104-10435-10071

2022 RELEASE UNDER THE PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY ASSASSINATION RECORDS ACT OF 1992

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September 1944

After emerging briefly from hiding in September 1944, DIMITROV again went underground engaging in anti-Communist activities, touring various towns and cities (including sections of Yugoslavia and Macedonia) and urging members of the Agrarian Party to take positive action against the Communists.

104 CAGWU, dated 4 October 1950; Memorandum for the Record, 9.5.51

DIMITROV claimed he began underground anti-Fascist activities in 1943 in Macedonia and to have worked closely with Dr. George M. DIMITROV (who headed the left-wing of the Agrarian Party known as <u>Pladne</u>) during this time.

104 CAGWU, dated 4 October 1950; Memorandum for the Record, dated 9.5.51

October 1946

13-00000

DIMITROV arrested by the police. He believes the reason he was not executed was that the communists wanted to use him as a witness against Nikola PETKOV.

104 CAGWU, dated 4 October 1950; Memorandum for the record, 9.5.51

23 July 1947

He escaped to Greece.

Memorandum for the Record, 9.5.51

30 April 1950 (date of information)

The Bulgarians at Lavrion Camp established a new political organization known as the "P. D. Petkov Organization". The member, who are listed in the protocol (attached to the report), have deserted the Bulgarian Agrarian Party in an effort to retain their "pure" agrarian character. In the opinion of the Petkov Organization, the Agragrian Party has been penetrated by the leftists. Protocol signed on 30 April 1950.

DIMITROV's name appears as a member of the Board of Control.

SO 48993, 16 September 1950

°October 1950

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ATHE 3200 (IN 46672), 25.10.50; Memorandum for the Record, 9.5.51

. OCTOBER 1950

Early in October 1950, DIMITROV visited the Lavrion Camp where he met with a number of his Bulgarian friends and advised them that he had been given a "charter and instructions", by certain members of

to form a committee of five members for the planning and execution of a fight for the liberation of Bulgaria. This committee, according to DIMITROV, would be established in Athens and would cooperate with other similar committees which have already been formed in France, Germany, and other countries. The committee would later expand to 20 members and would establish a so-called "Democratic Agrarian Bloc". Recruits would come from among the members and sympathizers of the Bulgarian Democratic Party (Moushynov) and from the Gichev Agrarians. Eligible Bulgarian emigres would come to Greece from Western Europe to assist in the work, and prominent members of the Gichev Agrarians and of the Democratic Party would be assisted in escaping to Greece (presumably from Bulgaria) to join the organization.

DIMITROV listed the organization's tasks as follows:

a. Intelligence activity in Bulgaria.

- b. Organization of an underground resistance movement in Bulgaria, and
- c. Organization of sabotage activity against Bulgaria.

DIMITROV revealed that he was the president of the organization.

DIMIRTOV took <u>frequent occasion to</u> mention that the committee had its headquarters in where he has a room assigned for his own use. He also stated that the commitee maintains offices at , and there are already working at this address sight Bulgarian-speaking . He also stated that hos office has two Bulgarian typewriters and a car with

31992, 14 December 1950

., 23 October 1950

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Memorandum for II/OS, dated 23 October 1950.

1 November 1950

DIMITROV again visited the Lavrion Camp to inform his recruitsthat they would shortly be moved to a pleasant hime in Athens which the Americans were repainting for the purpose. On the occasion of this visit, the recruits were divided into three groups, as follows:

a. a groupd of 10 men to specialize in intelligence;
b. a group of 6 men to be trained in radio in Germany
c. a group of 15 men to specialize in sabotage.

The source of hhe information contained in the _____ 31992 described DIMITROV as"an unprincipaled opportunist and Greek agent".

31992, 14.12.50

During this period of time, DIMITROV was the principal agent in an ill-fated operation which resulted in a major expose and trial in Sofia during 1951. The agents used were those selected by DIMITROV, at least one of whom was $p \not o t \not o$ probably an operative of the Bulgarian Militia and acted as the betrayer of his colleagues.

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ATTE 4788 (IN 27602), Ward, 1951(?)

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23 January 1951

Chief of EE/1 requested that the attached Provisional Operational Clearance be approved for Dimitri A. DIMITROV be approved. He is to be uswd as a contract agent in Greece for political, psychological, and guerrilla warfare operations under Project QKSTAIR.

Memorandum for EAD, dated 23 January 1951.

25 January 1951

Frank G. WISNER, ADPC, approved a Provisional Operational Clearamce for a period of ninety days subject to renewal if the full clearance has not been granted.

Memorandum for EE/1, dated 25 January 1951

3 March 1951

DIMITROV signed a memorandum certifying that he had received three hundred dollars from Lawrence F. MacBRIDE, literary agent, representing a sum paid for a complete and unabridged option on the use and possible publication of three books written by me and brought to Mr. MacBRIDE, in Greek translation, by [] who acted in this instance purely informally and as a friend. The option is effective as of this date for a period of c six calendar months.

Memorandum dated 3 March 1951 [attachment to SGAA 24772, n.d. not in file]

13 March 1951

Operational Clearance issued to permit the use

under project QKSTAIR.

Memorandum for Chief, EE/1, dated 13 March 1951

22 March 1951

13-00000

QKSTAIR reported that it was considering breaking off association with DIMITROV because he had become too unpopular and dictatorial and selfimportant. There were also indications of serious misappropriation of funds (NB: This charge was later proven false - see document)

ATHE 4821 (IN 30224), 22 March 1951

April 1951

Discussions held between and of CIA and Colonels COVERDALE, and CARLAN, Mr. TOD, and Captain VILLEMETTE of G-2. Points (given below) the Army wants covered in a cable to OSO in Panama.

a. hospital detention war considered best possibility.

b. Has this been discussed with G-2 If so, does it meet their approval? Can it be worked without advising Provost Marshal, Washington? (so leave in G-2 channels).

c. AC of S G-2 Washington concurred in principle with proposal of assistance to CIA in this matter.

d. As soon as operational details worked out with ______ cable advising generally that can be effected forwarded by G-2 ______ to ACos S G-2 (personal for BOLLING). Details will come back through CIA.

e. Identification of KELLY (DIMITROV) case.

f. Detention period maximum of one year, relieve Army sooner if

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facility available.

g. Transportation under escort via MATS to military base Panama proposed.
NB (included at bottom of page): reworked cable and read draft
to CARLAN, TOD, and VILLEMETTE who approved. took draft in
order to have OSO get it out today.

Note dated 8 April 1951.

12 April 1951

DIMITROV that he was to tell FLORIMOND by 13 April whether he would work with him. DIMITROV asked for instructions. He was told that hes answer was to be a definte and final no. He was not to see the French again.

Memorandum, dated 18 April 1951

13, 14, and 17 April 1951

DIMITROV saw FLORIMOND on Friday (13th), Saturday (14th) and on Tuesday . (17th). On the latter day he also saw a certain French assistant military attache named PIRAY.

Memorandum, 18 April 1951

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18 April 1951 (date of memorandum)

Athens Station describes reasons for distrusting DIMITROV (see document)

19 April 1951

According to Yani KOLOMONOS, DIMITROV's friend, stated that the latter agreed to meet PIRAY at the French Embassy between 11 and 12 o'clock on Thursday, 19 April. At this meeting DIMITROV will (1) give the French detailed accounts of all United States operations of which he is aware, with special emphasis on ______ and (2) receive for this information the sum of 10 to 15 million drachmae. KOLOMONOS suggests that this effort of the French might be/communist inspired attempt to penetrate United States intelligence activities.

Memorandum dated 18 April 1951

Circa 21 April 1951

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Discussions concerning disposal of DIMITROV since he had full knowledge of names of next infiltration teams and general knowledge of operations.

WASH 38789 (OUT 97616), 21 April 1951

3 May 1951 (dt of memorandum)

ADSO, informs ADPC of a report from a fairly reliable source, from an informant who knows DIMITROV from having worked with him, but who may be somewhat biased:

See document.

13-00000

Memorandum for ADPC, dated 3 May 1951

ATHE 484 (IN 30224), 22.3.51 ATHE 5150 (IN 36130), 20.4.51 FRAM 2910 (M 36297), 21.4.51 ATHE 5205 (IN 37092), 25.4.51) ATHE 5282 (M 37892), 29.4.51)

ATHE 3200 (11 46672), 25. 10.50

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	7 May 1924, ben in the village of Healenets, District of Lon,
	Bulgaria
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	1942-1943 : studied philology at Defras University.
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3-00000 <u>ک</u> for the cause of Dr. G. M. DIMITROV, and upon the advice of a certain Bandal KITCHHAROV April-May 1945 : lu Sofia in contact with G.W. DIMITROV Nikola PETROV, and Wara RAICHEVA : obtained illegal identity card in name of Bon's STOIKOV a momber of the 1rd Belgrade Shock Brigade. Toured south. Western Hugoslavia, "organizing Agracian posts". Captured by Jugoslav. Sent back to Bulgaria, esaged during Kansfer; reached Sofia where he was huped by Peter BELGASHKI, Colonal BAKELESS, an American sergeant named "Bucky" General Craig, and Wirs. Minnie BALA. BANOVA. Tavelled through Bulgaria organizing "secret posts" - some 250 18 November 1945 : during dechious, spoke at search meetings in Viatsa, wrong people to defeat conmunism. No August 1946 : captured by police in Sofia. 18 days without bread; is days without water. y days on an electric tother machine. He believes not executed because communists wished to hold him as a withers in Preparation for the trial of Nikola PETISON.

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l. Subject of reference may be remembered by sem Station officers the man, Lyle C. KELY (P).

anter of the subject of a the subject of a tive values 201 description of a 1949.

3. ENLY was bern 7 Kay 1936 in Hedrovots, Bulgaria. He atudied philolety for one year at Soils University from 1945-45. Suring the war he worked thistorial threadons and Vardar, Barang the var he worked thistorial threadons and Vardar, atter the var he worked thistorial threadons of the Communistic and atter the var he was soon distinting to the Communistic and atter the variant the forman muthorities. He roturned home atter the variant is made a clandentine tour of Bulgarian to make any the forman threadon a clandentine tour of Bulgarian to the the forman to the positive action against communities. Finally captured is Botta, he state posities into the the trainst communes becaus he was groomed as a vitable a that its its its the tote to the training to the state posities that the the trainst communes becaus he was groomed as a state positie to the tote to the training to the the the the table to the tote to the tote is botter to the tote to the tote to the tote is the tote of the tote to the tote to the tote is tote totes.

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never participated in the actual cross-border operations. In early 1951, various operational and administrative difficulties began to manifest themselves and it was decided that KHLY should be removed from his position. In April 1961 it came to GPC's attention that KHLY intended to sell his operational knowledge to the French Intelligence Service. This fact was used as the primary reason for his removal from active participation in

4. Because of operational security considerations stemning from NRLY's duplicity and personal make-up, it was deemed inadvisable to leave him at large in Greeco. It was decided to transfer him to a bolding facility in the Vestern Hemisphere. He was aixlifted from Athens to Frankfurt where he was hospitalized four days for observation, and then flown to the holding facility, arriving on 4 September 1951. He remained there until January 1954 when at that time it was determined whatever operational knowledge he had was obsolete.

S. After unsuccessful efforts to resettle EMLY in Brasil, he was temporarily removed from the holding area to Syros. Greece. A consituent was made to the Greek authorities that RVR der ould not abandon him in Greece and would take steps to have him resettled in one year. Efforts were made to effect KELLY's migration to Canada, New Scaland, Australia, and elsewhere, but to no avail. After due consideration by the authorities concerned, it was decided that the best effective solution would be to let him immigrate to the United States on his own under the Refugee Relief Act program.

6. Since entering the United States, KHLLY has been a continual source of embarrassment. Neglomania is evident in his various communications with U.S. government agencies. Over the years he has written lengthy letters to the Director, Secretary of State, USIA, Vice President Hixon, President Kennedy, etc. A typical example of this correspondence was his letter to the Vice President requesting an appointment as Hr. Nizon's anticommunist advisor, or the statement in his letter to President Kennedy that he could liberate the Balkan countries from Communism in five years if he were allowed to work actively with financial support. Our first knowledge that KHLLY was representing himself as a film producer was a 14 Hay 1987 notice from the Department of State advising that KHLY was trying to interest them is purchasing a feature length film script.

7. The last correspondence from Athens on KELLY is contained in NKAA-990 of 26 April 1968, written by Philip L. BACHMAN (P). On this occasion KELLY appeared at the American Bubassy in Athens asking to talk to the First Secretary. He identified bimself as leader of "The Bulgarian Liberation Underground Novement Against Communian." The Station at this time reported no traces, but added a comment that he probably was identical with Subject of 201-045145. However, the Station evidently has no record of his pseudo or his early association with

8. A final note, concerning his marriage to the Greek woman mentioned in reference, may be of interest considering the events which generated the latest inquiry from the field. At one time during his mojourn in the holding area mentioned above, KELLY confided that his marriage was recognized by both parties as one of convenience. He claimed that he and his former wife agreed to marry in order to be eligible for immigration to the United States

S B C B E T BRAN-1967

with a minimum waiting period. He gave a lengthy, complicated explanation of how this was supposed to work. However, their well laid plans were wrecked by the arrival of a baby daughter while they were is Home, Italy on their first step toward immigration. According to HELLY, this event forced their return to Athens where he eventually got involved in Bulgarian operations. He declared that had their plans worked out, he and his former wife had agreed to part company once they were safely ensembed in the United States.

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9. We feel this account should be on record at the Statico because judging from the past performance the infamous Lyle O. KELLY (P) probably will come to our attention again. We can provide more detailed information on EELLY's operational history if required.

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^C Dimitrios DIMITROF			
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1. Subject is Dimitrios #*DIMITROF aka General Dico DIMITROV; DPOB: 24 May 1924 is Bulgaria; Citizenship: Unknown; Occupation; Mewle film producer; Address: Ac/o Marjorie DARE, 360 West 22nd Street New York, New York; Miscellaneous: Claims to have worked for WOFIRM.

2. Subject came to Station attention as a result of a premarital investigation which was being conducted by LNEASE on Kalliopi Stylianou GERALEXIS, aka "Poppy", Mrs. Dimitrios DIMITROF, born 18 August 1941 in Athens, Greece who was married to Subject in a civil ceremony in Italy on 4 July 1962. The marriage was not recognized by Greek law. Under separate cover is a copy of the LNEASE memo which outlines Subject's allegations regarding collaboration with WOFIRM.

3. The marital investigation turned up the following traces from the Liaison Section of the American Embassy in Madrid, Spain: "This office has information on a Diko DIMITROFF, who may be identical with Subject's (GERALEXIS') former husband. A source of unknown reliability reported in 1965 that Diko DIMITROFF had connections with the Bulgarian Intelligence Service and with a dissident group in Bulgaria. DIMITROFF represents himself as a film producer".

4. The only remotely identifiable traces at Athens Station are on a Dimitri DIMITROV aka Dimitur Adamov DIMITROV, DOB circa 1920, who was a member of the Bulgarian Agrarian Party and a student who fled to Greece in 1946. (Source: PGA-4769 of 8 March 1950, file 33-5-2). He was in contact with the A.D. at that time and reported that he had an order to go to Washington for a time. The above is carded info only with a caption: "French I.S.".

5. Subject also has travelled to Italy, France, England, and Switzerland in connection with the movie industry, but we defer to Headquarters regarding possible notification of other field stations until after they have conducted traces. In the meantime we have informed LNEASE/Athens that Subject has no connection with WOFIRM

Att: LNEASE Memo; US		, NE; Att USC
S/C ATT D BY	RESATCH SUMBOL AND NUMBER OF THE STATE	DATE 1-COS, Madrid; Att. USC
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10 May 1967

MEMORANDUM TO: Chief, Office of Security

PSD

ATTENTION: SUBJECT:

13-00000

General Dico DIMITROV

REFERENCE:

Memo of 13 March, same topic

1. General DIMITROV called the undersigned on 30 March to say hello and request a meeting. We met for dinner at the Astoria Restaurant at 8 p.m., 31 March.

