold afterwards by the dealers at the standard rate of four or live ptas the kilo, that is to say at a 800% profit, to private people who require them. And if the peasants take their produce to the market they have to sell it at the standard rate to the dealers. Bo peasant takes any rye to the market, they prefer to run the risk of selling it to private peo le. This is the only way in which they can

1. 15. 9

centimes. She says that they ware taking a few things to America anithey made them pay in Fielato, in Orense, and in Vigo, and if they ! ad passed through

more provinces they would have had to pay again.

#### REPORT No. 352

Information volunteered by three Galician easants, bot members of political parties. They remained throughout the war in Franquist territory, although only one of them fought in the array. Very backward politically, anti-Franquist, and more anti-Falangist. <sup>9</sup>ith the exception of one who was in Asturias as a soldier, the others never left their village which is a hamlet in Galicia.

SPANISH ATTITUDE TO THE WAR AGAINST HITLE: - The majority of the Spanish people with the exception of the very rich and the Falangists are against Franco and the Falange. They explain that Falangists see what is coming to them through the crimes they have committed, and they are the people who really wish for a Oerman victory, with the object of saving their skins, and the money they have stolen from the people. In Spain, in general, no one wants the war, since they are exhausted, according to our informants, except for the Falangists. I, is said that Franco is a partisan of neutrality, and daily visits the British Ambassador at his private residence and has interviews with him. In spite of this they say there is a danger of Spain being rushed into the war against her will, because in Spain the Germans are the masters. All the world believes that the Allies will be the victors except the Falange. Before the stack on Russia many people were demoralised by the German alwances and began to "think them invincible". When Russia entared the war, enthusiasm and confidence in Hitler's defeat increased enormously, but that was especially when the Russian victories began.

They say: - I do not know what would have happened to us but for Russia; the Namis would be masters of the world. They also say that the Nami army will not stand another winter of war, that they have suffered such losses that the next Russen winter offensive will defeat them although there is no talk of a Second Front. They are sure that the Democracies will win the war. They admire the resistance of the U.S.S.R. They say that G rmany has already lost the war as a consequence of the losses suffered in Hussia. The entrance of the U.S. into the war contributed to increase the already existing confidence in victory. They do not know of the Anglo-Soviet and Soviet-American agreements, nor the agreement about the second front. One of our informants asked us what "O Hitler 1942" meant and when we told him he said that they also said it in Spain, because in order to achieve it it was necessary to open a second front. They think that if there was a landing in France the people would rise. They also say that there are rumours that they land in Galicia and in this case thewhole of Galicia would revolt to help the Allies. The same thing would happen in any part of Spain.

The "DIVISION AZUL" is hated by the majority of the people. They say that the majority have been forced to volunteer, and explain how the recruiting is done. Anyone who does not want to go and fight Communiam, take a step forward. Some enlisted because of the desperate situation they were in. Some enlisted, too, bec because they were stalwart Palangists. When the recruits left the province a great many people went to see them off, calling them "sons of bitches" and insulting their mothers. When one contingent of "Volunteers" came back from the Russian front at Trun they had to leave the train because the people were sto ning. them. Many people kentucker came back maimed and with frostbite. They tall terrible istories about the Germans and the horrors of the war. They say the Russians are very brave and fight with great courage. That they have large supplies of an unition, and that things on the Russian front are not like the papers said they were. They said that the food on the Russian front was very scarce and bad. It was sent to them from Spain and they suffered many hardships. They all wished to return to Spain as soon as possible; they repented of having enlisted.

"Sero hour for Hitler in 1942 ".

HELP GIVEN BY THE IRANQUIST REGIME A'D THE FALANCE TO VITLER. - How and then they send reinforcements to the Division Appl in groups of a thousand or one thousand five hundred. They say that /in order to replace the casualties and the those who return crippled. Even the Falancists themselves say - "the Russian front is a very serious matter ". Those who are recruited to replace losses in Russia are recruited by force, by the process already mentioned. All aircen have to serve some months on the Eastern Front as "training". They say that lately they were training about 150 pilots to s and them to Russia. The war factories are workingat high pressure. The Germans are directing the erection of an aerodrome in the province of Lugo. In Gal cia very few Jermans are to be seen. Military instruction is obligatory for boys and y withs in the "Frente de la Eliventud". They also train youths from 15 onwards to serve in aviation. A friend of the informants told them that there passed daily through a city in the North fifty card loaded wit war material in the direction of the French frontier. German submarines refuel at Redondela and Vigo. He says that Enclish meroplanes often make recommissance flights over the herbours of Galicia. They describe Serrano Suner as the most subservient to the Maxis and in general to the Falangists who have crimes behind them or who have become rich through roubing the people.

3,4012

Those who go to work in Germany are those workers who have nework, or even if they have any live in the greatest poverty. They believe that by going to Germany they will be able to solve their economic situation and that of their families. The groups and are not very large, according to our informants, at least in Galicia. This is understandable because the Germans prefer specialists. According to our informants, three workmen came back from Germany who say that in Germany the situation is terrible. They hardly eat, there is great poverty. They have the impression that Germany will not resist long in consequence of the situation there is in the country. They also say that a group of Spanish workmen were thrown out of the country because "they caused trouble".

FRICTION BETWEEN THE RULING CLASSES — He does not know of any dissension in the army except the case of Mague and Queipo, and gives data which is already known. The soldiers in general are against the entry of Spain into the war...They live in very bad conditions, badly fed, badly clothed and ill-reated by the officers, especially by the recently recruited Falandists. They all wish to be demoked ised as soon as possible. They have demobilised the '39 draft. By their conversation we observe that the soldiers from the "national" and the "Red" zones receive different treatment. In Galisia there are rany soldiers from Cataluma who have already spent several years in the army. They do not take it difficult for youths of military age to leave Spain; they cited their own cases. One of them is 18, the other 24 years old.

THE PEOFLE'S REET STANCE TO THE WAR AND THE FRANCE ST RESIRE - They say that there is no resistance there at all, because no one can act, and passivity is the opinion and state of a nd of the people. Then we insist they say there have been various train smashes and some derailments which they think were due to sabotage as well as to the defective material. Everyoody knows the British and Soviet war communiques and they are discussed in private conversation. Some people take them down in shorthand and later circulate them. He says that in Vigo there is a secret transmitting station, but it was discovered by the police and all those connected with it shot. They were said to belong to the republican Left ("Isogierda Republicant") and mong those shot there was one doctor and other intellectuals. He does not know any more details. Women couplain loudy in queues of the shortage of foodstuffs. He knows because the rundur went round there that Prieto made a speech in the White House before Roosevelt, and that Roosevelt embraced him saying that the Americas were behind the Spaniards. This speech too is circulating in clandestine copies, but he never could see one. He says that there is no organised political activity because this is impossible. He tells several jokes which are going the rounds, and quotis this one: - "Recently they made a film called "We Shieves are Henest Men". Beneath the announcement of this film in Vigo, someone wrote "The Caudillo's Own Words". He says the press give most space to the English War com uniques and the U.S. war news bulletins.

THAT IS THE ATTITUDE OF THE PEOPLE TOWARDS NATI NAL UNION. - Talking of Unity they way textually "There, there are no parties, there are only anti-franquists, and all the differences between sections of the Popular Front have disappeared.

Lister is known and has a following in Galicia. The politicians with most prestige are Prieto and Asana and Negrin, although Negrin is the most hated by the Falangists".

FUTURE PROSPECTS. - He thinks of the Republic as the Regime to substitute for Fascism, but without a revolution, and he immediately adds that the Republic will come because when the Germans are at their weakest the whole people will revolt and avenge the crimes of the Falangists. The people's blood rises when they see those who assassinated their relations dressed up in blue shirts. The Falange consists only of professional assassing and robbers. Those who wear the shirt can be recognized by their faces. Those who joined the Falange at first now do not want to know anything about it, and do not want anyone to wear the shirt. There is friction between Requetes and Falangists. The people hate the Requetes less than the Falangists. They say that the schools teach only militarism and religion. There are many little boys who can hardly read, but who can speak of military operations with maps, artillery and aviation. A teacher who was dismissed and came back to his post, told our informants that the Ministry constantly sents then books of military tactics, so that they could teach them to the children. The summer camps for children consist of conding boys to camp and teaching them drills

GENERAL SITUATION OF THE PEOPLE. - They spoke of the terrible poverty endured by th the people, and the high price of food; wages have hardly been raised in comparis son with those paid under the Republic. The Committees of Supply get hold of agricultural products and only leave a small quantity per person for the whole year's supply. Already in their village the Falange had listed the crop although they had not yet requisitioned it, which they had already done in other parts of Galicia. Falangists speculate in foodstuffs, selling them at high prices and so get rich. He says that in Figo a large quantity of rice went bad and had to be thrown into the sea because they would not sell it to the people at lower prices. The rationing is quite inadequate. They were a whole year without seeing olive oil. Naturally on the Black Market it could be bought at 50 pts and more. In a year they only had bread twice. A very small meal in a restaurant costs 16 pts. Two courses and dessert 25 pts. One of them was charged 75 pts. for eating and sleeping in a pension in Vigo one day. A pair of shoes costs 25 pts., a poor suit 500, a dosen eggs 18 or more pts. The people hate the Conmittees of Supply used by the Palangists to make themselves rich. They say that there is the greatest immorality in all official organisations and everyone steals.

In the prisons there are still many people. They treat the prisonars very badly. In the prison of Oviedo, which has a capacity for 600 there are more than 5,500 prisoners. There are batallions of forced labour (workers they call them); they grant some people conditional liberty but they send them to districts where they know no one and where they die of hunger.

Generally these three young men have great confidence in the victory over Ritler, and say Germany may break up this very year.

#### REPORT No. 353
SITUATION OF THE FRANNUIST REGIME - 80% of the Spanish people are against the Franquist regime. He says that to assess accurately the solution desired by this misely percent is very difficult. Some wish, specifically, for the restorall is of the Republic, but he saintens that that everyone is longing for change in the Resiss, enably no to relieve the really chaotic situation is a change in the faction, something to relative us that is inder the Republic, and therefore then he talked tith poule they always underlined the enormous difference there the between that life and life under the present regime). The Falancial unity they search of is a myth. Division in the Franquist Camp grows daily. The Falcacieta wite impecas in the streets and so do the Requesses, but their electric are controlletory. The Falancists accuse the rest of being curs and wratters to the goetrine of the Falange. For example, he talked to a Falanziat licutencet - the man case from Cube to fight at Pranco's side in the cafe 51 Cate Degree in Marrie, a fee days before embarking. He seemed to be asheed of the present attuation in Spain. He excused himself by repeating the Palancial the that the Palance had been betrayed. (This must refer to the Amarchices, Requess, and ether resett narics). The Palanzists are evers of the present situation in Sala, Barbapa that is the reason may they are seeking a solution which will presserve their class privileges. In his own phrass - the Presidet retine take from a very this thread, which sust map very soca. (Perhane this is not only the step of our informant, but also of some allitary and civil leaders with when he was clearly connected). For this reason, be says, they have tried to give the tepression of a change, taking advantage of the Commer Corporatives, and, if it is true, with the restoration of a Paleagiat-Spacerchy.

ON THE HORANCE - There is, he says, no public achivity with this goal. There does not exist what we might call psychological receptivity for this measures but undoubtedly machinations in this direction are being carried on by high officials of the Franchist Regime. He was in Madrid on the 22 - 23 June 1942, at the time of the visit of Den Juan. His visit was not given any publicity, but there were widespread police precautions. The streets nearest to the palace were closed to the public and a strict watch was kept. There were also arrests of suspicious persons, those who had been in prison etc. But the press gave mo sign. The presence of Bon Juan was public property. The people seemed completaly indifferent. The monarchists displayed no activity either. Perhaps, he added. they took processionary measures with some people characterised by their adhesion to the Monarchy. His impression is that if the monarchy were restored in Spein it would be in alliance with the Falangists, but the peorle would still have the impression that the situation had changed. E9 maintained that there would be the semblance of a coup distat, exparently directed against the Falange, but Franco would remain head of the army. If so, Mhings would, fundamentally, remain her as they are; that is, the Spanish State would still be satiraly subordinated to Eitler, and mithout changing the policy of "partiality" they now maintain, to one of "meatrality" in the war. They would take this step, in his opinion, only in the last resort, if faced with a second front in Burops, and on the appreach of Hitler's defeat, which would, naturally have an immediate repercussion on the countries subject to the Maxis in Europe.

ON THE COMPLETE SUBSERVIEW OF THE FRANQUIST REGIME TO HITLER. -- In Spain the Falangists do not speak of their position of "Neutrality" in the war but of epartiality". This is their attempt to justify the help they give to the Ards. There are German submarine refuelling stations in Vigo, Reiondela, and on the Galician coast. This is public property, but every now and then the press publishes a complete denial that Aris submarines refuel in Spain. These demials are very frequent but they do not give much proof. Those who can see tenker-launches carrying on this work langh at these ridiculous denials. Also on more than one occasion German submarines have been repaired in Spanish dockyards. In Galicia it is quite impossible to get a pot of jam. All the preduction, which is energous, goes to the Germans. There are places on the frontier, through which trains pass with produce for Hitler. There are fortifications and artillery on the coasts of Galicia, where the Germans are in command. There are also new acrodromes; some already finished and some under construction by German technicians. They fear an Allied invasion in Galicia. Hitler is assisted not only with food and primary materials, but also with men.

「日本語」になった

などの方法である

日本へには、日本の日本の日本日本にある

There is continuous propaganda for the sanding of volunteers as workers to Oermany. Unwilling contingents of soldiers have left for the Blue Division.

THE DIVISION AZUL was a Falancist manoeuvre to give political importance to some Falancist leaders. The manoeuvre turned out very badly. This Division is the most unpopular innovation of the Falance. Our informant talked with 11 survivors of the division, who had returned from the Russian front on account of their wounds. One of them was 18 when he left as a volunteer, without the consent of his family. He asked if he would return to the front again and he answered categorically My eyes have been opened. I will never return<sup>6</sup>. They all speak of the bad food they are given - mainly vitamin pills and pots of jam. They speak of the courage and fighting spirit of the Russian army, but above all of the contempt with which the Ogrmans treated them. They regarded them as infarior beings and they also said that when they caid compliments to the German women, a Spanish custor, they answered them disdainfully as if they despised them. There were cases of self-cutilation in the ranks of the Blue Division. At any rate their panic was obvious, and they refused to return. Everybody speaks ill of the Division Asul.

Its commander Manos Grande, is the most despised of soldiers. Countless jokes about this division circulate in Spain. Our informant knows several, but cites the following as an example which came from the Club Benevente-Arniches etc. "KI Gato Negro" in Madrid. Manos Grande sent a telegram to the political address of the Blue Division at the front - this was the address; F.E.T. URSS M.G. The telegram arrived and no one could decipher it, but finally a soldier said - "This is quite clear", and read the following words - "We were all deceived. Serrano Sumer is the only one responsible. Many thanks". ("Puimos enganados todos. Unico responsable S.Sumer. Machas gracias").

