

145

from
IG

TRANSMITTAL SLIP		DATE
		2 SEP 1976
TO: Mr. Bush		
ROOM NO.	BUILDING	Executive Registry
REMARKS:		
<p>The attached suggested draft to Mr. De Mohrenschildt was written without knowledge of the flavor of your personal relationship with him. The tone may not be appropriate, but the message boils down to the fact that neither CIA nor the FBI appear to have been interested in Mr. De Mohrenschildt for a number of years.</p> <p>This draft was coordinated with OGC on 22 Sep.</p> <p>John Waller</p> <p>US Citizens - "dem"</p>		
FROM:		
ROOM NO.	BUILDING	EXTENSION

FORM NO. 241
1 FEB 55

REPLACES FORM 36-8
WHICH MAY BE USED.

(47)

☒ UNCLASSIFIED ☐ INTERNAL ONLY ☐ CONFIDENTIAL ☐ SECRET

ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

SUBJECT: (Optional)

Mr. George de Mohrenschildt

INSPECTOR GENERAL

76-3000

FROM:

John H. Waller
Inspector General
2 E 24 Hqs. Bldg.

EXTENSION

6565

NO.

DATE

R-1252

TO: (Officer designation, room number, and building)

DATE

RECEIVED

FORWARDED

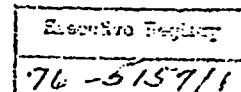
OFFICER'S INITIALS

COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from whom to whom. Draw a line across column after each comment.)

1. DCI
ROOM: 7 E 12

This is the response to the letter from de Mohrenschildt that you gave me a few days ago.

John Waller



S E C R E T

22 SEP 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

FROM : John H. Waller
Inspector General

SUBJECT : Mr. George de Mohrenschildt

REFERENCE : Mr. de Mohrenschildt's letter to you,
dated 5 September 1976

Action Required:

1. None. This memorandum is for your information. We have also attached at A a suggested draft reply to Mr. de Mohrenschildt's letter.

Action Taken:

2. We have reviewed DDO and IG files on Mr. de Mohrenschildt. In addition, at our request, the CI Staff has run Agency traces on him and has been in touch with the FBI as well.

Findings:

3. There is voluminous material on Mr. de Mohrenschildt in CIA files, most of it dating from the post-Kennedy assassination period when he testified before the Warren Commission on his acquaintance with Mr. and Mrs. Lee Harvey Oswald. (A copy of the de Mohrenschildts' testimony is attached at B.)

4. The bulk of the material in our files consists of FBI reports, the most recent of which is dated 1967. The FBI has informed CIA that it has no traces on Mr. de Mohrenschildt beyond that date; our files contain all of its previous material on him.

S E C R E T

E2, IMPDET
CL BY 055636

S E C R E T

5. Mr. Helms' 3 June 1964 memorandum for the Warren Commission on the de Mohrenschildts is attached at C. It describes the Agency's interest in obtaining reports from Mr. de Mohrenschildt in 1957 as a result of his sojourn in Yugoslavia that year. Contact Division (now Domestic Collection Division - DCD) had its resident agent in Dallas, Mr. J. Walton Moore, contact Mr. de Mohrenschildt at that time. The history of Mr. Moore's relationship with Mr. de Mohrenschildt from 1957 to 1961 is also attached at C. As a routine matter, Mr. Moore requested traces on Mr. de Mohrenschildt. The trace results (attached at D) contained sufficient derogatory information to preclude further extensive contact with the de Mohrenschildts. (An OS summary on Mr. de Mohrenschildt prepared in response to the current request is also attached at D.)

6. Our files show that a mail cover was placed on letters addressed to Mr. de Mohrenschildt c/o the U.S. Embassy in Haiti from about 1964 to 1966. (This was probably not uncovered at the time of the external investigations.) This included opening and photographing the contents of some letters by the CIA Station there. The results of this operation were shared with the FBI.

7. Mr. de Mohrenschildt came to the attention of this office during the Rockefeller Commission investigations. We were asked to respond to a memorandum submitted to the Commission by Mr. Paul Hoch entitled "CIA Activities and the Warren Commission Investigation." Mr. Hoch called for an identification of Mr. J. Walton Moore's employment affiliation and asked what Mr. Moore knew about Oswald and what he may have told Mr. de Mohrenschildt about him. Our reply to the Rockefeller Commission is attached at E.