2. During the course of the evening, Dico said he had seen my boss. When I asked whom he meant, he replied, Dick Helms. He said he had known Helms for years and further that he had seen him that Thursday in order to find out his position on the new organization the General was in which was holding its first rally . the next evening in New York. (This organization has something to do with rabid anti-communism and support for the U.S. in the Vietnam war.) The General said Helms' position was one of go ahead; he had no strong feelings supporting or condemning such a group.

3. Dico made further loud comments about support for the war. Our waitress overheard and mentioned that she was leaving the next morning for Saigon to entertain troops and to find out what the war was really about. Dico made a small scene about how wonderful this was. etc.

The General is the most rabid anti-communist I have ever 4. The General is the most rabid anti-communist i have ever met. For him there can be no compromise between them and the Free world; they must all be destroyed. After continuing on in this vein for some time, he finally quit. Also, he stated at the beginning of the evening that he did not drink and then proceeded to have a combination of drinks fairly fast. He did not appear drunk, but with each drink he got louder and louder. The other dimense and little attention bewaver due to music and other diners paid little attention, however, due to music and other covering noises.

5. I have not seen the General since that evening. My mother saw him one time (3 April) just after his return to New York, but has not seen him since. She still contends that she never mentioned where I worked and says he must have put two and two together. Any guidance you can provide on this matter would be appreciated.

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MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

SUBJECT

: DIMITROFF. Dimiter Adamolf aka: DIMITROY, Dico, Genera

1. This memorandum is for information only.

2. On 30 March 1967 the Subject, who identified himself as General Dimitrov, called your Office seeking an interview. During the afternoon of the same date two representatives of my Office interviewed the Subject in his hotel room in Washington, D.C.

3. The Subject stated that he was born in Bulgaria, is currently stateless and has applied for United States citizenship. He related a detailed account of his former activities as a Bulgarian Freedom Fighter; claimed that he cooperated with a United States military mission in Bulgaria in the 1940's and stressed the fact that his only goals in life are the elimination of the world-wide menace of Communism and the liberation of Bulgaria. He claims to have cooperated in the past with the United States Information Agency and Radio Free Europe and to have offered his services and those of his freedom fighters to former Presidents Truman, Eisenhower and Kennedy.

4. The Subject claimed to have visited your Office in April 1962 as a result of a referral from the White House. He advised that he is currently a Vice-President of the Anti-Communist International and works closely with former United States Representative Hamilton Fish from New York who is one of the principal sponsors of this organisation. Dimitrov is currently staying in New York City and advised that he came to Washington to congratulate you on your appointment as Director of Central Intelligence; to advise you that he is attempting to form a World Tribunal

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to counteract the anti-American feeling which Betrand Russell is spreading throughout the British Isles and Europe; and to seek \$50,000 from CIA to enable him to start production in Greece and Spain on a movie concerning the history of Greek mythology. The Subject claimed that, once he had successfully completed this film, he would be given world recognition and could then do what he feels is his real goal in life, namely to produce films depicting the evils of Communism.

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5. A review of Agency files discloses that, during the period October 1950 through March 1951, the Subject was utilized by OPC in Athens, Greece and provided 21 agents for infiltration into Bulgaria. In early 1951, various operational and administrative difficulties began to manifest themselves and it was decided that the Subject should be removed from his position. In April 1951 it came to OPC's attention that Subject intended to sell his knowledge of CIA's activities to the French Intelligence Service. Because of operational security considerations stemming from his duplicity and personal make-up, it was deemed imadvisable to leave the Subject at large in Greece and it was decided that he should be transferred to the

He remained there until Jaouary 1954.

6. In May 1953, a CIA case officer was dispatched from Headquarters to _______ where he interrogated the Subject. It was determined at that time that whatever operational knowledge the Subject had of CIA, its methods, personnel and operations ______ were obsolete.

7. On or about 12 January 1954, while still at

the Subject signed a Certificate of Understanding and was temporarily removed to Greece due to the termination of the holding facility and the fact that there were no immediate

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SECRET

possibilities to resettle him. CIA made a commitment to the Greek authorities that it would not abandon the Subject in Greece and would take steps to remove him from Greek soil within one year. Efforts were made to effect the Subject's migration to Canada, New Zealand, Australia and elsewhere, but to no avail. After due consideration by interested Headquarters elements and the Athens Station, it was decided that the most effective solution for the Subject's disposal would be to let him immigrate to the United States on his own under the Refugee Relief Act program, but without any assistance from CIA.

8. Since his arrival in the United States, the Subject has come to our attention on the following occasions:

On 14 May 1957, the Department of State informed GIA that the Subject had contacted their Office and tried to interest them in purchasing a feature length film script and asked if a representative of CIA would like to meet the Subject and discuss the script. The offer was turned down.

On 28 June 1969, the Subject attempted to arrange a meeting with the then Vice-President Richard M. Nixon. A member of Mr. Nixon's staff turned the matter over to Mr. Contact Division, Office of Operations. Mr. interviewed the Subject at length, acting on behalf of Mr. Nixon's staff, with no CIA connection. No commitments were made to the Subject.

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On 29 September 1961, the Subject called the Office of the DCI requesting an appointment. The matter was referred to Mr. who advised hir. of the DCI Protective Staff to tell the Subject that his story was a matter of record and that there would be no purpose in further interviews unless he had something new to add.

9. On 31 March 1967, in view of the above information concerning the Subject's past activities, a representative of my Office called the Subject at his hotel in Washington, D.C., and advised him that the results of his interview of 30 March had been passed to appropriate Agency officials and that if any interest developed he would be contacted.

10. No further action will be taken in this matter unless requested by you.

Howard J. Osborn Director of Security

3 April 1967 Distribution: Orig. - Return to OS 2 - DD/S 1 - ER



Anti-Communist International

U.S.A. OFFICE: 2188 BROADWAY - NEW YORK OX 7-5895

The A. C. I. is starting V.V. (VICTORY FOR VIETNAM)

RALLIES

SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1967, 7:00 P.M. at 4 W. 43rd St.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY CLUB will be the first rallv with these important main speakers.

Adm. Joseph J. Clark (U.S.N. Ret.) Hon. Hamilton Fish

Vito Battista, Tampayers Org. Lee Sterling, American Property Rights Assn. General Dico Dimitroff

Arneld McCullogh, Peter Fechter Brigade Edward Rorer, American Patriots for Freedom Jason Friedman, Director Jewish Section of the A. C. I.

Make reservations either by phone, OX 7-5895 or by mail, P.O. Box 1095, N. Y. 10017.

Bring your friends. Be there to help the fighting boys in Vietnam and the Vietnamese People. Help the President of the U.S.A. and his Military Leaders in Vietnam to win the war in the battlefield, which will produce the VICTORY PEACE TALKS.



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Anti-Communist International

U.S.A. OFFICE: 2188 BROADWAY - NEW YORK

Phone: 0X -76895

Mail adress: P. O. Box 1095 New York, N. Y. 101

February 19, 1967

RECEPTION TO WELCOME His Excellency BUI DIEM South Vietnamese Ambassador to the United States, at the Park Sheraton Hotel in New York City.

To all friends of the ANTI-COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL and participating guests and organizations:

This important event was successful.

Messages of greeting and support arrived from U.S. Senators: Thomas J. Dodd, J.W. Fulbright, Joseph Tydings, H.A. Williams Jr., Peter H. Dominick, Edward W. Brooke, Russell B. Long and James B. Pearson; Congressmen: Daniel J. Flood, Herman T. Schneebeli, John J. Rhodes, Robert J. Corbett, Joseph P. Addabbo, Charles E. Bennett, William L. Dickinson, Porter Hardy Jr., Joe Pool, William S. Mailliard and James B. Utt; Governors: John H. Chafee, Claude R. Kirk, Winthrop Rockefeller, Dan Moore, George Romney, Richard J. Hughes and Lieut. Governor Malcolm Wilson; President of the Concil of the City of New York Frank D. O'Connor; Presidents of the N.Y.C. Boroughs of Manhattan, Bronx and Queens Percy E. Sutton, Herman Badillo and Mario J. Cariello; also from the Permanent Missions to the U.N. of Malta and New Zealand.

A large number of representatives of civic, patriotic and anticommunist organizations were there.

The Honorable Hamilton Fish, a congressman of 40 years, who originated the House Committee on Un-American Activities was chairman of the event.

These people spoke on behalf of their organizations:

Edward Rorer for American Patriots for Freedom; Arnold McCullogh for Peter Fechter Brigade; Lee S. Sterling for American Property Rights Association; Maxwell-Mifler for GIIP (Community Housing Improvement Program, Inc.); Juan Lugo of Local 6 of the Hotel' and Club Employees' Union; Juan Lugo of Local 6 of the Hotel' and Club Employees' Union; General Dico Dimitroff of the Bulgarian polotical exiles; Maxwell-Mifler for Columbia University, Captive Nations Committe, Buenos Aires, Argentina; Thomas Veteska, general secretary of the Union of Slovak Combatants; Cathryn Dorney of the American Education association; Captain Janes Jones, recently returned from long service in Vietnam.

In the name of the Anti-Communist International spoke: Dr. Wm. Glaskow ("Soviet Russia is fighting the Vietnam war by proxy") A. R. K. Jeric ("Communism in practice is a one-man-monopoly-ownership-





tan March 10, 1967

Date

unesday, August 4, 1965

lie Andrews Signed »r Hitchcock Film

EW YORK - Alfred Hitchcock signed Julie Andrews to star op-ite Paul Newman in his forthcom-spy tale, "Torn Curtain," to be spy tale, "Torn Curtain," to be ased by Universal Pictures. Mis trews will report to the director in completion of her role, เพลมี.'

Torn Curtain" will be Hitchcock's h picture and his first under his ntly signed three-picture deal h Universal. He plans to begin duction Oct. 1, with exterior seand the interiors shot at Um= al City Studios.

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(Continued from page 1)

pictures for theatrical and tele in outside the United States and nda.

atz has been affiliated with Hysince 1954 with the formation of nan's Associated Artists Producs which later became United Art-Associated. He subsequently ed as director of foreign opera-s for United Artists Associated United Artists Television.

AG Pact

(Continued from page 1) selves:

The fee formula sets seven base gories against which payments are computed. For an actor who ccd one day in a picture, the base 100; two days, \$150; three days, ; four days, \$250; five days or week, \$300; more than one week not more than two weeks, \$400; than two weeks, \$500. or the first TV release of a film, ers will receive 30 per cent of base. When the producer's gross tes \$125,000, players will receive Iditional 12% per cent; at \$200,-an additional 25 per cent; at \$00, an additional 25% per cent; at 400,000, an additional 22% per cent; 400,000, an additional 22% per at \$500,000, an additional 20% per at \$500,000, an additional 20% per cent; for each \$100,000 above 000, an additional 10 per cent. hen a film is released on a major ork in prime time, players are tord. 70 per cent of the base int."

erson Acquires Four

)LLYWOOD-Joseph C. Emerpresident of Emerson Entertain-Enterprises, announced yesterthe acquisition of four features lobal scope for U.S. release. in Against the Sun" is a World Il story shot in Technicolor in ulia. "Make Like a Thief" is a story in Technicolor filmed in nd starring Richard Long. e Swords for Rome" was filmed nđ ly and "Saturday Night in Apple y," stars Mimi Hines, Paul Ford Jiff Arquette.

with PINKY HERMAN

TELEVISION TODAY

Berle Adams to Direct Broadcasting Awards

NEW YORK — Berle Adams, v president of MCA, Inc., has accept the post of general chairman of 1965-66 International Broadcast avands, according to James Thompson, president of the Hol wood Advertising Club, sponsor of t event."

More than 1,000 broadcasting ecutives from all over the world a ecutives from all over the world i expected to attend the judging radio and television commercia which will be held this year at t Hollywood Palladium March 13. T festive is now in its sixth year.

ENT TAL

MIAMI-Henry Oxell, chief bar of the local Variety Club, Tent 3 already is signing up members for ti Variety Club International convention in London next April, and so far b 34 reservations for the Miami-Lisbo London flight. Δ

BOSTON-The 17th annual Jimn Fund drive, to raise money for tl Children's Research Foundation, w. launched recently, according to Thon as A. Yawkey, president of the four dation. At the same time, one (the most unusual tieins ever made w dent Edwin W. Breed and Jimr Fund executive director William Koster have completed arrangemen whereby the airline will supply ai craft during the month of Augu in Boston, Portland, Me., New ford, Mass., and Manchester, N.H. ft a one-hour sightseeing trip without charge to persons contributing \$5 a more to the Jimmy Fund.

Northeast pilots and stewardess have volunteered their services for 2 scheduled flights from Cape Cod 1 the White Mountains, into Main Vermont and other scenic New Eng land areas. A celebrity will accompany each flight. Baseball's Ted Wi liams will be on the first flight.

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Lee Savage, winner of the 1963 Guggenheim Fellowship and well known Lee Savage, winner of the 1963 Guggenheim Fellowship and well known creative artist, and Harold Friedman, former veepee and exec producer at Elektra Films, have formed a new TV production firm, Savage-Friedman, Inc. . . Ex-Newspaperman ("Cleveland News") and formerly gen. mgr. of WJW-TV, Ben Wickham resigned his post with TV Information Office and as of next Monday joins MGM-TV as a general sales exec headquartering in Gotham. . . Last CBSaturday afternoon we liked the novel TV'er, profiling li'l ole N'Yawk and especially enjoyed the ditty, "New York's a Great Place to Be," cleffed by Joan Bender and Bob Hughes. . . Official Films has pur-chased an as yet unpublished novel entitled, "Manhattan House" by David Rintels, which will be developed into a full hour dramatic teleseries to be produced by Bohert Bleer. This marks Bleer's fourth package the other three produced by Robert Blces. This marks Blees' fourth package, the other three already skedded for launching by Official next season are a dramatic-musical by Herbert Baker, a half-hour comedy series, "Off We Go" by Bob Kaufman and Bill Fox, and "Meet the Mooses" by Henry Garsson and Edmund Beloin. ... ABC Films will shoot a pilot for a new music series, featuring "The Song and tentatively slated for a 10 P.M. slot Saturdays over WABC-TV Spinners' with additional showings on a syndication basis. Program will be co-directed by Hal Tolchin, who recently directed the "Swinging World of Sammy Davis" special, and Jimmy Starbuck, choreographer on many top-notch TV'ers in-cluding "Your Show of Shows," "Carol Burnett Show" and others. Exec producer will be Stanley S. Greene.

British Admissions Declined During May

From THE PAILY Burray LONDON - A drop in cinema ad missions in the United Kingdom i May this year produced the lowes figure on record since the Board c Trade has compiled weekly averag admission figures. The figure was weekly average of 5.5 million durin May-a+ fall of 700,000 on the 6. million average weekly admissions i

May 1964. Takings, however, were equal at weekly average of £ 1.03 million. Th fall in admissions in May, compared with the previous month, followed the seasonal pattern with a drop o two million on the weekly average Takings in April average £1.38 mil lion weekly.

MOTION PICTURE DAILY

APOUND THE TV CIRCUIT UNCHING Friday with Diko Dimitroff and enjoying the exuberant

L presentation of his plans to produce-direct a \$20,000,000 film saga, "The Loves of the Greek Gods," based on Greek mythology reminded this reporter of the time many years ago when a Boston exhibitor named Joseph E. Levine (whom we met through a mutual friend, WORL Deejay Norm Prescott) revealed his ideas of "how to produce and exploit motion pictures" with the result that the following week we printed in this pillar a paragraph in which we predicted Levine would "make mo-tion picture history by sheer showmanship." After two months in Gotham, finalizing pre-production plans, Diko leaves Thursday for his office in Madrid where he'll set in motion his ambitious production on this epci to be filmed in Greece skedded to start in the Spring of 1966 and featuring 30 international stars. . .

