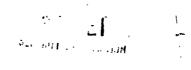
2022 RELEASE UNDER THE PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY ASSASSINATION RECORDS ACT OF 1992 104-10226-10023 RECORD MATERIAL DUL DATE 03 THIS DOLUMENT AS CHARGED TO YOU. 1 2. REIVEN THIS DOCUMENT TO IP/ARCHIVES & DISPOSITION SECTION, RM CHEESE ON OR BEFORE DATE INDICATED. A 55 6 3 IF YOU FORWARD THES DOCUMENT TO ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL PLEASE CALL EXTENSION DO NOT REMOVE THIS FORM 12 12 179a use mervices rottions. 1471 DO NOT REMOVE ANY PAPERS OR . J 2124 MUTILATE FOLDER. 12014733 and Discurrent catho. 5. Corbat 5. 06/04R 78-1129 432393 10. 11. FILE NOLLAND CIAND 37 DOCUMENT: 12. FULDER: 13. 14 PAGE: RETURN TO 50 í. Æ BOX: 15 P/ARD INTERNAL USE ONLY UNCLASSIFIED CONFIDENTIAL SECRET 610 10PM بردينيع ្តែ៖



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. UNCONFERENCE AND ALL WE WARTHAND OF LARS ON 21 CARD 1/52. Frement were Losser. Moyel, Fredmand and Bouler from Claim and Signer, Lloyd and Bridon from 214.

 Kr. (retrans and just returned from a sois strond and mald Unit he had tores evocate to make about 10%. In order Way were (a) as follows:
 1. He zaid met in the Grock Integer, i.e. List and others

1. He said wet in the Crock Inducer, ... List and others complained of the activities of the stringers of AG. Incomstringer, is said, provided a overmost exclosed and what to exhauster of other countries wotths in the share with refuceds of unit clearing with the S. C. School, in whit would be then mode stringer, saying that is not token a work for the share were times that the in reporters much were in the solid tent be work denoted to be reporters much were all 21 and of Vik were identical to be replace. A statement we discussion paying that of the two for reporters were were controled and equip that of the two for reports in report with were controled and share that for the two for representations were controled as and which each the statement of the tent we discussion paying that of the two for reports in report with were controled as the and share the statement of the tent to be precised and the statement of the solution of the tent to be specially and the statement.

2. Pretrains whe set that we be there for experied burges around through increasing reason that there were a meaning and rapidle within an age a solver that to the effects when the security. The manner in when so derivative security react of our security. The manner in when so derivative security react all outlined to the herizand and react to be in twice a structure one stepsis, uncover, instructed to the order of the contract of the instrucation to barn we any locate, unperiase security on the instruction to barn we any locate, unperiase security to influence the begins term on used to the was about the to influence the instructed.

3. In transmin rate with the set from the rotating rotation strange a solution of the set of the se

replied that in fact RFV did receive constant and frequent colicy guidance but that the members of the top staff of RFF were looking for the type of policy sublance which did not exist - a kind of overall plobal strategy covering social incluents and eventualities, a kind of policy sublance which, relatly notices would nor could be written. Specifically no had an objection to stowing the top people V 1 policy line.

Finally, i.e. Kohler questioned the advise flity of sutting the new muscian Corrition under the crusade. He pointed out the fear that, what with MFN and SFA already under the Grupade, the Congress would seen believe there was nothing left for VSA to cover. An Joyce rese to this question exclaining the messarily of helping Adviral Kirk to find none cover. He pointed out that Feeure. Brains and Devine had been detailed to accure that Grupade publicity did not give the impression that HFE and her and any new " rivate" reads would obviate the necessity for the Voice, and assured to for that all Crusade publicity, posters etc. would avoid this possibility. Aisser mentioned ale desire to find better cover for the cover and there was none talk of Foundations. No better cover and, cover, teen found at the menetion and it was a parent that Adviral kirk must have some number to questions when a what the desired to due her. Acciral answered this argument by reiterating his fears.

> TIVALE, HUNDI Cilef International Organizations Mylicion

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CET - RITY INFORMATION

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DATE: F-br.ery 19. 1952

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO S/P - Mr. Joyce

FROM :57 - Pr. barbour

subject.Fund Momorandum No. -62 of Docember 31, 1951 attaching conies of documents, remarding the activities of the Central and Testern "Europeas Conference (Slavik-Major Group)

Your attention is invited to subject memorandum which cuptes a speech by Jerzy Lerski, Vice Chairman of the Polish Folitical Council's Working Committee in the United States, provosing the formation of a domestic political pressure group of American residents of Eas ern European stock. In the course of his speech, Fr. Lerski repeats and endorses the official statement of Aims and Principles of rederation of Americans of Central and Sast-European Descent. This statement, particularly in its paragraph o. 3, proposes that their objectives should be obtained through "unified political action."

The Department is obviously in complete support of their basic objective, namely, the overthrow of Communism. Asverse, we do perceive real harm in the utilization of WOND funds to promote domastic political pressure proups; especially, when such groups will self-avovely engage in political and election contests in the United States in order to further their objectives abroad.

Accordingly, we would suggest that steps be taken to ensure to the groups which are sponsored by or supported through affiliation with WGPD be restrained from participating in or assisting such denestic political pressure groups as is proposed in subject Fund Manarana m. ... us. groups show d be cautioned, in any event, to evoid any public declarations of intent to intervale in derestic American politics.

EUni 10 Pollinde 2/19 52 J4 al

and the second ¥., C - The star 0-22 INTAT : FURD & P HAN UP OF. 302 ર્ડો Due mbor 31, 1951 ML-fil Attached to this memorandum are oppies of documents gegerding the activities of the Control and Enstern. European Conference (Slavik-Majer Group). (Pereki) er creft JAN 5 1852

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On behalf of Vr. A. Gretzionu, "hairman of the last conforence, and Gr. Genstantine of the Gairman of the Serbian Nett nal Consister, Chair an of the next meeting of the Contral and Castern Guropunn Conference, I an inviting you and your political Friends to a meeting of the COUL, Vish will be hold on Tuesday, December 10, 1951 at the Gotel illard, Executive Foom, Pennsylvania Ave. and lith St., Mashington, N.W., at precisely 3 P.M.

The Agonda of the meeting will be:

- heport of the Peccetary Beneral on the meetings of the Seneral Poweittee on the action of the CASE on deportations, in ashington, New York, Paris, about the press conference in Pastington, etc.

3. Report of Mr. V. Stanka on world "niversity.

The report of Sr. Laraki is attached to this invitation.

Very sincerely yours,

(signed) Dr. Juraj Blavik Becretary Beneral

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MARCHARDUM

(Cu Americans of Contral and Mast - Gropean Descent)

From Jarzy Lerski, Jice Chairman of the folish Political Council's orking Committee in the U.S., 618 A Street, C.L., Apt. 15, ashington 3, C. 7.

The last three decades of the past century and the first two of the present one, wark the period in which millions of the immeverished presents of entral and estern surpre case to the happy wores of free Aserica. There are on at least twelve million U.S. citizens of Contral and test worepean descet. This is, of course, a wost careful estimate. Congressman Kennoth 4. Neating of Rechester, V. Y., in his Axiension of Wemarks in the low ranking of these "loyal Americans" 15th, 17'1, ives the total number of these "loyal Americans" as 20,000,000.--f think it is rather too high an estimate. Wen if we would include all Jews from those areas the number could hardly be higher than 15 million; this would be 10% of the total population of the "mited states. This would be 10% of the total population of the "mited states. This would be 10% of the total population from our countries was mainly concentrated in the big oities and the great industrial or states, of the sixteen hast and wid-testern states of Wenney-Ivaria, New Jersey, "elaware, Maryland, est Virgt is, Him York, Connecticut, Bhode Island, Eassachusetts, Sichigan, Kebraaka, (big, Indiana, Hilinois, isconsin and Virmesota. In some of there states these surposes cosprise about one third of the population. This applies especially to big cities such as thicago, "etcoit, Slavalad, Toledo, ittsburgh, "cranton, Luffalo, wilkes Barre, Trenton, Hemark, Canden, hew ritain, etc. nu shold also mention that not less than one fifth of this wig enigration managed to find work on farms--in such states as Aisconsin, Sinnesoty, Illinois, Sichigan, Bebraska, 'asanchusetts, and New York.

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the political importants of this great segment of fearican population is steadily increasing in the last twenty years. Bearly all the respective groups were concerned about the honglands of their fathers and grandfathers and became very active during orld ar II. Although, with the succeeding generations, third or even fourth, this interest has waned, due to the natural workening of ties with the "old countries"--these new Americans, the sons and grandsons of the poor Control and Castern European peasant emigrants are conscious of their ansestry. Educated in American colleges and universities, they are gradually emerging in American public life; their old inhibitive inferiority complex is rapidly disappearing. Let us study the ashin ton Telephone -irectory. It is astoriching that at loast every twolfth name is of "entral castern Auropean descent. I am not as fagiliar with other national groups and their acculatements, but as far as poles are concerned, to are proved to have Hr. synciak as one of the povernors of the poderal Reserve, ever Sukowski the newly appointed separty streeter of RFC, Hr. brak the sayor of Buffalo and Hr. Coolusts fayor of Toledo. as sure similar successes can be claimed by other groups of our Contral and lastern surgean bloc. Ast of these Smaridans are very helpful if properly suproached. . . have seard recently at a recoption of oneral or-comprovaki a statement made by Sajor Alfred 2. Jesinski a Tenocratic Conpresenan from New Jersey who offered his willingness to help the exiled leaders of all of our groups, in our efforts to liberate our part of the world. ...intlar statements have been made by other the respicen of faltsh descent.

The social advancesont of our Scenican Lrethron is visible nearly in all spherod of Operican life, 21th the sole exception of proparania 1.00. ress, radio, relavision, follywood, then hoven there suce progress is to be reticed. In such fields as hurch, niversifies, whis politics the process of advancement is resurkable. Americans of entral and Lastern - propage secont have proved to be a first class roliable clement as soldiors and citizens of the United takes with the world are and the present world dangers. ideological struction bith formunism.

BUND OF BUNDLESS AND DESCRIPTION

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share are about six uillion suricans of rolish descent in the United States. They a naist approximately one half of the estimated total of the Central and Castern Surotean group. lovaka and Ukrainians compete for second place, having about one sillion each, in the United States and Canada, Lithuanians and Fungarians seem to be next in line. It way be taken for wranted that all of our national roups have at least a hundred thousand a erican brothers in this country. It is, and it should be a tronondous assot in our struggle for liberation. To take by own solish group for example it is encouraging to know that there are already ten longrosened of juliah descent (gaven ecourts, three is white and indeuse inclusion Theorem of station, speaking at the sulaski rally in fearch declared a few wooks all that "all congrassion of rolish descent, regardless of party additions, are united in so far as the cause of Free Poland is concarned." According to him, as reported by the Polish American Journal Ho. 47-- Vol. XI of poventor 21, thy. 19 1-+ 250 . olish Ateric an solons are working together to invalidate the Teheran and Yalts agreements and to persuade the United States Soverneent to go on record favoring the present western boundaries of folland." Of other groups lovening have and Congressum of their descent-young and prominent Dr. Distnik from the fourth listrict of Mi nesota. Our Grech friends can claim an old experienced member of the Foreign Affairs Committee Fr. Sabbath--Democrat from Illinois, born in Prague, and another Congressman are Stefan died recently. In to new there never was any U.S. Senator Whe would claim Sentral or Sagtora .uropean ancestry, although enator Langer was born of Seconslovak lerman parents. Former sover or stasson claims "such ancestry and Sovernor Lausche Slovenian ancestry. There are several .on; ressnen of Jevish extraction who were either born in our part of the world or are of the Lastern uropean parentage. ... a of them may be also considered as potential friends of our cause.

A typical organisation in which we should be interested in our work is that of Polish American Decress, as ablished early in 1944 with the main mumous to help folded in regaining her liberty and at the same time to serve in the best way the long range interests of the United States by polating out the dancers of Communism and Sussian importalism. By taking such a determined stand at the time when the close Priordship with the second of react asternally was preached in ashington, they have rendered a valuable service to this country. Folish American engress is a sort of federation of all types of island and the second stand of a course insurance companies with folish mational siliance. This, 500 numbers and 70 million of capitally as the most powerful. States are cultural, educational, or church and veteran groups. They joined to exter in a struggle for Justice for soland. Folish-American Congress has the cooperation of about 20 solish-American Congress has the

Studying the problem I found that there exist parallel e-jamisstions of other national rolps. Their structural basis are also very similar. I became better acquainted with the American conterian deteration. Though organized as long ago as 1900 at leveland Convention, it we has about its principal Aimr and purposes: "It support-within the Constitution and laws of the enited states-with all its influence movements atming to tring about independence for summary sevell as liberty and well being for its newple and to do everything possible to protect the human rilbts and citizenship of the function deplaced persons outside of summary." As the oligh or evidential

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deminated by the vigorous and colorful personality of charles beamarol: From icage as is the Sungarian education by its encreated zonative ecretary tephan ... Calogh from ashington, D. .. The Ukrainian Congress Constitute of America is another very active body under the chairmanship of young secondist Or. Lev. Cobriansky from Secretary To versity.

The above mentioned three organizations together with the Systerussian - American Association, American Aspetho-Rus Congress, Phited American Dreakians, and the Blovak League of Agerica are spansoring a Federation of Agericans of Central and fast European escent, its the leadquarters at 1024 ye Street, N.W., Sashington issent, the same time the Here of the American String of the American String of the American String of the String I odoration. It is a young organization in its initial period of abbitious s-tivities. Its officers elected on April 1951 at the Hudson notel - how task conference are Stephen 2. Thereh (Carpatho-Vice frepident, Charles Kommarek (of Fulish descention-Treasurer, Heabers of the Board of Structors: Stephen N. Falogh fof Hungarian descent), John Michayonack, Whilip Brobak--Recording "ecretary, Br. Lygins (of Latvian descent), Hev. "ilvije rubisic (of Groatism descent) and Jephen J. Skubik (of Ukrainian descent) -- Sureau Lanager. Joseph A. Jackevics (of "lovak descent, was Federation's · Sooretary veneral but accused by other officers for the tendency to turn the ederation into a were tool of Narublican Farty machine he was forced to resign. It is not to be overlooked that the laderation is at the nozent under strong "krainian influence. The officers of the "oard of lirectors acculain that is, hestarak nover attended a meating of theirs and that Pr. Charles Surke from the Ashington Office of the Jolish American Jongress deputises only in the character of an observer. This alsoned du facto of the colish-American begress apparently harpers to a large extent the federation's activities. (The reason for this abonce will be explained orally).

According to an official Statement of Ains and principles of Toderation of Americans of Contral and Past propers secont adopted at the Toard of Strectors Feeting held in Sashington on August 17, 19.1 there are as follows:

1. To exert every effort to defend the Constitution of our American cay of life. To encare and exercise every sensure of effort and resource toward the decisive defeat of sustian exputiat imperialism which in its venemula essence places a portal threat to the moral and intellectual threation foundations of vestorn civilisation in which is posited our priorism foundations of vestorn civili-

2. To coordinate and implement the conson and subject activities of the numerous number or a institute represented therein within the scope of a unified polytical action oriented toward the systematic realisation of this basic objective and the simultaneous world-wide extension of the spiritual and sends, any or minuation of the serving of couplaints will be simply a dusture of dealterial theseings engendered in our fill of sights, the formula of self-determined freedem and the stantic Charter.

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3. To sorve and assist through with unified political action the appropriate agencies of our Sovernment and various reliaborating American anti-Communist or anisations in the dissemination of authentic information on Soviet Russian tyranny and atrocity behind the iron curtains of Central Surope and Asia, is the promultation of necessary steps also deal the formation of a global network of anticommunist alliences, notably within the Worket expire, in the formulation of political objectives adapted to the historic requirements and aspirations of the peoples available is surmatural allies, and in the permission counteraction of Sinister Communist and other antidemocratic influence and groups in our demostic environments.

b. To provote the security and welfare of the United States by insisting upon policies which are shaped in terms of a scripulous and forthright observance of the sacred principles embedded in the sforementioned monuments to the liberal human spirit and which will insure lasting peace to all the nations of the forid, including these of Central and Castern surops, numbering approximately 150, 00,000 people.

To argo our Rovernment to such the restoration of sovereign rights and self-government to the estime which have been forcibly deprived of them and to secure the exercise of the fundamental right of self-determination for those nations which have not in the past been ancorded this right, particularly in the countries of fentral and these secures.

6. To impol, on the happy occasion of the liberation of all peoples from the yoke of orist Aussian importalism, jovernmental action to fulfill the guaranty of free and unfortored elections in these countries under the supervision of the United Nations and with strict regard for conditions of population distribution existing prior to the institution of the Ruscification policy bent on the extinction of the mational identities of the respective analysed countries.

7. Recognizing the twofeld need, vise ridding all countries (involved of implanted Soviet influence, together with ultimate solution of territorial boundary disputes, it is urged that strict priority of action be extended to the former consideration.

5. To abot forcefully the realisation of the preceding objectives and concomitantly contribute to the prevention of a generally disastrous world war 111 through the vigorous advancement of psychological worfare, with particular emphasis on substantial improvements in the status and function of the Voice of America, resoluting proclamation of charican friendship and support of the discriting wavenents simplified throughout the wide peripheral unopean and deletic area of non-Mussian peoples importalistically subjugated in the Soviet empire, and demands for true representation of these enslaved peoples in the councils of the United Nations.

9. To secure maximum and unstinting aid on the part of our Reverment for the canifold operations and the potentially unlimited expansion of the underground neroments behind the from curtains of Zurope and Asia.

Though wany of the proclaimed also seen to be identical with

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those of ours there are also at the normal several serievs obstacles for our close comparation setment our 6112 and the "ederation. Our two bolios consist of different cational groups. Some of the nationalities present in 2242 have not their counterparts in the ederation as is the case of seches stanians, soumanises and Sorbs. The efforts are eade to bring these national groups within the scheme of the Vederation. On the other side Tkrainians, Carpatho-Huthenians, Sycloruspians, and Slovak entonomists are not represented in our Constitue. It should be stressed also that some of the corresponding now emigration proups, of the last mentioned mationalities are being considered by our friends from Class as ancooperative due to their separatistic tendencies. I realise that the thorny problem of the independence of the some of the mentioned mationalities of 1d hardly be at the present moment introduced in CLC. I would be inclined to suggest that as many of our immediate, size are similar in those of the rederation, regardless of some substantial differences we should take advantage of such a large body of organized American friends eagerly interested in the liberation of our respective countries within the whole area of Central-Zastern Grope. The same would apply of course to all component mational organizations of the vederation such as for instance Polich incrican So gress which is not yet closely linked with the Federation. I would suggest that as all our groups have slready established their liaison officers to appoint a liaison to The Coderation of Americans of Contral and Cast Auropean Cessent in order to be informed about their activities and to represent there our point of view. Such a cooperation may be of a great importance in many fields. I am sure that all these American or unimations would be willing to help us in right bofors the free world the problems or becontations and forced labour in our part of the world, as our rollsh American Jongross was very helpful is bringing the Katyn Forest massacre into the light of the free opinion. Let us use our American brothers not only in such otherwiss vital services as sending millions of food and clothing parcels behind the Iron Gurtain or signing tens of thousands of affidavits and job assurances for Displaced Fersons. Lat us cooperate with them as close as possible in the yest important political problems of our strugils for freedom.

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The principal political issue facing us in that respect is that of pressing for a "liberation folicy" of the United tates and other festern fumers. Ith the approach of Seventer 1952 slections it is becoming obvious to all of us that it sill be of extreme importance for the sause of sur free the will be elected as the new legislators of the United states. As flicts we are set allowed to interfere into American demonic politics, as representatives of our countries we are deeply interested in whose hands the fate and the future of the world events is duing to lie in the years to come. It is now a commonplace to state that works is which sur countries will decide the fundatantal, universal issues in which sur countries are so much concerned-sliberty or livery. Is to be deaply that, this should be a matter of cosmes interest to us and to the sitisens of the inited tates. It would be a state to come the and the shortsigntedness is to realize that is issues to the approach of the world examples to are so much concerned-sliberty or livery. Is to live and the shortsigntedness of the inited tates. It would be a state in the shortsigntedness of the inited tates. It would be not that just a shortsigntedness is to to realize that in the issues here coverful and understandin, allies in all least is finder and and is possible and understanding allies in all least is filler American votors of entral-mattern uropean descent. The are equally eager as eurselves in bringing

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freedom back to our part of the world. As good American citizens, tax-payers, soldiers and morkers they are fully untitled to sustain us in our offerty to liberate our countries. Generalies of party affiliations we should say ort our faithful friends and to match our enemies. Sucy a policy was applied mutatle automits by devrican Labour Unicas in the case of the Tart Bartley Fet, when all candidates for the seat in the House of Hepresentatives or Sonate and state Governorships, regardless of their party competency, have been asked for their stand in that eatter and their record of voting was chocked from that point of view. Such is the basic tachning of the pracours policy in this country. Applied to proign affairs it won't be either a new thing in the United States. It is a well known fact that the organized Jows of New York and other big American sities have mostly contributed to the sirectlous re-americance of the free state of Asreel. Trish-An ricans sustain vigorously the national claim for a United Ireland. The three "hyphenate" roups of American-Sarmana, Iriah and stalians are mainly responsible for the eventful ebolition of 1.12 montan League of Eatlors policy. But, in our case, -we do not want to costron anothing our six is constructive. To need our Amoridan friends and rolatives to co-purate with up for a positive purpose of This may be is the United States the most pewerful way Liberation. of then ing the catastroggie tread of American policy in respect of "astorn - urogean problems. I see no reason why millions of Americans of Contral -Estorn - urogean Coscent should not demand openly from their future legislators what stand have they taken in regard of liberation of our countries; (Are you for, are you adainst, or are you just neutral") -- what neve they done to materialise each a liberation in their past motivities, what and in which way do they intend to do in future? Such a questionnaire may 'n very useful in reviving our issue before American political circles and the wide jublic opision. To some of us it say soon too bold an initiative. However if we really are of the opinion that without the speedy liberation of Contral-Castorn wrope--- this simificant country of the "nited tates cannot survive wither as a sappy and frue land then by the relating of the Liberation cause we are in this respect not only filfilling our duties towards our respective countriesbut also a worthy service for the free people of America.

and have done admitted Kola landers in the ? with

20 March 1952 W

N'EOPAIRM TORI

Chief, Coutheastern Europe Division Chief, Eastern Burope Division

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Future of Strastourg Pros Parapa University Students

1. Attached hereto is a ency of a lotter I am forwarding to Ur. Tyson on this subject.

2. Chief EF is on record as having advised the former case officer of TPP WIC that FK should be afforded an opportunity for evaluation and covert sorrearing of students of S⁴ origin for future potential spectional we, on the understanding that no student would be approached for this program during his scheduled term at the University. (F probably has a similar interest in this matter.

3. This eccounted is to ask that y a been as informed on a continuing basis of year views an tell subject, and also to let you know that you can expect from us the information which shall come to us in reply to the attachcant.

4. Any comments which you now have on this subject and would give to me either informally or by seven and way by 15 Aprils would be appreciated.

> THIGH N. FRATES Chief Intorn 11 mal Organizations fivision

Attachasat

CrofitVeblj Vistributione Orig & 1 = Addreases 1 = Clo 2 = RI 3 = Project file 1 =

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20 Fareh 1952

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I have read with ruch interest the account you recently sent to Mr. "Anoward on the University in Stranbourg.

I have also noted that in a record Fund Severandum - (Ne. 365), the que time was raised as to what should be deno with the itro-bourg stubents after they have ear leted their studies, should no a containty present itself for their return to "liberated" countries of their origin.

In any case, this question will be of continuing concorn to both your organization and ours, and I have that we may be mutually helpful in plan 'ng how we can make use of these students after the completion of their studies in Stranbourg. Towards this effort we should appreciate receiving from you a list of the present student body at Strasbourg together with diagraphical data and expressed to plath a of study dites for each. We should also like to here a statement as to the type of contract entered into with the students and as to any colligation i posed uses these who encolls. I should like to discuss this question with you from time to time and cartions larly after receiving the information herein requested.

By continued cest withes

Sincorely,

bocwhall asvice

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MARKS: Are any of the officers zation on our cleared consult believe you understand the si is that it may be a good thin approach to this group on beh W. Bis Len No. Sin Manen	ants list: tuation,) g to t ry a	/ I mich a direct		

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19 March 1952

NFMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director of Contral Intelligence

-SUBJECTI

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Crusade for Freedom and National Information Bureau

1. On January 10th I called your attention to the fact that the National Information Eureau, a reputable investigation agency which conducts inquiries into charitable organizations and advises large donors, had given an advorse recommendation on the Crusade for Freedom (see Attachment 1). This matter has now risen again. It may be that it would be wise to undertake a high-level approach to the Eureau through yourself or General Emith, for the following reasons

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According to an agreement with us and with the State Department at our recent moetings, Crusade for Freedom will bank heavily this year on donations from corporations. They have now discovered that these corporations rely to a great extent on the National Information Eureau's advice. Several corporations have indicated that, according to their practice, they cannot give to the Crusade unless it has the blessing of the Eureau, and you will note in Attachment 2 that one such corporation -- Barnes Hanufacturing Company of Mansfield, Ohio -- has written to the Crusade citing its doubt.

2. Meantime, members of the Grusade have had conversations with D. Faul Reed, Executive Director of the National Information Fureau (see Attachment 3) and he has insisted that he cannot report that the Grusade has bet the basic stendards in philanthropy until his Standards 7 and 8 are met. These are the publication of an annual audit and of a detailed annual budget, the prime requirement being the disclosure of totals.

3. You may want to read this Attachment 3 with care but I cannot myself see any manner in which we can meet these standards. Therefore, I believe that it may be necessary to make the approach to the National Information Rursam described above.

. . t. .

4. The officers of the National Information Bureau are as follows:

Board of Directors

ILF.

Allen Wardwell, Honorary Chairman Paul L. Folss, Honorary President Valontine E. Macy, Jr., President Ralph H. Hlanchard, Vice-President Randall J. LoBoeuf, Jr., Vice-President Graig R. Smith, Secretary Ellis Russell, Treasurer

Edward K. Bachman James G. Blaine Mrs. Sidney C. Borg Allen T. Burns Harry M. Carey Homer Folks Maxwell Hahn Mrs. John B. Hennoman Edward J. Keyes Hugh Knowlton Alexander Lindey Arch Mandel Miss Adels W. Horrison John B. Niven

John M. Shaw

D. Paul Roed, Executive Director B. D. Burhoe, Research & Advisory Mrs. E. R. Goodwin, Research & Advisory

Do you know any of them?

TIONAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

CIO: TWB: eh

14-00000

Orig - Addressee (thru ADFC & DD/P) 1 cc - CIC 2 cc - RI

3 Attachments
1- MIP recommendation on Grusade.
2- Ltr from Earnes Mfg. Company.
3- NCFE memo on MIP.

10 January 1952

MENORADER: FOR: DEPUTY DIDUCTOR OF CEMIRAL INTULLICENCE

SUBJECT: National Information Bureau, Inc.

14-00000

1. Attached one two surveys from the National Information Bureau, Inc. The National Information Bureau is a reputable investigation agency conducting inquiries into American organizations which request funds from the public. It advises denors on whether the organizations are worthy of support.

2. The attachments contain the results of an investigation into the Crusade for Freedom and the American Cormittee for a United Europe. Note that the Bureau's recommendation in respect to the Crusade is adverse. The American Constitute for a United Europe on the other hand gets the Bureau's blessing.

THEMAS W. FLADEN Chief International Organizations Branch



NATIONAL INFORMATION BUREAU, Inc.

14-00000

•. •

IMPORTANT

This report is a privileged communication and is strictly for the confidential information of the person or organization to whom it is addressed.

April 27, 1951

and the second second

AMERICAN CONNETTIE ON UNITED EUROPE, INC.

537 Fifth Avenue New York 17, New York

ORIGIN AND PURPOSE: American Committee on United Purope, Inc. was incorporated in Now York, February 16, 1949. Stated puroper of the Committee is two-folds

In Europe to "1. encourage the idea of unity and lend assurance that a unified Europe will have the support and iriendship of the people of the United States; 2. give despondely needed financial support to groups such as the European Movement - working in Europe on behalf of unity."

In America to "1. give Americans a better understanding of the steps toward unity which Europe has already undertaken; 2. encourage civic, educations! and other groups to study their implications and the means by which American policy can further the work; and finally, 7. as specific issues arise, the Committee will point out what we Americans can do, as individuals and as a nation, to help Europe units and thus to help themselves."

By way of background information, the Committee stated in its early days:

"Despite Europe's recuperation from the visible effects of wartime devastation, whilquated national barriers to unity and progress still invite disaster for all countries. A continent divided into seventeen separate, conflicting political and economic pockets presents a yeak and vulnerable flank, perilous to world perce and security.

"Four decades of bloodshed and economic deterioration have taught the peoples of Europe that survival is impossible windout unity. As never before, they have bended together - statemen, trade unionists, business leaders, churchmen and educators in a dosen nations - in the movement for European unity. Although determined to accomplish Union, they face many obstacles.

"Convinced of our stake in the success of their work, the American Committee on United Europe believes th t American support and encouragement can be decisively helpful to the realization of this objective. Leaders in Europe have confirmed this belief, and insist that the time for maximum effort is at hand."

<u>PROGRAM AND ACTIVITIES</u>: The American Committee on United Europe describes itself as "in thorough agreement with Winston Churchill's assertion that 'Ve must spread the knowledge that this thin, is really possible...Ve must create a climite of oblision."" It will also "meek to avoid pleading for any single preconceived scheme or precise pattern for European Union, conscious that the nature of Union must evolve from the meeds and aspirations of the peoples who will unite."

NATIONAL INFORMATION BUREAU, Inc.

IMPORTANT

This report is a privileged communication and is strictly for the confidential information of the person or organization to whom it is addressed.

- 2 -

ANEFICAS CONVELTER OF UNITED FUPOPE, INC.

14-00000

April 27, 1951

Grants have been and to private froms in Europe working for European union. Groups have been selected which have, in the opinion of the American Committee on United Europe, concrete magnets for (1) strengthening the Council of Furope as a political authority; (2) supporting beside sime of the hurscall Plan and the Military Aid Progress within the Atlantic Pact; (3) inclusion of Vestern Germany in a unified Europe.

The major group receiving Committee support is The European Movement, an overall orgamination composed of six organizations of private citizens in Europe, which claims to have helped influence the governments of Western Europe to establish the Council of Furope in 1949. European Movement has initiated conferences and research on economic, cultural and legal questions tearing on union.

In the United State: the Constitute has published statements on European union by European leaders, a Newsletter with a circulation of some 2,500 copies, summaries of proceedings at machings of various European groups, and public opinion jolls.

The Committee siso sponsored lecture tours by Paul Reynaud, Lord Layton, Sir Herold Buttem and Paul-Honri Speak and single lactures by Vinston Caurchill, Pobert Schuman and Paul Van Zeeland.

The Current progrem is as follows:

Continued fund-raising for support of European groups, particular y the European Movement as a center of work in Europe for a Union.

Publication and distribution of addresses, studies and reports, and sponsorship of meetings at which European statemen may give Americans a first hand account of the work abroad.

<u>PETSONNEL</u>: The office: and Bord of Directors include the following: Chairman, "William J. Donovan; Vice Chairman, "Allen W. Duller; Secretary, "George S. Franklin, Jr.; Treasur-r, Emmett F. Connely; Executive Director, William P. Eurkee;

Raymond B. Allen	#Charles K. Hook	Carl T. Nixon
Charles 5. Cheston	David F. Lilienthal	#Frederick Osborn
Lucius D. Clay	Herbert S. Little	Lurt F. Pantsor
I. J. Connety	Kobert E. Maguire	*Robert P. Patterson
S. P. Conner	Walter N. Maguire	Walter Bodell Smith
*David Dubinsky	Stacy Nay	*Arnold J. Zurcher
Marthur J. Goldberg	#George Nebolsine	
A. Cravford Greene	-	

· Membors of Frecutive Committee

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NATIONAL INFORMATION BUREAU, Inc.

IMPORTANT

This report is a privileged communication and is strictly for the confidential information of the person or organization to whom it is addressed.

- 3 -

AMPPICIN COMMITTEE OF UNITED FUPOPE, INC.

14-00000

April 27, 1951

<u>PINANCES</u>: A financial sudit for the nearly trenty-one month period from inception, February 16, 1349, to October 31, 1950 shows: cash contribution income, \$210,919; distursements, \$173,072. Distursements includes grants to Europeau groups, \$96,651; European conferences, 311,963; Popular education, \$19,674; fund-raising expenses, \$26,201; and administrative expenses, \$33,583. Cash balance, October 31, 1950, wes \$17,846.

Contributions to the American Committee are reported to be exempt for income tax purposes.

Budget for the year to October 31, 1951 totals \$150,000, of which \$100,000 is for Buropean operations.

<u>COMMENT AND CONCLUSION</u>: It is difficult to measure the influence of organisations undertaking to influence the mass public; however, we can report that the Bureru knows of no reaso; why these interested should not contribute to this Committee.

NATIONAL INFORMATION EURPAU, INC.

2.61.1 SECRET

LETTER OF CONFIRMATION

In reply refer tos W-19.23

13 March 1952

Dear Freds

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14-00000

Thank you for your report of 5 March 1952 on Horvat. Attached hereto are copies of the sliginal correspondence.

We should appreciate your making a direct acknowledge ment to Horvat on behalf of Mr. Devey as requested in his 20 February letter. We have acknowledged the receipt of Mr. Devey's letter and have indicated to him that we were referring the matter to appropriate hands.

We should appreciate receiving a copy of the reply which you send to Horvat.

Yours sincerely,

Oliver Hadwood

Attachment

Attachment was handed to John on 12 March 1952.

. ***** ,

CIO/#80ebbgmo from ADFC to DD/P of 13 Harch 1952) Distribution: Orig - Addressee 1 - PY/Ex Asst 1 - CIO/ 2 - RI

March 5, 1952

HORVAT, Pavle

ł,

14-0000

Pavle Horvat is of Slovenian origin, about 50 years old and was born in the Prlekija district near the Hungarian border (formerly a part of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy).

Horvat became known during the thirties through his numerous manifestos and posters by which he attempted to organize his own political movement. This "movement" was labeled various names at different times. At one time it was simply referred to as a "peasant movement," at another time as the "Slovenia Section of the Croatian Peasant Party," and still later as an "independent Slovenian peasant movement." He never had, however, any following and never set up his own electoral lists. On the other hand, it is true, that the Croat Peasant Party of Dr. "acek considered him as one of its trustees in Slovenia for a short period.

He earned his living as a farmer. He also had a small village procery shop and occupied himself in his district with "interventions," that is, performing all types of secretarial services for the peasants of the area. Among other things, he undertook to organize the transportation of the seasonal workers who went to France and Germany during the harvesting months. He had difficulties with the home authorities and police in this respect and had to appear before the courts on a number of occasions.

At the beginning of the war he fled to Cagreb, Croatia, at that time the Independent Croat State (Nazi purpet regime) of Dr. Pavelic. There he set up a small office for the relief of Slovenian refugees but it never reached any large proportions. He was not connected with the Refugee Committee which handled the main relief work (Cne source cointed out that the mere fact that he was able to establish an office and function i. Zagreb during the period meant that he was at least passively acceptable to the Nazi regime.

As far back as 1935 he is !nown to have misrepresented himself as a "peasant leader."

After the war Pavle Horvat fled to Austria where he again claimed to be a Slovenian peasant leader and atterpted to whip up propaganda for the creation of a srecial "peasant group," among the Slovenian refusees; he failed completely. He was unable to find followers in a single carr to form such a group, and the refugees refused to attend his meetings. In addition he is known to have boasted that he was acting on behalf of Fr. Macek and the International Peasant Union, though he was mandated by neither. The Allied authorities were finally forced to intervene and bring a stop to his activities since they were causing discontent among the refugees and disorders in the DP camps. In July 1949, Horvat wrote the Honorable Joserh C. Grew in care of the National Committee for a Free Europe introducing himself as the Representative of the Democratic Slovenes and President of the International Peasant Union for Europe, and suggesting that he join forces with the Committee in the common struggle against Communism. In return for a trip to the United States he offered to bring a large confidential report on his activities to date and present a scheme for successfully suppressing communism and delivering the subjugated nations in the shortest possible time. He was informed that the Fund was confining its activities to refugee leaders already residing in the United States and that the proposed visit was impossible at that time.

14-00000

Horvat has recently announced his forthcoming arrival in the United States. Several Slovenian and Croatian newspapers in this country have received articles (which he wrote himself) glorifying his past and present activities. None of them, so far, have taken any notice of these articles with the exception of the Groat separatist (pro-ustashi) paper, "DANICA," published in Chicago. Supposedly Dr. wacek was highly amused on reading the article describing the great "Slovene peasant leader."

Nobody in Slovenia in pre-war days would have considered ^Pavel Horvat as a person to be taken seriously in public life. He is considered by a number of sources a political impostor and as personally unethical. Neither the International Peasant Union for Europe, of which he claimed to be president, nor the Democratic Slovenes, of which he is a representative, is considered a legitimate organization. The Director of the Fund's Yugoslavian Research and Information Desk was the editor of a daily paper in Slovenian for eleven years before the war. He never met Horvath, seldom heard of nim and his paper, as far as he knew, never took notice of him or his activities.

FCR THE RECORD: This report (on Pavle Horvat dated 5 Farch 1952) was forwarded to us by Mr. John Leich, assistant to Ar. Dolbeare, Director of the National Councils Division of NOFE.

التألفت مردلها بوارمه

58-2-(30)

NRIORAND'IN HURI	הפאי/פינ/סר
VIA:	сгу/орс
PROME	Ceputy (irector (Plans)
SUBJECTS	Attacks on the Soviet Syth of "Prior Inventions"

1. I understand that your office has already addressed itself to the opportunity which was offered by the increasing absurdities of Pussian claims to have been the inventors of a list of discoveries, evaluations, and inventions which by how comprise the bulk of such discoveries and inventions important to undern life. This is, of course, an extremely vulnerable series of claims and one which exposes itself to ridicule so readily as to render it an excellent target for attack. There has been some play on this seen in the American press but 1 feel that it would be more effective if the Furopean press and Radio was Furope should handle the job.

2. In the Sunday edition of the Vasidngton lost, there was a very good susmary of the Russian "firsts." The article was written in just the right wein, although a more dead pan approach would perhaps be more effective in certain places. If you do not have inis article, I suggest that you got sensors to clip it for yra-as well as i recall, it is to be found in the magazine section or the editorial (news review) part of the esser. I heard one on the radio this morning which would fit in nicely with this general line. I do not know the action of the crack, but it is containly a 'first" that the Russiame should surely be given all the credit for. The crack was that "the Kredin was the first to put prace on a war basis."

leighted) FRARE BO WRANCA

FRATE G. MISST

COL ATVEC Chief, SR CIO/CPC V

4-00000

S.C.T

SECURITY INFORMATION

In reply refer to: $\frac{1904}{1572}$ W -1904

128 March 1952

Dear Toat

1-010

14-00000

With reference to the stephen Maincayk case which Sam discussed with you during your recent visit, several questions have arisen concerning the broader aspects of the type of activity Maincayk was undertaking in addition to his PFE duties.

Specifically, we would like to know what sort of employment contract RFE employees enter into with RFF. If restible, we would like a copy of a typical control. No are interested in knowing what restrictions, if any, are placed on employees' outside interests or activities while employed with RFE, particularly as they would apply to a case such as Knincsyk's. No would also like to have information on the type of security accessent presently in use between RFF and its employees.

There are attached several rapers bearing on the Mainczyk case, forwarded with a report on the matter, which was prepared for our friends across the street. This report was to the general effect that the American manager of the Salaburg office of Radio Free Burope has been deeply concerned over events arising from Mainczyk's recent death. While locking through the personal effects of the deceased, he found evidence that Mainczyk had accerted money for the purpose of assisting individuals to escare from behind the Iron Curtain to the U.S. Fone of Austria. The RFF manager was further disturbed to find that the entrusted funds were not listed among the assets of the deceased or denosited with the American Express Company at Salaburg.

Sincerely,

+ a. Con Childen Three enclosures CIO/NEV:blf Distributions 2 - RI Orig - Addresses 1 - PY/ix Asst

January 21, 1952

American Consulate Aunich Cormany

Gentlemen:

14-00000

The undersigned, Dr. Fola Gyorky of 21 Fast 92nd Street, New York City and Mr. Alexander A. Back of the above address wish to request your assistance in connection with consequences resulting from the such on death of Mr. Steven W. Maincayk of Radio Free Europe in Salzburg, Austria.

ST TO HTY

COLL

The said gentleman was holding our money as a trustee, which money was sent to him to be paid out under certain conditions; we were trying to save our family from behind the Iron Curtain and we were negotiating with different people who were willing to undertake this task and we needed someone who would pay these persons the agreed amount in question when the operation was properly concluded. Through the said reptie an's secretary we received word that Mr. Mainemyk was seriously ill for the past few months and suddenly passed among, and to make certain that our interests are properly protected we are taring the liberty of writing you this letter in connection with the above matter.

The total amount sent to APEXCO, Salaburg was \$3,800. - out of which Mr. Mainesyk paid altogether \$300. - thus leaving \$3,500. - in Mr. Mainesyk's name. Of course, if it is n-celeary to would both be glad to furnish additional proof to support this present letter and we would greatly accretiste your bind assistance. We would also thank you to advise us as to what additional stops you deam it necessary for us to take in this matter.

We thank you in advance for your kind assistance and you tesy and remain

Devial

Very truly yours,

Alexander A. Back

Dr. Bela Gyorky

AAB/mak

BACK FIFORT & IMPORT GO. 215 Fourth Avenue New York 3, N.Y., U.S. .

Kember of Committee & Industry Association of New York Cable Address "Buckexport" Telephone ORchard 4-5507

COPT

January 22, 1952

American Consulate Calaburg Austria

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Gentlemen:

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14-00000

We just received the following cable from Dr. Emi Rhm, secretary of the deceased Mr. Stoven Mainzayks-

PATHOZYK DIFD INTESTATE SPEPTIS IN CUSTODY OF ARESIGAN CONSULATE STATE SUBGEST CONTACT THEM LETTER POLICHING. DR. EMI HHM

It so happens that yesteriar we erroneously wrote to the American Consulte in Munich, Germany and we are enclosing herewith a copy of the said letter from which you will see all particulants of our problem.

Your prompt attention and kind assistance in this matter will be greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

Alexander & Back

Dr. Bela Gyorky

ALE/Esk



American Contul to, Filoburg, Austria February 7, 1952

Mr. Alexanier A. Week, Er. Mala Gyorky, Back Export & Import Contany, 215 Fourth Ivenue, New York 3, New York.

Strat

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The receipt is acknowled of your letter of January 22, 1952 together with a copy of the letter addressed to the American Consul to General in Hunich regarding certain private transactions you arrear to have had with the late br. Jorden Mainery's an American citism who died in Calabars on Sanuary 1, 1752.

In accordance with its standing instructions and pending the decision of the appropriate level a thorition, the fongulate is acting as provisional conservator of the effects of the deceased. It would appear that in Addressk divide intectate and the Goussiase has been encovering to obtain intermitions from the deceased's brother, Fr. Charles Maincark, fills entry avenue, Chibogo, Illinois, the neurost known kin for advice encouring his interest in the estate.

Under these circumstances you will recording that the Consulate has no authority to take equilation of any claim you much we against the entate executing to bear in the pour interest and to refer you to the Court that will have j minimized on over the potter when the estate will have left our labout.

At such the as an execution is in factor, provided by informed and requested to a factor period to that $p \in t_{2,0}$

dincerely yours,

American Goneul

274 Rillourgariga

John Shield } 6 Mar 52 1. I have discussed this with Musers who asks that he receive The full report. Therefore suggest that yan prepara: 1) a sterile Letter do ha sent to Tom à sterile Myero giving all essential facts and a copy of the unclassi-fied latter. On this Dairs, he will cable munch and info us of results for our transmittal to State 2. Think interim reply to state. should say: the matter is being investigated at source in connection settlement Maincyk satere via RHE.

what set a employment orthact RAE employed eater into with P.7E - specifically signed restrictions on tien Outside viterent R7E. 20 porticularize. this is regard & My it his case his is particular Type of scinity agreement Which FAT Apployees sign.

Dear Toat

14-00000

With reference to the Stophen Minczyk case which # discussed with you recent during y dr/visit, several questions have crisen concerning the broader aspects of the type of activity Mainczyk was undertaking on hisronm in addition to his NFE duties.

Specifically, we would like to know what sort of e., loyant contract Hrs employees outer into with NMS. If possible, we would like a copy of a typical contract. We are interested in knowing what restrictions, if any, are placed on employees, outside interests or activities while employed with NFE, particularly as they would apply to a case such as Minesysts. We would also like to mave information on the type of scenarity agreement presently is are publiced MFP and its employees.

Taure are attacked several supers learing on the Lincoux cut, the device of the several super forwarded with a report on the matter, which was prepared for our friends above the structure of the Salzburg office of Radio Frie Europe has been deeply concerned of the Figure 100 Manazer's for events are the several costs.

of Stephene another. Thild looking, through the personal effect. If the locality, we found evidence that **Harweeyk** a solution is for the purpose of assisting individuals to whome frequencies the Irea Schull to the U.S. where of material. The NFE manyor was further distances to that the entry we fund we's not matted anong the access of the decreased or equilibrial that the merican ingress Company at concurs.

Sincerely Dever Hadwood

W-1792

3 enclosures.

11 March 1952

HENOLANDUN FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Photostats in re International Conter of Free Trade Unionists in Exile, Paris

بيعا

The attached photostate were made from accounting documents, while they were in transit through us from a TONIC representative, Paris, to TONIC headquarters. They are forwarded, as indicated below, to provide information as to individuals associated with the subject organisation.

YESSES W. BRAUEN Chief International Organizations Division

Attachment (6 pages)

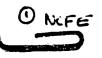
CIO/NUT : blf

Distributions

Orig = hE (FON-br. Finott; FE/3-br. Freeman) (with attachments) -1 = FE (Mr. Overton); SE (Gr. Frane) (with attachments) 1 = IO (Mr. Bieaner; Miss Stern) (with attachments) 1 = Project GERATIONE file (with attachments)

SECT.

- 2 RI (with attachments)
- 1 C/IO (vithout attachments)



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21 Earen 1752

MUNORANDINE FOR THE RECORD

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14-00000

"UNIFOR Telephone Conversation with scaled H. F. Miller on 21 Marcu.

VICE. Marina

Addiral Siller called me today and acked no to pace along two Warnings:

1. He objects to what us has shard is the "approval" of CIA officials of the plan to put schiral kirk's Committee under the Crusade for Freedo... He said he thought the cover of the Crusade was by now almost non-existent and cited a recent setting of an advertioing group of which he is a member where, he said, variants members turned to him and acked him to guit kidding. I said to Adairal Hillor that I thought that the "approval" to which he referred was a matter of policy as between the state becartant and CIA and that I thought It probable that if there had been any such approval the CIA officials who gave it had in mind the necessity of pocuring his views before putting the plan int. effoct. He roulied that to wanted to be as helpful as possible and that if all Adairal Kirk had to fall back on was the Grunede for Freezon then versions as would have to yield, but he said that in any event if Admiral Kirk's Committee more to be added to the Crusado, the Crusado would have to be expanded. He could not presibly attend to furnish ever under the present acreasent with the State Department to cut down the activity of the Grusade.

2. He said that he wanted to issue a warning to all here that heads would shortly roll within HOPN. He said that he had recently had a talk with Fred Policary and rone over tollcare's uncanization and that as a result of this talk his previous conviction as to the necessity for reorganizing was explained tenfold. He said we thought there were too many jobs hald by people whose qualifications were that they were the old school the or that they was relatives who already held jobs, and he said he income in that they was trelatives who already held jobs, and he said he incomes to clean house to such a degree that he might mean be allo to rent a loop in the New York building. He said that there may be sene restantions as a relative which his to conduct prepared for them, but he said that we assumed we wanted his to conduct officient operations and therefore to had a green light to do so until we called him off. I assured him that this was a fact.

COITNBICH Orig - AIPC--DD/P--DFCI 1 cc - CIO 2 cc - FI 13944 . n. 194499 Gilof International Prysilsations Division

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	Hotes by D/DCI

21 March 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT:

Committee for Russian Liberation

0.01 STONERRY INFORMATION

1. I called Bob Joyce in the State Department yesterday and asked him whether in his view the State Department would object to placing the new Committee for Russian Liberation under the Crusade for Freedom. I mentioned particularly a possible caveat of the State Department -- that we might be expanding the Crusade at the very time we had agreed at a series of meetings held recently that we would cut down its activities.

2. Joyce said that the agreement with State was as to method and scope of Crusade publicity and activity and that the addition of the new Committee under Crusade cover would not by any means abrogate this agreement. He said that we could go ahead and count upon the State Department's approval. I asked him whether he would like a memorandum to this effect or whether he would like to consult others in the State Department and he cald no, that this was unnecessary, that we should go ahead.

THOMAS W. BRADEN Cinief International Organizations Division

Orig: DD/P (thru ADPC) 1 cc: EE (Mr. Poor) 1 cc: C/IO2 cc: RI

20 March 52 Mr. Braken This Stern tokay asked Mr. Leich to said a copy of the reply, to her and also & give. her any backsound oftain Ur. Broden:

John said he had au "explanation" of this letter which he will man today. Also will uport after he has had driver

		CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY OFFICIAL ROUTING SLIP
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Mr. Wisner ---

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an information copy of letter sent

by Mr. Jackson today. Mr. Damewood

is receiving a copy via regular channels.

M. McCruzz

Yarch 10, 1952

Dear Hensignor Vargas-

In the first place, I would like to congratulate you and your associates on having done an extraordinary job of holding a very volatile situation together. In fact, it was a unique job, and one whose value we may never fully appreciate because so many of the benefits are intengible.

I hope, therefore, that you will continue to work with undisinished will to hold the Council together, as it would precent a very serious problem to Admiral Miller if the Hungarian group ware to fall spart.

I would also like to congratulate you on the effective work the representatives of the Europrism Lational Council have done abroad, particularly in France and Germany. You know how important 1 consider this work. It seems to no that the real task and duty of a mational Council is to help the excles, and the front lines of this work are in Europe.

Aside from the obvious necessities of food, clothing, shelter, the most important aspect of the work is what I would call a "consular" service, as these poor people do not know where or how to turn. In this consular-type work, I think that Central Hennyey and Mr. Aver have been doing an excellent job, and my personal feelings in this matter are completely comfirmed by reactions I have received from the international Hennyes Organization and the official foreign and American eduloistrations in these countries.