8. The most recent information we have on Mr. de Mohrenschildt comes from Mr. J. Walton Moore who was contacted in May and July 1976 by writers connected with the Reader's Digest, and with the Dial Press and the Dell Publishing Company. Both writers questioned Mr. Moore about Oswald and Mr. de Mohrenschildt. Mr. Moore's reports on these contacts are attached at F.

Conclusions:

9. Mr. de Mohrenschildt appears to have lead an adventurous and colorful life as a petroleum engineer and businessman. He is both well

S E C R E T

and poorly connected, and some of his associations in the past have raised serious questions. Certainly his relationship with the Oswalds has caused him considerable trouble and may have caused this Agency and the FBI to spend more time and energy on him in the past than was necessary.

10. Both the FBI and this Agency, however, had dropped their interests in Mr. de Mohrenschildt's activities by the mid-to-late 1960's. We speculate that any attention he is now receiving could either be from local authorities in Dallas or from media representatives on the trail of a warmed over story concerning the assassination of President Kennedy. We offer no proof of this conjecture beyond Mr. Moore's reports attached at F. What we can say is that we have found no indication that either CIA or the FBI has taken any active interest in Mr. de Mohrenschildt in recent years.


John H. Waller

Attachments:
A thru F a/s

AT 1126 S 83 932

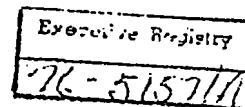
- 3 -

S E C R E T

20 51 11 36 AM '62

63

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20505



28 September 1976

Mr. G. de Mohrenschildt
2737 Kings Road
Apartment 142
Dallas, Texas 75219

Dear George:


Please forgive the delay in my reply to your September 5th letter. It took time to explore thoroughly the matters you raised.

Let me say first that I know it must have been difficult for you to seek my help in the situation outlined in your letter. I believe I can appreciate your state of mind in view of your daughter's tragic death a few years ago and the current poor state of your wife's health. I was extremely sorry to hear of these circumstances.

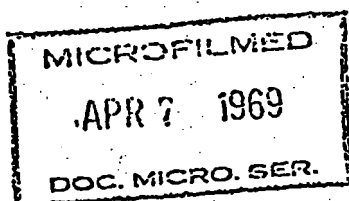
In your situation, I can well imagine how the attentions you described in your letter affect both you and your wife. However, my staff has been unable to find any indication of interest in your activities on the part of Federal authorities in recent years. The flurry of interest that attended your testimony before the Warren Commission has long since subsided. I can only speculate that you may have become "newsworthy" again in view of the renewed interest in the Kennedy assassination and, thus, may be attracting the attention of people in the media.

I hope this letter has been of some comfort to you, George, although I realize I am unable to answer your question completely. Thank you for your good wishes on my new job. As you can imagine, I'm finding it interesting and challenging.

Very truly yours,

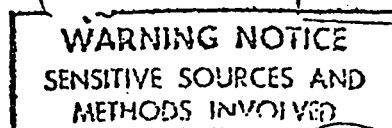

George Bush
Director

255 4 1264.12



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DD/P 4-2770

XAAZ-17370

3 June 1964

CIA info on DeMohrenschilts summarized and sent to Warren Commission

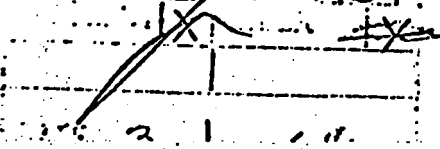
MEMORANDUM FOR : Mr. J Lee Rankin
General Counsel
President's Commission on the
Assassination of President Kennedy

SUBJECT : George and Jeanne De MOHRENSCHILDT

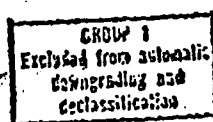
1. Reference is made to your memorandum of 31 March 1964 requesting any information on George and Jeanne De MOHRENSCHILDT that is available in CIA files. Our review shows that the files contain reports received from other U.S. Government agencies, primarily the FBI, as well as some information developed by this Agency in 1957 and 1958. The review also produced references to information in the records of the Coordinator of Information and the Office of Strategic Services. According to the records of those agencies, George De MOHRENSCHILDT had been considered for employment in 1942, but was not hired because he was alleged to be a Nazi espionage agent. No information developed by CIA (or its predecessors) before the assassination of President Kennedy had established any link between the De MOHRENSCHILDTs and Lee Harvey OSWALD or his family.