ON THE DANCER OF WAR FOR SPAIN AT HITLER'S SIDE. - His impression is that Spain will will continue to assist Mitler as she is doing now but that she will not enter the war. Some of the Generals are in disagreement with the present policy among them Varela, Arenda, Yagus, Queipo etc. Among the soldiers the feeling against the Pascist Regime is very marked. They complain of bad food, treatment, clothes.... too much time spent on marches etc. Queipo, on his return from Italy was rule to Serrano Sunar and struck him for which he was seat back to Italy. General Aranda spent a month at Gijon and talked to our informant. They had an interview. Our informant has a real admiration for Aranda, who, he says, is a gentleman. He says that Aranda appeared to be Laftist. Among his remarks he remembers the following words. We Spaniards are robbers. We are, and we have been for some time. If you walk through the Castellana of Madrid you will see the susptuous palaces owned by Wesler (?) and Pramo de Rivera, etc. built wi with the blood of the Cuban people and the poor Spaniards who went to defend the Spanish colonies. The colonies were lost but the military leaders, whose duty it was to defend them, enriched themselves. How it is the same thing over egain. We made a revolution in order to bring progress to Spain but we have spilt blood in torrents uselessly. The result was not worth the expense of so much blood and so much repression ".

In his conversation, although he said nothing against the Oermans, he showed contempt for the Falangists who are enriching themselves; he showed particular fear of the treatment meted out to the soldiers in barracks. His impression is that it was a result of the seriousness of the situation through which the Franquist regime was passing and fear of what the outcome might be. He said nothing about the state of the war, and whether he was a partisan of England. In the conversation he had with the General 1t is possible that there was another aspect, which through discretion he did not repeat.

HUNGER SITUATION. - The situation has become noticeably worse during the last months. For several months already the rationing has been practically mil. The rich buy everything on the Black Market. Our informant, with his wife and five children spent from 9.600 to 10.000 a month on food alone. He says that during the year his expenditure on food - he does not drink nor smoke - was 180.000 pesetas. Of course he had a special clothes budget - 600 pesetas for a suit and 180 to 200 for a pair of shoes. When asked how the workers live who ears 19 to 15 pts. salary or perhaps less, he says very badly. They do not eat, and adis that besides they cannot earm more. Is the workers and the people in general had a greater purchasing power, life wild be impossible in Spain as they would also buy on the Black Market and no one would eat. Therefore the privileged classes can eat, and they can only do it if they have a fortune. They accuse the Falangist leaders and the Government of racketeering on the Black Marketes. Demense fortunes have been made in a night. "They go tobed poor and wake up aillionairess This is the only explanation of the fact that one is allowed two packets of tobacco at 0.90 per person per week, and in the Cospania Arrenditaria de Tobacos, which is a state monopoly, one person can buy from 100 to 10,000 packets of the 0.90 at 7.50 a packet. He also relates the following instance. Petrol is scarce in Spain. A litre costs 15. pts. Cars frequently stop in the streets for lack of it. He cites a case which happened in the spreet of Gijon. A distinguished military personage had no petrol He saw a tank-convoy of Campsa pass and asked the chauffeur for a few litres, and when he refused, he ordered them to give it to him, as a superior officer. The chauffeur refused again, and in a panic explained that he could not do it because he was not carrying petrol but olive oil, without being able to explain which military leader or leaders it was destined for, although he knew it was to be sold/contraband.

- He cannot calculate the number of prisoners there SITUATION OF THE PPISONERS. are actually at the soment although he asserts that it is at any rate enormous. By reason of his position he has vis ted prisons and fortresses, and is terrified at the terrible treatment in the "Comissias" Civil Guard barracks etc. On more than one occasion he says he has saved more than one Republican from o rtain death. The prison that he knows is the Coto at Oijon. It is at the moment completaly full. The treatment is inhuman. They do not give the prisoners a call number but allocate them only a square meter for sleeping, standing sto. That is to say that when a prisoner arrives he is given a metre of ground. Nor do they give them a mess. Lately they agreed to give them a peseta dely for maintenance. He does not understand why there are not more deaths, as with one peseta a day in the prison canteen one can only buy bread. They gook the miners who were prisoners to camps so that they could work in the mines. They gave them 50 wins. day wages for bachelors and a peseta for a wife and 50 cts. for each child, to the married ones. They keep then working ten and twolve hours deily in the mine. The number of shootings has disimished. It is imputed to the fact that "almost all must have been tried".

<u>THE CLERCY</u> — He says that the clergy have never intervened in politics from the pulpit as much as they do now, sometimes inveighing against the Franquist Gevernment, and at other times, naturally, defending the policy of the Falange. Numbers of the priests and monks continually excound their view on the political regime and the points on which they differ from it. As a characteristic example he relates that about two months ago in Gijon there was a house used provisionally as the Church of San Jose, which was destroyed during the war. A priest, "professor at Salamanca, gave five lectures. In these lectures he spoke almost exclusively on political Questions, and attacked the Franquist Government for their method of supply and distributing the foodstuffs smong the people, saying that what was wanted was more rationing and less Franquist regulations. He also advocated the necessity of a pardon for all condermed people and other things that our informant does not remember. 500 people went to the first lecture, but im the second one, when they heard what the subject was, was attended by literally all (H jon.

<u>RECONSTRUCTION</u>. — Reconstruction is only done as a matter of private enterprise by proprietors and churches. In Madrid, the Montana barracks, the prison, the workers districts, damaged by the bombardments, remain as they are. Nothing has been rebuilt. The Arguellos district has been partly rebuilt. Every owner has taken in hand his own property. The Franquist reconstitution policy is a mythe The people mock at it and make jokes, among them the following - In Gijon they moved a erected a building marked "Reconstruction Office"; in the hallway there were two doors, one marked "for partial destruction" and the other "for total destruction" So a well-known Asturian who was visiting the office about his house which had been partially destroyed went into that department. Once inside, there were two more doors - "for those who have some resources, and for those who have not". He went through the first door, there was another room with two doors - "for those who are Falangists, and for those who are not". He want through the second door and found himself in the street.

PACTS ABOUT PESISTANCE. - In Spain acts of sabotage are carried out on the railways, factories, etc., although he cannot decide whether these are organised actions decreed by illegal organisations of Spanish Republicans or are spontaneous acts of workers who are enemies of the Falangist regime. He does not know any concrete instance of the activity of the workers organisations, C.P.S. etc., but when he was in Madrid on the 22nd and 23rd of last June, there was a film on called "We Thieves are Honest Man". There were thousands of lampoons done on that, some very claver and suggestive which were scattered throughout Hadrid. According to our informant, one day the laspoons appeared printed in the same type lettering as the poster, with the following - Pwords of the Caudillo, from a recent speech". For tis reason there were arrests and a number of beatings in Madrid. Es also saw how the people had lost their fear. In the Oran Wis in Madrid a man cried out that he was not only red but communist. and he could not endure this any more. Apparently the people told him to be silent out he did not take any notice. The R.A.F. bombardment of Cologne, which was known in Spain from the English beadcasts, was celebrated almost all over Spain by the people who stayed up much later than the usual time in the streets, drinking in bars, etc. He says that even the police took part as they are largely Anglophile.

<u>GUERTILEROS</u> — He says that there are many in Asturias; there is a state of war. There are more and the 'Tercic'. The guerilleros appear occasionally in the villages and avenge the deaths of anti-fascists who have been murdered by the Falange. They take food and clothes. Once his car was stopped by a group of them in the street of Llames. They were dressed as Falangists. Then he showed his papers as Consul of Cuba and proved he was not the previous consul Pena, a known Falangist, they saluted him and said - "Long live the people of Cuba". He says that although they behaved correctly he was rather afraid. He knows that a short time ago the guerilleros of Campocase had Might with the Civil Guard and killed several people, among them some well known Hamgists in the district. It appears that the Guerilleros are magnificently armed.

FUTURE PROSPECTS. - He believes firmly that Hitler will be defeated this years No has great faith in the people of Spain and France, sto. Masi-dominated Europe will arise, since this life cannot continues "even one winter more". He is confident that the U.S.S.R. will not be defeated; on the contrary the Soviet battlefronts will be the end of Hitlerism. He believes that England and the U.S., in opening a second front, will count on the help of peoples eppressed by the Masis, in France or in Spain, and things will move rapidly. The Spanish people are waiting for the invation of the Allies in order to take arms in the streets against their rulers. The Spaniards trust in the Allies and hope that the Second Front will not be long delayed. Soviet and English broadcasts archistened to; they follow the progress of is war. They hate the Germans and the Italians. These who before supported France are now his ensuries and partisans of the defeat of Hitler. The Spanish people hope to escape from this situation by the defeat of Hitler and trust in the Restoration of the Republic.

Cuba. -- 28.7.42.

#### REPORT No.355

ANCHI MARTINEZ, 26 years old, is a student from Bilbas. He is not a consistent Fascist or anti-Fascist either, as his opinions/Fither confused.

SPANISH ASSESSME TOWARDS THE HAR. - He says that no one speaks of the war because they take the view that Spain will not enter it. All the world thinks that Germany will lose the war because her enemies are very strong. He says that nothing is said about the second front. About the Blue Division he says that the people are against those who went to Russia, chiefly because they think them mad. He taked to a friend of his who came backfrom Russia, who was thoroughly glad to be back. He said that our entire war was child's play compared with this one and the way the Russians fight. He says that some faftists werein the Division through hunger, and some were Falangist adventurers, and in spite of its being said that all are volunteers it is obvious that many were forced into it. He says that in the Gibraltar demonstration, there were only four Falangists, "who do not know what war means".

In general he pretends to be slow and tries to get out of the questions with trifling answers. We think it is because he feels constrained by a Falangist who is with Him. He declares that he is against Serrano Suner, but he says he is quite favourable to Franco because he promulgates laws which favour the people and is a partisan of neutrality besides. When we give him examples, especially that of the Blue Divison, to show him what Franco's neutrality snounts to, he maintains that they are all volunteers. He says they are always speaking in favour both of Germany and the Allies, because Franco wishes to stand well with both sides. He says that when the state of onon-belligerence" was established the people were content because before that they were afraid of being involved in the war. This fear, he says , is not so strong now. When asked what he would do if he were in Spain and the Spanish people were involved in the war he answered - "Iwould go to the mountains or spend a bulled on the first officer who tried to force mes. He says that many Spaniards would do the same if Spain were forced into the war, because it would be so terribles

SUPPORT GIVEN BY THE FRANUIST RADIES TO HITLER. -- He does not know the proporations of this assistance but he says that volunteers continue to leave for the front. In the same way he thinks that if the Ogrmans did not take provisions from Spain all the needs of the country would be supplied. With this idea he complains against the Ogrmans and against Serrano Sumer above all. Falancists in uniform are now only seen in parades.

WORKERS FOR GERMANY - He says that a few months ago they sent a great quantity of workers to Germany. They were almost all Galicians, and very few from Bilbao. A little later they were returned because "they were being deceived", "getting into difficulties". Ethen he was asked to be more precise he said that when they got to Germany they asked to be returned to Spain, and so they did with almost all of them.

<u>TEPRON</u> — He says there are no persecutions or executions. Then the execution of Larranaga was mentioned he said that the people had no knowledge of these crimes. About the refugees he says that the people talk of their isturning to Spain when the war is over.

<u>FRICTICN</u> — On this point, without being questioned, he says that the Equetes and Falangists cannot meet, because when the two parties were analgamated the Exquetes were pushed into the background, and that is the reason they prefer the monarchy. On this point he says that he has heard nothing about the restoration nor about the differences between certain leading factions in the armys

<u>RESISTANCE.</u> — At first he said that no one speaks about the war or any other problems because the people are afraid. But afterwards he said that people remember the Republic and how well they lived them. May does not report any example of remistance to the war. He says that the Bationalists have a lot of influence, but not so other parties, among them ours. Prieto has no influence d ther. In general it is obvious that he is ignorant of many things or does not dare to speak of them.

UNITY - All the anti-Fascists are united, but he gives no details.

FUTURE PROSPECTS — Then the war ends with the victory of the Allies Pranco will fall, and he thinks that the Republic will return. He thinks it will happen soon because the situation is unbearable, although "there is no need to think of Revolution" He says that if the Oermans invaded Spain the people would rise. As we said, he is straying for his bachelors degree. His matriculation costs, including the price of books, about 500 pts; before it used to cost 200. He says that studying has become very difficult. He says that all students balong to the S. 3.0. although it is not obligatory, but they are coerced, and they join in order to be in a good position.

ON CONDITIONS OF LIVE - He explains that in the rationing they allow a K. of polatoes per person a weak, a quarter litre of live oil, 200 gr. of vegetables etc. He one can live on that except those who have a lot of soney; the rest ge hungry. The workers, who are paid the same salary as before, cannot afford to deal on the Elack Market and he says that there have been cases at Altos Hornos where workers have fallen dead from hunger at work. This causes discontent although it is not openly expressed. Now they have appointed wardens in the factories in Bilbae, and the workers receive larger rations. Here he is contradicting himself, because sometimes he says that these wardens ware demanded by the workers ( which would be a demonstration of resistance) and sometimes he says that the directors asked for them. He says that in spite of everything he cannot understand why when food production is on the increase the workers are so badly fed. Later he says that they watch these closely and force them to work without coasing. He relates (althoug) we know no details) that the middle class does not feel the pinch like the workers.

15

FORULAR ORGANISATIONS. - They exist just as they did before. He cites the Club Andauchu which organises excurations. These organisations are not controlled by the Falange. Young people are as gay as before, and dance and go to the mountains.

<u>ARMY</u> — He refers above all the discontent of the families because their sons have to spend four years in the army. He says that they demonstrate their discontent and that they all want to be demobilised. But this open discontent is confined, he says later, to private conversation.

### REPORT No.356.

LUIS FRUMENT - a Maxican student, who has always lived in Oijon, Spain. Es Tabily is confortably off and he is going to Maxico to join his father as he lived on what his father sent him in dollars and when this was forbidden he decided to leave Spain. He is an ardent Falangist. He is ignorant of all problems of the working and middle class. He only associated with people who were very well off, and especially with Falangist students. He is very cultured.

We says that he was in Oljon at the beginning of the war and remained there till now; as he was a Maxican he was molested by neither party.