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The zoom film effects, one of the many features of the "Pack & Jingly Name zoom num enects, one or the many reatures of the Track & Jingle TV spot, MPO-produced "Newport" cigarets commershill for Lennen & Newell, all of which added up to copping top mixed technique class honors at the Cannes International Film Festival, were achieved by Eastern Effects, Inc., New York-based film opticals and effects firm which used the new EMELL Camera. Prexy Maurice Levy of Eastern Effects has also personally developed several camera techniques as well as improved optical benches in the past decade. . . . Formerly with Paramount and Universal on the west the past decade. . . . Formerly with Paramount and Universal on the west coast and more recently director of press information and promotion for ABC-TV's News Division, Frank Little has joined McFadden, Strauss, Eddy & Irwin as account executive. . . Young man in a hurry is Michael Stanwood, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in 1964, who's already starred in three Broadway productions, just been signed to a Universal-TV contract and will debut in the "Kiss Me As You Go" seg of that studio's "Run for Your Life" series, starring Ben Gazzara, Barry Sullivan and Brenda Scott and megged by Leslie Martinson. . .

<u>.</u>

Lucille Ball, who will be CBSeen as Steve Lawrence's first guest when his program preems Monday, Sept. 13 (10-11 P.M., EDT) sat beside Steve in the howda of Wanda, the pink elephant, when the pachyderm strode through Shubert's Alley last Wednesday to highlight the program's introduction to N'Yawkers. . . . The many luminaries including Rudy Vallee, Johnny Carson, Vaughn Monroe, who've been enjoying the Chinese cuisine featured at co-owner Ging Tom's Six Happiness may or may not be aware of the fact that the gracious Ging is the fifth generation of the famous family or restauranteurs. . . . Hollis Alpert has written an interesting story on the coming 20th Century- Fox TV CBScience-fiction series, "Lost In Space," in the current issue of Woman's Day Magazine. Miss Alpert believes this one could last longer than "I Love Lucy," which is quite a prediction. . . . Freemantle Inter-national's "Romper Room," created and produced live 13 years ago by Bert & Nancy Claster in Baltimore, is now seen in Canada, Mexico, Brazil, Japan, The Philippines, Great Britain and in six markets in Australia. . . .

☆ ☆





NEW BRITISH PRESS ATTACHE — Grooting the British Ambassader SIR GEORGE LABOUCHERE, left, at their party given in Madrid's international Props Club are Mr. KEITH, the new Prose Attaché at the British Embassy, and his wife, BETTY.



CHRISTINE MARDING, British Vice-Consul's daughter mitortains (loft to right) CHVE BRUTCH, PHILLIPA SAMUEL, ANN and ANTHONY BLACKIER her recent birthday party.

«Man of the Year» El Cordobés. The cake of course represented the foullring, complete with toro, matador and swords. Giving her a helping hand were, among others. Clive Bruton whose father is with the British Institute; Phillipa Samuel, daughter of ian Samuel, Minister at the British Embassy; and Ann and Anthony Blackie, whose father Jim Blackie is the Australian Consul General in Madrid.

Madrid. An old hand at birthdays and somewhat of a rolling stone, Christine takes credit for having spat her previous ones in nine different countries. "Girrek Gods- To Roll In June. Gome big all the way is Diko Dimitroff. Bulgarian born poet, screen-writer, director and producer, who flashed into our office this week with plans to make the biggest movie of all time. Slightly built, with hazel eyes, the softly spoken head of Diko Productions Inc. went on to tell us more about his 15-year-old dream. The Loves of the Greek Gods, which he plans to film in Spain and Greece. Interiors are to be done in Madrid with the use of the Bronston equipment. All exteriors will be shot in Greece involving the use of Mount Olympua and continued.

SAY YOU SAW IT IN GUIDEPOST

ment to back it, the Zarzuela Theatre on Jovellanos, 4, has rounded up a brilliant group of actors, singers and directors and has come back with some really exciting revivals.

AWC members and their husbands can call Jo Pitts 250.03.35; Cherry Danos 253.60.79; or Jane Cabanyes for tickets.

Cocktails At The Ross'. The Ross A. Ross' red carpet was well and truly rolled out this last week for visiting and handsome son Iran taking leave from the U.S.S. Springfield and looking up old friends in his one-time stomping ground.

Among those welcoming Dean at a cocktail party given by Mary-Alice and Ross last Thursday at their Generalisimo apartment were Siewart Baxier of American Express; Major Ben Clark and his wife Alma; writer Alfred Brown and his wife Adriana; José Maria Garriga, head of the Aira Travel Agency; Major Mike Payne and his wife Nina; Anni and Dale Brannon; American stage and screen actor Ben Tatar; Air Force Contractor Jesse Greene; Ken Crosby of Merrill Lynch, whose wife Cricket was not present but was, according to Ken, whelping Larry Bell's wife Jeanne have her baby.» (It was a boy!): Mariano Bilitz, General Motors Distributor and his wife; Corinne Jordy, ex Madrid classmate of Dean's; Araceli and Ed Kreiler; Tony Blomfield, just returned from the U.S. and minus his wife Harriette, who had a touch of La-Grippe. The Blomfields left later to join their yacht in Alicante; Col. John Ferry and his wife Carmen; Franz Kreli of Casa Americana and his attractive daughter Olivia; Oliver Tritton, who is with the Banco Español de Crédito, Banesto; and Nick Fogarty of the maintenance company Tumpane.

The Moment Of Truth. Christine Harding, daughter of the British Vice Consul in Madrid, might well look pleased (candles don't count at 161) as she cuts a birthday cake dedicated to

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salls about SPOIN continued

other authentic sites. The producer went on to explain, «I plan to bring all the 'Gods' together to make this movie.» He named such box office 'draws' as Victor Mature to play the role of Zeus; Kirk Douglas as Adonis; Tony Curtis as Apollo; Peter Ustinov as Dionysus; and Jean Simmons as Athena. According to the producer, there are many candidates for the role of Aphrodite (Venus) but as yet she has not been named. «I'm using the largest east ever.» Dimitroff told us, ent Olympia alone there will be 30,000 extras and there are 65 starring roles.» A 4-hour-long epic, the cost of making it is estimated at twenty million dol-iars and shooting is expected to take a full year, starting in June-Greek Gods willing!

Congresses In Winter. Congresses, like birds, tend to come south in winter. Our sunny Coast — six average hours of sunshine a day from

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GETTING YOUR" HAIR BACK IS ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE, BUT IT BE SAVED CAN Not every case is the same !! YOUR CASE MAY REQUIRE SPECIAL TREATMENT Ask for information and a study of your case, and you will learn the cause of loss and the appropriate remedy. **K** HAIR TREATMENT CENTER (under medical direction) MADRID: Torre de Madrid 8.º 9 -Tel: 2 41 44 75 BARCELONA: Vía Layetana, 180 - Tel. 2 27 05 74 CPS 872

November to April -- is becoming their favorite winter ground, so much so that a huge congress hall is now planned.

Following the fashion to pick sunny climes for winter work, the executive committee of the International Union committee of the International Union of Architects have just spent six days at Hotel Pez Espada, fixing the agenda for their big annual congress in July. The summer congress, of course, will be held up north, in Paris. Flags were hoisted outside Mälaga Airport and the hotel for each of the 22 nation-alities attending, including the sham-mer, and sickles for the Moscow do gate. The seven three-hour sessions, decide over by Sir Robert Matthew, were-spent slitting subjects to be diswere-spent sifting subjects to be dis-cussed at the Paris congress. An interpreter sent along by the local tourist office withered under the crossfire of languages, so an urgent call went out fo Fuengirola for Lana, wife of ex-Soviet painter, Sacha Lioutikoff, who speaks five languages including Russian. Delegates took a day off for some

SAY YOU SAW IT IN GUIDEPOST

sunshine and an extensive tour of the Coast. They mostly agreed that the Coast has some fine buildings, but sadly lacks a master plan. The Rus-sian, Guerogui Orlov, said he was particularly impressed by Marbella's Cludad Residencial, the State holiday resort for workers. Local Spanish reporters cager for an Interview found the Russian rather untaikative, though he did confess he liked Flamenco. The delegates rounded off the busy week with a dinner gala in the botel, and left Saturday.

Gibralfaro Castle - A Tourist Center?' The ruined ninth-century castle on Gibralfaro, the pine-covered hill over-looking Malaga, is probably going to be urbanized as a tourist center. It has been suggested that an auditorium, with rooms for gatherings like interna-tional congresses be built within the with rooms for gatherings like interna-tional congresses, be built within the castle walls. The idea was put to Ma-laga's Mayor, Sr. Rafael Beters, by the Under Secretary of Tourism, Sr. Gar-cía Rodriguez-Acosta, during his short visit here last week. He said Gibral-faro's beautiful position and views should be utilized more. The Mayor should be utilized more. The Mayor later took a bird's eye view of the site from the helicopter of the visiting American flag ship, USS Springlield. Gibralfaro is a great favorite with everyone. Tourists climb it to explore the castle, gasp at the breathtaking views of the town and harbor and eat at the State restaurant built just below the castle walls. The hill also over-looks the builring and hundreds of malaguenos climb it to take a free peek at corridas. peek at corridas.

Winter Course For Foreigners. Below Gibralfaro's battlements, just a spear's throw away, lies the comparatively new Casa de Cultura where, on Friday last week, the Mayor opened the 18th Winter Course for Foreigners. More than 100 students have come from many countries for this extensive two-month course in Spanish language and culture, which happens to coincide culture, which happens to coincide with Malaga's equally famous Winter Sports Festival. Students are lodged with local families and most days at-

with local families and most days at-tend lectures by university professors, go on excursions and take part in all sorts of social and cultural events. Tied in with this year's course is a three week exhibition of paintings by five well-known southern artists with strong local connexions. They are Alberka, Barbadillo, Brinkmann, Her-mindez and Frinado. Gabriel Alber-ku, 30, lives in Torremolinos and has



AY-T AB-PT Income Bises: **Exhibs Win First** Round in Calif.; Theatre Take Larger **TV Plans Moves** 974 S American Broadcasting-Paramount Theatres showed record income

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attack on some prevent a free tures in seven unched by the ation of Film ons, Ralph Hetassociation and the Motion Pic-America, said g to New York.

Page 5) Film

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MANDEL

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Jacobellis Case Up To High Court Again

Washington Bereau of THE FILM DAILY Washington — The Supreme Court yesterday set the long-awaited second argument of the Nico Jacobellis case for next week. The second arguments will be heard just before a book obscenity case, the decision of the highest and court to listen again may presage a more sweeping decision on obscen-ity in motion pictures than has been handed down in previous Cases

Cleveland Heights theatre manager Jacobellis was convicted under (Continued on Page 4)

Jimmy Grainger Heads Sales for AllStar

West Coast Bureau of THE FILM DAILY Hollywood — J. R. "Jimmy" Grainger, industry veteran who formerly headed RKO Radio Pictures, is back in action with the formation here of AllStar Films, new distribution - production company.

Grainger, one-time Fox and (Continued on Page 4)

for 1963 accompanied by a rise in earnings from the theatre division, President Leonard H. Goldenson disclosed yesterday. The AB-PT overall income was \$386,729,000 for the year compared to \$379,-741,000 in 1962.

Theatre earnings, not usually revealed, were \$76,209,000 for 1963 compared to \$75,956,000 in 1962. Merchandise sales were \$29,948,000 (Continued on Page 2)

'Greatest' Campaign Focus on Pictorial

Except for the picture itself the photography in George Stevens' "The Greatest Story Ever Told"

will "the "the single greatest selling tool," according to United Artists plans.

Gabe Sumner, UA nation-al director of advertispublicity ing, and exploita-

tion, said yes-terday "The **Greatest Story** promotion

promises to be "the most exten-(Continued on Page 4)

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STEVENS



and of United California Theatres, has been elected president of Magna Pictures Corp. Naify fills the vacancy in Magna created by the death of George P. Skouras

Another vacancy caused by Skouras' death, the presidency of Todd-AO, has been filled by Salah Hassanein, United Art.s's Thea-tre Circuit Executive Vice-President.

Naify said that Magna, which produced "Oklahoma!" and "South Pacific" would step up its picture production in both in Dimension 150 for roadshow presentation a in 55mm for regular release.

Greek Gods' to Roll in '65 At \$20 Million Budget

Diko Prod., Inc., a new American-Greek company with headquarters in Athens, plans to pro-duce "The Loves of the Greek Gods" in Greece and in the Bronston Studios in Madrid at "a cost (Continued on Page 2)

> Hollywood New York Toronto

British Box Office Attendance Stronger odern Art **IY Festival** odern Art may he New York ear, a Museum lged yesterday.

London — Both film bor office receipts and attendance for January, 1964, were up over January, 1963, statistics of the Board of Trade bere reveal. Weekly average theatre take in January, 1964, was £1.24 million com-

pared to £1.08 million. Weekly attenaance for January, 1964 was 7.9 million compared to 7.6 million in the sime month last year. (The prevent is at \$2.82).



by WILLIAM ORNSTEDS at Coast Editor of THE FILM DAILY Hollywood - Subscription West TV lost the first round of a four-round bout in the California arena with the Crusade for Free TV. The initial round dropped

to theatre owners was dismissal by U.S. District Court Judge William C. Mathis of the \$117,541,500 antitrust and conspiracy suit filed last Dec. 17 against the Crusade and 29 defendants, including theatre com-

Naify Fills Skouras Spot in Magna Pix

(Continued on Page 5) Marshall Naify, president of nited Artists Theatre Circuit

constitute



IFFPA Moves for Free Film Flow In Seven Nations

Madrid-A united attack on some of the barriers that prevent a free flow of motion pictures in seven nations will be launched by the International Federation of Film Producers Associations, Ralph Hetzel, president of the association and acting president of the Motion Pic-ture Association of America, said here before returning to New York.

(Continued on Page 5)

Mandel Heads Film **Division of UJA Drive**

Harry Mandel, president of RKO Theatres, will serve as chairman of the Motion Picture

and Amuse-ment Dist. Division of the United Jewish Appeal of Greater New York. "It is most

for important our industry. Mandel declared "to give additional support to UJA in order that we may help ease the problems of those in need.



MANDEL

Nationwide UJA goal appeal is \$105,000,000.

Museum of Modern Art May Pass Up NY Festival The Museum of Modern Art may

not participate in the New York Film Festival this year, a Museum spokesman acknowledged yesterday. He said the question of participation was yet to be decided by the (Continued on Page 5)

Theatre Take Larger American Broadcasting-Paramount Theatres showed record income

AB-PT Income Rises;

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STEVENS

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'Becket' Grosses Tops

In First Five Engagaments Hal Wallis' "Becket" shapes up as one of the top roadshow films of recent years on the basis of its first five engagements in the U.S. and Canada, according to Paramount.

In its second week, at Loew's State here, "Becket" scored \$30,-070 in six performances. Others include \$16,959, seven shows, Warner Beverly, Los Angeles; \$11,849, six performances, Chicago Cinestage; \$12,370, seven per-formances, Eglinton, Toronto.

Brandt to West Coast For 'Weekend' Confabs

Bingo Brandt, vice president of Brandt Theatres, leaves today for the West Coast for promotion conferences with Emanuel Barling, distributor of "Weekend" which opens at the renovated Globe Theatre here at the end of April. Brandt will also discuss picture possibilities for Lotte Tarp, who is featured in "Weekend."



AB-PT Income Rises; Theatre Take Larger

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compared with \$75,965,000 in 1962. The AB-PT operating earnings for 1963 were \$7,358,000 or \$1.65 a share compared to \$10,757,000 or \$2.41 a share in 1962.

Goldenson explained the paradox of lower operating earnings when the record income exceeded that of 1962 as reflecting 1962-1963 tele-vision business and the cost of covering President Kennedy's assas-sination. He anticipated progressive improvement during 1964, better than 1963.

