

with a limited number of people. We believe the direction of the station is of high caliber, but not all the station effort is carefully directed at priority targets. Under current personnel ceilings, there is little hope of increasing the manpower evailable for this critical effort. Thus, both Headquarters and the station must carefully place emphasis on assignment of priorities and upon selective execution of the activities to meet those priorities.

Organisation for Operations

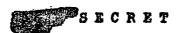
The Mexico City Station approaches the classic type station in opportunities and in operations. It has high-level operations, unilateral operations, joint operations with the host government, and Soviet, Satellite, Cuban, and indigenous Communist Party operations. It has local collaborative liaison with other U.S. agencies: the State Department, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Immigration and Maturalization Service and the military. To accomplish this wide range of tasks, the station is organized into the Soviet Branch, Cuban Branch, Satellite Branch, Covert Action Branch, Communist Party Branch, and an operational catch-all which is called the "Operational Support Branch." This latter branch is headed by a senior operations officer who has two assistants, but the branch in reality is an extension of the chief of station's personal clandestine capabilities, giving force and effect to that facet of the chief of station's personality as an operator. The deputy chief of station, in addition to his administrative duties, also personally handles the operations of three projects.

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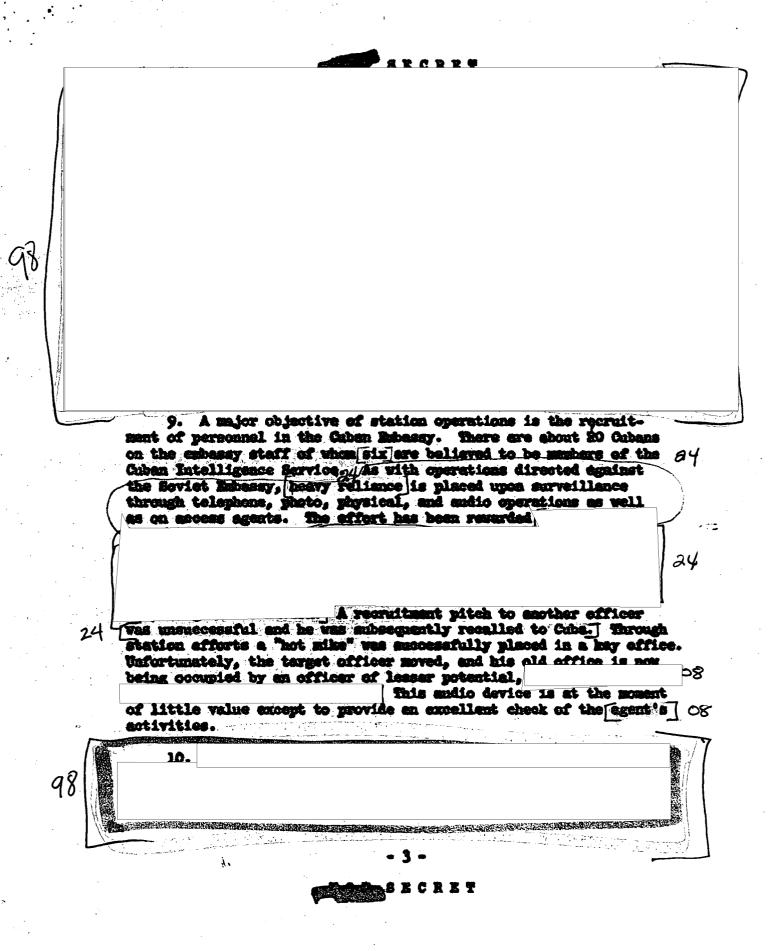
6. Mexico City is the only direct air link which Cuba has with the Western Hemisphere. It is the major transit point for all air travel to and from Cuba. Approximately 150 persons per week travel each way to and from Havana via Mexico City. This fact plays a prime role in shaping the station's operational activities. For example, over 10 per cent of the station's FI reporting on Cuban activities in the past year dealt with travel, both Cuban and non-Cuban, between Mexico City and Havana.