To my way of thinking, exile political matters in See Fork and marin ton should take a definitely second place to helping human beings in distross, and although there are some who do not agrees with this order of priority, I am aelighted and grateful that the work of the Hungarian Mational Council indicates that you share these ideas.

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Since this is an honest letter, and not just pro-ferms approxiation by a retiring iresident, I must also, unfortunately, include some observations that are not so pleasant.

I remember very early in my work with NOFF, that you taught me the political meaning of the word "polarization", and since then I have hed apple opportunity in the Hungarian National Council to see polarization at work.

2 -

HOFE has grown in the past year into a large organisation engaged in serious work, and frequently proving its effectivemess behind the Iron Curtain. To put it smother way, during the past year NOFF has evolved from just a hope into a professional weapon in the war against the energy. Therefore, activities which a year age wore deployable but partomable, are today. inexcusable and intolerable.

Adviral filler agrees with no completely on this point, and intends to take such action from time to time as may be necessary to obtain such activities when they occur.

However, I recognize that it is not enough for SCFS to take unilateral action. We must be assisted by you and these of your associates who understand who the real energy is, and are willing to subordinate fratriandal strike, polarising attempts, and dialoyal activities.

> 8 . 17 9 .

I fully realize that these are nothing but big words where I can illustrate them more specifically.

I have in my possession enough illustrations to fill a volume, but I would like to select three in particular to mention in this letter, not because I have any particular desire to single out the individuals concerned for consure, but rather because what they have done not only illustrates the point I an trying to make, but also reveals an attitude of mind which is prestically incomprehensible to an Amorican working for a great cause. The first case that I have in mind is that of Pro-

Last Pelruary, Fr. Magy wrote a letter to Nr. Frank S. Land of Kaness City, Elessuri, complaining bitterly about the Estimal Constitutes for a Free Europe, accusing it of "supporting ... outended and old-fashioned reactionary political ideologies", and asking Hr. Land to advise him as to how this situation could be brought to the attention of Freedeant Trumen in order to have him do semething about it. As a result of that letter, Hr. Land wrote to the White House, and in the normal course this full correspondence exas to me.

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I asked it. Mapy to some to the office, and tried to explain to him that what he had done was not only a lad, but a very silly thing. It was bed in the sense that he had violated en hospitality by zecretly attempting to complete against the organization which was supporting him. It was silly in accurate that he could carry on this kind of intrigges without my knowing about it — in fact, without having the white House check with NeW, an American organization, as to what action should be taken.

Hr. Easy second to uncerstand what I tried to explain to him, and with what I considered complete bonesty and sincerity, expressed his regrets and said to t it would not happen again. In roturn for this frank uncerstanding on his part, we shock hands, and i provided that the correspondence would be put away in our files and never referred to again, And as you know, I have never even mentioned it to you.

I consider that is. May has troken his plotge, and therefore I am free to tall yes about the insident.

This time, although the words of Sr. Nagy are more temperate, the molecy is the sum - dissatisfaction with what BOTE has done; dissatisfaction with the Nungarian National Council. Lot me quote a passages- "The existing Fational Council. Lot me quote a passages- "The existing Fational Council. Lot me quote a passages- "The existing Fational Council. Lot me quote a passages- "The existing Fational Council. Lot me quote a passages- "The existing Fational Council. Lot me quote a passages- "The existing Fational Council. Lot me quote a passages- "The existing Fational Council. Lot me quote a passages- "The existing Fational Council. Lot me quote a passages- "The existing Fational Council. Lot me quote a passages with the fational guarantee that provinces would be carried out."

I cannot help commuting at this point that in the Hungarian National Council towns is probably to one who has contributed more to "intro-Azzittee controversies" than Mr. Mary himself. Furthermore, an analysis of Fr. Harr's definition of "ionocruts and reactionaries" would be extracely interesting. It might have been more mounts had he said "people sho supported by Covernment in 1947 and everytody else".

As to the matter of any calle constitute, whether the Humperian National Council of The Sagy's Control Lestern Luropean Corrities, bails to "guaranter" to the people behind the iron Curtain that president Would be carried out, Fr. Sagy's statement is sized involues or preposterous.

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Fr. Bay whole up with a request that the President give his blessing to it. Mage's proposed super-constitues -the Central sectors increase Condition - which represents "a total majority of 70 to 52 at the entire population of Central Eastern Europe."

I an frankly fascinated by the processes of Mr. Magy's mind. I cannot believe that all he thinks about is the promotion of Leftish Humparian politicisms in exile. I cannot telieve that as a humon being he does not feel some same of responsibility toward HUT and the Humparian Sational Council, who have south after month helped him. I do not with to sound drematic, I do not ask for thanks, and I an not suggesting that in return for our help us impose an obligation of a quid pro que. But I do say that the question of Loyalty does arise, and the question of responsibility is very real.

Furthermore, Hr. Buy has been in this country long enough not to understand that this kind of intriguing is a distressing irritation to everyone, including the white House.

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By second illustration also concerns in. Mary. in. Mary recently bent a telegram to in. essevily, of which the following is a translation. I have the stiginal lighterian if you care to see it:

> "YAN HAVI. SUBPLITTED TO THE SUMAED OF THE FIM YORK RADIG FRET. HEROPE RAVES IF IN STAFF IS MADENE HEADE ANDREW COLLECT, STAFFE KANDLY ABERAS, LAJOS HALASI, THISSO SALE, FETTE STUTHALDS, MES L VARDA NTOP CONLINGLISS YN: FOLT YNAF THIS MADIO STAFICH LEDADDADTS IN THE BALE OF THE INAL ADDIO STAFICH ENDADDADTS IN THE PRESSURDT OF THE INALATIC HERDARIAN FILLING, I AS THE FRESSURDT OF THE INALATIC HERDARICS CALL THE HERDICES OF THE SULLTICAL COMMITTER FO LEDE DIATELY FORE GREENER THIS SOLUTION IS ACCUPTABLE TO US"

Again I would like to know what is going through Fre-

BCFZ, an incrican organisation, hired Fr. Dessently to be the responsible head of its Hungarian Desk in Maxich. Nr. Dessently was a very earsful choice after weeks of consultation on both sides of the Atlantic. His specific instructions were that the Maxich Lesk should be staffed by people pelected for functional competence, excluding, of course, Communists and rescipto.

At the same time, it was falt that the SCYP had permitted political affiliation to overshadow functional competence is the New York Hungariza .eek, and the New York Deck simply man't any good. Therefore, the New York Deck and the Munich Deck had to be brown into alignment. So Wr. Lessenfly was sent to America and was liven the responsibility of miring the necessary personnel — and in New York was instructed to apply the some yardstick that he applied in Munich.

when Mr. Descently had fulfilled his Her York task, again after the most serious consideration of all the angles involved in each one of his choices, Mr. Hacy cant him the telegram quoted above as though Mr. Hacy are in the position to control, or at least to yeto, the membership of the Losk.

Does hr. Mary really believe that he is in that position? Or is this pure polarisation. As we all know, this is a move directed against in. Collect, who does not happen to have the sume political coloration as in. Mary. In a recent conversation with in. Mary, I asked him if the telegree would have been sent if in. Gellert had not been selected, and he admitted that it would not have been sent.

There is an additional interesting element in this, in that it. Havy calls for a vote as the irreddent of the Hungerian reasont mion. Doesn't fir. Havy know that the Hungerian reasont mion does not exist as a visible political party; it only exists in the individual persons in exile sho happen formerly to have been nonzers of the hungerian reasont intion. He Havy is not a member of a government-in-exile, or even of a parliement-in-exile, so that this action of his is totally unreal, indicating unsillingness to recognize the world as it exists.

Decon't Hr. Easy realize that the only way that exile politicians can achieve political reality is through mational and international waity in order to bring about the liberation

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of their countries, and therefore the day when they can gate

again start logitizate and real party rivalry to appeal to a free electorate?

The third case I would like to mention concerns Fr. Zolten Pfeiffer.

After Mr. Dessentity made his selections for the Hew Nork Desk, Mr. Pfeiffer got in touch with his to protest against the fact that in pelecting Mr. Collert, Mr. Dessentity had been unfaithful to the Mallholders Party, which because Mr. Dessentity had formerly been a marker of that party, expected a clean sweep of the Mes York Desk, irrespective of functional competence. Mr. Fielfler further stated — and this is the really important point — that because of the appointment of Mr. Collert, Mr. Ffeiffer would have to "atta.k" Mr. Dessentity from now on, wherever and whenever possible; in short, a declaration of MR.

Again, I would like to understand Hr. Pfuiffor's mental processes. Who does he think he is? where does he think he is? This is a very serious world, and not a Mufolf Frial operate. Hr. Ffeiffer is not in Mukapest conducting a political comparing against a warward mersber of a Mett-king party. Hr. Ffuiffer is in New York, an associate of NON, with every opportunity to have his opinion heard and his influence folt. But after a decision has been made, in good faith and after long consideration, to exploy a nen because of his competence to do a job, it is Fr. Ffeiffer's responsibility as an associate of the sume organization to help that man do his work, and not to include in declarations of war in order to disrupt the eperation.

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I as sorry to have had to go into this unpleasest detail, but after a year of patiently observing and listening, I feal that I have earned the right to speak plainly.

I hope that comence or other, it will be possible for you to explain to your membership that here does not intend to be hempered or sabutaged by exile political mneuvering.

I also hope that you will be able to persuade your compatizions that insefar as Supt one interpret base palicy.

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مترشانون بر دید و علمتشد.

it believes that the covernment of the united States, looking forward to the overteal liberation of Hungary, will not permit any political group or individual in colle, to not up a memoroly for hispall, his group, at his party.

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with reneved there's for your highly successful work in the past, and the furrent some that you will be equally successful in the future, I am

macerely yours,

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C. D. Jackson

Hengignor Bela Varga 227 East 72nd Street Ses York, N. Y.

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7 March 1952

MENORANDUM FOR: ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FOR POLICY COORDINATION

NCFE

- -SUBJECT:

1. For quite some time the staff officers of this division concerned with utilizing the facilities of the NCFE and with exploiting the Albanian, Bulgarian, and Rumanian smigrations have been sware of a lack of adequate coordination between our own activities and those of the NCFE staff. In conjunction with those PT Division officers responsible for handling our relations with that organisation, we have attempted to explore the problem in order to find a solution which could be considered realistic and practical.

2. The difficulty lies not only in the communication system between OPC and NCFE, which does not always transmit, at exactly the right time, the right ideas from one organisation to the proper individuals at the right level on the other. Although we have maintained very close contact both informally and through formal channels, only too often we have not been in a position to learn why NCFE staff officers have made a givon decision in regard to some emigre organisation in which we had an interest; and on the other hand, our desires and needs have not always been fully understood or accepted in New York. Again, it has happened that we were ignorant of developments that closely affected our operations until it was too late for us to make our influence felt, and, correspondingly, . it must be admitted that we have ourselves pushed ahead with courses of action without adequately briefing the NCFE. The most extreme case in point known to us concerns the Rumanian emigration, where we and NCFE are now pursuing conflicting policies. The upshot of this has been the gradual development of a situation wherein OPC is supporting an organization, the NCFs, which is not fully responsive to it.

3. This situation is not regarded by us as reflecting any fundamental inadequacy in NCFS, or as presenting any insoluable difficulty. There exists a problem in staff interrelationship which can and should be resolved by a reform in our organisational approach. The goal toward which we believe we should work is one where OPC communication with NCFE would be channelled directly along a single high-level line which would firmly the in ADPC's office with that of the head of the other organisation. Ideas, suggestions, information, etc. would flow, in the regular channels, up from the OPC working level to ADPC's office for review and transmission to the top office of NCFS, and flow down from there through NDFS's usual channels to the proper individuals in its_operational machinery. Personal contacts between individuals at a lower level in the two organisations would frequently occur to supplement this usual crannel, when security permitted, but should be in the hands of responsible personnel who understand the OPC policies involved.

L. As the first

4. As the first and principal step toward this arrangement, it is recommended in an experienced, knowledgeable, high-level GIA officer responsible abre be stationed in the hGFE organisation to work directly with Admiral Hiller. For cover purposes he would carry the title of Deputy to the President, but there should be no doubt in the minds of the NGE top echelon as to his complete identity with GIA. Because his sole task would be to represent APR's interests, he should not normally be in the NGEE chain of command, should not be paid by that organisation, and should not be made responsible for any given NGE function or activity. We visualize his function a that of a representative charged with erulaining and representing GIA's interests, functioning as a channel of information about the organization to which he is accredited, and controlling all liaison between the two. In our opinion, the establishment of this post, with a suitable individual assigned to the job, would immediately correct most of the present difficulties, and would provide the necessary machinery within which a fully satisfactory relationship between CPC and NGPE could develop.

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GRATIAN M. YATGEVITCH Deputy for Policy Coordination, SE

SE/PC/DEHrej

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Distribution: Addrasses - Orig. 4 1 SD/RS - 2 SZ/PC - 2 / PY - 1 (M. Buslow)

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7 Karch 1952

NEPDIATOUM FURS Mr. Thomas W. Braden

SUPJ.CT:

Relations with National Councils

1. Attached hereto is a study concorning the National Councils, with certain conclusions and recommendations.

2. I have deliberately delayed submitting this study because I wanted to be sure of the validity of my criticism and recommendations. To this end, I discussed this paper at several stages of its development with various officers in the line divisions concerned and also with individuals who have been in close touch with the Eational Councils Division of NGFE. As a result, I feel that what is submitted in the attached study reflects not only my own views, but also those of the responsible area experts.

3. I feel you will agree that, under existing conditions, it is impossible to carry out effectively any of the functions related to national council matters with which we are charged. The recent "Nagy Affair" and the resultant embarrasement cerves as a good illustration.

4. In view of the interest that has been deconstrated in this paper by SE and EL-2, it is suggested that copies of the study be sent to them.

5. This whole matter, I believe, is of such importance as to warrant further discussion, and I should appreciate having the opportunity of talking to you.

SECRET

Elles Steres

LLLEN STERN

Attachment As stated above

cc: DCFY

SECURITY Department

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STUDY AND ILLOCALIDDATIONS REPAREDING RELATIONS NATH NATIONAL COUNCILS

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The purpose of this paper is to 1) review briefly the accomplishments of the National Councils Division of NAVL, 2) attempt to point out the reasons why the National Councils have not accomplished what they set out to do and 3) make certain recommendations with respect to policy and administration to remain the present unpetisfactory and unworkable situation. This last assumes that CIA must continue to sponsor the National Council complex. However, it can do so only if certain basic changes are made and if it is recognized that it is incumbent on CIA to regain control of the important personalities of the Eastern European emigration.

DISCUSSION

I Original Objectives of National Councils Division

The National Councils Division of the National Committee for a Free Europe was created on 3 April 1950 by resolution of the Loard of Directors. The underlying principle, as stated in the Declaration of Policy in June 1950, was to aid the "non-Fascist and non-Communist leaders in their peaceful efforts to prepare the way toward the restoration in Eastern Europe of the social, political and religious liberties in which they and we believe." The councils were to function as "representative, harmonious and effective groups" and, as such, to play a part in the struggle against Communism in Eastern Europe. They were not to be considered as governments in exile nor as ends in themselves.

National Committees and Panels," as supported by MOFE, were to fulfill a two-fold function: as 1) <u>overt</u> instruments, they were to a) serve as a symbol of unity both in this country and abroad, b) provide a reservoir of "name" manpower for propaganda use, c) supply general propaganda policy advice, and d) supply LOFE with both general and specific intelligence with respect to homeland activities and personalities. As 2) <u>covert</u> instruments, they were to serve as a cover for operations undertaken by CTA aimed at combatting Soviet oppression in the satellite states.

"These are: the Estonian, Latvian and Lithuanian Punels, which were set up with the help of ACFE and which function well.



II Status of Committees

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During the course of the past year, it has become increasingly apparent that national committees have failed to operate as "representative, effective and harmonious groups." Fit of the six groups of emigree supported financially by LCFE, " only three have any port of a working council (the Albanian, Bulgarian and Hungarian) and only ong-the Hungarian-operates with any degree of hermony. The Czech and Rumanian Gouncils have split into two opposing factions. The Czechs have recently effected a reconciliation which, to date, is merely a paper "agreement" and is still awaiting implementation. No attempts at bringing together the Rumanian Association and the Euranian Committee have succeeded. The Eulgarian Conmittee, while not oplit, has been handicapped by the dictatorial methods of its Cheirman, Dr. G. M. Dimitrov, and has therefore been of little value as an organization. Attempts to offset this situation by an enlargement of the Constitues are now under way. An enlargement of the Altanian Committee is also considered to be necessary, but here disagreement is a complicating factor. The Poles, after long vith years of dissension, finally seem to have agreed on the formation of a Council of National Unity. Additional information regarding each-ofthese committees is appended hereto ...

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III Reasons for the Failure

The reason for the failure of the national councils to fulfill the stated objectives has often been attributed to intrigue, rivalry and jealousy among emigre politicians. While this is certainly a contributing factor, it is one which should be expected in any dealings with leaders reared in the intricacies of Falkan politics. A more important and far more basic cause for the present energy or ings of the national councils has been CIA's failure to provide continuing policy guidance to the Executive Committee of NCFE in New York. This failure has in large part resulted from the lack of a clearly defined mechanism within CIA through which to perform these functions.

Kinel C-

At present a situation exists in which there is:

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1) No final focus of responsibility for national council policy in Washington. Various individuals throughout GIA and the Department of State are mediling in national council and related suffere matters owing to the vacuum which CIA has permitted to develop and because no one is charged with final responsibility. Furthermore, members of the

"The six groups are: the Albanian, Eulgarian, Czeen, Hungerian, Folish and Rumanian. Lzecutive Committee in New York often confer, and reach cortain agreements, with high ranking individuals in GLA and the Department of State without consulting, or even informing, anyone else. This has led to a great deal of confusion, duplication of work and, of course, embarrassment.

SECURITY INFOSMATION

2) An office in New York which is poorly staffed and which has made itself virtually integendent of CIA guidance. (Due probably to the lack of proper guidance) in the rast, there is at present a prest amount of free wheeling in the New York office. The members of the executive Cognittee seem to feel that they are an autonomous unit rather than agents of their sponsoring office. Furthermore, dealings with the experienced politicians in exile from the catellite states require a staff which is mature, has cavoir-faire and a broad background in Talkan polities. This is not presently the case.

3) A feeling among emigros that the promises and threats made by NCFE are meaningless and that money will be forthcoming under almost any conditions.

IV Focsible Courses of Action

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Confronted with the situation skotched above, it would appear that insofar as CIA is concerned, the following alternative courses of action are possibles 1) Keep the present set-up; 2) withdraw support from emigre affairs; 3) ask the Department of State to take over; or 4) make certain changes along lines recommended below.

Since the present set-up is unsatisfactory for the reasons indicated above, obviously the first alternative may be immediately dismissed. The second alternative is not feasible because the peoples of the satellite countries are important allies of the United States in the cold war and it is to our interest to afford assistance to the principal hastern burspean refugees and their major organizations. The State Department cannot take over relations with the emigres because of the official recognition given by the United States to the "Democratic Republics" of Lastern Europe. The logical, indeed inescapable course for CIA to follow, therefore, is to continue to deal with the most important Eastern European emigres on the basic of eastern set which follows;

1)	NOFE	is an	ormanitat	1.22	a, set up	b;;		CIA,
							sponsoring offi	ce.

51) 81.

2) The entire provides in this country do not constitute governments in exile, but merely units useful for the following functions:

a. Presti je l'se

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To serve as a symbol of resistance to the subjugated peoples behind the iron curtain. To provide speakers at various meetings in this country and at gatherings, such as the European Dovement, abroad.

b. Psychological Marfare

To engage in all sorts of activities which will encourage the spirit of resistance of the peoples of Eastern Europe and keep the story of Eastern Europe's struggle for liberation before the people of the West by appropriate publicity.

c. Research. Analysis and Planning

To organize and carry on long-range research analysis and planning projects which will utilize the talents of the Lastern European refugees. This area includes the Library of Congress and other research projects and the activities of the horizontal international organizations, such as the Slavik-Mayer/Nagy Groups.

3) <u>Hational Councils Will Not Control LFL</u>. Nothwithstanding the State Department's views, it is wise at present to maintain the separation between the national councils and RFL. While emigree should continue to have an opportunity to speak to the peoples behind the iron curtain, they should do so as individual patriots and not as representatives of a council or of a political party. RFE, if it is to be an effective "voice" to the satellite peoples, must necessarily keep free from petty intrigues and political "empire building" currently being exhibited by the national councils. Should the national councils become the real symbols they were intended to be, they could then play a significant role in RFL.

RECORDERIDATIONS

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The following policy and administrative recommendations are submitted as essential to the successful operation of emigre affairs:

1) Folicy Recorrendations

a. Maintenance of National Councils

buring the foreseeable future, the structure of the national councils will have to be maintained. It is suggested, however, that their activities in this country be limited to the functions mentioned above.

to b, I'd like to sce this potential assessed further. tor instance, do we have collected information on the reservoir of Rnigre manforder (in Paris _ er do me have to rely on independent WE3 for this . on C. How!

b. Empaneion of HOFE Activities in Paris.

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It is further recommended that a greater degree of US control be effected over the vast reservoir of emigre manpower now concentrated in Europe. The expansion of, and tightened supervision over, the MCPL office in Paris would provide this control. St much alco property way for It would additionedly 1) provide a much-poeded Friface the way for outlet for the younger elements of the contration, fince the second 2) offset the attempts made by the French and the stight for Eritich to use these elements, 3) by useful from meditalien, while the psychological warfare aspect and also in long-range planning of the lileration of the as niew. weteble the Forwels, - les Ametrica satellite states. and the Council of Europhi

4 c. Summer of Morizontel-Groudings

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are muning & contenting It is recommended that the activities of horizontal onder IN Il groupings, such as the International Peasant Union,

the Christian Democratic Union, the Slavik-Mayer/Mary network of Groups, etc. be encouraged. Constructive work on the part of the exilce from the satellite states that would cut across national lines should be viewed

favorably and may well become the most constructive

element in the emigre political complex.

2) Administrative Recommendations.

There should be, in CIA, an office charged with the responsibility for all emigre matters. While it is recognized that this entails a wast amount of administrative work (budget, personnel, scourity, etc.), the discussion that follows will be devoted only to the political aspects of the work.

The terms of reference of this office for "Emigre Affairs" should be, inter alia, to 1) formulate policy on emigre matters, soliciting and bearing in mind the views of the CIA line divisions, the Department of State and other offices of the United States Government, and 2) provide direct policy guidance over the NOFL offices.

a. Relationship with Other CIA Offices

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The office for "Emigre Affairs" should act as an advisory body and serve as a functional link providing the necessary liaison between the CIA line divisions and the "ational Councils Division of MCFL. The office of "Maigre Affairs" should likewise be kept regularly informed of all transactions undertaken between the line divisions and WCFE.

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b. Relationship with the Department of State

The office for "Emigre Affairs" should 1) maintain close contact with the area desks of the Department of State and 2) most jointly with members of the Department in a CIA-State Coordinating Committee, (see chart attached) for the purpose of formulating policy on emigre matters.

c. Relationship with MCFE

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The office for "Emigre Affairs" should maintain close

the FCFE office in New

York and in Paris.

Detailed recommendations on the structure of the Office for "Emigre Affairs" is appended hereto.

ELLEN STERN

SECURITY INFORMATION

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ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTIONS OF THE PROPOSED OFFICE FOR "LUIGHL AFFAIRS".

I. Organization

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Chief Deputy Chief Two Staff Assistants Two Socretaries

II. Functions

3.

The overall function of the office for "Enigre Affairs" should be the formulation and coordination of policy on national council and other emigre affairs and the transmittance of such policy to NCFE.

1. Liaison and coordination with other CIA Offices.

a. Transmission of material from NCFE offices to line divisions.

- b. Transmission of material from line divisions to NCFE.
- c. Coordination with the line divisions on all emigre matters in which they have an interest. If the office for "Emigre Affairs" is kept informed on the needs of the line divisions, the MCFE should be able to perform functions useful to the divisions.
- d. To facilitate the dealings between the Office for "Imigre Affairs" and the line divisions, there should be one person in LE-2, S2 and NE-3 designated as liaison officer on emigre matters.
- 2. Liaison and coordination with the Department of State.
 - a. There should be a CIA-State Coordinating Committee, which should meet regularly to discuss matters pertaining to the national councils and emigre affairs.
 - b. Although a member of the ECFL may occasionally be present at a meeting of the Goordinating Committee, regular sessions should be attended only by members of JLA and the State Department. The system, which has been in effect during the last four months, under which bi-weekly meetings have taken place between a representative of the ECFD in New York and the Department must be discontinued.

of the activities of the "CFE.

SEGN !

a. The office for "amigre Affairs" should be charged with the

b. One or more high level individuals in the NCFE offices should be CIA agents. While having authority for certain slot decisions, they should be residuated for all actions to headquarters in Markin, ton. There should be regular contact between the NCFE offices and headquarters.

The term is

3773

4. Handling of all other work related to emigre matters.

- 2 -

a. Sterilizing and distributing Zinnia reports.

b. Proparing memoranda on emigre matters.

SECT.

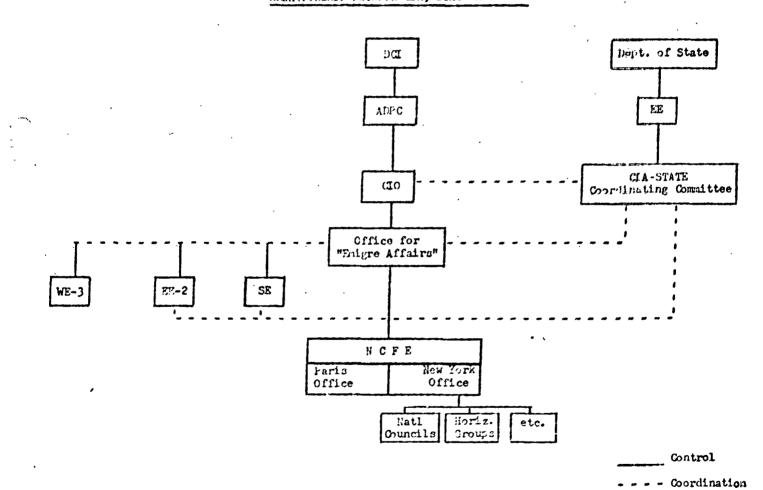
14-00000

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c. Coordinating action cables with line divisions.

d. Maintaining extensive files on national council and related end re affairs.

Think we should Superimpose NC7E as a whole and fit this office Junigre affairs" into the Dicture, as one arm.



RELATIONGRIP DETWICEN CIA, STATE AND HOPE

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14-00000

6 March 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: SAY E. MILLAND

FROM: THOMAS MYERS

SUBJECT:

:

14-00000

Herman Moschnor - Convicted Spy

1. Pursuant to our conversation, you are advised that the captioned individual was convicted in the U.S. Court at Numberg on 31 January 1952 on a charge of espionage. U.S. Attorney developed information which was turned over to us indicating that among other things Moschner had been directed by the Czech intelligence service to procure information about madio Free Europe, especially bearing on the guarding of the installations and the consequences of an act of substage. Moschner was not an employee of RFE and the basis of the espionage charge against him was that he had endeavored to obtain information concerning personnel and activities of the GIC.

2. Through the courtesy of a friendly U. S. agency, we have been provided with a copy of the targets which Moschner had been given by the Czech intelligence service. I am attaching a copy of the list of such targets and you will note that the activities of this individual clearly reflect the interest of Czech intelligence in possible sabotage of the physical installations of RFE in Munich. Further information is being developed in this matter and I will advise you when I receive same.

THOMAS MYERS

STRICTLY PRIVATE

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COPY

APPENDIX "A"

ESSENTIAL ELEGENTS OF INFORMATION REGARDING RADIO PRZE EUROPE ISSUED BY THE CZECHOSLOVAK INTELLIGENCZ CZENICZ.

The following are essential elements of information:

1. Plans of all RFE buildings and RFE transmitter stations.

2. Dimensions of antenna used and distance between antenna towers.

3. Phone numbers of transmitter stations.

h. Plans of all telephone lines, specifically leat-ins and terminals.

5. Relationship of one RFE building to another in an operational sense.

6. Addresses and telephone numbers of all individuals connected with RFE.

7. Details of functions and operations of each transmitter.

8. The number of guards at each RFE installation, nationality of such guards, and duty assignments and locations, whether accompanied by police dogs.

9. Number of civilians usually in RFE buildings at night.

10. How and what transmission operations are conducted at night.

11. Complete plans of electrical power lines and power supply at each transmitter station.

12. How many rural policemen are located in the area of each transmitter station, addresses.

13. Addresses and details concerning guard personnel at each transmitter station.

14. Number and identity of persons working in all of 272 and their addresses.

15. Distance of transmitter stations from rural police headquarters.

NOTE: A certain amount of repetition in the above essential elements of information may exist. However, they were subsitted to me only as notes taken from a highly classified report and therefore may not be as exact as given by Hoschner during his interrogation. On Monday we shall attempt to get the entire report of Hoschner's statements regarding RFE and shall submit further pertinent details.

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Chief, Operations Division, GPC Attention: Mr. W. F. Rowland Chief, Contest Division, 00

RITY INFORMATION 2- Post

29 February 1952

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Hungarian Exile Activities

14-00000

1. A Hungarian Government-in-Exile which feels that it can "awaken the spirit of resistance and result in piercing the Iron Gurtain and liquidating the Communicts in Hungary" has been formed under the direction of Forene Magy. This group came to our attention when Louis Goldstein, a New York javeler, suggested that a representative of this Agency call on Full Weiss and Lee Weiner, New York lawyers, who had been approached by Forene Magy regarding the organization of this group. Mr. Weiss furnished our New York office with information regarding Mr. Magy's organisation.

2. Meabers of this group other than Macy are Geza Teleki, Karolyi Peyer, Zoltan Pfeiffer, Desso Sulyok, Zoltan Eay, Istvan Esrankovics, Albert Barths, Faul Auer and Aladar Ezegedy-Maczak. The objective of this group is to form a government-in-exile which would combat Communism in Hungary, strengthan resistance, develop the underground, ship radio parts and transmitters as well as arms, revive a good propaganda campaign, raise troops and fan resistance in the event of war, and set up a temporary <u>de facts</u> government in hungary if the West wins. This group, which claims to represent 83 per cent of the Hungarian people as of the last free elections, would hold free elections as soon as possible and let the people choose a new government. They want official recognition as a government-in-exile and US Government. (Our field representative comments that: "This is the first of many groups probably being formed in the hops of getting some of the Mutual Ascistance \$100,000,000.")

3. This group pays that Radio Free Europe is a joke and a travesty on the term "democracy", and that something should be done about it. Members of the organization claim that Communist propaganda is beamed out by RFE and that the Munich office is staffed with the following Mazis: Emile Gzonka; (fnu) Macri (phonetic); Aladar Kovacs; Laszlo Barei; Andras Szekely; (fnu) Zalaberi (phonetic); Mejo Poharnuk and his wife. Also, the following Communists are on the Munich staff: Josef Kemeni (phonetic); Zoltan Szeke; (fnu) Mikes; Laszlo Szeke.

SEGRET

"Eungarian Exile Activities" - 1

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4. The Hungarian group hopes to be a momber of the Central and Sastern European Committee which will be something of a coordinating committee for the various yet-to-be-formed Catellite governments-inexile. A partial list of the members of this large Committee (all of whom also seek to claim that Ref is rotten) follows:

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SECURITY INFORMATION

Fereno Nagy, President Istvan Barankovies Josei Cerny George Dimitroffe Hasan Losti Cornel File Mihai Krek Vlatko Necok Stanislaw Kikolajosyk Stofan Gsuski Augustin Popa Veclovas Tsidaikaukas Gonstantin Viscianu

5. Nr. Weiss is getting the political plans of the Hungarian Group and the Central and Fastern European Committee and will give them to us when he receives them. Once he has given us this material, he hopes to lot our field zen deal directly with the national group leaders. These leaders hope to sell themselves and their ideas to GIA and have expressed their willingness to supply GIA exclusively with intelligence information. (We assume that this group's cooperation will be commensurate with the amount of financial support which GIA gives them).

6. Our field representative has commented that this group may also try to disoredit RFE although "...most of these burns would be starving if it were not for RFE help. They already have Lawyor Weiss believing that RFE is one of the most evil things going." .. We told these two Ar. Weiss and Mr. Weiner/ that we were interested in getting all possible information on these groups and impressed upon them the fast that we could guarantee no favorable action. It was also necessary to persuade them that Radio Free Europe is not supported by our agency."

7. Paul Noiss maintains a New York law office at 369 Lexington Avenue. He was born on 29 Hovesber 1911 in New York City and served in the Infantry during World War II. Later, he was in Military Government in Kores. His partner, Mr. Veiner, was born 20 April 1913 and attended Harvard Law School.

SLUNET

Bungarian Exile Activities

14-00000

- 1 -

SECURITY INFORMATION

8. We shall follow up on this and shall keep you advised. If you have particular points which you would like us to discuss with Mr. Weiss, please let us know.

5. M. ASHCRAFT

Ocunc/

ee: AD/O (1) Chief, Pyschological Warfare Division, OFC (1) V Chief, Cover Division/PLARS/080 (2)



coi Mr. Jackson Hr. Lang

14-00000

AXCERPT FRO LUTIOR LATEL FUBRUARY 21, 1952, PROB SPUNCER FROMMY TO CLAITON PLOLER

Second, my can plans; until I know when we are to ase Ir. Lenz and what the consequences of that interview may be, I can of course make no definite travel arrangements. I should like to go to Strasburg and tal, with them there about the enlargement plans for the College de L'Europe Libre; I want to have a few days in Paris, if possible, to catch up on developments in Royall's area; and lafeel it important to have about a week in Lisbon. Porgetting the question of dates my itimerary would probably be Strasbourg, Faris, Lisbon, New York, and If there is to be any considerable delay before we can see Ir. Lenz I shall plan to go to Strasbourg from Frankfurt, then return to Frankfurt and then go direct to Faris. It would please no if I were able to go back to New York in time to go to New Hampshire to vote in the primaries on Farch 11, but this may be an idle hepe.

Third, our Frankfurt negotiations; as I cabled C.D. we reached complete agreement on the technical basis, covered by the draft licensing-agreement. Throughout our discussions we were treated with the utmost courtesy and sonsideration. The original craft submitted for our study contained several arbiguities and specific provisions which, if literally construed would defeat the purpose which both sides seemed to have in mind. Our suggestions for changes and nodifications were accepted after a minimum amount of discussion. Thenever we made a valid point, the fact was recognized at once by the others. Lick agrees with me that one could not expect to receive any more courteous or considerate treatment, and we were all very much pleased by the atmosphere at the ministry. You realized, of course, that the technical side of the question is by no seans the complete picture, and it remains to be seen how: rapidly we can clear up the non-technical aspects. If we can have our Ecnn appointment again temerrow, I cupht to to alle to have a cable in New York for your o ening Konday, indicating the prospects, but if our appointment is delayed until some time next week - one of the local handicaps we are encountering - is a karnoval-period or "Pashing" which reaches its climax senday. Fashing is much more of a colebration than Gacrge rashington's firthday, so lick and I are willingly sacrificing our holicay tomorrow (strike out lick from the preceding clause because he tells ne that the German operation does not recognize G. sashington's birthday. When I asked hir if they had selected Fashing instead because it lasted longer, he avoided a direct answer,) se as not to get involved in a possibly long post-Fashing hancover period. Beriously, very little work is done in Cereany the day after the principal Pasching colebration and we hope we can get satisfies ore or less cleared up toperrow, but I shall not appear until I get a telephone call this evening after return to Promifort.

EXCERPT ZEGY LATTER TATLE FEBRUARY 21, 1952, PROM SPENCER THIMIX TO SERVICE LIEGHNE

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P.S. The Bonn telephone message came through. Lens cannot see us tomorrow, or Londay or Tuesday--or, perhaps, anytime. Frits got on the war path and said we could not this that hind of brush-off and Lens, through his assistant Herr Dr Whippersnapper finally said he had turned full responsibility over to a Foreign Office official, a Min. Ir. Strohm whom Fritz knows. Fritz then tried to reach Strohm-but he was allegedly unavailable; Fritz decended that word be got to him and finally it was, Strohn recarking, "Why, there is no hurry about this, is there?" Strohm told Frits he couldn't see us before Thursday. An appointment has therefore been made for us at the Poreign Office in Bonn at 10 A.L. next Thursday the 28th. I haven't perked out my schedule between now and then but shall protably do Strasbourg and Paris and then proceed from Frankfurt to Lisbon assuming that to be possible which I don't yet know. Flease inform C.L. of the foregoing and Bob Lang will ask to see this letter as Lick has just telephoned to Funich a teletype message for Bob referring to this letter.

I am, I confess, rather concerned about these recent developments. The "agreement" we reached with the Bundespost on technical points has no significance without a parallel political clearance in Donn, so speed with the former has no meaning in the face of delay in the latter. Tell C.L., therefore, that my ten-watt green light has gained no wattage.

cc: Ur. Jackson Mr. Lang

- February 1952

DRAFT:

T: TELEGRAM FROM THE HONCHABLE JOSEPH C. GREW TO CONGRESSMAN O. K. ARMSTRONG.

SECUPITY INCOMPATION

I keenly regret to inform you that, upon further reflection and upon the basis of information which has recently come to my attention, I consider it inedvisable for me to address your Psychological Strategy Conference, and that I find it necessary to ask you to release me from speaking at your meeting on Saturday. When I was first asked to speak about the significance of National Committee for a Free Europe and the activities of Radio Free Europe, I understood that the Confurence would discuss propaganda and psychological warfare. I make from the release issued by your o fice, that among the purposes of the conference are the presentation of definite plans of action to increase resistance movements, and to mid the peoples of the Soviet mation and the Satellite States to overthrow their regimes, as well as to establish a continuing organization to carry out the programs developed at the conference. This release also indicates that there will be full and open discussion of such matters and that persons purporting to represent underground movements in Poland, the Baltic States, Russia, China, Koren, etc., will take part in discussions.

It is my personal view that it would be unwise to discussimatters of this sensitive and provocative character in open meetings, particularly where programs of specific action are considered. It seems to be that public duscussions of such matters and revelations of plans and programs would not only expose and thus jeopardize the existence of any reirstance movements which may be identified and described, as well as the lives of the people participating, but would also provide quantities of adverse propaganda material for use by Soviet and satellite propaganda machines. It is my conclusion that my position and responsibilities as Chairman of the National Committee for a Free Europe make it inappropriate for me to speak before or lend my name to such a gathering because of the significance which might be attributed to such appearance. I want to express my full sympathy with the motivation of yourself and your co-sponsors, and to point out in this connection that the alus and objectives of the National Committee for a Free Europe, of which I am Chairman, are to keep hope alive among the prisoner peoples of the slave states and to provide assistance to fugilates from Soviet tyranny. I especially desire that my decision against appearing shall not be a cause of embarrassment to yourcelf or the others concerned. I therefore cu gest that you inform those who you believe should know, that due to unformeetle circumstances I have found myself unable to attend.

SECREI

Criga

DC/PT- for files DD/P - chrono - 1 LF - -1 Henry Poore - for use as guide.

27. Wisner read to 27. Grow over longdistance telephone today and the latter said he would alow we the weeage from Princeton. A Mark For Frelim. text license negot. between NCFE and Bundespost subj. to Gor. polit. approval, see: Bonn to State 1688 of 25 Feb. 152, C VR-265, Confic Sec. Info., copy being retained by DCPY.

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SECHET

Millenely INFORMATINE

18 February 1752

بر**بداد**م

SUBJECT :

14-00000

"The 'Voice' and Radio Free Europe Complements Each Other"

1. The attached leaflet was inserted as a supplement in the January "Crusader", a newsletter which is sent out to the 8,000 regional chairmen of the Crusade for Presdom organisation. It was prepared with the cooperation of the Voice of America officers in New York and was reviewed by the "Area of the Department of State.

MERORANDUM POR. DEPUTT DIRECTOR OF CENTUAL INTELLIGENCE

2. It is intended to acquaint the regional Grusade ergenizations with the fasts about VAA and offset any criticism or unfortunate comparisons that may have sprung up during the 1951 empaign.

R. OATES (LOYD Deputy Chief Peychological Staff Division

Attochment: As described above

Pistribution:						
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THE "VOICE" AND RADIO FREE EUROPE COMPLEMENT EACH OTHER

Both Are Indispensable

"What's the difference between the Voice of America and Radio Free Europe?" "Why is it necessary to have both the Voice and Radio Free Europe?" These are frequent questions asked of General Clay and the other leaders of the Crusade for Freedom.

The Voice and Radio Free Europe are both vitally needed if we are to win the Cold War.

They are completely separate organizations. Each performs a distinct function in the fight against the gigantic Soviet propaganda machine.

The Voice speaks with the authority of the U. S. Government. It is financed by Government funds.

Radio Free Europe was set up by private cirizens. It is financed by millions of individual contributions to the Crusade for Freedom.

Voice is World Wide

Lhe Voice is a worldwide network, broadcasting in 46 languages over 75 transmitters. It is the only American voice heard in the Soviet Union. Its 120 individual daily programs of news, music, roundtables, commentaries, documentaries, service programs, etc., have a potential audience of 300,000,000 listeners.

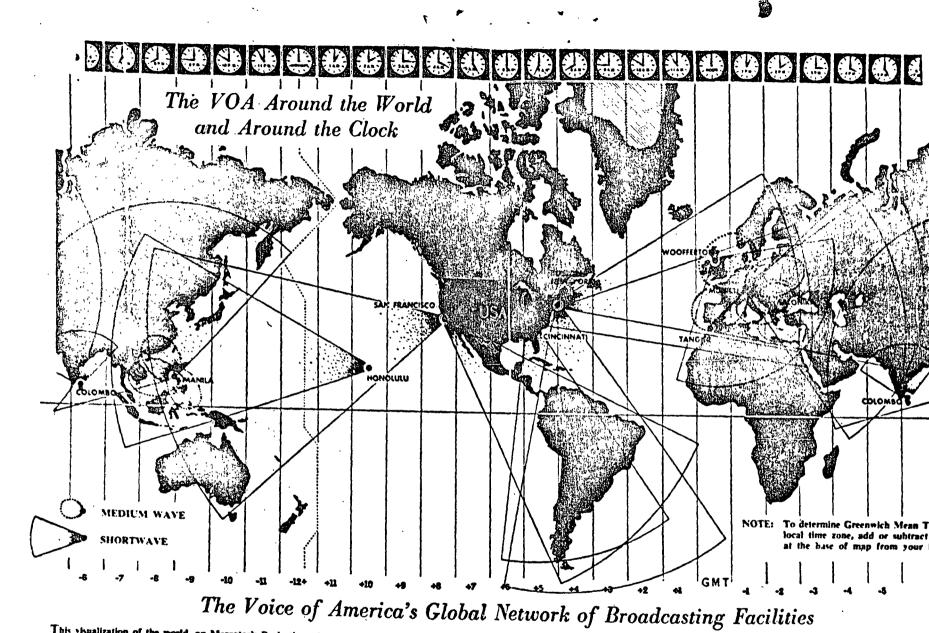
Radio Free Europe is much smaller. It concentrates on the captive countries behind the Iron Curtain: Poland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Rumania, Bulgaria and Albania. Its transmitters are in Western Europe.

The Voice speaks for the American people, spreading the truth about democracy, giving a true picture of life in the United States, and spiking Moscow's lies about us. It reports in full on official American acts and documents, presents news and world developments from our point of view.

But Voice is not limited to Government pronouncements; it regularly reflects American opinion as expressed in our press and radio. In a friendly way—with programs of information and service—it promotes a better understanding of the United States in Europe, in Latin America, the Far East and the Near East.

Crusader Supplement

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This visualization of the world, on Mercator's Projection, aims to show at a glance how a vast array of transmitters and relay stations carries Voice of America programs in 46 languages to listeners everywhere.

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For European countries the programs are transmitted from stations in the United States located pear New York City, Boston and Cincinnati, via directional antennas and with transmitters ranging The transmitters ranging

The transmissions are beamed toward Europe, where a network of relay stations picks up and rebroadcasts the programs within dotted areas on the map. Shortwave relay stations are located at Tangier, North Africa, and Woofferton, England, while medium-wave transmitters are located in Muni-h, Germany, and Salonika, Greece.

Latin American programs are transmitted from shortwave stations located near New Boston, Cincinnati and San Francisco to all countries south of the United States.

To Far Eastern countries the programs are broadcast from high-powered transmitt near San Francisco, then relayed by shortwave transmitters at Honolulu, Manila and (Ceylon) and by a medium-wave transmitter at Manila.

The map indicates a considerable overlap of radio coverage from the various transmit times the overlapping areas indicate different language programs, and sometimes they in a single language program is broadcast on several wavelengths, in order to give listeners the clearest signal in a locality. Vertical lines indicate Time Zones, with GMT at No International Date Line as a dotted line.

Exiles Speak Over RFE

Radio Free Europe, on the other hand, does not portray America. It concentrates largely on what is taking place within the slave countries. Over its transmitters Poles speak to Poles, Hungarians to Hungarians, etc. They speak as "the voice of Free Poland," "the voice of Free Hungary." etc. They look at their people's problems through their own eyes.

RFE programs specialize in identifying and denouncing Communist informers and collaborators, sending back messages from escapees, and exposing the corruption and crimes within the Red regimes.

In their broadcasts to behind the Iron Curtain, the Voice and Radio Free Europe have essentially the same aims: to keep alive the hope of liberation; to let listeners know that they have not been forgotten; to stiffen their resistance against their Communist oppressors; to expose the fraudulent basis of authority upon which the Moscow-dominated regimes rest.

Both combat Communism and the persecution of religion and denial of human rights. Both report the superior industrial power and fighting potential of the free world over the Soviet-enslaved world.

1951 Year of Progress for "Voice"

During the past year the Voice of America:

1. Stepped up daily programming from 30 to 50 hours daily.

- 2. Made progress in overcoming Soviet jamming.
- 3. Increased its broadcasts to behind the Iron Curtain, adding the "splinter" languages of Georgian, Armenian, Azerbaijani, Tatar, Turkestani, Latvian, Lithuanian and Estonian.
- 4. Inaugurated programs to Albania, Finland, Israel and Portugal in their respective languages; to China in two additional dialects, Swatow and Amoy; to Japan and South and Southeast Asia in Hindi, Urdu, Thai, Burmese and Malayan.
- 5. Became more outspoken and hard-hitting. One of the principal themes was the support of the UN effort to repel the Chinese and North Korean Communist aggression in Korea. Major attention was given to exposing the fraudulent Soviet "peace" drive.
- 6. Began work on the "Ring Plan" approved by Congress, which calls for a network of powerful relay bases girdling the globe.
- 7. Created "Vagabond"—a ship equipped with a transmitter, so that radio broadcasts may be relayed from shipboard.
- 8. Received 318,000 letters from overseas listeners-an increase of 35% over 1950.
- 9. Needled the Communists so successfully that Radio Moscow and Soviet regional stations doubled their attacks against the Voice.

RESTRICTED

In reply roler to W-1951

15 Pobruary 1952

Mr. Abbott Washburn Hational Committee for a Pree Europe, Inc. 110 West 57th Street Hew York, New York

Dear Abbott:

14-00000

They request that the following minor corrections be made:

Item 3 on page 2, Latvian should be added after Estonian.

Item 4 on page 2, Israel should be added after Portugal.

Sincerely,

John L. Damewood

Attachment The Voice and Radio Free Europe Complement each other both are indispensable

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RESTRICTED STOURITY INFORMATION

COPT

Confidential

January 24, 1952

MEMOPANDUM

TO: Mr. Tom Fraden

FROM: John Devine

SUBJECT: "Crusader" Article on VOA

The cory for the proposed issue of the "Crusader" dealing with the Voice of America has been reviewed in the Department of State and has been approved. There are only two minor corrections which are as follows:

1. Item 3 on page 2, Latvian should be added after Estonian.

2. Item 4 on page 2, Israel should be added after Portugal.

This is an encouraging move on the part of RFE and should be very useful in getting VOA's story to a large segment of the American public.

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7 February 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

14-00000

SUBJECT: Project TFTONIC: Mid-European Studies Center, American Personnel

1:21

Attached hereto is a copy of subject list as of 20 November 1951.

1WB er nBV

THOMAS W. BRADEN

Attachment on original only

WID-EUROPEAN STUDIES CENTER

Hovember 20, 1951

ASSISTANT TO THE DIRECTOR, DIVISION OF INTELLECTUAL COOPERATION AND ADMINISTRATIVE READ OF MESC - responsible to Director for exile research program, textbook program, American education program, Editorial Department, and administrative operations for Studies Center located at & West 57th Street, N.Y.C.

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Qualifications: AB Rutgors; Marine Corps, Major; Constroller, Pope-Brooks Foundation, Inc.

Salary: 68,500

DIFECTOR OF DANUBIAN INCUIRY; RESEARCH SUPERVISOR - supervises and controls the research efforts of approximately 10 exiles.

llames

Gualifications: AB University of Fernsylvania; MA and Ph.D. candidate, Columbia; chief of American Red Cross Fission to Yugoslavia.

Salary: 35,000

PECEARCH SUPERVISOR - supervises and controls the research efforts, of approximately 20 exiles.

Name:

Qualifications: BA and MA, Duke University; Ph.D. candidate, Columbia; CIC, France.

Salary: \$1,200

PPOJECT MANAGER FOR ANERICAN SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM and temporary supervisor of textbook project -- as scholarship project manager screens applicants and supervises the activities of 39 exile scholarship students in American universities and colleges. Temporarily in charge of 14 exiles doing preliminary work on textbook project. Supervises the research efforts of 7 exiles.

llame:

Qualifications: AP, MA, and Ph.D. candidate, NYU, majoring in education; infantry, U.S. Army.

Salery: \$5,000

American Personnel

Names

14-00000

MESC EDITOR -- responsible for the translating, rewriting, and editing for publication of all manuscripts produced by exile researchers.

> Qualifications: BA Oxford; Major, British Army; intelligence officer in Yugoslavia and Albania; former editor, Rinhard and Henry Holt; former editor and chief, Office of Military History, the Department of the Army.

-2-

Salary: \$7,000

CHIEF OF THE ADMINISTRATION SECTION - responsible for the fiscal control, supply, file control, and general administration.

Salary: \$4,000

4 TYPISTS - total salaries -- \$10,660

4 SECRETARIES - total salaries -- \$13,780

1 CLERK-TYPIST - Salary -- \$2,600

1 LIBRARIAN - Salary -- \$3,120

1 RECEPTIONIST & ASSISTANT LIBRARIAN - salary -- 03,120

1 OFFICE BOY-MESSENGER - salary -- \$2,340

1 SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR - salary -- \$2,660

3 EDITORIAL ASSISTANTS - rewriters, script typists, etc. - total salaries -- \$10,720

Positions not yet filled:

1 RESEARCH SUPERVISOR

- 1 PROJECT MANAGER for the Textbook program -- in charge of collecting, evaluating, and revising existing Iron-Curtain country pre-1939 textbooks for post-liberation use. Supervising preparation of new texts where revision of old ones would be insufficient.
- 1. PROJECT MANAGER for American education section -- responsible for promoting knowledge of and interest in European satellite

American Personnel

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countries by working through American education system on all levels, coordinating research in this field.