HUNGER - He roundly asserts that there is no hunger, only a scarcity of certain articles. That with rationing "there is not enough for one mouthful" but that he never felt the want of food. That the olive oil ration is 1/8 of a litre every 15 days, and so on for all other commodities. That the rationing of bread (black bread, since white can only be got on the Black Market) is arranged in three categories, and for that there are three classes of fards - poor, middleclass, and rich. That the ration of the poor is larger, as they have less money for buying on the Black Market. That at Belmonte, Asturias, the rations are double what they are in Oijon. That rationing is different in each province, and even in different places in the same province. He says that no one is interested in politics, that everyone's daily preoccupation is food. He save that "it used to make him laugh to see well-to-do old people who in all their conversations spoke of nothing but the price of beans and bread etc. " When he was asked for facts he says that it is obvious that the poor (by which he means the workers) who earn 10 or 12 pts. cannot buy anything contraband and live on their rations, which causes them to suffer somewhat from hunger and be very discontented. He says that the for hunger is caused by the war and the blockade. because as soon as the Spanish war was over there was abundance of everything and free exchange, and as soon as the European war began there was scarcity and rationing. He also says at the same time that the cause of the scarcity is that the Government has bought thousands and thousands of tons of food in case the situation gets any worse. That this is good policy of the "Generalissimp's" and that the Falange is doing a lot of propaganda, saying that it is much better to keep the food now, whan a lot is coming from Argentine and the U.S., than to eat it now and then if the situation gets worse, have nothing. That the people who are "good stuff" accept it, but most people protest and complain. He says that mother cause of hunger are the Provisions Committees, which, like those of Gijon, are composed of bandits who sell as contraband the articles they are supposed to divide among the population.

ENTRANCE INTO THE WAR --- He says that Spain will not enter the war, that this is the opinion of everybody. That all approve the foreign policy of the Government,

which is very intelligent, as it knows how to maintain a balance in the situation and remain neutral. He says that the Spaniards are very favourable to Germany because they could have penetrated into Spain and taken Gibraltar, thus closing the Mediterranean to the English, but that it is "a German idea that one must be pleasant". After arguing a little with him I said that Germany might not have invaded Spain because she was not interested in dispersing her troops, considering that she needs them all for fighting against Russia. Later he confessed that all the Spaniards would fight against the Germans in case they invade Spain because the Spaniards are very fond of their indopendence, and would fight anyone who wished to enter Spain. The Spanish Government is a partisan of neutrality and the immense majority of the Falange think that Spain should send volunteers to Russia but "not enter the war"

- 14 -

**S/4612** 

PREPARATIONS FOR THE WAR. - He says that in Spain such petrol has been stored and that new tanks are under construction. He says that this too "is that being kept for the bri times", and in case snyone tries to invade Spain the '39, '40 and '42 drafts are mobilised. The '41 draft has been sent home. The '42 draft was called up with a three months' delay. They spend two years in military service. There is also a pre-military service for Youth Ofganisations. This is not obligatory but it is sounted as time spent in the service and for that reason every one does it.

<u>INVANTON</u> — He says that there are no Cormans in Spain. He has seen none and so on. If there are any they are disguised as peasants. He is not certain that they are making fortifications in the north of Spain. IN for is in fact defended by two ships, one of them a "sulta-taces" and if there was an English invasion there "they would be the masters".

HEP TO THE MAXIS. - He says that it is not a fact there are more factories in the north of Spain which were not there before, and they do not work for the Germans. That the Germans say in their propagends that they mean to suspend armament manufacture, befause they have enough. That Germany is selling a quantity of war material to Turkey, which is a proof that they have no need of it, therefore armaments are not manufactured in Spain nor exported. But he takes the opposite view, that figsin receives material from Germany; there are frequent consignments, mostly tanks. What Spain does send, not, was some say because the Germans take it", but because the Gevernment gives it bery willingly, is food. Every day many loaded open cars leave Spain and the people talk of it and are dia contented, but those are only those who "think with their stomachs".

DESPATCH OF WORKERS. - He cannot be accurate about the quantity but many thousands have gone, all volunteers. He says it is quite natural for a man with no food or job to go there wherethey sat well and can send monsy home and because all the "poor" are like that. That is the reason they "go as volunteers and are glad to better their position".

DIVISION AZUL - 40,000 ment, all volunteers, among them some guite well-known people and distinguished Falmgists. The number of volunteers was so great that they had to close the lists and there are many thousands still w siting for their turn to go when they send reinforcements. In April 5,000 who had been r relieved came home, that they were all very happy. He had many friends who had gone and others who were ready to leave Our informant asked then if they had had many losses but the legionaries said that this was a lie, they had had very few deaths. There had been many wounded, to the point that not one of them had not been-wounded-at-least-once. All those who come home have been wounded. They say that it is very cold but they stand it very well and are much congratulated by the Germans. They wear the German uniform and the red cap. They say they behaved servellously in Russia and gave the Russians a beating. That the Russians are brane, that is why they attack them from behind, but that they do not know how to fight and do not have good efficers, although they have an abundance of material. They attack in mass formation and do not care about their losses, so that very few reach the trenches." That men of the division always fought in a numerical superiority of ten to some and caused the Bussians many losses. They were congratuated by the Masis and often appeared in the German war communiques. That on occasions they established a salient on a river and registed for more than ten days, that as they fought they sang and sang and the many Spaniards

Our informant thinks that they had been decorated with the iron cross. have more losses than they confess to (all toose he spoke with were Falangist students), and that in the casualty lists published only the names of the most important are given. In Spain everynne admires the courage of the Legionaries and praises them twice as such as the G\_rmans do. He insists that they are all volunteers, and says in his own words - "a few idealists and the rest, the immense majority, because they were in a bad resition in Spain and could get not work or food. They went into the Div. Arul in order to earn a good living because they are paid at the German rate and a war bonus, plus an allowance and large indemnity in case of deaths. Besides, if they are brave they can desert, when they go on leave they have millions of pts. in their pockets and can "put on airs and pose as heroes in their uniforms and their iron crosses in Spain". He says that although the lists are closed, there are thousands who are ready to leave at a day's notice, and that he "knows several. " They said they celebrated Christmas very happily in February as they sent them tobacco and food from Spains

Es says that in Spain there is a lot of talk about the war, although no one bothers about politics at all now, and only gout food. There are all sorts of parties, partisans of the Allies and the Germans, and among his friends the people are mostly partisans of the Germans; he also thinks the majority of Spaniards are on the side of the Germans and among the 150 in his priversity hall only two were partisans of Democracy and they had fierce arguments in loud voices until the director case. The partisans of the Maxis maintained that anyons who wanted England to win was not a Spaniard because if the Democracies win Prieto will come back and all the Reds of the Republic, and there will be a government of Leftists and in this fashion they attack the defenders of England. The students say - we are very fond of Germany, because she helps us to be free of communism and is now defending us against it. " H says that this appeals to many people who also hate communism.

SECOND PRONT, - He says that no one believes it will be established. The Germans cannot invade England, nor can the English invade Europe. All Spaniards would unite to defend themselves from the English. Theywould do the same if the Germans invaded Spain.

ON THE MAR. - He said that the Spanish idea was that it would last five or six years and that when they were all exhausted there would be an armistice or negotiated peace. This is the opinion of the people on the Right and the Falangists; he does not know the views of the rest. France said in a speech -"If the Russians make a breach and arrive at Barlin, he will send two million men to fight communisms. They do not attack the Republicans much, but blame the Russian agents and the Communists for all that is happening in Spain. He says that in Hendaye there are hundreds of acro lanes and many fields full of tanks. The Germans have war material on the frontier in fantastic quantities. He thinks that is in order to be in a position to assist either France or Spain if it were necessary.

<u>FRICTION</u> — He says that there are no disagreements between the Requetes, Falangists or Catholics; they are all united, and if there were any friction there are no scenes or quarrels between the "Generalissino" would shoot them.

FRENTE DE LA JUYENTUD, - He says that it was a failure, that at the beginning many people ware excited by the propaganda, then they got tired and practically the Youth Front does not exist.

**RESISTANCE OF THE PEOPLE** — There is none at all. In Spain there is a totalitarian Government favourable to the Germans. In totalitarian countries there are no protests or any resistance because anyone who resisted would be shot. There are discontented people but they are silent, they do not speak because they cannot. I have seen no inscription the walls of Gijon, the only thing there are a few robbers, the so-called Guerilleres, who rob, kill

and assassinate. Three months ago at the Puerto de Somiedo, they machinegunned a bus with travellers in it and the Civil Guard retreated. They are assisted by the discontented peasants and their families. If they came to Franco, with their hands free of blood, he would pardon thems.

<u>TERPOR</u> — At the beginning they shot many people, especially to pay off personal scores. Now it is done through the tribunals. It is a fact that shooting continues, but only for those endeamed to death.

BUTURE PROSPECTS --- Perhaps the end of the war will solve all these problems, The Governments of Spain will impuse peace, law and order as soon as the war is over.

<u>RESTINATION OF THE WHARCHY.</u> -- All a lie; all respectable people support France and the disagreements there are between the partier do not constitute a problem.

DISAGREEMENTS IN THE ARMY - He says there are none. Quelpo was sent out side Spain diplomatically, as a drunkard and a rescal, as all the army is with France and Hitler, who have saved Spain and Europe from Communism.

<u>RECONSTRUCTION</u> — He says there is a lot being done in the way of reconstruction. In Oijon they have built hundreds of new houses and the town is very much changed. The people who have money are afraid it will lose its value, daily, and either build or use the money for bubiness. 4.3.42.

### REPORT No.357

JCSE PAGOS, a peasant, resident in Cuba for 11 years, returned to Spain in 1940. At that time he was a Franquist. He is very backward and extremely suspicious. At first he refus\_ed to speak, especially when he was told that he must talk to a journalist. He knows very little, since he lived in a small village in the district of Estrado and only laft it to embark. He often mays that he knows nothing, and can only give information about his village that is not political. Is a moderate anti-Falangist, and continues to defend Franco, of whom he has a high opinion, in many instances. The first thing he asserts is that in Spain there is not so much hunger as they say here. There is a scarcity caused by the war but it is just the same as it is everywhere, those with money eat and those without go hungry. It is not true that they requisition the peasants' crows, at least in the part of Spain he knows. He says that everyone says in Spain that they control the crops, and even if they force them to sell at the standard rate they leave the peasants enough to eat. It is obvious that everyone makes fun of the order and hides the produce "but it is not that they requisition them, but that the Government controls produce and they have to sell it at fixed rates." He says that he has a brother in the gray and the soldiers are very well fed. The field is well prepared but rather scarce. In Estrada they get the inclusion two regulation loaves just as before the war, but in Coruna tread is scarcer in the barracks. What everybody wants is for the war to end, anyhow, what is wanted is peace and tranquillity. When asked about the second front he says everyone is hoping for the English to come and give orders in his house but when the people are so anxious they want something to happen to change the situation and see if it improves. On further questioning he confesses that 90% of the population are against Franco - not on his own account but on account of the hunger and misery there is.

There is no repression. People are only executed legally, through the tribunals.

He says that no one wishes Spain to enter the war, and Franco, "if he could, wou would have been on the other side already, but as he has the Germans on the frontier he cannot do it". The rich and the menarchists are discontented, and there are many people who were deceived and do not like the present regime. Asked whether the people support the Germans of the Allies, he says some on each side. A little later he says everybody hates the Germans and is afraid of their encroachments except the Galanzists.

\* arrive, which is natural. He says he vices not want the English to

THE DIVISION AZUL, he says was voluntary, at least "the papers say so. although I do not know". (His most frequent phrase is "the papers say so but mobody knows"). He asserts that there were many volunteers and one went from the municipal government of Estrada, his village; he was the assistant to a high official. He does not know anything about the survivors. Es gives the address of a Cuban who arrived in the "Comillas" with an amputated foot, a volunteer in the Blue Division. (The father of, the legionary, when questioned at the port, said he was lane through an accident). He confirms the stories about Queipo and Tague, In Vigo he heard the following story - The Governor of Burges was imprisoned for black marketening and a son of his, a lieutenant in the army, went to Madrid to see Serrano Suner, who refused to see his and told him to see his secretary; the lieutenant refused and was referred to the Alde-de-Camp. The Alde-de-Camp unfortunate , asked him what he wanted and the Covernor's son said - "I wanted to put two bullets in S. Suner, but as I can't I'll put them in you instead ; he shot his and left his dead.

In Figs a bad meal cost him 20 pts. He does not know anything about it, but the people say the Germans take everything. When we ask his opimion about the scarcity of rice, olive oil, etc. he ends by saying that he thinks too that the Masis take it.

FUTURE PROSPECTS - He says that any regime will do as long as it is not this one. No blood to be spilt and "those in the wrong" to be pardoned. There are many people in the wrong who joined Franco, but have now repented. He says that those people fear the fall of Franco because there would be retribution, and many people would be killed, but if the Republic could come without bloodshed everyone would be delighted.

A cow is worth 5.000 pts. The Civil Quard turn a blind eye to the contraband sales of the peasants because it suits theme

#### REPORT No.358

Report from a youth of 17, a Cuban, born of Spanish parents, who was living in Santander for about ten years with his grandmother. He has no political convictions and in some respects is rather influenced by Maxis and reactionary propaganda. He is Quite a wide-awake intelligent boy. He talks with no reservations and seems to be telling everything he knows.

ATTITUDE OF THE SPANIARDS TO THE WAR AGAINST HITLER. - ED says that in Spain there are two parties, one which supports the Ogrmans and wishes for their triumph and the other which sympathises and hopes for the victory of the Allies. In the first class S. Sumer stands out, it includes all the Falango, some generals, and the middle class, government employees etc. The other class includes the majority of Requêtes, the rich whose money is in London, the workers, and all the poor in general. Eq says that in Spain it is only permitted to speak in favour of the Germans, and that the parti-sans of the Allies speak in favour and smong-trusted friends. With the passage of time, owing to the German campaign in Russia, which the Falangists said would end in a week, there is growing a loss of confidence in the German triumph, both among the partisans of the Allies, who were dispirited at the beginning of the Russian campaign, and among the supporters of Germany themselves. He says that in Spain, except for a couple of Falangist focls, no one-wants-the-war, not-even the army chiefs, such less the soldiers. -- Hereally thinks that if they gave the order to march, no one would protest, but he does not insist on what would definitely happen. The German defeats in Russia, which are considered very important in Spain, have greatly contributed to raise the morale of the enemies of the Falange, who are now resisting it openly. (He refers to the Requetes and in guardix general to the partisans of England who are very muserous). The entry of the U.S. into the war was not considered very important, because Garman propaganda, which is very widespread, says that the submarines sank all the ships which campe to Europe and that there was very little use in producing a quantity of war material if it never reaches Europe. He adds that the people realised that the Germans were

3/4612

and assassinate. Three months ago at the Puerto de Somiedo, they machinegunned a bus with travellers in it and the Civil Duard retreated. They are assisted by the discontented peasants and their families. If they came to Franco, with their hands free of blood, he would pardon them<sup>2</sup>.