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II. The station's Cuben case officers must devote a substantial effort to responding to requests for support from other stations, chiefly AMAYE, with involvement in Cuben operations. Approximately 47 per cent of the station's cable traffic is concerned with Cuben operations. This volume alone is testimeny to the relative effort which must be devoted to the support of Cuben operations originating in other CIA stations. The Cuben case officers in Hemico City feel that the requirements to keep abreast of day to day activities and to handle the volume of paper left insufficient time for planning and development of an effective station operational program.

12. Operations are being conducted against the Cubar Rebeasy, and the results, while limited, are as satisfactory as may be expected in view of the target. Given Mexico City's strategic location astride the only direct air link to Cuba, more success should be achieved in recruiting agents in place in Cuba. This target has been assigned as Priority 1 to many Latin American countries and, if it is to be achieved at all, it is logical to expect that it will be done in Mexico City. To the extent possible, the Cuban case officers should be freed from the excessive support to other stations so they can concentrate on this target. The Chief, WH Division, should direct other stations to carefully screen Cuban requirements on Mexico City, with a view toward reduction of such requirements.

It is recommended that:

Ho. 67

The Chief, WH Division:

a. Instruct the Chief of Station, Mexico City, to concentrate Cuban case officer efforts on developing agent assets resident in Cuba; and,

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nately high sum for the services of a cutout in proportion to the total cost of the proposed project. These points, taken together, constitute a valid basis for terminating operations in connection with LIMPS.

It is recommended that:

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The Chief, WH Division, disapprove the proposal of Chief of Station, Mexico, for Project LIMPF and direct him to terminate operations in connection therewith.

18. The station has a highly successful project directed at the rural and peasent tergets. The principal agent is a

through whose efforts an extensive network of regional organisations have been established including youth groups, credit unions. agricultural co-ops and pessent unions.

It is recommended that:

No. 71

The Chief, WE Division, expend Project LINCOUR to include assistance in establishing a similar covert action project targeted on peasant groups in

Soviet Operations

19. Mexico is one of the four Latin American countries which maintain diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union thereby permitting the establishment of diplomatic installations in these

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24 countries. Because of the relative ineffectiveness of

Boviet activities in Mexico are not purperson to the same scruting as they are in the U.S. by the FSI and in Canada by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police. Soviet personnel in Mexico thus have a freedom of movement which facilitates the conduct of clandestine operations targeted not only against the U.S. but also against other Latin American countries where there is no Boviet official presence. In addition, Mexico's long border with the U.S. has only minimus guards. Travel between the U.S. and Mexico is heavy and clandestine border crossing can be relatively simile. The Soviet Enbassy in Mexico City, therefore, assumes more than the usual interest porsally attached to similar Soviet installations as targets for V.S. intelligence.

20. Soviet operations conducted by the station are directed 24 primarily at the personnel of the enbassy. At the present time. there are fifty-one officers attached to the embassy of whom thirtythree have been identified as masters of either the RGB or the CRU. It may be assumed that dependents and nonintelligence personnel. by performing various support functions, swell the total of those engaged in intelligence assignments. In its operations against the Boviets, the station is beavily dependent upon technical sollection through telephone taps, photographic coverage of the embessy. physical surveillance, and hidden microphones. These operations 24 produce masses of information cally on the activities of the Soviet 24

personnel, such as telephone conversations with persons outside the emberry, Complete photographic records of the coming and going of 24 [all persons]-Soviet and non-Soviet -- at the embassy, contents of embassy personnel outside the embassy, etc. Because of the strict security indoctrination of Soviet oversees personnel, the bulk of this information is low-level and not disseminable as positive in-

telligence. Its chief value, aside from occasional items of intelli- 24 gence interest or operational import, derives from its compilation in depth to reveal patterns of activities and contacts, indicative of intelligence missions of essociations, and to disclose behaviorial characteristics of individual Soviets which might be symptometic of a vulnerability to recruitment.

a period of time, the station has libentified Boviet officers in the NAB and GRU, and gained an insight into their modus operandi in executing intelligence assignments. This is itself is of value from a counterintelligence point of view even though exploitation against Soviete has been limited. Also, by colleting the mass of collected data into personality reports on persons attached to the 🖟 sebassy, the station hopes to be able to detect, foster, and even- 🖠 Nitually exploit any vulnerability to recruitment or detection—the