2. CIA's initial interest in George De MOHRENSCHILDT developed as a result of his sojourn in Yugoslavia in 1957 on behalf of the International Cooperation Agency (ICA). In that connection CIA headquarters sent a routine advisory to its Dallas representative who called on the De MOHRENSCHILDTs in the early part of December 1957. In the course of several meetings the CIA representative obtained foreign intelligence which was promptly disseminated to other federal agencies in ten separate reports. The Dallas representative continued

1201-725439



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3 Jun 64

SECRET

WARNING NOTICE
SENSITIVE SOURCES AND
METHODS INVOLVED

resisting a police officer and to eight days imprisonment or a fine of 152 francs on charges of drunkenness and use of a false name. Sentence was suspended pending completion of a three-year probationary period.

6. Throughout his adult life, George De MOHRENSCHILDT has used variations of his basic name, including such variants as Jerry de MOHRENSCHILDT; Jerry van MOHRENSCHILDT; George van MOHRENSCHILD; and George Sargius de MOHRENSCHILD. In like manner he also seems to have varied his former ethnic origin from Russian, to Polish, Swedish, Danish, and German. There appear to be two versions of his mother's maiden name: Alexandra LATOSKIY and Alexandra ZAPOLSKI.

7. FBI Special Agent, James F. MORRISSEY, came to CIA on 15 March 1964 and reviewed this Agency's files on the De MOHRENSCHILDTs.

8. On 17 March 1964 the FBI furnished to this Agency a report dated 28 February 1964. The report provides details about one Yuri (George) De MOHRENSCHILD's contact with Fedor Aleksandrovich GARANIN, who was a Soviet diplomat in Washington, D. C. in 1946. In that report Yuri (George) De MOHRENSCHILD was described as a petroleum engineer who had worked in the Texas oil fields and in Venezuela. Concerning GARANIN, our records show that he has been a member of the Soviet State Security Service probably since the mid-1940's. He served in Cuba in 1943; after World War II he also served in the U.S., Hungary, and Finland. According to our records, the information about GARANIN and his association with the Soviet State Security Service has also been known to the FBI.

9. You may also wish to make inquiries at the Office of Naval Intelligence; the Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Army; the Department of State; and the Civil Service Commission because these departments also have information about George De MOHRENSCHILDT.

Distribution:

Orig. & 1 - Addressee

2 - DDP

1 - C/CI/R&A

1 - C/CI/SIG

1 - C/WH/3

1 - CI/R&A/Hartman

1 - CI/R&A/201

[Signature] Richard Helms

Richard Helms

Deputy Director for Plans

DDP/CI/R&A/Hartman CS COPY SECRET,

3 Jun 64

201-725439

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2P

DCE-17016
1 May 64

Acting Chief, Contact Division (Direct)

ATTN : Support

Dallas Resident Agency

New Casa 43259

MICROFILMED
APR 7 1969
DOC. MICRO. SER.

REF : Headquarters Memo 20 Apr 64

° Details of J. Walter MOORE's contact with George DeMohrenschildt from 1957 to 1961. (MOORE from OO/Contacts' Dallas office

1. I have known George de Mohrenschildt and his wife since 1957. My latest actual contact with them was in the fall of 1961, although I received a Christmas card from them during Christmas of 1963. The card mailed from Port-au-Prince and a copy of my acknowledgement is attached.

2. After our late President's assassination, either on the 23d or 24th of November 1963, I received a telephone call from (Dr.) Paul Reichertz, Director of the Socony Mobil Research Laboratory at Duncanville, Texas. Dr. Reichertz advised that members of his staff had attended some kind of social or discussion group in January 1963 at which Lee Harvey Oswald was present. No mention was made at this time of George de Mohrenschildt. I told Dr. Reichertz he should report this information to the local office of the FBI and he replied that he knew no one in the Dallas office of the FBI and asked if I would pass the information along for him. I called the FBI and they said they would send somebody out to talk to Dr. Reichertz. I made no effort to follow up on the matter with Paul Reichertz since I felt it was none of my business but during a visit with Maryann Duggan, ^{SEX-F} the Librarian at Socony Mobil Research Lab and a good contact of mine for many years, she advised that she had heard that de Mohrenschildt had befriended Oswald after his arrival in Dallas and had introduced him to a study group on the USSR. cit-USA acc-librarian

A Duncanville, Texas USA
3. My initial contact with de Mohrenschildt was the result of a source lead from headquarters, dated 22 Nov 57, advising that George de Mohrenschildt had recently returned to Dallas after spending approximately a year in Yugoslavia on a job for the ICA. I called on de Mohrenschildt in early December 1957 and submitted a name check, dated 6 Dec 57. At that time, de Mohrenschildt gave me a copy of standard personal history form 57, which gives considerable biographic data, which I am enclosing.