<u>TERROR</u> — At the beginning they shot many people, especially to pay off personal scores. Now it is done through the tribunals. It is a fact that shooting continues, but only for those condenned to death.

BUTURE PROSPECTS — Perhaps the end of the war will solve all these problems, The Governments of Spain will impose peace, law and order as soon as the war is over.

<u>RESTORATION OF THE POWARCHY.</u> --- All a lie; all respectable people support France and the disagreements there are between the parties do not constitute a problem.

DISACREMENTS IN THE ARMY - He says there are none. Queipo was sent out side Spain diplomatically, as a drunkard and a rescal, as all the army is with France and Hitler, who have saved Spain and Europe from Communism.

<u>RECONSTRUCTION</u> — He says there is a lot being done in the way of reconstruction. In Oijon they have built hundreds of new houses and the town is wary much changed. The people who have money are airaid it will lose its value, daily, and either build or use the money for bubiness. 4.3.42.

# REPORT No. 357

fit interaction the state of the

JOSE PAGOS, a peasant, resident in Cuba for 11 years, returned to Spain in 1940. At that time he was a Franquist. He is very backward and extremely suspicious. At first he refused to speak, especially when he was told that he must talk to a journalist. He knows very little, since he lived in a small village in the district of Estrado and only laft it to embark. He often mays that he knows nothing, and can only give information about his village that is not political. Is a moderate anti-Falangist, and continues to defend Franco, of whom he has a high opinion, in many instances. The first thing he asserts is that in Spain there is not so much hunger as they say here. There is a scarcity caused by the war but it is just the same as it is everywhere, those with money eat and those without go hungry. It is not true that they requisition the peasants, crops, at least in the part of Spain he knows. He says that everyone says in Spain that they control the crops, and even if they force them to sell at the standard rate they leave the peasants enough to eat. It is obvious that everyone makes fun of the order and hides the produce "but it is not that they requisition them, but that the Government controls produce and they have to sell it at fixed rates." He says that he has a brother in the army and the soldiers are very well fed. The food is well prepared but rather scarce. In Estrada they get the areast two regulation loaves just as before the war, but in Coruna bread is scarcer in the barracks. What everybody wants is for the war to end, anyhow, what is wanted is peace and tranquillity. When asked about the second front he says everyone is hoping for the English to come and give orders in his house but when the people are so anxious they want something to happen to change the situation and see if it improves". On further questioning he confesses that 90% of the population are against Franco - not on his own account but on account of the hunger and misery there is.

There is no repression. People are only executed legally, through the tribunals.

He says that no one wishes Spain to enter the war, and France, "if he could, wou would have been on the other side already, but as he has the Germans on the frontier he cannot do it". The rich and the manarchists are discontented, and there are many people who were deceived and do not like the present regime.

المجار المعالم المواع المسلم المجار المحالي المحالي المواجع المواجع المحالي المحالية المحالية المحالية المحالي

Asked whether the people support the Germans of the Allies, he says some on each side. A little later he says everybody hates the Germans and is afraid of their encroachments except the Balangists.

\* arrive, which is natural. He says he wices not want the English to

THE DIVISION AZUL, he says was voluntary, at least "the papers say so although I do not know". (His most frequent phrase is "the papers say so but nobedy knows "). Be asserts that there were many volunteers and one went from the municipal government of Estrada, his village; he was the assistant to a high official. Be does not know anything about the survivors. He gives the address of a Cuban who arrived in the "Comillas" with an amputated foot, a volunteer in the Blue Division. (The father of the legionary, when questioned at the port, said he was lame through an accident). He confirms the stories about Queipo and Tague, In Vigo he heard the following story - The Governor of Burges was imprisoned for black marketewring and a son of his, a lieutenant in the army, went to Madrid to see Serrano Sunar, who refused to see him and told him to see his secretary; the lieutenant refused and was referred to the Mido-de-Camp. The Alde-de-Camp unfortunately asked him what he wanted and the Governor's son said - of wanted to put two bullets in S. Sumer, but as I can't I'll put them in you instead "; he shot him and left him dead.

In Figs a bad meal cost him 20 pts. He does not know anything about it, but the people say the Germans take overything. When we ask his opinion about the scarcity of rice, olive oil, atc. he ends by saying that he thinks too that the Mazis take it.

FUTURE PROSPECTS - He says that any regime will do as long as it is not this one. No blood to be spilt and "those in the wrong" to be pardoned. There are many people in the wrong who joined Franco, but have now repented. He says that those people fear the fall of Franco because there would be retribution, and many people would be killed, but if the Republic could come without bloodshed everyone would be delighted.

A cow is worth 3.000 pts. The Civil Quard turn a blind eye to the contraband shles of the pessants because it suits theme

# REPORT No. 358

Report from a youth of 17, a Cuban, born of Spanish parents, who was living in Santander for about ten years with his grandmother. He has no political convictions and in some respects is rather influenced by Nasis and reactionary propagands. He is quite a wide -awake intelligent boy. He talks with no reservations and seems to be telling everything he knows.

ATTITUDE OF THE SPANIARDS TO THE WAR AGAINST HITLER. - He says that in Spain there are two parties, one which supports the Ogrmans and sishes for their triumph and the other which aympathises and hopes for the victory of the Allies. In the first class S. Sumer stands out, it includes all the Falange, some generals, and the middle class, government employees etc. The other class includes the majority of Requétes, the rich whose money is in London, the workers, and all the poor in general. He says that in Spain it is only permitted to speak in favour of the Garmans, and that the parti-sans of the Allies speak in Secret and small-trusted friends. With the it is only permitted to passage of time, owing to the German campaign in Russia, which the Falangists said would end in a week, there is growing a loss of confidence in the Garman triumph, both among the partisans of the Allies, who were dispirited at the beginning of the Russian campaign, and among the supporters of Germany themselves. He says that in Spain, except for a couple of Falangist fools. no one wants the war, not even the army chiefs, much less the soldiers. He really thinks that if they gave the order to march, so one would protest, but he does not insist on what would definitely happen. The German defeats in Russia, which are considered very important in Spain, have greatly contributed to raise the morale of the enemies of the Falange, who are now resisting it openly. (He refers to the Requetes and in guantx general to the partisans of England who are very muserous). The entry of the U.S. into the war was not considered very important, because Garman propaganda, which is very widespread, save that the submarines sank all the ships which campe to Burope and that there was very little use in producing a quantity of war material if it never reaches Europe. He adds that the people realised that the Garmans were

exaggerating, since in the Russian Campaign they said that the Russians were defeated already and nevertheless months passed and the war went on. Our informant did not know the existence of the Anglo-Soviet and Soviet-American pacts, although he heard some agreement spoken of, but he never knew exactly what it was. There was a lot of talk about the second front, and it is thought it mill be in Prance. When asked what, in the event of the English landing in Spsin, the attitude of the people would be, he says he thinks the Requetes would units with them. When I told him I thought they had sent a brother of mine to the Div. Asul. he made a face as if they had sent him to the devil. "I am sorry, because those who go to Russia in general do not return, and those who do come back are crippled for life". He says that is the Div. Axul was joined by the unfortunates sho are, with their families, dying of hunger, and adventurers and robbers; some too because they were soldiers already and did not dare say no because they would have cut their throats if they had. He says that in the beginning a group of 40 left Santander and a few zonths ago ten came iome, araless, legless or tubercular, the restdied of it. One of them, a captain, and tubercular, told some of his family and friends that all the Gyrman propaganda on the Russian war was an absolute lis. That the Russians never retreated until they were killed or received an order to retreat. That it is a lie to say that they have no leaders, and similarly that they have no material. He know better than snybody what the war in Russia had already cost the Germans.

- 18

**S/4612** 

During the winter they had lost millions of men and a great deal of material. It was terifying what went in there. He says that those who come back from Russia are forbidden to speak of what they see there and therefore it is impossible to get more details. However they tell their friends in confidence.

ASSISTANCE GIVEN BY THE FRANCO-FALANGIST REGIME TO HITLER. - The reinforcements they send to the Div. Asul grow less each time. No one wants to go because the stories of the survivors are gradually passed round. He adds that the Germans pay them very highly. They give them 5.000 pts. just for crossing the frontier. A few months ago a few left Santander to concentrate in San Sebastian. It is there that they train. While before, they made propaganda out of those who were going to Russia, and saw them off at the Station, now it is done secretly.

All foodstuffs are sent to Germany, that is why there is famine in Spain. "I wish you could see all the things they send. Imagine that one can' get olive oil, which used to be so abundant in Spains. They say that in Bilbao and in Reinosa (?) and other places the factories work for the Germans. According to him there are no Ogrman soldiers in Spain, only technicians. Germans in civilian clothes are particularly common. He added that the Ogreans spend millions on propaganda and there are many newspapers, reviews, pamphlets etc. which are distributed gratis. The people, as a result of so such propaganda, do not know what to think on some points. They say - "If what the German's say of Russia is true that country is doomed to disappear; there is nothing but savagery there . He says that some German propaganda postcards show Roosevelt and Churchill dressed as prostitutes, and Stalin in the middle embracing them. The people do not like this kind of propaganda. As for the German infiltration into the country, he limits imself to saying that they are the masters in Spain. He gives no data. He says that the Falange is very much weakened, that only timeservers and those who do business, thanks to the positions they occupy in it, are its supporters. Thereas, then it began, everybody wished to be Falancists, now no one takes any notice, and some people are careful to conceal the fact that they are Falangists. They say that the Requetes appear very upset. They were the ones who fought hardest in the war and new the Falangists are taking advantage of the victory. He says they do not give positions to the Bequetes, and when the Falanzists control the syndicates they do not give then work either. There is a great deal of discontent among the Requetes, and they have already begun to speak openly against the Falangists and those whom they blame for the present situation in Spain. They accuse them of being rebbers. Re says that they have printed broadsheets about the Falange, which they scatter on the streets and stick on walls at night. He adds that the syndicates have many members, because membership is obligatory, but if it were not so no one would belong. They oblige the young set to enter the "Frente Buju de la Jumentud", although many are already losing their fear, and do not join, or, if they make then members against their will, do not pay the duss. Referring to the despatch of workers to Germany, he says the numbers were high because they offered them a good salary and food as well, but he has the impression that they were deceived, like the members of the Div. Asul. He does not know any more details.

FRICTION PETWEEN THE RULING CLASS IN SPAIN. -- In the army there is a group h headed by Tague and Queipo, who are opposed to Spain enterin: the war, and the Cermans and Italians controlling Spain. He says that in conjunction with the Requetes and other individuals in the army, they were preparing a coup against Franco, and principally against S. Suner, who is the worst hated of all, but it was found out and no one knows what happed/to Yague, and Queipo. General Espinosa de los Monteros also had samething to do with it, but he does not know exactly what his part was. Referring to Yague, he says that he was dismissed from the Air Ministry when he made a speech in favour of releasing the prisoners. Queipo refused to allow the Italians to have any olive oil. The situation of the soldiers is very bad. They hardly est at all, and are very badly clothed. It is pitiful to see thes. They all wish to be demobilised as soon as possible. The '59 draft has been demobilised and he thinks the first reserve of the '40 draft as well. He thinks it is because they cannot keep them in barracks for want of food.

THE POPLE'S RESISTANCE TO THE WAR AND THE REGIME - According to our informant the state of mind of the people is one of extreme hostility towards the present state of affairs, although it is not obviously shown. The Reds are in hiding. He says that the only people who are openly fighting against the Falange and the Regime in power are the Requetes. That besides the pamphlets we have referred to above, there often appear on the walls, lampoons and posters against the Falange. He remembers one which said more or less - "Famine and Theft, that is the Falange". There appeared another very like it, but he does not know what it said because they rubbed it out at once. He says the Requetes also accused the Falangests of being cowardly assassing who are only useful for doing mass assassing ("dar Paseos").

The people take a sympathetic view of these actions of the Requetes. In the queues people interestive speak against the Government and the Falange. There are many prisoners. When the "nationalists" first entered Santander they killed people in thousands. The Falangists held many "passess". They went on killing, only less than at first. The prisoners died of their harsh treatment, many were tubercular. He does not incw if they give them organised assistance. Probably relations and friends. He does not incw of any activity of the party, or the J.S.U. The Reds are very carefully watched. The only ones who do\_ anything are the Requetes. In general our informant does not know any of our organisations because he was very young when the war began. The only thing he says is "the Falangists are like those they used to call the F.A.I. They go to a house, steal, take a man, take him and shoot him, and then it is finished". We could not get any information about the Union Nacional, although he gives the impression that he does not know anything about it.

He has no ideas in the futurg prospects. He thinks that this depends on England; there is talk that the Requetes wish to set up a King who is not a Bourbon. He does not incw anything/the restoration of Don Juan. The Falangists are enemies of the Monarchy and the people do not worry much about this problem. Referring to the attack on S. Sunar; Espinosa de los Monteros, Ambassador in Berlin, had on one of his visits to Madrid, a violent Quarrel with Sunar and in consequence resigned. He reports that then he was appointed Captain General of the Sixth Region, Burgos, and on taking over the post he made a speech in which he attacks the Falange. He reports that as a consequence he was violently dismissed. A few days later a sone of the general who is a lieutenant in the army, shot at S. Suner several times, he thinks in Madrid. Arrese was wounded in consequence. The press said nothing about it. They published a notice that the Secretary of the Party was undergoing an abdominal operation.

The Italian subcarine which entered Santandar was damaged in the Caribbean. A few miles from Santander, and in full visw of everybody, it was attacked very near the coast by two English aeroplanes which all but sank it. He says it entered harbour, listing over on one side. The English aeroplanes were not able to finish the sinking because German pursuit planes forced them to retire. Then asked where the (German) planes came from he said frum. (He gives

NOT THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE R

the impression that he does not know really where their base was).

30.7.42.

## REPORT 371

A young Basque 24 or 25 years old. By profession a metal-worker. Up to the beginning of the war he was working with an uncle in Zaragoza. He remained in the battle some throughout the whole war and was mobilised in Franco's army, Is a Basque nationalist, like almost all his family. Although a workman by profession he always worked with his relations, almost always as foreman, or at least as manager. He has no political point of view nor are his class feelings very developed. He has never belonged to any syndicate. After the war was over he worked in Bilbas in a wire factory where there were about a thousand workmen. He finally left work in order to devote himself to the Black Market because, acording to him, it was impossible to live on what he was graid; at the factory. He lived in Nationalist circles, they were the only ones with which he was con ected. For this reason his report is rather incomplete, and in some cases lacks objectivity. He is rather reserved.

ATTITUDE OF THE SPANIARDS TOWARDS THE ANTI-HITLER WAR, - In the graphic words of the informant, 80% of Spaniards are partisans of England. The workers, peasants, petit-bourgeois, capitalists, and some of the clergy, (later he told us the majority of the Basque cures) are on the side of England, although in a passive way, and against Germany and the Falange.