23. To evaluate properly the Soriet operations at Maxico City, which fely heavily on expensive fechnical collection devices would involve a basic emperament of the whole concept of Soviet operations, which is beyond the scope of this report. Despite the exploitation of material collected by technical means for the station, the primary objective of recruiting a Soviet national has not been achieved. Although the station's knowledge of Soviet intelligence activities centered about the embessy in]
Mexico City has been greatly sidened, it has led to little positive

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action to counter these activities as they might affect U.S. Interests. While all the U.S.S.R. diplomatic missions are targets of vital importance for U.S. intelligence, the Soviet Embassy in Mexico City has special significence because of its proximity to the U.S. The Mexico City Station has attacked this target with determination and immination. The Chief, SR Division, and his principal officers have commended highly the Soviet operations in Mexico City Station. The failure thus far to achieve the major objectives is testimony more to the impregnability of the target than to a lack of resourcefulness in attacking it. Thus, we believe that until some new sathods, forfaring greater promise of ultimate success are developed, the present mode of attack should be continued at the present level.

Ch. Probably the most significant contribution which the station's operations against the Boviets in Maximo City has made (B to the U.S. security has been peripheral to the Agency's mission there. The embassy has long been a magnet for disaffected Americans who want for one reason or another to establish contact with the Soviets. Through its technical coverage of the Soviet Rabassy, 24 the station has been able to spot and, through subsequent action, to these a number of such Americans, several of whom might have done untold damage to U.S. interests had they not been apprehended. In this respect, the station works elosely with the FBI. The Warren Counts ion's report on the assessination of President Mannedy made reference to information collected by station assets in connection with Oswald's activities in Maximo City.

25. The Estellite Branch, which is staffed by EE Division persoonel, has been diverting such of its recent time from its EE tergets to a Although there is no official government representation by the the

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Technical Operations

42. The station is heavily committed in the technical field with a large audio operation run jointly with the Mexican Govern-24 ment (LIMNOY), as well as a whilateral audio operation (LIFEAT). 24 The station has been imaginative in approaches to problems and willing to examine and experiment with the unusual. An example of this is the communications link between the station and the princi- 24 pal agent of LILIMA, which will be discussed later.

43. The LIENVOY operation, previously mentioned in connection with Soviet operations, resulted from 24

operation was approved, providing

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United States. This project is manned by selected Mexican Army 24 personnel, who are carefully screened end paid high incentive wages, 28 reducing their vulnerability to bribery. Other privileges add to the high esprit de corps essential to such an operation. The unit is managed by a career agent who transmits the take regularly to the station by clandestine means. This project has been fruitful in intelligence reports and has been of value in operational leads and in CE/CI information. The project also has a visual surveillance and a photo-surveillance capability. It was this project which provided data on the actions of Lee Earway Oswald in his famous visit to Maxico City.

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Mexican Covernment knowledgeable of all its anti-communist operations. Therefore, the station has continued its unlisteral audio

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RETURN TO CIA Background Use Only Do Not Reposition

- Exclude routine travel information and CI/CE information from TDCS and CS reports; and,
- d. Use the cable channel only for reports that are periabable or are of special intelligence interest.

Organisation for Administration

- 56. As in his direction of operations, the chief of station maintains a close personal hold upon the administrative life of his station. Such delegation as he makes does not include the greating of usual authority to a subordinate. For example, although the deputy has been delegated authority over the Registry, which vill be discussed in detail later, in reality the chief continues daily activities which have a marked effect on the Registry. station has a small, hard-working support section, handling financial and property matters, and the usual fine communications section.
- 57. Morale and health were generally good, although for a city as modern as Mexico there is an unusual emount of abdominal disorder known in Mexico City as "Montesums's Revenge." The esbassy furnishes edequate medicines, and medicines are available on the open market, although not always to be trusted. One incident was recently uncovered in which sulfur was consuled and sold as an antibiotic. Medical facilities have recently been improved by the opening of a new hospital which meets United States standards Physicians and surgeons are well trained and quite competent. Insofar as social life is concerned, morals in the station was excellent. Mexico City offers some of the finest social activities in the world, from booky-took to opera. There is local television, radio, and a great interest in music. There is a great deal of outdoor activity available -- evinming, tennis, golf, exploration of ruins, and vast city purks. Some sports activities are comparatively expensive. Masherehip in country clubs is prohibitive except for persons on the diplomatic list.
- One of the principal edministrative problems fating the Chief of Station, Mexico City, is his Registry. The Re handles the station files which are more complete than in any other station in the Wi Division. There are more than 9,000 personality files and a wast accumulation of JuS card files (mostly biographic) which continue to increase at the rate of 23 linear inches per month. The station's present level of activity precludes any reduction in the card index file, but aperture cards