< Lee H. OSWALD (201-259245)

Doc. contains second-hand knowledge of Dr. Paul REICHERTZ and Maryann DUGGAN, both of Socony Mobil, on Subj. 201-725439

4 Attachments

CS COPY

Att #1 HIW
Att #2 NSM (employment)

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

((SECRET))

At this time I saw and met Mrs. Jan de Mohrenschildt, a white Russian emigree from Shanghai. I saw the de Mohrenschildt's several times in 1953 and 1959. In late 1959 or early 1960, Mr. and Mrs. de Mohrenschildt went on an 18 month hiking trip through Mexico and Central America. An account of this trip, as taken from the 18 Oct 61 issue of the Dallas Times Herald, is enclosed.

4. In the way of a personal assessment, I would say that the de Mohrenschildt's are an interesting and unusual couple. This is, I believe, the second marriage for both of them. Mrs. de Mohrenschildt, who has been a successful dress designer, has a grown, married daughter, who is quite a fine artist. George de Mohrenschildt has several children by his first wife (reportedly a very wealthy woman now living in the Middle East). One of his children died of cystic fibrosis and George de Mohrenschildt has always been very active in the yearly cystic fibrosis fund raising campaign.

5. George de Mohrenschildt makes a good appearance. He is about six feet tall and weighs around 190 pounds. For a man his age, approximately 53, he keeps himself in good condition and is a bit of a physical fitness nut. He is a moderate drinker and when I last saw him, smoked a pipe. I would describe his personality as friendly and outgoing although I have heard him referred to as conceited. He reputedly has an eye for the ladies and I understand his interest does not go unreciprocated. He leads a somewhat unconventional life, plays tennis at 5 o'clock in the morning, he is rather outspoken, has a keen interest in international affairs and in social justice. By local conservative standards, he would be considered a liberal. His outlook on life is continental.

6. De Mohrenschildt is fairly well known in petroleum circles in Dallas. I only know of one good friend of his. This is (Col.) Lawrence Orlov (Retired) who is in the oil leasing business. The colonel and I both play handball. He mentioned the last time I saw him that de Mohrenschildt wanted him to come to Haiti to help him run a plantation and organize a company there. I believe that the de Mohrenschildt's left for Haiti in about February of 1963 but I am very vague on this point. If there is any additional information I can furnish, please let me know.

CIT-USA oac-businessman A Dallas, Texas, USA

Good friend and business associate of George

DE MOHRENSCHILDT (201-725439)

J. WALTON MOORE

JWaltonMoore/rm

Enclosures
as stated above

1 May 64

201-725439

SECRET

GROUP 1 Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

CONFIDENTIAL
(When Filled In)

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

DATE

13 August 1958

TO: Chief, Contact Division, OO

FROM: Chief, Personnel Security Division, OS

SUBJECT: de MOHRENSCHILDT, George
AKA: von MOHRENSCHILDT, George Sergius
von MOHRENSCHILDT, Jerzy

A-68221
#775-

1. Reference is made to your request for a security clearance on the subject person as a potential source of intelligence information. The necessary checks have been completed with the following results:

- a. ☐ No additional information has been obtained, except for such biographic information as indicated below or in the attachment.
- b. ☐ Information has been received that Subject was investigated with favorable results in
- c. ☒ Certain information has been received and appears in the attachment which your Division will wish to consider in determining the extent and level of your use of Subject.

2. It is to be noted that our checks were made on the basis of the identifying information you furnished or in an attachment to this memorandum. Should it be disclosed that this information is erroneous or that Subject is known by a different name, this Division should be notified immediately.