He noted, too, an improvement in the notes, we, an implementation of the second start in 1963. AB-PT, he said, con-tinued its policy of disposing marginal theatres and attempting to replace them with modern units in growing suburban areas. The company, he revealed, dropped 14 thea-tres during 1963-and opened three new ones. Theatres are under construction in Charlotte, N.C. and Sunnyland, Fla., and a third is on the drawing board.

Levy Signs Sandy Oliver To Compose for 'Fanny' West Coast Bureau of THE FILM DAILY Hollywood—Robert Levy, pres-ident of Pebble Productions, has

signed noted song writer and dramatist Sandy Oliver to write an original song for the company's color featurette, "A Comedy Tale of Fanny Hill", which begins rolling at Producers Studio in April, starring Judy Cannon. Working title for the tune is "The Song of Fanny Hill"

Levy has also set Cy Roth as production manager for the film which is aimed for July 4 nationwide release.

Batschelet Succeeds Sweeten as Denver Mgr.

Denver, Colo.—Ralph J. Batsch-elet, manager of the Mayan Thea-tre and member of the cabinet of Fox Inter-Mountain Theatres, has been named managing director of the Denver Theatre, according to Ray W. Davis, area supervisor for the Fox organization, and John O. Denman, Denver district manager.

Batschelet succeeds Robert G Sweeten, promoted to national gu-vertising director for National General Corp. in Beverly Hills, Calif., the parent company

Peter Lorre Dege

West Coast Burcau of THE FILM DAILY Hollywood - Peter Lorre died here yesterday. He would have been 60 in June. The Hungarian-born actor was known p film born actor was known to film audiences for his character roles in a score of motion pictures nost recently in a series with Am can International.



NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

					Net
•	High	Low	Close	•	Chg.
ABC Vending.	143/8	14	141/4	+	1/4
ABC-Par	363⁄8	351⁄B	363/8	+	11/8
Am. News	231/2	231/8	2338	+	V8
Am. Optical	68%	673/4	68		¥2
Am. Seat	35	35 -	35	• •	
Ampex	161/8	151/2	157/8	+	3/4
Auto, Canteen	13%	135%	13%		· 1/4
Bausch & Lomb	341/8	331/4	331/2	_	- 7/4
Bell & Howell.		2258	23 <i>1/</i> ø	+	5ŕs
CBS	431/2	43	43		· V4
Columbia Picts.		215%	2156		Va
Decca	461/4	46 14	461/4		1/2
Disney	45	44	447/8	+	1.1/8
East, Kodak	1291/2	128	1281/4		- 74
Gen. Prec. Eq.	28%	281/2	281/2	_	1/4
Glen Alden	141/4	14V _B	141/4	+	1/8
Lear Siegler:.	137/8	135%	137/8		1/a
Litton Indus	663/8	65%	65%	_	V2
Loew's Thea	22	2134	2134		1/8
MCA	561⁄8	56¥8	56Va		3/8
MCA CVP	36 -	35.4	3534	+	Va
MGM	301/4	30	30	••	
Nat. General	9.	8%	8%		1/8
Paramount	58	57	5744	+	134
RCA Common.		35%	365%	+	4
RCA 1st Pfd	77%	77 %	77%	••	
Republic Corp.			73/4		14
Republic Pfd	151/4	15 ·	151/4	+	- 14
Stan. Warner.	261/2	· 25¾	261/2	+	1
20th-Fox	227/B	221/2	22V2		14
United Artists.	25	24¥8	241/2		· 14
Warner Bros	28¥s	27 <i>7</i> /a	27%	••	
Zenith Radio.	.84%	83	83	••	
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AMERICA	N STO	CK EX	CHANG	3E	
Allied Artists.	23⁄8	27/8	23/8	· • • •	•••
Audio Dv	121/2	121/4	12%		Va
Cinerama Inc.	111/8	11	11		Va
Filmways	81/4	81/a	81/4	+	Va
MPO VA	1259	117/8	1170		V8
Reeves Indus: .	31⁄4	. 3	3	•••	• • •
Screen Gems	191/4	19	19	-	V2
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Technicolor	187/8	17 <i>7</i> /a	17%	-	Va
TV Indus			3/4		•••
Trans-Lux	121/a	121⁄a	121/8	_	1/4
ove	RTHE	COUN	TER	•	·.

(Supplied by the National Associa

of Security Dealers)

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	Bid	Asked
Commonwealth Pr	55⁄a	61/2
Du Art Corp	41/4	5
General Drive-In	10%	115%
General Artists Corp	71/2	81/2
Magna Pictures	2	23/8
Medallion		17
Seven Arts Production	10%	1134
Skiatron	21/4	25⁄8
Subscription TV	111/4	121/8
Universal	66	201/2
UA Zeatres	8	
Woher Reade	21/2	27/8
Amateo	2116	2456

Greek Gods' to Roll in '65 At \$20 Million Budget (Continued from Page 1)

of \$20 million."

Diko Dimitroff, head of the new company, has set next January for start of filming. Financing has been obtained from a Wall Street firm, the National Organization to Assist Small Business.

Shooting on the four-hour widescreen production is expected to take a full year. All exteriors will be done in Greece and will involve the use of Mount Olympus itself.

Tuesday, March 24

COMING AND GO

MAX A. COHEN, head of Cinem nd MRS. COHEN returned yester Europe.

M. J. FRANKOVICH, Columbia F head, returned to the coast from Paris and Rome.

BERNARD J. GATES, Allied Art national v.p., has returned from European trip.

JOSEPH E. LEVINE, Embassy Pict ident, to Boston on business. H tomarrow.

MO ROTHMAN, Calumbia Inte executive v.p., returned from Bue following the company's Latin Ame vention in Uruguay.

LOU FORMATO, MGM assistan sales monoger, to Soattle and Por returns Friday.

WILLIAM J. DEVANEY, MGM division sales manager in Scott heading for Portland, Ore.

FRED HYNES, Tadd-AO vice-pre the coast; has feturned there fre

SHELDON SMERLING, head of B terprises, returned to the coast fortnight here on his theatre inter include Eastern Management hous

SAMUEL TAYLOR, who will screenplay far "Three on a Couch lrving Pincus" production for the second screen for t huddling in Hollywood.

RUTH POLOGE, American Inte eastern publicity director, to Chica Producer LAWRENCE TURMAN

turned to the coast after UA tol lease of "The Best Man."

DIRK BOGARDE and SARAH i turned to Landon; ditto JOSEPH LC directed "The Servant," in which BETTE DAVIS is here from the co

PETER GLENVILLE, director of H

"Becket," has returned to Land N. Y. far tomorrow's premiere at Theatre.

Yesterday' Rolls Bi In New York and I Joseph E. Levine's "Yes Today and Tomorrow," k the biggest grossing film Manhattan's East Side, ac to Embassy, which repo expected first week's g \$59,000 at the Festival and East.

In Los Angeles, the film \$15,304 in first three days fox Wilshire, Embassy re

'Servant' Breaks 30 Record at Little Ca Ely Landau's "The S broke the 30-year record Little Carnegie with a fir gross of \$20,402, the comp ports.

'Word' Here Today

"The Given Word," Films release, has its U. pere today at the Beekm atre under auspices of 1 Dora A. de Vasconcellos, General of Brazil.

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 SECRET

20 JAN 1964

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Security Department of State

FROM: Deputy Director for Plana

STIBLIEC P:

TO:

DINTROFF, Dimitor Adamoff [aka: DIMITROV, Dimitur Adamov]

1. Reference is made to the request received 15 January 1984 from Mr. Jessup concerning Subject. The files of this office contain the following information.

2. Subject of your request is Dimitur Adams DIMITBOV, bern 7 May 1924 in Medicovets, Bulgaria. He escaped to Greece in 1947 and participated actively in anti-Commist activities among Bulgarian refugees there. He was de-scribed as being dictatorial and egstistical to the point of having delusions of grandeur. Subject felt that he could cause the downfall of the Communist government of Bulgaria and would become prime minister of the country thereafter. By September 1951, his behavior had become so peculiar that he was detained for mental observation and treatment. In February 1954, Subject was considered well enough to be returned to normal refugee channels in Greece and was transferred to the Syros refugee detention camp to await disposition.

3. Subject immigrated to the United States in 1956. Since that time he has written numerous letters to the White House and government agencies proposing rather farfetched anti-Communist schemes in which he inevitably proposes himself for the leading role. Whereas Subject is not regarded as insame and is not known to be disposed to violence, the above letters do indicate that he is something of a "crackpet" on the subject of anti-Communism. It is conceivable that he does harbor some bitterness toward Greece as a result of his detention mentioned above.

SECRET

CSCI-3/779,614 BC: Federal Bureau of Investigation. RID/CE: JMA/MC/dcl Based on: 201-45145* EE/BR

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u.s. officials only CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

DEC 14:1950

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FOR POLICY COORDINATION SUBJECT: Activities of Dimiter Adomov Dimitrov in Greece

The following information concerning the activities of Subject in Greece was recently received from the field. It is brought to your attention for your information, and for such comments as you may be able to make.

According to a fairly reliable informant, Subject, allegedly acting on instructions from members of the American Embassy at Athens, has lately become very active among Bulgarian refugees in Greece. Early in October 1950, Subject visited the Lavrion Camp where he met with a number of his Bulgarian friends and advised them that he had been given a "charter and instructions," by certain members of the American Embassy, to form a committee of five members for the planning and execution of a fight for the liberation of Bulgaria. This committee, according to Subject, would be established in Athens and would cooperate with other similar committees which have already been formed in France, Germany and other countries. The committee would later expand to 20 members and would establish a so-called "Democratic Agrarian Bloc."

Subject is further reported to have stated that recruits 3. would come from among the members and sympathizers of the Bulgarian Democratic Party (Moushynov) and from the Gichev Agrarians. The members of the Leftist Agrarian Party (G.M. Dimitrov or "Pladne" group) and right-wing elements would be excluded. Eligible Bulgarian emigres would come to Greece from Western Europe to assist in the work, and prominent members of the Gichev Agrarians and of the Democratic Party would be assisted in escap-ing to Greece (presumably from Bulgaria) to join the organization.

Subject outlined the tasks of the organization as 4. follows:

Intelligence activity in Bulgaria,

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Ъ. Bulgaria, and

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Organizing an underground resistance movement in

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Organizing sabotage activity against Bulgaria.

5. Subject also revealed that the members of the committee at present were: himself as president; Ivan Mitev Hristonov, secretary; Ivan Donev Ivanov; Dimiter Donev Ivanov; and a fifth member whose name was not supplied by source.

7. Following his address to the group at Lavrion, Subject and Ivan Mitev Hristonov, secretary of the so-called committee, prepared a list of prospective members of the organization based on their screening of the refugees at Lavrion on the basis of birthplace, education, military training, and similar factors, the list having been prepared for submission to the American Embassy for approval, according to Subject.

8. On 1 November 1950, Subject again visited the Lavrion Camp to inform his recruits that they would shortly be moved to a pleasant home in Athens which the Americans were repainting for the purpose. On the occasion of this visit, the recruits were divided into three groups, as follows:

8.

c.

A group of 10 men to specialize in intelligence,

b. A group of 6 men to be trained in radio in Germany, and

A group of 15 men to specialize in sabotage.

9. On or about 10 November 1950, the following six members of Group "A" moved to Athens: Peter Zlatev, Krustyu Kiryanov, Ivan Hristonov, Ivan Gogov, Todor Djadiev, and one whose name is unknown. The others were to follow shortly.

10. According to our source, the radio group comprises Ivan Iskrov, Boris Popov, Georgi Nikolov, and others, while the sabotage group includes Serafim Vangelov Kouyoumdjiev, Nikola Manev, Todor Nikolov Todorov, Marko Korchev and others.

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11. In submitting the above report our source commented that Kouyoundjiev is a dangerous Communist, although he did not cite facts to support this accusation. Our source also described Subject as an unprincipled opportunist and Greek agent. According to our source, Subject had previously worked for the Greeks and was in contact with the British last spring.

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ROBERT A. SCHOU Assistant Director

Special Operations

SO DB-31992



13 November 1950

MEMORANIUM FOR: II/OS -SUBJECT: Dimiter Adamov Dimitrov REFERENCE: Request for Operational Clearance for Subject dated 23 October 1950.

1. Attached is additional biographic data on Subject, forwarded for your information.

Chief, EE-I

EE-I/CFA/1b cc: Orig & 1 - addressee #3, 4 - EE-I 5, 6 - III/RE



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DIVITER ADANOV DIVITROV

Dimiter Adamov Dimitrov was born on 7 May 1924 in the village of Medkovets, district of Lom, Bulgaria. His father was a farmer. His primary education was completed in Lom. He finished his high school training in 1941-1942 in Sofia, and studied philology for one year at Sofia University (1942-1943).

In 1942 he joined a secret branch of the Bulgarian National Agrarian Union. In 1943, he claims to have begun underground activities, due to persecution by "Fascists". On 2 September 1944, he emerged from hiding to begin work with various Agrarian leaders. After the svents of 9 September 1944, however, he again went into hiding and began activities aimed against Communists.

On 28 October 19hh, he allegedly was accused by the government of sabotage because he had agitated against the Russian occupation troops. During the ensuing months, he was arrested several times in Fardinand, Vratsa, and Lom. When released from prison, he continued his illegal activities. His organizational activities often lead him across the Yugoslav frontier. Allegedly he worked in Vardar Macadonia in order to organize Bulgarian sympathizers for the Agrarian Party cause. In April and May 1945, Dimitrov was in Sofia. At one point he procured an illegal identity card add under the name "Boris Stoikev, a member of the 2nd Eelgrade Shock Brigade", he toured southwestern Yugoslavia, "organizing Agrarian posts", and was eventually captured by the Yugoslav authorities and sent back to Bulgaria. During the elections of 18 November 1945 he spoke at secret meetings in Yratsa, urging the people to defeat the Communists.

On 16 August 1946, he was captured by the police in Sofia. He claims to have been kept eighteen days without bread and twelve days without water, and to have spent four days on an electric torture machine which caused temporary blindness. From 13 October to 11 November 1946, he was tried in the Vratsa court for having organized subversive groups all over Bulgaria and sentenced on four counts. On 2 June 1947, he was tried and sentenced to death by the Sofia Military Court. On 8 July he escaped from the authorities, and on 23 July 1947 he crossed the Greek frontier.

He now works for Radio Athens and lives at Hotel New Phaleron, Greace.

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23 October 1950

MEMORANDUM FOR: 11/09

SUBJECT: Operational Clearance for Dimitri Adamov Dimitrov

1. It is requested that the necessary investigation be initiated for the issuance of an operational clearance for Dimitri Adamov Dimitrov.

2. Subject will be used in psychological and political warfare operations in Greece in connection with project QKSTAIR. Clearance should permit occasional trips to such countries as Italy, France, Germany, Switzerland, and England.

3. All possible efforts should be made to prevent any U. S. government or CIA interest being shown in this man. His usefulness would be severely restricted, if not eliminated, if it should become known in Bulgarian emigre circles that the U. S. government was intending to utilize his services.

4. Because of his background and experience subject can make significant contributions to QKSTAIN operations in Greece. He is needed as scon as possible to participate in operations which are already underway. A provisional clearance is requested for 17 Nov. 1950.

5. All Biographical data available at present is attached.

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Chief, EZ-I

Attachments: 3

cc: EE-I file EE-I chrono OPC file OPC chrono EE-I/MSB/ej

DIOGRAPHICAL DATA

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DEMITROV, Dimitri Adamov

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Dimitrov was born in Fardinand, now Mihailongred, in 192h. There is little information about his youth but it appears he is fairly well educated. He was an active Albanian Agrarian at a young age. During the war he worked illegally in Greek Macedonia and Vardar, Macedonia to escape authorities. He returned home after the war; soon disillusioned by Communists, went to Sofia for help from Agrarian headquarters. He then made clandestine tour of various Albanian cities and towns urging Agrarians to take positive action against Communists. Finally captured in Sofia, he was given usual treatment and says life was spared because he was being groomed as witness against Petkaov. Escaped to Greece, where he has remained since, doing occasional propaganda for Greeks under nom de plume Diko. Subject was strong Georges M. Dimitrov man but has now veered to Tenev group, and is anti-Dimitrov.