The general opinion which is expressed in conversations between groups of friends, and lately also in the street, is that the defeat of Germany is inevitable, due, according to our informant, to the fact that the Allies have more economic resources and more primary materials. It is thought that the United States will be a very important factor in therealisation of victory. Also the defeats suffered by Germany on the Eastern front contribute to stressing this opinion.

In Spain everyone is tired of the war, and no one wishes Spain to take part in it. There people are in a real panic on this score. Our informant thinks that if France should decide to fight, in view of the terrorist nature of the Regime, the people would have to obey. Later in another conversation he said that there were people who, in that case, would hide in the mountains.

The defeats suffered by Germany on the Eastern front were well known there and contributed to increase the people's confidence. He says that they said there that, in spite of their resistance, it was obvious that the Russians ware not sufficiently prepared to face a power like Germany.

The entry of the United States into the war was received with joy by the people who interpreted it as an event destined to shorten the war, of which they are all very tired over there.

The Ratification of the Anglo-Russian Pact and the American-Russian agreement is known there, although the range and content of the pact and the agreement were not known. He says that the Falangist press; only said that these nations had promised not to make a separate peace.

He does not know the agreement about the second front, although this subject is very often spoken of, with the idea that it would be the final blow to Germany. Over there they think that the opening of the Second Front will result in the rising of the French people, perhaps the Spanish people too. With this idea in mind the people often discuss possible landing places. It is thought that the will take place in France, although some say it might also happen in Spaine The opening of the second front would be received with joy by all.

The attitude of the people to the "Division Asul" is frankly hostile. It has no sympathy from the people, even from the very moment the recruiting was begun. He says that in the beginning a few volunteers gave their names, mainly Falangists who w.shed to earn merit in order to improve their position in Spaine Others went because their position in Spain was desperate and they thought it might improve if they left it. Some, who went in the army, found themselves in the position of not being able to refuse, because if they had they would have got into trouble. But they all went in the belief that they would see the war from a distance, and that they were really being sent as a symbolic deputation for the Moscow parade. He says the press made propaganda, asserting that the Boanish soldier could fight in all climates, as they had shown at Terreel. He says that when the names of the first casualties arrived, the people were flad and said that will teach them to interfore in what does not concern them<sup>3</sup>. The survivors came back disillusioned. They repeat of having gone. The majority of them come back ill or crippled. He adds that the war in Russia is worse than the Press reports.it; the Spanish war was child's play compared with it. The Falangists are more reserved and make no public criticisms like the others but among their friends they also say that it was terrible. They went into action in fact just before the Russian conter-offensive began, and received the full brunt. They had many losses through bullets and the cold. Some of those who came back crippled have German iron crosses for which they get a pension, our informant does not know the am unt, from the German government.

S/1612

÷,

SUPPORT OIVEN BY THE FRANCUIST REGIME AND THE FALANCE TO HITLER. - Our informant does not know in whatquantity they send reinforcements to the Blue Mivision. He thinks that there is some exageration on this point on the part of the Falancist Press with tries in this way to encourage enthusiasm among the young men. He knows that the place they report to and train is San Sebastian, and that from there they leave for the front. He thinks that they are still sending people, but they are only Preliefs<sup>8</sup> for those who come home. He adds that those who go to the Division ASul today, with very few exceptions, do it against their will. They get the majority of those who go from the barracks. He says that many workmen went to Germany on account of the lack of food and work. He does not know how many but he thinks a fair quantity. He says that the people take these things calmly generally, because they cannot do anything against them. He only heard that in light there had been some scene with the Blue Division or with the workers who were going to Germany but he gives not actual details, saying that it is dangerous to try and know too much.

In Spain the flost fervent supporters of the Naxis are - Suner, Munos Jrande, Moscardo and other generals, and especially the "idealist" Falangists, or those who committed injustices or profiteered and are afraid of "the tables being turned".

He says that the Falange is only the shadow of what it was during the war. That at the beginning many people joined it for safety's sake, but now it is dead thing that no one takes any notice of. The same happened with the "Flechas", "Frente de la Juventud" etc. The syndicates have many members, because membership is obligatory in order to get work. The workers would not join them if they could help it. He says that all the directors are Falangist bureaucrats who take a wantage of their position to steal all they can. He cites as an example the fact that employers are obliged to pay sometring as a contribution to the subsidy allocated to workmen with large families, but he says that the Falangists do not pay it to anybody, but spend it themselves. For these and other similar reasons there is a lot of discontent among the employers,

Our informant says that they are still sending large quantities of food to Germany, also iron and other materials. The people know that if there is familie in Spain it is because the Germans and the "Black Marketeers"

Asked about the production of the metal factories in Bilbao, he says that they are working at pressure, but he does not know if it is war material. He knows that pig-iron is being sent to France, he imagines it is intended for Germany. Iron ore is also sent to France by sea.

FRICTION AMONG THE RULING CLASSES. - He knows that in the army there is a surge of feeling against the Falange, but he says that it has no outside representesions. The only incident known there was the case of Yague and Queipo de Llano. In general there is a great feeling against the Falange among the soldiers. The consequence is that they make life impossible for Falangists in the army.

He says that the majority of the Basque Priests are enemies of Ggrmany; of the Falange and of Franco. They are very indignant about the executions of nationalist priests carried out by France. Even today there are many of them in prisons. He says that the priests devote voluntary masses to praying that Spain may not enter the war.

He says that other members of the clergy, although they are opposed to the Gathilic persecutions in Germany and Poland, support Franco because they balieve that only with his help can they preserve their positions.

He adds that the richest and most influential people there do not wish to hold official posts because they feel that there will be a change in Spain and they do not wish to have the responsibility of the crimes committed by others Official posts are occupied by a series of bandits.

Ratred for the Falange is general in the majority of social classes. He says that even those who belonged to the Falange before, young students, employees or just rich people, do not wish to have anything to do with it now, and say that the Falange is going to the dogs.

Be adds that in general everybody hopes that the triumph of England will cause a change of government in Spain and so they confine themselves to waiting although there is talk of a possible coup dietat by the soldiers,

RESISTANCE OF THE PROLE AGAINST ENTERING THE MAR AND AGAINST THE FRANCUIST <u>RESISTANCE</u> OF THE PEOLE wish to see the mituation change as soon as possible, but they believe that the solution must come from outside. According to our informant, there is no thought of fighting against dea regime. We says that the workers in the factory in which he worked spoke openly against the regime but he does not know that there was any activity. (Given the character of the informant we may sup ose that even if there was he would take pains to ignore it). From time to time the women ficted in the queues; at first they smut them up, now they say nothing. He asserts that every day the people speak more openly against the regime. The contribution to "Auxilio Social" was obligatory before but now no one pays. When the young ladies of "Auxilio Social" beg for subacciptions in the streets and ask the reason for refusal, some people answer -"because I do not wish to".

He says that when Franco was at Bilbas the people remained in their houses and he was received only by four "chats bottes" in the offices of the Falange. At the end of Franco's greach not a soul applauded. Then some Falangist young ladies said, half in tears, "what we must do is buy a machine gun and shoot them all".

Assistance to the prisoners, according to our informant is given by relations and friends. There is no organized assistance, but he proceeds to tell us that cartainly there have been collections sometimes in the factory infavour of the prisoners, but "by groups of friends". He does not know of the activity of any organisation, as such. The nationaliste, according to him (he is a nationalist) are the ones who have some organisation.

• They distributed there a speech made by Aguirre in America. One of the Prieto's was also in circulation. He has no news of the other organisations although he admits that if they have any organisation they would not go and tell him about it.

When he is asked about the activity of the different organisations of which the Frente Popular is composed, and the attitude of the militant party members of these organisations, he asserts categorically that there the people are completely united, and there is now no talk of socialists, anarchists, communists, republicans etc. All treat each other as comrades, and help each other as far as they can. In Spain, according to our informant, there are only now ensmises of Franco and the Falange, who maintain a strict unity among themselves; thay discuss the progress of the war together, comment on the situation etc. May says that the people wish for unity, repret the dismion there was before in Spain and the quarrels between different parties and anti-fascist organisations.

He did not know of the shooting of Larra or Diegues. The execution of Larra impressed him very much and he said that in order to de what Larra had done one would need planty of guts.

<u>PUTURE PROSPECTS</u> — He repeats again that they believe in Spain that the triumph of England will cause a change in the situation. (He must point out that for some time there have been currents in the Basque nationalism which have been seeking for a "solution" of their national problem with the assistance of England, transforming the "Pais Basque" into an English protectorate or Dominion or something like that, and even during the Spanish war there were individuals who thought that at the critical moment the Basques would receive help from the English)

Our informant told us at the beginning that there people spoke only in favour of England, but after considerable circumlocution he confessed that the workers also sympathised very much with the Soviet Union, although conversations in this direction were much more restrained. He added that the people were quite well informed about the course of events as they listen daily to the bulleting of Radio London, and some also listen to those of Radio Mescow.

The people in general are in favour of a solution on the basis of the Republic. Others are afraid that the fall of France will result in a revolution worse than the other and for this reason they are more hesitant. Those individuals are specially the rich. If they believed that the Republic would be established without bloodshed they would be in complete agreement with it.

s/4612

In Spain they balieve that Mitler may be defeated in 1942, especially if the Second Front is started. They also say that Russia is bearing the brunt of the fight.

Speculation about a monarchist restoration has no ither delighted or depressed the people. The possibility does not arouse much interest.

The people, who, according to our informant, have nost prestige in Enskadi (Basque national territory) are Aguirre and Prieto, especially the Sormer.

As regards conditions of material life he assures us that they are terrible and that is the fundamental reason why all the people have turned against France. There is much talk of who home without bread or a roofs, but that does not improve the situation.

All business is controlled by the "Elack Marketeers" of the Falange who, sheltered behind the Committees of Supply, requisition the crops from the peasants at the standard rate, and instead of selling them to the people at the standard rate they reduce rationing to almost nothing in order to compal the people to buy articles on the Black Market, at a price which will give them the profits. He says that these who have?" Money to buy things contraband (and they are the majority since salaries have hardly been increased at all in comparison with pre-war standards) die of hunger. He gives prices which correspond with those for other regions of Spain".

NOTE: the military and naval information contained in these reports has been extracted and supplied to the S.O.I. Trinicad, and the Military Adviser, Impurial Censorship, Trinidad, under the reference numbers S.E./S.O.I.1, and S.E./M.A.1 respectively.

T/9.9.42. Copies to London, New York, Bermuda & Jamaica.

26.40



Review of 201 H. le en stret virtner. Bub Tarr ad dresse, 1943 in Same Me Estados Unidos 2366 Buenos Aires 5) Pichincha 969 Buenos Aires Collatorel information On Original ho adplimat -Dece is field Con finish and additional background mps - (TC) 201-21-201-21-201-21-201-21-201-21-FI IMP CL EN CL EN Destation FI IMPDET CL EN 05-979

3 SECRET etten filled Inj FIELD PERSONALITY (201) FILE REQUEST DATE T0 HEADQUARTERS, RI 9 December 1960 ECERTER, CIISIG, 1408J FROM 1.... ...... ANIN ..... INSTRUCTIONS: Form must If the iden-SECTION 1: All kno LIVENDEN tifying data to complete. SECTION II: Cryptonym or pasudonym will be entered in Headqu SECTION 111: To be completed in all cases. SECTION 1 SENSITIVE FOE SOCUMEN HABW-6515-1800+60 NON- SENSIT: VE (Last) TEDESCHI NAME YARIANT TYPE 2 (First) (Hiddle) (Title) (Lest) BIRTH DATE 5 COUNTRY OF BIRTH CITY C.R. OTHER IDENTIFICATION 1 CM 258 73. VIS 1 .0 · ? ·? · OCCUPATION/POSITION SECTION II PSEUDONYM CRYPTONYM SECTION III COUNTRY OF CESIDENCE 124 ACTICA DESK 11. Y ZND COUNTRY INTEREST 12- 390 COUNTRY INTEREST 10 -RISIG 731 444/2 004 < 1943 was an active member of The Spanish Communist Entry. Address 1943: Pichincha 969, Buenos Avies, Argentina. . Suspected Societ agent- days noted 1943 CS Carey 201-PERMANENT CHARGE RESTRICTED Falter YES RECORD COPY FORM 831a SECRET ( 38) We like Ber Walter State Berg 

FBI doc. 27 Jan 69 (NY) RE: Carl Winter, Helen Winter DBC 41305 FBI doc. 1 Feb. 1972 (NY) RE: Jim Beynon Bufile: NY 100-175210 DBD 31051 FBI doc. 26 26:Dec. 1968 (Seatlle) RE: Boris Mikhaylovich Orekhov DBC 39101 FBD doc. 2- 29 April 1963 (Detroit) RE: The United States Festival Committee, Inc. Bufile: 100-436225 DBA 39107 FBI doc. 24 Jan. 1969 (NY) RE: Boris Mikhaylovich Orekhov, Galina Sergeyevna Orekhova DBC-41307 FBI doc. 24 June 1966 (Wash.) RE; Communist Party, United STates of America; International Relations Bufile: 100-3-81 DBB 51452 FBI doc. 28 Feb. 1974 (NY) RE: World Peace Council DBD 69841 FBI cable 11 Oct 1974 (NY) RE: Communist Party, USA, International Relations DBD 81515 FBI doc. 18 18 Oct. 1974 (Chicago) RE: World Peace Council Bufile: 100-41972 DBD 82108 A THE REPORT OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPANTA DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTI بيجدي فتوتخد المتحاة أيكر

ŝ

and the second

FBI doc. (NY) 27 Jan 69 RE: Carl Winter, Helen Winter DBC 41305 FBI doc. 1 Feb. 1972 (NY) RE: Jim Beynon Bufile: NY 100-175210 DBD 31051 FBI doc. Ré:Dec. 1968 (Seatlle) 26 RE: Boris Mikhaylovich Orekhov DBC 39101 FED doc. 22 🚑 April 1963 (Detroit) RE: The United States Festival Committee, Inc. Bufile: 100-436225 DBA 39107 FBI doc. '24 Jan. 1969 (NY) RE: Boris Mikhaylovich Orekhov, Galina Sergeyevna Orekhova DBC-41307 FBI doc. 24 June 1966 (Wash.) RE; Communist Party, United STates of America; International Relations Bufile: 100-3-81 DBB 51452 FBI doc. 28 Feb. 1974 (NY) RE: World Peace Council DBD 69841 FBI cable 11 Oct 1974 (NY) RE: Communist Party, USA, International Relations DBD 81515 FBI doc. 18 18 Oct. 1974 (Chicago) RE: World Peace Council Bufile: 100-41972 DBD 82108