W. M. Knott
W. M. Knott
Chief, Personnel Security Division

Attachment:
Summary

*c.c. myt
Ston*

DISAPPROVED-U

THIS CATEGORY IS ASSIGNED BY INDEX
FOR HEADQUARTERS USE ONLY. THE
FIELD CHIEF DETERMINES LEVEL OF
CLASSIFIED DISCLOSURE

EYES ONLY

#1622

see also #4433

PLEASE REFER TO EYES
ONLY NO. 4433
*on brother
Dmitri*

8 SEP 1958

EYES ONLY

#775

Subject was investigated by Federal Agencies in 1941, 1942, 1945, 1947, and 1957. The investigation reports as well as the files of other Federal Agencies reflect the following:

Between 1940 and 1942 Subject was considered to be pro-German and suspected of being a German propagandist and an espionage agent.

Several informants stated that Subject was in sympathy with the Communist form of government in Russia but knew of no un-American activities on the part of Subject. One informant advised in 1947 that Subject had definite Communistic tendencies.

Investigations failed to produce any legal competent evidence or witnesses to substantiate the reports that Subject had been pro-Communist or pro-Nazi.

Majority of informants consider Subject to be eccentric, irresponsible, conceited, an adventurer fond of exaggeration, and overly aggressive.

Subject has been known to associate with persons of questionable loyalty, reputation, and moral character.

Subject, when interviewed, admitted that he tends to exaggerate and advised that he thought the Communist form of government of Soviet Russia was the better form of government on the European continent, and that he had a great admiration for the Communistic form of government, but that that did not prevent him from having a stronger feeling of loyalty to the government of the United States.

#1622

CONFIDENTIAL

EYES ONLY

George DE MOHRENSCHILDT

From the Office of Security

CIA CONNECTION:

DE MOHRENSCHILDT was security disapproved for OSS employment on 18 July 1942 because he was suspected of being a Nazi agent. On 13 August 1958 derogatory information was furnished the Contact Office who was interested in interrogating him as an alien contact. His second wife, Phyllis whom he married on 11 July 1948 and divorced 29 December 1949, was employed as a receptionist by a covert project (NCFE) from 1950 to 12 January 1951 when her employment was terminated. (Reason not given.)

Subject's brother, Dimitri S. VON MOHRENSCHILDT, was approved on 11 April 1950 for exploitation as a contact for foreign intelligence purposes on a limited basis; not to receive classified information above confidential.

OS INDICES RESULTS:

OS Files on Subject, his second wife, and his brother reflect use by the Agency as set out above. Subject was investigated by the FBI in 1941, 1942, 1945, 1947 and 1957. Between 1940 and 1942 Subject was considered to be pro-German and suspected of being a German propagandist and an espionage agent. Several informants stated that Subject was in sympathy with the Communist form of government in Russia but knew of no un-American activities on the part of Subject. One informant advised in 1947 that Subject had definite Communistic tendencies. However, investigations failed to produce any legal competent evidence or witnesses to substantiate the reports that Subject had been pro-Communist or pro-Nazi. The majority of informants consider Subject to be eccentric, irresponsible, conceited, an adventurer fond of exaggeration and overly aggressive. He has been known to associate with persons of questionable loyalty, reputation and moral character. Subject has admitted that he tends to exaggerate and stated that he thought the Communist form of government of Soviet Russia was the better form of government on the European

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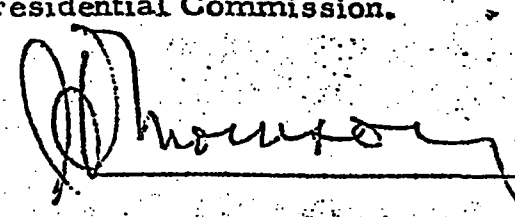
continent; that he had a great admiration for the Communist form of government but that this admiration did not prevent him from having a stronger feeling of loyalty to the government of the United States.

A New York Times item for 12 December 1966 mentioned that George DE MOHRENSCHILDT has been acquainted with Jacqueline KENNEDY's father, John BOUVIER, and mother, Mrs. Hugh AUCHINCLOSS, since Mrs. KENNEDY was a girl. The DE MOHRENSCHILDT's were quoted as saying they were perhaps the only persons in the world to have known the families of both President KENNEDY and OSWALD.

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ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

SUBJECT: (Optional) Hoch/Warren Commission Paper			
FROM: Inspector General Room 2E24 Hqs.		EXTENSION 6565	NO. DATE 28 April 1975
TO: (Officer designation, room number, and building)	DATE		OFFICER'S INITIALS
	RECEIVED	FORWARDED	
1. OGC	4/28/75		ENC The attached documents are submitted for review and clearance to the Presidential Commission investigating the CIA. Please return, unmarked, to the Inspector General as soon as possible. Space for concurrence is provided below. <u>This paper MUST be ready for release to the Commission by noon 28 April.</u> 1-10 I concur in the release of the attached documents to the Presidential Commission.  <u>HANDCARRY</u>
2.			
3.			
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11.			
12.			
13.			
14.			
15.			

with the Oswald case?