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are assisting in some reduction of the personality files. The Registry also handles the pouching. This task is also the largest in the WH Division, particularly in lateral pouching. On one occasion, at Headquarters' request, Mexico City handled the lateral pouching to 35 stations and bases of one document.

19. The problems of the Registry are compounded by the lack of training provided personnel assigned to the Registry. Personnel problems in the Registry are many and diversified. First of all, with the limited number of personnel and the great burden of work, a large smount of overtime has been required. Secondly, it has been difficult to get people to accept an assignment to the Mexico City Registry because the tasks are dull, tedious, and infinitely demanding of the individuals' time. The morale in this section was poor. We made several recommendations to the chief of station pointing out to him a conscientious effort must be made by all members of the station to reduce the workload in the Registry. In this connection, we suggested that individual case officers accept the responsibility for periodic cleaning of files which they used, and of which they have the most intimate knowledge. We further recommended that maximum discrimination be used in determining material which should be filed and that wherever possible the sheer bulk of the filing be reduced. We further recommended that overtime be made voluntarily whenever possible, but that in any event personnel be provided with a full weekend off from time to time.

The chief of the Registry is the only senior person assigned to the Registry and has no deputy or other person competent to take his place during his temporary absence. The chief at the time of our inspection had taken very little time off, including weekends in the two years of his tour. We feel that one of the positions in the Registry should be re-evaluated for possible upgrading to includes the duties of deputy chief of Registry.

It is recommended that:

No. 78

The Chief, WH Division, request the Director of Personnel to conduct a review of the function of Deputy Chief, Registry, Mexico City Station, to determine whether or not such a position should be established in an appropriate grade.

Gl. We found the Registry to be a controversial matter between Residuarters and the chief of station. The newly assigned deputy chief of station, who primarily had supervisory responsibility over the chief of Registry, was making a determined effort to reduce the workload in the Registry and to seek means of relying upon Read-quarters' files rather than station files. We were told that on several occasions, Headquarters had reached the point of demanding that Maxico City reduce its Registry to a size comparable to other stations. Each time such a decision was reached, there would be a concurrent flap which would prove the value of Mexico City's shility to instantly retrieve information from their files. One of the most notoworthy of such flaps took place in Revender 1963, when Mexico City's files brought forth detailed information on Lee Harvey Oswald's visits to the Cuben and Soviet Rebussies in Mexico City.

technical operations LIMWOV and LIPEST produce [voluminous files.] 24 Until some system is devised for this [information] to be quickly 24 digested and retrieved in Headquarters, we believe that there is no alternative to the present system Mexico City is employing. However, we believe that a determined effort must be in Headquarters for processing and retrieval of such information.

It is recommended that:

50. 79

The Chief, WH Division, in collaboration with the Chief, Records Integration Division, device a system for reducing the volume of files held in Mexico City, while maintaining a capability for rapid retrieval from Headquarters of information essential to present and future operations in Mexico.

63. Mexico City is one of the great metropolises of the world and the beaming economy of Mexico is reflected in its bousing. It is difficult to find housing which compares exactly with United States housing because the Spanish tradition of servents' quarters, large space, and great entertainment are a basic way of life. However, in such a great city, there is naturally a large selection of housing within this limitation. There are good apartments, but such apartments usually are more expensive than allowances will permit for single occupancy. Housing for officers and families is generally quite good, not plentiful, but with prudent selection, adequate housing can be found within reasonable range of the

