CIA HAS NO OBJECTION TO DEGLASSIFICATION ARBJOR RELEASE OF THIS DOCUMENT

I'D-204 (Rev. 1.3.59;

....

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DBA (17.3)

Copy to:

Report of:

PRANCIS J. O'BRIEN

Dates

2/28/64

Field Office File # 105-42570

Or New York, New York

Bureou File 4:105-114543

Title:

0

JUNTA REVOLUCIONARIA CUBANA (CUBAN REVOLUTIONARY JUNTA) (JURE)

Characters

INTERNAL SECURITY-CUBA REGISTRATION ACT-CUBA

Synopsies

NY T-1 advised that RCBIN MOORE, who offered his Jamaican property to Junta Revolucionaria Cubana (JURE), was leaving 12/18/63, for Saigon, Vietnam, and would not be able to accompany a JURE member to inspect his property, "Blue Lagoon". ISMAEL RODRIGUEZ, a JURE member, advised that MANUEL RAY was in NYC on 12/19/03 and told JURE members that President ROMULO BETANCOURT of Venezuela was financially assisting JURE. NY T-2 advised that twelve men, well-trained in infiltration and guerilla fighting, were recently moved from Miami to Puerto Rico.

NY T-1 and NY T-2 advised that RAUL CHIBAS, delegate of JURE in NYC, recently brought bonds from Miami, Florida, for sale in New York to equip and outfit men for fighting in Cuba. NY T-1 also advised he discussed the sale of M-1 and "Enforcer" guns with CHIBAS, and CHIBAS) stated he had to discuss the purchase of the guns with "MANOLO" RAY. RAUL CHIBAS advised that he continues his association with, and leadership of, JURE in New York. CHIBAS stated that all military matters for JURE were under the direct control of "MANOLO" RAY. CHIBAS advised that recently five anti-CASTRO erganizations joined with JURE.

B.B AS DEGITATE: WITH ARCK

CS COPY

19-300-4

This document contains neither recommendations not conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN APPROVED FOR RELEASE, AS SANITIFED, BY

DETAILS:

NY T-1 on December 17, 1963, advised that he had been in contact with ROBIN MOORE on December 10, and 17, 1963, relative to MOORE's contemplated trip to his estate in Jamaica Loh he had offered to members of the Junta Revolucionaria (NUSANA (JURE) for their contemplated action against Cuba. MY T-1 stated that MOORE told him that due to his previous commitments, ne would be unable to go to Jamaica with a member of JURE to inspect his property there which is known as "Blue Lagoon".

NY T-1 advised that MOORE informed him that he would be leaving New York on Encember 18, 1903, to go to Saigon, Vietnam, to gather material for the book he was going to write on the United States Special Forces who are stationed there. MOORE told NY T-1 that he had contacted HOWARD JENNINGS, a friend of his in Jamaics and told him that one or two members of JURE may come to inspect "Blue Lagoon" and that he, JENNINGS, should assist: whoever comes. NY T-1 had stated that MOORE told him that JENNINGS was in the oil drilling, business, that he came originally from Texas and that he had formerly been in Cuba sometime previously and had gotten into trouble. MOORE told NY T-1 that JENNINGS would be very willing to assist any anti-PIDEL CASTRO organization in carrying out activities sgainst Cuba.

Cuben.

NY T-I also stated on December 17, 1903, that ANTONIO DE IA CARRERA, a member of JURE, who does public relations work for the organization in New York, advised him that the JURE had purchased two airline tickets to travel to Jamaica to inspect the property of ROBIN MOORE. DE IA CARRERA told NY T-1 that the airline tickets were purchased by JURE and paid for by ANGEL FIGUEREDO, who is the Treasurer for JURE in New York. DE LA CARRERA said to NY T-1 that JURE had not yet decided on who would travel to Jamaica and stated that they preferred that an American citizen pent so that they would not have to obtain a visa for a

-2-

ISMAEL ROERIGUEZ, 84-19 51st Avenue, Elchurst, Queens, Luder of URE, on December 20, 1903, advised that MANUEL, which have been presented at La Guardia Airport for several hours on the might of December 19, 1963, enumte to San Juan, Puerra Rico. RODRIGUEZ said that RAY called him from La Guardia Liport and asked him to pick up Dr. RAUL CHIBAS, a leader of URE, and bring him to the airport for a meeting.