2 SECRETARIES

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457ab 52 Jons: toose ends are here as on a clipped skein gyarn, het: Recommendations are certainly south and the clue to the trouble seems to be in para 8 first then in para 9. Para 8 : No one, I'd quess, was on the job in Munich when Frenk hindsay's priority cable (Scherkd) , 4 Jan arrived there sither Tri 4 Jan or Satcher 5 Jan. If so, S'll het R7E would have done one & > Things : 1) accepted the device 2) delaysk in order to check with R4E hdg NY Clear cattles on RAE with a particular person here. and that sereon with RIEN.ly. in necessary Casco libe This, Naven

30 January 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: SPECIAL ASSISTANT FOR INSPECTION AND REPORTS SUBJECT . Radio Pres Europe Proadcasts Regarding the Csech Currency Reform REFERENCE

PEL ERMANNES

14-00000

TED/P Memorandum to DCPY of 16 January 1952, Same Subject

1. At the risk of making this memorandum overly long, a review of the cable traffic on the above subject appears desirable. According to information available to this office, the campaign to take the psychological initiative in connection with the rumored reform of currency of Czechoslovakia was first proposed by FE Division on 30 December 1951 in cable to Frankfurt and Munich (OUT 96920) as follows:

"a. Persistent rumors claim Cyech currency reform imminant. Rungary allegedly printing new Csech currency. Long New Year holiday appears suitable for reform.

b. Request all information this subject forwarded to Fran and runi.

c. Believe general knowledge rumored reform to Czechs would harass government, cause excessive buying.

d. Suggest Crech operation out of Germany exploit theme soonest in STOBODNE HLASY and/or pamphlets or other media emphasising:

(1) Economic and political dependency Csechs on Eussians and consequent disadvantages.

(2) Instability Crech economy.(3) Advisability population unload cash for goods. e. If white Legion prepared suggest exploit theme along lines paragraph d.

f. Yuni: Suggest you request Radio Free Furope also exploit theme."

2. On 2 January 1952, OPC/OSO Funich wired Frankfurt (18 10046) the following measure from William Griffith, Policy Advisor for Fadie Free Europe at Munich:

"a. Badio Free Europe

"a. Badio Pres Europe reports indicate probably Csech surrancy refors scheduled for early 1952 affecting larger notes and with at least 50% devaluation.

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b. MB concurs this estimate situation.

c. Request comments on plan which propose submit Eadio Free Europe New York for approval; Large campaign reporting above as information from inside stating it latest regime attempt defraud inhabitants telling listeners they can themselves force postponecent or abandonment reform by:

(1) Changing all 1,000, 500, 100 notes for smaller.

(2) Puring goods getting rid money.

d. Estimated result buying panic flight from orown.

e. Advantages:

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(1) Increase economic orists.

(?) Disrupt regime plan.

(3) Guaranteed propaganda success (11 reform Radio Free Europe helped svade 11 none helped postpone.)

f. Risk: Pust be sure estimate situation as planned campaign only possible once."

Later that same day, another cable (IN 10526) quoted Griffith as follows:

Pa. Intend all-out one week campaign beginning L January.
 b. Requesting Mational Committee for a Free Europe, Inc.

approval Radio Pres Furope channels.

e. Time element forbids waiting.

d. Pass to C. P. Jackson."

Mr. C. D. Jackson in New York on 2 January 1952, received a similar message direct from his people in Hunich who had been alerted in response to paragraph f. of EE Division's cable of 30 December 1951 above. The undersigned happened to be with Mr. Jackson in New York that day, and at his request obtained telephonic confirmation regarding the above exchange of messages. Accordingly, Mr. Jackson told his people to go ahead with their operation.

3. On 3 January 1952, OPC/OSO Frankfurt cabled (IM 10728) their consurrence of the all-out exploitation of the suggested theme as follows:

Pa, RE FUHI 6280 (IN 10466) concur all-out exploitation there as enother regime attempt defraud Caechs, best approach. Should stress foviet ruidance planned reform in need bring Caech

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"economy closer and continuing deterioration economic structure Chechoslovakia.

b. Pelieve methods aimed force postponement or abandonment should be confined suggestions and left discretion populage. Possibility robuttal campaign and dissafection people seen if plan abandoned following unloading cash and huge buries spree."

b. On Friday & January 1952, OPC cabled Munich (NT 97623):

- C. M. - 1

"Suspend action cutlined reference pending instructions which follow soonest."

5. Cm 5 January 1957 this suspension was amplified as follows to Frankfurt (OUT 94085) with copy to Humichs

"Vbile considerable evidence currency reform may develop do not wish embark on operation until more certain of fauts and know more about your plans for handling it. Advise any additional information you able obtain possibility currency reform and send outline contemplated operational program including channels dissemination and thates."

6. On Monday 7 January 1952, the following cable was received from Funish (IN 11613):

"a. Reference too late. Program began 0500 7 January. b. Instruct."

7. On 9 January 1952 at the request of EP Division, we called Mr. Mahool, Assistant Director of RFZ in New York, who advised that he had had no instructions to suspend the Osech currency program. He said that Hr. C. D. Jackmon had called to RFZ, Munich on Satarday, 5 January 1952, to go ahead with the program if they were satisfied it was a bona fide theme and would not backfire. At our request, Pr. Vahcol sent the following teletype massage to Munich, RFT:

"Pid you continue Caechoslovakia currency (pregram) beyond Jammary 7th as outlined teletyped program content 7th. Cur friends advise - one - considerable doubt on part information gathering friends here that it happened or will happen. Two that information gathering friends advised Funich representative to tell PVF Funich to hold off. Assume you only went ahead 7th on vertich information gathering friends advice and sky."

To the foregoing

To the foregoing he received the following reply:

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"Csechoslovak currency (program) is continuing in a restrained menner. We are prepared to take credit if it doesn't happen. Munich representative did not advise us postpone until after mid 7th. Went ahead on Hunich information gethering friends local rep. Rut we had their best advice and blessing on this one."

8. According to the foregoing telstype exchange, RFE Hunich were not advised until after mid-day Monday, 7 January 1952, of the contents of OFC's cable of Friday, & January 1952, suspending the action pending further instructions. It would also appear that OFC, Munich, advised RFE to proceed.

9. The undersigned would like to point out that none of the three outgoing cables (OUT 94920, OUT 97623, COT 93033) quoted above, wore scordinated with the Psychological Staff Division who have the primary responsibility for all matters concerning SCOT and RYD. Had we known about the decision to suspend on 4 January 1952, we would have been able to advise RPE in New York in plenty of time to call off the operation. In this connection, a subsequent message from Munich states that RPE does not consider that their overseas staff is subject to commands of OPC stations, the command channel running only from NCPE New York.

10. DR/Pts memorandum of 16 January 1957 on this subject refers to the Director's recommendation that EFF to prepared to play this theme either way, taking credit for either having prevented the reform by premature exposure if nothing is done, or having warned the people in time to protect themselves if their currency is devaluated. As indicated in Driffith's message of 2 January 1952, EFF was aware of this double approach from the start, and has been taking the "we prevented it" line in the occasional references which have been made to the currency problem in the past three weeks.

11. To avoid such confusion in the future, it is recommended that:

a. Before a theme is referred to RFF overseas for exploitation, or even brought to their attention for consideration, it be given to PY Division not only for review here in OFC but also for discussion with the interested people in FFT's New York office.

b. All cables

b. All cables bearing on the subject be coordinated with PT Division, or that branch having responsibility for RCPE problems.

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c. Coordination and clearance with the Department of State be arranged by the area division before any suggestion for amploitation gets out to the field.

d. The command channel for giving instructions to RFE be clarified so that messages intended for their overseas staff will first be cleared with their New York office, which clearance will then be indicated in any messages going out ever OFC facilities.

12. In view of the interest taken in this matter by the DD/P^{2} office, it is sugrested that this memorandum be forwarded to DD/P with any consents you care to make.

5 r . 3 a 5 a H. CATYS LLOYD Deputy Chief Psychological Staff Division

DCPT/HGL:ml

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Distribution; Addresses - Original PY/CIO - 1 PY/IS - 1 DCPY - 1 RI - 2

CONFIDENTIAL

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M enoranchum

January 29, 1952

To: Mr. O. E. Madwood

From: N. N. Prunty

The enclosed letter copy is self-explanatory. It confirms, in my mind, all the worst suspicions that I have had reparding this public relations firm in connection with the Crusade for Freedam. That is one thing.

The fact that they would proceed, even if they had been commissioned to call this meeting for the Crussde for Freedom, without conculting the National Committee office, on whose behalf they are supposed to act, is, in my opinion, assuming alarming proportions.

Either the Crussde for Precion works on behalf of the Mational Committee, or it does not.

This is the sort of thing that will really kill the Crusade for Freedom in this city, and is the finale on a miele series of similar incidence.

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SECRET

JAN 31 1952

January 29, 1952

Dear Abbott:

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I have just been informed over the telephone that Earle Rogers. of Counsel Services, Inc., has called a meeting of the Grusade for Freedom Corrittee in this city, and has failed to consult me in any way in this matter.

This has resulted, as usual, in causing utter confusion in the minds of everyone, and bodes no good for the Grusade in this city nor for the sponsoring organization - the National Coami tue for a Pree Europe, for which the Grusade is operating. In your letter of December 7, 1951, to Mr. Hulbert T. Bisselle, Chairman of the Grusade for Freedom in the District of Columbia, you designated me as, Director of the Washington, D.C. office. As I have received no instructions from you to the contrary, I have presumed this situation to be continuing.

The fact that Mr. Rogers would proceed in a matter of this kind without consultation with this office, and without being commissioned by you to undertake such a meeting, is most disturbing. This is the sort of thing that will really kill the Grussde for Freedom in this city.

I shall hope to discuss this matter with you when in New York on Thursday.

Sincerely yours,

Robert J. Moore

Mr. Abbott Washburn, Executive Vice-Chairman Crusade for Preedom, L West 57th Street, New York, 4.Y.

S SECRET 1 Executive Registr ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET 2 INSTRUCTIONS: Officer designations should be used in the "TO" solumn. Under each comment a line should be drav and each over ment numbered to correspond with the number in the "TO" column. Each officer should initial (check mark insuffici before further rooting. This Routing and Record Sheet should be returned to Registry. FROM: NO. C10: DATE 3 April 52 DATE OFFICER'S ROGM NO COMMENTS 10 REC'D FWD D IApr. S mr Srown Corr مف . Mr.A The augu indicated our greens ry force on diide. "Jurce (Incoming ltr 28 Jan. attached) m bury hes - Int I Agin . E ttır. Original of attachment (ltr to Min Miller) will not be dispatched until notification that John Hughes git mr. Schreger 10 letter has been signed. nw ADPC 9.00 9 177 8 6 З. pil 00 8/1 1 the " Then . 9,61 10april 52 See Chemo septy 9april . 9. 10. 11. ; 12, i 27. 13. 14. ÷., 15, FORM NO. 51-10 FEB 1950 SECRET 8-2215

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Jamuary 28, 1952

Dour Allen:

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This letter concerns the matter which I discussed with you briefly last week.

For some months past both the officers and directors of the NCFE have been concerned as to what protective steps could be taken in behalf of foreign nationals working for Radio Free Europe in Germany under conditions which might arise in certain eventualities.

I attach copy of a letter bearing on this matter which was written by Lang to Gates Lloyd on November 5, 1951. It gives a concise culline of the problem and suggests a solution of the some. To date, as far as I know, we have not been able to secure any assurances that this is being taken care of. If, as we have been informed, the Army authorities in Germany are willing to help upon receiving clearance from the Department of Defense, we feel every effort should be made to implement this promptly.

Apart from the very real present and potential future value of the foreign nationals in the group, the Committee feels that it has a definite moral obligation to seek the same degree of assist nce and protection for them as would be afforded United States citizens under the conditions referred to.

Personally, I feel this obligation is a broader one which extends to this Government as well.

Last Thursday when we wave discussing this question in New York, Joe Grew was much interested and said he would be glad to assist in any way possible. We all felt, however, that this is not a matter which the Committee can take up direct with the Defense Department or other Government agencies here and that it can only be brought to a proper solution through action on the part of the Director or yourself.

Please be good enough to take this matter under consideration and give us the benefit of your advice.

W Att ughes

TRICTLY PPIV/TE

5 November 1951

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Dear Mr._

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As you know, RFE bas, it the present writing; some 1000-1100 people in Germany. They are largely concentrated in Munich and its environs, although some are scattered in and around the Frankfurt and Heideltery region. The staff is composed of Americans, Czechs, Slovaks, Hungarians, Poles (at an early date), large numbers of German housekeeping and engineering personnel, plus a few French, Swiss, Belgians, British, etc. Full details on the disposition of the staff are available in Munich and have been turned over to EUCOM in an effort to interest EUCOM in the most serious problem which faces us today that of evacuation in the event of a move by any of the Russian armies.

Through Lt. Co. Ciccolella we have been fortunite enough to have our American personnel included in the evacuation plan of the Munich Fost Command. At this writing, however, we stund to lose our extraordinarily capable, well trained and completely western-oriented foreign staff.

ETCOM, on its own, has done all that it can but needs a directive from the Department of Defense in Washington to the effect that the RFE staff is to be considered a "war aspet" and given a high priority on the evacuation schedule. This priority should include the foreign nationals who have been trained into the RFE effort since without them whatever agency which would take over the RFE staff would be completely lost.

Cur investigations, and very considerable work done in the field on this subject, prove that EUCOM is more than willing to take upon itself this additional evacuation burden if so directed by the Department of Defense.

This is a matter of extreme import noe not only to us but to whoever will inherit the task of influencing the satellite snews when and after the Russian armies have moved into western Europe. RFE has proved that it is the Czechs, Hungarians and the Poles who can best do a psychological warfare job. Without their complete participation we would be lost in this "peacetime" effort, and without their future participation whoever inherits cur task in time of war would be equally lost.

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May I therefore request that this matter be given your immediate and urgent attention. So far as we can tell, and we have gone into this subject very exhaustively, all that is needed from this side is a declaration of interest in the entire staff on the part of the Department of Defense.

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Plore S.Q. 28 Nor 51 Evacuation Plans John Tonfor ItC. - is in Panio -unenployed -S.P. Thinks he would be a good man-to flow doscustion procedures - as soon as we get green light on

Curriculum vit")fr 43 North Linwood Avenue JOER S. TAYLOR, JR. 95 rue de la Faisanderie, Pittsburgh 5, Pennsylvania Paris XVI. France Phone number: TROcadero 08-66 Date and Place of Dirth: 28 October 1912, Wilkinsburgh, Pennsylvania Carte d'identite Noi AH 62011 USA Passport No:453792 Marital Status: Married (no children) Height: 6'3'' Woight:210 1bs Health: Good Education: Grade School 8 years College 4 years High School 4 years Degree B.A. (Liberal Arts) The Pennsylvania State College, State College, Fennsylvania Important Civilian and Military Experience: Employer: US Army Position: Entered on Active Duty as Sec nd Lieutenant, Infantry-Reserve Length of Employment: June 1937 - March 1939 Employer: Transcontinental and Western Air, Inc., Kansas Sity 6, Missouri Positions: Traffic and Reservation Sales Representative) Representative Traffic and Sales) at Pittsburgh, Pa. Manager, City Office Length of Employment: May 1939 - February 1941 Employer: US Army Position: Enstered on Active Duty as First Lieutenant, Infantry-Reserve Stationed at: New York, N.Y. Noumea, New Jaledonia Washington, D.C. Norfolk, Virginia Honolulu, T.H. Le Havre, France Separated from Active Duty as Lt.Col., Transportation Corps-Reserve Longth of Employment: February 1941 - February 1946 Employer: Transcontinental and Western Air Inc., Kansas Jity 6, Missouri Positions: Assistant to Traffic Kanager, Int'l Division, New York, N.Y. Assistant to Traffic Manager for France, Paris, France Length of Employment: February 1946 - August 1946 Employer: US Army Position: Entered on Active Duty as Lt. Col., Transportation Corps, US Army Stationed at: Paris, France Bremerharen, Germany Antwerp, Belgium New York, N.Y. Cardiff, Wales Washington, D.C. Resigned from Active Service with same rank Other Information: Speak French mod erataly well. Have lived in France a total of three (3) years and am now a resident. Practically all of my experience in civilian and military life has been office management and direction in outside activities. References: Mr. Alexandre de Bondini Mr.Philippe Hottinguer Monsieur Jean Monnet Vice-President, Int'1 Commissaire General Hottinguer et Cie., Automatic Electric Jorp. Banque, 38 rue de Provence au Plan de Modernisation et d'Equipement of Chicago, 2 rue Chartran Paris, IX. Neuilly-sur-Seine 18 rue de Vartignac, Telephone: TRI 28-84 Telephone: MAI 76-22 PARIS VI Telephone: DN 75-70

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25 Jun 52 Mr. Breken : In collating these 2 reports, I find some slight differences. The only one which seems significant is marked in red the low , but , S'be listed some others for your fossible convenience. Daes fint 4 rearine a mens or is it carelessly whethen or is the method of collaborating Realey Whethen Devine Gunderslord? Realen 1. page 1, his 2 "hut in a considerably 1. not included as an agreed item -committed, instead. buer kay 2. page 3, last para page 5, para heginners 2. page 3, para hejmning Mr. Duller "Duller ! in close coordinate "to include The irth UOA Connittee of the Vice" J. Jage 3: the points Toint 2: and not last more Than page 5 of 2. 10 short duration 2 weeks" Point 3 : "an Hs 30 Pt 3: "including explanation of USA-R7E relationships The work of the Usice Print 4: Q.V. Sufficient #+

18 January 1952

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MENORANDUM OF ODEVERSATION

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Present were Mossrs. Jackson and Manhburn of MCFT, Messrs. Barrett, Joyce, Devine, Sargeant and Kohler from State, and Messrs. Dulles, Wisner, Lloyd and Braden from CIA. The meeting was held in Mr. Barrett's office on 17 January at 4:30 pm.

SECITES SECURITY INFORMATION

ONCLUSION: That the Crusade for Freedom organization should continue.

The following is a transcript of Kr. Braden's notes of the meeting.

C. D. led off, admitting the frustrations that a long employ on the Crusads for Precion caused to the State Department and suggested the following program:

1. A 1-day bell-ringing campaign in all cities.

2. Direct mail to corporations.

At this point, Hr. Wachburn interjected to say that he would need about two weeks of "low drums" promotion before the 1-day esspaign. Jackson went on to say that under such a scheme there would be no time on the part of the chairman for a build-up of invidious comparisons in the press. At Jackson's request, Hr. Washburn passed around a Crusade publication entitled "The Voice of America - 1951 - A Year of Progress". This brochure, which in four pages praises highly the work of the Voice of America, is to be mailed by the Crusade to the chief contributors.

Hr. Barrett then made the following points:

1. The National Committee for a Free Europe grew out of the idea of helping refugees and of giving them a voice. It has changed over the years to a huge operation with many new ideas, and the Crusade for Freedom came along as a cover necessity.

2. He asked unother the demands of fund-raising had not begun to make less effective the primary job of helping refugees, whether

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the tail -- Crusade for Freedom -- is not wagging the dog. He remarked that in a conversation with Alan Valentine he had found that Valentine is inclined to agree with him.

3. Against Hr. Wachburn and the Grusade for Freedom, he had only one complaint. They were too good, too big-time. They made such an effective appeal that the recipients could not avoid running down the competitor. He stated as his opinion that the Grusade was jeopardizing a multi-million dollar operation -- the Voice of America -and might even be jeopardizing another multi-million dollar operation --Radig Free Europe -- for the sake of raising three million dollars.

4. He thought balloons and some other operations done by the Constitues were best done by private means.

5. He leaned toward going back to the beginning and looking at the Grussde as purely a cover operation and not an attempt to raise large funds and making a lot of hoopla. He suggested that the Grussde should raise only enough money and make only enough of a compaign to provide a dignified cover. He suggested mail colicitation, magazine adverticements, the publiciting of two or three large anonymous gifts, all without hign-pressure. Then he said, "Let's get on with the main job of radio and refugees."

Mr. Dulles asked whether this danger to the Voice was so great. "Didn't you get more money this year!" Barrott's answer was "No" and he pointed out that there was no damage done to the Voice by the Crussde this year insofar as funds were concerned but he feared the future. Dulles asked wasther we couldn't work out the timing of the Crussde so that there would be no interference on the bill. Mr. Barrets did not directly answer the question. He said the cover was bad. Too many people already know the truth about the Crussde and he is worried about it. He said it surprised him that it worried nim more than it worried Xr. Dulles. A large campaign raises the question, he said. of how all the work is done on such a mult amount of money. He thought the Crussde called attention to itself as cover.

Howland Sargeant asked Jackson to answer this question, "Of Miat Various uses are the Crusade?" Jackson listed them as follows:

1. Over. He agreed with Mr. Marrett that the Crusade both increased and decreased the security danger.

2. It brings in monsy.

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J. It educates and interests incritents in the whole problem of psychological warfare and propaganda and does so more than anything else that is managed by the dovernment or by private funds. He thought this was greatly important and said that although he

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realized that mistakes had been made and the Grunade had criticized the Voice, strategically the Grusade could be of mormous help to the Voice by publicizing the need for communicating to people in alavery.

Sargeant thought point] was the most important. He asked whether the Grunede couldn't be tied in with this point. Jackson said, "Yes, end we are starting with this issue of the Gruneder publicizing the Voice." Washburn added that 25 million contributors, counting this year's and last year's contributions, may provent cutting down the operation as Earrett suggests. They will raise a lot of questions. Earrett disagreed and repeated his suggestion of a one-month operation confined to magazine adverticing and direct mail. Jackson asked about the magazine adverticing. He said you had to write copy for magazine adverticing and the copy would have to advertige hadio Free Europe. Farrett memored, "You can control the copy on magazine ads. There is a lot of time allowed for going over them carefully before they get into print."

Machturn repeated several times that it would be a great shame to let the Crussde go. Jackson said the Crussde gave a real lift to exclose not only here but abroad.

Rohler said he had been winking about the problem and had two suggestions to make:

1. Could we exhort people to give a collar to Radio Free Europe and at the same time to write a letter to their Congressmen backing up the Voice of America?

2. Oculd the Hadio Advisory Committee of the Voice of America tess up with the Crusade to help with general publicity?

Jackson anowered the first question "No". He thought that would be dangerous. To the second question, he said "Yer". He again outlined his idea for a campaign calling for education on a general psychological warfare program with a final request to contribute to the Grusade.

Hr. Pulles again asked Hr. Barrott about his financial problems and the timing of his request to the hill. Barrott said he would have the most difficulty from January to July. hashburn said, "Then we'll run a compaign in September only and there'll be no horn-blowing until them."

Dulles said that he thought that if the Orusade could be limited to September he doubted that it would interfore with Mr. Barrett's fund-raising problems. That, coupled with a better degree of coordination, with the use of Mr. Kouler's private advisors, and with a great effort on the part of the Orusade toward psychological warfare education would give the Voice much invisible support. Surgeant said he agreed

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with Hr. Dullos' view of the Grusade giving invisible support and wondered whether we could not make the invisible aspects visible. He thought that to hold the whole Grusade organization together for a year merely to conduct a two-week campaign would waste many good men's time. Barrott agreed that a two-week campaign wouldn't keep the organization alive.

Sargeant asked if there were not other ideas which could be fed through the Crusade machinery, thus saking more constructive use of it.

Farrett raised the question of internationalizing the Crusade effort. Jackson replied that there was an abortive French project which he thought would shortly fall flat on its face. The British, he thought, would shortly make a final decision as to whether to go ahead with an excle program or not. He seemed dubious that they would decide to do so. He montioned Jean Faul David and Faix et Liberte as the only foreign operation in this field which had any spark to it. Barrett agreed but asked whether or not some Furopeans couldn't be put on the Board of Directors. Dulles replied that this was very difficult, that they couldn't attend meetings for one thing. Barrett said, "Couldn't there be an annual meeting simply as a front, as esmouflage?"

Jackson said that NCFE did get involved in European organisations, that they had close affiliations with the Furopean hovement, with the Pres Trade Union Committee in Edile, with the International Journalists. with Strasbourg University, and all the radio progress were reaching the point where they were thought of as progress belonging to the people to when they were broadcast. NCFE had, he thought, internationalized a great deal and in a very natural way. A board of foreign directors would epoil that natural process by setting up an obvious phoney.

Washburn again raised the argument of timing the campaign to take place only in September. There was no direct response to this suggestion.

Sargeant, referring again to the use of the invisible assets mentioned by fulles, thought that if the Grussde continued it should be planned not primarily to raise funds except as cover. Attention should be focused on:

1. The development of understanding; the battle for the minds of men.

2. Two or three concrete tings which private citizens could do in this battle.

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Parrett took this up at ance and sentioned letter writing. Turning to bashturn he said, "Abbott, put your mind to work." He thought we should be able to find something. He suggested we ask Washturn to look into other projects like the letter-writing campaign that was done for Italy. He montioned the Common Council for American Unity and Mr. Dulles suggested the Friendship League run by Christian Horter.

Dulles asked for agreement of the group to do the campaign on a modest basis for the month of Reptomber only, to keep the organization together, to include the Committee of the Voice, to assure full coordination of all publicity and to work hard on the specific ideas mentioned by Sargeant. Devine asked if much a campaign would not mean playing Radio Free Europe down to, say, fourth place? Jackson said, "No, it would not mean suat; Radio Free Europe would simply be one of the themes that was played, sometimes at the top of the ladder and sometimes down the ladder, it would depend."

Barrett again raised the cover problem and his dissatisfaction with the Grassdo as cover. Sulles explained that this was a problem that had to be lived with.

Jackson once more attempted to get agreement of the group on the following points:

1. The Grussde to continue.

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2. To begin not earlier than reptonber and to be of very short duration.

J. The whole organization to devote itself to education in psychological warfare, including the work of the voice.

4. To study means of civic action on local and national levels.

5. That everybody agree to this program and work out the dotails as moon as possible.

Barrett asked first Joyce and then levine whether they agreed to tals progress. Both did agree.

Barrott said that he could not counts minuelf to this progress. He said he was leaving shortly and felt that he could not count the Department of State under these circumstances. He said he would agree on one point only - that the Grussde abould not disband - but he reitorated his conviction that it ought to be of a such lower pressure than the discussion so far outlined second, and he again mentioned magazines and direct agil. Jackson said that it was all very wall to toll the group that they were not to disband but he

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and the first question the group would then ask is "what shall we do?" As end that question had to be anguered. Barrett end, "We have a coordinating coordities of Braden and Devine to work this problem out."

There followed some discussion of the balloon project which is the subject of a separate Kenerandus for the kecord by Ar. Dates Lloyd.

THRAS W. RRADEN Thief, International Organisations Branch .

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Orig - BOCI (thru ADPC and DD/P) 1 cc - PI 1 cc - CIO 2 cc - EI

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SECRET -

17 January 1952

Doar Mr. Minott: Enclose: please find six copies of pamphlot entitled "Mconquered". As you requested, they are teing forwarded to you for delivery to Teslove.

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Sincerely,

SECRET

JAN 17

Frank C. Kilday

UNCO Social worker, lawyer, humanitarian, enemy of dictatorship, devoted to social justice and equal rights--Milada Horakova fought ... and died ... for a better way of life for all. Her resistance to the Nazis and the Communists has already become part of the history of the Czechoslovakian light for freedom. This is the story of her light. Consender 1951 In NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR A FREE ECROPE, INC.

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National Committee for a Free Europe, Inc.

STO PIPTN AVENUE . BOOM SOL . MAW TORE 1, N. V. . TELEPHONE SEVANT 9-2100

CABLE ABORESS: NATFECOMM

October, 1951

The National Committee for a Pree Europe is happy to send you a copy of its illustrated booklet, UNCONQUERED, the story of the outstanding Czechoslovakian patriot, Milada Horakova.

Milada Horakova was unbelievably courageous during her imprisonment under both the Nazi and Russian-dominated Communist dictatorships in Czechoslovakia. She was a true defender of democracy, and sacrificed her life for those principles of liberty which all free men everywhere hold dear.

I cannot urge you strongly enough to read UNCONQUERED and learn the story of this brave woman who dared to oppose the Bolshevist conspiracy to destroy democracy in Czechoslovakia.

I ask you to join us in working to preserve peace with freedom for all mankind. If you wish further information about the National Committee, please write me.

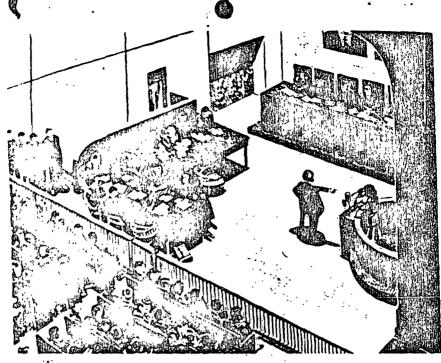
Sincerely yours,

--- ---

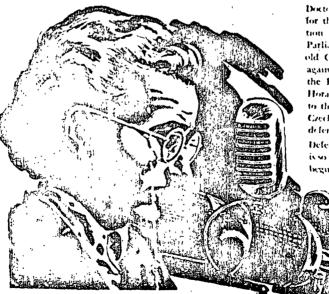
roll C. D. Jackson

C. D. Jackson President

Additional copies of UNCONQUERED, while available, are 15¢ per single copy; bulk shipments of 100 copies or more are 12¢ a copy.



The control in Prague had a festive air. Jammed with spectators – rare in Communist Control which control more like a colobration than a monster trial of 13 of Czechosonalises freedom loving pathots. Chief defendant in this mock trial was Milada Horakova. This because the logislation of Czech democratic leaders by the Communist regime.



Doctor of Law, former worker for the municipal administration of Prague. Member of Parliament . . . the 48-year old Crech patriot stood hrm against the verbal lashings of the Red prosecutor. "Milada Horakova you are a traitor to the People' Democracy of Crechoslovakia, What is your defense?"

Defense? Milada smiles. There is so much to say, But where to begin? Almost 25 years ago ...

PERSONAL PREMIER, HOWARD COMPANY

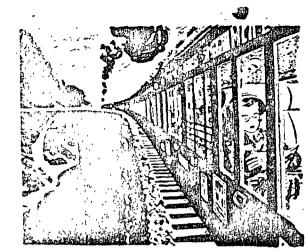
Though graduated with a Law degree, Milada Horakova's love for people brought her to head the Children's Bureau of the Public Welfare Department in Prague. Here she established a system of foster homes and proper adoption procedure. Her legal training assisted her in solving juvenile delinquency and the establishment and administration of homes and hospitals for orphans and mentally retarded children.



Her light for freedom and world justice found expression through the National Council of Women, Happily at work in world wolfare and the Council, she devoted her energies towards belging others

During the next 15 years, Milada worked tirelessly in the preparation of important legislation for the Gzechoslovak Parliament. She worked on the laws regulating the work day to 8 hours, suppressing prostitution, protecting home workers, restricting child labor ... and much other social legislation.





Executive Secretars of the Coschoslovak National Council of Women, she was a member of the International Women's Organization, too, She travelled to many countries representing the Czechoslovakian women. And thus she foresaw the threat of the Hitler dictatorship's greed and power.

(a) Some distance on the Harder could not be for a solution on the Wale Haler tailed peace. (a) a 25 Nzz with tradition folled across the border into Consists a second March 15th 1569. When the Germans (a) a for the tots and riped the leading democracy of some hange. Malada plogged to help destroy the German (a) a standard.

 of organized the Women's Sources Movement Popular with a static social welfare groups.
 Words was known and two of thus she was able to recent and teround arms of former worket specal, workers to light the Not oppression.



She organized an underground that baffled the Germans. Instead of large meetings, she set up a chain of small groups. Only the head of each group heads would meet in different homes or in a doctor's office. Thus, when the Gestapo arrested a woman underground worker, they would be unable to make a mass arrest.



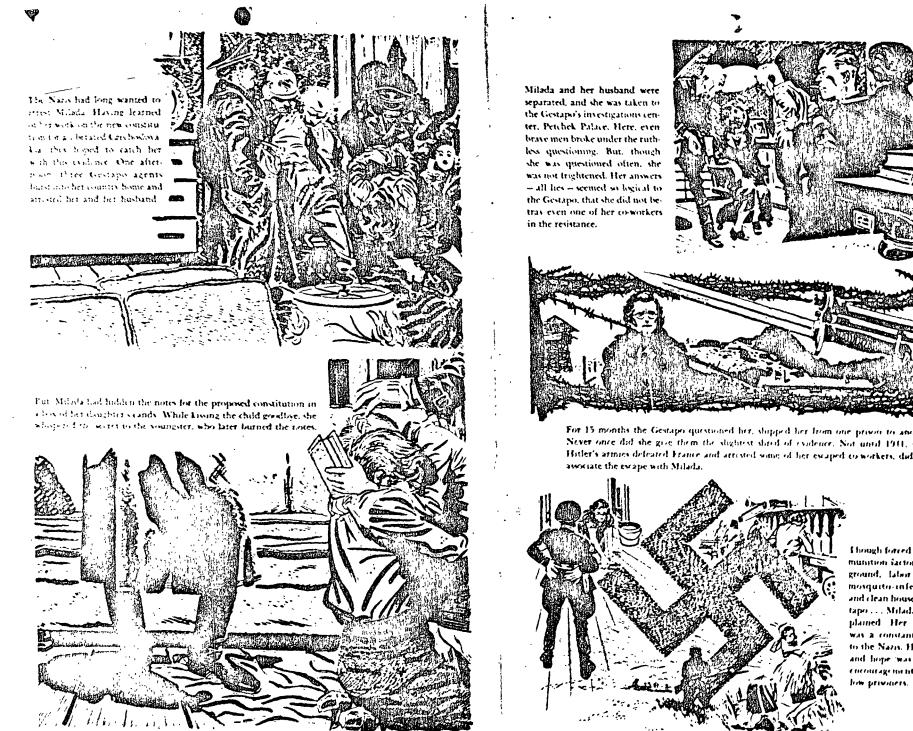


Milada and her resistance constantly embarrassed of mens. They arranged hidin and led the particus, help Jews to escape the clatch Gestaper, we up an site flog spy network and distribute prophlets, to steel the resistance.

At the same time, Milada helped to write a new constitution to be used when the Natis were destroyed. She was in constant contact, via secret radio, with the Crechoslovak government-in exile in London. Thus she transmitted the progress of her work on the post-war constitution.



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Chough forced munition factor ground, latest mosquito-infe and clean house tapo ... Milad. plained Her way a constant to the Nazis, H and hope was encourage in ht low privaters. (c) (035) pressural deferring she spent 10 months in solitary confinement, another 6 months in conserved by good. Never permitted to get fresh air, sourced by her cleans growed by gong secconserved by compared soup and water sec. Milada, nevertheless refused to knuckle uncertions.

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The many months in solitary confinement shattered Milada's health. But, when finally released to the prison proper, without regard for her own safety she bathed and cared for sick, elderly prisoners. Her un computable spirit was a shuning example for other less i dwart prisoners to carry on





Emails, brought to f to stand trial feducman court, she to death pendits. But i chequent appeal Certuras' fear efher constructer e of winterer of hard (2).



After a year in the German concentration camp she was freed by the victorious Americ When leaving to return to Crechoslovakia. Milada pledged herself to continue the sirhuman rights and social welfare, and to help those who suffered under the Natis



"I believe in freedom and equality for all. Does that ". We use a traitor?" A

where are the such the country to a the track

Milada Houskova now hav-

stad up to the Commu-

rote too the new masters.

& Contrational so

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Returning home after 5 horrible years of prisons and concentration camps and torture chambers . . . Milada was joyously reunited with her invalided husband and grown daughter. Both had miraculouch lived through the German tyrauny.

Apprehensive of Czechoslovakia's newwon-freedom and to guard against another imperialistic power's conquest of her country. Milada successfully ran for Parliament. After organizing a fund for political prisoners, she introduced a bull providing pensions for the famdies of Nari victums.





She told for threads that a us taxed. Crechoslovikia - Russi minioni was infiltrating intecriment and though thes intive promises to workers an all mended to "take over thally destroy the rights of fr



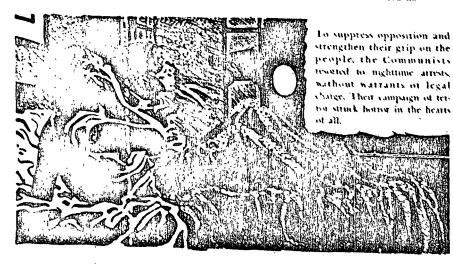
The Communist prosecutor is in a rage. He knows that Milada has bested him. Furiouds he screams. "You are a traitor to the Peoples' Democracy of Czechoslovakia." "I will prove that Milada Horakova was paid by the capitalists; a spy for the Western powers; a warmonger; bembardment of Prague was her aim; she wanted death for women and children: she wanted the Germans to rule Crecheslovakia." There were many other ridiculous charges. The trial continues . . .

Running for reelection. Milada campugned on a platform of freedom of press, freedom of the right to work, freedom of assembly, and all other individual freedoms. She warned the people of the treachery of Stalunists ... who are motivated only by the interests of Russian imperialism.

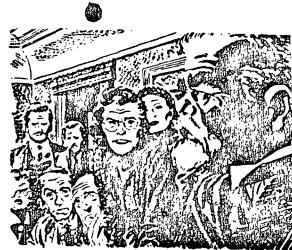


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Here we additisted on while calinet, and after gaining control of important labor unions as well at the place and Arr with the Communists staged a coup. In February of 1948, with the threat of the marks Sourt Army, they successfully overthrew the democratic government in Crechodovakia. For the woord time in less than a decade, the Crecho-dovaks lost their freedom.



Those in Parliament who had fought for human rights and woral welfare were appalled by the new regime's tactics. They asked Midada for advice, She replied, "I have resigned. I shall not give in T have chosen a straight path, and this 1 shall follow."





Returning to a subord, job in the Social Servic Prigue, Midada meserless continued to fight Communists. At every periphericompared the ' ples' Democracy' with Germans, found norcless in their device world power Both fordictatorships, device hinds, behind, slogare power, and prepare



When she refused to compromise, the Communists marked her as their #1 encory. Thoug friends warned her to flee the country, Milada refused to leave. Her telephone conversation were listened to: Her servant was actually a spy. She was threatened and arrested



Since they were unable to get evidence against her, the Communist Secret Police brutally contured an innocent man, forced him to sign a "confession" which would implicate Milada Horakova.

One at theory, the Secret Police attested Milada brought her to , their headquarters, que assued her accessingly for 56 bours. Elsengh they refused her food and ward, she would not chart or berphy of uniscover funct her do way doped, and covers into a folge confession of guilt.





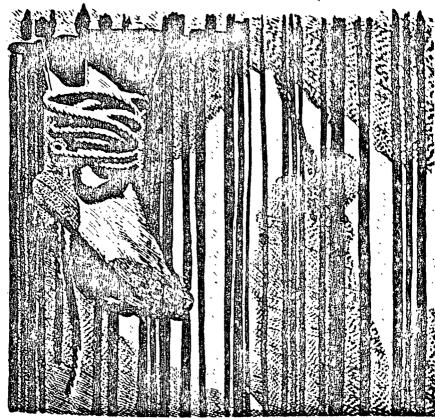
Now, after six months in prison – beaten and tortured – Milada bravely faces the Communists. Featlessly, she concludes, "Loppwse the so-called Peoples' Democracy in the Creeboslowak Republic, for 1 hold that it not be democratic. I have worked against it. Should the miracle occur and the court find me not guilty and I be-released, I should work against it anew."



The "fixed" judges sentenced her to death. All Czechoslovakia is horrified. A wave of revulsion sweeps the free world. Protest meetings are held and petitions directed oven to Stahm,

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The Communists did what the Nazis never dated to do. On June 27th, 1950 Milada Horakova was himged.



THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR A FREE EUROPE, INC., is a group of private citizens who have drawn together to carry out concrete and direct action to restore and strengthen man's most valued possessionfreedom,

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The Committee has as its active allies numerous exiled democratic leaders who have found haven in the United States from the Communist tyranny of Eastern Europe, Radio Free Europe, of the National Committee for a Free Europe, is setting up facilities that will enable these trusted patriots to be heard again by their own people. Not only does Eastern Europe hear the exiles' impressions of the United States, but American messages of hope and encouragement are transmitted, and, above all, the truth which totalitarian governments forbid their enslaved peoples to hear.

Freedom or the enslavement of men's minds and souls, is the vital issue. What shall we pass on to our children-their rightful heritage of freedom, or the spiritual devastation of Communism? At this very moment the kind of world they will inherit hangs in the balance. The issue is for you to decide. In the vital conflict for the preservation of freedom, the National Committee for a Free Europe offers every single citizen the opportunity to throw in his weight.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR A FREE EUROPE, INC. 301 Empire State Building 350 Fifth Avenue New York I, N. Y.

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MILLION HOLD

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To: M. F. R. Pollemro Mr. J. F. Leich

Prost R. J. Moore

SiBJ.CT: Report of micting at State Department, Deducaday, January 23, 1952.

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January 25, 1957

PHESINT: Miss Mary Augustine representing Mr. J. V. Leich in his absence. Mr. Marold C. Vedeler

- kr. Cates Llord
- hr. J. m Oarphell
- Mr. Robert Lang. Radio Pres Furopo, Hen Tork
- Mr. Chargoontinr
- Mr. Robert J. M.ore

CZECHO LOWAR AN AND

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Mine Augustine reported that the Council of Free Czechoslovskia and the Matical Counciltes of Free Czechoslovskia, composed of 17 and 13 persons respectively, had signed an agreement in New York City on January 15, 1952, which hear the signatures of Masara. Meidrich, Mirek, Lettrich, and Senki.

(Copy of this agr seent is herewith attached).

Miss Augur Line advised that Mr. Klinck had represented Mr. Papuck in of ning the agreement. The agreement, Miss Augurtine pointed out, sots up a provisional management of Oscohomlowsk affairs consisting of two administrators one from each group. Mr. Moidrich represents the 17 of the Council of Free Caschomlowskia, and Mr. Papuck will represent the 13 of the Mational Countites of Free Caschomlowskia. The provisional management also consists of a body of 24 persons - 12 from each side and which, Mi & Augustine reported, might be called a "carutaker body".

Hiss Augustine also presented another document which is a protest of the Council's 17 against the Co-mittee's 13, insisting on the exclusion of Dr. Obusky from any major function. However, at a subsequent meeting of NOPU's Subso wittee with representatives of both groups, in. Tenki categorically advised that he and the Committee of 13 had no grostion with represent the inclusion of Dr. Cousing, or any other person, as one of the 12 representatives of the Mational Council, who, together with the 12 representatives of the Mational Council, who, together with the 12 representatives of the Mational Council, who, together with the 12 representatives a permanent body to represent Conclusive exiles.

- 2 -

Further, he find stated that shen a final program had been agreed to, in his opinion, the only bar to holding any office in a unified argumenttion-would be the undillingness of any individual to accept the over-all program to which the agreement had been accorded through democratic procedure. Appariantly, he also advised that he considered this policy to apply to hisself as well as to any others. Agreement was accorded on this point by the reprosentatives of the Council of Free Czechoslovakia.

Fine Augustine also presented the rules which have been adopted for the discharge of the administration of Czechoslovakian affairs in exile. She called the Attention of the meeting particularly to Items #3 and #5 of these rules wherein it is stated that:

3) The Council anithe Stical Counties of Pres Caseboolovakia make available to the provisional edministrators the requisits financial resources.

5) The provisional administrators deposit the funds and evailable to them in a joint account which they handle jointly and prior to the constitue of the provisional administration, they shall jointly account for the use of said funds.

After the meeting his Augustine made svailable the following two lists of 12 percent, from each group, in accordance with the final agreement

for the provisional administration, Repanse

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Zenkl Taboraky Ripha Kocvara Blaho Dieska, Tusek (zi dle class) Rasir (Sational democrat) Peieraband Klinzk Firt Bana Corry Frank Boistrich Lottrich Lottrich Bijor Bione Obusty Frocingha Silva Peroutka Slavik At this time, Micaluguetine advised, the Czecheolovake are still meeting in Separate (maps, but that the margor is expected to take place very shortly. She further advised that for, Scalil had announced his Committee's intelfectment to the turn of 2 to $3_{2}0.0$; whereas his Vedeler advised that he had received no confirmation of the alloyation that the Scalil Committee had disposition of independent funds in Switzerland.

Mice Augustine advised that 1811 to Subcountites will continue in existence, and thit it will be available for advise and assistance to the Conchesive provisional a ministrators, and the body of 24.

Mice Augusting also adviced that the new financial arrangements more left to the decision of HEFE's Euleo-mittee, and that no new move in this repard would be made by the Subcondities until an accounting of all funds had been given, and that financial aid will be allocated on the morits of the case at that time.

ir. Vedeler raised the question of the individual stipends, and the moting was informed that unless there is seen further change of policy, these stiputs are continuing and will continue as in the past.

The meting was informal that the so-called (sectorlook Middle Class party representatives have been excluded from the provisional body of 24, and advined that the excle looker, Mr. av stka, was likely to raise a good deal of noise about the whole thing. Miles Augustine suggested that, as a member of the English of Malta, he was more or less expected to stir up the whole hierarchy.

it. Hore raised the issue as to the dirution of the provisional agreement, and questioned as to whether any time limit had been not within which the administrators and the body of the would settle their differences and establish a permanent organization. Miss Augusting replaced that it can

- 3 -

the opinion of the Bational Courties distation that this issue should not be formed at this the, but nation devolvements would be allowed to crystalize, and that we should wait to non what actual programs is made.

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RUISALIAN AY ADSE

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Hes Augustine reported that Bessies. Cafence and Vissians had not and had retained earlier views on the type of organization to be established for the representation of Resentan affairs in exile; their agreement appears But to be within the reals of pousibility at the present time. His Augustine also made known to the meeting the contents of a letter written by Mr. Carenou to one of his friends in which he charged that ir. Viscianu desired only one political and national body mich should represent the Rummian couse abroad, and that this body abould be the present National Coundities, and r Mr. Visciana's prosidency. Mr. Cafenaria lo to raiso advised that Mr. Visodanu is opposed to a large National Courcil, although he would agree to setup as special commission g composed of percess subjects the consisters. In Calescu on the other hand claims dist he sole an argumention in exile within a wide therework, which would have a representative character, and be beaded by an elected chairens. He Calence indicated that he was not opposed to the King's cause and that, in fact, he sighed to see the Reyal question inticately bound to the the whole exile community. Calence charged that Visolanu and his gr up, by regotiating only on the basis of the King's a proval, instead of reaching approximit prior to the King's approval, invited critician not only of thesselves, but places the Eing's position in jeopardy.

Miss Augustine horself also advised that the monting of January 23 between Viscians and Calence was such as Calence had indicated; i.e., with report to the chairmanchip, Makeder would be the homorrory chairman, Viscianu the chairman, and partners (a. now the vice-chairman. Viscianu had also offered

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unification of the two groups on a 7 to 5 basis - the 7 contar from Viscianu's Dimenian Intional Co mit too. No reference was much of the funks which had been one of the main bases of contention (Athe split.

Nos Augustins advided of a meeting between Hr. C. T. Jackson and Central Radescu in stich, among other things, the General complained that he was being excluded from Financian discussions in NETE circles, and questioned the advisability of sourcing Viscianu to London along with Gafenou. Eadescu claims that his Free Europian League is having great success. The General was informed that the invitation to go abread to Viscianu and Cafenou had exampted f from the European Howevert Conference itself, and that, in FCFE conversations with representatives of Busunian groups, there had never been any question of eliminating Radesca. The importance of unity among axiles was pointed out to Radescu, and he wes informed that something had to be done about the situation of the Russian-in-fields.

His Augustine advised the meeting thit due to airmentances, Viscianu and Onlenou had found thermolyes scheduled to fly on the same plane to London; Offenen had protested this arrangement bitterly, on the pround, that Visciann would represent this situation as one in which he (Viscianu) had been able to bring Calence along, on the former's insistence.

In couplell r aised the question as to what can be done about this. Be pointed out that in this Rumanian split Visolans considers that his friends are in the State Department, and goes to State for advice and su port, whereas Cafence sends in latters to State, but carries his cause to SCH in Now York, where he believes his friends to be.

Er. Lloyd interjected that he considers some very stringent action must be done about this whole Ruranian Situation, and that unity somehow must be schieved. He suggested that with the saving into sofiles of Admiral Millor

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as the new President of NUT,, it sight be the time to take up the matter again with a new personality fresh on the scene, and that in such a may it could concelvably be possible to get over the husp of the present deployable situation. Mr. Campbell appended thereto.

BAITIC APPI DUL

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Mr. Wodeler advised the secting that the cripical decision reporting the future of the Baltic broadc-sta must stand, and that it was out of the question that an should become involved in any further proposals regarding NT broadcasts to that area. This was explained to Mr. Long, who has had some definite reservations on NT broadcasts to the Baltis countries.

Mr. Wedeler pointed out that he considered the Baltic panels, however, must be maintained and that to provied now with the dissolution of these panels would have a most coring effort on our Baltic friends.

Hr. Campbell missed the question as to what abould be told the Buitis diplomate, and must had already been told them. After towing this subject around for some time it was agreed that the Salts would be told simply that the Voice of America is going to accept full responsibility for broudcasts to their country, and way simply that FE had agreed that this is the may it should be done.

RYLIN ATAIDI

His Augustino advised that Hr. Laich wald shortly be tack from Durgre, and would be allo to report first-hand to the mosting of developments at the Polish conferences in Phylande. She advised that the Polish Socialists had adopted a broad resolution wherein the principal of comporation with the Polish Political Council was accumplished, and wherein the door had been lost open to work with Hibble jegric.

Minuturestine adviced that Dr. Lauchi had, contrary to the original plan, finally been sent to the conference of the Political Council.

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MALL P.L.