Answer:

Mr. J. Walton Moore was employed by CIA in the Contact Division office in Dallas during the early 1960's. His only contact with the Oswald case prior to the assassination is recorded in his 1 May 1964 memorandum to the Acting Chief, Contact Division, attached at Tab 8 (a typed version of the document is also attached because of the poor legibility of the original). He may have been involved in the Agency's effort to support the Warren Commission during the Commission's investigations. Mr. Moore has stated that he was never asked by Mr. de Mohrenschildt for advice concerning Oswald. We find no indication that there was ever any contact between Oswald and Mr. Moore.

DAL-83-76

Chief, Domestic Collection Division
: Chief of Operations

14 July 1976

Chief, Dallas Field Office's

New A# 198026

A# 198077

Inquiry from Richard Russell of Dial Press Concerning Dallas Field
Office Association with Lee Harvey Oswald and George deMohrenschildt

16-08-93

6-82-21

1. On the evening of 13 July 1976, at about 2100, Mr. Richard Russell of the Dial Press and the Dell Publishing Company, came by my house. He advised that he was working on a book on the Kennedy assassination and that he understood I was a friend of George deMohrenschildt. He wanted to know if I had ever met Lee Harvey Oswald or if deMohrenschildt had ever suggested that I should see Oswald. I told him no on both counts and advised that I have not seen or talked with George deMohrenschildt since the fall of 1961.

2. Mr. Russell attempted to draw me into discussion of the Kennedy assassination which I avoided and wanted to know if I could give him the name of the chief of the CIA office in Mexico City in 1963. I told him I could not, and he said he could probably get the name from Mr. David Phillips. I do not foresee any adverse publicity as a result of Mr. Russell's visit but felt that it should be made a matter of record.

J. WALTON MOORE

JWM/jb

CONFIDENTIAL

E2 IMPDET CL BY 003820

Memorandum

DAL-69-76

: Chief, Domestic Collection Division
 : Chief of Operations
 : Chief, Dallas Field Office

DATE: 21 May 1976

A68221

RT: Inquiry from Reader's Digest Concerning Dallas Field Office Association
 with Lee Harvey Oswald and George deMohrenschildt

A160893

New A#

197588

50-97

1. On 19 May 1976, Pam Butler, a research writer for Reader's Digest, called on the listed line. She identified herself as being with the Reader's Digest and said she was doing research for a book being written by Harry Epstein on the Kennedy assassination. She asked if I had ever talked to or met Lee Harvey Oswald. I told her I had not. She then asked if I had talked to George deMohrenschildt about Lee Harvey Oswald. After I told her that I would not discuss the matter, she said that she understood from deMohrenschildt that I had talked to him after he had returned from a trip to Yugoslavia. I neither confirmed nor denied this, and I told her again I would not discuss the subject.

2. I do not know if Ms. Butler actually talked to deMohrenschildt or not since the information she had could have been acquired from the Warren Commission Report.

Walton Moore
 WALTON MOORE

JWM/jb

SECRET
 E2 IMPDET CL BY 003820

REFERENCE	REFERENCE	<input type="checkbox"/> PLEASE RETURN TO		
		<table border="1"><tr><td>OFFICE</td></tr><tr><td>NAME</td></tr><tr><td>TUBE STATION</td></tr><tr><td>ROOM NO. AND BUILDING</td></tr></table>	OFFICE	NAME
OFFICE				
NAME				
TUBE STATION				
ROOM NO. AND BUILDING				
REFERENCE	REFERENCE	<input type="checkbox"/> PLEASE DESTROY		

FORM 8-71 329

FORM 8-71 3291 USE PREVIOUS EDITIONS (13)

DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

I do know this man DeMohrenschildt.

I first met him in the early 40's. He was an uncle to my Andover roommate.

Later he surfaced in Dallas- (50's maybe)

He got involved in some controversial dealings in Haiti.

Then he surfaced when Oswald shot to prominence. He knew Oswald before the assassination of Pres. Kennedy.

I don't recall his role in all this.

At one time he had /or spent plenty of money.