ROWIGIEZ stated that he did what RAY had asked him and there was a meeting of RAY, CHIBAS, himself and several other individuals of JURE, held at the airport prior to RAY's departure. During this short meeting with RAY, RODRIGUEZ said that RAY told them that this is the teginning of the end for CASTZO". RAY stated that he expected activities against Cuba to begin sometime during January, 1904. During the meeting, RAY also said that the JURE was receiving financial assistance from president ROMULO BETAKOURT of Venezuela.

6(1)(4)

NY 2 on December 23, 1963, advised that following a recent trip to Puerto Rico by ROCELIO CISPEROS, JURZ leader in Mismi, Floria, it was decided that about 12 men to moved to Puerto Rico, who precously believed kept in Mismi by CARLOS ZERAGA, a member of JURS. NY 1-2 stated that among the 12 men sent to Puerto Rico were EDEL MONTIEL and VICENTE MENDEZ. NY 1-2 said that he did not know why these men had been moved from Mismi to puerto Rico, but the rumor within JURE was that they were men well-trainer in infiltration and guerilla fighting.

NY T-2 also stated on December 23, 1963, that SUAREZ QUINONES, a TIRE member in Venezuela, had come to the United States in order to organize the labor section of JEE.

NY T-2 further stated that FELIX HEIBLUI LEVIN, Delegate of JURE in New York, on December 22, 1963, submitted his resignation, but it was not immediately accepted. NY T-2 stated that HEIBLUM LEVIN resigned as a delegate because he will have the time to devote to his dware.

بالإمامة أرابيه الرابي المساورة

NY T-2 also stated on December 23, 1903, that "MANOLO"RAY, who was recently in New York, tried to obtain some C-4 explanives from an unidentified American, but was unsuccessful and the JUKE leaders in New York were discouraged over this failure.

NY T-2 advised on December 23, 1903, that he knew of no specific group within JUPE which had special training in the use of explosives. NY T-2 stated that if such a group of individuals existed within JURE who were well-trained in the use of explosives and sabotage, it would probably include the 12 individuals who had recently been sent from Mismi to Puerto Lico. NY T-2 stated that if such a highly trained group existed within JURE, he felt that ROGELIO CISNEROS of Mismi would probably be in charge.

c(·)(u)

NY T-1, on December 26, 1963, advised that he received a telephone call that day from RAUL CHIRAS in which CHIRAS made an appointment for December 30, 1963, to discuss with NY T-1 the purchase of weapons for JURE.

NY T-1 also advised on December 20, 1903, that CHIBAS told him that JURE has temporarily postponed the contemplated trip to Janaica to inspect the property which had been offered to them for their use by ROBIN MOORE.

NY T-2, on January 2, 1964, advised that RAUL CHIBAS went to Mismi, Florida, on December 25, 1963, on an undisclosed mission. CHIBAS returned to New York on December 30, 1963, together with ROSELIO CISNEROS, the Mismi leader of JURE, and

brought back with them \$5,000.00 in JURE bonds. NY T-2 stated that these bonds had been sent to Miami by MANDLO RAY from Puerto Rico. The bonds which were brought to New York by CHIBAS were distributed among JURE members in New York City tor sale to JURE members and sympathizers.

NY T-2 also advised on January 2, 1964, that the 12 men or so who reportedly were sent from Miami to Puerto Rico and are headed by EDEL NONTIEL, are now reported definitely to be in Puerto Rico. NY T-2 stated that these men are reported to be well-trained in infiltration tactics and guerilla fighting.

NX T-1, on January 3, 1904, advised that he spoke with RAUL CHIBAS who informed him that he had brought some bonds from Miari, Florida, for sale among people in New York. The bonds are in the amount of \$92.00 which the JURE feels will be the cost to outfit and equip one man for fighting inside Cuba. CHIBAS also told NY T-1 that JURE had 50 men trained and equipped to go into Cuba and that JURE was interested in purchasing 500 wcapons of the M-I and "Enforcer" type which were available through NY T-1. CHIBAS said that they desired to have 200 to 300 rounds of amounition for each gun purchased and they would like this equipment in 60 days. NY T-1 also said that CHIBAS wanted to know whether the amounities for the M-I and the "Enforcer" was interchangeable with the Belgian FALS.