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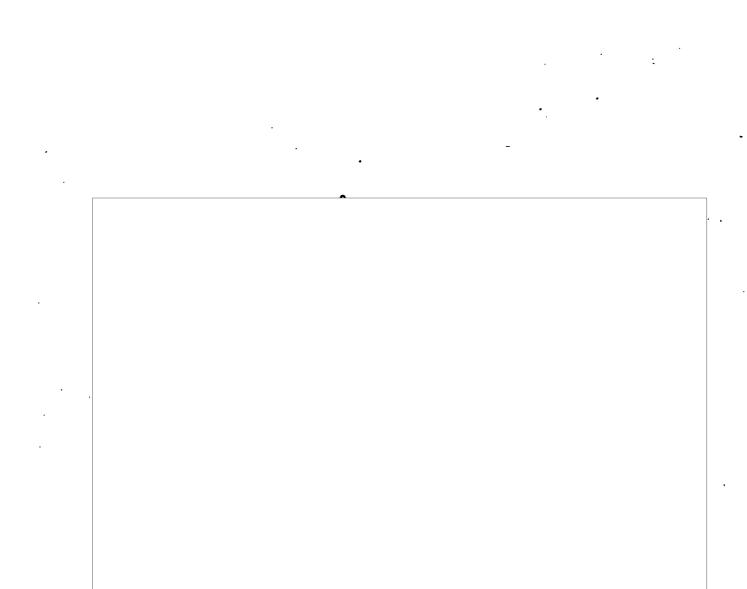
Finally, it was append that if it. Realanged's rearganization plan of the 'algorian National Council was ready, it would be presented at the next mediage

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The delegation of the Council and the National Co-mittee of Free Casechoolovakia, aware of the great importance for the Casechoolovak cause of a united political leadership of the Casechoolovak democratic excle, have discussed in a number of meetings a complex of political and experiment matters and have agreed unanimously on the following:

1) the statutory organs of the Council and the Bational Consister of Free Geocheolovakia respectively will suspend all their activities by January 15, 1952:

2) affective the ware day, a provisional two-member monsement of the affairs of the unified (socheolowar democratic exile will be established;

)) similtaneously, a body will be set up with the duty to discuss and prepare, on the basis of the results of deliberations between the two delegations, the formulation of the political program and the expansion of the unified Csechoslovak democratic exile. The said body will be emposed of an equal number of representatives of the Council and the Existen Council exites of Free Csechoslovakia respectively;

b) the function of the delegations of the Council and the National Constitute of Free Czechoolovahia respectively will cease with the establishment of the provisional management of the unified Czechoolovak democratic

exile.

Best North, 11.7., Banary 10, 1972

Signed by: Heidrich, Lettrich, Klimek, Jonki GONFI' NTIAL - SEGURITY INFURRATI

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Memorandum of Conversation

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

DATE: January 25, 1952

SUBJECT:

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question of RFL Broaucasts to the Baltic Countries

PARTICIPANTS: Lithuanian Minister Povilas Zaucikis Er. Anatol Dinberga, First Secretary of the Latvian Legation Mr. Harold C. Vedeler - 20 Xr. Willard Allan - 50

COPIES TO: P - Mr. Bargeant Br. Devine OIB/NY - Mr. Kohler S/P - Mr. Joyce EL - Mr. barbour

In accordence with the conclusions reached at the meeting of Mesers. Kohler, Devine and Vegeler on January 18, an effort had been made earlier this week to well in the Lithuanian Minister and the Latvian Charge d'Affaires at the same time. Since the illness of the latter prevented, it was finally necessary to have the First Secretary of the Latvian Legation to come rather than way. Feldmans.

It was explained that the visitors had been naked to dome to the Department so that the matter of Ealtic language broadcasts might be discussed in response to their recent notes (Lithuanian note No. 2433 dated December 31, 1931; Latvian note unnumbered dated January 3, 1952, and Estonian note No. 772 wated January 8, 1952) and ordi representations on this subject. "Wr. Vedelar said that the problem had been reconsidered from every standpoint by all officers with a direct interast in it and the various points raised by the Baltic diplomatic representatives had been carefully studied. As a result of this review the Department could see no other course but to reaffirm its previous position. The Department therefore had reached the definite conclusion that in the interasts of the most efficacious overall effort so far as broaddeting to the baltic countries with which Americans were connected was concerned, it should be confined to a single operation in VOA. The reasons for this conclusion were reviewed and the painetaking efforts of the

Department

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Department to proceed fairly and in the best int-rests of the common struggle against Communism in the Baltic countries were streamed. It was indicated that since the SCPE has asked the Department for its opinion on the newleability of proceeding with plans for REE broadcasts, the Department has conveyed these views to NGFE. It was our understanding that NGFE had also come to this conclusion.

Minister Zadeikis expressed his regrets and those of the Baltic Panels that this was the decision reached, he was still concerned that the Baltic exile leaders yould nave no opportunity to speak to their homelands and that this denisl in view of the availability of RFE fucilities to exiles of the estellite countries of Eastern Europe represented a change in US policy toward the Baltic states. Kr. Vedeler strongly emphasized that our policy toward the Baltic countries remained unchanged and that no political significance whatsoever could justly be read into the Department's ageire to see the daltic los. age programs sarried only by YuA in the endeavor to make the brozcoasting activities for the Baltic countries as forceful and effective as pussible. It was supported (in accorance with the possibilities pointed out by Mr. Kohler in the secting on January 18) that there would be opportunities for builtic exils leaders to sceak over VOA.

Minister Zadelkis asked what provision had usen sade or might be made for the employment of persons already entaged for hf2 radio work and for the use of radio material already prepared by the baltic Fanels. In response to direct questions it was supposed that probably something could be done to take care of these matters through discussions between SGYL and VCA representatives in New York. The question of cooperation between VUA and exile leaders and between VCA and the baltic fahels was clacuaged at some length. VOA's sincere dealer to the extent that these might fit into the planned program, was reiterated. It was agreed that there v rious questions could best De pursued further if the Baltic representatives took then up directly with the VCA in New York.

A letter h a also been sent to Ar. Klev, Acting Consul General in there of Lehation at hew York, informing him of our wish to discuss this matter on the next occasion when he coses to Fashington.

EURILLINGVedeler/al January 28, 1982

INSTRUCTIONS: Officer designations should be used in the "TO" column. Under each comment a line abould be drawn across sheet and each comment numbered to correspond with the number in the "TO" column. Each officer should initial (check mark insufficient) before further routing. This Routing and Record Sheet should be roturned to Registry.					
PY-CIO				DATE	
. 10	ROOM	DATE		OFFICER'S	CONMENTS
1.	NO	0 39%	FWDD	INITIALS.	
DE - Mr. Poor		Į	17.6	1/19.	Henrys
2.		•			You will remember that, as Gates Lloyd points out in his transmittal slip that Lang agreed
٥.					to the use of facilities.
6.			<u> </u>		I take it that somebody didn't do a very good job of explaining to
					the Executive Committee of NGFE procisely what was wanted, and you
h.					may wish to be certain that a little preparatory work is done by McCluny
					or others before a formal request is made.
•					Will you send the enclosures back to me.
					1 Dur
PY-eis	ſ	·	·	JUB	Two -
				1200	Tom- Returned per our phan talk today. Unless I sean 5 to cother I ist comme that or Russian Committee is fire
		·			entrer I will assume that
					to proceed as spread with the
					and other RFC facilities as
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			we of the lampertien site and the RFE facilities as individually negotiated, change shorts of use of similar fre- cularies -
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24 January 1952

NEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director (Plans) FROM : Deputy Director Central Intelligence SUBJECT : N.C.F.E.

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I attach a letter I have just received from
 John Hughes, Chairman of the Executive Committee of N.C.F.E.,
 with regard to certain decisions of the Executive Committee
 which he felt were of interest to their sponsors.

2. After you have read this, will you kindly pass it on to Gates Lloyd and Tom Braden?

ALLEN/W. กม

Attachment (1) Letter to Mr. Dulles from John Hughes dtd 18 Jan 52 (2 pages)

SECRET GROWING MANOR

January 18, 1952

Mr. Allen W. Dulles P. O. Box 1513 Main Post Office Washington, D. C.

Deer Allens

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Board of N.C.F.E. held on January 3rd Lest, the members felt that two of the subjects discussed at that time should be called to your stiention so that you might know the views of the Committee in the event these matters were brought before you at a later date.

The first concerns a suggestion which apparently come informally from McCluny and others in Amcomfree, that if means could be found to do so, they be allowed to use some of the R.F.E. facilities in Germany for certain of their broadcasts. Since this matter was not brought up as a formal request, no action was taken by the Committee, but the individual members unanimously expressed the opinion that this would be most inadvisable and that they would be opposed to the use of R.F.F. facilities for this purpose even if time and frequencies were aveilable, which is not at all certain. Since Amcomfree is an organization it seems advisable to acquaint you

with our feelings in the matter should you or your organization be spproached by McCluny or others on this subject. Without going into details at this time as to the reasons for our feeling in the matter, our main concern is that Amconfree's targets are entirely different from those in which we are interested, and from the standpoint of operation from German soil they are far less likely to be agreeable to BONN. We are fearful of putting in jeopardy a presently successful operation and four to five million dollars of equipment by the introduction of a project which we feel should be kept separate and apart.

The other matter which come up for formal action involved the advisability of undertaking Polish programing in Germany, and the Executive Committee unanimously spread that R.F.S. should proceed with the plans presented. In brief, such plans call for the origination of from three to four hours daily of Polish programing from Munich beginning on or about May 1, 1952, and the introduction of some 50 to 60 Poles into the city of Munich for work with R.F.E. to carry out this schedule.

Since this is a major step in the development of R.F.E. programing and more particularly because of the forthcoming negotiations between representatives of N.C.F.E., HICOG, and BONN, it was felt that you should be formally advised of this decision. The Executive Committee also wanted to go on record to the effect that while they realized the risks involved, affirmative action was taken as a result of opinions given by Messra. Byroade, Kellermann and Strauss of the German Desk, Department of State, and by Messra. Stone, Lewis and Boerner of HICOG. In answer to the specific question "Would in your judgement the introduction of Polish broadcasting with all of its

Page #2

Mr. Allen W. Dulles (continued)

political implications, in any way harm the current Munich operation of R.P.E. or the BONN contract negotiations in the eyes of the BONN government", we were assured by all that it would not.

For your further information, the operating officers of R.F.E. in charge of the project for this Polish programing, have been directed to proceed slowly in implementing the action of the Executive Committee and watch the situation most carofully until such time as Phenix and Kempner have had time to receive proper assurances that negotiations with BONN will progress satisfactorily.

Sincerely, John C. Hughes

JCH: PM

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andy Information

Inorutive Registry

24 January 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Chief, PI/OPC FROM : Deputy Director Central Intelligence SUBJECT : CRU3ADE budget

Please see attached letter from Abbott Washburn with his attached budget. I imagine that the Project Review Committee should go over the figures for the balance of the fiscal year and for 1952-1953 as soon as possible.

ALLEN W. DU

Attachment (1 w/l attachment)

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January 23, 1952

Dear Allen:

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At the <u>Grussde</u> Board Neeting last Friday, C.J. reported in detail on our meeting in Ed Barrott's office.

This was followed by a general discussion of the nature and scope of the 1952 <u>Grussde</u> program. Briefly, there was agreement that the program in 1952 should be considerably reduced in scope, that the emphasis should be taken off publicity and placed on fund-raising with the promotional period being reduced from two months to two or three weeks. It was felt that a direct mail campaign to our present list of givers -- plus a thorough solicitation of corporations -- would be desirable.

There was discussion also of a one-night house-to-house canvass, nation-wide, on Constitution Day next September. Mr. Poole suggested that, in addition to Radio Free Europe, the 1952 <u>Gruende</u> might place emphasis on the newly formed Free Europe University in Exile at Straebourg, France. General Clay recommended that the Adverticing Council's assistance in the new compaign be sought at the earliest moment.

Best regards,

Sincerely, Abr

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January 21, 1952

SECRET - SECRETTY INFORMATION

Dear C.D.:

Following up our meeting, we are going to name John Devine to represent us in discussing further plans for the Grusade of Freedom.

As I understand it, all parties feel that the Crusade should be continued, that the next campaign should be of a low-pressure and short duration type, and that joint efforts will be made to find other useful activities that the Crusaders can perform for the total U.S. propagands effort.

It was good seeing you the other night, and both Mason and I enjoyed that long talk. Please remember we to Min Miller and tell him I wish him the best in his difficult but fascinating assignment.

> رم چر

All the best to you.

Cortially,___

oc: Mr. Wisner // F - Mr. Jevine S/P - Mr. Joyce

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Elvard V. Barrett

1 March

P.S. As I universitiant it, it is tentatively proposed that the two individuals working with John Devine will be Jim Lambie and Tom Braden.

Yr. C.D. Jackson, National Creattee for a Free Europe, Inc., 350 Fifth Avenue - Room 301, New York 1, New York.

SPORT - SECTRITY TYPRATINE

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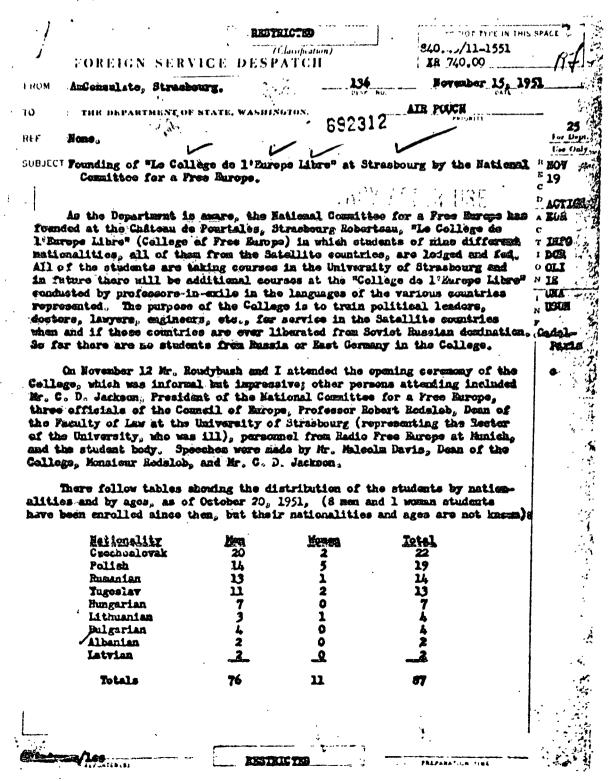
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	Paris, Ostober 29, 1951	N É
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To the Chairman of the Board of Trustees, The Free Surepo University in Exile,		N
Hew Jork, B. J.		0
Interin Report of the Comittee in Aug	de and Placements	
Lateria Aspert of the Complition on Aren	ve run laar tiisere	
The Constitute, having sent out 3530 appli- and organizations, first examined applications for Strasbourg and set aside those, out of 626 by porsons who turned out to be ineligible, e., age (with a few exceptions), or already having to finish elsewhere, or wishing to study a subj are not possessing qualifications required by the enough French to profit by the Strasbourg mive refugee status. Candidatures which appeared el between the members of the Committee for person visits herever being made for this purpose to H Grosses, Spain, Italy, Turkey, and Buitserland. With applications and potes on interviews	duly completed by emaidated received, that had been fill g. as being over 32 years of university degrees and nords ject not taught at Straabsurg be university, or not knowing traity courses, or not having tigible ware then stared ext al interview, mostly in Pari hegland, Belging, Germany,	ed ing Sa S S
hald memorous meetings, at which the cases of a examined and discussed. Mr. Royall Tyler, as P for the College of Free Europe, also attended me the Committee and assisted it by his advice. If permentage of the sandidates, and especially co did not wish primarily to go to Strasbourg but i scholarships enabling them to remain in Paris (: other university. Certain problems arising in t with below, together with resonandations.	II eligible conditation ware resident of the Association mot of the meetings hold by he records showed tost a high mo of the more premising one hoped instead to creain in most eases), or at some	9 ₂
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To date, 87 candidates whiching to go to Sta 76 mm and li wemen, (Note: 8 additional men a		A ,

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making a total, as of Mov. 12, 1951, of 64 men and 12 women). Notification of aca-acceptance is being emit to 349 candidates. The Committee has had in mind the advance estimate that five women ware to be accepted for Strasbourg, N and that five theological students might be accepted for the College des Cleres. However, only one theological student has qualified for a scholarships and suitable arrangements can be made to lodge as many as 10 or 11 women, pessibly even 19, (Notes total accepted 12, as of Nov, 12), either in the Stadant Heme for Girls or in a penalon (for the older girls). In view of the quality of these women candidates, the Committee feels justified in selecting a member larger than that originally contemplated, and after consultation with Mr. Deblitt Peals and Mr. Royall Tyler does so unanimously.

The gread total of male students already accepted for Scraebourg, and ascordingly notified, is thus 76 to date, as against 100 originally contemplated, The Committee has thought it proferable to maintain a high quality, rather that to make filling a quote the first consideration, especially as applications are still coming in and some promising applicants remain to be seen. Since the French university year begins only in the first weak of November a good many students were away when the application forms were sent out and their addresses unknown to snyone who could be reached, Arrangement sam be made to enter late comers for the Strasbourg university courses, and so it eccess wise to allow for the probability that some high-quality candidates will still appear, none of whom could be accepted if the quota had been filled up in a herry regardless of the advisability of maintaining a standard. Applicants can be received and registered in the university as late as Nov. 21.

It is of interest to note that all candidates so far submitted to deams of familties at Strasbourg have been considered acceptable,

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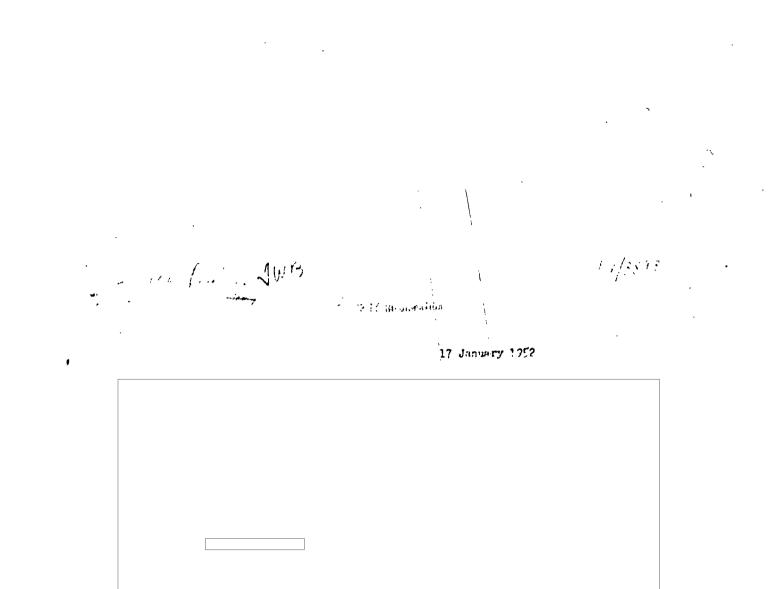
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17 January 1958

HEMORASDOM FOR: Mr. John Lovins

Department of State

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Hearrandwa of Conversation of Meeting at Mr. Barrett's Home on Hovember 20, 1951 to discuss USIS and OrC Relationships

1. Your memorandum of conversation of November 20, 1951, was mentioned to no by Hr. Dulles the morning with particular reference to paragraph 2 of the conclusions.

2. Hr. Dulles does not believe that the meeting was quite so definite on this point as you indicate, and I suggest, therefore, an arendment as follows:

*2. That possibilities for toning down the Gruade for Freedom to a momental less high-prossure and spectecular comparison be carefully explored by all concerned."

TIDEAS N. BRADEN

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January 16, 1952

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\$ W:

SUBJECT: Report on Ulavis-Helper Conference as outlined by Miss Hary Augustics at January 9, 1957 meting with State.

From R.J. Hoory

Hiss Augustine advised that the flavik-bjer Conference hed been placed on the Agenda, as a result of Mr. Vedeler's comment (made at a meeting during hereader, 1951) to the of cut that it would be desirable to give encouragement and moral support to the Slavik-bjer group.

Hiss Augustine explained that Eagy hid received some encouragement from MUFE shen (during January 1957) he initially breached his plan for the establishing of an over-all international prouping of exiles from Central and Eastern Europe. However, when it became clear to ELFE that Eagy's group was to be formed on exclusively political party lines, and would be dominated by Agrarian (Peasant) Farty londers and thus, in affect, a deplication of the International Feasant Union and other such organizations already in existence who are already receiving HEFT. Support, that it could not, therefore, be breadly representative. HEFE, therefore, indicated to Eagy that it could not provide financial support for an organization set when such a basis. Eagy's reaction to HEFF's policy was consequently strong and critical.

At about this same time the Blavki-Enjer group (now known as the <u>Central and PAStern European Conference</u>) began to emerge and to b come active. It was composed criticially of the so-walled "bureaucrats", "diplomis", and "nonpartisan personalities" which more so despised by Engy and his colleagues from the Agririan parties and other political party leaders who took their cue This now group began actually to mot from the Pramant Party politicians. and to perform genuice work.

SERPEN

JAN 1 HICH

A; parently, as the result of the emergence of the Slavik-Majer Conference, as an enbrye but functioning body, the hapy group sprang into action, and leaving the planning and organizational stage behind, launched itself fimily into a big press conference and much fanfare. This Mary group, just to confuse an already confusing situation further, is known as the Contral-Fastern Furgeon Committee, Mice Augustine advised.

- 2 -

NOT: and disquicted by this almost similaneous emercence of two potentially compating organizations and made it clear to both groups that financial support was out of the question until a margar or some clear and acceptable agreement between the two groups, which would bar their compating with each other, should be effected. The Slavik-Rajer Conference, Miss Augustine indicated, agreed to seek no large amount of publicity for a time in order that the unfortunate and undesirable aspect of competition might be played down as much as possible in the hope that a margar or acceptable agreement might be forthconing.

After its initial plungs into the publicity spotlight, the Mary Committee Scaned to become completely quiescent, while the Slavik-Majer Conference became increasingly active, performing some genuinely useful work.

Missiugustine informed the meeting that

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Originally, Miss Augustine pointed out, the Slavik-Major Conference had approached MCFE with a proposal that MCFE arrange and finance a lumbeon or a dinner to which various representatives of influential American organizations, labor, church, educational, etc., would be invited, and at which the exiles would have an optortunity to present the facts and their views regarding deportations. MEFE had at first agreed to this, in princips, Miss Augustine advised, but in view of the probable recriminations from the Magy group (which would, in fact, have some basis of justification) and also in view of the propaganda approach suggested by Millians, the Committee had dropped this idea and was working instead along the lines suggested by the U.S. Mission.

ELS Augustine acced that in the absence of a surger, or an agreement, regarding division of fields of competition (the Mary Committee, concentrating on long-wange planning and post-likeration problems; the Slaviz-Majer Comference focusing its efforts upon the inmediate problems confronting exiles in the pro-liberation period) PLFT had Steered clear of providing financial Support on any continuing tests.

Mr. Barbour inquired as to the prospects for merger, and whether it had been made clear to all calls groups involved that the withholding of NCFE support was predicated upon the lack of any unified and broudly representative grouping.

- 3 -

lifes Augustino advised of two recent conversations she had had with Eidzikauine, and said that when preused by him for the reason why the lunchson plan had been dropped, she had at first tried to put this on a practical basis and on Mr. Wright's Paris conversations and the comsequent change of tactics. However, when pressed further, and told by Sideihaukas of the runners of drastic changes of MUTE policy, etc., which would attend the abandonment of this plan, kins Augustine adviced that gentleman unofficially that, along with the practical reasons, we had been motivated by a desire to avoid the inevitable recriminations from Mary, and that the lack of a merger or satisfactory agreement between the two groupince would continue to prevent our material support of their activities on any consistent or permanent basis. Much questine Acked that very recently Sidsimulas had informed her briefly of a peting of the many committee hold within the last few days. This muting was attended by, among others, Visolami, Eldsilandan and Osusky, who have bat on the ferror between these two groups and have attended the systings of both groups. Sidailaukas bolieves that agreement to divide fields of competition, rather than a merger, is shaping up.

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SECURITY INFORMATION

In reply refer to W-1771) S 11 January 1952

Mr. C. D. Jackson National Committee for a Free Europe, Ins. 110 West 57th Fitreet New York 19, New York

Dear C. D.:

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4 4

As promised at our last meeting, here is the text for a new paragraph 3 of the Himites of the Heeting Held in Washington on th December 1951. This was distated by Gliver E. Hadwood.

"3. Jackson advised that he had a tentative date to call on the Ferd Foundation people in Pasadena on January 8th.

"It was also agreed that this discussion of refugees and IRC could include the plan worked up by Perle and Colbears to turn over to IRC NCPE "non-productive exiles at a cost to HCFE of approximately \$1,000 a head."

Sincerely yours,

John L. Demewood

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January 20, 1952

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R HOBRESCH

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To: Mr. ". R. Polboaro Mr. J. T. Loich

From: n.J. Hoores

COLECT: Report of moting at State Department, Kedwooday, January 9, 19:2.

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Pargents Mary Augustino, Mr. Cates Mard Mr. Caluerth Barbour, Mr. Bareld C. Wedeler, Mr. John Cargbell, Mr. Thomse Beckagel, Mr. Robert J. H ere.

ECTF: Hice they Augusting represented the New York office at the meeting in the absence of Mr. John F. Leich, who is in Europe attenting the Furopean Hovemant Conference.

orresonanti.

It was recalled that at the meting on December 20, 1951, discussion of the Cenchoslowak problem had ended on a note of optimism. Mins Augusting advised that this optimism had been obliterated due to cartain unfortunate circumstances which had developed in negotiations between the Cenchoslowak Council majority of 17 and the Senkh minority of 13. Mine Augusting indicated that one of the principal studbling blouds in the Cench situation is the question of the co-equal chairmanship in the new setup of two persons, one a pointed from each (recept She further advised that a body of 20 persons divided equally between the two opposing groups would not as an ad her conmittee to outablish a new Cauchoslowak National Council, and that, whereas the 13 winhed to appoint free Cauchoslowak National Council, and that, whereas the 13 winhed to appoint free Cauchoslowak National Council, and that, whereas the 13 winhed to appoint free Cauchoslowak National Council, and that, whereas the 13 winhed to appoint free Cauchoslowak National Council, and that, whereas the 13 winhed to appoint free Cauchoslowak National Council, and that, whereas the 13 winhed to appoint free Cauchoslowak National Council, and that, whereas the 13 winhed to appoint free Cauchoslowak National Council, and that, whereas the 13 winhed to appoint free Cauchoslowak National Council, and that, whereas the 14 winhed to appoint free Cauchoslowak National Council, and that, whereas the 15 winhed to appoint free Cauchoslowak National Council, and that, whereas the 16 was the other co-chairman, or indeed, that he should not be acceptable to them as the other co-chairman, or indeed, that he should not be acceptable to them as the other co-chairman, or indeed, that he should not be acceptable to then as the other co-chairman appeared unacceptable to the 17 who contended that majoriations could not be carried on under these circumstances.

Upon receipt of this news, Mass Augustine pointed out, Mr. Followre of FUE advised the Czechoslowsk delegation that the would place the whole problem before the Board of Directors of MUT. This was done, and a

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9 : subcommittee was appointed to examine the situation; this co-mittee is composed of Mr. F. R. Dolbeare, Dr. Levering Tyson and Mr. Frank Altschul. The subcommittee was informed by the Bourd of Directors that, should the Caschoslovake fail to overcome their differences by the end of Jamary, all payments to the Caschoslovak National Council would cease as of that time. The Board had agreed, however, that a credit of \$25,000, appropriated to the Council, would remain with it and could be used for support during the course of the following month. It was considered that these funds would act as a hedge against other outside funds to which Er. Zenkl appears to have access.

The subcounities net on January 3 with Meners. Lettrich, Meidrich and Osusky, at which time the principle of the co-equal chairmanhip appears to have been dropped in favor of a system of reference, including Meners. Fapanek and Meidrich - one from each group. Miss Augustics advised that the subcounities was to meet on January 10 with Dr. Zenki and company, and on Friday with the delegation from both groups. Miss Augustics advised that of the three members of the subco mittee only Mr. Altschul appeared to carry any optimion as to the outcome of the negotiations. Miss Augustine informed the meeting of Mr. Dolbeare's opinion that, should negotiations fail:

- a) all financial ties would crease with organized Czecheslovak exile groups,
- b) KCFE would be obliged to select individuals as advisers in various functional especities.

Miss Augustine made reference to a f2-page Czechoslowak memorandum which had recently been presented on the whole situation of Czechoslovakia, past and present. She advised that Merses. Gausky and Fransk had not signed : the document and that MCT's analysis of the memorandum had been unfavorable.

br. Vedelar interjected that should current negotiations fail . 8000 consideration should be given to allotting financial aid to both the Czechoslovak groups in the controversy.

4-00000

In . Barbour int rposed that should the negotiations indeed fail, and we be faced with a Caschoslovak situation in which there would be no Csechoslovak Council, the whole situation of the National Councils and MCFE might well need to be reviewed. He pointed out that the NCFE was based very much on the National Council idea, and that it is constituted to work on this basis. Therefore, should this concept fail, it might be expedient to have a system of some kind of national panel whose numbers would be appointed by MCFE to work on the problems of their respective nationalities (presumably within the dictates and needs of American Foreign policy). Mr. Barbour advised that such persons would have to be chosen on the basis of their ability to work together, thus avoiding the issues of political strife and partisan interests.

kr. Moore suggested that the meeting might wish to consider the proinscitately cedure which should follow in the wake of the possible breakdown of Caechoslovak negotiations.

Mr. Lloyd proposed that the matter be referred to Washington for consideration by his offics and the State Department before the Czechoslovaks were formally advised of the drastic action contemplated by MCFF's Board of Directors and the subcountities. There was general agreement that this should be the case.

BALTIC BROADCASTS:

Miss Augustine reviewed the situation of the Baltic panels in New York as regards broadcasts by Badio Free Furope. She advised that the Baltic countries would be represented at the European Novement Conference by heads of the New York Baltic panels, and specifically - Messre. Massens, Sidsikauskas and Wahter - and that thus funds had been found to carry out the original plan of sending a representative from each Baltic country to the Movement Conference.

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In. Vodeler indicated that he considered this move to be fortunate and appropriate, in view of the upheavel which has occurred in the master of the fultic brondensite. He indicated his bulief that if NGTE is to continue, it is necessary that some form of Andio Free Europe broadcasts to Baltie countries be considered. He edvised that the Baltic countries considered there had been discrimination against them, and they feel that it is only through BFE broadcasts that they can really speak to their own people; he advised that he considered the general situation mean regrettable.

bies Augustine indicated that in New York there was considerable hope that once the Baltic broadcast question was straightened out, such situations be avoided in the future, as it has been next embarrancing to all concorned, and has placed the good faith of NCFE towards the Balts in jeopardy.

Mr. Barbour advised that we must consider the Baltic broadcasts to be surrently ruled out. However, he advised further that the matter will be taken up on the basis of the formal protests lodged with the State Repartment by the Baltic diplomatic Missions in this country. He inferred that up on the basis of the formal protests lodged with the State Repartment by the Baltic diplomatic Missions in this country. He inferred that up on the basis situation had become confused due to the unfortunate light in which the Voice of America broadcasts had b on thrown, as a result of Hadio Free Furope's activities. He made reference to the Grusade for Freedom on behalf of Madio Free Europe, and indicated that the Grusade in this instance had done a great deal to stir up the public's mind in favor of HT, to the discredit of the Voice of America. Finally, he advised, however, that the motio of the case for broadcasts to Baltic countries by NT, would be reconsidered. NUMARING

Miss Augustine advised that there was not a great deal to report on the Russmian situation, but that Br. Cafence had received advice that Br. Viscians would meet with him prior to the latter's departure to attend the

- 4 -

Furgean sovement Conference. It was hoped that the meeting would actually take place, but that assurances could not be forthcoming. Homever, it seemed reasonable that 2r. Viscianu might make the nove bafore roing to London where he would have further computations with the fing. Mears. Viscianu and cafenon were reported to have come to some banks agree sould for the purpose of reaching an understanding between the two factors. Advice was given that Coneral Endescy would be brought into the examplations eventually.

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hr. More advised of the opinion hold by the National Council division of KFE that the Russmans should avoid bring/the Sing into the negotiations, and rather that an agreement in the form of a <u>fait accurding</u> should be presented to the King for has approval.

Mr. Caupbell interjected that he had an appointment at that time with Mr. Viseianu, and that in the light of this information, he would advise that gentleman not to try to pull "any contemplated achieves which might disrupt the efforts so far taken". Mr. "Marbour requested that Hr. Viseianu be informed, in strong terms, to avoid further intrigue or unnecessary protracted discussions. In other words "read him the riot act".

HURARIAN ANSA DEL

Hind Augustize advised the mosting that it had been necessary to make some drastic changes among the Augustian personnel working for Radio Free Furope in Row York, as their output was considered to be inadequate. She advised that efforts were being under to reestablish the Hungarian deak on a more effective basis.

BUILLRIAN AFFADER

Mis Augustine advised that Mr. Dimitrov is departing for Furepe to join the Furepean Bovement Conference, and that he was being obliged to some to HOFF headquarters to pick up his check for the purpose of the trip.

14-0000

In. Barbour advised that he had not with r. Dimitrov and had given the Bulgarian the impression that fitnes did not consider his conduct of affairs to be in the state of perfection which the gentleman himself so claims. Mr. Barbour further advised that he recognized the feeling against Dimitrov among others working on Bulgarian affairs, and that he understands the basis for this criticism. However, he advised that he does consider Dimitrov to be the representative of an important peasant element in Bulgaria, and that he did not consider this fact should be ignored.

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His Argustine advised that there appeared to be some difficulty with Mr. Shipov's papers, a fact which is retarding his arrival in this country. She further advised of the need for a quorum on the Bulgarian Mational Council, in order to deal with the political situation which has developed there.

The meeting recolved a visit from in. heckmaps who a vised that he was working on a new plan for the reform of the Bulgarian Estimal Counties. He advised that he expected to have the report ready at the time of the meet meeting and requested that the numbers of the meeting consider the Bulgarian question in the meantime, and should they have any specific ideas which they should wish to present, they should contact his in the interval. He advised that he was attending to draw up a plan whereby membership in the Bulgarian Co-mittee would be established on an elective basis, and su rested that this might be a good time to teach them some of the concepts of democratic procedure.

ir. Barlour advised of his interest in the Sulgarian political leader whom as Sushanov, and suggested that some consideration be given to bringing this can into Bulgarian exile affairs.

ELAVIK-CAJ. R. COP- T. B.J. I

Ir. Vedeler advised that FULL should consider the Slavis-Jajor Conference expanisation within the light of its own activities and purposes.

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(Miss Augustine outlined the history of the Glavik-Majer Conference and the conditions which are currently existing there in. A copy of Miss Augustine's report will shortly follow this report of the mosting with State).

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In ruply to Miss Augustine's statement that she understood Mr. Vedeler to believe HC/Z should rive support to the Slavie-Esjer Conference, Mr. Vedeler advised that he considered this support should take the form of assistance to special projects, but that he did not advocate that applicance should be given to the Conference on an all-out basis.

ir. Marbour advised of his approval of this procedure, and requested that precautions be taken in order that May not be aroused.

POLIER A MILES

Viss Augusting advised there was little to report on Polish affairs, other than to advise of a cable which had been received in New York to the effect that General Anders had solicited the aid of Count Raczynski to assist in the formation of the Polish Council of National Unity.

SECT

SECURITY INFORMATION

9 January 1952

NTHORANDUM FOR

kk. MORTHY P. JOYCE Policy Planning Staff Department of State

Redio Free Europe Operations

SUPJECT

14-00000

REPERENCE:

Remorandum dated 15 November 1951 from T. H. E. Nesbitt to Robert Hocker

1. Regarding the project mentioned in the referenced memorandum to transfer approximately 100 Polish exiles to Portugal for the purpose of conducting Polish programs from that country, Nr. Robert E. Lang, Director of Radie Pree Europe, has advised us that on 3 January 1952, the Board of Directors of the Sational Committee for a Pree Runcpe, Ins. decided that at least for the present, it would be advisable to do all Polish programming in Munich. He stated that on Mr. C. D. Jackson's last trip to Portugal, the authorities there advised him that any Polish except in under the above-mentioned circumstances would have to live under conditions approximating "house arrest," since the Portugese geverment would not tolerate their circulating freely within the country.

2. Later Fr. Spencer Phenix stated that he and Mr. Gregory Thomas believed that some few Poles could be brought in without such drastic action by the Portugese authorities. He also expressed concern that the short wave communications between Humich and Lisbon were not 100% antisfactory for transmitting the Polish programs, which are then relayed out of Lisbon to Poland. He felt that programming in Portugal would be the best way to handle the problem but eduitted that approximately 100 people would be needed, and, under the sircumstances, he agreed that it was better to keep the entire program staff all in one place.

3. Ve are asking

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SECURE of Information

3. We are asking Mr. Lang to keep us posted on any future plans that may develop to send any of these people to Portugal so that we may advise the Repartment of State in advance of any such project.

H. Gates Lloyd

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DCPT/HOLIMI

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Distributions Addressee - Original and 1 DCPY - 1 CIO - 1 RI - 2 or NC7E File

14-00000

In reply refer to: $W - 176 \psi$

S January 9, 1952

Mr. Frederic R. "olbeare 350 Fifth Avenue New York, New York-

Dear Fred:

I am enclosing, for your confidential information, a translation of a letter received by the Austrian Minister in Washington, which has been brought to the attention of our friends. In discussing this matter the Austrian Embassy pointed out that Austria was an occupied country in which were stationed, among others, Soviet troops and expressed the hope that MCPE would retrain from taking any action which might put Austria in an embarrassing position.

SECURITY INTO MATION

SEGRET

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I am confident that we can count upon your cooperation in preventing the development of any situation which would embarrass the Austrian Government.

Sincerely,

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Travis A. Albery

Attachment 1 As stated above

oc: Miss Viccellio

5 January 1952

W-1761

Dear Abbott:

14-00000

Thank you for reminding me that Ed McHale may soon be available. As you say, I know him, though slightly, but I have always heard excellent things about him.

I have made an attempt to find out who expressed interest in him to Tom Myers but cannot do so. Perhaps, therefore, you would pass this note on to Tom and ask him to let me know sometime soon who expressed the interest. That would help me ascertain whether we will want to try to bring him down here.

My very best wishes to you for the New Year.

Sincerely,

Mr. Abbott Washburn National Committee for a Pree Europe 308 - 7th Avenue New York, New York

PY-CIO: TWB: eh

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Orig - Addressee 1 cc - FY/Exec Asst. 1 cc - FY 1 cc - CIO 2 cc - RI

~5 Jan 52 ten Card heatstan 's express any interest in this man ("an operator" "a friend & Vil Harrison's ; a person whom Card knew .on am Veto Com) until overall situation is settled. His interest. In any case, is only mild. No one else, sofar as Q can Cetamine, is interested. Koutine would be to refer to personnel Hurruck of his report as to personnel's Duterest, let Mr. Washburn know whatter or not we are trying. (There is clearly no effort being made now and the procedure I see us bound by coald involve considerable time and unprelictable results.) But here is a dreft. Jamas

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14-00000

December 19, 1951

Dear Tom:

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As mentioned to you last Friday, our mutual friend Ed McHale has done a good job here on the New York City <u>Grugade</u> campaign in spite of numerous handicaps and obstacles.

The present clean-up operations will be completed next month, end in view of the somewhat uncertain future of the <u>Grusade</u> I have had a little talk with Ed so that he can be thinking about moving to another assignment.

At the time Ed joined us, Tom Myers indicated that your shop had expressed considerable interest in him. Would you be good enough, Tom, to see whether such interest still exists or whether there are any other slots that might be filled by someone of his ability and forcefulness.

Hany thanks.

Yours.

ALLott

UNCLASSIFIED 1 USE ONLY SECRET CONFIDENTIAL ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET SUBJECT (Optional) FROM FATTHSION -0 DATE 10: (Officer designation, room building) Author and DATE OFFICER S COMMENTS HEIND KANADO 1. 2. PLEASE INITIAL AFTER REVIEWING DO NOT REMOVE ANY PAPERS OR 3. 20:24 12 Mar 13 MUTILATE FOLDER. but Decubic colic 5. Corbat 06/EFR 78-112.9 432343 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. FILE NO. UCION CIA AD 37 DOCUMENT: 12. 10 FOLDER: 13. 14. PAGE: RETURN TO CA-50 2 3 BOX: 15. Ba-02-58 IP/ARD INTERNAL USE ONLY UNCLASSIFIED CONFIDENTIAL П 610 use merious SECRET FORM 3- 67 March 1952-June 1952 NCF2 A-MI

14-00000

30 June 1952

MENDRANDUS: FOR: CHIEF, INTERNATIONAL ORDANIZATIONS

SUBJECT

4-00000

Preparation and Distribution of a Ecosletter in the Serbian Language by Mr. Lazer Radivojevich.

1. This of ice is interested in a project of facilitating Mr. Lasar Madivojevich, a baneficiary of the BCF2, to prepare (minerograph) and distribute a small newsletter in the Berbian Language, among the former Serbian Officer prisoners of par, who were detained in the samp at St. Johann i Pongan, in Amstria, of which easp Mr. Radivojevich was the chief, elected by the members of the samp. About 300-400 members of this camp are now in the United States, having emigrated where the provisions of the Displaced Persons Act.

2. Aside from bolstering the morale of these people and assisting them to adjust themselves to their new surroundings, the newslotter is calculated to make it possible for Mr. Redivojevich to maintain contact with them so that this office may be in a position to know their addresses and be informed of their whereabouts at all times. For your information, this office believes that, under cortain circumstances in the Asture, this group or manivers of it might be useful, and desires to see it maint in its ties through Mr. Radivojevich.

3. The newsletter would have no political character whatsoever. It would contain social and personal news of interest to the group; new arrivals of former colleagues; news of the thereabouts and doings of mumbers of the group; questions and answers for the emigration; something about the history and customs of the United States, and such other items as might help them orient and adjust themselves in their new surroundings.

4. The Deputy for JM/PC has presented this project to Mr. Campbell of the State Department uni secured his approval.

5. We believe this project about the implemented under the sponsorship of the HCFLs and, to this end, we rejust you to be good anough to take the matter up with them. This office will be glud to

cooperate with the NCPZ with a view to establishing means for control of the contents of the newsletter.

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6. To set up this project Mr. Redivojovich would need a typewriter with Cyrillic letters, a hand press and a masthead for the paper, which would represent a total investment of approximately \$193. As figures that he could then print his newsletter twice a menth, about 400 copies of each edition, for a monthly amount of \$160.

> GRATIAN M. YATURVITCH Deputy for Policy Coordination, SE

SECIRE INFORMATION

26 June 1952

MERORALDUM FOR: Chief, 10/10HIC

SUBJECT:

14-00000

Stanislaus Oskiorka

1. Walter Pforsholmer called me to say that a Congressman with whom he is in touch had acked whether we were taking on a Mr. Stanislaus Oskierka. He was informed by the Congressman that Tom Myers told him that there was no job for him in MCFE but that he might be able to get a job in CLA in Wasnington.

2. This is the kind of thing Myers shouldn't do, and I think he should be called on it.

3. I find, incidentally, that Oskierka has not requested employment through Myors to John Suiclds and I will tell Mr. Pforzheimer that he should check with CIA Personnel.

SECRET

THOMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

CIO:TWE/eh

Orig - Addressee 1 cc - Hr. Pforzheimer 1 cc - CIO 2 cc - KI





THOMAS V. NUMBER Chief International Organizations Pivision

CID:TMB/hka

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Victribution: Orig. - Addresses 1 cc - Clo 2 cc - TO/T HIC 2 cc - RI

SECRET

25 June 1952

MENDRANTUM FOR THE RECORD

14-00000

SUBJECT: Complaint of Yugoslav Counselor

1. Wally Earbour told me today that the Counselor of the Tugoslav Embassy had called upon him to complain about the presence of Tugoslav delegates at the NCFE Williamsburg Conference and the signing of the Williamsburg statement by Tugoslav delegates.

SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

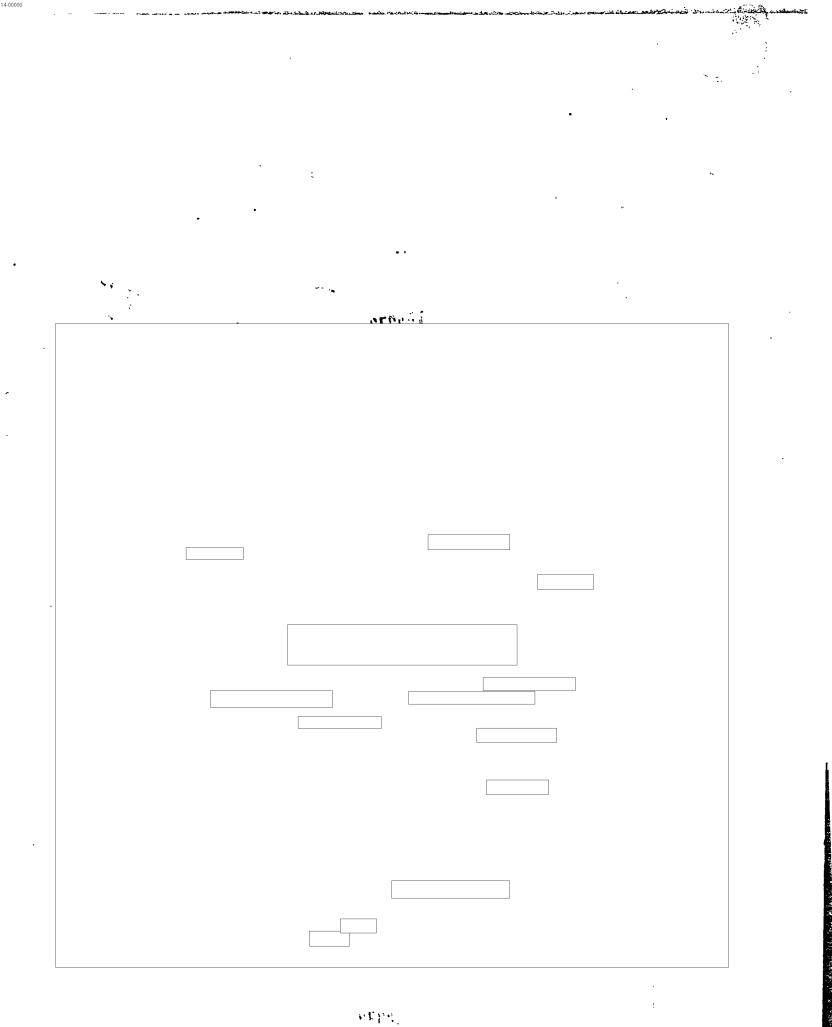
2. Mr. Barbour said that the Counselor prefaced his remarks with a statement that he knew Mr. Barbour would reply that he had no influence over NCFE and no connection with it. Mr. Barbour said that that was what he had said and that his statement was received by the Counselor with a polite shrug.

3. Earbour did not seen unduly worried, but I told him that we would shortly ask him for a review of State policy in respect to the national councils and exiles with whom MCFE is dealing and he said he would welcome the opportunity to make such a review.

> THDMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

CIO: TWB/ch

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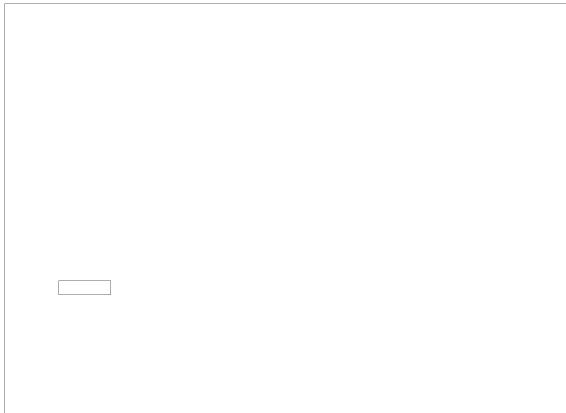




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SCURITY INFORMATION SEGRE

23 June 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: CHIEF, WE

SUBJECT:

4-00000

Debriefing of Harry Sperling by L. de Neufville

1. L. de Neufville recently cabled that H. Sperling, who is to be relieved as Chief of RFE information gathering in Munich, was talking freely of his removal and making comments about his replacement.

2. De Neufville suggested that Sparling be sent back to Washington for a debriefing. For many reasons, including our relations with NCFE, we would prefer it to be done in the field.

3. I therefore suggest that de Neufville be allowed to do this for us and would appreciate your approval of my sending him the attached message.

THUMAS W. BRA

2

Chief International Organizations Division

Attachment 1 As stated above. SECRET

TO: GEARING

14-00000

Regarding Sparling. His debriefing for many reasons should not be done here. Would appreciate your doing with object of getting as complete a story as possible but with special attention to:

- 1. Method of programming, control exercised in Munich and control of Munich by New York in as detailed form as possible.
- 2. What emigre groups are favored if any.
- 3.

4. What is set-up of news gathering?

- 5. What security procedures are followed in Munich.
- 6. What has been or is being done to determine effectiveness of programs from all angles (1) technical, (2) content, (3) audience reaction, etc.

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21 June 1952

MENORANDUM PORI DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

"UBJECT:

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14-00000

Proposed Statement on SCFE

1. Here is my proposal for the final draft of the NCTE emergency statement. It is the result of changes suggested in my own second draft by Frank Wisner, yourself and Opencer Phenix.

SFORES

SEDERTY PROVED TO W

2. Note that not all of the changes suggested by you have been adopted. All changes were considered by kiener, Phonix and myself, and I would be glad to tell you the comments that were made and the reasons why we felt the attachment should be approved.

SFUE:

THOMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

4 Attachmonts Final statement and Drafts 3, 4 & 5

CIO: TNB/ch

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Orig - Addressee 1 cc - DD/I' (thru ADPC) 1 cc - IO/DDIC 1 cc - CIO 2 cc - EI

PROPOSED STATFMENT

14-00000

The National Committee for a Free Europe is an organization of private American citizens whose purpose is to encourage the spread of freedom behind the Iron Curtain in Europe. It is a membership corporation, chartered under the laws of the State of New York.

In spreading the doctrine of freedom and combatting Soviet totalitarianism, the Ommittee operates radio stations which pieres the Iron Curtain; in close cooperation with the French authorities and the University of Strasbourg, it operates an educational centre at Strasbourg for young men and women who have escaped from behind the Iron Curtain; it attempts by other means than radio to carry messages of hope and of the possibility of eventual liberation to the nations which are now enslaved; it conducts studies of the laws, customs and cultures of these nations as they existed prior to Soviet occupation; and it documents the changes which have been imposed by the Soviet so that if the time should come when the people rise against their conquerors, they may more easily establish continuity with their past.

In all of this work the Committee draws information and support from many sources - from those who have escaped and who must remain anonymous for fear of reprisals on their families at home, from those in this country who wish to work voluntarily for the cause of freedom abroad, from the American people at large, and from government agencies which, in the American tradition, give all possible aid to private citizens engaged in a worthwhile public cause.