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On October 28, 1944, he allegedly was accused by the government of sabotage because he had agitated against the Russian occupation troops. During the ensuing months he was arrested several times in Ferdinand, Vratsa and Lom. When released from prison, he continued his illegal activities, which seem to have consisted in travelling from village to village, organizing loose-knit groups of Agrarians to withstand Communist pressures.

Diko's organizational activities often lead him across the Yugoslav frontier. Allegedly he worked in Vardar Macedonia in order to organize Bulgarian sympathizers for the cause of Dr. G. M. Dimitrov, and upon the advice of a certain General Kitchharov.

In April and May, 1945, Diko was in Sofia, in contact with Dr. G. M. Dimitrov, Nikola Petkov and Mara Raicheva. After Diko learned that GeMe had left Bulgaria, he went to Skoplje and asked American and English officers there to help him get to Bari. He did not receive such help.

Diko procured an illegal identity card and, as "Boris Stoikov, a member of the 2nd Belgrade Shock Brigade," he toured southwestern Yugoslavia, "organizing Agrarian posts." Eventually, Diko was captured by the Yugoslav authorities.

Upon the suggestion of "Gosho, the leader of the partisans of Greek Macedonia," Diko was sent back to Hilgaria. He escaped during this transfer and, although he was ill, he went to Sofia where, he says, he was helped by a number of people, including Peter Belgashki, an American Colonel named "Bekeles," an American Sergeant named "Bucky," General Craig and Mrs. Minnie Balabanova.

When he had recovered his health, Diko left Sofia and travelled throughout Bulgaria, organizing "secret posts." Allegedly he organized 250 of these throughout Bulgaria. During the elections of November 18, 1945, he spoke at secret meetings in Vratsa, urging the people to defeat the Communists.

On August 16, 1946, he was captured by the police in Sofia. He claims to have been kept eighteen days without bread and twelve days without water, and to have spent four days on an electric torture machine which caused temporary blindness. (His "indescribable tortures" are all described in detail in his book "The Liberation of Bulgaria." See enclosure No. 1.) Diko believes that he was not executed because the Communists wished to hold him as a witness in preparation for the trial of Nikola Petkov.

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From October 13 to November 11, 1946, Diko was tried in the Vratsa court for "having organized subversive groups all over Bulgaria." The chief prosecutor was a man named Chernew, the presiding judge was a certain Pencho Spasov. Diko was sentenced on four counts: to death, to 15 years, to 6 years and to 3 years imprisonment. He was jailed and put in solitary confinement.

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On June 2, 1947, he was tried and sentenced to death by the Sofia Military Court. Also, he states, he was tried and sentenced to death by the court at Lom.

In June, 1947, Diko was taken to a quarry in Vratsa where he worked loading rock. On July 8, he escaped from the quarry and went to Mesdra. In Mesdra he contacted the post which he had established there, and received help in travelling further. He went to Zverova and then to Sofia. While in Sofia he asked for and received some help both from the British and from the Americans. He claims that on one occasion he slept in the Sofia house of Jack Horner, of the American Legation. (At this time Mr. Horner was living in his summer home at Simeonovo.) Dike claims also to have stayed with Michael Shipkov.

On July 23, 1947 he crossed the Greek frontier south of Zlatograd. He gave himself up the next day at Shahim.

British authorities in Sofia had notified the British in Salonika, and they made arrangements for Diko to be admitted to the British hospital in Xanthi. After eighteen days in the hospital there he was transferred to the British hespital in Salonika. After a month and a half in Salonika he was sent to Athens. Greek authorities sent him to the refugee camp at Lavrion. Diko spent nine months in Lavrice then went to Athens, where he obtained employment broadcasting in Bulgarian on Radio Athens. His subsequent activities in Greece are discussed in section 2, below.

Diko speaks Bulgarian, Serbian, Russian, some Greek and a very little English.

2. Activities

a. <u>Employment</u>. Diko works for Radio Athens. He broadcasts every Sunday evening in Bulgarian. He receives 30,000 drachmae per broadcast. (60,000 if his text is also used in a Greek language broadcast.) Unfortunately, however, it costs him twenty to thirty thousand drachmae to have his text translated into Greek for the benefit of the Greek censor. Additional expenses,

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such as those for renting a typewriter and local transportation costs, give him a net return from this work of about zero drachmae. In addition to his money pay, however, the Greek Government provides him with quarters in a run-down hotel in New Phaleron and it pays him 2800 drachmae per day subsistence. (Generally, a refugee is not entitled to subsistence money if he has any employment whatosever.)

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Diko also writes articles for various Athens newspapers (see enclosure No. 6) and has received money for them. Other literary activities are described in section 2. b., below.

A Mr. Humphries, technical adviser of the BBC at Radio Athens, allegedly has offered Diko a job with BBC in London. Diko has refused to accept this offer to date, because of his primary interest in organizing refugees into a "Democratic Bloc." Should he find it impossible to acquire funds necessary for his continued activities in Greece, however, he plans to go to London with BBC.

b. <u>Publications</u>. Diko is a prolific author and is at present writing an eight part work on Bulgaria to be entitled "Under the Whip of Stalin." The eight parts of the book are:

The Liberation of Bulgaria
In the Hands of the Militia
Justice and Communism
Prisons and Camps
Agrarians and Communism
Workers and Communism
Army and Communism
Church and Communism

Dike has already written parts 1, 5 and 7. Parts 1 and 5 have been published in Greece. They are enclosures No. 1 and No. 2 to this despatch. Part 7 (enclosure No. 3) is being published by the Greek General Staff and is at the printers at the present time. Diko received about 3,000,000 drachmae for each part of his book which has been published; he expects to earn about the same amount for Part 7, and for subsequent parts.

Diko states that he has written the books which have been published "for the Greek audience." He realizes that they will not meet approval in the West, largely because they are too emotional. Also, he has omitted from the Greek versions of his book certain anti-Monarchist sentiments which he did not express "for political reasons." Diko has re-written the first two parts of his book "for the American audience" and is very

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anxious to have them published in the United States. Enclosures No. 4 and No. 5 are the Greek texts of these revised portions.

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Diko refers to himself often as "the new Kravchenko - better than Kravchenko." The Peripheral Reporting Unit asked Mrs. Mary Johnston, former Press Attache at the United States Legation in Sofia, to read the Greek text of Diko's books and check on this boast. (Diko's books are available only in Greek at the present time.) Mrs. Johnston stated that "Diko is certainly no worse than Kravchenko."...Mrs. Johnston believes that Diko is an interesting and graphic author and that -- if he could abstain from frequent use of Balkan epithets -- his work might merit publication in English. Mrs. Johnston selected a short passage from "Agrarians and Communism" as being typical of his better writing. Enclosure No. 6, "Incident in Vulchedram," is a translation of this passage.

this passage. *Bold ARIAN* c. The "Democratic Bloc." Diko is engaged in trying to organise a "Democratic Bloc." His present efforts are directed almost entirely toward Bulgarian refugees in the camp at Lavrion. Diko was made a member of the "P. D. Petkov" organization which was formed in Lavrion on April 30, 1950. (See CAS report E-3295, September 16, 1950.) He has taken over and expanded the activities of this group, and now considers himself its leader.

Diko claims that he has twelve "hard core" members in his group and fifty-four interested supporters. He claims that he will have minety supporters as soon as he can find the funds to print and distribute his program, and to provide other concrete proofs of his growing strength.

Diko appears to be an excellent organizer. He keeps up-to-date lists of all the Bulgarians in the camp at Lavrice. The Bulgarians are listed according to Diko's estimate of their political position. Thus there is a group called Supporters, there is one called Potential Supporters, there is a group of "hard core" Genetoists, a list of Nationalists, etc. Diko also files all of his ideas and correspondence and, in general, seems to have a good idea of what he has done and is doing.

Diko makes it a point to visit the camp at Lavrion regularly, and to bring with him cigarettes and food which he distributes among new arrivals. Allegedly, he tells these new arrivals that the presents are given to them because they are Bulgarians, not as a bribe to join his political group. "In actual fact, however," Dike admits, "this is a very successful way of getting people to support us." Dike claims that he pays for these little gifts himself; he emphatically denies having received outside help in this matter.

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The basic program of Diko's Democratic Bloc is to be found in the "Constitution of the Bulgarian National Agrarian Union," as published in Sofia in 1922. Diko carries an old and dogeared copy of this publication with him. Presumably a copy is available in Washington.

6 ATHENS 588

In addition to these basic tenets, Diko's group has evolved a supplementary program. The points of this supplementary program are listed on enclosure No. 8. In general, Diko's program appears democratic and idealistic.

Diko's group is opposed unalterably to the Bulgarian National Committee and to Dr. G. M. Dimitrov. Diko states that, although he worked with Dr. Dimitrov for many years, he has come to realize that Dr. Dimitrov is guilty of those same totalitarian and terrorist leftist practices of which the Communists are guilty. Diko states that the final break with Dr. Dimitrov came over the following incident:

> Dr. G. M. Dimitrov knew that Diko had organized many secret posts throughout Bulgaria and, after Diko escaped from Bulgaria, Dr. Dimitrov asked Diko to name the posts. Diko thought it wise not to write down the names of the persons in charge of the posts, and was also suspicious of this request. When Dr. Dimitrov did not receive the information he wanted, he became very angry and "showed his true totalitarian hand."

(Diko has made available to the Peripheral Reporting Unit many of his files, including those on his correspondence with Dr. Dimitrow. It appears that he does know GeMe and that GeMe at one time thought well of Diko. For instance, in a letter dated October 31, 1947, Dr. Dimitrow spoke of Diko as a "hero" and in a letter dated January 2, 1948, Dr. Dimitrow stated that he had sent Diko some clething and shaving equipment.)

At the present time, Diko is collaborating with the Paris group of Tonchoffenev and Vakrel/Yanev. (The four Bulgarians in Lavrion who stated that they supported Toncho Tenev — see Athens despatch 380, September 1, 1940 — seem to be Diko's men now.) Diko makes it very clear, almost illogically and stubboraly clear, that he will continue to work with Tonche Tenev only so long as Tenev does not change his present program. Diko seems to suspect that Tenev might later evince "Monarchist" or "Gemetoist" tendencies.

Diko corresponds with Toncho Tenev, Vakrel Yanev and Yanke Cont and Khetcho Donev in France, with Grosiu Danev and (Lt. Col) Nikela Alexandrov in Italy, with Panayot Panayetev in Venesuela, and with other Bulgarian refugees. Enclosure No. 8 is a translation of part of the text of a letter from Vakrel Yanev, which
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throws some light on the activities of the Tenev clique and the Barev brothers.

d. <u>Memorial Services for Nikola Petkov</u>. On Saturday, September 23, 1950, Diko organized a memorial service in Lavrion, commemorating the third anniversary of the hanging of Nikola Petkov. Diko stated that about eighty refugees came to his church service. (Pictures of the occasion, see enclosure No. 10, indicate that about sixty were present.) The majority of the people in attendance were Bulgarians, but there were also a few refugees of other nationalities, a Greek priest and sacristan, and a few town officials.

The memorial service lasted for more than an hour and included a mass, and a speech by Diko. Diko claims that his speech was so moving that all of the refugees cried, including himself. Following the service, Diko laid a wreath at the town soldier's monument and the group repaired to a tavern for refreshments.

The cost of the memorial service, indicated below, was not inconsiderable. Diko states that he paid about half of it himself, and that the other half was paid for from cellections among the refugees.

COST OF MEMORIAL SERVICE

l. Wreath	100,000	drachmae
2. Priest	110,000	
3. Wine	40,000	
4. Ceremonial wheat-and-sugar	200,000	이 같아요. 🍽 집중한 성
5. Candles	100,000	
6. Food and drink at tavera	320,000	
	470.000	

870,000

It is interesting to note that no Gemetoists took part in or attended the memorial service. This was claimed by Dike, and corroberated by a Gemetoist who visited the Embassy early in October to complain about the "high-handed audacity of Dike in pretending to speak for Democracy." (Note: The Peripheral Reporting Unit had been invited to attend the Memorial Service but did not do so since it did not wish to appear to spensor one refugee group as against another.)

3. Comments

Dike is a pleasant, hard working young man of average intelligence. He shows a politician's glibness which is extraordinary in a man of his age. He can talk for hours about

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"Democracy," "our program," etc., without actually saying anything, yet creating the impression that he is all-knowing.

As an example of Diko's awareness of the politician's role, it might be mentioned that he now wears a well cut suit of the finest materials, a pair of excellent imported shoes, a silk shirt and a silk tie. Diko is buying these on credit, at 150,000 drachmae (\$10) per month. He claims that a good appearance is necessary if he is to inspire the confidence and cooperation of the refugees among whom he is working.

Dike is a rugged individualist and it would seem that his individualism is his greatest enemy at present. He is intolerant and suspicious of others, and is the type of person who would prefer to lead his own small group to suicide than to follow as a private in a larger army whose aims were not exactly his own.

There is a very great deal of the charlatan about Biko. CAS spoke with him on two occasions, and then discarded him as a "phony." The Peripheral Reporting Unit believes, however, that, notwithstanding his superficiality and the exaggerations to which he is prone, Diko has such an intuitive grasp of the rudiments of political deportment and showmanship, and he is so devoted to his self-appointed task of organizing his "Democratic Bloc," that he might become an important Bulgarian figure.

Robert B. Meminger, First Secretary of Embassy.

THENS 588

10 Enclosures: (Listed on page 9.)

Copies to:

(less enclosures 1,2,3,4,5,6, and 10) Paris (PR) Rome (PR) Vienna (PR) Istanbul (PR) Frankfort (PR) Trieste (PR)

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ENCLOSURES

I.	**	Oi anelever the Boulyapias" (Part $L =$ Greek version. 1 copy only. Unclassified.)
2.		'Aγρότες χαί χομμουνισμός" (Part 5. Greek version. 1 copy only. Unclassified.)
3.	B	Oi 'Pωσοοι έλευθερωτές" (Part 7. Greek version. 1 copy only. Unclassified.)
4.	87	'Ο φυθρός Βουλγαρικός Στρατός" (Part 1. Revised text. 1 copy only. Unclassified.)
5.	92	'Aγρότες xai Κομμουνισμός" (Part 5. Revised text. 1 copy only. Unclassified.)
6.		Six newspapers containing articles about or by Dike. (1 copy only. Unclassified.)
7.	•	"Incident in Vulchedram," translation of excerpt from Diko's "Agrarians and Communism." (Unclassified.)
8.		Program of the "Democratic Bloc." (Confidential.)
9.		Text of letter from Vakrel Yanev to Diko, dated April 15, 1950. (Confidential.)
10.		Seven photographs of Diko and the 1950 Nikola Petkov Memoria Service at Lavrion. (1 copy only of each. Restricted.)

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Enclosur N 7 to ATHENS 588, October 13, 1950.

"INCIDENT IN VULCHEDRAM"

Excerpt from Agrarians and Communism, by Dimiter Adamov Dimitrov

So one day Yamkov ... (was)... told to go to the "Committee." The invitation was made personally by Tinko so that it would not have the meaning and character of an order. (He was the father of a Communist who probably had an important post in the capital.)

"We have missed you, Tamkov, we see nothing of you."

"Oh, well, business you know."

"Why don't you come to the office of the People's Committee so that we can sit and have a talk?"

"To the office? What would I be doing there?"

"Oh, having a talk."

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"What do we have to talk about?"

"Well, as men and as fellow villagers we have much to talk about."