展れたたい大学により

FBI doc. 20 Aug. 1975 (NY)

RE: International Conference of Solidarity with the Independence of Puerto Rico, Havana, Cuba, September, 1975 DBD 90674

FBI doc. 26 April 1961 (Detroit) RE: Michele Allison Winter Field office file: 100-21782 DBA 1530

# FBI doc. 16 Feb. 1971 (NY)

RE: Communist Party, USA, International Relations Bufile: 100-3-81 DBD 5593

# FBI doc.

2 Feb. 1971 (NY) RE: Communist Party, USA, INternational Relations Bufile: 100-3-81 DBD 4464

Winter

يرهد الآ المحاجلة حشرته وتتقاضا فالاستناه المتخلط

· ·	EXTRACT AND	CROSS REFEREN	CE			- (
	DOCIMENT	DENTIFICATION				
DOC. SYMBOL & NO.	DATE OF DOC.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	E CLASSIFICATION OF	RECORD COPY		
FB1/DBD-97891	06 J.L 76	201-028924				
OC. SUBJECT						
HELEN MARY WINTER						
SOURCE CRYPTONYW	DATE OF INFO.	INFORMATION	EVALUATION			•
EXT OF EXTRACT (Also cite	doc. distribution, Dissem. No	., etc if appl	icable)			
		P				
	بر ( ا		*			
			SCORET DO	OUBACNIT		
	THIS REP	ER TO A TO	NO SECOET DO	COMENT		
	FILED		a constraint A constraint a const		[	
	FILED :		8033			
	SECTION	DI	8033			
		-			1	•
	,					
				·	4	
					· [	
					, i	
÷						
Indicate The Subject						
Indicate the public	Which This					
201 File No. In					J.	
201 File No. In Form Is To Be	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1		$\overline{f}(i)$	
Form Is To Be	t, Middle)			ł		
Form Is To Be UBJECT OF 201 (Lest. First	t. Widdle)	201-02802	16			
Form Is To Be	t, Widdle)	201- 02892	46	/		
Form Is To Be ubject of 201 (Lest. First WINTER, HELEN MARY		<u> </u>		7078771	1	•
Form Is To Be UBJECT OF 201 (Lest. First		201- 02892	E-2, IMPDET CL BY			

ر ب ب

> 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -

-	EXTRACT AND	CROSS REFERI	ENCE		, <u> </u>		a and the second se
		DENTIFICATION			08 v	┫ -↓	
DOC. SYMBOL & NO.	DATE OF DOC.		ILE CLASSIFICAT	104 UF HEGUND C		1	
F51/D5D-97886	15 JUN 76	201-028924	6		· ·		
DOC. SUBJECT							``
	SOURCE	INFORMATION					•
SOURCE CRYP*ONYM	DATE OF INFO.		EVAL	LATION		-	··· ·
TEXT OF EXTRACT (Alto cite	: duc. distribution. Disse= No	etc - if ap	plicable)				
• • •	0					ľ	
	, Y						
	Tard			-			
¢	1/2-						;
	Ла рінт		TOP COP	T DOGUN	ENG		:
	FILED !			ور میں اور			•
		TS#2	10307				
							• •
-							
							. •
				Y 2			
							و محمد من ک
				1	1	4	
Indicate The Subje 201 File No. In	Which This					·	<b>د</b> ج
Form Is To B	Be Filed.			1			
SUBJECT OF 201 (Lest, First	st,-Hiddle)	201- 028	9246		-		
WINTER, HELEN MARY					. ]	12	
TORM 867 PREVIOUS	· SE	CRET	E-2, IMPD	ET CL. BY: 007622			
and the second	กระเหรือมีสารสุดที่สารแรง (และครับช่อยังและ และกังวังประเทศ ครั						
					۰ م در د ک		

		ECRET Fulled In)		•	· · ·				• •
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
	EXTRACT AND	CROSS REFEREN	ICE 🦗						
DOC. SYMOOL & ND.	DOCUMENT 1 DATE OF DOC.	DENTIFICATION	LE CLASSIFICAT		C08 *				
				, ··· -					
FBI/DBD-91238	08 September 1975	201-289246							
DOC. SUBJECT			I	<b></b>					
HELEN MARY WINTER									
		INFORMATION		ATION					•
SOURCE CRYPTONIM	DATE OF INFO.				<del>-</del>				
TEXT OF EXTRACT (Also cite d	doc distribution, Dissem. N	o., etc if appl	licable)						
			~ <b>`</b>			l			
			۱ <u> </u>						
· ·									
· +	IS REFER TO A TOP	SCORFT DI	OCUMENT						
	S REER IV A IVE	DURLI DA DET CONT	DODCINT						
	$\frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}$	208557	NUL						
1 <b>1</b> 1		200337	~ t						
નાં ન	CTION BY	∊⋴ <sub>⋳</sub> ⋴, <i>⋴</i> , <i>⋴,⋴,⋳</i> , <i>⋳</i> , <i>⋳</i> ,	~ *						•
ບ.(	CTION DY		~ *						•
	CTION BY		~ *						•
τί. Ι	CHUN D1	• •• <u>•</u> • • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • •	~ *						•
τι.	CHUN D1	• •• <u>•</u> • • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • •	~ *						•
τί. Ι	CHUN D1	• •• <u>•</u> • • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • •	~ *				:		•
ίι.	CHUN D1	N. 'L	~ *				:		•
ίι.	CHUN D1	• •• <u>•</u> • • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • •	~ *				:		•
ίι.	CHUN D1	• •• <u>•</u> • • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • •	~ *				:		•
ίι.	CHUN D1	• •• <u>•</u> • • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • •	~ *		-		:		•
ίι.	CHUN D1	• •• <u>•</u> • • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • •	~ *		-		:		•
Indicate The Subject	t, Project Or	• •• <u>•</u> • • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • •	~ *		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
Indicate The Subject 201 File No. In V	t, Project <u>Or</u> Which This	• •• <u>•</u> • • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • •	~ *		-				•
Indicate The Subject 201 File No. In V Form Is To Be	t, Project Or Which This Filed.	• •• <u>•</u> • • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • •	~ *						•
Indicate The Subject 201 File No. In V Form Is To Be SUBJECT OF 201 (Lest. First.	t, Project <u>Or</u> Which This Filed.	l'A	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>						•
Indicate The Subject 201 File No. In V Form Is To Be	t, Project <u>Or</u> Which This Filed.	• •• <u>•</u> • • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • •	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
Indicate The Subject 201 File No. In V Form Is To Be SUBJECT OF 201 (Lest. First, WINTER, HELEN N	t, Project Or Which This Filed.	201- 28924	46	×.		7-46)			
Indicate The Subject 201 File No. In V Form Is To Be Subject of 201 (Lest. First. WINTER, HELEN N	t, Project Or Which This Filed.	l'A	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			7-46)			
Indicate The Subject 201 File No. In V Form Is To Be SUBJECT OF 201 (Lest. First, WINTER, HELEN N	t, Project Or Which This Filed.	201- 28924	46			7-48)			
Indicate The Subject 201 File No. In V Form Is To Be SUBJECT OF 201 (Lest. First, WINTER, HELEN N	t, Project Or Which This Filed.	201- 28924	46			7-46)			

になった。

		EXTRAC	T AND CROS	SS REFERENC	Ε			!		-
			UMENT IDENT					······	<b>.</b> .	
DC	C. SYMBOL & NO.	DATE OF DO	oc.	FILE	CLASSIFICAT	ION OF PECO	RD COPY		<b> </b> . '	. •
	J-17429	10 Apr. 10		201-205246	-	-				
50C. SU		ARY WINTER				-				
			SOURCE INFOR	MATION	E VAL	UATION			1	
5	DURCE CRYPTONYM	DATE OF II	NFO.			CATION			ł.	
TEXT OF	EXTRACT (Also ci	te doc. distribution, D								
		THIS PETTO -	G A TOD	proprie i	- octione	17				
		f 7), 7 - 7 - 14 								
			*C							
		S.C	,i \$#_ <u>2</u> 073			•••				
		-								
	-									
		$\square$	KD							
		-								
					*					
									1	
	-									
· · ·									•	
Trade	anto ma Sub	ject, Project <u>Cr</u>				1	· ·			•
2	Ol File No. I Form Is To	In Which This								۲
SUBJECT	OF 201 (Lest. Fi	rat, Middle)		ł		<u> </u>			1 :	
	INTER, HELEN	•		201- 28924	·6		•			
W										

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>	(Then Filled In)				, <i>·</i>	
	EXTRACT	AND CROSS REFE	ERENCE	. "			· ·.
		ENT IDENTIFICATIO					
DOC. SYMBOL & NO.	DATE OF DOC.			ATION OF RECORD COP			
F61/000-0/430	17 Apr. 75	_C1-20	19240				
OC. SUBJECT	<u> </u>	<b>I</b>					
hELLA PARY	( WHATER						
	50	URCE INFORMATION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
SOURCE CRYPTONYM	DATE OF INFO	•	E 1	ALUATION		•	
EXT OF EXTRACT (Also cite d	loc. distribution, Diss	ep. No., etc il	applicable)				
••				FNT			
• •	THIS REFER TO	A IUP SEUP	CONTROL				
	FILED IN TIL	ICP SECRET	LURIKUL				
	SECTION BY -	15/207620		9971			
	,-						
		-					
					25		
17 S				<u>المع</u>			,
lloo							
D3D- 87447	7 75	24200	2'06T				
4."		01336		· · · ·			
DBD- 9031	9 TS-	208391	7 6 4	e v			
260 DBD-87447 DBD-9031	. –		yra				
				A			
-			3	,			
					Į		
					[		
	<u></u>						
Indicate The Subject							
201 File No. In V Form Is To Be							
SUBJECT OF 201 (Lest. First.					· · · ·		
SUBJECT OF ZVI (LASC, PIPSC.	, <u>HIGOIE)</u>	201-	259246				
	ſ.		•				
WINTER, HELEN MARY							
MINTER, HELEN MARY		SECRET	.E.2. 14	APDET CL. BY: 007622	(7-46)		

÷

· · · · ·		SECRET	, <b></b>		•	
	EXTRACT A	ND CROSS REFERENCE	· · ·			
	······································	IT IDENTIFICATION			-	
DOC. SYMBOL & NO.	DATE OF DOC.		ASSIFICATION OF RECORD (	· · ·		
FBI/DBD-95432	03 MAR 76	201-0289246				
DC. SUBJECT	······································					
HELEN MARY WINTER	Sour	CE INFORMATION				
SOURCE CRYPTONYM	DATE OF INFO.		EVALUATION			
:						
EXT OF EXTRACT (Also cite do		No., etc. • if applicabl	(e)			
		71110				
		THIS REFER TO A	TOP SECRET D	OCUMENT		
		LITED IN 1 - 10	P SECRET CON	TROI		
		SECTION BY	TS# 208998			
				*******		
		ł				
		0				
	C	10				
	Thi					•
	)					
	-					
<i>.</i>			· .	· ·		
· · · · · · · · ·						
		· · · -	. /:	. •		<i>.</i> .
					:	
Indicate The Subject					-	1
201 File No. In W	Filed.					
Form Is To Be			<b>I</b>	<b>_</b>		
FORM IS TO BE		1				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		201- 0289246			1	
UBJECT OF 201 (Lest, First,		201- 0289246			ч. -	:

STATISTICS STATISTICS

·	• •						•	
· · ·		ECRET		· 、				
	EXTRACT AND	CROSS REFE	RENCE					:
	DOCUMENT I	DENTIFICATIO	N		<u> </u>			
DOC. SYMBOL & NO.	DATE OF DOC.		FILE CLASSIFIC	ATION OF PER	ORD COPY			
FBI/DBD-93305	13 February 1976	201-2892	!46					
HELEN M	ARY WINTER							
	SOURCE I	INFORMATION						• .
SOURCE CRYPTONYM	DATE OF INFO.		EV	ALUATION				
TEXT OF EXTRACT (Also cite do	)c distribution, Dissem. No	., etc if	applicable)					
	Tŀ	HS PETE	TO A TO	P SECRI	ET DOCU	MENT		
	FI	LED 🗄 🧎	E TOP S	ELRET (	CONTROL			
	SE	ECTION B	Y	208972			•	
					*******			
•	·							
	Drd	10-						
	) pr							-
	-							
			,				•	
· ·	· · · · ·		e	· · · .		-	· . ·	120 J - J -
		-						
	-	<u>ب</u>	<u> </u>	1				
Indicate The Subject	, Project Or							•
Indicate The Subject 201 File No. In W	hich This			•			•	1
201 File No. In W Form Is To Be	hich This Filed.							•
201 File No. In W	hich This Filed.	201-	289246		·			•
201 File No. In W Form Is To Be	hich This Filed.	201-	289246				• • •	
201 File No. In W. Form Is To Be 1 SUBJECT OF 201 (Lest. First.	hich This Filed. Widdle)	201-		PDET CL BY: C	07622	(7-46)	· · · ·	

3	DOCUMENT TRANSF	LA MAD CRUS			-			
SLEJECT OF DOC	LMENT	2.		T IDENTIFIC	ATION	1	· ·	
HENRY WINSTON		RI FILE 3. DISPATO	NO. 201-0	1	0. 4. DAT	ε		
		, EBI/DA	Q-80203	ATE OF INFO.	26.5	p74		
5. ANALYST	6. DATE PROCESSED	10. DISSEM		11. DATE				•
12. CROSS REFERRED TO THIS FIL		NT DISPOSITIO	RANSFERRED TO			<u></u>		
	PERTIN	ENT INFORMATIO	1 FILE NO-					
14			······································					
THIS RE	TER TO A TO	P SFORET	DOCHMEN	Т				
FILED IN	TTT TOP C	LORET CO	ETF (1	• •				
SECTION	BYTs=20	2080						
	15-20	0643						
	• •				**			
	Newelow							
سانم سانم رهمهم	28							•
and the	ton							•
1 CM de 8								
Crondal S								
· ·				•				
			• •-	· •• •		- ·		
		•			•			
8								;
۲- 	<u></u>				•	÷ ,	· · · · ·	<i>~</i>
FILE THIS FORM	N FILE NO.		201-	289	246	-		-
							]	
FORM 867 USE PREVIOUS EDITIONS.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SECRET			مد بوده بعريدهم و	(7-46)		; 
	•••••	-		· · ·	• • •	, 		
					سری ہو۔ میں روالہ اور اور اور اور			÷
The provide the second s			,, " ·	•				• • <b>•</b> •

•\_

14-00000

515

. . : .]