Fund raising for the Committee is done by a subsidiary, the Crusade for Freedom which, in the course of raising money, also helps to keep before the Amorican people and people throughout the world the need for spreading the idea of freedom. For example, the Freedom Bell, which now rings regularly over the dity of Berlin, was the gift of sixteen million Americans who contributed to the Crusade for Freedom. All in all, signatures and voluntary donations from more than twenty-five million Americans have come to the Crusade for Freedom to date. Generous contributions have also been made to the Committee by private foundations; and at the request of Covernment agencies, certain specific research and other projects have been undertaken and carried on with the assistance of funds provided by the departments or agencies concerned.

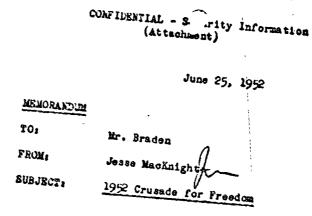
A Board of Directors consisting of proginant American citizens from all walks of life pass upon the policies and supervise the operations of the Committee. The work of the Committee is carried forward under the direction of its Freedent, Rear Admiral Harold B. Miller, U.H. Retired, who is on leave of absence from the American Petroleum Institute. On March 1, 1952, he succeeded Mr. C. D. Jackson, who has returned to resume his position with TIME-LIFE, Inc.

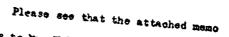
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gets to Mr. Walsh through secure channels.

Attachment: Memo to Wakh from MacKnight dti. 6/23/52 Copy of this Memo for Mr. Bradea

14-00000

June 23, 1952		LION	AIN OTTAL	Securi ty	-	
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A. CPAR DE

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14-00000

TU:	Er. Richard Jalsh
FROL:	Jeeco L. Macani, ht
SUBJECT:	1932 Crushda for Breedom

Your memorandum of June 21 has been reviewed and the following concents represent a consensus of our opinion:

- 1. Here one The balloon idea as a fund raising device it catisfactory, provided substantial enghasic is also given to the use of hull and other vehicles as methods of cellvoring the messages behind the Iron Cartain.
- F. Prese Two The idea of a ressage based on the Unristmee theme is satisfactory subject to agreement on the precise text.
- 3. Hase Marse Subject to review, in light of any Future developments in Europe which might effect the tentative decision, there is agreement on the use of a small number of tailoons as a sympolic operation.
- L. <u>Here Four</u> The gift idea as part of a talloon project is considered undesirable.

Chillenial - Security Information

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SECURITY INFORMATION

17 June 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. Braden, PY/10

SUBJECT: Radio Free Europe

1. For your information the following report on Radio Free Europe Hungarian broadcasts was received here recently, although the information was obtained last March:

"a. Radio Free Europe broadcasts from LUNICH, Germany, are more popular than the Voice of America programs and its news coverage is considered both current and based on authentic sources. However, its commentaries on foreign politics are severely criticised and allogedly the general opinion in Hungary is that whoever writes this program has not the slightest idea either of the conditions in Hungary or of the general needs of the people.

"b. There are also objections to the program of News Briefs (ROVAT ADASOK). This program is considered a nuisance and isn't even listened to by those for whom it is intended. By scheduling 15 and 50 minute programs specifically beamed to different segments of the population, such as: the women's program, the church program, the farmer's program, book and movie reviews, etc., Radio Free Europe reduces its listening audience to those who might be interested in the specific program, while the majority of the listeners are forced either to cease listening to their radios or change to another broadcasting station. As a result, Radio Free Europe has been losing its audience and the declino is especially noticeable during the program of News Briefs when the majority of the listeners allegedly change over to the BRC program.

"c. The workers are particularly interested in political news and are in an excellent position to spread the news throughout the factories. Again the BRC appears to be the most popular station. Informant learned of the fate of one Imre HORVATH, a group leader in a Textile Mill in SZEGED. HORVATH passed on some news concerning the activities of the "Political Police" of SZEGED which he had criginally heard on one of these foreign broadcasts. This resulted in HORVATH being immediately transferred to DURAPENTELF and his "group" was disbanied.

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SECURITY INFORMATION

"d. The necessity for special programs beamed at the youth of Hungary is vory acute. The youth of today which has passed its 16th year of age does not listen to children's programs any longer but is interested in broadcasts on the subject of anti-Communist ideologies. This is the age group that the Communists are especially interested in and on whose education in the Communist spirit special emphasis is placed. All of this age group, without exception, attends Communist Party schools and Marxist seminars and also receives promilitary training. To aid in this therough indoctrination in Marxism as presented to them, special newspapers and magazines full of Communist ideological material are being published. It is therefore highly desirable that special programs aimed at this youth group be prepared so that they will be able to judge for themselves the true conditions in comparison to the propaganda that is fed to them by the Communist regime of Hungary."

2. The comment of the field accompanying this report states:

"An effort is being made to ascertain the basis of the above critique of foreign radio broadcasts by asking Informant if this critique represents his own opinions or the opinions of one or more friends or casual contacts, and whether it is an observation of the pregrams which were heard during his short visit in SUDAPEST or based on a longer period of time. Inasmuch as Informant cannot be contacted directly, we have no assurance that this information will be forthcoming in the near future, and it is deemed best to submit the above critique as is, for the time beings"

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SECURITY INFORMATION

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THOMAS W. BRADEN

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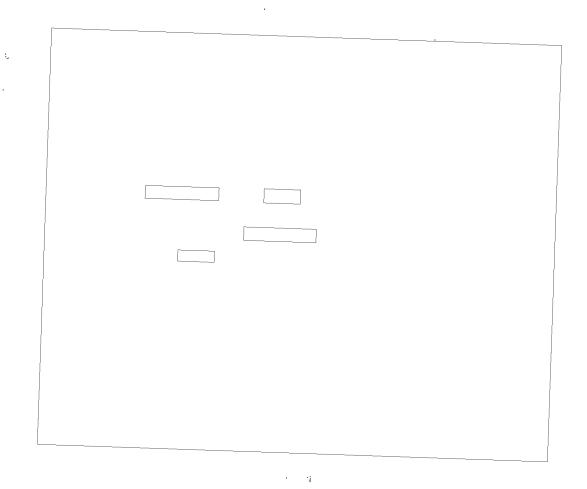
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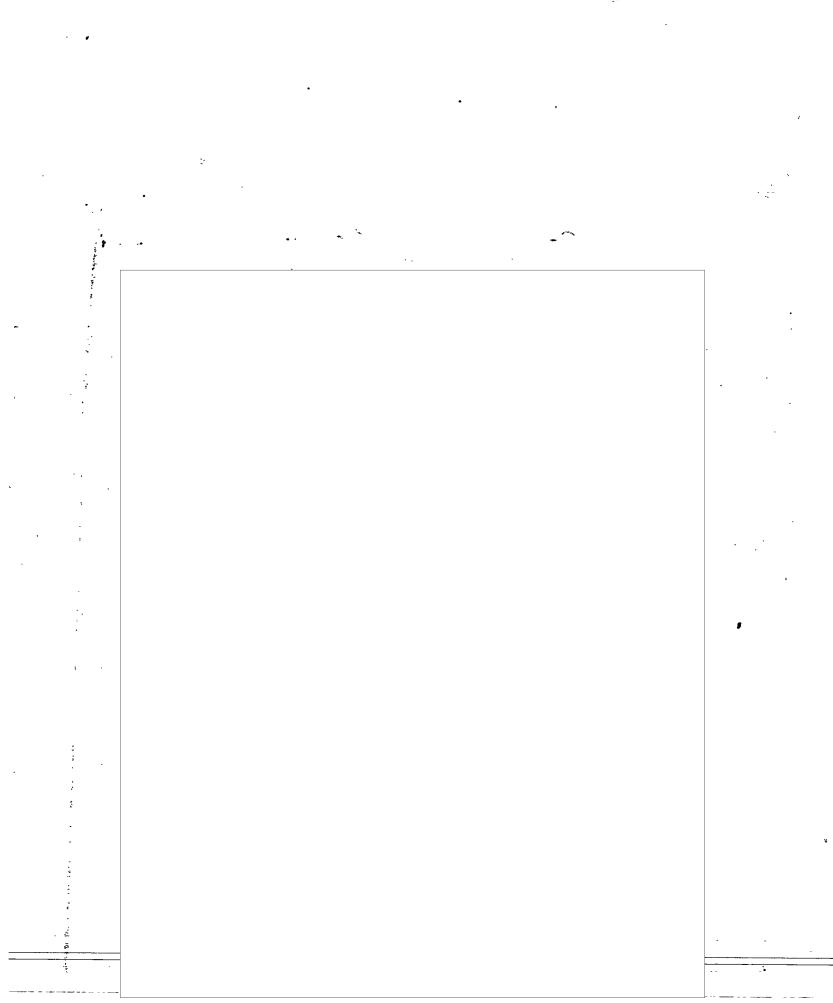
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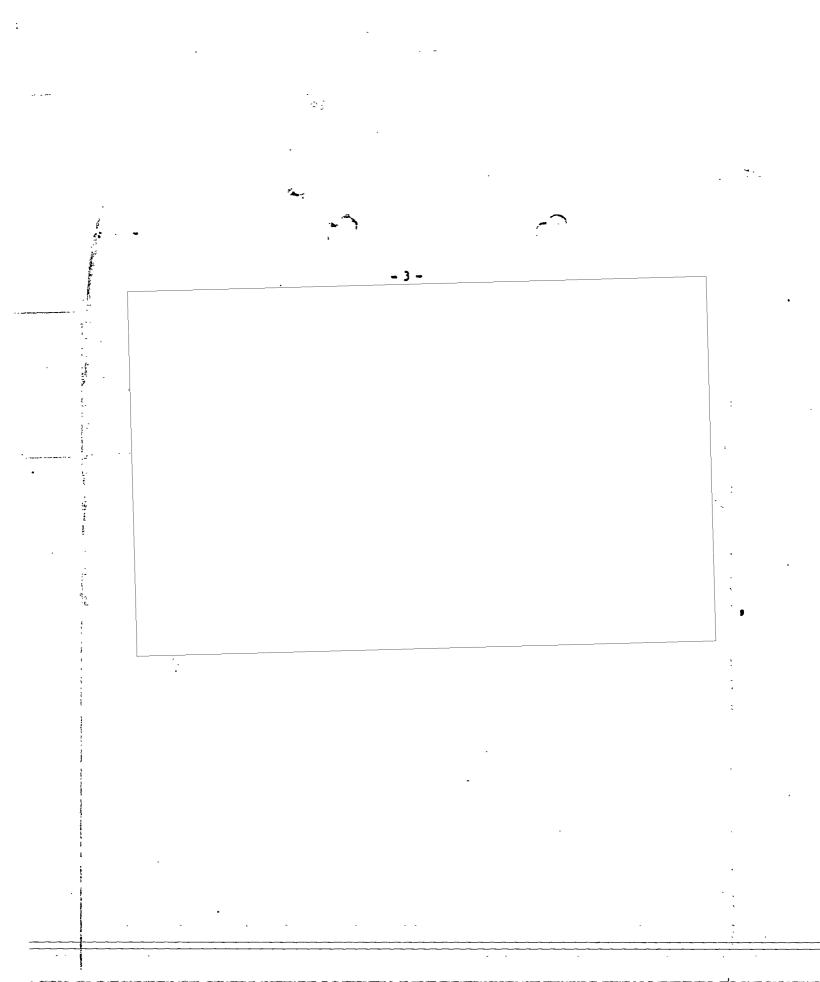
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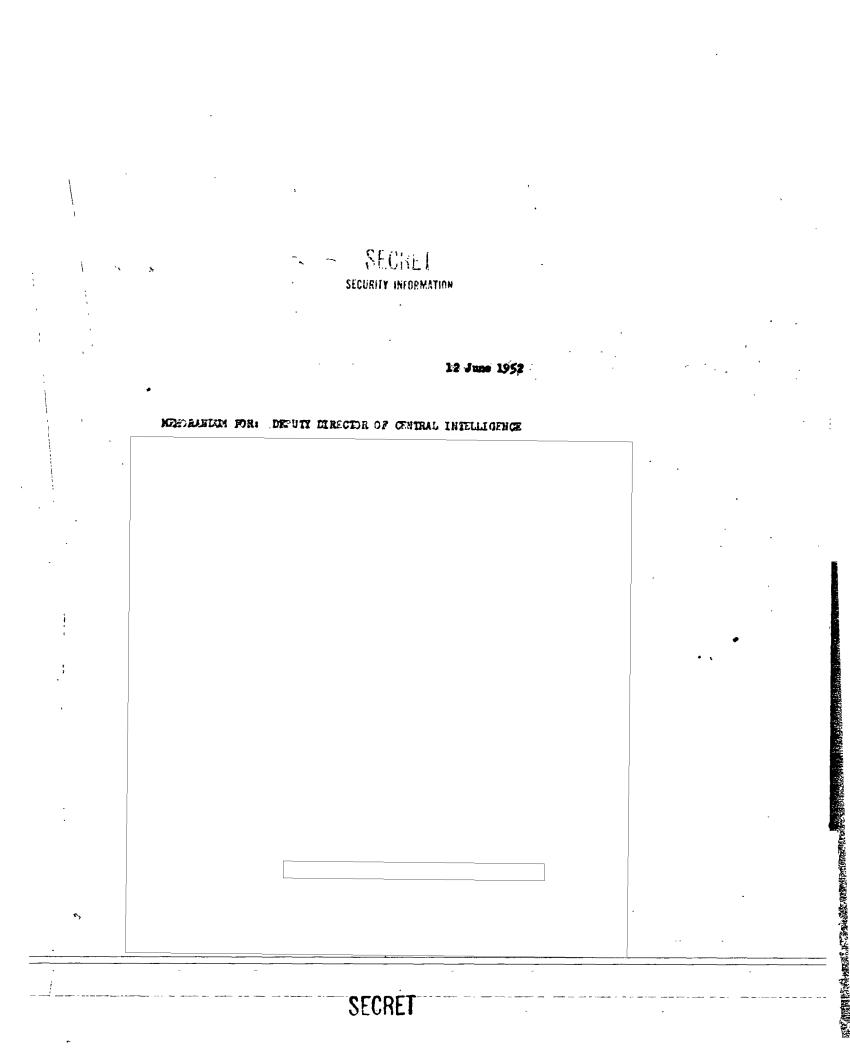
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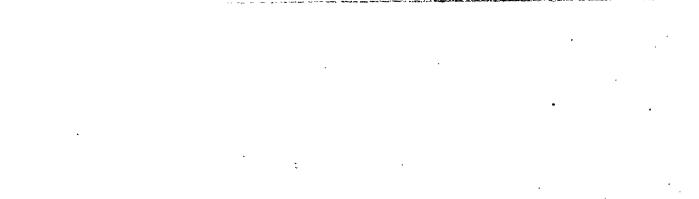
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10 June 1952

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MENOVANDUM PORT ASSISTANT DIRFCTOR FOR POLICY COOFTINATION

ATTENTICE;	-	Mr.	R	lek	De	ane	
-		Ope	rat	tion	18	Divi	đ

SUB JECT:

14-0000

Operations Division M3 50 Transmitters

1. This is to confirm our conversation to the effect that both FTFILLAR and TETORIC are interested in the KB 50 mobile transmitting equipment. Both feel that they can use that equipment profitably in their radio operation. We shall need a little time to reach a judgment as to which of these projects should receive the equipment and to determine its best utilisation.

2. We should like to request that this equipment be transferred to the IO Division for later determination as to whether it may best be utilized by DTFILLAR or TPTONIC.

3. It is our understanding that this will be transferred to us without reimburgement and that this will not involve the IO Division in the so-called M 50 project which has been discussed at length with kr. Lindsey and others of your staff.

> THOMAS N. BRADEN Chief International Organisations Division

IO/EBB:blj Distribution Orig - Addressee 1 - IO/ExO 1 - CIO 2 - RI SECRE I SCOUPLEY INFORMATION

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5 June 1952

ME ORANPUE FOR: DEFUTY DIRECTOR (FLANS)

SURJECT:

14-00000

Truman Speech to American Action Committee Against Mass Deportations in Romania

1. May I unge you to read the attached commentary by RFE on President Truman's statement the other day to the Homanian exclus, which was the subject of considerable concern to RFE and to VOA:

2. Please note the manner in which RFE handled this job. The President spoke words which RFE has for months urged that it be allowed to speak. Because the President had departed from his text, it was not possible to give RFE any guidance to say they should play the President's words strongly or that they should play them down. The State Department at first gave orders to the Voice to play the speech up, and only later was this countermanded. Meantime, however, RFE, acting without guidance from us, broadcast the attached which I think might woll be shown to Mr. Joyce and others in State as an example of RFE responsibility and judgment.

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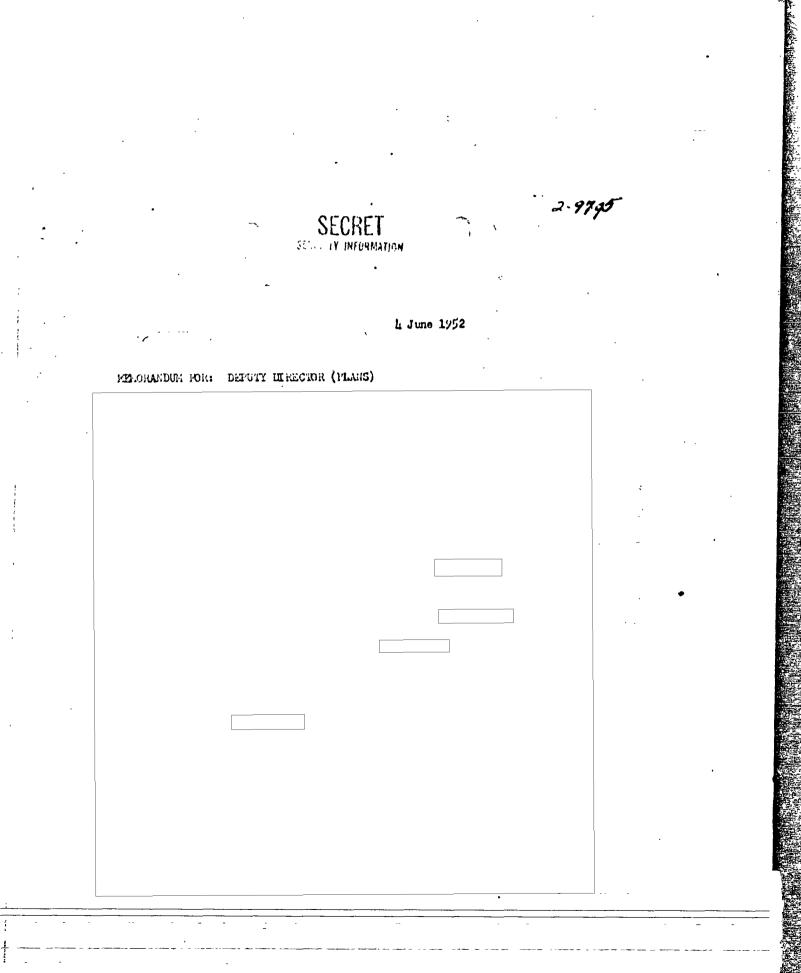
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Chief International Organizations Division

Attachment

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THOMAS W. ERADEN Chlof

International Organizations Division

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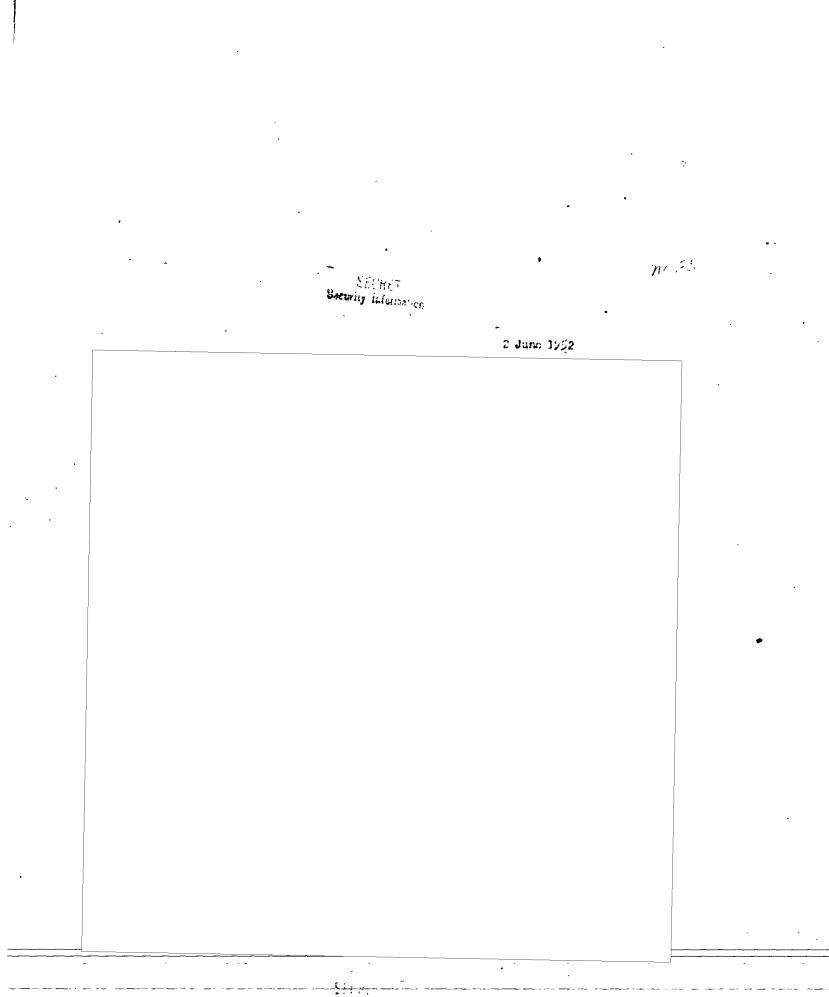
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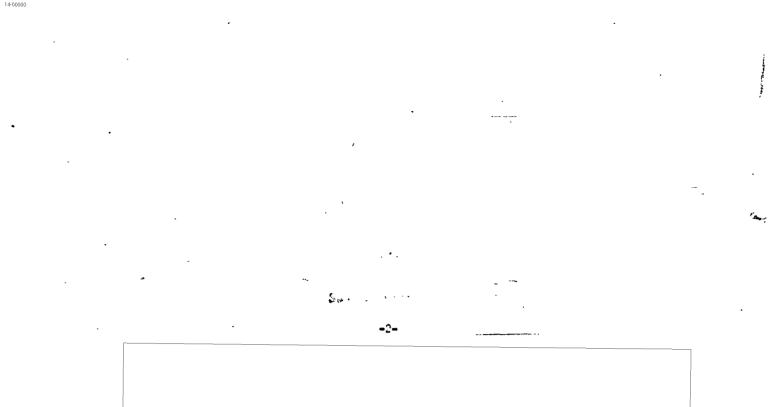
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### SECRET Security Information

MAY 28 1952

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MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS)

SUBJECT:

Request by NCFE for Gearing

1. Messrs. Miller and Braden met with me on 22 May for discussion of the above subject.

2. Taking into account the need of NCFE for a political advisor, the qualifications and personality of Gearing, and the availability of qualified personnel, the following course of action was fully discussed and adopted.

a. Mr. Braden will attempt to recruit Bolts to serve initially with NCFE as political advisor and join the Agency at some later date.

b. Gearing will return to Headquarters later this year and assume the duties of the Labor Desk in the IO Division. In coordination with WE, Mr. Braden will follow up with Gearing, possibly in connection with a trip to Europe in the near future.

c. will replace Gearing in Peris. Mr. Miller, who already has had one tentative conversation with , will follow in coordination with WE.

Gerald E. Hillor

KILBOURNE JOHNSTON Assistant Director for Folicy Coordination

DADPC/GEM/mgb 27 May 1952

Distribution: Addressee - Orig. CIO - 1 CWE - 1 RU/FE - 2 DADPC - 1

SECRET-

SECONTY INFORMATION 27 Nay 1952 NR. ROBERT P. JOYCE MTHORANDUM FOR Folicy Planning Staff Department of State

SECHEL

SUBJECT: Statements by Ronald D. Jeancon, RFE, London

REFFRENCE: My memora

#### My memorandum to you dated 23 April 1952

1. On 23 April 1952 I wrote you stating that Admiral Niller was going to discuss with Honald D. Jeancon statements accredited to Jeancon which appeared in an interview in the London Daily Worker, and that I would let you know the results of this conversation.

2. Admiral Miller, after an interview with Jeancon, informs me that a correspondent for the <u>worker</u> interviewed Jeancon and that subsequently a story appeared in the worker which was completely unfactual, the fact of the interview being used as a peg on which to hang Jeancon, and RFE.

3. The charges made against Jeancon have therefore been dropped.

Second

#### TICLAS W. STADEL

### CIO;T.B/eh

Orig 2 1 - Addressee 1 cc - DD/T (thru ADPC) 1 cc - IO/TNIC 1 cc - CC 2 cc - RI Carbon copy of above returned by State - Hr. Joyce on 4 June with comment:

"why did he get mixed up with a Daily Worker man? Such naivete makes one wonder about his usefulness.

SPJ



23 April 1952

MENORANDUM FO	R: KE. KONERT P. JOYCE Policy Flanning Staff Department of State
SUEJECT:	Statements by Ronald D. Jeancon, RFE, London
REFERENCE:	Letter 9 April 1952 Robert G. Hooker, Jr. to Robert F. Joyce
	· · · ·

1. Frank Wisner passed on to me the note from Bob Hooker about the article in the Daily Worker on Wednesday, April 2, quoting Mr. Jeancon.

2. I had learned of Mr. Jeancon's outburst within a few days after he made it and I passed the information on at once to Admiral Miller of MCVE. Admiral Miller was greatly disturbed by Jeancon's remarks and corroborated Hooker's suggestion that he had done this type of thing before.

3. Admiral Hiller provided to gut the Jeancon affair high on his agenda for his present trip abroad. He will discuss the incident with Jeancon and ne contemplates dismissing him. I will let you know the result of Admiral an ler's conversation with Jeancon as moon as I get word.

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T'O'AS W. FRADEN .

Enclosure Reference leturn and newspaper elliping.

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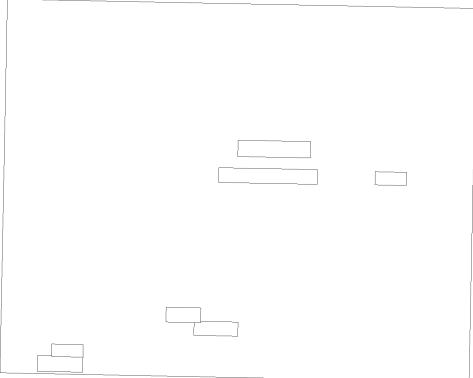
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Sincerely,

Oliver E. Radwood

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21 May 1952

### MENORANDUM FOR: DEFUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

### SUBJECTI

14-00000

### Proposed Statement on NCFE

A Michael

I feel that Attachment A, the statement handed to us by Admiral Miller, is apologetic in tone and I have drafted Attachment B which I believe is more positive and would be a better press release for NCFE in the unhoped for event that a press release is called for.

> THOMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Crganizations Division

2 Attachmente

CIO:TyB/ch

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## PROPOSED STATEMENT (Draft #4, 20 Hay 1952)

The National Committee for a Proc Europe is an organization of Azerican citizons whose purpose is to encourage the spread of freedom in Europe. It is a membership corporation, chartered under the laws of the State of New York.

In its attempt to spread the doctrine of freedom and consequently to combat Soviet totalitarianism, the Committee operates radio stations which pierce the Iron Curtain; it operates a university at Strasbourg for young men and women who have escaped from behind the Iron Curtain; it attempts by other means than radio to carry messages of hope and of the possibility of eventual liberation to the nations which are now melawed; it conducts studies of the laws, customs and cultures of these mations as they existed prior to Soviet occupation; and it downeats the changes which have been imposed by the Soviet so that if the time should come when the people rise against their conquerors, they may more easily establish continuity with their past.

In all of this work the Osmittee draws information and support from many sources - from those who have escaped and who must remain anonymous for fear of reprisals on their families at home, from those in this country who wish to work voluntarily for the cause of freedom abroad, from the American people at large, and from government agencies whe, in the American tradition, give all possible aid to private citizens engaged in a public cause.

SEURET

Fund raising for the Committee is done by a subsidiary, the Grussde for Freedom which, in the course of raising monoy, also helps to keep before the American people and people throughout the world the need for spreading the idea of freedom. For example, the Freedom Bell, which now rings regularly over the City of Berlin, was the gift of sixteen million Americans who contributed to the Crussde for Freedom. All in all, signatures and voluntary donations from more than twenty-five million Americans have come to the Crussde for Freedom to date. Generous contributions have also been made to the Committee by private foundations, and payments have been received from interested government agencies for which the Committee has undertaken special projects.

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A Board of Directors consisting of prominent American citizens from all walks of life determine the policies and supervise the sporations of the Committee.

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CONFIDENTIAL Security Information

ER-2-8556

30 April 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, International Organizations FROM: Deputy Director Central Intelligence

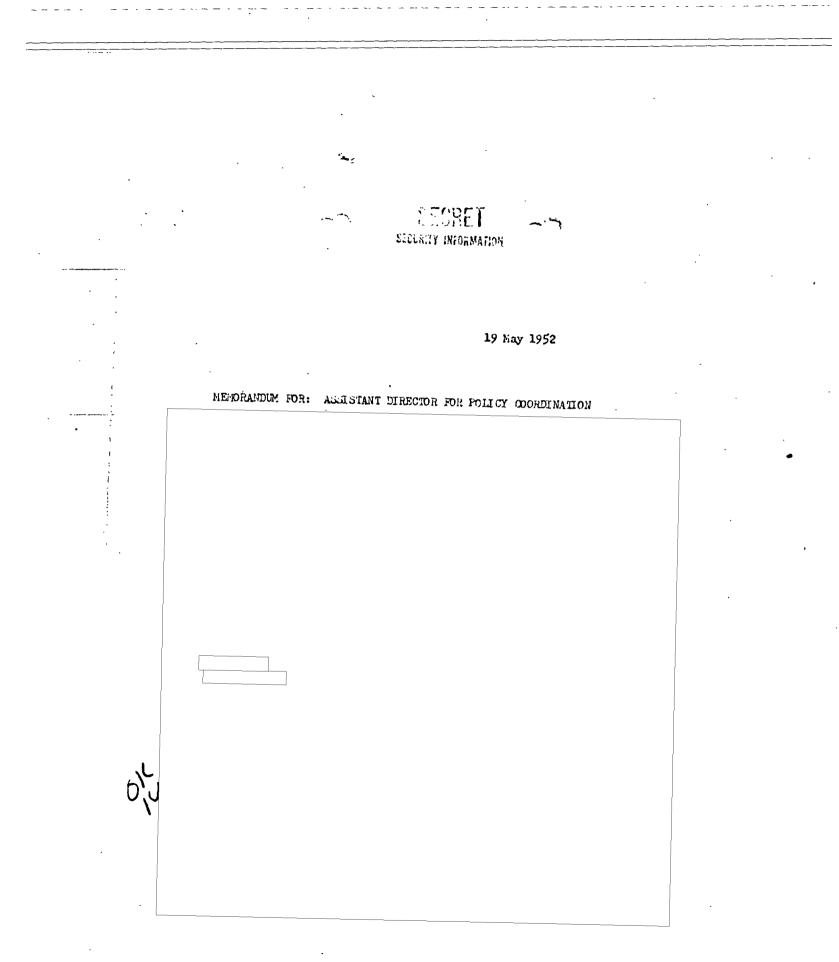
Attached is the proposed statement to be issued by NCFE in the event that their cover is blown. I am not very happy with it and suggest that we try to improve it. I have sent a copy to Frank Wisner.

> CONFIDENTIAL Security Information

ALLEN W DILLES

Encl.

14-00000



SERVE.

- ELAEL ł ..... Thomas Budden THOMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division CIO: TWB/ch Orig - Addressee 1 cc - IO/TONIC 1 cc - CIO 2 cc - HI

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Rescuttre Registery

19 Hay 1952

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

You will be interested in the attached letter from Matthew Woll resigning from NCFE. We were forewarned of this some weeks ago by Jay and others.

We will be in touch with NCFE with respect to the form of their answer if they decide to make one.

ALLEN W. DULLES

Snel.

14-00000

cc: DD/P C/IO-

FREE THADE UNION COMPTTEE Labor League for Human Rights Box 65, Radio City Station New York 19, 1. Y.

Hay 13, 1952

Admiral H. B. Miller, President National Computee for Free Europe, Inc. 110 West 57th Street New York City

#### Donr Admiral Millors

4-00000

Your Condition has decided that "its interest and work lie in labor relations chiefly in Surope and not in the United State:."

We disagree with your bolicy which we are convinced is groups

You have translated your new policy into action by dismissing our active representative, danry Kirsch, whose work had won your own as well as general hearty acclaim and brought great credit to your organization. I algor add that this dismissal cano after an agreement in Caris by your Corner President and now Vice-Chairman with our European representative, Trving Brown, and your own European representative, Leon Demmon, to have Mr. Kirsch and your Labor Division.

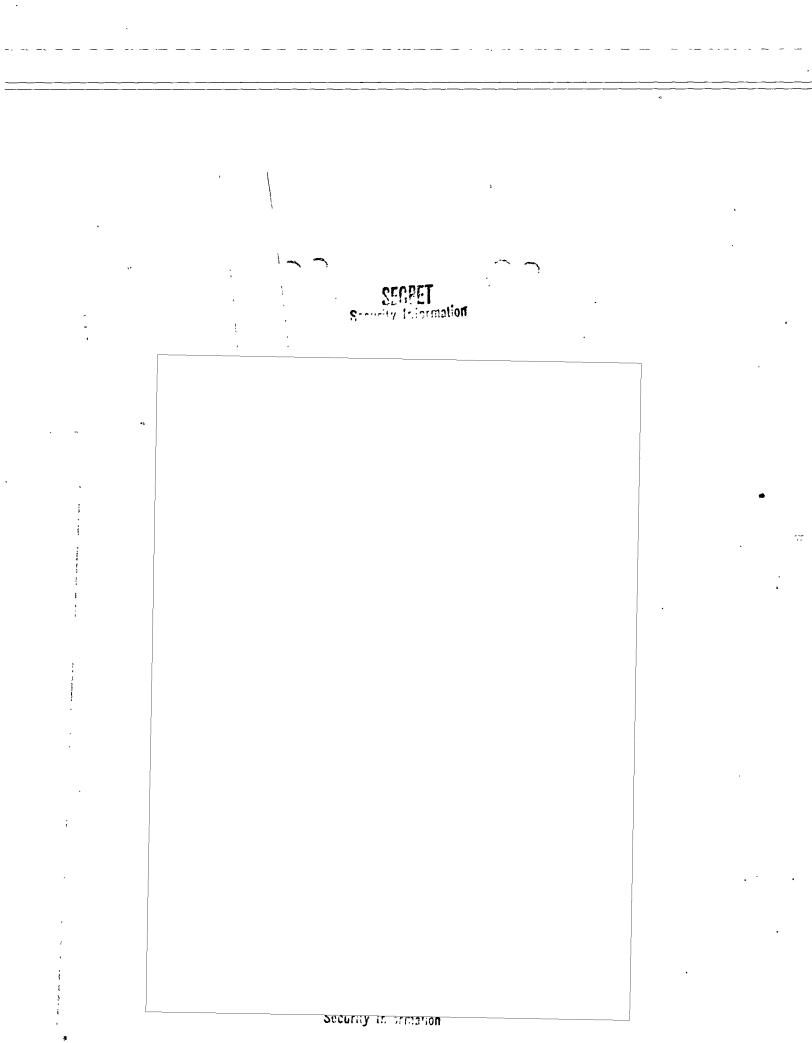
Furthermore, we had been assured by Sr. Berlo that Mr. Kirsch would not be disaissed without first fiving us an opportunity to study specific couplaints and cause for said discharge. This promise has likewise not been kept.

In view of the above, there can be no point in my continuing membership in your body. I, therefore, horewith tender my resignation to take effect insodiately.

Sincerely yours,

SIGNED MAITHEW WOLL, Chairman International Labor Relations Come and Free Trade Union Counittee, AFL

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14 May 1952

MEROPANDUM FOR: DEPUTY ASCLUTANT DIRECTOR FOR FOLICY COORDINATION

SUBJECT:

Radio Free Europe

The following may be helpful in today's briefing of hr. Hedden.

1. RFE is presently broadcasting about 135 hours a week to allania, Bulgaria, Rumania, Foland, Hungaria, and Czechoclovakia.

3. About people are presently employed in Funich and are presently employed in Fortugal at the relay facility.

a. A technical operating survey of these facilities was recently conducted by Westinghouse radio and technical experts. They evaluated as excellent both the facilities and the operating program. A copy of this report is attached.

b. The effectiveness of broadcasts from a psychological warfare point of view is considerable, as far as can be determined with interviews with escapees, State Department officials behind the Surtain, and Soviet attacks including jamming. RFE has also been surveyed by a key official of the Fsychological Strategy Board with the conclusion that it is one of the most effective U.S. psychological warfare efforts and should without question be continued.

c. The risk taken to invest several million dollars in capital facilities in Germany is a calculated one -- fully recognized and discussed, at length at a recent PKC meeting. It is considered a reasonable risk under the circumstances. The understandings reached with representatives of the German government are considered to be as good as can be worked out at this time.

4. Mr. William Durkee, Chief of the National Committees dranch/IO, plans to make an inspection trip to Europe leaving May 23 to visit RFE facilities. On his return it is expected that we will have additional first hand information to report to you.

~>

DENNS 5. ERONN Executive Officer International Organizations Division

#### NEPORAHDUM SULL' HR. BOBERT F. JOYCE Folicy Hanalog Staff Department of State

#### SUBJECT:

14-00000

#### Commundat Infiltration of KFS

BETTERKNOR:

Confidential Resonandum dated 24 October from Al Freenan to Foy Kohler

1. On 2 November 1951 you told us of cortain charges you had heard that RFE was being infiltrated.

2. Mailar charges have been made by others. We therefore asked HCFE to investigate these charges and we also turned them over to our own Security Officers. I as stiacing for your information a letter which contains the results of the investigation ands by SCFE. You will observe that the specific charges made enginet Incenieur Hulth and Kristing Konlerove are not enseered but we believe the enclosed constitutes an snewer to the general charge of infiltration of the Ceseboslovakian desk, as the major ' figures involved are dealt with fully.

3. If, subsequently, our non investigation in mich Haltie and Realerova will be dealt with brings to light any new facts or falls to corroborate any of the facts stated in the enclosure, we will take action impodiately and will also keep you informed.

PHAN O. MISTER

Inclosure Ltr 25 Apr with Excitite from HCFE CIO: TwB/oh (8 May 1952) Orig & 1 - Addressoe - IO/IONIC 1 60 - E.R. (1 for DD/r) 2 ... 1 60 - BE 1 00 - ISS (Mr. Cotter) 1 00 - 00 2 00 - 81

#### 10 May 1952

2.19

## MEMORANDUM FOR: IO/IDNIC - Miss Stern

#### SUBJECT:

14-00000

#### Memorandum on Reorganization of Bulgarian National Committee dated April 23, 1952

1. I am disturbed by the fact indicated in this memorandum that the State Department, namely Campbell, is attempting to lay down the line almost to the precise language which Admiral Hiller uses with the political refugees.

2. It seems to me at some time or other that executivy will have to tell Campbell that while it is the State Department's job to make policy, the only way NCFE can possibly conform to Campbell's ideas is to appoint Campbell to deal with exiles and ask him whether he wants a job.

3. I have a feeling that this is going to come to a head one of these days and I wish you would build up a little file on Campbell and his efforts in this direction.

> THOMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

Attachment Subject memo.

CIO: TWB/ch

Orig - Addressee 2 cc - CIO

# SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

9 May 1952

6470

MEMORANDUM FOR:	Chief, International Organizations Division
SUBJECT:	Letters of Mr. C. D. Jackson Concerning Possible Communist Disturbances Anong Hungarian Emigres.
REFERENCE:	Your monorandum, above subject, 25 April 1952.

1. In compliance with your request, the allegations contained in Hr. Jackson's letters pertaining to <u>Az</u> Embor and Ferenc Gondor have been forwarded to the FBI.

2. On the Hennyey case,

Surle has original

14-00000

Hennyey. OSO is now in process of preparing a reply to a query from the Immigration and Naturalization Service on him. OSO is, therefore, at a loss to offer an explanation of Hennyey's visa difficulties.

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LYMAN B. KIEKPATRICK Assistant Director Special Operations

# SECRET

Alsonado ICTI CI C GY Hould TOS Cachaon Fictor N.W. May 7, 1952 Washington 25, D.C.

#### MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

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14-00000

PRESENT: Mr. W. J. Scripps, Detroit News Dr. Allen Mr. Norberg Mr. Korns

After arranging an appointment through his cousin, Senator Moody, Mr. Scripps called on the Director to discuss his proposal for a "Friendship Balloon Lift." Certain materials relating to this proposal had previously been transmitted to the Director by Mr. Allen Dulles.

In reply to questioning, Mr. Scripps asserted that he was well acquainted with the RCFE winds of Freedom campaign, in which he had participated, but that he had not discussed his present proposal with NCFE. He said he had talked to many American business men, who ware all enthusiastic and were prepared to donate the variety of products which he proposes should be included in the payloads. He said that his father was an ardent supporter of the project, along with a Mr. Fletcher, Vice President of the Caterpillar Tractor Company and Dr. Hernette Mr. Fletcher spent some time in Russia, he said. When asked whether Caterpillar was in the balloon business, Mr. Scripps said no.

Other names mentioned by Mr. Scripps as being familiar with his proposal included Nick Naradi, identified as an ex-minister of the Hungarian Government; Frank Jewitt of General Wills (which holds a balloon research contract with the Office of Naval Research), who has given him a letter to an admiral; an Admiral Killer; and a Mr. Frank of CIA. (see below) Wr. Scripps also mentioned a Psychological Equipment Development Office lected in the old Fost Office building. (see below)

Mr. Scripps was troubled by security problems. It was apparent that he felt he had obtained confidential information from certain government sources which he could not disclose. At the same time, he stated that in order to work out his proposal in any detail, he would need access to information presently denied him. Therefore, he suggested that he be cleared for security by the appropriate agency.

As a result, it proved impossible to nail down the technical aspects of Mr. Scripps' proposal. In his formal presentation, he had described a balloon capable of carrying a h0-pound payload and costing 85. In his conversation, he mantioned a vehicle capable of carrying 300 to 800 pounds, together with a staggered release mechanism--without price. To questions as to whother either type was in existence, Nr. Scripps replied that he was bound by confidences. In general, however, he did not foresee any technical barriers.

when asked how he would finance his proposal, Hr. Scripps said that he would begin with private contributions, with the thought that eventually the program would be taken over by the government. He laid stress on the need for early organization (e.g. fund raising, balloon stockpiling, crew training, selection of launching sites) in order that operations could be started immediately following a decision as to their desirability. He stated that 90 days would be sufficient to prepare for operations, once he got the "green light".

Dr. Allen expressed his personal interest in the proposal, but reminded Mr. Scripps that PSB's field was strategic rather than operational, and that in an operational proposal of such complexity, PSB could only give the matter a cursory review. Therefore, br. Allen stated his intention to forward the proposal to the Psychological Operations Coordirating Committee, which was the proper body to give the project the detailed screening to which it was entitled. Dr. Allen also suggested that Mr. Scripps see C. D. Jackson.

Mr. Norberg then suggested that as an additional aid Mr. Scripps prepare a brief but fairly specific description of what he personally was prepared to do, along with an outline of the organization which would be needed to carry out the project. Mr. Scripps said that he would do so within the next week.

#### CONDENT

Joe Frank, when asked about Mr. Scripps, said he had met him several times between December 1950 and February, 1951. During this period of early planning for balloon operations, Frank said that Scripps proved quite helpful by quieting curtain private untrusiasts, in addition to maintaining a discret silence himself. Frank did not know for a fact that Mr. Scripps participated in the August operation, but junged that it was likely. In Frank's opinion, Scripps is a capable person with valuable connections in the business world and sufficient financial independence to be sole to devote most of his time to good works. Frank thinks it would be a good ides to have him cleared as a consultant.

The Psychological Equipment Development Office mentioned by Ar. Scripps is believed to be the Physical Socurity Erripment Agency, a military development agency operated by the Air Force under an USD charter. Its director is Col. N. N. PCCoy. This arency is prepared to talk with anyone who has been cleared for security; otherwise individuals are asked to approach the services first.

#### Distributions

Dr. Allen Mr. Sherman Mr. Norberg Mr. Gates Lloyd (

#### CINALOFINE INS

Barrier Brother 2-8852

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SECRET

7 May 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director, Plans PROM: Deputy Director Central Intelligence

1. In the course of a long conversation with C. D. Jackson and John Hughes on Thursday evening, 1 May, they raised a number of questions about NCPS, including the question as to whether Gearing could be made available for their work. Confidentially, they feel that Miller who is excellent on the administrative side will be badly in need of someone at his right hand who knows the political situation in Europe and the type of thing that cannot be learned by a few trips or a few books.

2. I told them that the dearing problem was difficult, that we were considering it and hoped to come up with some answer in the near future.

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cc: Mr. Braden (

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		6 May	1952			
MEMORAND	um for: International	ORGANILATIC'S E	IVISION			
ATTENTIC	Na Mr. Thomas Br	raden	. –		1	
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Conversation for Mr. Eraden's office in every instance where there was contact between an ________desk officer and his SE/PC opposite number.

3. Should any assistance be required from SE/FC in establishing this relationship Mr. Prichett, SE/PC/PO (Extension 3974) may be called.

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Quitan Il Yatan it -GRATIAN N. VATSEVITCH Deputy for Folicy Coordination, SS

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## GRATIAN H. YATEFVITCH Deputy for Policy Coordination,SE

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Security Information

## ~5P29553

#### MCCAMPBELL & COMPANY Incompositio Forty Worth Street New York 13, N.Y.

#### April 28, 1952

Dear Frank,

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A. 1111 A.

I found the stached memorandum of real interest as providing a clear-cut explanation of a matter relating to N.C.F.E. which you are doubtless asked about from time to time. It occurred to me that you might like to have this as covering the basic policy used in the selection and employment of exile personnel for verious branches, particularly for the work of Radio Free Europe. To my mind it provides an answer to inquiries which come to us and others as to how and why such personnel is chosen.

Since Min Miller is away and won't be back for several weeks I am taking the liberty of sending this copy to you in his absence. He and others at 57th Street read it before he went away and endorsed it.

With personal regards,

Sincerely

NCFE EXILE PLACONNEL SELECTION IN RELATION TO (1) EXILE POLITICS, (2) RFE ERGADOAUT POLICY, AND

(3) EXTERNAL CRITICISM

### - I -

#### INTROLUCTORY HISTORY

#### A. Fornative Stage

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At its inception, the National Committee for a Pree Europe believed that its Iron Curtain broadcasting operation, Hadio Free Europe, could and should be developed and pursued through the medium of "National Councils" or "Committees of Liberation" composed of exile groups from the target countries. It was considered that prominent exile leaders and personalities of each nationality group could express to their captive countrymen, entirely without American advice and guidance, the message of hore which NCFL proposed to send. This concept was not furfilled. Experience in attempting to weld a talented, dedicated group of exiles into a non-partisan broadcasting operation early demonstrated that without American control the mission of APE would be lost in the jungle of exile-world politics. It soon became evident that the leadership among the exiles was neither sufficiently strong nor personally willing to rise above the political cross currents, factional rivalries, and splinter-group weaknesses characteristically reminiscent of the political affairs of all Lastern European countries. These factors militated against the original plan of permitting exiles, through their loosely or anized Councils or Committees, to wholly develop, manage, and control RFE broadcasting.

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Since the advent of RFE was the most important development affecting the exiles which had occurred since their flight from home, they quickly understood and applauded its implications and potential effect on their futures. Through this instrument they could once again become prominent and powerful in the affairs of the homeland; once more they could contend for place and power.

Selection of personnel for the purpose at hand quickly became a political football of rival leaders, personalities, and groups. Rightists, Leftists, Centrists, Labor Elements, and Splinter-groups arged with us for advancement of their particular personal or political views. Sponsorship of their own adherents as RFE employees through whom such views would be broadcast to their captive countrymen became the pattern of their pseudo cooperation. This pattern was followed to such an extent that ordinary progress and sensible development of our basic purpose of truly free broadcasts under exile control soon appeared to be not only impracticable, but dangerous. For example, the National Councils Division attempted to inaugurate broadcasts to Czechoslovakia under the auspices of a Czechoslovak National Council. The Council was and is made up of exile personalities of differing political views and parties. Its factions proceeded to engage in endless disputes and irreconcilable claims for control of script production and program content. Slovak "Separatists" arguing for the total independence of Slovakia

- 2 -

sought that objective, while Czechs desired opposite views to be aired and advocated the rebirth of pre-war Czeshoslovakia. Each group sponsored and insisted upon employment of its own more or less qualified adherents upon the assumption that its special views would be thereby expressed to the captive Czechoslovak audience of RFL. Similar activities were pursued by Hungarians, Eulgarians, and Poles until the futility of permitting the exile Councils to control the destiny and broadcasting policies of RFE was made clear beyond refutation. It became tragically obvious that uncontrolled exile-world Councils and professional politicians could not agree on personnel selection or program content.

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In spite of every effort to induce harmony in and obtain proper cooperation from the "Councils", "Committees", and individuals, RFL was confronted with an impasse. The alternative theory and present policy of American selection of non-political exile personnel was the only way out. It has worked. Technically qualified personnel produce properly oriented programs — and have been doing so with documented success since July, 1950. Disappointed exile politicians, professional exile camp followers, disturbed American special pleaders, and alarned Communist Agents all scream, snipe and snivel — but RFL programs are doing the job.

NCFE-RFE records of this stage can be supplied by Frederic R. Dolbeare, Vice-President, National Councils Division, and Robert E. Lang, Director, RFE. The current policy has the complete endorsement of these officers and of the Board of Directors of NCFE.

- 3 -

#### B. Development Stage

Upon the collapse of the original concept of broadcasting under exile auspices, RFE necessarily utilized some exile personnel endorsed and recommended by the leaders of the various nationality groups. As technical radio facilities came into being, exiles with radio background or writing talent were required for the production of programs. This involved using individuals eminently qualified by experience to do a radio job of script writing, announcing, acting, etc. without regard for the fact that such individuals might be at odds with one or another political faction or leader of an exile "Council". It also involved elimination of proven inefficient, inept or unworthy individuals without regard for their exile "Council" sponsorship. In either instance criticism of RFE was predictable and indeed was always forthcoming -- often in virulent and dishonest form.