4)(4)

NY T-1 advised that CHIBAS also told him on January 3, 1964, that they wanted to get people infiltrated into Cuba in groups of eight with effective and accurate transmitting equipment. CHIBAS also wanted to know whether or not the guns and ammunition available through NY T-1 could be delivered to the JURE in Costa Rica or if the guns and ammunition could be delivered to JURE on the high seas which alternative they preferred.

-5-

11-200-4

4/)(4)

MY T-1 covised on January 15, 1904, that he had ciscussed the purchase of weapons with RAUL CHIBAS in detail on hurry 14, 1954. He told CHIBAS that the M-I and the "Enforcer", an anti-juerilla gun, could be purchased by him from the Universal Fireerms Corporation, 374b East 10th Court, Hisleah, Florida. MY T-1 said that he told CHIBAS that the sale of these guns could only be made to legitimate governments or dealers.

MY T-1 stated that the cost of the .30 cerbine M-I was \$89.95, and the "Enforcer" was \$99.95. MY T-1 said that he told CHILAS that he could get these guns from the company in the neighborhood of \$00.00 each as he did not desire to make any profit on the sale of the guns to JURE.

6()(4)

NY T-1 said that CHIRAS informed him that he would have to consult with 'MANOLO" RAY and stated that they were definitely interested in 500 weapons mixed between the M-I and the "Enforcer" CHIRAS said that he would discuss this matter with RAY at the earliest opportunity and inform NY T-1 of RAY's decision.

IT T-1 also stated that he told CHIRAS to impress upon RAY that the sale of the weapons could only be made in a legitimate manner.

6()(4)

CHIBAS, according to NY T-1, stated that he was in favor of getting the fighting started inside Cuba as soon as possible without regard to the political ties of the individuals fighting. He also said that the success of the fight inside Cuba depended upon the defection of members of the militia, various army units, and the disenchanted and wavering Communists.

NY T-1, on January 15, 1964, also furnished a copy of the JURE bond which is being offered for sale. This bond is in the amount of \$92.00 and is for the purpose of purchasing a rifle and equipment for the fight in Cuba. It is signed by MANUEL RAY and the Treasurer of JURE, who is identified as J. J. MARABOTTO.

NY 105-1:2570

6(1)(4)

NY T-1. on January 20, 100, stated that he spoke on that day with Maround DE LA CARTER, no informed him that he had recently seen "Mirolo" RAY and that RAY had on his person a check in cheese of \$10,000.00. QEN LA CARRENA also stated that the JURE were attempting, at the present time, to obtain Puerto Rican birth certificates for the use of their people in travel to and from Puerto Rico.

4(1)(4)

Verge of joining with the Cuban Liberation Army which is headed by Commandante HUBERT MATOS who currently is serving a 30-year prison term on the Isle of Pines.

4(1)(4)

NY T-3, on January 21, 1964, advised that he had first become associated with the JUPE during a recent business trid to Puerto Rico. NY 4-3 advised that he had been a life long friend of SINICS DIAGO who currently has the position of Under-Secretary of Porsign Relations for the JUNE and resides in Pueruo Rico. NY T-3 advised that the Secretary of Foreign Relations for the JUNE and resides in Pueruo Rico. NY T-3 advised that the Secretary of Foreign Relations for Roberto AGRANDATE, a former leading figure in the Cuban Revolution headed by FIDEL CASTRO. Due to his age and physical infirmities, Dr. AGRAMONTE is not able to be too active and, as a result, CARLOS DIAGO handles more of the Foreign Relations for the JURE and is entracely close to and travels with "MENOLO" RAY.

NY T-3 advised that the JUNE just opened offices in New York City during the past week and the headquarters are located on West 43rd Street between 7th Avenue and Broadway. Dr. RAUD CHIBAS is the delegate of the JURE in New York, and just recently ANCEL FIGUEREDO was elected coordinator, and replaced FILIX MEIBLUM LEVIN who was unable to continue in office because of his employment. NY T-3 stated that an

individual (First Name Unknown) SANCHEZ is the Secretary of Acts, and that they have a new Treasurer whose name is FRANCO, but he had no further identifying information concerning him.