Fellow villagers? Tamkov felt his blood boiling and rising to his head. That expression "fellow villagers" struck his ears as an irony, as an insult. He felt he was being defiled by the mouth of that sordid murderer; because it was against these fellow villagers that his mania and extremism had been directed and his fellow villagers had been killed om his instructions; killed by the rabid mob of the Party during its first onslaught. And among these fellow villagers whom this jackal had killed there were his friends: the kind priest, the teacher and the doctor, all those who were the heart and mind of the village.

"Like fellow villagers?"

"Anyway, like friends. ... I want to discuss something with you. It's necessary that I should have a talk with you."

"Now I understand. That's right, be blunt about it. At what time do you order me to be in your office?"

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Enclosure, ATHENS 588

"But don't take it that way, Yamkov. I am not ordering you, I'm inviting you."

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"Okay, when do you want me to come?"

"Come this afternoon, unless you'd prefer tomorrow."

"Either today or tomorrow makes no difference to me. I'm coming this afternoon."

Before going there, Yamkov passed by the druggist's, the only survivor of the circle of intellectuals, and told him about the invitation Tinko had made to him. He was the only man with whom he spoke with confidence and with whom he exchanged ideas. The druggist rose, shocked, from his desk, affixed his spectacles with hands which were trembling, then put his hands on Yamkov's shoulders as if they were expressing his love and anxiety.

"Be careful, my friend Yamkov. You are a bit hotheaded and cannot control your tongue. Mind you don't misbehave. Control your nerves, because we mustn't lose you. We need you, we need you. Your home and your family and your village need you. You must not be missing when the moment arises...."

Yankev left, greatly moved, and with a decision to listen to whatever they had to tell him at the People's Committee without expressing the disgust and indignation he felt for them. He had decided to be patient, to swallow his tongue, and to listen quietly to all the filth of that social disgrace, Tinko, like a little pupil of the elementary school who is chastised by his master.

"The devil take himl" he spat-with disgust.

At the People's Committee, apart from the two "eminent" Party members - Tinko and Yanev - there was a Russian organizer, a large brute with an elephant neck and with a wellshaved Asiatic head. Through his large nostrils, which rhythmically closed and opened with his breathing, one felt that one was about to see the size of his mind. It seemed that he knew who Yankov was, because his grey eyes were comstantly fixed on him, insistently and inquiringly. Tinko introduced him.

"He has a son too, a Party man, our man."

"Bravo, congratulations. Where is he now?" he asked.

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"In ... (he felt like saying, Hell) ... Sofia," he corrected himself.

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"Is he studying?"

"Yes, he is studying to become a doctor." (He thought to himself: "a loafer.")

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"Fine," remarked the Russian with satisfaction. "In our set-up we respect doctors, just as we respect every scientist. We think highly of them. We give them the means to promote their science for the benefit of the whole and, of course, for their own benefit too."

"Yes, yes. You love them. I have seen that with my own eyes," agreed Yamkow, scarcely managing to control himself. And there passed before his eyes the tragic scene of the assassination of the doctor a few days ago.

After these words had been exchanged and he was sitting confortably on his chair, the Russian opened his legs wide, assumed a serious air, and started the discussion. He spoke Bulgarian with great ease, like a Bulgarian.

"The comrades," he said, pointing to Tinko and Ianev, "spoke to me with flattering words about you and your home. You are an honest and industrious family, respectable persons, and such persons who know how to appreciate work and honesty are valuable and dear to us. It is even more fortunate because, as I was told, you are on our side. This is only too natural, of course, since you have your son...."

"My son has his own ideas and I have mine," interrupted Yamkov, who had started growing angry.

The Russian pretended not to notice the meaning of the interruption.

"Yes, I understand. Your son, being younger and more progressive, went further ahead. Youth has the lead. So I was about to say...what was I saying? Oh yes, that you have a son who could go ahead if you, too, helped, and if you didn't it would be the other way. You understand what I mean?"

Yamkov felt that he was choking with anger, but he controlled himself. He swallowed his tongue.

"I understand," he said, between clenched teeth.

"It's good to hear that," added the Russian. "It shows that you understand things in the right way, from the proper angle, like a reasonable man and like a father." He looked

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Enclosure 7 ATHENS 588

satisfied. He thought that he had scared Yamkov with his threatening insinuation. He thought that he had him now at his mercy.

"And now let us speak about the specific and interesting question for which we invited you."

"Let us speak," the other man agreed.

"People like you are valuable for us. You are exactly what is required in each village to serve as an example to be followed by others, to overcome the stupid hostility of the villagers toward our social system and thus to facilitate its completion. Such persons offer an immense service to our cause. That is why we give them our respect and our confidence, and we reward them richly, both morally and materially. We know how to honor honest men."

"Yes, indeed. I can see that," said Yamkov and threw a glance at the other two "honest men," Yanev and Tinke.

Yamkov's highly expressive hint did not escape the attention of the Russian, but he pretended not to understand. The two "honest men" went red to the roots of their ears and their eyes sparked with anger.

"After all this," the Russian went on, "the only thing that remains is for me to tell you about my proposal. You should enter the kolkhoz. There you will be able to develop all your activity, you will benefit the social whole and you will create the fundamental pre-requisites for the proper development and progress of your son."

Yamkov rose. From the first words the Russian organizer had uttered he understood what he was about to come to. And, of course, he did not intend to accept the proposal for participation in the kolkhos but had intended - following the advice of his friend, the druggist - to express his refusal in quiet and well chosen words. But when the Russian had made his son's progress dependent upon his own consent to become an organ of the party - thus indirectly blackmailing him -, and especially when he clearly intimated that he wanted him to use as the bait for his fellow villagers, his honest and pure soul revolted. The wave of anger which he-scarcely managed to control broke out like a torrent. The druggist's prescription was cast away, forgotten.

"It seems to me," he replied, "that your affinity with base individuals like Tinko and Yanew, and undoubtedly with others still worse, has led you to believe that all the

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Bulgarians are tailored to fit your plans. For otherwise you would not have spoken to me about moral and material rewards for my person, about coins of treachery, and you wouldn't have threatened me with the 'development' of my good-for-nothing son. Oh no, Mr. Russian, you are wrong in thinking that all the Bulgarians take after your 'comrades'. There are a few who cannot be bought, who do not give way to threats and do not become bait."

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He put on his hat and left with dignity.

The others remained there, stupified and spellbound, looked at the departing Yamkov.

When he had overcome the surprise which had stupified him, Tinko got hold of his revolver and hastened to reach Yancho Yamkov, who was descending the stairs without being aware of this. But the Russian organizer stopped him.

"No nonsense. This isn't the time for it. We shall think over how and when and where it must be done."

And he did think about it. A few days later Yamkov was found dead in a field outside the village. He had been stabbed with wild ferocity.

Tinko and the militia made every effort to find the murderers. And they found them. They were two peasants, two stolid and incorrigible anti-Communists, who, according to their own "confession", written and signed before the militia, had committed the murder because they were informed that Yamkov had registered for participation in the kolkhos and because he insistently and persistently had urged his fellow villagers to join him. The two-murderers were taken away for trial and never reappeared.

Yamkov's belongings, in accordance with a statement which he had "signed," were taken over by the kolkhoz.

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Enclosu / 8 ATHENS 588 October 13, 1950

PROGRAM OF THE DEMOCRATIC BLOC

1. The program is based upon the policies of the great Agrarians such as Nikola Petkov, Dimiter Guitchev, Nikola Mushanov, Constantin Moraviev, Verdil Dimov, Alexander Gerginov and Alexander Stambouliski

2. The Bloc accepts the help and collaboration of all Bulgarian anti-Communists who agree to work along the path of Democracy.

3. The Bloe refuses to collaborate with Communists, Leftist elements of any type such as the party of Dr. G. M. Dimitrov, extreme Rightists, former Monarchists, Fascists, or with the Ivan Mihailov group. This Democratic Bloe must remain purely democratic, in the American manner.

4. The Bloc will ally itself with similar blocs now being formed among Albanian and Yugoslav refugees.

5. As soon as the Bloc can procure the necessary funds, it will prepare and publish protocols, resolutions, etc., and distribute these both to Bulgarian emigrants abroad and to Bulgarians inside Bulgaria. The first of these brochures will explain what the Bloc is, what it wants and why it does not support Dr. G. M. Dimitrov. The brochure will ask for the help of all Democratic Bulgarians.

6. "After the Bloc has proved itself", it will request help from the United States and from the Greek Government in penetrating and propagandizing Bulgaria.

7. The Bloc expects to help annoy the Communists in Bulgaria and -- when the time comes -- to help liberate the country.

8. When the country has been freed, the Bloc desires free elections under a democratic system, restoration of all personal freedoms, the adoption of a bill of rights along the American system, the restoration of private ownership, the abolition of cooperative farms and the abolition of the people's courts.

9. The program advocates just and proper trials of all Communist leaders --- no terrorism.

10. In external affairs the Bloc advocates Balkan cooperation and cooperation with all democratic peoples.

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Enclosur(i() to ATHENS 588, October 13, 1950.

Letter from Vakrel Yanew, 37, Rue de Berne, Paris 8, France, to Dimiter Adamov Dimotrow, Hotel Action, New Phaleron, Greece, dated April 15, 1950.

EXCERPT

.....I am here concentrating more on organizational work so that we can safeguard the idealistic purity of the Agrarian Union so heavily stapped upon and frightened by the self-willed and evil activity of the Doctor and those who circle around him. Here in Paris we finally have an Agrarian Union and we have published a circular letter in which we announce in a clear manner the division among the emigrants. I sent you some of these letters and am now again sending you one so that you can distribute it wherever necessary and to people who are interested. I will await your prompt advice as to how it is received. I know how the Barev people will receive it, but now this means nothing to us. The Bulgarian problem in its entirety interests us and we will not allow it to be misused on account of our National cause.

I have not started a newspaper yet, but everything has been thought out and I hope that early next month I can release the first issue. It is not easy. You know how poor we are and it is hard to get money from the poor emigrants. Newsprint is very expensive here. My material circumstances are not any better than before. The newspaper has been thought out in its serious form and contents, so many people will have to swallow their tongues.

About the National Committee: I have nothing in common with them. My opinion is that all in a very short time will be reorganized from the roots, if we honestly desire to de good for our enslaved homeland.

The temporary leadership of the Bulgarian Agrarian Union in exile has been formed to include Eng./Tenev, as also Dinko Argirov. The fight with the Barevites has started strongly and even though Dr. Dimitrov is on their side we shall continue the fight, and will not stop, because it is for the pure, honest triumph of overrun Democracy.

The activity on the part of the Barevites about which you wrote is this: they want to make a sub-committee and for this purpose they want Slavi Neikov as a representative. You see to what low levels they have reached and who are the leaders for the Doctor! I wonder why up to now the emigrants in Greece have not organized and picked out a committee there, which will promulgate common interests and not allow outside interference.

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ENCLOSULS 9 ATHENS 588

You had promised me that you would send me documentation on the bad activity of the Barevites in Greece but up to now you haven't done it, which has troubled me. You know that I am very strong on promises. I believe the declarations you have made more than once and shall await the fulfillment as quickly as possible of these promises.

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I had read in the papers about the killing of Marin and others. I'd like to have you acquaint me with the circumstances of the emigrants and what are the fronts, which faces come out as leaders, what kind of attitude they take, etc. ...

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MEMOR ANDUM

18 April 1951

CC

To: Oliver G. Martell

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From: Terence U. Nasmith

Subject: The Hanging of Lyle O. Kelly.

1. The most serious accusation against Kelly is based upon the developments regard to Kelly's connection with the French. He told us about recent contacts he made with Pierre and Mrs. Florimond from Salonika. He denied that he had ever had contacts with them previously. We have learned from Ogive that, in 1979, Kelly worked for Florimond.

On Thursday April 12 Kelly stated that he was to tell Florimond by Friday, April 13, whether or not he would work with him. Kelly asked us for instructions. We told Kelly his answer was to be a definite, final no. In other words he was never to see the French again. We know definitely, however, that Kelly saw Florimond on Friday, on Saturday and on Tuesday. On Tuesday he saw also a certain French Assistant Military Attache named Piray.

Yani Kolomonos, Kelly's friend, stated that Kelly has agreed to meet Piray at the French Embassy between 11 and 12 o'clock on Thursday, April 19. At this meeting Kelly will (1) give the Frenchman detailed accounts of all U. S. intelligence operations of which he is aware, with special emphasis on Radio Gorianin, and (2) receive for this information 10 to 15 million drachmae.

It is imperative that this meeting be stopped. For instance, two of the Dreamer radio announcers are known to Kelly and hated by Kelly. Since they have relatives inside Dreamland, their our position should be as secure as possible.

Our Greek informant suggests, not without plausibility, that this effort of the Krench might be Communist inspired attempt to penetrate U. S. intelligence activities. The Greek bases his guess only upon the reasoning that normal French intelligence activities would not be so interested in penetrating U. S. work, since -allegedly -- we are close allies.

2. We accuse Kelly also of manyyproven lies and of theft of funds. These malpractices, known to us through personal observation over a period of several months, include such things as the following:

a. Kelly stated that he wrote three books, for which he was paid a sum of money. He did <u>not</u> write the books as he himself has testified on the enclosed photostat of a document which he signed.

b. On one occasion

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b. On one occasion Nasmith personally gave Kelly \$300 in dollars for an option on his books. Kelly signed a receipt for this. Kelly showed a signed copy of the receipt to the true author, stating that he could not divide the money with the author since, although he had signed the receipt, he had not received any money -- that Mr. Nasmith had forced him to sign the receipt so that Nasmith could steal the \$300 for himself.

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c. Money given to Kelly specifically for the purpose of paying salaries to the members of his Committee was not turned over to the Committee in its entirity. Kelly stated on several occasions definitely that he no longer had any connections with Greek authorities. At the time he was making these statements he was observed by cur people to be going into the Aliens Directorate, Radio Athens, and other official Greek residences. (Note: We were ppacesed to have Kelly maintain contact with Greek officials; we dislike only his lying about it.)

d. On at least 4 occasions Kelly has stated unequivocally that he had no relations with Ibrahim Mohammed. A friendly observer <u>saw Kelly pay Mohammed gold pounds prior</u> to Mohammed's recent trip to Turkey. Furthermore, mysterious receipts have appeared in Kelly's accounts signed by Ibrahim Mohammed.

It is interesting to note that aroused by our continued interest in Ibrahim, Kelly has given us a long song and dance -intending to force us to drop the subject -- about Ibrahim's being a Greek spy.

e. On one occasion Kelly told us about having received money from Major Nikoloupolos of the Aliens Directorate. This is (1) an obvious attempt to drive a wedge between our closely cooperating organizations, and (2) evidence of Kelly's untrustworthiness.

f. Kelly has been warned pepeatedly to maintain as good security as possible regarding the purpose for which he has rented offices at 13 Patissia Street. Nevertheless, Kelly has blabbed his business (and ours!) all over Athens, so that he isve constantly visited by all manner of unnecessary people including a galaxy of street-walkers.

g. Nelly maintains constant relations with several people who seem unduly interested in our work. We do not attempt to dictate his friends but we do consider it improper when he deliberately lies in denying to us that he sees such people. (Example: A certain Papas, an elderly Greek who seems to be working with the French Mission here.)

3. In addition to the serious charges which we have against Kelly as indicated above, there is the additional charge equally

serious but less

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serious but less specific, that he appears actually to be insane, to be suffering from delusions of grandeur (meglomania). For instance, his many references to his future role as prime minister of Bulgaria, and his illustrative anecdotes regarding the purpose of the meeting recently held between the members of the Committee and Mr. Manfield.

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4. It is recommended urgently that Kelly be removed immediately from circulation and that the Aliens Directorate be kind enough to discuss with us in the next few days or weeks what final solution we may evolve for the Kelly menace. PRETEDENCE , NEUTINE

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1. DO YOU KNOW OF DREAMER POLITICAL COMMITTEE CALLED (1) PURPOFTED TO BE FORMED IN ZRMETAL? HAVE NO DETAILS. POSSIBLY GLANTZ SPLINTER?