The day to day operation of RFE developed new techniques and long range plans which made it is possible to employ non-entities of no political color or conviction. The best people to produce programs in harmony with NCFE-RFE purposes and policies necessarily were persons known in their own countries for their views on domestic political affairs and their anti-Communist activities. Hard-hitting propaganda required hard-hitting personalities whose known association with RFE and its programs would add validity and significance for our captiveaudiences. Gradually, therefore, the nationality desks of RFE at New York and Manich were staffed with tested, qualified exiles who had been

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- 4 -

identified publicly with domestic political philosophies at issue in their own countries. Many, in fact most of the staff people use controversial figures among their own countrymen in exactly the same way that prominent Americans are controversial in our political arena. Many indeed are members of the Councils, but are men of sufficient stature to give their primary allegiance to the non-partisen policy of RFE. The decisive factor is that there be no controversy or question about their anti-Communist convictions and records.

At this point, it must be noted that our target countries have been subject to repetitive political ferment prior to and following World War II, as well as the successive occupations of Nasi and Communist Armies.

The temper of the times, therefore, in which these exiles have lived for the past fifteen years has been one of excitement, bitterness, recrimination, rivalries, and personal turnoil -- all stemming from both domestic and foreign struggles for power. The times have produced a bumper crop of refugee traitors, collaborators, and opportunists and at the same time have developed pure Western style democrations, true national patriots, and unselfish honest men. The exile who stood by placidly through the era is not much pood, however talented, as a militant messenger of hope via RFE; exiles who were honorably active in public affairs at home and who had radio talent were, therefore, the only kind of personnel suitable for RFE purposes.

As the necessity for American operational control of nationality desks became self-evident, the only feasible personnel policy was to

- 5 -

employ properly qualified individuals, regardless of exile politics. In the execution of this policy individuals w o were useless were eliminated without regard for political sponsors. This process still goes on. Similarly, talented exile personalities recruited from any source were employed wherever needed. This process still goes on. Both processes are in vogue with a healthy disregard for exile political muances and protests. Neither process is satisfactory to self styled exile leaders, since it follows that the appointment of an individual sponsored by one faction as a representative of its views inevitably will evoke howls of rage and criticism from the opposite faction. This is an accepted fact of exile life, we have to live with it and get on with the job.

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#### C. Summary

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Our formative and development experiences evolved the present and continuing exile personnel policies of KFL. Exile desk employees, whether at New York or Humich, must respond to three tests:

(a) Security classiance,

- (b) Andorsement of technical proficiency,
- (c) Sufficient stature to eliminate exile partisan interests from program content.

#### - II -

#### CRITERIA AND METHODS OF PERSONNEL SELECTION

A. Recruitment -- General Frinciples

The best source of exile personnel is referral by "nonprofessional" exiles themselves. Among all nationalities there are

- 6 -

many talented refugees who need employment and who can supply RFE's need for script writers, actors, announcers, etc. Accordingly, desk staffing has been accomplished by examining the qualifications of duly recommended individuals, whether the recommendations come from political personalities or otherwise. Selection is based on the ability of the individual to fill a need efficiently in turning out or participating in planned programs. Recruitment is determined only by ideological security, independence of exile politics, and personal ability. This is not to say that many individual exiles having decided personal convictions and well-known political records are not employed, but a positive statement is made that those exile employees now produce RFE programs reflect the policies and guidance of RFE rather than promotion of partian objectives and personalities.

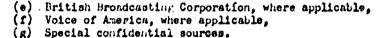
#### B. <u>Recruitment -- Detailed Procedures</u>

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The personnel complement of each HFE nationality desk is founded on a hard core of dependable individuals, usually two or three people, including the chief of the desk. "Dependability" is established by exhaustive inquiry at all available sources to establish the desirability, reliability, technical proficiency and security of the working core of the desk. Sources used are:

- (a) Exile political personalities in the United States,
- (b) Exile references of high standing and known im-
- partiality in the United States and Overseas,
- (c) Overseas contacts and personal knowledge of our American representative in Europe (Royall Tyler-Paris).
- (d) Checks and balances of our political advisor at Munich (W.S. Griffith),

- 7 -



These tests having been applied, confidence is plaqiin these initial personalities, and particularly in the Desk Chief, to carry forward recruitment of additional personnel as needed in collaboration with the American Director of RFL (Robert E. Lang, New York) and his associate officials. The leading personalities of each desk know what is expected of them and since they respond to the established criteria, the resulting full personnel complement is a group of exiles who, notwithstanding their personal political views, are suitable and capable program production people. They meet our basic requirement of daily production of truly free and properly constructed propaganda broadcasts capable of evoking the widest possible audience response in our target countries.

In brief, the mission of RFE being conceived as a marketing problem, the best available salesmen are procured, trained, and utilized to sell the market.

#### C. Recruitment -- Special Security Measures

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Since RFE, although a private enterprise, is by extension a collateral instrument of American national policy, special precaution is exercised to insure the ideological security of all employees, including exiles. In the case of exile personnel specifically, the

- 8 -

additional approval of the Personnel Director of NGFE is required before employment either at New York or Munich. Thus, even if a proposed exile employee meets all the described criteria, he may not be employed without this ultimate approval.

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The Personnel Director of NCFL utilizes appropriate and dependable sources of information to determine the acceptability of personnel from a security standpoint. His sources are investigative in nature and are conclusive as to the ideological record and security acceptability of the proposed employee. In doubtful cases the Personnel Director consults with the Vice-President in Charge of the National Councils Division and with the Director of Nadio Free Europe. These three officers of NCFE jointly follow a policy of rejecting candidates about when there is the slightest doubt. It is to be clearly understood that in making decisions of this kind the conflicting interests and frantic representations of politically-minured exile leaders and groups are ignored. Acceptance or rejection of canaidates is wholly based on ideological security and talent value.

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D. Sumary

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(1) All nationality desks of RFE at New York and Munich are staffed by individuals who have passed all tests described above.

(2) All programs produced and aired by the nationality desks
 are checked and scrutinized by American supervisory personnel for ideolog ical content, audience acceptance and conformity to basic NCFE-dFE policies.

(3) These conditions have been propressively in force since July, 1950.

- 9 -

# III POLICY GUIDANCE POR PERSONNEL

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#### A. General Comment

RFL

The programs aired by AFE are not left to whim or chance. All programs and the personnel responsible for them are controlled by a written policy manual. The manual sets forth in minute detail the position and policy of MFE on every topic beamed to our target countries. The marual is the daily guidance of all employees, both American and Exile; deviation from its rules is not permitted. Continuous scrutiny of manuscripts and resultant broadcasts is maintained by American employees to insure that there are no deviations.

The policy manual of kFE represents the considered views of the responsible officials, including the Board of Directors, of NCFE. It is a statement of the principles and purposes of NCFE expressed in operational form. It is considered and maintained as strictly confidential document, but it is of course available for examination by any proper authority.

The policy manual is in strict conformity with current American national policies as evidenced by the following quotation from Article One:

> "As a non-rovernmental radio station responsible to the millions of American citizens who support it, RFE cannot take a line contrary to United States Government policy or to the beliefs of the American people reflected in the Constitution of the United States and in American Institutions.".

The above quotation is understood by exile personnel particularly to be a solemn injunction against ideological program content which in any way violates the letter and spirit of American policy and ideals. It is a guarantee to the American people and to our captive listeners that RFE and the men who make its programs are uncompromisingly opposed to the Communist regimes now in power in Soviet Russia and the satellite countries.

#### B. RFE Policy Defined by Handbook (Direct Quotations)

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1. The purpose of RFL is to contribute to the liberation of the Nations imprisoned behind the Iron Curtain by sustaining their morale and stimulating in them a spirit of non-cooperation with the Soviet-dominated regimes by which they are, for the time being, ruled.

2. The central characteristic of RFE is that it is the instrument of men who are engaged in fighting for freedom and justice. As such, it encourages resistance to every tyrant, great and small, in the countries it addresses. Its speakers speak -- as men of good will who seek to contribute to the elimination of old enmittees and the building of an enduring European democratic order.

3. As a free forum in which exiles speak to their own poeple RFE is particularly dedicated to arguments by which exiles seek to persuade their listeners of all devouring ambitions of Soviet Imperialism, the cruelty and unworkability of Communist Institutions,

- 11 -

and the proven advantages of the democratic way of life for the worker, and the peasant, the administrator, and the business and professional strata of society.

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4. RFL takes counsel with exile leaders and is respectful of their views, but its policy is not designed to further the aspirations of say single exile leader or party.

5. RFE policy is further based upon acceptance of the principle that each of the liberated peoples shall be free to determine for itself the political and social institutions under which it will live once it has been liberated.

6. Finally, the following summary in the nature of a specific limitation on program content is quoted:

"It is indispensable that all concerned grasp clearly that RFE is a <u>multi-national</u> station established to contribute to the liberation of <u>all</u> the peoples it addresses, and not merely of one of those peoples. RFE policy is therefore commanded by the limitation that nothing may be said over its facilities to one national audience which will destroy the confidence in RFE of its other audiences or which is likely to induce any of its audiences to prefer communist rule to a liberation which might appear to promise domination by a neighboring people."

- 12 - "

#### SECONITY INFORMATION

# SECT

#### 28 April 1952

MEMORARDUM FOR:	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FOR FOLICY COUNDINATION DEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS) DEPUTY DIRECTOR CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE
SUBJECT:	Proposed NCFE Support on the Exile Organized Refugee Aid Committee in France
REFERENCE	Letter Dated 20 Narch 1952 from Marc to Wills Inclosing 27 January 1952 <u>Report on the Exils</u> Organized Refugee Aid Committee in France.

from hoger L. Hull.

1. The reference, recently forwarded to us by NCFE, recommends NCFE support for organized refuges relief committees in Paris. As a follow-up, Miss Mary Augustine, of NCFE's New York staff, is currently surveying refuges organizations in Western Europe. When the results of this survey have been given to us, we plan-in conjunction with the interested area deske--to prepare a study with recommendations concerning the utilization of exile committees in Europe.

2. In the meantime, the reference is forwarded for your information.

#### THOMAS V. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

Attachment 1 As stated above

14-00000

Distributions Addressees - original CIO - 1 IO/TONIC - 1 RI - 2

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# SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

#### MEMORAHDUN FOR: MR. INDERT F. JOYCE Folicy Flanning Staff Department of State

SUBJECT:

14-00000

## Pature Balloon Operation

1. Attached is a copy of a latter from Min Millor in which he suggests the necessity of coming to a definite decision in respect to a future balloon operation.

2. Will you advise no as to (a) whether you wish to have a balloon operation in August or at any subsequent date, and (b) whether you was to so a saide funds and raterials now for a future balloon operation at some unspecified time?

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#### DICHIC W. ERADIN Chief International Organisations Division

28 April 1952

Attachment Ltr from Min Miller dtd 1 Apr 52

#### CIO: TWB: ch

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#### In reply refer to: $\omega \cdot 20/6$

28 April 1952

Dear Spencers

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Here is a brief of the material that is wanted in respect to the slave labor issue.

This is of great importance, as you can well imagine, but for your information we find ourselves in something of a box on this because having pressed for the hearings, it is essential to gather good svidence and not be embarrassed by something we have fought to obtain.

I hope, therefore, that you will give it your top consideration and let me know if you can come up with anything. In addition to the kinds of evidence listed here, you will note that private organisations may testify.

#### Sincerely,

c

Oliver E. Hadwood

Enclosures 2 Hemorenda 14 Apr 52

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SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

14 April 1952

#### MENCRAHDUM

4-00000

SUBJECT: Oathering Evidence on Slave Labor Issue - to be presented Ecosor Hearings

- A. Type of evidence that is desired:
  - 1. <u>Scholarly studies</u> Laws, administrative regulations showing the de jure and de facto application of laws pertaining to labor.
  - Documentary evidence Passes, identity cards, ration cards, release papers, etc. Anything indicating the place, name of camp, administrative documents, etc. Photostatic copies accepted if the original is unavailable for retention. Seals, stumps, and signatures desirable.
  - 3. Tostimonial
    - a. Unitten testimony probably in the form of answers to a questionnaire. These testimonials may be either:
      - (1) Anonymous. (As few as possible)
      - (2) Authorized use of the name, either confidentially, for release only before the court, where many sessions will be closed to the public, or the name may be released to the public.
    - b. Tape recordings Some excellent testimonials could perhaps be tape recorded.
    - e. Statistical form The bulk of this testimonial can also be reduced to a statistical form.
    - d. No hearray testimony is wonted.
  - 4. Hitnesses A few of these should be presented by each group. Novever, the witnesses should be nost carefully chosen to insure that they are really genuine, really were in a concentration camp, andnot in some intermment or intermediate camp, and that they spent a considerable amount of time there, without having been convicted by due process of law. Furthermore, these witnesses should beam of high calibor, highly literate, capable of presenting their story clearly, and standing up to close cross-examination, without having to alter their story.

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B. Principal targets to hit: State is especially envious that we assist by reaching these persons, and these areas hardest to reach, and on which there exists the least evidence.

- L. Individuals: The persons that present the greatest interest are civilians, who have been in Soviet Concentration Camps rince the last war. Soldiers are considered secondary evidence, as with them a difference must be made and clearly drawn between PV camps, and concentration camps, where soldiers and civilians both were put to work at hard labor. Well income persons who have testified before should not be used. The effort must comcentrate on new evidence of recent date.
- 2. Areas: In order to establish clearly that the concentration earp forms an integral part of the Soviet Communist political and economic system, it is vital to prove conclusively the existence of concentration camps in all countries which have fallen under Soviet domination. Thus evidence is especially needed on the following areas:

Poland Baltic nations East Germany Hungary Rumania Bulgaris Albanis China N. Korea Russis (Material on Russis, if gathered, should be of very recent date.)

The areas in which to operate most successfully, are the following:

Sweden (Balts, Poles, Russians) Oernany (All kinds) Trieste area (Central Duropean refugees) Northern Greece (Bulgarians, Rumanians) Tugoslavia??? (They have evidence - will they cooperate?) Dastern Turkey??? Iran (Reportedly, there are a good number of escapees, from Soviet Russia, These night be Azerbaijani, Arnonians, Georgians, uven Persians, providing an entirely new source of evidence.) Hong Kong Formosa (Reportedly a groups of former inmates here) S. Korea (N. Korean PW's, Chinese P. "s - might locate existence of camps in Korea and China). Japan (Former Pil's. Some were in Siberian Slave Labor camps. C. Organizations which should do the work: These organizations need not

have any special qualifications just so long as they are bona fide organisations. State recommends that we try to get a diversity of

#### SECRIT SECURITY INFORMATION

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such organizations to present evidence. Twenty different organizations would be an optimum to aim for. They should represent differext interests, such as labor groups, veterans organizations, emigre organizations, church groups, and several of them should have an international character.

D. Your capabilities: What type of organizations do you have that could organize interrogation teams, draw up lists of persons to interview, and go out and gether the material for presentation to the hearings?

What areas could the organizations you have in mind, work in?

What national groups could they concentrate on?

How such operational support would they require from us? (Money, intelligence support)

Bow largeare their capabilities: types of material that they can present, how thoroughly can they be expected to cover the field they are assigned? How many formar immates can they contact? 100? 2007 500?

Do they have U. S. State Department representatives in their areas to which they can turn, who would assist them in complying with all the regulations and requirements, which must be not to be accepted by the Economic and Social Council as a group which will present testimony. (It might be best if we obtained a sort of form applicetton, which we could disseminate to the field, where necessary.)

The choosing of the organisation must be done at an early date. Applications were to be in on the jist of Karch, but State is contain that if they are submitted without undue delay (by mid-May) they would be accepted.

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## sterkett mentaminum SEERET

25 April 1952

MEMORAHUUM FOR: Chief, International Organizations Division

SUBJECT

14-00000

Continuance of Project FJSCOPE

1. Reference is made to your memorandum of 21 April 1952 regarding the desirability of continuing Project FJSCOPE, which provides a monthly allotment of \$75.00 to Walter F. Kammerer for services rendered to this division.

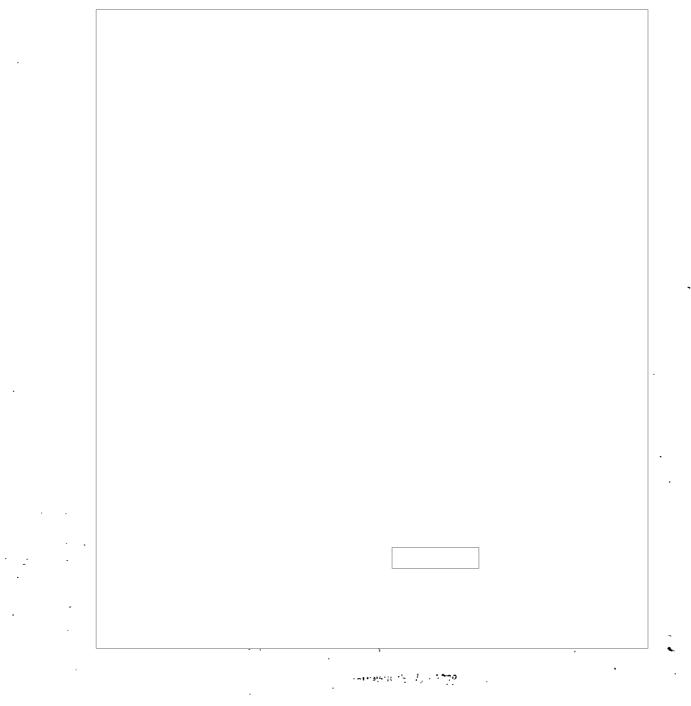
2. Although Hr. Kammerer is used as a consultant for SK, he is called upon from time to time to furnish information outside his capacity of consultant which would not justify the payment of consultant fees.

3. It is felt that the montily stipend of 375.00 covers these extra activities, and we should like to have Project FJSCOFE continued.

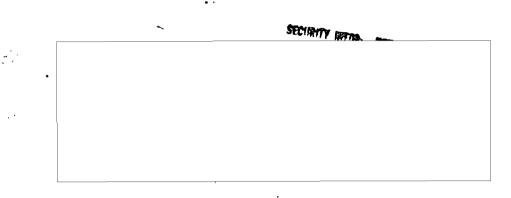
GRATIAN M. YATSEVITCH Deputy for Folicy Coordination, SE

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TILMAS 8, MAILE B Chief International Organizations Division

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24 April 1952

HEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, Contact Division, 00

SURET.

Section Section

SUBJECTI

14-00000

Your Reservation 29 February 1952 on "Hungarian Exile Activities"

I was interested in your report on Hagy and his efforts to set up a Hungarian Government-in-Naile. I note in paragraph 5 that you any your contact is hoping to receive more information from them. Since I think this situation has been cleared up by other events, I would not want you to prose your contact to stir Hagy to further action by a request for more information. If, however, Hagy does give you more information, we should very much like to see it.

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TIOMAS W. BRADEN (hief International Organisations Division

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Orig - Addressee 1 ce - ODD/OPC 1 cc - IO/FDAIC 1 cc - CIO 2 cc - HI

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#### ucustati

14-00000

State Repartment issuer on "The Functions of SCFR. -and MIRM

1. Thank you for forwarding to us the State Separtment menorandom on the functions of NUSE and RFN. I am sorry that there has been a delay in replying to it. The shief reason has been our effort to obtain a written statement of position from the MOFE Excensive Sourd, and perticularly from Robert Lang, the Streeter of MFL. After Long considering the states, and and supressed a desire to talk percendity with you about the subject, and I understand that time the states he has had one opportunity for a conference with the problem. I agree with the view you expressed to him - that there ought to be further conferences -but severthelees want you to know our own views without further delay.

2. I think that there is a basic element of signation tanding in the that Department paper. That is the idea which powers to no to be implicit in it that the exiles do not breakenst. In fact, the address do all the breakensting. By and large, there each are not political figures but technicians, writers and newares inving pomewhat the same training and point of view as there will describe desire from work for Azerican convertes. Frequently, also, write leaders from which the breakenste is a also to make percent to indenote. Duit practice ull continue. Will a all, so great is the exile demination of EE breakenste that in many instances there breakensts have taken on the torm and coloration of indigeness radio in the countries to which they are also be been yourd bio, that is the aim of EE breakenste that in server possible, that is the same traine to which they are also be been yourd bio, that is the same tries to which they are also be been yourd bio, that is the same tries to which they are also be been yourd bio, that is the same tries to which they are also be been yourd bio, that is the same tries to which they are also been been yourd bio.

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eartain they could not be. We statement such by HVP, no line of polley that RFC could pursue, no sugrection or propaganda line that HVP could follow could be done in the name of the Hational Councils so long as the members of each bunchl are inequalle of resulting a group decision or of reaching a vajority decision units the almost by would not atkend to subwork. It seams to no hast there is only itsourded bails in taking most the two rights concept of the future is a subwork. The convect has shaped, and the analys was necessary to correspond to the form. The form is the institute in a subset is balance in the form. The source is the institute was each setternal council to space as a single value.

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h. Without further disconless, therefore, I as unprepared to add soft to make a sujor thengo is its solley such as the State here agreed phoor suggests. I understand that you and here traden have agreed with Addred illing and here long to discuss this problem therewithy with the provide who are concerned in the State State Seventures and I have that after these discussions of may react an agreement on the sations which the paper raise.

PAARS G. EL NER

(21, 4pr 52) Ordg & L -

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SECRET

WEN CARDUM PERS Pr. Bobert F. Joyce Folicy Hanning taff Feparteent of tale

2011-71

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14-00000

Testimus of Idolph 4. barle, Jr. on testif of Misslas Mulara

1. Thank you for your neuversion of 14 March 1952 transmitting to us fir. Comball's memorandum of 13 March regardler the testimony of Adolph A. Barle Jr. on bohalf of Alcoles Malaza. This is to inform you that we are in complete acreement with the views which you, and Fr. Campbell have expressed.

2. We feel that it is indeed not reprettaile that Mr. Berle is his testiveny may contain remarks offensive to the Gratziann-Wissianu group. In Farch, tr. Brow received for, Crotaianu in an assempt to disclaim any represented for the post of N TP for tr. Berle's statements and also to represe for or statement that Mr. Berle had proken in a private canadity and as attorney to Pr. Balara. This interview was followed by a better from Mr. Grow to Mr. Crotaian on 26 March, in which these same views more set forth.

3. We shall make a serious attom: to prevent the communice of such incluste in the future. He are returning your file as you requested.

TH SHAT W. BRI EN

Final asure CIO/T-FI/I Vitlj (17/4, ro-typed 21/4) Mistributions Orig & 1 - Addresses 1 - CIO 1 - IO/DITO 1 - KHC 2 - BI

1 . .

15 mark NEV Mr. Dilles that me this am The Retgram set a city of this The tring to Im Them Trystle with a letter anguining "hav come?"-Grew & alt D lunded yesterday + orginer That Backe was way off tase and been is preforing a little to Cretycam telling him the Berle had no night to other C. as he did ; a copy of this letter will is to Beald fin to mailing for this comments. two alors put of tome - ' Its in the works & there's withing more for us to do about it at this time -[bare histashhume the above] by flore.

"The blogge 1. March 52 the Fishburne CISE/PC5 X 3091, X 495 Brought This 'm today : The said that the DDIP is concerned about it. Ellen was not in, but called in at 5 and was transferred to the fishburne. Mr. Firburne stated That Malaya is a Rumanian, industrialist, a crook and an exportanist, who cooperated with the Communisto and Supported the Nazis (Sand JOSO Files is in progress and will be in Mr. Fishburne o hands.) Berle's unilateral action ( identifying NGAE with this cause ) invotes and For State policy, will stir up the Eviles who will think this daes

severally, very Bid. What appears needed (a) High-lend rapping of Berle 's knuckles b) official denial or ) NCFE denial of this as NC7E positions. C.S. Berle is wrong in identifying Malaya as a partian of

Rodescu

howen

17 March

Mr. Bradens

14-00000

This is another example of interference and partiality on the part of NCFE.

Mr. Berle had 1) no right in testifying in this case and 3) no business endorsing the Radescu faction as against the Cretzianu-Visolanu Group.

Major Fishburn would like the document back today, room 1201 J.

Bllen

#### SECRET Security Information

#### 2-7043

#### MAR 20 1952

HEMORANDUM FOR:Chief, International Arganisations DivisionFROM:Deputy Director (Plans)SUBJECT:Testimony of Adolph A. Berle, Jr., on behalf of<br/>Nicolas Malaxa; Complaint of the State Department.

1. Please note the attached memorands from Bob Joyce and John Campbell, dated Narch 11 and March 13, respectively. Will you please prepare a brief memorandum for Masars. Joyce and Campbell informing them that we are in complete apresent with their views concerning Adolph Berle's statements, and moreover that action has been taken to inform the Cretainnu-Viseianu group that Mr. Berle had no right whatseever to make remarks of this kind in his capacity as a member of the Beard of NCFE. You can obtain the details of what has been said from Mr. Grew and Mr. Dulles in order to strangthem and round out your memorandum to Masars. Joyce and Campbell; (It is my understanding that Mr. Grew received Mr. Cretainun for the purpose of denying any responsibility on the part of NCFE. for Mr. Berle's remarks, which he made in his private capacity and incidentally as attorney for Malaxa.) Will you please let Mr. Horton see the memorandum which you write to Messre. Joyce and Campbell.

2. For your information, I have recently been informed by a very knowledgeable Rumanian that, in his opin on, some good has resulted out of this highly improper and messay business of Horle's. This Herle attack on Cretaianu was partially responsible, in the judgment of ay informant, for Cretaianu's sudden turn-about and screement to shake bands with and sit down beside Massrs. Cafencu and Davila. "It's an ill wind ...", etc.

Although the following question may not be entirely in your field, I should appreciate your getting up a statement for my information concarning the present status of and our proposed future use, if any, of I have just heard through the grapevine that he considers his usefulness to us at an end and that he is severing all connection with this Agency. This disturbs me, as I consider 'Ar. to be an intelligent and able man who has already gained enough experience in our line of endeavor to be of value to us. If my information is by any chance correct, then I do not understand why we so lightly cast him aside. I hope that I am wrong and that he may be severing official connections only to continue his work in a more subtle manner.

SECREF

Society Into mation

ees dect Adre C/SE

14-00000

(SIERED) FRANK 6. Wight

Frank 0. Vimer

Attachment: Described menoranis and transcript of Perle testimony.

#### COUNTY INTORNATION

#### In reply refer to: W-2003

18 April 1952

#### Dear Mini

When you wore here Wednesday, you handed me a letter from Michael E. Thompson about General Hennyey.

I have looked into this and find that Thompson promised on his last trip to Washington that he would give us certain facts about Henrysy's new visa application which were necessary when the old visa application expired on 21 Harch. We never have received these facts from Thompson.

Will you kindly, therefore, ask Thompson to get together for you the facts on the new visa application -- its number, where it was made, etc. -- and we will go ahead and act as we said we would. We can't act without them.

#### Sincerely,

CIONTWB/eh

Orig - Addressee 1 cc - IO/Exec Off. 2 cc - CIO 2 cc - EI

> TwB Mentioned above to Adm. Miller by telephone on 17 Apr 52.

#### April 15, 1952

#### Dear Oliver:

When I last saw you, I spoke of the General Hennyey matter explaining the great importance that the Fund places on expediting the arrival of General Hennyey in this country for Fund purposes. I later mentioned this matter in detail to one of your liaison associates who has these matters in hand. I explained that it is considered imperative that all possible assistance be developed looking toward the sponsored arrival of General Hennyey in the shortest possible time. I now refer you to our letter of March 2, 1952, which I delivered in person to Mr. Abramson. That letter contains all of the necessary data for action in the case.

We have just been informed that the unconscionable delay in the processing and approval of General Hennyey's entry presently will be made the subject of public protest by elements of the Hungarian National Council. The details of this situation will be more fully explaincd by Leonard L. Stamm who will hand you this letter. For your convenience, I am attacning a copy of our letter of March 2 above cited, and I would further state that we believe that extraordinary action should be taken to affect the immediate processing of General Hennyey by entry permit or otherwise. Our representatives in Munich are in daily contact with General Hennyey and can be of particular assistance in the event you desire to use extraordinary means to expedite his departure for the United States.

Sincerely,

Michael & Thompson

<u>COPY</u>,

March 2, 1952

#### Dear Mr. Minett:

General Gusztav Hennyey is Representative of the Hungarian National Council in Nestern Germany and a person in whom the Fund places trust and confidence in its dealings with the problems of the Hungarian National Council. The Fund has been desirous for some time that General Henryey come to the United States, and believes that his visit here would be most helpful to the present activities and future of the Hungarian National Council.

An opportunity presented itself last fall for General Hennyey to emigrate to the United States as a displaced person. He was granted a visa by the Consul General in Munich on November 21, 1951, EC Number 25611, D.P. Commission Validation Number A-7037, Sponsor Mr. Louis Rado, 182 Kain Street, Poughkeepsie, New York. Subsequent to the issuance of his visa his file was sent by the local representative of the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Services in Munich to the Office of the Attorney General in Washington for special consideration under No. 8-CFR 17557. Neither General Hennyey nor the National Council have been able to determine why his case has been held in suspense, by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. Indeed, in response to one inquiry General Hennyey was told that the file in question had been lost. As stated above, the Fund attaches great importance to General Hennyey's visit to the United States, and considers this visit to be of high operational importance, since it will deeply affect the work of the Hungarian National Council. We shall be very grateful for any assistance which you can render in the expedition of the decision of the Immigration and Naturalization Service. I may add that General Hennyey's visa will expire on the 21st of this month, and he also will lose his rights ewing to the expiration of the Displaced Persons Act in the near future should he not be able to emigrate promptly.

Sincerely yours,

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#### 17 April 1952

14.51 T 1 1 1

NEWDRANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJ BCT

14-00000

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Crusade for Freedom

1. At a meeting in John Devine's office at noon on 16 April at which were precent Messrs. Devine, Smith, Lang, Lambie, Bradan and Admiral Hiller, Mr. Smith presented the program for the Crusade for Presdom for next year, which I attach.

RFE-HFA and VCA will be montioned only incidentally as one means of spreading the idea of freedom.

3. Kr. Devine presented the program to Messre. Sargeant, Kehler and Compton and received their approval. I have therefore notified Admiral Hiller that there is no objection on behalf of the State Department to the plan presented for the 1953 Crusses for Freedom.

SECRET

THOMAS W. BRADEN Grief International Organizations Division

Attachment Program for Crusade

CO: TVB/ch

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17 April 1952

MEANLINDUM FOR: DEFUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE SUBJECT: Proposed Conference at Princeton Inn

Iou asked me to remind you of Admiral Miller's request that you speak to David Eruce about his attendance at Admiral Miller's proposed conference at the Princeton Inn on Saturday, 10 May at 10:30 AM. You will recall Admiral Miller's mention of the fact that the idea of the conference is attributed to Mr. Sruce, dating back to a luncheon conversation that he had in Faris with C. D. Jackson and the Admiral.

SECRET

THOMAS W. BRADEN

Chief International Organizations Division

CIO: 553/ea

14-00000 >

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SECURITY INFORMATION

## SECREI

#### 17 April 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY CRIEF, SOUTHEASTERN EUROPE

SUBJECT

14-00000

Bulgarian National Committee

1. This is to confirm our oral report to you of the President of NCFE's report to us of his 15 April 1952 conference with Dimitrov on this subject.

2. Admiral Miller reported that he had presented the agreed upon plan to Dimitrov, <u>without</u> threatening to cut off funds. Dimitrov's first reaction was that the plan was a maneuver to cust Dimitrov. The end result, however, was that Dimitrov was to think the plan over and give his views on it in roturn. It was further suggested that a council meeting would be held on 30 April or as soon thereafter as possible. However, Abmiral Miller stated that this meating would probably not occur before mid-May, since the two members coming from Faris would probably not arrive before that time. A quorum would not be possible without them.

> THEMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

CIO/NEV:bw

Distributions Addresses - original CIO - 1 IO/DOTO - 1 IO/Ex.Asst. - 1 RI - 2

## SECRET

#### 17 April 1952

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MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

Reports of

SUBJIOTS

1. Almost without exception, the reports, of which thirteen have been examined to date, duplicate reports already received, but do not contain as much information as the reports being obtained from other sources or from the same sources as those used by Of the reports, only one has been disseminated. The Department of State's comment on that report was that a similar one had been received.

2. For your convenience, a brief analysis of the thirteen reports is presented belows

Hongary

1. Ceopl Arcenel in Humary

This report, consisting of a list of names of Compents directors or top officials in various Hungarian industrial enterprises, was considered of marginal value. The persons listed were identified with overt positions and have been mentioned in a number of overt Hungarian publications.

- 2. Report on the Activities of the Buncarian Exbassy and Consulato in Paria.
- 3. Report on Buncarian Socialist Group in France.

SEGRET

Comments Information is thin and overt. These reports duplicate in part reports already received in greater detail.

This material probably comes from persons who have contact or knowledge of the Hungarian Legation, but who have not actually "penetrated" the Logation.

- 4. Durvey of Political Conditions in Huncary from 1951 through the barly fart of 1952.
  - Comments Frankly overt material, obtained (or could have been obtained) from a close reading of published material. Of marginal value as representing the viewpoints of former Hungarian industrialists.

14-00000

## -2- GIR (3)

27

5. Hundary's Froductive Carecity in Relation to Hungarian Plan for 1952.

<u>Comment</u>: Report was thin. Information on mines and factories was already known.

<u>Overall Contents</u>: Continuation of reports similar to the above is not recommended.

#### Poland

14-00000

- 1. Polish Industry Gears for Lar Freduction.
- 2. Polish Coal Production.
- 3. Folend is Preserve Industrial Staff with Knowledge of Languages.
- 4. Report on Holard.

#### Comment on the 4 reports:

Most, if not all of this information, had been proviously received through our regular channels. The material is not disseminated to customer agencies who have overt access thereto.

#### 5. HIN Report

Comment: A verbatim extract (42 pages) of a 100 page report which we had already received. (In this connection, please note CHP's memorandum of 28 January 1952, which is attached).

#### Rumania

1. Thdanoy Gadre School in Pucharest

Comment: Evaluation here P3. Evaluation by State A2, but State had previously received the information.

#### Estonia

1. Elections of People's Judges and Lay Assessors in Istonia.

2. Some Hars Incortant peveloments in Soviet Latonia in 1951.

Comment: These rejorts duplicate information we have received. This is true, primarily because is the source. used by Mr. Angleton, and is on payroll.

SEGRET

#### Staden

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#### 1. Soviet Procesanda in Sweden

Comment: This report is also a duplicate. (See preceding comment).

THUMAE W. ERADEN Chief International Organizations Division

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#### Distribution: Addresses - original NE - 1 LL/50 - 1 EL/PC - 1 SE - 1 GIO - 1 IJ/DJTO - 1 RI - 2

7 April 1952 MENORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE SUBJECT:

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(D)

2. On 2 April, Admiral Miller stated that work was absolutely worthless as far as NCFE and NFL were concerned.

intelligence reports have been evaluated as having practically no usefulness; and, as you know, in his intelligence "gathering", he has crossed some of Ex's vires. In both OFC and OSO, there is such suspicion of ______ that no one has been willing to give him direct guidance for four that it would morely anlarge knowledge of our operations.

3. When ______ returns, my recommendation is that we tell him that while we may discontinue support to the International Confederations of Free Trade Unionists in Exile, we feel that, since we have a Paris NCFE representative, we should use this channel—or some other channel not involving additional expense.

4. Neanwhile, since the ICFTU in exile is of primary interest to EE, and of some interest to SE and WE, I have asked Mr. Brose, Mr. Horton, and Mr. Scott their views on continued support to the organization and, after a go-round with them, I will send up a further report to you.

> THOMAS W. ERADLN Chief International Organisations Division

CIO/NEV:by

Distribution: Addresses - original CIO - 1 IO/DOTO - 1 RI - 2

# SECRET

In reply refer to: W-1999 S 16 April 1952

#### Dear Mins

We have a 2 April report from our friends across the street documenting certain criticisms which Mr. Visciann has made of NCFE. Some of this criticism stems directly, I believe, from his reaction to Mr. Ferle's testimony in the Malaxa case. Another of his complaints stems from the appointment of (comarniciu to a position with the Free Europe University at Strasbourg.

This report raises several questions with me. I should consider it a great favor if you would have prepared for me a review of the whole Rumanian National Committee as to factions, alignments and with recommendations regarding what might be done to improve the Rumanian Committee.

Sincerely,

#### Oliver Radwood

CIO/NEV:bw

Distributions Addressee - original CIO - 1 IO/Admin. Off. - 1 IO/DOTO - 1 RI - 2

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#### Ajril 2, 1952

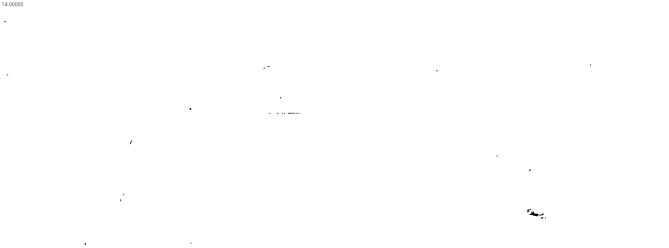
Nr. Visoiann called at his request to inform us of the high lights of his recent trip to Europe. He had first attended the meeting of the Eastern European Section of the European Movement in London, then visited France, Germany and Italy.

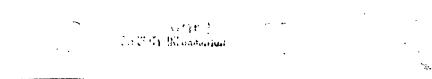
Nr. Visoianu said that in Germany he had talked with Chancellor Adenauar, Secretary of State Hallstein, and other officials of the Bonn Government, as well as with Mr. Rober and other Allied officials. He said that the Germans were sympathetic to his discussion of lumanian affairs and showed some interest in the problems of Eastern Europe. They, emphasized, however, that Germany's present position did not enable them to speak in terms of any positive policy at this time. Mr. Visoianu got the impression that the Germans were now, and would be in the future, even more actively interested in Rumania and other Eastern European countries than were France and Italy. Mr. Visoianu felt that F ance had completely abdicated its position in Eastern Europe and was entirely wrapped up in its own domestic problems and relations with Germany.

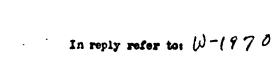
Hr. Visoiann also discussed in Gormany the cuestion of Rumanian refugees there (most of whom are Iron Guardists) and of the rather large community of Volksdeutsche who came to Germany from Rumania at the close of the war. He said that the Gorman authorities would like to have this group returned to Rumania at such time as the country might be liberated, both because they contributed to Germany's over-population problem and because they would represent, as they have in the past, a possible instrument for German policy in Rumania. As a Rumanian, Hr. Viscianu was not over anxious to add to the numbers of the German minority but felt that a free Rumanian Government would not deny the right of return to those who wished to do so.

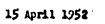
Mr. Visoiamn talked at length with Mr. Tyler in Paris. Ho retains his distruct and dislike of the MOFE, which he says can never assist affectively in bringing about unity in the Rusanian emigration since it supports one group 100% and persecutes the other group 100%. He was particularly incensed about Mr. Barle's recent intervention in the Malaxa case. He said that he regarded the situation as having very serious in licetions not only for the emigres but also for the future of the country itself. He demounced hadescu's conduct, giving numerous examples, as detrimental to the true interest of Rusania. One of his more specific complaints against the MCFE was the appointment of Comarniciu as head tutor (or some such title) at the Two Europe University in Stratbourg. He said that Comarniciu ha: as education and no qualifications for the post but was there merely because he was of the Radescu faction which NCFE favored.

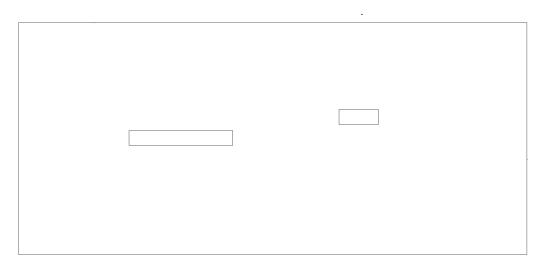
Nr. Visciano saw King Michael in England but he did not indicate whether there were any new developments with respect to the King's position toward the present dismity in the humanian emigration.











Sincerely,

### Oliver F. Hadwood

### CIO: TNB/eh

			Addressee
1	cc	-	IO/Fa0ff.
2	cc	•	aor
2	cc	•	RC

## In reply refer to: W-1984

15 April 1952

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#### Dear Min:

14-00000

One of your exployees, Miron Estaria, prior to accepting employment with your firm, was interviewed by us. With your permission we should like to continue processing papers for his employment. If you with to keep him, we should like to know that so that we can close out the case.

SECPEN

KT. J. A.

Sinceraly,

Oliver E. Hadwood

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CIU: NEV/eh

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1. CIO			12 Apr	· TWB	Forwarded per your request of 2 April 1952.
2. DD/P			16 Apr	СЛН	TWB
a. ADPC				CDOB	Noted - I hope we have heard the last of complaints about this lovel
4. Čio				TWB per NBV	handled affair from RFE, NCFE, Enbassy Attache etc. etc. etc. I regret what I have said before -
s. SE/PC Mr. Wat	son				it is wrong for us to try to use NC RFE as cover for covert opr.
e. Mrs. Bai	ley				FGW 12 April 52
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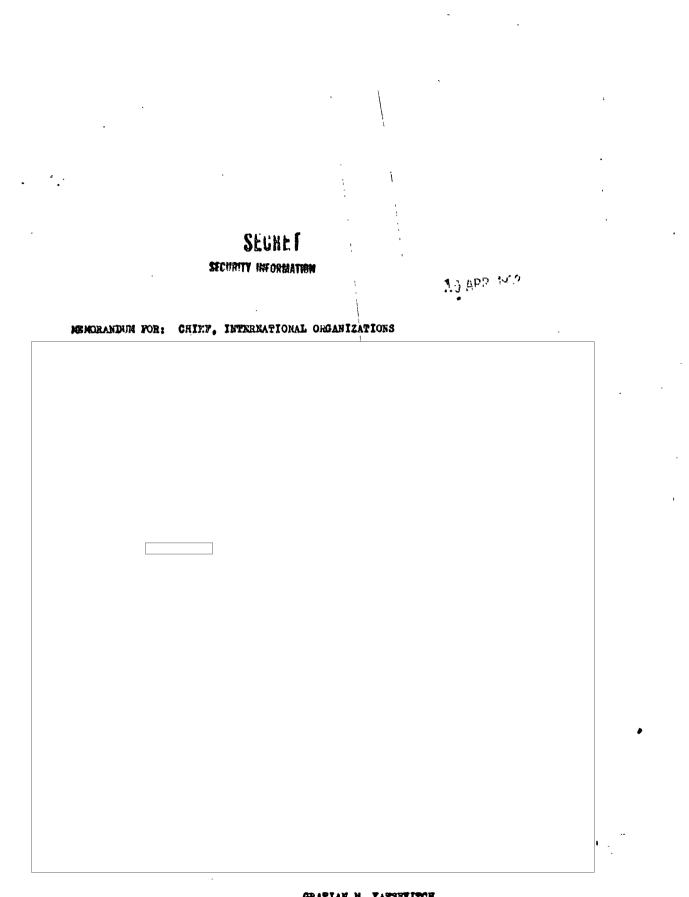
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GRAFIAN M. TAPSEVITCH Chief for Policy Coordination, 80 SEUME

Attach: (1) 1. As stated in para. 1 Distribution: (See pr. 2)

14-00000

## SECHES

#### SECURITY INFORMATION

1.5 APR 1452

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MEMORANDIM FOR: CHIEF, INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

14-00000

#### GRATIAN M. TATSEVITCE Chief for Policy Coordination, SE

Attach: (1) 1. As stated in pars. 1 Distribution: (See pr. 2)

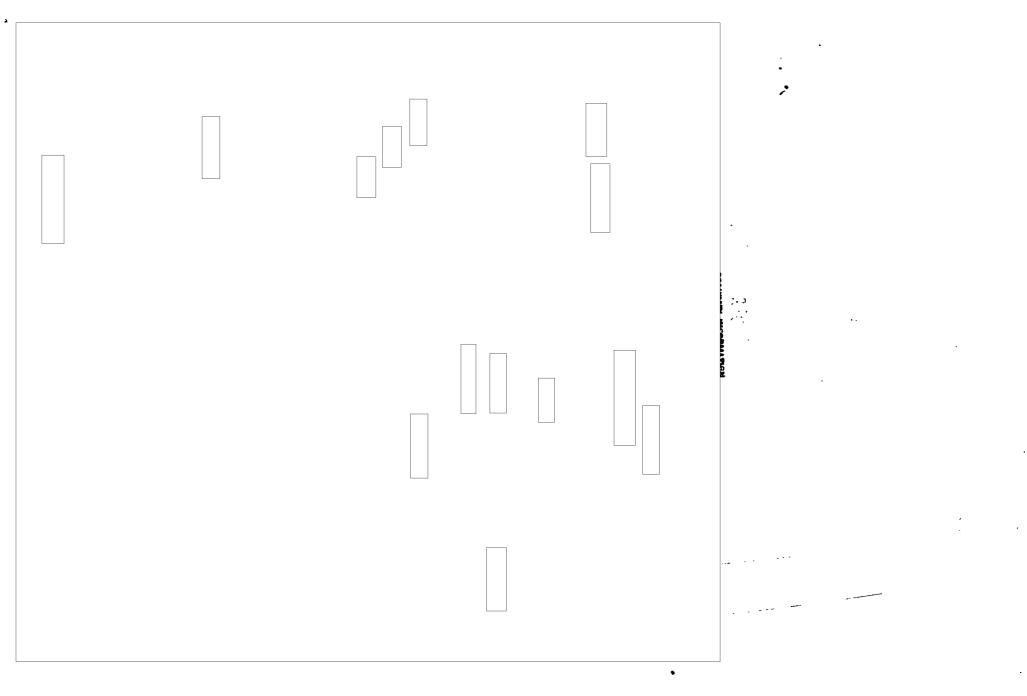
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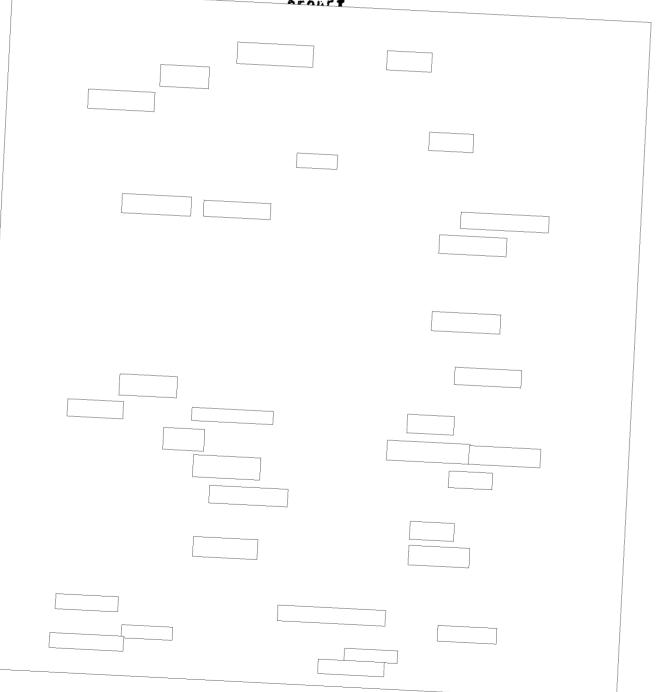
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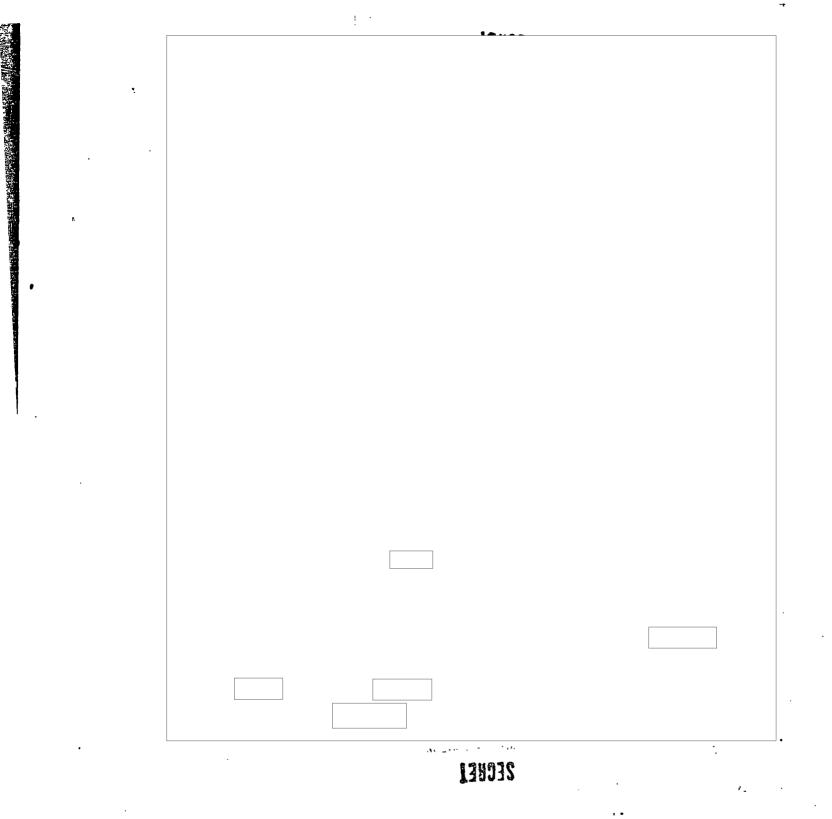
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°C-70					Mr. Brewer: George: FOW asks that you attempt to get
7.					from State the information which Tom braden asks for. He asks that 1 bring to your attention the
l.	•				following 2 points: a. The Director does not feel it would be acrisable to launch any
•					balloon operations until after the PW campaign has died down a bit.
· · ·	:				
•					
					P. Taylor, 3rd
•	<u> </u> ]				566- cofum th - MK
	· ·				I will call O' Mara
					· .
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FORM NO. \$1-10

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P-2232

8 April 1952

721 394

#### MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS) DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT:

14-00000

Letter from Admiral Miller

1. Attached is a copy of a letter from Min Miller in which he suggests the necessity of coming to a definite decision in respect to a future balloon operation.

2. Can you take the time to get a policy decision from the State Department as to (a) whether they wish to have a ballcon operation in August or at any subsequent date, and (b) whether they want us to set aside funds and materials now for a future balloon operation at some unspecified time?