NY T-3 advised that all military matters for the JURE are in the hands of "MANOLO" RAY and his assistant, ROGELIO CISNEROS, who is the delegate of the JURE in Miami, Florida. NY T-3 advised that RAUL CHIRAS is the individual in conrect of military matters in the New York area.

MY T-3 also stated on January 21, 1964, that the JURE, under the leadership of RAY advocates the government ownership of utilities and certain businesses and clso advocates a policy of abrarian reform. NY T-3 advised that while he was in Puerto Rico during December, 1903, he had attended several meetings with his close friend, CARLOS DIAGO, and determined that there were committees within the JURE who were then working on the problems of ownership of properties and businesses and also working out reforms in the Agrarian Reform Law and also proposing continuation of cooperatives. NY T-3 stated that the main drawback within the JURE and outside the JURE is the Leftist tendency of 'MANOLO" RAY. NY T-3 said that he feels that RAY way have moderated his views on certain matters, but he still has views which to many have been labeled Leftiat. NY T-3 also stated that the criticism of RAY and the system proposed by the JURE, is still "Fidelismo Sin Fidel".

ISMAEL RODRIGUEZ on January 28, 1964, advised that the JURE was selling bonds in New York and each bond was in the amount of \$92.00. RODRIGUEZ advised that in conversation with RAUL CHIBAS, CHIBAS told him that the time was about right to start fighting inside Cuba. Although there has not been

anything offinitely accomplished regarding fighting inside Cius, nevertheless, wen have been infiltrated inside Cuba.

RODRIGUEZ also said that ORIANDO CASTRO, the delegate of JURE in Venezuela, had been recently elected as a member of the JURE because of his close connection with President BETANCOURT of Venezuela and because of the financial assistance being given to JURE by BETANCOURT. RODRIGUEZ advised that the JURE recently opened beautienters in New York and advised that they are located at 104 west 13rd Street, New York.

phone call from RAUL CHIRAS and advised that he had a telephone call from RAUL CHIRAS and advised that CHIRAS told him that there was some delay in the JURE plans to begin fighting in Cuba, but that these plans were still in effect. CHIRAS said that he was still teaching school at we have park high school and intended to stay on until the end of the present term. CHIRAS said he had no further word from MANOLC PAY reparding the purchase of weapons other than that RAY preferred weapons of the same caliber as the FALS. CHIRAS said that RAY quit his job in Puerto Rico in order to devote his full time to the activities of JURE and has recently stated that he will be fighting in Cuba by May 20, 1964.

RAUL CHIBAS, 41-40 Demman Street, Elmhurst, Queens, on February 12, 1904, stated that he continues to be a Spanish instructor at New Hyde Park High School, Kineola, New York, and continues his association and leadership of the JURE in New York. CHIBAS advised that he is a member of the Executive Board of JURE which is beaded by MANOLO RAY. CHIBAS stated that the new coordinator of the JURE in New York is ANGEL FIGUEREDO, who formerly was the Treasurer of the organization in New York.

CHIEAS advised that he is in charge of military operations of the JURE and stated that all military matters were directly

under the control of "MANOLO" RAY. CHIBAS said that "MANOLO" RAY has made statements that he will be in Cuba by May 20, 1904. CHIBAS said that he believes that RAY is premature in this statement although he does not know precisely what RAY means by the statement.

CHIBAS advised that very recently five organizations neve joined under the leadership of JURE and this was announced in Mismi, Florida, about one week ago. CHIBAS said that the five organizations now aligned with JURE are:

- 1. Liberating Army of Cuba
- 2. Cuba Libre Movement
- 3. Revolutionary National Assembly
- 4. National Revolutionary Cuban Front and
- 5. Cuban Military Units who received training from the United States Army at Ft. Jackson, South Carolina.

NY T-4, on February 10, 1964, furnished copies of clippings from Miami newspapers which announced the joining of JURE by five anti-CASTRO organizations whose identities are set out above.

DBAGORA

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION NEW YORK, NEW YORK February 28, 1964

Title

Junta Revolucionaria Cubana (Cuban Revolucionary Junta)

(JURE)

Character

Internal Security-Cuba

Resistration Act-Cuba .

Reference

Report of Special Agent

Francis J. O'Brien at New York, dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

NY T-3, an informant, contact with when has been insufficient to determine his reliability.

This occupent contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is located to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.