14-00000		<b></b> ,				
	anna i ann an	angen for an film of the state	******		والمتحديد ويسترجعها والمتعالية والمتعادية والمتعادية والمتعادية والمتعادية والمتعادية والمتعادية والمتعادية	and the second
			_	· .		4
				-		
				•	÷ • .	
. <i>.</i>						
				• •		
······································	-	and the second descent of the second second	and the second se	·		
	· · · · ·	SEC	RET			
			_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		DO DOCUMENT E	XTPACT	-,		·
	THE FOLLOWING IN	FORMATION CONC	LENING THE SU	UBJECT OF T	HIS 201	
	DUSSIER HAS BEEN	EXTRACTED FRO	M ANOTHER OFF	FICIAL DO F	ILE.	
	PERSONS PERFORMIN					·
	MENT FROM WHICH T INFORMATION PERTA					
······	FROM IP/FILES.	INING IC MC	300 <b>0101</b> / //0 .			· · · · · · · · · ·
······································						
•	WINTER, HELEN 201-0289246		200-004-208/	104		
	SEX F		DPD-69841	/ 04		
···· ····			28 FEB 74			
· ··· ·			FBI			
• •			βq			
	MBR U.S. DELEGATI	CON TO WOFLD C	ONGRESS OF PE	EACE		
	FORCES, MOSCOW, 1					
	BY WPC.					
	•					
·····	•					
		· ·			····	
			,			
······································	DATE 27 MAP	74	0908	86070		
		• • ·				
		· • • • •		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		·····	· ·		•	
	-, ,					
				20	1.289244	
and a many set of a second	anda al subministration performante terra constantion a service a s					
		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				
		SEC	RET	E2 IMPDET	CL BY 054979	
					an haanna a ahaan da dhar ah an an ah annah ayah ir ir i ina sana ahaa	
ALL Free POTO - Man and a second s	معامور منديم والمراجع والمعامين والمعاوية والمعادية والمعادية	n nabhar ar an ball-alla. I u canny nasai dirana anna ar 🤉 👘 👘	ه دور المعريفيوه بد د المهدمة	يومد الدار موسر المدرانية	איין איין איין איין איין איין איין איין	
		· ···· ····				
- · · · ·					· · ·	
·						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· .	• •	· · · · ·	
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ",	· · .			
			• • • • •			
	1 <sup>2</sup>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	· · · · ·		이 아파 이 가 가 있다. 이 아파 이 아파 이 가 가 있다. 이 아파 이 아파
میں اور میں او اور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور			• • • • • •			14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 -
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
			en e			
					ا میں اور اس میں اس میں اس میں اور	
	م ما مسلم المربع ال المربع المربع المربع المربع المربع				ر ماهی کو دونیا تک بالی ایک می باشد این می میشوان می میشود. این مسلم می تشوید مشهری می	
			and the second	ちきごうこう ちんしょう	in a second state of the	心理 化二十分分数分离

Ε С R ET DO DOCUMENT EXTRACT THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION CONCERNING THE SUBJECT OF THIS 201 DOSSIER HAS BEEN EXTRACTED FROM ANOTHER OFFICIAL DO FILE. PERSONS PERFORMING NAME TRACES ARE CAUTIONED THAT. THE DOCU-MENT FROM WHICH THIS EXTRACT WAS PREPARED CONTAINS ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PERTAINING TO THE SUBJECT AND SHOULD BE REQUESTED FROM IP/FILES. WINTER, HELEN 201-0289246 100-009-022 SEX M DBD-90674 20 AUG 75 FRI P2 FROM THE POLITICAL COMMISSION OF THE CP-USA MBR DELEGATION U.S. SUPPORT COMM. FOR THE IN-DEPENDENCE CONF IN SOLIDARITY W/THE INDEPEN-DENCE OF PUERTO RICO DATE 12 SFP 09327216 SECRE EZ IMPDET CL BY 054979

14-00000

SECRE T DO DOCUMENT FXTRACT THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION CONCERNING THE SUBJECT OF THIS 201 DOSSIER HAS BEEN EXTRACTED FROM ANOTHER OFFICIAL DO FILE. PERSONS PERFORMING NAME TRACES ARE CAUTIONED THAT. THE DOCU-MENT FROM WHICH THIS EXTRACT WAS PREPARED CONTAINS ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PERTAINING TO THE SUBJECT AND SHOULD BE REQUESTED FROM IP/FILES. WINTER, HELEN 201-0289246 201-0850469 SEX F 080-75231 31 MAY 74 FBI SECY OF INTERNATL AFFAIRS CPUSA INQUIRES RE SONDRA SANDY PATRINOS IF SHE INTERESTED IN THE TRIP TO MONGOLIA DATE 27 JUN 74 091365 6E> EZ IMPDET CL BY 054979 Ē C

14-00000

	A REAL PROPERTY OF A REAL PROPER	State of the second		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
- 	a second and a second and a second a		and a state of the second s	<mark>an ai tha an an</mark>	and the second	
	·	2	~			
اليان يا المواكيسيين و الماري	······································		,	•	,	· · · ·
n a antonio o no occasión e		SECRET	•			
	····	, .		* · · · ·		and and a second se
			we was a series	·*		
· · · · · · · · · · ·		DOCUMENT EXTRACT		• •		and the second se
······································	THE FOLLOWING INFOR	MATION CONCERNING	THE SUBJECT (	F THIS 201		۰ <sup>ر</sup> میر میر م
	DOSSIER HAS BEEN EX	TRACTED FROM ANOT	HER OFFICIAL D	D FILF.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	PERSONS PERFORMING	NAME TRACES ARE C	AUTIONED THAT	THE DOCU-	•	
	MENT FROM WHICH THE INFORMATION PERTAIN	S EXTRACT WAS PRE	T AND SHOLLD F	S AUDITIUNAL	-	
	FROM IP/FILES.	ENG TO THE SHOLE	1 MIND 51 .020			
	,	•				· · · · · · ·
· · · · - · · · ·	WINTER, HELEN		o/ 133			
	201-0289246		04-123	· · ·		
	327 1	13 JU				• • • •••••
· · · · ·	•	FRI				
······						
			NAM OF THE			
	MBR OF POLITICAL CO INTERNATIONAL AFFAI					
	MBR OF A DELEGATION			•		
	MOSCOW TO ENGAGE IN	DISCUSSION W/LEA			-	
**** * ***	CPSU DURING PERIOD	4-10 MAY 74				
· · · · · · · · · · ·						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		• ,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	DATE 23 JUL 74		09144083		-	·
				, <u> </u>		
······································			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	201 -	- 0289	7246
					- 0289	9246
				201 -	- 0289	9246
				201 -	- 0284	9246
				201 -	- 0284	7246
		SECRET	E2 1MPD	201 - Et <u>cl</u> by 054	- 0289	7246
		S F C R E T	E2 1MPD	201 - Et CL_BY 054	- 0289 979	9246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	201 et ci_by 054	- 028 979	9246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	201 - Et <u>CL</u> BY 054	- 028 979	7246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	201 -	- 0289	2246
		<u>SFCRET</u>	<u>E2 IMPD</u>	2 @ / -	- 0289	9246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	201 Et CL_BY 054	- 0289	9246
		<u>SECRET</u>	E2 IMPD	201 Et CL_BY 054	- 0284	2246
		<u>S</u> ECRET	E2 IMPD	2 (C)   Et CL BY 054	- 0284	2.46
		S E C R E T	E2 IMPD	2 (C)   ET CL_BY 054	- 0284	92.46
		<u>SFCRET</u>	E2 IMPD	2 © / ET CL_BY 054	- 0289	2246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	2 (C) -	- 0289	2246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	201 Et CL_BY 054	- 0289	2246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	201 Et <u>CL</u> BY 054	- 0284	2246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	2 © 1 ET CL BY 054	- 0284	2246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	2 © / ET CL_BY 054	- 0280	2246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	2 © / ET CL_BY 054	- 0289	2246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	2 © ) ET CL_BY 054	- 0284	2246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	201 Et CL_BY 054	- 0289	2246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	2 © ) ET CL_BY 054	- 0289	2246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	201 Et <u>CL</u> BY 054	- 0289	2246
		SECRET	E2 IMPD	2 © 1 Et CL_BY 054	- 0284	2246

14-00000
		-				2.5	
<b>۴</b>	a a superior and a su	مەلىكىنىڭ ئىرىمىلىرىكى مەلىكىنى مەلىكىنى ئەرەپىكىنى ئېرىكىنى ئېرىكىنى ئېرىكىنى ئېرىكىنى ئېرىكىنى ئېرىكىنى ئىرى		and the second	and the second secon		
and and a second se						t ,	
• •			, ,			·· ·	
							- 7
, 						······	: : اس
	· ·	SECRET	•		,		
میت ا بر د موجو معمد محم		5 t G 4 E I			۰ . <del>-</del>	· •	1
-						·· ·	
		COCUMENT EXTRACT					. :
	THE FOLLOWING INFOR				• • •		· 1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DUSSIER HAS BEEN EX PERSONS PERFORMING				• •		
	MENT FROM MHICH THI	S EXTRACT WAS PREP	ARED CONTAINS AU	DIFICUAL		••	• • •
· · ·	INFORMATION PERTAIN FROM IP/FILES.	ING TO THE SUBJECT	AND SHOULD BE R	EQUESTED	•		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·. ·		-	-	
	WINTER, HELEN						
	201-0289246		4-208/04		· ··		 -
	SEX F	080-32 18 0CT					•
·		F3I	14				-
· ·		P2			,		
· · · · · · · · · · ·	DISCUSSED QUESTION	OF CHIL AND USA GO	vч	•• • •			<del>.</del>
	INVOL VEMENT					и	
- • • • •		• • • • • •			· · · ····		
				-		-	•
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						<u> </u>	
· .		· · · · · ·	-		-		
••••••	• •• •						
	<b>NATE: 33 NUM 76</b>		00313395				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DATE 22 NOV 74	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	09210285	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	DATE 22 NOV 74	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	09210285 Эл	289			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	DATE 22 NOV 74	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ze1-	u ,	246		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	09210285 D1-		746-		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- Zv1-		246		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- Zv1-		7.46		
			201-				
			- Zv1-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				
			201-				

SECRET DO DOCUMENT EXTRACT THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION CONCERNING THE SUBJECT DF THIS 201 DOSSIER HAS BEEN EXTRACTED FROM ANOTHER OFFICIAL DO FILE. PERSONS PERFORMING NAME TRACES APE CAUTIONED THAT THE DOCU-MENT FROM WHICH THIS EXTPACT WAS PREPARED CONTAINS ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PERTAINING TO THE SUBJECT AND SHOULD BE REQUESTED FROM IP/FILES. WINTER, HELEN 201-0006887 201-0289246 DBD-78208 SEX F 06 SEP 74 CIT USA FBI SCHEDULED TO DEPART FR NY OL MAY 74 DESTINED FOR MOSCOW VIA AEROFLOT TOGETHER WITH FERN AND HENRY WINSTON /201-0006887/ AND JAMES JACKSON /201-0011793/ DATE 04 NOV 74 09199669 \_L 8 XX .... ... SECRET E2 IMPDET CL BY 054979 \_\_\_\_\_ ···· للعادة فأرجاب ويتصابخ فالمعالية المكاملة المعاشد ماساهد

								and the second secon
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ganalagun ganalagunga an filoson ann ganalagunga		and a state of the	Anion to in the second secon		
					•		· ·	
÷	ſ				-	· ;	·**	
					*			
÷.,			<i>,</i> ,	•				••
. ۲۰ ۲۰ میرونی	1		et -	•				• •
	د مستحد ا	SEC	C R E T				• • • •	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- · · · · ·	, . <b></b> .		-				1
	antantantangan gunag ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang	DO DOCUMENT E					····	
								· • • • •
	THE FOLLOWING INF DOSSIER HAS BEEN							:
	PERSONS PERFORMIN							ρ.,
	MENT FROM WHICH T	HIS EXTRACT #	WAS PREPARED	CONTAINS AD	DITIONAL			a mar o = th Annie A
	INFORMATION PERTA FROM IP/FILES.	INING TO THE	SUBJECT AND	SHOULD BE F	REQUESTED			· 6-4
····· ····· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•						
•			,					<b>.</b>
÷	WINTER, HELEN 201-0289246		201-013341	9				6- A
· · · · · · · · · · · ·	SEX F		DBD-81515					
			10 OCT 74 FBI					<i></i> .
•- • •••••			FDI					
	· · · ·							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	OBSERVED ENTERING	PREMISES OF	POLD UN MIS	SION			·· · ·	
							-	
					-	•		
					-			
								~ · ·
	DATE 24 OCT	74		195351		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ن پر
	DATE 24 OCT	74		195351				
	DATE 24 OCT	74		195351 	I289	7246		
	DATE 24 OCT	74		195351 20,	1-289	7246		
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CI EN 0540	79		
	DATE 24 OCT		09 	195351 	1—289 сі ву 0549	7246		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	<i>1—289</i> сl ву 0549	7246		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	<i>1—289</i> сl ву 0549	7 <i>246</i> 79		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	79		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	7246		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	7246 79		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	79		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1—289 СL ВУ 0549	7246		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	7246		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	79		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	79		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1—289 СL ВУ 0549	7246		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	7246		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	7246		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	79		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	7246		Ø
	DATE 24 OCT			20,	1-289 CL BY 0549	7246		Ø

. 4 X-REF. SHEET S-E-C-R-E-T DATE 26/10/74 SYMB. NUMBER DOC. DAIE DOG. FILED IN DBD -80203 26 SEP 74 201-0006887 201-0289246 THE ABOVE DOCUMENT(S) ARE CROSS REFERENCED TO THE 201 FILE CITED UNDER LEFT MARGIN. FOR INFURMATION CONCERNING THE LOCATION OF THE FILE CONTAINING THE RECORD COPY DOCUMENT, CALL FILES SECTION, EXTENSION 4127. S-E-C-R-E-T E2 IMPDET CL BY 054979 201-0289246 FILE IN

FBI document 10 May 1974 (NY) Subject: Hclen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449

FBI document 18 July 1974 (NY) Subject: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449

FBI document 15 May 1974 (NY) Subject: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449

FBI document 19 Nov. 1973 (NY) Subject: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449

FBI document 22 Aug. 1973 (NY) Subject: Tour of Union Of Soviet Socialist Republics by Representatives of Central Committee, Communist Party, USA, July 13 - Aug. 12, 1973

FBI document 30 March 1973 (NY) Subject: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449

FBI document 23 March 1973 (NY) Subject: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449

FBI document 10 January 1973 (NY) Subject: Gus Hall, aka/ Helen Mary Winter, aka Bufiles: 61-8077 and 100-423449

FBI document
20 December 1972
Subject: Gus Hall, aka; Helen Mary Winter, aka
Bufile: 61-8077 and 100-\$423499

FBI document 15 June 1972 (NY) Subject: Helen Winter Bufile: 100-423449

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	EXTRACT AND	CROSS REFERE	NCE				
		ENTIFICATION	····			-	
DDC. SYMBOL & NO.	DOCUMENT TO DATE OF DOC.	<u>`</u>	LE CLASSIFICATI	ON OF RECORD (	СРУ' Т		
DOC. SUBJECT			<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>		
					. ~.		•
SOURCE CRYPTONYM	SOURCE I DATE OF INFO.	NFORMATION	EVAL	UATION			
TEXT OF EXTRACT (Also cite do	c. distribution, Dissem. No	., etc if app	liceble)				
		-					
WINTER, F	FLEN						
201-23524 SEX F DOB	£	DBD	-31051				
	•	C1 F FBI	EB 72				
CIT ? DCC ?	JIM BEYNON, CANAD	A. NGV 71					
MET WITH	JIM BETNUNT CANAD						
							ĩ
				a a			•
:				1			
;					-		
۰ ۲			R 72022813	340	:		
				•			
					i		
				ı ·			· · · · · · · · · ·
	• .						<b>i</b> 1
Indicate The Subject	, Project <u>Or</u>						
201 File-No <del>.</del> In-Wi Form Is To Be 1							
SUBJECT OF 201 (Last. First,	Middle)		0.00	<u>a'</u> 111	- <b>4</b>	· ·	
		201-	289	246		·	الَّيْنِ الْمَعَانِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ : [2] - اللَّيْنِ اللَّهُ : ( اللَّانِ اللَّهُ : ( اللَّانِ اللَّ
FORM 867 PERVIOUS	SE	CRET	OR	009 1	(7-46		
E0171688	· · · · ·		Be where a		.,		
	See and compared and a set and an end and a set of the						
n an				· · , ·			

. .