SECRET

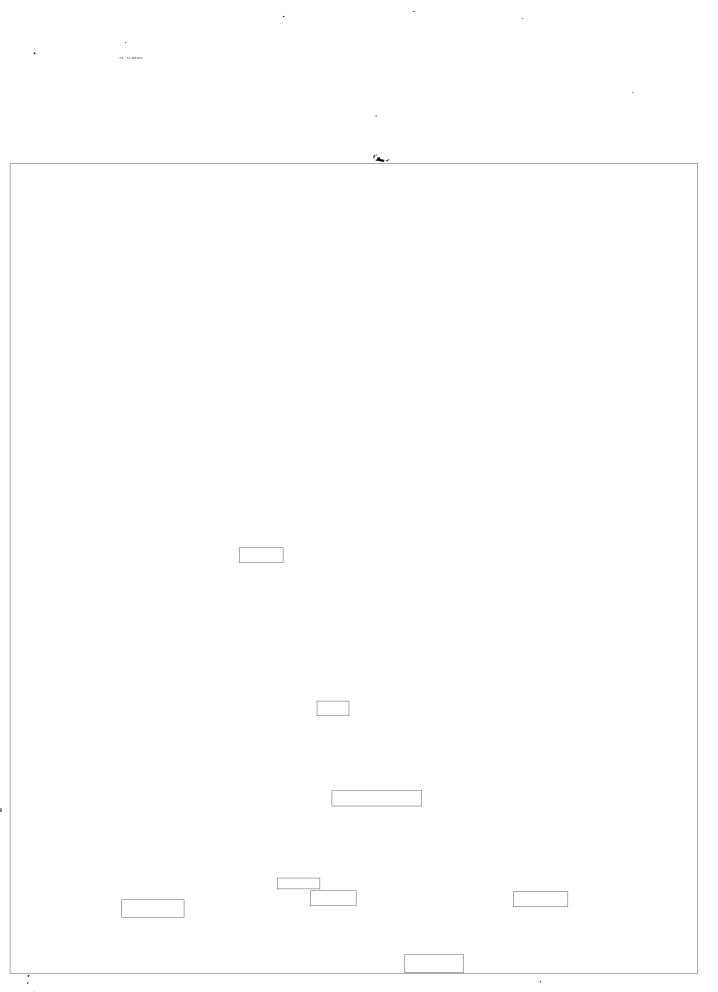
W. Bull MAS W. ERADEN

Chief International Organizations Division

Attachment Ltr from Adm Miller 1 Apr 52.

CIO: ThE/eh

Orig - Addressees 1 cc - ADPC 2 cc - CIO 2 cc - RI



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14-00000

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# SECREE CONTY INFORMATION

# 28 April 1952

MFMORANDUM FOR: QUISF, RE-2

SUPJECT: Future Salloon Operation

1. Attached is a copy of a letter from Min Miller in which he suggests the necessity of coming to a definite decision in respect to a future balloon operation.

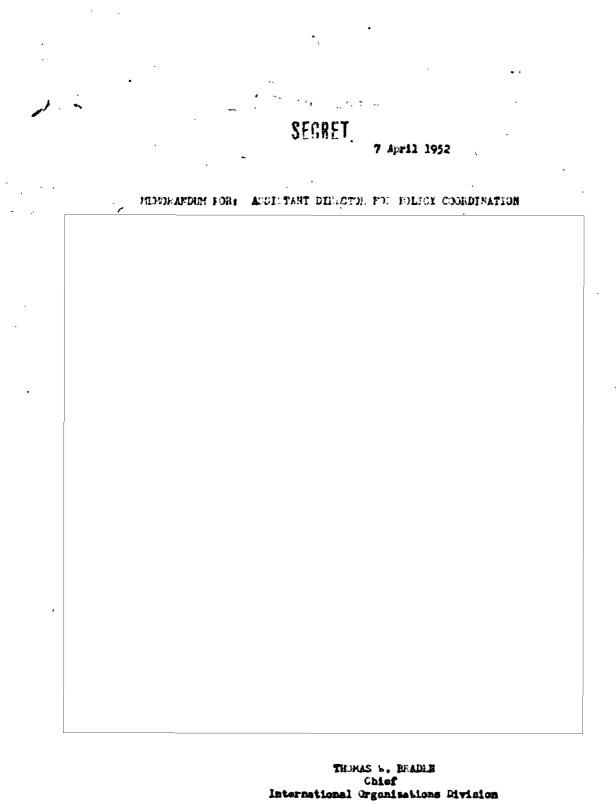
2. Will you advise me as to (a) whether you wish to have a balloon operation in August or at any subsequent date, and (b) whether you want us to set aside Aunds and materials now for a future balloon operation at some unspecified time.

> THAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

Attachment Ltr from Min Hiller dtd 1 Apr 52.

CIO: TWB/ch

Orig - Addresses 1 cc - IO/TOMIC 1 cc - CIO 2 cc - MI



14-00000

es E IA CIO/MEV:bw Digitation: Actions 1 IO/DOTO - 1 FI RI - 2

SFORET

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# STRICTL Y PRIVATS

## Dear Admiral Miller:

27 March 1952


## Sincerely,

/s/ BILL

## W. E. Griffith

cc: Mr. Leich Mr. Galantiere

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Security	Information

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#### ER-2-7715

#### 5 April 1952

MEHORANDUM	Fox :	Chief, International Organizations Division
PROM	:	Deputy Director (Plans)
SUBJECT	1	National Committee for a Free Europe - Radio Preo Europe - Miscellaneous Recommendations for Action
REPERENCE	\$	Memorandum from C/IO to D/DCI, DD/P and ADPC dated 27 March 1952

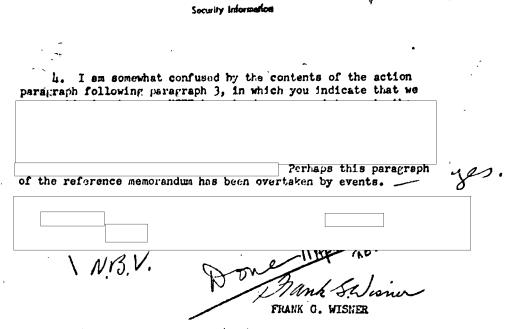
1. I have read the reference memorandum which I note contains quite a number of recommendations for action, some of which apply to the undersigned.

2. I would like to participate in the Princeton bull session but believe it unnecessary for CIA to be represented by so many people. If Mr. Dulles is going I should prefer to drop out. A further reason for reluctance on my part to attend this meeting is that I have already passed on to the NCFE people interested all of the ideas and information which I have on the principal theme of this discussion. I therefore feel that,

I would have nothing new to contribute. However, if Mr. Dulles is unable to attend and you feel that I should ge, I would be willing to do so.

3. Concerning your report of Frank Altschul's feeling of grievance, I should be glad to sign a letter to him if Mr. Dulles agrees that I am the proper person to do this. Pending Mr. Dulles consideration of this matter, will you please prepare in draft form for my signature a friendly letter to Mr. Altschul in which you might comment upon the fact that NCFE-RFE now represents one of the most potent weapons in our entire arsenal, and following with an acknowledgement of the very important contribution which Mr. Altschul made toward the development and shaping of this instrument.





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cc: DDCI (with reference memorandum)

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This comes up at PRC-22 is scheduled on Fiday. after that we need to abrie admin to apply to 1848 -if PRC approves, Not is 2 Martin A

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# SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

#### PROCEDURE FOR TPLEDIC TRANSFERS

Step 1.

14-00000

a. Facility (TPTONIC, PHILAR or what have you) sends letter of request to MEDIC.

b. Facility sends <u>certified true copy</u> of request (la.) to IO (via area division involved if not for TPTONIC as set forth in Step 2 below).

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2 APRIL 52

Step 2. FOR TPTOMIC only (Includes EGCAKEBOX)

- a. IO prepares letter for ADFC's signature, addressed to LEDIC, authorizing MEDIC to transfer funds requested by TOHIC to TONIC on basis of la. above if request is in order.
- b. MEDIC receives letter of authority (2a.).
- c. MEDIC transfers funds to TONIC on basis of 2b. and at the same time prepares a letter of transmittal addressed to TONIC, copy to IO.
- d. TONIC, upon receipt of funds from MEDIC (20.), prepares a letter of acknowledgment addressed to MEDIC, <u>certified</u> <u>true copy to IO</u>.
- e. IO prepares letter addressed to CFD, signed by IO, transmitting receipts 2d. together with <u>certified true copy</u> of letter 2a. (See 2f below).
- f. IO prepares letter addressed to CFD, signed by CIO, requesting CFD to reimburse MEDIC for the total amount of receipts 2e. <u>Note</u>: Letters 2e and 2f are hand carried to CFD together.
- g. CFD, on basis of 2f transfers funds to MEDIC.
- h. KEDIC acknowledges receipt of 2g by letter to IO.
- Step 3. FOR OTHER THAN TPTONIC and BOCAREBOX (after Step 1)
  - a. Area division authorizes CFD to transfer funds from "XXX" Project to MEDIC for transfer to facility by letter, signed by appropriate area division chief. (Note: This letter comes to IO whose responsibility it is to determine that funds are available in "XXX" Project).





# SECRET

#### SECURITY INFORMATION

## Step 3. FOR OTHER THAN TPTONIC AND BECAKEBOX (CONTINUED)

- b. IO prepares letter to CFD with letter 3a attached for ADFC's signature requesting CFD to transfer funds to MEDIC. (See 3c. below).
- c. At same time letter 3b. is prepared, a letter for ADPC's signature is prepared by IO authorizing MEDIC to transmit the funds to facility(addressed to MEDIC).
- d. MEDIC receives letter of authority 3c.
- e. MEDIC acknowledges receipt of funds which CFD transmits(3b)
- f. MEDIC transfers funds to facility on basis of 3d and at the same time sends letter of transmittal to facility, copy to IO.
- g. Facility, upon receipt of funds from NSDIC, prepares a letter, addressed to NEDIC, acknowledging receipt of funds 3f., <u>certified true copy to IO</u>. (See 1b.)
- h. IO upon receipt of letter 3g. prepares letter addressed to CFD and transmits same together with copy of letter (certified true copy) 3c.
- <u>NOTE</u>: It will be the responsibility of the Administrative Office/IO to verify that funds are in fact <u>allotted</u> for each project before preparing the above papers.

PAN

<u>Distribution:</u> EXO/10 - Original Adm O/10 - 1 copy FI/Maggio - 1 copy

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## Provisions of Proposed Screenent Scheren H-FF and CA

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It is proposed that an appearent which will include the following be entered into by Har and Will and Will are graves a

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1. A statement to the effect that subject to the repurity, program, bu petery, not relieve non-role we the veta authority of sill set forth below, WFR her administrative and sporalized representitity for the comput of its operations,

2. A provision that NAT will subsit to UKA an annual operating plan and supmosting budget for the programs which it plans to undertake during each fight for the programs which it plans program and bugget for all include authority to UAP to proceed as measury in their judgment to accountlish the objectives wet forth in the approved program, subject to controls set forth below.

3. A provision that BOY will maintain adaquate accounting and fiscal controls.

h. A provision this 2/75 will unfortake only these programs which have been approved by 274.

5. A provision that AIA will provide fund, to H/E for approved progress.

A. A provision that GA will furnish notional policy sui and to H  $f_{\rm c}^{\rm c}$  for the conduct of such programs and that ROLE will conform to such roling.

7. A provision that N.M. will conform to security regulations to be prescribed by CA. These will include the security character of processory personnel, obtaining of security agreements from all witting personnel, and necessary physical security seasures.

8. A provision to the effect that the general ergenisational structure and salary scales including allowances will be arrevoved by CA.

9. A provision that the president and vice-presidents of 4015. Will be employed subject to the concurrence of VIA.

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SUBJECT REPRESENTATION

A PART

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10. A revision that the will have veto authority over activities to be undertained by North which are contrary to other of Sid or national policies. ( or interpreted which is such address is dean, " and " A be contrary to be and the contrary to the second section of the contrary to the

11. A provision with respect to the termination of promations under this agreement.

17. A provision with respect to indemnification of Hote directors, officers, and esployer by Lite

136 A provision that defines the liability of Sta to each director, afficer, and maployee of herr.

14. A provision to the effect that Not sill provide GA with regular progress and financial records.

15. A provision that GA still have authority to conduct such surveys and audits of NGPE activities as it deems necessary.

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#### B TT HAL THE TOT & F'R A PATE PLACEP

ALC: ON

### Problem

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To clarify the relationship of MARE to GIA and the respective responsibilities and muthurifies of each for the conduct of MARE operations.

#### Background

There is no currently often tive close relation to a to the respective responsibilities on authorities of 3 LV and CIA for the conduct of operations. This has regulted in a number of minuterestandings and problems with respect to the administration of this project by CIA.

## Disgussion

In order to define the respective responsibilities and authorities of MAR and VDA, it is proposed that an agreement be entered into between MAR and VIA which will in effect provide for:

a. Policy, pro. res, budgetary, security control, and veto power by VIA.

b. Subject to such someral ann'rols direct administrative and operational control over its operations by Herz.

6. The working out of eachinery for subsitting ennual operating programs and supporting budgets by ALTE for a proval by CIA (and safer subsequent additions thereto)

6. Adequate progress, financial, and other reports by BCFE to CIA.

An outline of the principal provisions of such an agreement is set forth in Attachment A.

It is the contensus of all concorned in -14 that something like the show is estantial. There is any technical reint of difference, however, between the DD -ividian and the Administrative -toff ipodial. This is the matter of a UIA regulation (Recommendant for All -taif and Division thiefs The office of the General Councel, Cla, had indicated

regret

The office of the General Councel, CiA, has indicated informally that there is no legal eduction to such an e-tree sent between h OF and GIA. He also concurs informally that one contract between NOV and CIA is preferable

## Recoverdation

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1. It is therefore recommended that the 10 Ofvictom be authorized to negotiate an corrected with 8 "" in coordination with the office of Ceneral Gouncel and other GiA units which will incorporate the substance of the provisions in Attachment A.

At Past - Cure's Har annue to this State Paper the APE. Same for the delay. Place by un hum 8 Cou Æ. ١Ę 202 contrino do Hun Sam ph level policy meeting m' Shat w. you _ ba **Com** Quid J the the out 2 Riot we operation Fees c ŝ



SECURITY INFORMATION

STIN !

MEMORANOUM FOR: Mr. Joyce

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14-00000

January 23, 1952

FIOM: EE - Mr. Darbour

The Functions of HOFE and RFE

In our experience with NCFE and RFE two interpretations of their functions, between which the condulum swings from time to time, have developed. One which is set forth in the paper in the mission of HCFE and RFE, gives dignity and importance to the National Councils as the leadership organs of the Eastern European peoples in tarir struggle against the respective Communist dictatorships and defines the principal function of HFE as providing a way of communication between these councils and the homelands in conducting the liberation struggle. In the other view, which tends to govern RFE operations at the precent time, the RFE is apparently considered a predominantly American enterprise with the objective of achieving a bigger, better, more hardhitting, and more publicized provaganda program than the 7% but not differing fundamentally from the character and course that VOA has already marked out. The latter interpretation reduces the position of exiles connected with the RFE to that of professional employees engaged by the Americans, and the National Councils are given so effect responsibilities.

As between these two theses, FE agrees generally with the first. If RFE continues along its present course it will in our opinion become in the end simply another VOA (in fact the programming of the two organizations tends already to sack a common denominator) and disappoint the exiles and the peoples in their homelands. This will lead to competitive issues with VOA as is already the case with the Ealtic language programs. If RFE is to achieve its first promise and full justification it must become the Voice of hastern huropean freedom speaking through the mouths of the Eastern European leaders themselves.

EE believes that unless the RFF broadcasts are made in the name of the National Councils and the free exile leaders of Fastern Europe can speak regularly to their people by this medium the National Councils will never become more than creatures of arrested development and, deprived of the possibility of realizing one of their zest important functions, will prooccupy themselves with starile partisan rivalry and internal differences.

As the reference memorandum points out, if the National Councils are to assume this important responsibility in relation to the AFE they must become effective organizations. EX likewise agrees that the

# SECRET

Hungarian National Council, being the only National Council which is active in any degree as a unified and effective leadership group, enould be given the proposed RFE responsibilities at once and that as soon as the other national groups become effective organizations RFE facilities should be made available to them.

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Such a course raises two problems which de not seen sufficiently treated in the reference paper, namely (1) the means of bringing about the formation of unified and effective Mational Councils, and (2) the extent and character of supervision to be exercised over Mational Councils once they undertake RFT activities.

EF concurs that MCFE should devote itself as a priority and primary function to fostering the creation of effective National Councils. The reference maper suggests that to this end NCFE give more attention to the problem and take more positive measures in the nature of intervention in assisting the national groups to solve their difficulties. It seems to SE that by the very nature of the arrangement whereby the National Councils operate in the American milieu and receive financial appistance from the NCFE intervention is inevitable and that the NCFE has not refrained from intervening. The problem apparently is not whether the NCFE should intervene in the affairs of the National Councils but what kind of intervention should provail. EE continues to believe that the ideal situation obtains when a Mational Council operates effectively with the least ossible intervention, and that a national group should be encouraged to achieve affective organization and operations through its own efforts. Excessive intervention and certain types of intervention can produce such harm as to defeat the very purpose we seek to realize, that is, the development of strong, dignified, and important leadership organizations to conduct the national liberation effort from abroad. The wrong types of intervention inimical to this objective include actions which are widely construed as(1) being in favor cl, or in opposition to, one candidate or party as avainst another in the organization of a National Council, (2) representing an attempt to impose a policy with respect to the future constitutional organization of a state or in relation to foreign states or foreign population groups, or (3) relegating exile leaders to a subordinate position of being employees of the Americans. Intervention of the foregoing types must be avoided by all means, yet on the other hand it is essential to accure, by intervention if necessary, that no National Council falls under dictatorial rule and that individuals are held to accountability so that our undertaking does not decenerate into sim ly a censionary system for subsidizing the conduct of party politics.

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The strongest force in inducing the national exile groups to pull themselves together into some kind of unified and active councils may well be our insistence that until they do so they will not become eligible to take over the proposed RFE responsibilities. If one National Council receives access to NFE facilities this should prove an incentive to the others without our intervention to put themselves in order so that they may do the same.

As to the supervision to be exercised ever the National Councils which have taken charge of the broadcasting efforts to their respective homelands, it is obvious that they will need extensive professional assistance, whether by Americans or by their own nationals, in proparing the day-to-day programs. The councils will probably wish of their own initiative, after they have discovered what daily programming involves, not to go behond (a) policy determination as to type of programming, (b) utilization by the political and intellect: al exile leaders of the opportunity to speak from time to time to their people, and (c) decision on selection of certain program items. If this assumption is correct then our controls might properly be limited to (1) providing each group a recorded outline of American foreign policy for guidance if they discuss any phase of this subject or its implications. (2) preventing partisan abuses such as the disproportionate use of the HFE by one party although making sure that the representatives of each may have access to RFE facilities if THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY PROPE

party reviews no wish, and (3) conducting an expost facto review of programs in avoiding abuses of any type. In general it would be desirable to allow the councils the maximum scope of activity and responsibility in the RFE effort they are capable of undertaking in order to nurse the health and vitality of these councils as leadership organizations in the liberation struggle.

NR:EE:HOVedeler/nl January 23, 1952

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### April 1, 1952

#### MEMOR AND UM

TO: Admiral Miller

FROM: Mr. Myers

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Attached is presentation describing our exile personnel policy. This paper is prepared in two parts, the second pert of which is not yet in type. The part delivered herewith is, I feel, a precise rebuttal of any overall uninformed criticism to suich we have been subjected.

In every instance where there has been specific criticism involving individuals employed at New York or Munich we are in a position to rebut charges of Communist infiltration and to defend every member of the staff thus attacked.

Upon the impression that it is an adequate statement in writing, it can be delivered, if you so desire, to Mr. Extens for a study and contrast with the supposed allegations he pretunably has under scrutiny. Should Ehrans ask for information of a specific nature, Part Two of this paper can then be furnished him if you wish to do so.

NOFE KALLE PERSONNEL SKLECTION IN RELATION TO (1)EXILE POLITICS. (2)RFE BROADCAST POLICY, AND (3)

# EXTERNAL CRITICISM

#### - I -

#### INTRODUCTORY HISTORY

#### Formative Stage A.

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At its inception, the National Committee for a Free Europe believed that its Iron Curtain breadcasting operation, Rudio Free Europe, could and should be developed and pursued through the medium of "National Councils" or "Committees of Liberation" composed of exile groups from the target countries. It was considered that prominent exile leaders and personalities of each metionality group could express to their captive countrymen, entirely without American advice and guidance, the measage of hope which NCFE proposed to send. This compet was not fulfilled. Experience in attempting to weld a talented, dedicated group of exiles into a non-partisan broadcasting operatics early demonstrated that without American control the mission of RFE would be lost in the jungle of exile-world politics. It soon became evident that the leadership among the exiles was neither sufficiently strong nor personally willing to rise above the political cross currents, factional rivalries, ant sylinter-group weaknesses characteristically reminiscent of the political affairs of all Eastern European countries. These factors militated against the original plan of permitting exiles, through their lossely organized Councils or Committees, to wholly develop, manage, and control RFE broadcasting.

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Since the advent of RFE was the most important development affecting the exiles which had occurred since their flight from home, they quickly understood and applauded its implications and potential effect on their futures. Through this instrument they could once again become prominent and powerful in the effairs of the homeland; once more they could contend for place and power.

Selection of personnel for the purpose at hand quickly became a political football of rivel leaders, personalities, and groups, Rightists, Leftists, Centrists, Labor Elements, and Splinter-groups argued with us for advancement of their particular personal or political views. Sponsorship of their own adherents as RFE employees through whom such views would be broadcast to their captive countrymen became the pattern of their pseudo cooperation. This pattern was followed to such an extent that ordinary progress and sensible development of our basic purpose of truly free broadcasts under exile control soon appeared to be not only impracticable, but dangerous. For example, the Mational Councils Division attempted to inaugurate broadcasts to Crechoslovakia under the auspices of a Czecheslovak National Council. The Council was and is made up of exile personalities of differing political views and parties. Its factions proceeded to engage in endless disputes and irrecencilable elaims for control of script production and program content. Stovak "Separatists" arguing for the total independence of Slovakia

- 2 -

sought that objective, while Czechs desired opposite views to be aired and advocated the rebirth of pre-war Czechoslovakia. Each group sponsored and insisted upon employment of its own more or less qualified adherents upon the assumption that its special views would be thereby expressed to the captive Czechoslovak audience of RFE. Similar activities were pursued by Hungarians, Bulgarians, and Poles until the futility of permitting the exile Councils to control the destiny and broadcasting policies of RFE was made clear beyond refutation. It became tragically obvious that uncontrolled exile-world Councils and professional politicians could not agree on personnel selection or program content.

In spite of every effort to induce harmony in and obtain proper ecceptration from the "Councils", "Committees", and individuals, RFE was confronted with an impasse. The alternative theory and present policy of American selection of non-political exile personnel was the only way out. It has worked. Technically qualified personnel produce properly oriented programs -- and have been doing so with documented success since July, 1950. Disappointed exile politicians, professional exile camp followers, disturbed American special pleaders, and alarmod Gommunist Agents all scream, snipe and snivel -- but RFE programs are doing the job.

NCFE-RFE records of this stage can be supplied by Frederic R. Delbeare, Vice-President, National Councils Division, and Robert E. Lang, Director, EFE. The current policy has the complete endorsement of these officers and of the Board of Directors of NCFE.

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#### B. Development Stage

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Upon the collapse of the original concept of broadcasting under exile auspices, RFE necessarily utilized some exile personnel endorsed and recommended by the leaders of the various nationality groups. As tochnical radio facilities came into being, exiles with radio background or writing talent were required for the production of programs. This involved using individuals eminently qualified by experience to do a radio job of script writing, announcing, acting, etc., without regard for the fact that such individuals might be persona non grata with one or another political faction or leader of an exile "Council". It also involved elimination of proven inefficient, inept or unworthy individuals without regard for their exile "Council" sponsorship. In either instance criticism of RFE was predictable and indeed was always forthcoming --often in virulent and dishomest form.

The day to day operation of RFZ developed new techniques and long range plans which made it impossible to employ non-entities of no political color or conviction. The best people to produce programs in harmony with NCFE-RFE purposes and policies necessarily were persons known in their own countries for their views on domestic political affairs and their anti-Communist activities. Eard-hitting propaganda required hard-hitting personalities whose known association with RFE and its programs would add validity and significance for our captive audiences. Gradually, therefore, the nationality desks of RFE at Kew York and Munich were staffed with tested, qualified exiles who had been

- 1 -

identified publicly with domestic political philosophies at issue in their own countries. Many, in fact, most of the staff people are controversial figures among their own countrymen in exactly the same way that prominent Americans are controversial in our political arena. Many indeed are members of the Councils, but are mon of sufficient stature to give their primary allegiance to the non-partisan policy of RFE. The decisive factor is that there be no controversy or question about their anti-Communist convictions and records.

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At this point, it must be noted that our target countries have been subject to repetitive political forment prior to and following World War II, as well as the successive occupations of Nazi and Communist Armies.

The temper of the times, therefore, in which these exiles have lived for the past fifteen years has been one of excitement, bitterness, recrimination, rivalries, and personal turmoil -- all stemming from both domestic and foreign struggles for power. The times have produced a bumper crop of refugee traitors, collaborators, and opportunists and at the same time have developed pure Western style democrats, true national patriots, and unselfish honest men. The exile who stood by placidly through the era is not much good, however talented, as a militant messenger of hope via RFE; exiles who were honorably active in public affairs at home, and who had radio talent were, therefore, the only kind of personnel suitable for RFE purposes.

As the necessity for American operational control of nationality desks became self-evident, the only feasible personnel policy was to

- 5 -

employ properly qualified individuals, regardless of exile politics. In the execution of this policy individuals who were useless were eliminated without regard for political sponsors. This process still goes on. Similarly, talented exile personalities recruited from any source were employed wherever needed. This process still goes on. Both processes are in vogue with a healthy disregard for exile political nuances and protests. Neither process is satisfactory to self-styled exile leaders since it follows that the appointment of an individual sponsored by one faction as a representative of its views, inevitably will evoke howls of rage and criticism from the opposite faction. This is an accepted fact of exile life. We have to live with it and get on with the job.

с. Summary

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Our formative and development experiences evolved the present and continuing exile personnel policies of RFE. Exile desk employees, whether at New York or Munich, must respond to three tests:

- (a) Security cluarance,(b) Endorsement of technical proficiency,
- (c) Sufficient stature to eliminate exile partisan
- interests from program content.

#### - II -

#### CRITERIA AND METHODS OF PERSONNEL SELECTION

Recruitment -- General Principles

The best source of exile personnel is referral by "nonprofessional" exiles themselves. Among all nationalities there are وهجار يحايجون بناور والادماء

- 6 -

many talented refugees who need employment and who can supply RFS's need for script writers, actors, announcers, etc. Accordingly, desk staffing has been accomplished by examining the qualifications of duly recommended individuals, whether the recommendations come from political personalities or otherwise. Selection is based on the ability of the individual to fill a need efficiently in turning out or participating in planned programs. Recruitment is determined only by ideological security, independence of exile politics, and personal ability. This is not to say that many individual exiles having decided personal convictions and well-known political records are not employed, but a positive statement is made that those exile employees who now produce RFE programs reflect the policies and guidance of RFE rather than promotion of partisan objectives and personalities.

#### B. Recruitment -- Detailed Procedures

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The personnel complement of each RFE nationality desk is founded on a hard core of dependable individuals, usually two or three geople, including the chief of the desk. "Dependability" is established by exhaustive inquiry at all available sources to establish the desirability, reliability, technical proficiency and security of the working core of the desk. Sources used are:

(a) Exile political personalities in the United States,

- (b) Exile references of high standing and known im-
- partiality in the United States and Overseas,
- (c) Overseas contacts and personal knowledge of our American representative in Europe. (Royall Tyler-Paris).
- (d) Checks and balances of our political advisor at Munich (W. E. Griffith),

- 7 -

(e) British Broadcasting Corporation, where applicable,
(f) Voice of America, where applicable,
(g) Special confidential sources.

These tests having been applied, confidence is placed in these initial personalities, and particularly in the Desk Chief, to carry forward recruitment of additional personnel as needed in collaboration with the American Director of RFE (Robert E. Lang, New York ), and his associate officials. The leading personalities of each desk know what is expected of them and since they respond to the established criteria, the resulting full personnel complement is a group of exiles who, notwith standing their personal political views, are suitable and capable program production people. They meet our basic requirement of daily production of truly free and properly constructed propaganda broadcasts capable of evoking the widest possible audience response in our target countries.

In brief, the mission of RFE being conceived as a marketing problem, the best available salesmen are procured, trained, and utilized to sell the market.

#### C. Recruitment -- Spacial Security Measures

Since RFE, although a private enterprise, is by extension a collateral instrument of American national policy, special precaution is exercised to insure the ideological security of all employees, including exiles. In the case of exile personnel specifically, the

- 8 -

additional approval of the Personnel Director of NCFE is required before employment, either at New York or Munich. Thus, even if a proposed exile employee meets all the described oriteria ho may not be employed without this ultimate approval.

The Personnel Director of NCFE utilizes appropriate and dependable sources of information to determine the acceptability of personnel from a security standpoint. His sources are investigative in nature and are conclusive as to the ideological record and security acceptability of the proposed employee. In doubtful cases the Personnel Director consults with the Vice-Fresident in Charge of the National Councils Division and with the Director of Radio Free Europe. These three officers of NCFE jointly follow a policy of rejecting candidates about whem there is the slightest doubt. It is to be clearly understood that in making decisions of this kind the conflicting interests and frantic representations of politically minded exile leaders and groups are ignored. Acceptance or rejection of candidates is wholly based on ideological security and talent value.

D. Summary

14-0000

(1) All nationality desks of RFE at New York and Munich are staffed by individuals who have passed all tests described above.

(2) All programs produced and aired by the nationality desks are checked and scrutinized by American supervisory personnel for ideological content, audience acceptance and conformity to basic NCFE-RFE policies.

(3) These conditions have been progressively in force since July, 1950.

- 9 -

# 111

### RFE POLICY GUIDANCE FOR PERSONNEL

### A. General Commont

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The programs aired by RFE are not left to whim or change. All programs and the personnel responsible for them are controlled by a written policy manual. The manual sets forth in minute detail the position and policy of RFE on every topic beamed to our target countries. The manual is the daily guidance of all employees, both American and Exile; deviation from its rules is not permitted. Continuous scrutiny of manuscripts and resultant broadcasts is maintained by American employees to insure that there are no deviations.

The policy manual of RFE represents the considered views of the responsible officials, including the Board of Directors, of NCFE. It is a statement of the principles and purposes of NCFE expressed in operational form. It is considered and maintained as a strictly confidential document, but it is of course available for examination by any proper authority.

The policy manual is in strict conformity with current American national policies as evidenced by the following quotation from Article One:

> "As a non-governmental radio station responsible to the millions of American citizens who support it, RFE cannot take a line contrary to United States Government policy or to the beliefs of the American people reflocted in the Constitution of the United States and in American Institutions".

> > 1

- 10 -

The above quotation is understood by exile personnel particularly to be a sclemn injunction against ideological program content which in any way violates the letter and spirit of American policy and ideals. It is a guarantee to the American people and to our captive listeners that RFE and the men who make its programs are uncompromisingly opposed to the Communist regimes now in power in Soviet Russia and the satellite countries.

#### B. RFE Policy Defined by Hundbook (Direct Quotations)

1. The purpose of RFE is to contribute to the liberation of the Nations imprisoned behind the Iron Curtain by sustaining their morals and stimulating in them a spirit of non-cooperation with the Soviet-dominated regimes by which they are, for the time being, ruled.

2. The central characteristic of RFE is that it is the instrument of men who are engaged in fighting for freedom and justice. As such, it encourages resistance to every tyrant, great and small, in the countries it addresses. Its speakers speak ... as men of good will who seek to contribute to the elimination of old enmities and the building of an enduring European democratic order.

3. As a free forum in which exiles speak to their own people RFE is particularly dedicated to arguments by which exiles seek to persuade their listeners of the all devouring ambitions of Soviet Imperialism, the cruelty and unworkability of Communist Institutions

- 11 -

and the proven advantages of the democratic way of life for the worker, the peasant, the administrator, and the business and professional strata of society.

4-00000

4. RFE takes counsel with exile leaders and is respectful of their views, but its policy is not designed to further the aspirations of any single exile leader or party.

5. KFE policy is further based upon acceptance of the principle that each of the liberated peoples shall be free to determine for itself the political and social institutions under which it will live once it has been liberated.

. . .

6. Finally, the following summary in the nature of a specific limitation on program content is quoted:

"It is indispensable that all concerned grasp clearly that RFE is a multi-national station established to contribute to the liberation of all the peoples it addresses, and not merely of one of those peoples. RFE policy is therefore commanded by the limitation that nothing may be said over its facilities to one national audience which will destroy the confidence in RFE of its other audiences or which is likely to induce any of its audiences to prefer communist rule to a liberation which might appear to promise domination by a neighboring people."

In reply refer (1) -1968 to:

31 March 1952

Lear Elini

On one of the matters Mich we discussed on technology, 1.0., the matter possed in Hr. shughes' letter, we require processing and find from you. We have gone over this toget theroughly and find that this is the mithation.

SECRET

a. The number of indigenous people which incom will agree to include in their plan on our bohalf is very limited.

b. This build the case, we require from you a compliation of names of indigenous people, not to exceed therety, whom you would consider indispensable

o. Moreover, we feel that it would be unaise for us to approach the Department of Defence officials at this time.

9. We, therefore, suggest that you approach the Department of Defense directly and independent.; with no reference to the fact that we have an interact in the matter as a viole, and with no reference to our interact in any part of it (e.g. the matter thirty above). We feel that denaral Glay and other influential citizens who are concerned with your organization may be of antistence in the direct approach which we have recommended.

I need not assure you that this cause is one of special interest on our part; nor do I need to stress the practical considerations within the assirting Department which compelus to deplace our own limitations and to suggest the direct independent approach, for you are, I ar sure, the first to understand a problem of this type,

In compiling the list of thirty names, you should I believe, choose individuals who fit into the "indispensable" category

SEGRE-

You will perhaps wish to know that a copy of this letter is being sont by Allon to Mr. Author to whom Allen has recently sent a bolated interim reply.

I hope that we may hear from you in regard to this list at an early date. While we require the names, for your own information, these names-according to present arrangements-would be made known only to our own people, not to the military authorities. For the latter, numbers we hope will suffice.

Yours sincerely,

12/ aluer Hadwood

CIO/NEV:blj Pictribution:

14-00000

Orig. - Addresson 1 - Hughes (as stated above) 1 - CIO

2 - HI

1 - TONIC CHEONO

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2.

In reply refer tot W-195

11 Karen 1952

#### Dear Mins

14-00000

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I should ap regists your discussing a matter of some interest to as with Kenneth Walters.

Please return with your reply the enclosed dratt. We will provide you with a copy of the letter which is sent, if the plan is carried out.

"incerely,

### Oliver Hattood

CIO/NEVIDLJ Matributi 281 Orig - Adcreazed 1 - CIO 2- RI 1 - 1'HIQ Chrons 1 - 10/1/10 

ing Tork 10 Peperser 1951

Fr. James Clarchion Radio 74 tion Continental Farana City

Pear Mr.

4-00000

Followin up our tall of huit our or, I believe I as now in a position to a sict you in your colves to except international communics in the Finars area. Furth the past for months I could not bely but this? of your experience with the French Un erground after you were chat down and of how you as could have a serious interest in letting module in Fanzen when your sust be down to hop the western world free.

Unfortunitely, Radio Free Surory, h the very neture of its charter, cannot encode in solutions within this benichbers. But in the course of our caracter, I have been approached by a group of personal representiate an international resigned desemination as several form buriness firms, who would like to invest in keeping our heatrophere free of the computer repres.

I ar, three org, all on the this prove that they deal y a the substitution of \$200,000 per month for an indexinite rettains with which to have you demonst are provenues of act that you conclude of sative in exclusions all adviss on the clear and of freeds in the inerit. So all is much are not by a local organization would acoust here concarring.

There is a seconder a charles longenization should not not gradis in the score of the second and there we ld be no signal to your er laining the source of the subsc

In or er to said by it, as those, the group would arrive be received a conclusion and and and any state of arebola, nevelongues, research are all there, controls of arebola, salaries of relocal, the

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by the wall met but how more thy. In has guild filly now.

Let po herr whether you will be alle to take Wils on.

#### Tours,

(ill nime: aroant the of Clipe: an ano fictile use)

our: Mr. Delles have taken Join care of para 3. Assume we are relieved of This 12/26ABV ENC

:. UNCLASSIFIED RESTRICTED VITIAL SECRET (SENDER WILL CIRCLE CLASSIFICATION TOP AND BOTTON) CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY **OFFICIAL ROUTING SLIP** INITIALS DATE TO 1 Deputy Director, Plans 2 Chief, International Org. 3 4 5 INITIALS FROM DATE 1 Deputy Director A.W.D. 4/9/52 2 3 APPROVAL TT INFORMATION SIGNATURE OIRECT REPLY RETURN COMMENT PREPARATION OF REPLY DISPATCH __ r... REMARKS: To Men Porada -This use done in live south any your recen

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## 31 March 1952

#### Dear Frankt

4-00000

I have been hoping to see you here in Washington or in New York for some time past as I want to take the opportunity to tell you how much we all appreciate the outstanding work you did in connection with NCFS. When we get togetner, I shall have an opportunity to express this appreciation more fully.

Meanwhile, please let we know if you plan to come to eashington and I will do the same if and when I get up to New York. Unfortunately, recently I have been tied down here with very little opportunity to see my friends in New York.

#### Sincerely,

Frank Altscaul, 193. 40 Hall Street New York, N. Y.

AWD: leb Distribution Orgg. - Add. 1 cc - Chrono 1 cc - Pers 1 cc - NCFE file

EX.

## COPY

FRANK ALTSCHUL 730 Fifth Avenue New York 19, N. Y.

Room 1701 Tel. Judson 6-5526

14-00000

### April 3, 1952

حفتتهم ومرده

Dear Allen,

Thank you for your letter. I have no present intention of coming to Washington as for the past week I have been knocked out by this virus infection that has been going around. However, I look forward to seeing you whenever you find it convenient to drop in.

Yours sincerely,

/s/ Frank

Mr. Allon W. Dulles 1308 - 29th Street, N.W. Washington 7, D.C.

#### 5 April 1952

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AENCHANDUM FORs Chief, International Organizations Division

SECRET

FROM : Deputy Director (Plans)

SUBJSCT

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: National Committee for a Free Surope - Radio Pree Europe - Fiscellaneous Recommendations for Action -

REFERENCE

Manorandum from C/10 to D/DCI, DD/P and ADES dated 27 March 1952

1. I have read the reference remorandum which I note environment guite a number of recommendations for action, some of which apply to the undersigned.

2. I would like to participate in the Princeton bull section but believe it unnecessary for CDA to be represented by so samy recope. If Mr. Dulles is going I should prefer to drop out. I further reason for reluctance on my part to attend this meeting is that I have already passed on the DFE people interested sill of the ideas and information which I have on the principal theme wit this discussion. I therefore feel that,

I would have nothing new to contribute. However, I' Hr. Sulles is unable to attand and you feel that I should go, I spult be willing to do so.

3. Concerning your report of Frank Altechul's feeling at grivvance, I should be glad to sight a letter to him if Mr. Balles agrees that I am the proper person to do this. Feeding Mr. Dalles emsideration of this matter, will you please prepare in draft form for an eignature a friendly letter to Mr. Altechul in which you might exement upon the fact that hCFE-KFE now represents use of the most put of the very important contribution which Mr. Altechul make toward the development and shaping of this instrument. 4. I am somewhat confused by the contents of the action paragraph following peragraph 3, in which you indicate that we

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of the reference memorandum has been overtaken by events.

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(Signed) FRAME 8. WISHER

FRANK C. WIEHER

cos DDCT (with reference : emorandum)

31 Maroli 1952

NEDRAHUAR MORE Doputy Director of Contral Intelligence

**VIA**I

14-00000

Deputy Rirector (Flans)

Assistant Erector for foligy Coordination

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SUBJECT:

Radio Free Europe

1. As of April 1st, this Division plans to discontinuo its routine informational support to Hadio Free Europe. This support, which has been carried out by a staff of about fourteen people. originated in the necessity for RFE to have access to Foreign Broadcast Intolligence Sumarles, State Department information, and other overt information which came into CIA. It becaus apparent smetime ago there was not enough of this material to fill out NFE broadcasts and, as you know, RFE hired the so-called stringers to do the citle? news-gathering job. The information cont RFE by us has for some time been accessible to RFZ directly from the agencies which publish it. Our decision to cut out this service has the concurrence of HFM and makes possible the assignment of fourteen people elécanere.

2. To take the place of this staff, IO Division proposes to have one or two people concentrate on developing ideas and policy and theme guidance for RFS along the lines which the DDCI has suggested in conversation with me. One good man of necessary talent and experience will concentrate on this full time, pulling together matters from IY Division, State and other sources. He will continue to give RFE such intelligence summaries as can be made storile, but his principal task will be to ride herd generally on the RFE programs as our chief point of information and lisison.

SECHER

TEO AS W. ERADEN Cilef International Organisations Division CID: NS/eb

Orig - Addresses 1 00 - 00 1 00 - 10/000 2 co - H

#### OFFICE OF 7 DEPUTY UNITED STATES REPRESEN TIVE

#### NORTH ATLANTIC COUNCIL

AMEHICAN EMBASSY,

LUNDON, W.1.

#### 29 March 1952

Dear Allen:

4-00000

This is a somewhat belated acknowledgment to your note of 7 March. I expect to be back at 15 Broad around the middle of May.

C. D. wrote me about going back on the Board of the National Committee several weeks ago, and I have told him that I am favorably disposed, but would like to defer decision until I get back and have a chance to talk with him and see what my general commitments promise to be. This is one which I should like to stay with because of my early association with you and the others in setting it up. I also was very much impressed by the layout in Portugal, which I went out to see after the Lisbon meeting.

I hope all goes well with you.

#### Sincerely yours,

#### /s/ Chuck

Allen W. Dulles, Esq. 1308 29th Street, N. W. Washington 7, D. C. U. S. A.

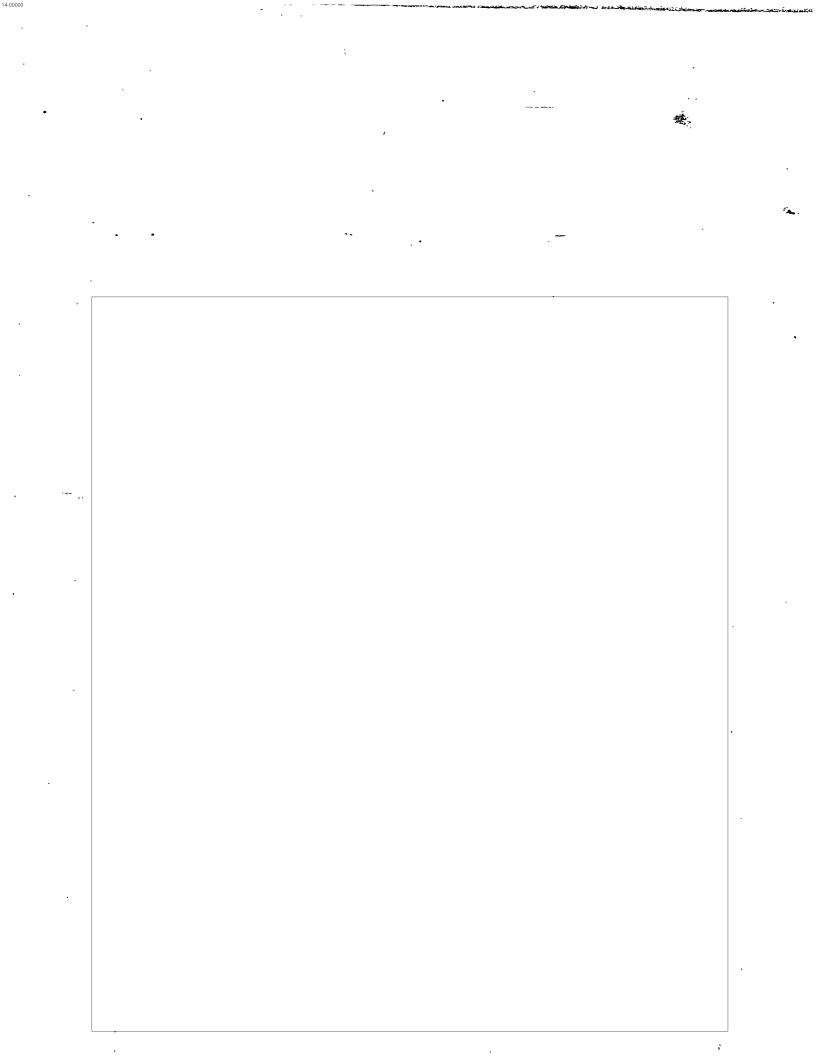
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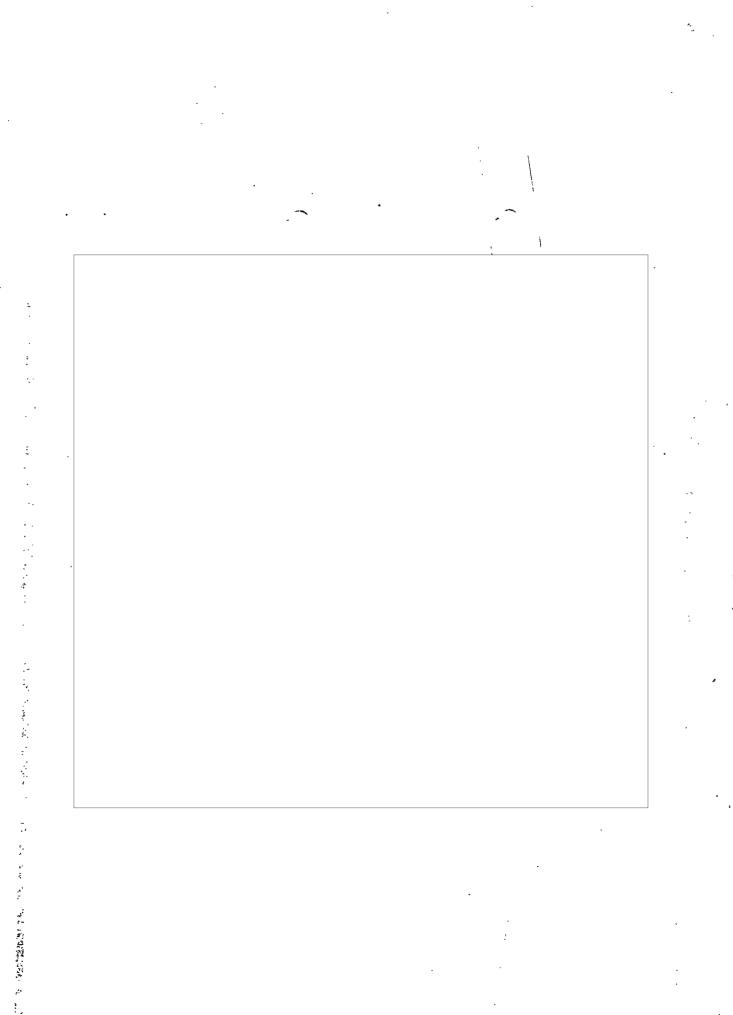
bo for the resi, we'd be willing to work 36. pr 52 Jom : Suggest you tel on it if we had adm miller in def. estimates. he re 28 March lette on Eng licken they would have to have there from torsee no difficulty in othing approval of funds for expenses inclured for expenses inclured you. د منبراحيه بيريجينهيرو متعيد م ع Do this right? However, " full explan of Expenses paid as of 1/21 Mar 52 and of Commitments as 0, 21 Mar 52 wood Relefal. Du latercase. P.O. non. de not elentitor entres) the third the 

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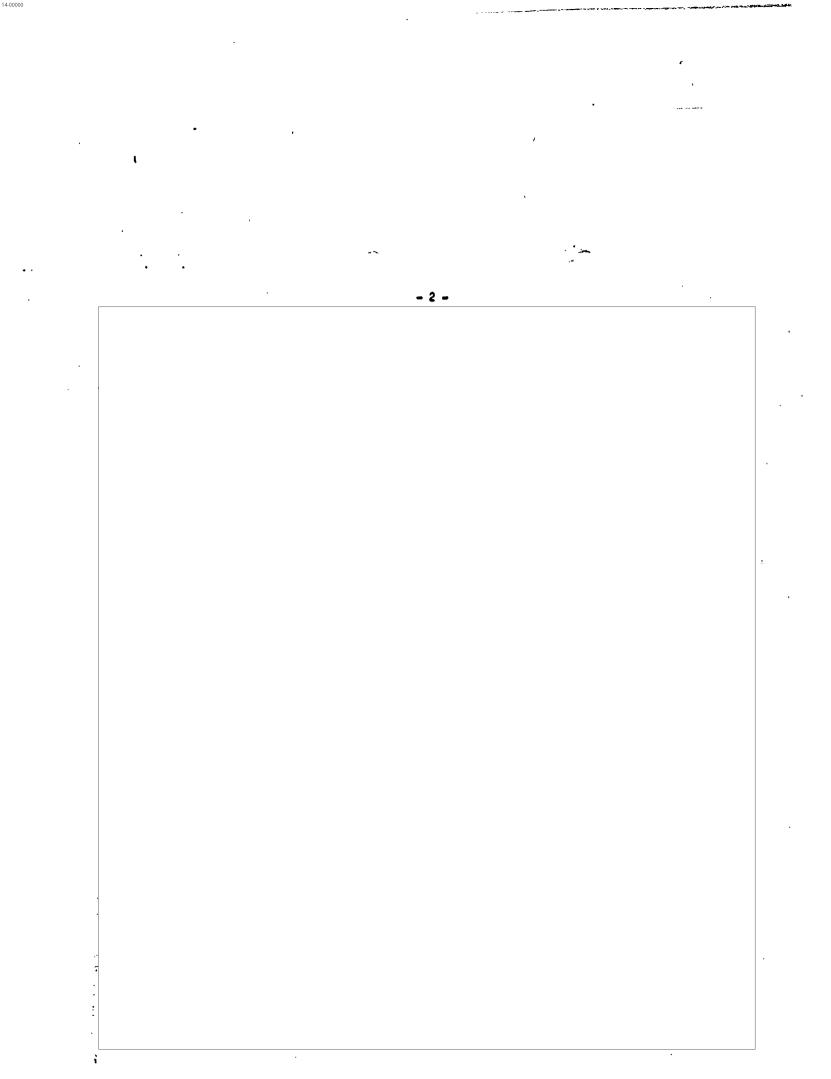