2. NEW SUBJECT: POSSIBILITY WE WILL SOON PUT LYLE O. KELLY ON ICE. REASON: SMALL SUCCESS HAS GOVE TO HEAD AND IS OUT-BLANTZING GLANTZ ON FUNDS AND DICTATOTIAL APPEOACH. THEREBY BEGINNING TO ALIENATE FOLLOWERS. ALSO POSSIBLE INVOLVEMENT IN SUBJECT OF WASH 33606 (OUT $\mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{H}} = \mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{H}}^{-1}$). QKINSANE WOULD CONTINUE UNDER MORE MATURE AND ABLE LEADERSHIP OF (2) WHO IS PRESENTLY COMMITTEE MEMBER. SHOWDOWN NOT YET OCCUREED THEFEFORE THIS AS FYLONLY UNTIL FURTHER INFO FROM US. IF WE DO REOFGANIZE KELLY, AFE CONSIDERING POSSIBILITY BRINING (3) FFCM HBFAIFY TO ADD HIS TALENTS TO COMMITTEE. ANY COMMENT FFOM HBJOINT ON THIS? 3. NEW SUBJECT: FYL (4) OF 19 MAFCH PRINTS LONG ARTICLE ON KMSCHEME, QUOTES SOME TEXTS. WE HAD BELIEVED JAMMED-OUT.

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j.		

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Chief, EE 1

SUBJECT: REFERENCE:

13-00000

Dimitri Adamov Dimitrov

Your request for clearance dated 23 October 1950. Provisional Clearance approved 25 January 1951. 1951

March

1. In view of the information and recommendation contained in a memorandum from the Chief, Special Security Branch, Inspection and Security Staff dated 10 March 1951, an Operational Clearance is hereby issued which will permit the utilization of Subject's services as a contractual agent in Greece engaged in political, psychological and guerrilla warfare operations under project QKSTAIR.

2. This Clearance is for the particular services for which it was requested. If at a later date it is decided to utilize Subject in a different capacity, or otherwise change his status, the matter must be brought to the attention of the Operational Security Officer without delay.

3. Attached hereto is a copy of the recommendation upon which this clearance is based.

FOR THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FOR POLICY COORDINATION

W. R. CORNELISON

Acting Operational Security Officer

201-45145

Attachment Memo dated 10 March 1951.

cc: OPC Registry

II/CS

II/CS

SECRET

ADPC Attention: Security Officer Chief, Special Security Branch

13-00000

10 March 1951

Dimitri Adamov Dimitrov

1. Reference is made to your memorandum dated 25 October 1950 regarding the Subject and the background information furnished by your office, concerning him.

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A check of pertinent Government agencies and the indices of CIA produced ne information regarding the Subject in addition to that furnished by your office.

2. Conclusion and Recommendation: Due to limitations placed upon this office's inquiries, we ware unable to develop any further information concerning the Subject since there is no indication in background information or in the results of a check of appropriate Government agencies and the indices of CIA, that Subject has ever resided in this country.

However, based on the lack of any derogatory information in the files of pertinent government agencies, and the indices of CIA, this office does not wish, at this time, to interpose any objection to the proposed use of the Subject by this organization, providing Inspection and Security is furnished with the results of the Field Check when available.

If the situation should be altered and information obtained from which an investigation in the United States would be productive, this office would gladly perform the same.

This memorandum pertains only to the assignment mentioned above. Should you desire to use this individual in a staff capacity or otherwise change his status at a later date, the matter should be taken up with Inspection and Security. In the latter event, it is suggested that action be taken, if possible, sufficiently in advance so that no delay is caused in the transition.

Transmitted herewith are the attachments listed below. If it should be necessary, for any reason, to return the attachments, it is requested that they be returned in a sealed envelope marked "Eyes Alone" to the writer.

Copy

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FOR THE SECURITY OFFICER, CIA

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Attachmenta be declard enoptio CIA Sall Unicera

ROBERT H. CUMNINGHAM

diracitanian Check Data Additional Copy of Summary





25 January 1951

MEMORANDUM FOR: EE I

SUBJECT: Dimitri A. Dimitrov

1. It has been ascertained from the Chief, Special Security Branch, Inspection and Security Staff, that as of 19 January 1951, the files of CIA fail to reflect any reason why Subject should not be operationally utilized by this office.

2. In view of the above and due to the urgency of obtaining Subject's services, it is recommended that a Provisional Operational Clearance be issued for Subject's use as a contractual agent in Greece for political, psychological, and guerrilla warfare operations in connection with project QKSTAIR.

3. Inasmuch as there is a calculated security risk involved in using an individual on a provisional operational clearance, you should use precaution in handling Subject until a full clearance is granted.

4. This Provisional Operational Clearance is recommended for a period of ninety days subject to renewal if the full clearance has not been granted.

W.R. Consclesor

W. R. CORNELISON Acting Operational Security Officer OPC

APPROVED:

<u>2</u> January 1951.

WISNER ANK G. Assistant Director for Policy Coordination

CHICE, 201-45145

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5555

23 January 1951

MEMORANDUM FOR: EAD

SUBJECT:

Provisional Operational Clearance for Dimitri A. Dimitrov.

1. It is requested that the attached Provisional Operational Clearance for Dimitri A. Dimitrov be approved. Mr. Dimitrov will be used as a contract agent in Greece for political, psychological, and guerrilla warfare operations under Project QKSTAIR.

2. In view of the fact that the recruitment of Bulgarian agents who are scheduled shortly to begin covert training must be accomplished through Mr. Dimitrov, his clearance is needed immediately.

Gratian M. Yatsevitch Chief, EE-I

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FOR TRASCALE .

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REF DASH 38789 (OUT 97616) AND FRAN 2910 (IN 36297). 1. IT DOULD APPEAR SOMEWHAT INCREDIDLE THAT IN ALL WESTERN WORLD IS CANNOT FIND A LUMBER CAMP EXDEPOT CAMP OR RANCH, ETC. WHERE SUCH CHARACTERS AS KELLY CAM BE OUR GUESTS. REPEAT THAT KELEY STILL THINKS WE HIS PATRONS. KNOW THERE ARE NOW NO FACILITIES STEIN OR CURIO. WAS SUGGESTING THAT YOU MAKE FACILITIES AVAILA-DLE AND FIND STAFF.

2. ALTHOUGH PERMANENT DISPOSAL EASIEST MANFIELD WILL NOT GIVE THIS ORDER. AMONG OTHER THINGS IN LAST FEW WEEKS KELLY APPEARS TO HAVE BEGOME SLIGHTLY UNBALANCED AND THEREEVE EVER PARENT MIGHT NOT RECEIVE JUST PENALTY IN ACCUT DOURT 3. MUST ACMIT HAVE IN PREDBION THAT, UPON RECEIPTION LEVELS WETALTS / INST' READTING. AS BY-OFF REASOND DUT THESEFORE MEREAT REQUEST A ITH DUGGENTION OF POSITING TRANSPORT

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MASH & FRAN & (ROCHELL) INFO: PARI & CITE: ATHE &

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1. ON 18 APRIL WE HAD LYLE O. KELLY PICKED UP BY BGKANTAR AND PUT UNTER PROTECTIVE ARREST. HE IS TOLD LIFE IS THREATENED AND DOES NOT KNOW OF OUR ROLE. REASONS WE FOUND IT NECESSARY: GLANTZ-LIKE ACTIVITIES INCLUDIEG MEGLOMANIA, LACK OF SECURITY, AND MISAPPROPRIATION OF FUNDS. MOST CERIOUS WAS THAT HE WAS ABOUT TO SELL KNOWLEDGE OF OUR OPERATION TO THE LOCAL FAIRYS FOR AN INITIAL SUM OF LOCAL EQUIVALENT OF 2. UNFORTUNATELY KELLY IS SO HO FAND MERPHESEIBLE THAT OUR NORMAL FLAKE DISPOSAL SYSTEM IS NOT SAFE. UNFORTUNATELY KELLY MOUTON

3. CAN ZRMETAL OR BGMIDDY TAKE THW OFF OUR HANDS. REPEAT HE STILL THINKS WE HIS PROTECTOR SO HE CAN BE PERSUADED TO LEAVE HERE VOLUN-TABILY. HE MUST HOWEVER BE DENIED MAIL FACILITIES. REQUEST UTWOST SERIOUS CONSIDERATION AID. WHOLE DREAMER OPS IN SECURITY JEOPARDY. THREE MONTHE SHOULD BE SUFFICIENT TO PUT HIM OUT OF DATE AND THEREFORE



Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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SE/2

: Acting Chief, SE

DATE: 21 July 1953

FROM :

13-00000

SUBJECT: Lyle O. KELLY

1. In accordance with your instructions received through Mr. Donald F. Ewing, CSE/2, and in coordination with Mr. Mahoney of WH Division, I flew to DTROBALO, arriving there at noon on 26 May 1953, for the purpose of determining whether Subject has current operational information concerning SE operations and personnel that would make him a security risk if he were allowed to resettle within the next calendar year.

2. Upon arrival at DTROBALO I discussed the case with KELLY's case officer, Mr. Philip A. Tocmey, and the Station Security Officer and learned that KELLY had been in detention until approximately 15 May when he was released from confinement and allowed to attend classes and live with other persons who are being prepared for resettlement.

3. Between 1300 and 1600 hours on 26 May, I reviewed the DTEOBALO Station files on KELLY and made an appointment with KELLY's case officer to have a conference with KELLY at 0800 hours 27 May. It was decided to use the office of the Station Security Officer for the meeting because of its invulnerability to other agents and to the laborers who were working in the area. The Security Officer stated that the office would be made available for the time specified.

4. At 0800 hours 27 May KELLY's case officer escorted me to the prearranged meeting site and introduced me as Mike Vargas to KELLY who had been waiting in the office. The case officer informed KELLY that I had arrived from Washington, D. C. to discuss his problems with him and would endeavor to resolve all matters possible. KELLY appeared elated and in broken English said that he was very happy to learn that the organization (I presume he meant CIA) finally acknowledges him as a friend. KELLY stated that he has been waiting 25 months to speak to someone from Washington. The case officer departed from the room and left KELLY and me standing in the center of the room. I asked KELLY to be seated and told him that I speak Serbo-Croatian and inquired if he understood Serbo-Croatian. KELLY replied that he does speak Serbian and is glad that I speak the language also because his English was not fluent and he has difficulty expressing himself. All conversations hereafter were conducted in Serbo-Croatian.

5. I opened the conversation by telling KELLY that his reports and letters were received and studied very carefully at Washington and assured him that pressing duties made it impossible for anyone to visit him at any time prior to the present. KELLY replied that he felt relieved that he was not forgotten by his friends and that he could now reveal everything that has been a puzzle to him since his apprehension by the Greeks in 1951, and perhaps learn the causes

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for certain actions that were directed against him. KEILY stated that he was imprisoned a few times and that he suffered terribly during those periods because of his inability to withstand imprisonment.

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6. In order that I might have a clear picture of his background and initial contacts with the Americans in Sofia and later in Athens, as well as his associations with other intelligence services in Bulgaria and Greece, KELLY stated that he preferred to start from the beginning of his clandestine work in Bulgaria and chronologically bring me up to date on his activities and ensuing events. Since much of KELLY's discussion is repeated in a report he had previously prepared and which is in his files and since a great deal of the discussion had no direct bearing on the purpose of the mission, I will for the sake of brevity and clarity avoid those portions of his story.

7. According to KELLY, the highlights of his background and activities are as follows: When the Communist regime gained control in Bulgaria he realized the position the people of Bulgaria were placed in and that under Communism the people were not going to be any better off than they were under the Fascists or Nazis. The only salvation for the Bulgarian people was for the Democratic powers to achieve control and thereby extend their form of government to the Bulgarian people. He therefore proceeded to exploit Bulgaria with a view to organizing adherents into clandestine groups in order to overthrow the Communist government that was in control. KELLY stated that he had organized over 250 cells consisting of some 10,000 persons throughout Bulgaria and Macedonia.

8. According to KELLY, in 1945 he met the American General Crane in Sofia and the General requested KELLY to prepare a program of his organization outlining its mission, functions, etc.. Upon complying with this request KELLY stated that General Crane informed him that his program was very favorable and that he (General Crane) desired KELLY to work for him. KELLY said he agreed and proceeded personally to exploit the cells of his organization in Bulgaria.

9. In 1946 while KELLY was inspecting units of his organization in Bulgaria he was arrested by the Communists and tried and found guilty on four counts and imprisoned. According to KELLY the only reason he was not given the death sentence was because the Communists had hoped to use him as a witness against Nikola Petkov, Agrarian leader in Bulgaria who was also fomenting unrest among the Agrarian factions. KELLY continued by stating that he remained in prison for approximately six months near Vratsa where he was tortured by the police in an effort to extract from him information on his organization and people with whom he was associated, particularly Americans. KELLY said he did not reveal the information which the police desired.

10..Early in 1947 through members of his organization he was able to make his escape from the prison. He made his way to Sofia where he tried to contact General Crane, but learned that General Crane was no longer in Sofia and that his replacement was a Mr. Horne (probably John Horner, Change d'Affairs A.I. of the Political Mission in Sofia). Through the Mission secretary, KELLY made an appointment to see Mr. Horne and when he did meet him Mr. Horne told him

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that he was not

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that he was not aware of anything that had existed between KELLY and General Crane, but for KELLY to telephone him several days later. KELLY stated that he telephoned Mr. Horne a week later but received no satisfactory response from him.

11. KELLY realizing that he was wanted in Bulgaria by the police for his escape from prison proceeded to work his way out of Bulgaria. He was assisted by one Fancha Fernandova near Plovdiv. On crossing the Bulgarian border into Greece KELLY stated that he surrendered to a Greek patrol who immediately channeled him through its interrogation center. During this process KELLY said he was approached by British Intelligence, a Mr. Andros (possibly Andrews) and Mr. Scott, and was told that the British had heard of his organization and wanted him to work for them. KELLY refused the offer and told the British that he preferred to work with the Americans. KELLY also said that the Greek IS had asked him to work for them, and that he refused them also. He was then placed in a refugee camp in Athens with other Bulgarian refugees.

12. In 1949 during KELLY's stay in the refugee camp he said that he learned the art of making trinkets as a trade and was allowed to leave the refugee camp and seek employment in a shop where he could continue his trade. He found a shop that offered him a job and he accepted. He stated that he had no intentions of making a livilihood in that occupation but it did give him an opportunity to get out of the refugee camp and continue to seek means to combat the Communists in Bulgaria. While on this job KELLY met a Greek woman by the name of Flora Vavanou who said she had an aunt who lives in Chicago, Illinois. Since they both wished to go to the United States, they decided to get married and, with an affidavit of support from Flora's Aunt, get visas to the U. S.. Their next move was to get to Italy through IRO channels.

13. KELLY claims that he did not know the Aunt's address or name other than that she was referred to as Teresa. KELLY said that he and Flora planned to separate on reaching the United States. According to KELLY, he checked with the IRO in Athens and learned that because he was a Bulgarian immigrant he was eligible for emigration through IRO and since Flora had probable means of getting him to the United States he decided to go through with the plan. He married Flora in February 1949 and by the latter part of March they were en route to Italy.

. 14. While in Italy KELLY stated that Flora communicated with her Aunt in Chicago who was preparing to process the necessary affidavit for their entry into the United States. However, during this period KELLY learned that Flora was pregnant and according to Italian Immigration officials she could not be considered for emigration from Italy until after the birth of her child. On learning this, KELLY said his whole plan had collapsed and that he could not go through with it. He decided to return to Athens and leave his wife with her parents. They returned to Athens in October 1949. A daughter was born in November 1949.

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15. Now that he

15. Now that he had returned to Athens KELLY's intentions were to earn sufficient funds (\$2000) to build a home for his daughter. He was not concerned with Flora as he had married her for the purpose of getting to the United States. The marriage was to be a temporary affair as they were not in love with each other and had no intentions of remaining married. Our information shows that KELLY worked for the Propaganda Section of the Greek General Staff headed by Lt. Colonel M. A. Alexandrakis on his return to Athens. In order to earn money KELLY decided to write several books on anti-Communism. Since he was not fluent in Greek be sought the assistance of a Greek scholar who could translate his writings from Bulgarian into Greek. KELLY said he wrote two texts and turned them over to a Greek educator to translate.