I have not heard from him for many years until the attached letter came in.

GB 9-17

Russian speaker

SENDER WILL CHECK CLASSIFICATION TOP AND BOTTOM			
UNCLASSIFIED		CONFIDENTIAL	SECRET
OFFICIAL ROUTING SLIP			
TO	NAME AND ADDRESS	DATE	INITIALS
1	EA/DCI		
2			
3	Mr. Bush --		
4	Do you know this individual?		
5	yes X No		
6		Jal	
ACTION		DIRECT REPLY	PREPARE REPLY
APPROVAL		DISPATCH	RECOMMENDATION
COMMENT		FILE	RETURN
CONCURRENCE		INFORMATION	SIGNATURE
Remarks:			
I was going to forward this to DCI Security -- but since it's a "Dear George" letter and from Texas, I thought I should run it through you on the off chance that it is an acquaintance of the Director's.			
FOLD HERE TO RETURN TO SENDER			
FROM: NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NO.			DATE
D/ES/Barbara Binder			9/16/76
UNCLASSIFIED		CONFIDENTIAL	SECRET

ER has no record of previous correspondence
from subject.

O you will excuse this hand-written letter. Maybe you will be able to bring a solution into the hopeless situation I find myself in. —

My wife and I find ourselves surrounded by some vigilantes; our phone bugged and we are being followed everywhere. Either FBI is involved in this or they don't want to accept my complaint. We are driven to insanity by this situation.

I have been behaving like a damn fool ever since my daughter Nadya died from cancer 3 years ago. I

was necessarily about the 4th.

ward and must have given

of a lot of people - I don't

know. But do arrive one

idea man like myself and

my highly nervous and tick

le I is really too much

could you do something

a - remove this reference

is. This will be my last

ER SEP 13 11 48 AM '76

ER SEP 13 11 48 AM '76

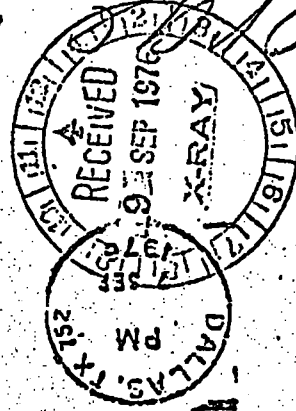
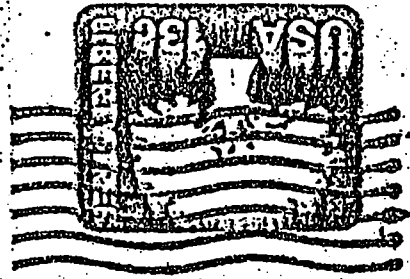
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Chief, European Division

Chief of Station, The Hague

RYBAT/SYMPATHIZER/MHCOLOR

Transmittal of Press Clippings - Willem OLTMANS

ON REQUIRED - REFERENCES

- References:
- A. DIRECTOR 224537
 - B. THE HAGUE 20798
 - C. THE HAGUE 20797

1. Attached for European Division are English language translations of the press clippings concerning Willem O L T M A N S mentioned in the references together with copies of the original Dutch language press articles.

2. Also attached is compilation of OLTMANS' contacts with the Soviets which was prepared by SYMPATHIZER. The latter requests this material be treated as very sensitive as it is based almost exclusively upon technical coverage of SYWEB.

Kenneth D. Pike
Kenneth D. PIKELNY

Attachments
As stated above herewith

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CLASSIFICATION

SECRET

DATE

1 February 1972

HQS FILE NUMBER

201-155221

Subject: W.L.OLTMANS (10 June 1925)

On 29 December 1971 OLTMAN\$ invited the Cultural Attache of the Russian Embassy KUZNETSOV for an evening in his house. The invitation was also for some other members of the Russian Representation. At the same time OLTMAN\$ was to invite some six important journalists KUZNETSOV should ask OPALEV and IZWEKOV to come along with him. The date agreed on originally was 11 January 1972. It then was changed twice. When 14 January also wasn't suitable, it was agreed on 7 January to make the date for 18 January 1972 at 20.00 hrs. From the invitation it could only be inferred that OLTMAN\$ wanted to offer his guests an opportunity for an informal discussion.

About the background of the present good relations of OLTMAN\$ with the Soviet Representation in The Netherlands, section B is able to report the following:

(This information comes from vulnerable source - OPPERBAAS.)