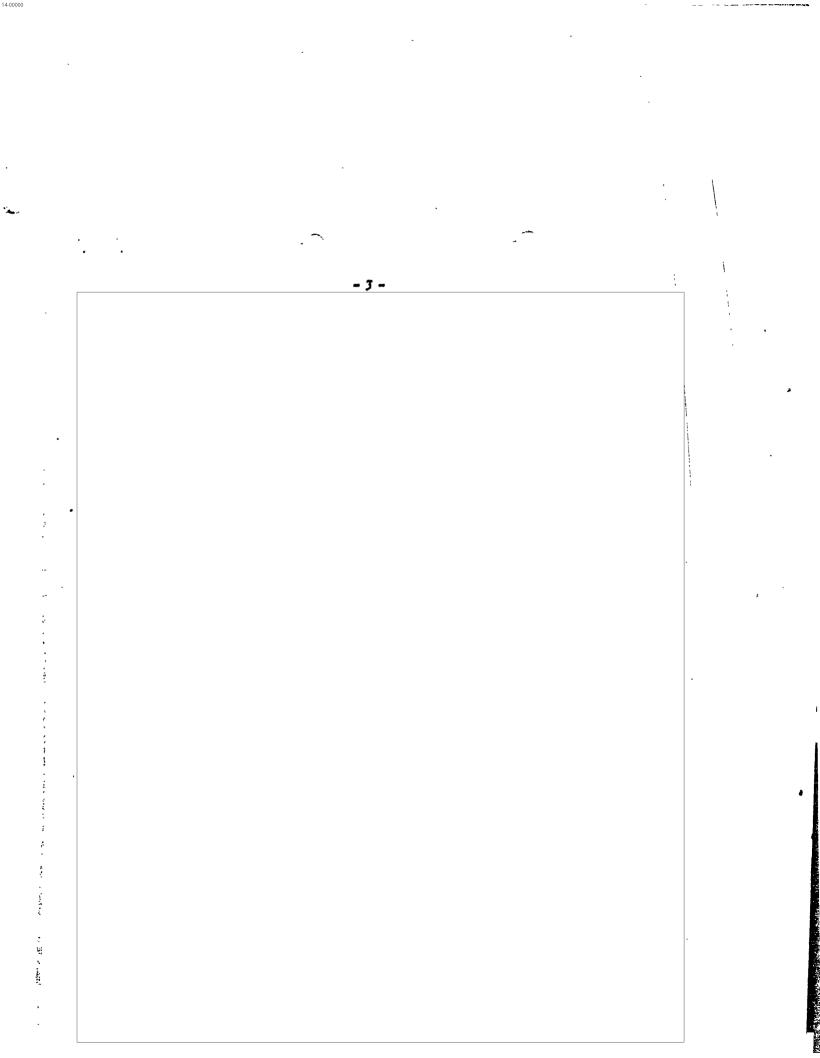




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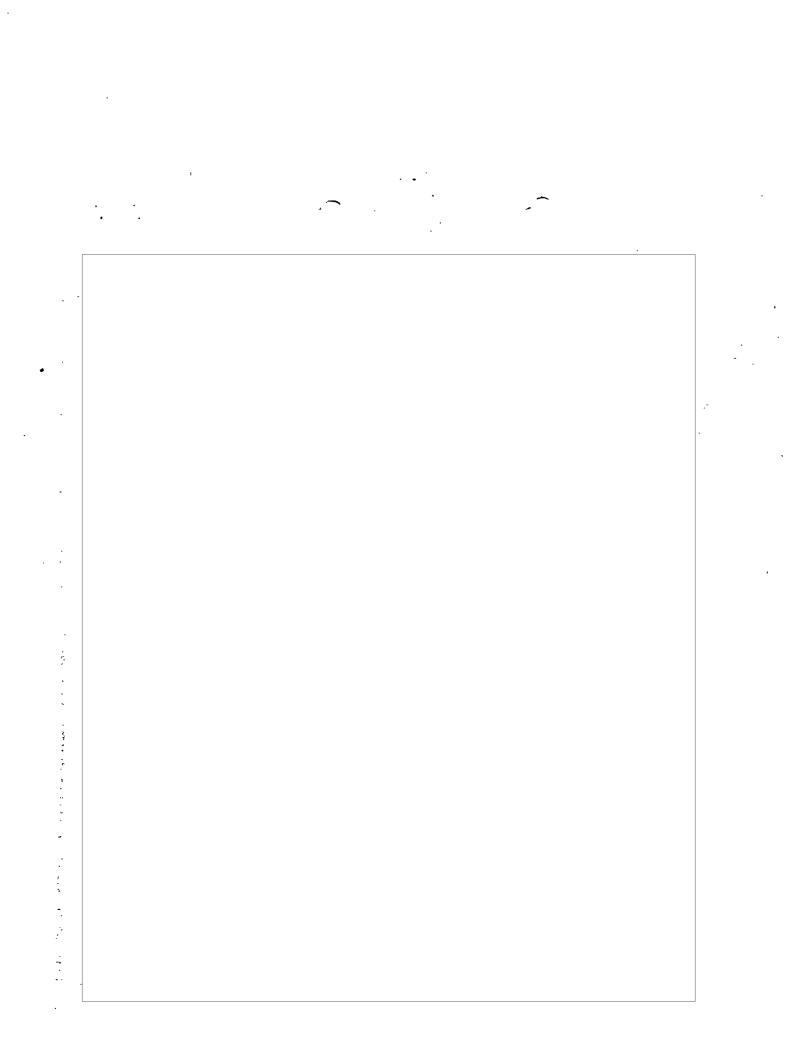
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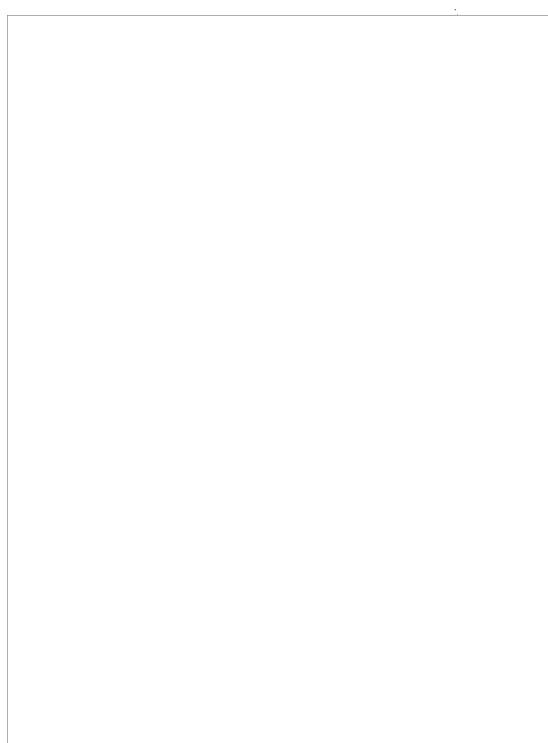


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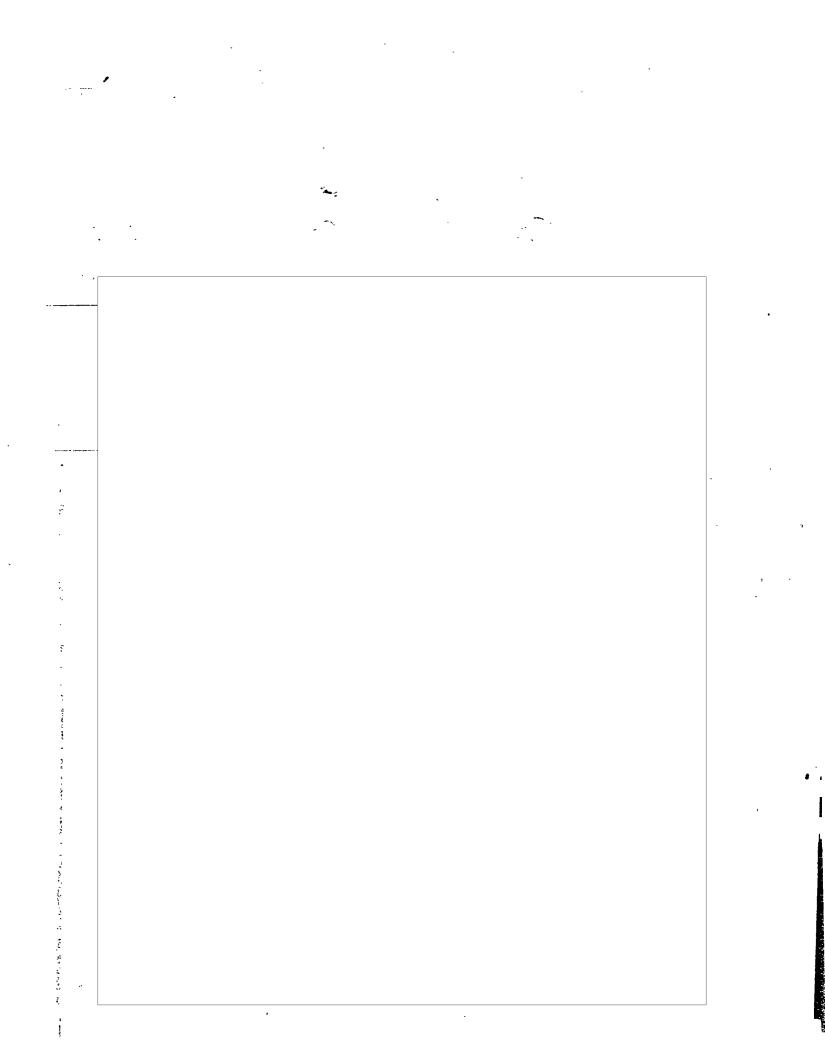


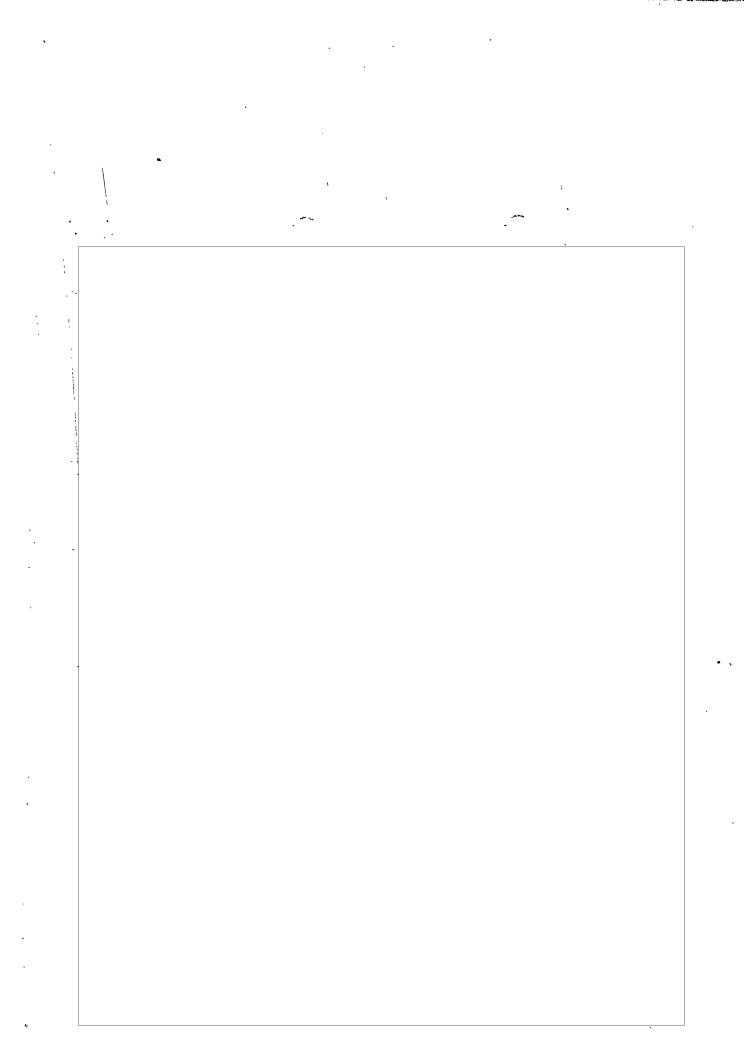


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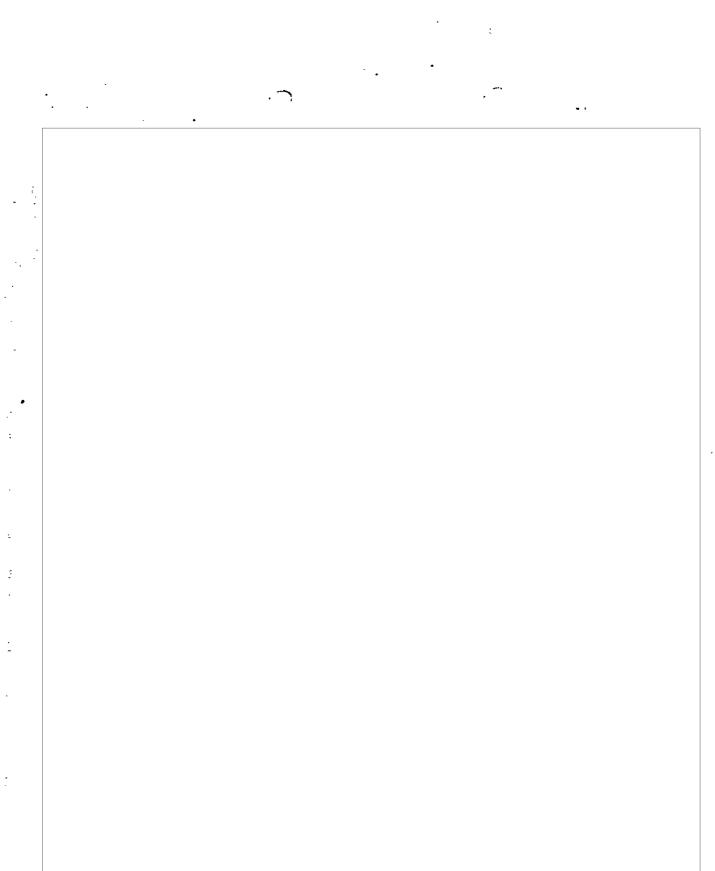


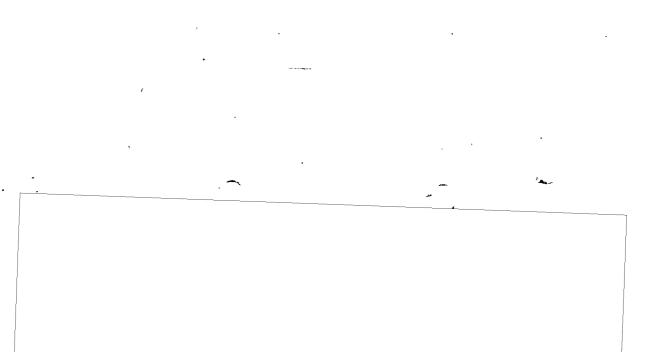
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Mr. John C. Hughes, c/o McCampbell & Co., 40 Worth Street, New York 13, Hew York.

#### Dear Johns

4-00000

By promised thoughts on a matter of our mutual concern, raised in your 28 January letter, are given in the duclosed copy of a letter being sent concurrently to Min Miller. You will note from the enclosure that Min knows we are forwarding you a copy of the letter to him. Min will certainly welcome your advice in planning the approach to the Defense Department. While the Director and I should, of course, like very much to assist in the effort to obtain the directive from Defense which Eucos explained to Lang was necessary, we feel that, for reasons of security, we should not do no initially and, for the same reason, we would rather have you carry the ball all the way, if possible.

AF in unmalify

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Min will undoubtedly keep us both advised of such efforts as he and long shall plan, and if in the course of their negotiations, an opportunity presents itself for either the Director or se to be of assistance, you inor that you may sount on us to do so. A copy of this letter is also attached, in case you have an opportunity to hand it to Hin.

My kindost personal regards to you.

Sincerely,

Aller W. Dulles

Attaciments 2 As stated above

CIO/NEV:tw (date ? ) Distribution: Addressee - original and / DDCI - 1 ER - 1 CIO - 1 RI - 2

# SECRET

				AD ALL	ORD SHEET
	ach comment n	umbered to	correspond	with the nu	" column. Under each comment a line should be draw umber in the "TO" column. Each officer should initi- outing Sheet should be returned to Registry.
FROM:					NO
SAR/R	?.J.Smi			·	DATE 27 March 1952
10	ROOM NO.	PLCFIVED	ATE FORWARTED	OFFICER'S	COMMENTS
	R				29 March 52
pc/Von Kal	2044		29 Mux	K	Dailey phoned me about this case a
C-PY		-			day or so ago and it seems that the is considerable pressure abuilding on the part of Mr. Scripps to be all
•			1		lowed to use the large balloons
Ció				TWB	overtly. He is hoping to be able t get an answer to these people prior
					to the April 2nd meeting. Whether this is possible or not, I do not know.
•					It may be that this question must b
· ·					raised again with the POCC since th
					were in on it at the beginning. Ac tually this may be an opportunity t have some overt agency do a job for
					us and the request should be evalua on that basis.
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# CONFRIENTIAL SECONTLY ALLONGATION

27 March 1952

#### MEMORALIDUM FOR: SPC

#### SUBJECT:

Leaflet Balloons for use in Psychological Warfare

1. On at least four occasions Mr. William Scripps, Detroit News, directly or indirectly has approached the Government with proposals for utilization of balloons for psychological warfare. Following is a list of the dates and method of these approaches:

a. 12 October 1950 - Letter from General V. J. Donovan to DCI enclosing "Operation Ballast." On 1 November 1950 William H. Jackson responded to this memorandum to the effect that this suggested operation was being referred to the appropriate persons and suggesting a subsequent meeting with Donovan to discuss this and other matters.

b. In November 1950 as we were undertaking planning for development of balloons with General Mills, we were informed that Mr. Scripps planned a general meeting to be held in Washington to discuss balloons. Through the General Mills Washington Representative Mr. Scripps was persuaded to keep his meeting general and was informed that the various agencies of the Government had the matter under consideration and considered that it would not be in the public interest at this time to disclose the nature of their findings. Consequently, Mr. Scripps forwarded us on 1 December 1950 a proposal "The Use of Free Balloons for Load Carrying Purposes" which we acknowledged on 11 December 1950.

c. On December 26, 1950 General Smith received a letter from Blair Moody summarizing a suggestion from Mr. William Scripps for encouraging defection of Chinese Communist troops. A routine response to his letter was sent 6 January 1951 from Mr. Jackson. I believe also Mr. Moody called upon the Director in early February of 1951 to discuss use of balloons for psychological warfare. ADFC addressed a briefing memorandum to DCI on 12 February 1951, Subj: Balloons for Carrying PW Material to Soviet Areas.

2. In September 1950 the NPSB requested that CIA should represent all interested agencies of this Government and should accordingly take steps to develop, procure and stockpile an appropriate number of scientifically designed balloons for future propaganda use in conditions of international emergency. At meetings of the NPSB on 13 February 1951 and 11 June 1951 it was agreed that OPC would procure and stockpile 1,000 large leaflet balloons for use by the appropriate agency when and if such use was authorised. The Board also agreed that inquiries which the various govern-

mental agencies

# CONTROLATION

mental agencies might receive concerning use of balloons would be answered to the effect"that the matter is under continuous study by agencies of the Government but disclosure of results at this time would not be in the public interest."

- ACCHERTAL

14-0000

3. A perusal of the NP3B minutes since June 1951 did not indicate further consideration by that group of the subject of balloons. From this we must infer that CIA still bears the responsibility of the commitment made by Mr. Wisnor for procurement.

4. For your information this research and devolopment has been conducted for CIA by General Mills with ONR

continued along with ONR's program of coumic ray research. Mg/obligated to ONR to deny a newspaper access to these drawings, specifications, movies and reports which bear a SECRET classification.

5. I might make one small suggestion that since Mr. Blair Moody is now a Senator and running for re-election in the next election, it might be possible to solicite his aid in bringing Mr. Scripps in line with adopted policy regarding balloons should it become necessary.

CONFIDENTIAL

ROSALYN J. SMITH

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TO	ROOM NO:	DA	FORWARDED	OFFICER'S	COMMENTS	•
1. VonKann	2044 K	Mini 26 155	1	MC	Attached is the Memorandum Record mentioned in our tel discussion 25 March 1952.	ephone
SAR				Formet	and specifications of this are in the possession of RD although the information is on hand at General Mills. carries a SECRET classificat	item D, also It
Won Kann	,	(8),	<b></b>	* », «*****	under our contractual arrang with the U.S. Navy. Quest	gements
( Ton Karm			aferita an in difficienciana a affeita nas			
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oo: G. J. Hughand

### Mr. F. B. Jovett, Jr.

C. B. Moore

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TELEPHONE CALLS, VILLIAN SCRIPPS, DETROIT NEWS

COST TREFT AL

3/18/52

On 7 March, William Scripps of the Detroit News, called and asked for price estimate in lots of 100,000 of a carrier balloon system which would carry 300 pounds great distances. On discussion, it appeared that he was interested in something equivalent to our interim system, so I told him we had made a quotation on such a piece of equipment in quantities for prices in the range of 0350 a unit. This piece of equipment under the expected wind condition, should carry 150 pounds 1500 miles and deliver it with the best possible accuracy from a balloon vehicle.

I asked him if he vanted specifications, but he said he would get these later. He was working with a group who would use them to carry propaganda, and he would see us in two weeks, and then would discuss and obtain exhibits. It was pointed out to him that this equipment and polyethylene were well controlled by the government. This appeared to be no problem to him.

Scripps called again on 18 March, and asked if we could attend a luncheon in Detroit Wednesday noon, the 2nd of April, and then go on to New York for a luncheon Thursday noon. We asked that we bring along data, cost estimates, exhibits, and all cales data, as well as novies, to this meeting. I asked if this had been cleared with Abbott's friends, and he didn't appear to know what I was talking about. I told him that some clearance would have to be obtained before either the gear was shown, or before it would be permitted to leave the country. Scripps is nost entimulastic about support forthcoming to carry such an operation forward, and felt that the State Department would interpose no objections for the program planmed.

Scripps asked that we confirm on 19 March whether or not you and I would be able to attend. This I promised to do. I would also like your guidance as to what course should be pursued in this. It is believed that certainly Dailey or Gates Lloyd should be made aware of this effort, so that we may deport ourselves accordingly. Incidentally, Bewey and Almy will be at both meetings, in New York and Detroit. Upon asked if we had any objections, I said, "Of course not."

CBMthe cc: J. R. Dmith G. O. Haglund

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27 Harch 1952

MERCHANDER FOR: Assistant Director for Policy Coordination Deputy Director (Plans) Deputy Director of Central Intelligence

SUBJECT:

Conversation with Admiral Hillor

I shall make a practice of bringing to your attention current matters for discussion between Admiral Hiller and me, the first of which took place today and covered the following itoms:

1. At the suggestion of Bob Lang, seconded later by NCFE's Chairman, Joseph Grew, Admiral Miller Wants to hold at the Princeton Inn on the 10th and 11th of Eay a general discussion of United States policy toward Iron Cortain countries, with particular emphasis upon what now lines, if any, Radio Free Europe should take. The background of this, according to Admiral Miller, is that Lang and others within RFE feel that the time is running out behind the Iron Curtain, that the people are ready for revolution and that we cannot continue such longer the "hold everything" line. They want to gather a group of experts, including Hessrs. Wisner and Bulles, to discuss what policy we should now adopt.

# Action

I see no reason why we shouldn't have such a general bull session and I will not attempt to discourage it unless instructed.

2. Admiral Miller recently had a talk with Frank Altschul who complained somewhat of his treatment at the hands of NCPE and CIA, saying that he had never even had so much as a word of thanks for the work he did. Miller suggested that the DDI might want to write such a letter and that, if so, a similar letter should go to Dewitt foole.

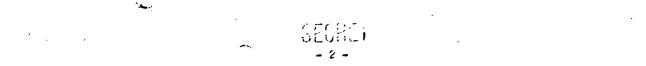
Action

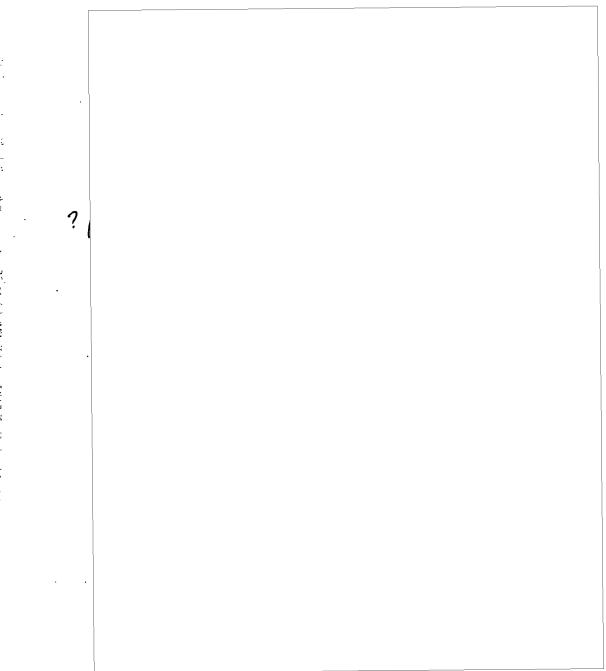
I therefore suggest that the DD/B, when he finds an carly opportunity to write to Altschul on some matter, mention his gratitude.

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6. On 28 January John Hughes wrote a letter to Mr. Dulles asking CLA's view of the problem of the evacuation of RFE employees in Munich and elsewhere in the event of war. He said he thought this problem was extremely important and there had been no answer to the letter.

# Action

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14-00000

This Division received this letter last week and we are working on it. Meantime I suggest Hr. Dulles sign the attached note to John Hughes.

aucas W. Buader THOMAS W. FRADEN

Chief International Organizations Division

Attachment Draft ltr to John Hughes.

CIO: TWB/eh

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Orig - DDCI (thru DD/P & ADPC) 2 cc - CIO 2 cc - RI

SECFILI

# LIBUSS SECURITY NITCENATION

27 March 1952

# MINORANDUM FOR: Assistant Director for Policy Coordination

SUBJECT:

14-00000

# Crusade for Freedom

Today the Director discussed with Kr. Henry Ford, II the possibility of his assuming the Chairmanship of the Grusade for Freedom next year. I understand that Mr. Ford is warm.

THOMAS W. BRADEN

Chief International Organizations Division

SECRET

# In reply refer to: W-1934

26 March 1952

Dear Mine

14-00000

A little incident has caused a bit of trouble and a flurry of cables here that I think you can correct very quickly. Spencer Phenix's assistant, Kr. Hiller, has written to telling that Hiller has been called in by our shop and questioned in detail about recent accounting.

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blether or not he was questioned in detail is a matter on which be and I might disagree but is really of no consequence since the accounting by ______ should normally go through us to Hiller, and I think you would agree that we had a right to ask questions about it. what bothers me a little, however, is Killer's writing to _____, giving details of how our two offices work together. ______, it turns out, was annoyed by the content of Killer's letter, not so Each at Hiller as at us. His annoyance is misplaced but if there had been no mention by Killer of details of our relationship there would have been no annoyance.

I presume you know of ______ close affiliation with ______ and the possibility that this small thing will reverberate around and around the usual vicious circle. Can you explain to Miller how these little incidents can get blown up into big issues and ask him to use a little more discretion in the future?

Sincerely,

Oliver E. Hadwood

Admiral H. B. Hiller Hational Committee for a Free Europe, Inc. 110 S. 57th Street Eow York 19, How York ClothEach Orig - Addressee 1 cc - Executive Off. 2 cc - Clo-2 cc - RI

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# STEURITY INFOS SECRET 25 March 1952

#### MEMORANDUM FOR: EE-2 WE-3

EUFJECT:

14-00000

Establishment of a "Propagunda Section" in SHAPE under Control of an Hungarian Refugee.

Summarized below is a report from with regard to the reported establishment under the control of an Hungarian refugue of a "propaganda section" in SHAPE:

"The first rumors are somewhat vague with regard to a new propaganda scrvice which will be established in Eisenhower's Headquarters. It is a Supreme Direction of propaganda as was the case during the last war. This service will comprise military sections for propaganda on the other side of the Iron Curtain including parachute activities; also sections for · classic propaganda.

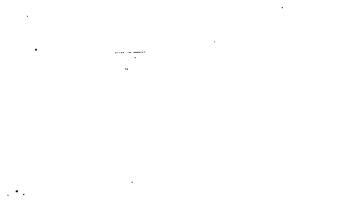
"According to source's information, the head of the section for the countries of Eastern Europe will be Mr. Mihaly Zoldheyli, an Hungarian who is a Colonel of the Reserve in the French Army. Mr. Zoldheyli, about 50 years old, has had an interesting carear. He left Hungary after the first revolution, he lived several years in the United Status, he enjoyed, as a socialist, support of American labor, and it was at their initiative that he joined the front in Spein. Of the left, but anti-Communist, he was one of the chiefs under the pseudonym of General Sentiago. Returning to France he was interned, then liberated from the camp at the personal intervention of Jules Moch, a leading French socialist politician (recently Minister of Defense). Under the pseudonym of Major Michel, he was one of the heroes of the anti-Nazi resistance in Southern France. He appeared to be the only officer in the French Army who did not have French nationality. He is married to a Frenchwoman and has one child. He now works in Paris in the office of the Force Ouvriers. He appears to be a man of confidence to both the Americans and the French."

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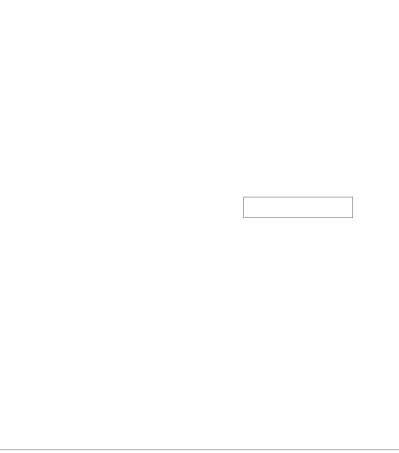
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25 March 1952

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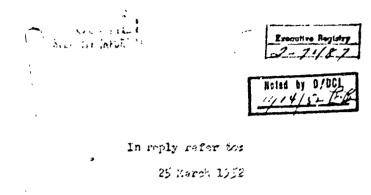
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# MMORAEDUE (ME: Assistant Director for Folicy Chordization (Deputy Director (Flans)) Deputy Director of Control Intelligence

SUBJECT:

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Attached Latter from Spencer Frenz

Attached is a letter from Spencer Lientx to Sok Larg in which Phenix details the story of his efforts to reach agreement with the German authorities on the status of RFE theer the new post-HICOG government. I would judge that Spencer has done a wonderful job to date and that things are on the track, but I think you would be interested in reading his letter and the second attachment, which is the memorandum of understanding with the German Government on which he is now working.

TIO AS W. LIU

Chief International Organizations Maision

Attachment Ltr 3 Mar 52 to Bob Lang.

Paris, March 3, 1952

#### Dear Bob,

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I have not done much reporting on our Gervan negotiations for several reasons; first, there was not much to report and, second, whatever there was Dick Condon undertook to forward from Munich. I did write C.D. a couple of letters outlining our delays and some of our uncertainties, and last week I cabled him that I would send a more detailed narrative when I got to Paris. As he is now technically no longer President of NCFE, and as Admiral Miller may not have been completely informed of all thatwe are trying to do, I am addressing this to you, with copy to each of them.

In the first place, let me say that progress during the last half of last week was surprisingly speedy and encouraging. There are still any opportunities for the well known "slip "twixt the cup and the lip", and local German political considerations could rear their ugly heads at any moment. I think it must also be understood that, as Dick Condon puts it, no matter now many nor how good written agroements we may have covering our operations, the whole RFE enterprise in Germany Will have to be played pretty much by ear once the contractual agreements take effect. I regard this, however, as an inescapable risk, and I mention it now only to esphasize the paramount importance of the utmost care in programming and in conduct to evolve a boror which could upset our entire apple-cart. The very favorable report which your friend Asher Lee made after his hurried inspetion of Munich underlines the need for regular spot check on program output to avoid howlers, and the need for this once our relationship with the Germans is no longer through the Occupation Authorities or HICOG is even more imperative.

Dick Condon sint you from Munich the text of the proposed Bundespost license which we arreed on with Dr. Schuster on Ferruary 19, 1952, and this should long since have reached you.

Our Bonn ne otistions resulted in the acceptance of this text, with two exceptions:

1) Sub-clause 2 of Article II is eliminated. You will remember that the Bundespost Wished to insert a provision autoprizing license concellation if RFE should broadcast anything which with will be the opinion of the Federal Government that the transmissions will prejudice the interest of the Federal Republic". We objected to this on two grounds:

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- a) that such provision had no logical place in a technical license, and
- b) that it made or position far too precarious since it exposed us to license cancellation practically at the whim of any German burgaucrat,

and we persuaded Dr. Schuster to leave it out of the license and let up discuss the problem at Bonn. At Bonn, we were fortunately able to persuade the Foreign Office officials that such a prevision had no technical place in the license, and that whatever should be said on the subject should be said in an exchange of latters, or the equivalent, between the Foreign Office and ourselves. Accordingly, Article II now contains but one clause.

> 2) Question was reised by the Foreign Office officials at Bonn regarding the length of the

license. The text Dick sent you provides for validity until August 31, 1960. The reason I chose that date was that it is the expiration date of our lease on the Holzkirchen transmitter site, and I thought that if an arbitrary term were to be fixed that tying it in with the Holzkirchen lease gave it a plausibility which would help acceptance - and that proved to be the case so far as the Bundespost was concerned.

The Foreign Office people told us, however, that numerous duestions had been asked in the Bundestag regarding RFE and its programs, and that for the Ooverment to give us a license for as long as eight years would cause serious criticism. We are a peculiar sort of animal, anyway, and for our irregular activities to be blessed with such long term approval would, they thought, be unwise for both their and our points of view. Accordingly, they successed a fouryear period: I countered with five, dating from the date of license issuance which (since it cannot take place before the contractual agreements become effective, may well be late in 1952) will give us considerably more than five years life expectancy. My own feeling is that if we have not done our job within five years, we might as well pull down the shade and go home. In any case, my counter proposal was, se I said, accepted, and Article JII of the license will now read;

> "This license shall be valid for a period of five years commencing with the date of its issuance and will be automatically extended thereafter from year to year unless written notice of ter inction is given by one party to the other not less than 90 days prior to the next expiration date."

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So such for the license, the terms of which were shown to our HICOG friends and regarded by them as highly favorable.

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Our political discussions suffered from a variety of frustrations. We agreed on the license terms with the Bundespost on February 19th, and an appointment were made for us to see Dr. Lens - the efficial to whom Doctor Adenauer had referred our problems - at noon on Thursday, February 21, 1952. Dick and I, therefore, took an early train from Frankfort and were met at the Bonn station by Fritz Kempner who told us that the appointment had been cancelled as Dr. Lens had been called to the Chancellery on an urgent matter. Fritz said that he had been told that if we went to Dr. Lenz's office, his assistant would make a definite appointment for us later. We did this, and were received by a smooth and non-committed individual, who said he would not be in touch with Dr. Lenz until nine o'clock that evening, and could not make any definite date until after he had spoken with Lenz.

I had the very uncomfortable feeling that we were being given a run-around, and Fritz Was very much annoyed. We finally got the young chap to agree that he would try to reach Lenz before evening, and that we would tolethone him during course of the afternoon to know what information he had been able to obtain. We telephoned repeatedly, but the answer was always the same: "nothing to report". Dick and I, therefore, took the train back to Frinkfort, while Fritz stayed in Bonn and, in the evening, he telephoned that he had finally got some information from Lenz! young assistant that Lenz had turned the entire matter over to a regular Foreign Office official named Strohm, and that we were to make arrangements to see Strohm. Fritz said that he had endeavored to do this, but had been told by Strohm's office that he could not be sure to see us until Thursday, the 28th, although Vednesday, the 27th, was a slight possibility.

As I think I wrote C.P., the Pasching celebrations were reaching their climax over that weekend, and the first two days of the next week, and I have no doubt that Strohm's unavailability was, to a certain extent, related to Fasching. Fritz said that during his visit to the Forei n Office building he noticed that the rooms were all decorated with Fa ching decorations, so that even the highest officials apparently take Fasching sericusly. Not wanting to make another fruitloss trip to Bonn, I decide: we would accept Strohm's appointment for Thursday, February 28th.

At 10.30 AN on Thursday, February 28th, Dick, Fritz and I presented ourselves at Strohm's office. We were not by a sober and not too effusive individual, named Bruckner, who informed us that, unf runstely, Dr. Strohm had been called away from his office, that he would return as soon as

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he could and that, mesnyhile, he - Bruckner - would be glad to start preliminary discussions.

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Again, I placed a conservat sinister interpretation on what appeared to be a chronic tandency on the part of the Ger an officials authorized to negotiate with us to be absent whenever we put in an appearance for the purpose of negotiating with them. My pessinism was increased by the very rigid and uncooperative attitude of Bruckner, although I realized that having no authority and probally having been insufficiently briefed he was, noturally, keeping his neck well within the protection of his collar. In any case, he brought up some of the stickiest questions connected with our operation, talked of parliamentary interpeliations, of the responsibility of the German authorities for anything broadcast from German soil, of the importance of German participation in determining program content, of the dangers of arousing refugee antagonism, and so on and so forth.

After an hour of this, I was ready to call it a day and suggest that we come back when we could talk to Strohm but, fortunately, at that moment Strohm care in and the entire atmosphere changed. He apologized profusely - and epysrently sincerely - for the delay, expresses hirself anxious to cooperate in every possible way to meet our requirements, brushed aside some of the technicalities raised by Bruckner, and got down to the essentials very rapidly. We went over the ground we had previously gone over with Bruckner, we explained our jurpose and kept our feet fairly firmly planted on the principles which we regarded as basic. The result of our long discussion was substantial agreement on the two things that sattered most;

- a) license term of five years, and
- b) no unguilified cancellation right of the kind first sug ested by the Bundespost, and more or less insisted upon by Bruckner.

The area of agreement was so broad that we suggested an adjournment to per it us to put in writing the agreement we had reached, return with it to the Foreign Office, and agree upon a final text.

Fritz was a little too optimistic recarding the task that lay before us, and it was die r an hour or so before the time fixed for our aft moon appointment that we would not be ready, so we telephoned to Strohm and postponed the appointment until the next day at noon. We worked all afterno n at HICOG, and until after midnight in our Cologne hotel. We had talked about an exchange of letters as the vehicle for the agreement, but it became difficult to determine who was writing what to whom since the Germans could not very well offer to give us something we had not asked for, and we, the New York State Corporation, could hardly demand certain rights from the German Government.

Nothing that we ware able to compose satisfied my requirements until shortly before midnight the use of a new forgula, nearly, a memorandum of understanding between me, representing NCFE, and Dr. (whether Strohm, Lenz, or Hallstein -which I do not know) representing the German Government, could be initialed and made the basis for agreement. This forgula broke the montal log-jam, and we fid a paper, a copy of which is anclosed.

Friday morning, we want back to HICOG, Pick typed the manuscript which Fritz and I had prepared, and we took a copy in to Sam Reber. Sam reised a few questions which we were easily able to answer, made one suggestion, namely, the insertion of the word "basic" in the 8th line on page 3, then expressed himself as completely satisfied. He attached the very greatest importance to getting from the Germann the endorsement of RFE's objectives, which they had given to us orally and which we expressed in the paragraph commencing at the bottom of page 2. He thought we would have accomplished the almost impossible if we obtained such written endorsement.

From HICOG we want direct to Dr. Strohm's office, showed him the memorandum (Fritz had not had time to prepare a German translation and we were afraid this might delay matters, but Strohm said he found the text entirely clear) and got from him intediately a practically complete approval. Bruckner joined us a little later, and he followed Strohats lead. There were only two points of difference between us, and neither of them did I repord as substantial. You will see that on page 4 I asked for agreement that the German Government would cooperate with us to the fullest possible extent in respect of three items, only one of which, namely, (c) was within the competency of the Foreign Office. Strohm and Bruckner argued very logically that the Foreign Office could not bind the Finance Ministry or any other Ministry of the German Government and advised very earnestly against seeking in advance to obtain the approval of the Finance Ministry. I recognized the validity of both these points. I incorporated items (a) and (b) in the paper because I did not enow who would sign on the part of the Gamen Government. Had it be a Adenauer or, by his instructions, Helistein, it could be argued that their signatures did in offect bind the entire Government. If, however, it was to be Strohm, as he indicated it would be, then, obviously, he was without power in the provises. It we agreed, therefore, that (a) and (b) would be omitted, and that instead thereof Strohm would draft a general clause binding the Forei n Office to cooperate to the fullest puscifie extent with NCFB in reaching satisfactory solutions of any problems arising between HCFE and any

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# Ministries of the German Government.

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Item (c), obviously, van intended to cover particularly the question of vises for Poles now in London who had been recruited for program work in "unich. In our talks on Thursday, Strohm had provised to facilitate the entry of these Poles, and said that if Dick would dend in their names, birth dates and any other identifying information we had he would instruct the German Consul in London to issue the visas, and that general instructions would, if we wished, be sent out to the effect that possession of an employment letter from NCFE would be sufficient justification for the issuance of a visa, subject only to the scourity question. On that point, Strohm expressed the wish that our recruits be screened for us by CIC. We pointed out the impracticability of this.

I call your particular attention to the language of the two full paragraphs on page 3. This was very carefully devised, and I an convinced that it is more favorable to us than we had any reason to expect. As I told you, Rober accepted it with the single change mentioned above. Nelson and Thurston thought it excellent, and Charloy Lewis, to whom I showed it Friday, said it was "the optimum".

The G-reans had indicated a denire for some kind of a pre-scrutiny of our programs to avoid political conrlict. This would, of course, have fatelly crippled our effectiveness, so the language that I drafted was drafted for the purposes of emphasizing the post-broadcast nature of any German scrutiny. In order to avoid frivolous complaints from any German official, I stipulated that any protest must reach NCFE through the Yoreign Office. This, also, places NCFE in a position to put any such controversy before the State Department, and if the issue involved is a substantial one to have the State do the necessary vis-a-vis the Foreign Office. If, notwithstanding the Ger an protest, and notwithstanding the intervention of the State Department, should the latter wish to become involved, RFE continued to violate the German request, I phrasod the next step as in-volving the surrender by us of the license rather than its cancellation. This may be a fine point, but I falt it inter-posed one more step between the fall of the guillotine axe and the drop ing of the head in the basket. I found, to my relief, that the us of the Portuguese formula, namely the filing of the broadcast tapes for thirty days to per-it examination by the Gormans was a completely acceptable device, and you will note that I cases this procedure on the desirability of providing a "factual basis for the consideration of any question".

We left with Dr. Strohm a copy of this meterandum of understanding, and he undertook to prepare and forward to me in Paris a draft of a letter incorporating our agreement as set forth in the metorandum, with the mo iffections outlined above, which the Foreign Office would be prepared orricially to address to NCFE immediately upon the coming into effect of the contractual agreements, and which would have attached to it a copy of the license which would be granted by the Hundespost as of the date of the cowing into effect of the contractual acreements. This letter, when acknowledged and accepted by NCFE, would constitute, with the license, the agreement between the parties. Dr. Strohm promised to have the draft in Paris by Wednesday or Thursday of this wook.

Fritz to in iondom this week in connection with the Ger an dubts negotiations, but will return for the weekend at which time he and I will go over the draft together. It so as to both of us unlikely that we shall be able to accept Dr. Strohm's draft without any ename whatsoever, and it will; therefore, probably be necessary for us to go back to Bonn for one or perhaps two days to iron out any remaining difficulties to agree on a final text and to initial such text with the Germans for the purpose of recording our agreement.

Both Fritz and I are actonished at the apparent ease with which our nemotistions progressed. We were able to reach adjocant on the most important questions concorned, but we are both cautious and we both realize that between last Friday's agreement and next Thursday's draft latter there may be some v at divergencies, but certainly if the spoken word can be relied upon, and if a friendly, cooperative and even generous attitude on the part of the principal German officials of the Eundospost and Foreign office to whom we spoke is significant, the German authorities are genuinely anxious to make it possible for RYE to continue to operate effectively. I think that we are all justified in feeling very much encouraged by what it has been possible to accomplish in the past two weeks.

If the above time schedule can be observed, and if not later than Tuesday of next week we can have the documents in final shape and duly initialed, I plan to leave Paris for Lisbon, via Penair do Grasil, on Thursday, the 13th, stay in Lisbon not more than one week, and be back in New York around the 21st.

I enclose a copy of the Explicit translation of the proposed Bundespost license as a read upon on February 19th, with the ne Article III referred to above, and a copy of the draft Memorandum of Understanding dated February 29, 1952, so that you key have before you all the ral vant papers.

Sincervly yours,

Nr. Robert E. Lang, Director, RFE, 110 Vest 57th Street, Nev York 19, N.Y. - U.S.A.

14-00000

cc Mr. C.D. Jackson, Adviral Miller, Mr. J.C. Hughes, Mr. F.C. Kompner

- The Bundesminister fuer das Post- und Renneldevesen hereby I. grants to the NCFE, a membership corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York (USA) recognized in the Federal Republic as a foreign "Verein", a licence to operate the radio installations listed and specified in the Annex as foreign radio station on German territory on the following conditions.
  - 1. In operating the radio installations the NCFE will use only the frequencies and call signs al ocated to it from time to time by the competent authorities of the USA, and duly notified by said authorities to the competent organs of the International Telecommunications Union.
  - 2. The radio installations may be only operated for breadcasting purposes (Radio Regulations Chapter I Article I Section II n. 21 and 22) of the NCFE; international point to point connections for broadcasting purposes are also permitted subject to the consent of interested foreign administrations; for purposes of third putles the radio installations may not be used without prior written consent of the BPMin.
  - 3. Without prior written consent of the BPMin NCFE is not permitted to change the technical specifications of the above mentioned regio transmitting installations or to put additional radio transmitting installations into operation; changes in frequencies and call signs/must be notified to the BPMin /Used

# in advance. Broadcasting Services

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- 21 a) A radioco.munication service of transmissions to be received directly by the general public. 22 b) This service may include transmissions of sounds or trans-
- missions by television, facsimile or other means.

4. The radio instaliations will be operated in accordance with the provisions of the International Telecommunications Convention presently in force (Atlantic City 1947) and the Radio Regulations annexed to said convention and any conventions or Regulations, to which the Federal Republic is a party which may take their place.

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- 5. In the event of interference by NCPE radio installations with German radio services NCFE in consultation with the DBP will tak necessary measures to eliminate the interference as rapidly as possible.
- 6. Duly accredited representatives of DBP shall be accorded free access to all technical installations of NCFE's radio stations in Germany during office hours as well as outside office hours, the latter only upod prior notification.
- 7. NCFE shall reimburse DEP for all sums which DBP is obliged to expend as a result of accidents suffered by any of its employees in the performance of their duties on the premises of NCFE.
- 8. The license fee for the above-mentioned radio installations is fixed at \$ 10,000.-- per year, payable in advance in quarterly instalments on the first of each quarter by remittance to Bank Deutscher Laender in favor of the Generalpostkasse of DBB, except that as^afirst installment there shall be paid an amount computed pro rata tomporis from the date of the license to the first of the next following quarter. II. This license is not transferable. It can be revoked at any time without notice if

- 1) one of the conditions of the license (I) should be violated and such violation should continue despite request to desist;
- III) This license shall be valid for a period of five years containing with the date of its issuance and will be automaticall extended thereafter from year to year unless written notice of termination is given by one party to the other not less than 90 days prior to the next expiration date.
- IV) In the event of revocation (II) or of expiration (III) of the license the operation of the radio installations shall be discontinued at once.

- 3 -

### 29 Feb 1952

Nemorandum of understanding between Hr. Phenix, representing the NCFE and Dr. _____, representing the Federal German Republic

Mr. Phonix stated that the NCFE had been founded in 1949 by a group of private American citizens animated by the desire to encourage by positive measures the oventual liberation from the communist yoks of the peoples of the enclaved countries of Central and Eastern Europe, He explained that with the help of endowments and public contributions to the Cruezde for Freedom, the Committee had undertaken, among its other activities, the operation through Radio Free Europe of radio broadcasting installations through which it disseminated to listeners in the Iron Curtain countries programs especially prepared by the Committee for the furtherance of its objectives. He pointed out that Radio Free Europe had constructed and was presently operating transmitter stations at Holskirchen and Biblis, had erested a large studio and office building in Munich and maintained a large monitoring establishment at Schleissheim and that its programs were prepared with the help of leading scholars, journalists, waministrators and economic experts, and men of letters who have escaped from the communist control of their native land.

Kr. Phenix explained that the installation of RFE facilities in the United States Zone of Germany had been during effected by the NCFE the occupation of that Zone

Draft

by the U.S. Army and that the operations of RFE had been, and were being facilitated by the U.S. Army authorities because of RFE's status as an accredited American information agency. He observed that the NCFE was concerned lest the termination of the Occupation Status would, in the absence of specific agreement with the Federal German Republic, result in hampering the work of RFE and impairing its effectiveness, and that, with the approval of the Department of State, negotiations had been carried on with the BPKin which had resulted in agreement as to the terms of a license which would be granted by the BPKin to NCFE immediately upon the termination of the Occupation Statute. A copy of that license is appended hereto.

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Hr. Phenix called attention to the fact that this license dealt with the technical aspects of RFE's radio broadcast operations and that there were several non-technical matters which required clarification before the HCFE would feel justified in undertaking the long range program it has under consideration.

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was giving NCFE an assurance that RFE's operation in Germany would not be interfored with, but on the contrary would be facilitated and helped by the Foderal Government.

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From his viewpoint there was only one reservation he had to make: RFE would be expected to refrain from using its broadcast facilities on German soil for the purpose of advocating and promoting political ends which the Federal Government comsidered in conflict with its even basic policies. Hence, the Federal Government would have the right, officially to notify NCFE through the Foreign Office of any such conflict. Should the German stations of RFE thereupon not refrain from advocating and promoting the policies to which the Federal Government had objected, the Federal Government would have no choice but to require the surrender by NCFE of its license and the discontinuánce of its broadcast operations from German territory.

Nr. Phenix stated that he understood the reasons for the views expressed by Dr. _____, accepted his reservation, and agreed to the procedure outlined, and that to provide a factual basis for the consideration of any question which might arise in respect of RFE broadcasts the latter would keep on file for a period of 30 days from the date of use all tapes recording programs broadcast from RFE transmitters in Germany so that any questioned program would be available to the appropriate German authorities when requested by them. Hr. Phenix then emphasized the importance attached by NCFE to certain other Aspects of the operating problems of RFE, for examples

(b) that NCFE be recognized as a non-profit organization of public interest and that in respect of its operations in Germany it and its employees are entitled to no less favorable treatment than any comparable German non-profit corporation or entity.

(c) that the non-German personnel now employed by NCFE in Germany be permitted to remain in Germany while so employed and that additional non-German employees be permitted to enter Germany for such employment subject only to the right of the competent Germany authorities to deny entry to any indivi wal whose presence in Germany would in their epinion prejudices German internal security.

Dr.______ stated that he recognized the importance of these elements in the operation of RFE in Germany and that the Federal German Republic would cooperate with NCFE to the fullest possible extent in meeting its requirements with respect thereto.

MATCHAR FOR THE LINGER, INC.

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