-----



			DOCUMENT TRANS	FER AND CROS		<u>-</u>		· ·	
		SUBJECT OF DOC	UMENT		<u> </u>		4. DATE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	S. ANALYST	<u></u> .	6. DATE PROCESSED		AINATED IN	111- DATE			
- - }	12. CROSS REFE	ARED TO THIS FIL		ENT DISPOSITIC	IN IRAMSFERGED TO				
	14.		PERTI	NENT INFORMATI					
		WINTER, H 201-28924 SEX F DOB CIT ? OCC ? HAD DEPAF ATTEND TH CP USA	-6	JAN 71 FUR Congress A	200-004- DBD -055 16 FEB T FBI VENEZUELA S DELEGATI	593 71 A TO			. : • .
, , ;					R 71	03030740	• •		
						· .			
	·		• •	ta ya ta s		<b>" · · · ·</b> ·	•	-	
				· · · ·	FILE IN	N 201-2	<u>89.24</u> 6		
	15. FILE	E THIS FORM	N FILE NO.	\$					
		1008 FRITIANA		SECRET			(7.	463	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

z"/,

3

الأ بالمناطب

「日本になっていた」

14-00000

сй.

÷

.....

 $\mathcal{T} \subset \mathcal{S}$ 1

2

ą

ž

:33

FBI Doc. 17 Sept. 1970 (Wash.) RE;Ccmmunist Party, USA Contacts with Communist Parties of Venezuela, Colombia, and Peru (NOFORN, NO DISSEM ABROAD) DBC-93754 1

FBI Doc. 14 May 1970 (Wash.) RE: Comtacts Between Communist Party, USA and Communist Party of Venezuela DBC 82704

Sale Cart

FBI Doc. 24 June 193669 (NY) RE: Helen Winter Bufile: 100-423449) DBC 54933

FBI doc. 20 May 1969 (NY) RE: Heler Winter Bufile : 100-423449 DBC 52075

FRISCOCS

## FBI doc. 10 Jan. 69 \$NY) RE: Carl Winter, Helen Winter DBC 39844

4-0000

\_\_\_\_\_



SECRET . • • 7. • (150 DOCUMENT TRANSFER AND CROSS REFERENCE ٠. SUBJECT OF DOCUMENT D'SCUMENT IDENTIFICATION RI FILE NO. 3. DISPATCH OR SOURCE DOC. SYMBOL NO. 4. DATE 7. SOUNCE LAYPTONY ... DATE OF INTO. . EVALUATION B. ANALYST . DATE PROCESSED 11. DATE 10. DISSEMINATED IN -----DOGUMENT DESPOSETION 12. CROSS REFERRED TO THIS FILE 13. TRANSFERED TO RI FILF NO. ---PERTINENT INFORMATION 14. • -WENTER, HELTN 201-289246 201-752914 SEX E DOB ? DBC -41307 24 JAN 69 C11 ? FBL 000 7 P4 SEC URGANIZATION COMMISSION, CP, USA. MAR NATIONAL COMMITTEE, CP USA ON TRIP 7 DEC 68 TO CONNECTICUT W/HUSBAND CARL WINTER /201-760835/, B. M. DREKHOV /201-752914/ AND WIFE GALINA SERGEYEVNA R 6902061627 FILE IN 201-289246 18. FILE THIS FORM IN FILE NO. SECRET 867 .... ...... (7+46) .........

SECRET DOCUMENT TRANSFER AND CROSS REFERENCE 50 DECOMENT IDENTIFICATION SUBJECT OF DUCUMENT RI FILE NO. S. DISPATCH DE SOURCE DOC. SYMEDL NO. 4. DATE 7. SOUNCE CRYPT'NYN .. DATE DF INFO. D. EVALUATION 8. ANALVET . DATE PROCESSED DATE DOCEMENT DISPOSITION 18. CROBE REFERETS TO THIS FILE 13. TRANSFERTO TO #1 FILE ND. PLHTINENT, INFORMATION 14. WINTER, HELEN 201-289246 201-752914 SEX M DUB ? DBC -39101 26 DEC 68 CIT USA FBI , 000 7 SECRETARY OF THE ORGANIZATION COMMISSION. .. CPUSA, ALSO A MOR OF THE NATIONAL COMMIT-TEE, CPUSA IN CONTACT WITH BORIS M. DREKHOV, 201-752914 R 5901141020 FILE IN 201-289246 18. FILE THIS FORM IN FILE NO. C SECRET (7-46) . . : -. 15 ÷.

14-00000

FBI doc. 18 April 1967 (Wash.) RE: Helen Mary Winter BUfile: (SC) 100-423449 DBB 77957

1.18.2

FBI doc. 8 Nov. 1960 RE: Helen Mary Winter DBF 62099

FBI doc. 26 July 1967 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 BBB 88376

FBI doc. 2 June 1967 (NY) RE; Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 81991

FBI doc. D 23 May 1967 (Seattle) RE: Helen Mary Winter

Bufile: & Etlad Field Office 100-17363 DBB 81995

FBI doc. 27 April 1967 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 190-423449 DBB 78966

FBI doc. 18 April 1967 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 78724

FBI doc 18 Jan. 1967 (NY)

ŝ

2i

RE? Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77690



14-00000

SECRET DOCUMENT TRANSFER AND CROSS REFERENCE SUBJECT OF DOCUMENT GOLUMENT IDENTIFICATION RE FILE NO. - DISPATCH OR SOURCE DOC. STWBOL NO. 4. DATE - SDURCE CAYPTONYM ... DATE OF INFO. ..... EVALUATION AMALYS' DATE PROCESSED DAT DOCIMENT DISPOSITION 2. CROSS REFERED TO THIS FILE 13. TRANSFERED TO RI FILE ND. PERTINENT INFORMATION 14. WINTER, HELEN 201-762338 201-289246 SEX F DOB ? D38 -51958 20 JUN 66 FBI CIT USA OCC CP OFFICIAL P2 ELECTED TO NATL COMM CPUSA DEC 59 IN CHARGE OF CP SCHOOL IN MARXIST TRAINING IN NEW YORI CITY, MAR 66. R 6607122280 FILE IN 201-289246 19. FILE THIS FORM IN FILE NO. C FORM 867 use Potvious sertiane. SECRET (7-46) تشتر بالمجلوطة ليولي فلقر والتجن . 

## FBI doc. 6 July 1966 (Seattle) RE: Helen Mary Winter Field office file: SE 100-17363 DBB 77913 FBI doc 21 Jan. 1966 (NY) RE; Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77914 FBI doc. 26 Oct. 1965 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter

RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-#23449 DEB 77915

FBI doc. 30 July 1965 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77916

FBI doc. 5 May 1965 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77917

FBI doc. 12 Feb. 1965 (NY) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77918

FBI doc. 20 Nov. 1964 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter, nee Wagenknecht Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77919

2312 +

HBI doc. 2C August 1964 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBE 77920

FBI doc. 25 Feb. 1964 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77921

## FBI doc.

seres the

4-00000

17 May 1962 (Detroit) RE: Comgress of Canadian Women, Information Concerning DBA 10048

DOCUMENT TRANSFER A	ND CROSS RE	ERENCE			
SUBJECT OF DOCUMENT	2.	DOCUMENT			1
	RI FILE NO.	200	004	236	¢1
	3. DISPATCH OR				с AFF б3
THE UNITED STATES FESTIVAL COMMITTEE, INCORPORATED (EIGHTH WOFLD YOU'TH FESTIVAL)	- SOURCE CRYPTO	A -39107 NYNIB. EATE			
ANALYST 6- DATE PROCESSED 1	10. DISSEMINATE	) IN	11. DATE		
DOCUMENT DI	SPOSITION		1	R.	
12. CROSS REFERRED TO THIS FILE	13. TRANSFE				
201-289246	RIFILE	NU.			
PERTINENT I	NEORMATION				
DE T-3 ADVISED ON MARCH 16, 1963, THAT CAR DE T-1, ON MARCH 20, 1963, ADVISED THAT HE YOUTH CLUB OF THE MDCP. DE T-2 STATED THAT AT THE OFENHOUSE MICHEL SOCIALIST CITIES, SCHOOLC, FACTOFIES, HOUS VISITING LENINGPAD, VOLCAGFAD, MOCCOW, AND MICHELE EXHIBITED SOUVENIRS WHICH SHE PROU EAST GERMAN FLAG. MICHELE SAID SHE HAD MOS COUNTRIES FROM WHERE SHE ACQUIRED THEN AND HER BAG, WHICH HAD A SHOULDER STFAP. SHE S CUSTOMS AND IMPORT AUTHORITIES IN THE DIFF	LEN WINTER E WINTER GA HING, AND TR EAST GERMA JGHP BACK, A T OF HER SO CAFRIED HE CAID THIS WA	WAS CUFR VE A TALL ANSPOFTA NY. MONG THEI UVENIFS : R LITERA Y SHE HAU	ent merb ( and to Fion. Sh M The Fe Bent Bac IURE IN (	ER OF T LD OF V E TOLD ( D FLAG A K FROM ( THE BOT)	HE ISITING OF AND THE THE FOM OF
· · · ·	-				
FILE THIS FORM IN FILE NO.		201-2892	+6		-
N 867 USE PREVIOUS EDITIONS. SECR	RET				{7-46}
	e i se	man she are the second			· · ·
		···· , ,		· · · ·	

2

之亡

「「「「「「「」」」

1

FBI doc.
30 Nov. 1961 (Detroit)
RE: Helen Mary Winter
Bufile: 100-423449
DBF 96370

FBI doc. 24 Aug. 1961 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 BBB 77922

FBI doc. 21 June 1961 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBF 81488

## BBL & COOS & L

.

•

. .

e a server a server a server a server a server a server

The Constitute

DOCUMENT	TRANSFER AND	CROSS REFE	RENCE	,			
SUBJECT OF DOCUMENT			CUMENT I	DENTIFICA	TION	1	_
MICHELE ALLISON WINTER	R	I FILE NO.	100	004	134		
•		DISPATCH ON SOU DBA -	01530		26 AP	r 61	
	7.	SOURCE CRYPTONYN	8. DATE	OF INFO.	9- EVALUA	TION	
ANALYST 6. DATE P	ROCESSED 10.	DISSEMINATED H	N	11. DATE			_
	DOCUMENT DISP			L			1
12. CROSS REFERRED TO THIS FILE 201-289246		13. TRANSFEPRE RI FILE NO					
	PERTINENT INF	ORMATION					
DETROIT.							
DETROIT.	·						
DETROIT.	· · ·						
DETROIF.							
DETROIF.							
DETROIT.							
DETROIT.					· ·	· .	
DETROIT.					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	
DETROIT. FILE THIS FORM IN FILE	NO.		01-2892	246	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· .	
	NO. SECRE	7	01-2892	246		(7-46	
		7	01-2892	246		(7-40	
		7	01-2892	246		(7-4	

ł

FBI doc. 24 Jan. 1961 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter, nee Wagenknecht, et al. DBF 67557

a and the state of the state of

FBI doc. 6 Sept. 1960 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-423449 DBB 77923

der.

1.

FBI doc. 3 June 1960 (Detroit) RE: Helen Mary Winter Bufile: 100-0423449 DBB&22884 DBB 77924

PERSONALITY FILE ACTION REQUE		consult the 201 completing this in block lette	the second se	be typed of
: RID/201 Section	DATE		ACT	CLOSE
м:		<b>1</b>	1004 NO.	PHONE
TR 2-4 FLS 201 2. EXCLUDE TRUE NAME FROM MACH	THE CIST 14	RESTRICTED	4 PERM YES	NENT CHARGE
IDN. VIS IDN NO.		6. SOURCE		··/ .2.5
	Farst)	(Widdle)		9. PHOTO
(1) JAPER AN RAME VARI	ANT		VARIATIO	S IN BIO. DATA
PErson (Look) - and a second second second	Eards) - a mar ana an	(Micare)		
HARTE, D Ant.	······	<u></u>		
•		\		
1- 1910-50, 1135 11 1. 1. 1. 1.	, ,	<u>;</u>		
DATE OF BIRTH 12. COUNTRY OF BIRTH 13. CI	TY/TOAN OF BIRTH	14.COUNTRY OF LO	CATION CODE	15. CITIZENSHIP
1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 1. C. H.	·/ ·/		17.5 m
ATTER* CNLY ADD IT IONAL 64 65 68 67 68 69	CODES • P B PATTER	N ONLY	75 76 77	78 79 80
RGANIZATIONAL OR GROUP SFELLATION (Clear				
			19. ORG/GRO	
CUPATION/POSITION (Clear text)	بالم من	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	21. OCC/POS	ABBREVIATION
	- the strategy		- 7	
TION DESK	23. CODE 24. SEC	ONDARY DESK		25. CODE
YPTONYM	27. PSE	UDONYM		
MENTS -	J		· • •	
Le & CAEL . WINTER .	and to the	michig	ar de Section	iet .
"a comment Party, U.	5 A., 112 P	12. 21. 20		
ife & CALL WINTER, A	5 A., 12 P	12.9. 60.		
le comment Party, U.	5 A. , 112 A. J	m. y. E. O.		
NATURE , 3		)n. 31. d. 0. DN-		9=46
				•

· · · · · ·

1. 41