1. In September 1970 OLTMAN\$ says with some surprise that he suddenly received an invitation to a party at the Russian Embassy. He thinks it crazy; he doesn't belong to that club at all. But his thinking is along the lines of those people.
2. In October 1970 OLTMAN\$ appears to be interested in an interview with KOSYGIN's son-in-law GVISHIANI who allegedly was connected with American-Russian discussions about forming a mutual "thinking factory". Presumably this had some connection with the so called Club of Rome in which GVISHIANI plays a role.
Remark: GVISHIANI is chairman of the state committee for science and technology and is suspected to be a highly placed Intelligence Officer.
3. Beginning March 1970 OLTMAN\$ contacted the Press Attache OPALEV from the Russian Embassy; OLTMAN\$ would still like to have an interview with GVISHIANI. It would be a filmed interview in which OLTMAN\$ would cooperate with the NOS. (TV). In this period OPALEV's cooperation does not yet seem very extensive.
4. Thanks to the cooperation of Aurelio PECCEI, chairman of the Club of Rome, OLTMAN\$ at the end of April 1971 succeeded in getting in contact with GVISHIANI in Paris. Also present at this discussion was the former member of the Russian Embassy FEDEROVSKY, now chief of protocol of the state committee for science and technology.

2.

At this opportunity GVISHIANI immediately invited OLTMANS for a visit to Moscow.

FEDEROVSKY was instructed to inform the Russian Embassy in The Hague about it.

GVISHIANI who at the same time is chairman of the commission for environment administration in the Soviet Union, asked OLTMANS to make a film at the same time about the environment administration in the Soviet Union to support the international environment conference to be held this year.

5. Beginning May it becomes clear that since OLTMANS' discussion with GVISHIANI, OPALEV's attitude towards OLTMANS has greatly changed. OPALEV is now all willingness. In May OLTMANS makes his film with GVISHIANI and receives an invitation to come to the Soviet Union for the second half of August and the whole of September, where he could film ten scientific institutes. GVISHIANI told OLTMANS that he had complete trust in him.
6. In June 1971 OLTMANS again contacted GVISHIANI, this time in Vienna, where there was a meeting of the Club of Rome.
7. Beginning October 1971 OLTMANS again saw GVISHIANI in Paris, where, among other things he spoke to him about his visit to The Netherlands in the second week of October. OLTMANS did his best to oblige GVISHIANI while visiting The Netherlands by trying to establish business relations for him (for instance with Philips).
8. In November 1971 OLTMANS^{received} from the Russian state television an offer for a five year contract to make exclusive films in the Soviet Union. This offer was made to OLTMANS during his visit to the Soviet Union. It is concretization of the earlier offer by GVISHIANI to film a number of scientific institutes in the Soviet Union. On 17 November OLTMANS allegedly discussed this business further with GVISHIANI in Geneva.
9. On 23 January 1972 OLTMANS will make another visit to Moscow to discuss making the above mentioned films without the participation of the NOS. At this opportunity OLTMANS will leave behind a memo about LUNS in connection with OLTMANS' present agitation against the Secretary-General of NATO. OLTMANS wants to prevent LUNS getting any future opportunity to visit Moscow.
10. Referring to the meeting in OLTMANS' house on 18 January 1972 it can be reported that on 17 January 1972 OLTMANS stated that he is again seeking reaction from the Russians who will visit him on 18 January; their reaction in connection with OLTMANS' request to the general prosecutor of the High Council to bring action against LUNS.

3.

In the morning on 18 January OLTMANS also stated that KUZNETSOV said that OLTMANS' action against LUNS will not succeed because the "bosses" stand behind LUNS.

It is not clear when KUZNETSOV said this to OLTMANS, but it is known that OLTMANS recently attended a meeting where a number of Russians were present.

(Possibly the meeting of the Association "Nederland-USSR" with the delegation from "USSR-Nederland" on 14 January 1972.)

11. On 19 January 1972 it was reported that HOFLAND (one of the guest invited to the evening in OLTMANS' house) called before his arrival and asked whether he could bring a friend. Afterwards this friend appeared to be Peter ZONNEVELD from De Telegraaf.

OLTMANS said that at the press conference which he (OLTMANS) will give on 20 January 1972 several guests, Milo ANSTADT, Rob KOPUIT and Jaap JANSEN will defend OLTMANS against the attack on him in "De Telegraaf" of this morning.

19 January 1972.