SECRET Security Information

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In august 1950 KELLY decided to take his texts to the American Embassy 16. in Athens and inquire as to the possibility of having the texts translated into English and published in the United States. He said he was directed to a Mr. Ewning (probably Mr. Donald F. Ewing), Chief of Information Service, who in turn introduced him to a Mr. Willard Allan also an official at the American Embassy in Athens. KELLY stated that after several meetings with Mr. Allan he was asked by Mr. Allan to work with the Americans. KELLY immediately volunteered and was told in order to get an organization that could accomplish its mission he would need several assistants. He explored the Layrion refugee camp for potential staff personnel and was given the names of Ivan Hristonov and Ivan and Dimitur Doneve Upon the suggestion of the Americans, KELLY said he accepted the persons named. He established a headquarters and proceeded planning operations to penetrate Bulgaria. KELLY claimed the Greeks and certain Bulgarian emigre leaders in Greece were opposed to his position with the Americans and did everything possible to belittle his position and impair his operations. The results of KELLY's abortive missions into Bulgaria are contained in a report which KELLY prepared at DTROBALO and which is now in his file.

17. During the period in which he was trying to get his operations mounted into Bulgaria, KELLY was approached by the French IS to work for them. KELLY stated that he immediately informed his American superiors regarding the French approach and was thereafter directed by the Americans in his dealings and associations with the French IS.

18. KELLY listed the following American personnel with whom he coordinated all his activities : The Chief, name unknown to KELLY ---probably Mr. MacLean, Mr. Willard Allan, Miss Vera George (Mr. Allan's secretary), Mrs. Kingaley (connected with the Radio Station), Mr. George and Mr. Clef (training officers). KELLY referred to the following Bulgarian personnel as having been associated with his organization and with whom he was acquainted: Ivan Hristonov, whom he believes supplanted him in the organization in Athens; Ivan and Dimitur Donev, whom he claims are presently in Argentina; Choyo Stonovski (probably Stoyo Chonovski); Anden Andonov; Gospodin Gospodinov; Hristo Traikov; Vasil Yanchev; Rafail Karakachanov; Dimitur Tabakov; Todor Hadjiev and Ivan Gagov.

19. KELLY continued

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19. KELLY continued by stating that he was apprehended by the Greek Police, allegedly for safe keeping in April 1951. He was placed in detention and remained under Greek control until his departure from Greece to Frankfurt by air. From Frankfurt he was transported to Panama where he arrived on 5 September 1951. He was placed in detention at a hospital in Panama and was of the opinion that perhaps the hespital was an exterminating establishment for undesirables. Later, however, he said he learned otherwise and through a friend, Mr. Stanley, learned that he was sent to Panama to undergo several physical check-ups and that after that was completed he would be removed to an area some 50 miles away where he would enjoy full freedom. Also that he would remain at his new location long enough to learn a language and prepare himself for resettlement. When he inquired how long that would be he was told that would be about six months.

20. In March 1952 KELLY was transferred to DTROBALO. He stated that he remained at DTROBALO for six months and after that period he confronted the authorities concerning his release and resettlement. Approximately one month later KELLW said he informed the Station authorities that he would leave the area if they did not release him as initially promised. He stated that he was apprehended and placed in confinement until his release in May 1953.

21. KELLY advised that the above is a true account of his past experiences and in view of my limited stay in DTEOBALO would appreciate any answer I could give him regarding questions that have never been resolved and consequently have disturbed him. KELLY apparently had a list of questions prepared which he drew from a notebook and proceeded to read. The questions were as follows:

a. Why was he apprehended by the Greek Police?

b. Why was he placed in confinement in Panama and later at DTROBALO?

c. How much longer must he remain at DTROBALO?

d. Is there any possibility of his working with the organization (CIA) to complete the mission he initiated?

e. What happened to the texts he wrote that were taken to the United States by Mr. Willard Allan?

f. Why haven't any of his old friends visited him during the past two years?

g. In regards to his family --KEILY stated that only as a last resort and only if he had to remain at DTROBALO would he want his family there. He would prefer working and saying sufficient money(\$2000) to purchase or build a home for them in Greece and drop the whole matter.

In respanse to the above questions I told Kelly that:

a. He was apprehended by the Greek Police because of his proposed negotiation with the French IS.

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b. He was placed

Security Information

b. He was placed in confinement at Panama to undergo mental and physical check-ups to assure his recovery from the ordeal which he had undergone. His confinement at DTROBALO was to prevent his contemplated and announced escape.

c. KELLY's stay at DTROBALO apparently is dependent on his qualifications to meet resettlement requirements. I told him I was not able to judge when he had fulfilled those requirements. There was also the task involved of finding suitable positions for individuals with varied skills in South America.

d. I told KELLY that there was no opportunity for him to work with the organization because the men and organization as known to him are no longer existent.

e. I told KELLY that I believe the texts were returned to Greece but that I would make a further check on my return to Washington.

f. KELLY was told that the people whom he knew in Athens and Sofia were no longer with the organization and therefore it was impossible for them to visit him.

g. I told KELLY that I did not know anything about his wife and child other than the fact that KELLY was married and that his wife and child resided in Athens. I again queried KELLY concerning his wishes regarding his family. KELLY asked how long it would take to bring the family to South America if that were possible. I replied that I had no definite answer. KELLY said that only if he knew he had to remain at DTROBALO indefinitely would he request to have his wife and child with him.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

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A. I found KELLY to be a frail, nervous, alert, and extremely talkative person. During the twelve hour conference with KELLY I frequently interrupted him to query him on persons and activities he referred to in his story only to find him replying briefly and persistently requesting to be allowed to continue relating his thoughts and feelings.

B. In relating his story of the organization he established and members who comprised the organization KELLY appeared to have a clear and concise picture of operations he directed and names and descriptions of people with whom he had come in contact]

C. It is my opinion that KELLY knows little about operations in Greece. I believe KELLY was so wrapped up in his own abortive missions and personnel difficulties while in Greece that he paid little, if any, attention to operations that were running concurrently. KELLY mentioned names of agents who are bing currently used in Bulgarian operations; however, he referred to them as Bulgarians

whom he had met

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whom he had met in Athens and tried to recruit for his organization, or else he had been told of them by other sources. In reply to queries and in his own story, he made no statement which would indicate that he is cognizant of current Bulgarian operations.

D. I feel confident that KELLY realizes that his chances of resuming his role in Greece are at an end and therefore he has resolved to do the next best thing and that is to contact a former Greek companion (Mr. Karapides) who is a successful business man in Caracas, Venezuela and seek employment. KELLY is eager to be resettled and to get out of DTROBALO.

E. I recognize that KELLY is familiar with certain former operations and agents involved in those operations which, if revealed to unauthorized persons, could become embarrassing. However, I feel that KELLY's knowledge of current operations is so minute that the security risks involved to our current operations would be very little, if any, if he were resettled. Therefore, my recommendation is to process himfor resettlement.

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SECRET Security Information

27 March 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: ASTEND-CHIEF, OPERATIONS, DD/P & Chief FI/STC

13-00000

Lyle O. Kelly

REFERENCE:

SUBJECT:

Memorandum from Acting Chief, Operations, DD/P dated 7 January 1953, to Chief, SE

1. Since this Division has no facilities for the disposal of hardcore cases, the matter of Subject's disposal was discussed with the Chief, DDP/Admin after receipt of reference. Has an important and the open of the day time in his matum anomenant in the handling of such cases.

2. For your information in making ultimate disposition of this case, the hear this Division has reached the conclusion, based on facts set forth in the following paragraphs, that Kelly, if released from confinement, will be a source of serious embarrassment to CIA.

3. Subject, & Bulgarian refugee in Greece, was the principal agent in an ill-fated operation run from October 1950 to March 1951. The operation resulted in a major expose and trial in Sofia during 1951. The agents used were those selected by Subject, at least one of whem was probably an operative of the Bulgarian Militia and acted as the betrayer of his colleagues.

4. Subject's behavior during his employment was extraordinarily bad and characterized by a complete lack of security and a conscious effort on his part to aggrandize himself at the expense of the United States and his fellow agents. Unfortunately, during the time of his use by us, he acquired considerable information about CIA personnel, operations and installations in Greece. He was permitted to come and go freely in the Certain CIA offices in the American Enbassy.

5. Through another informant the Athens Station learned in early 1951 that Subject had contacted French Intelligence officers in Greece and had agreed to sell complete details on U. S. plans for operations against Bulgaria for the sum of 16,000,000 drachmae. All subsequent information on this transaction corroborates the veracity of the original informant's stery including a French document secured through another CIA channel which shows that as early as 1949 Subject had been an agent of a Franch Intelligence network run by the Military Attache of the French Embassy in Athens.

6. At the urgent request of the Athens Station that Subject be removed immediately from Athens, arrangements were made for his transportation and <u>incarceretion</u> at DTROBALO. To facilitate his removal, Subject was told that he was being taken to the United States for a meeting of important satellite refugee leaders. He was flown by CIA plane to Germany, and from there to Panama by U.S. Army plane.

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7. The American case officer who handled him in Athens reported, "Early in our relations with Kelly we foresaw the need to curb him or eliminate him from our operations. Since, however, he was necessary to us, we tried to use him, restraining him and teaching him the while. Kelly, unfortunately, did not learn - he got worse. He 'borrowed' and stole money from many sources. He lied to many people, including us, and he developed an infantile megalomania in which he persisted in considering himself the forthcoming Minister-President of Bulgaria." During his defended incercention at DTROBALO, we understand that these same character traits have been evident.

8. This Division believes that Subject's confinement should be continued indefinitely to preclude the probability that he would again try to contact the French or another Intelligence Service, foreign Governments, or the press in order to capitalize on the information he possesses concerning CIA, its operations against Bulgaria, the details of his removal from Athens and information of disposal methods acquired during his incorrection at Panama.

detention at DTROBALO.

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Tile Kelly

Re KELLY CASE

4 April 1952

1. A well-placed, reliable source (A-1) has stated that the 1949 files of French Intelligence network "Ulysse" of Captain Michel de la Roncier (Military attache of the French Embassy, Athens) listed Himitri Dimitrov as an agent and contains the following information:

"30 years old, a member of the Bulgarian Agrarian Party. He is a student and fled to Greece in 1946. He was in contact with the British brothers Baret (or Barey) while the later were in Greece. He is a contact of the Aliens Directorate. He received an order from the Americans requesting him to go to Washington for a time. His file contains two reports, one 10 dated & April 1949 conterning the military situation and the other dated 6 April 1949 containing an account of the Greek Government Council of Coordination. (Translations of these two documents was not made because the contents no longer seem to be of any importance)."

2. His prior connection with the French in 1949 doubtless led Dimitrov to make the later offer to Florimond to sell US information for 16,000,000 drachmae. Florimond was cnief of the other French network in Greece operating from Salonica while de la Roncier conducted French operations out of Athens.

3. The Baret or Barev brothers undoubtedly are Tsenko and Ivan Barev, now worked in Paris and Rone, respectively. They are Bulgarians who have/and may be still working with the British.

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Above memo given to Col Smith. The info was furnished by

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NEMORANIZIM FOR: WH DIVISION

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ATTENTION: Colonal Smith

SUBJECT: Kelly Case

1. In accordance with your request, the following information, which may be helpful in connection with subject's rehabilitation, is furnished.

2. All the information we have concerning Kelly's life prior to his arrival in Greece was furnished by Kelly himself and is almost wholly unsubstantiated. This, in brief, is Kelly's story: He was born 7 May 1924 in Medkovets, Bulgaria. He studied philology in 1942-43 at the University of Sofia. In 1942 he joined a secret branch of the Bulgarian National Agrarian Union and worked elessly with Dr. Georgi M. Dimitrov in anti-Pascist activities (a claim which Dr. Dimitrov has denied.) After emerging briefly from hiding in September 1944, he again went underground, engaging in anti-Communist activities in various cities and towns in Bulgaria, Yugoslavia and Macedonia where he urged members of the Agrarian Party to take action against the Communists. In October 1946 he was arrested by the police, sentenced to death, but not executed as the Communists wished to use him as a witness against the Agrarian leader Nikola Petkor. On 23 July 1947 he escaped to Greece.

3. Further light is thrown on Kelly's experiences in a manuscript which he claimed to have written and delivered to U. S. authorities in Greece with the prupose of finding a publisher for this, and other, material. It subsequently developed that Kelly was not the author of these papers but rather had furnished information to a Greek friend (John Calavanos) who was the real author. A rough translation of one of these documents is enclosed.

4. Because of his undeniable organisational ability, tremendous energy and glib, but largely untruthful, salesmanship, Kelly was able to organize a group of Bulgarian immigrants in Greece into what he called the Bulgarian Democratic Blos. His use by this agency was believed advisable inasmuch as his organisation provided the potential for recruiting infiltration agents within a shorter time and with fewer political strings attached than any other emigre groups. Furthermore, his organisation provided a convenient name for use as a front to cover operational activities. As a result of the limited recognition and support given him and of his boor success in providing agents, Kelly developed a certain megalomania and consequently lost his initial popularity through dictatorial conduct and completely unwarranted behavior as the future head of the liberated Bulgarian state. An American case officer who was intinately involved with the Kelly operations at this period has furnished the following statement:

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"Early in our relations with Kelly we foreas the need to curb him or eliminate him from our operations. Since, however, he was necessary to us, we tried to use him, restraining him and teaching him the while. Kelly, unfortunately, did not learn - he got worse. He 'borrowed' and stole money from many sources. He lied to many people, including us, and he developed an infantile megalomania in which he persisted in considering himself the forthcoming Minister-President of Bulgaria."

On the Kelly credit side, the statement adds:

"We suspected at the time that he was not the new 'white hope', but we needed someone through when we could obtain bodies. We obtained bodies through Kelly and actually have accomplished some substantive work. Thus it must be remembered that Kelly performed a useful service for us."

5. The incident which made of Kelly an immediate disposal problem developed along these lines: In early 1951 Kelly informed a member of our staff in Athens that he had been contacted by a French Vice Consul in Salonica with a view to obtaining his, Kelly's services, for the French. We informed Kelly that he could continue his contacts with the Vice Consul until it could be determined what the Franch had in mind. Upon our ascertaining that Kelly's connection with the French was counter to U. S. interests, Kelly was instructed to break off all contacts. This he failed to do. In the meantime, a former Kelly man, who had become disillusioned with Kelly's misrepresentations, informed us that Kelly had agreed to give the French complete information on U. S. plans for operations against Bulgaria for the sum of 16,000,000 drachmae. All subsequent information on this transaction which our Athens station was able to learn corroborates the versoity of the account.

6. Although the extent of Kelly's knowledge of operations was limited, it was considered extremely undesirable to allow these facts to fall into French hands. Arrangements were therefore made with Greek authorities for Kelly's arrest just prior to his scheduled meeting with the French representative to whom he was to deliver the information and from whom he was to receive the money. In view of these facts, it was immediately apparent that Kelly was of no further operational use and presented a definite security threat, for he was revealed as the type who, in order to reap personal advantage or to curry favor with potential supporters, was likely to reveal to the highest bidder whatever operational information he had gathered. There have been no later developments which have changed our position in the matter.

7. Information concerning subsequent developments in the handling of this disposal case are already known to your division.

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GRATIAN M. YATSEVITCH Deputy forPolicy Coordination, SE

Enclosure SE/PC/2-LT-lf Distribution: Addressee -Orig & 1 SE/PC - 2 SD/RE - 2 and the second s

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21 January 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE RECORD

SUBJECTE

Meeting with Col. Smith of WH re Kelly Case, 20 December 1951.

1. Messre. Potts, Adamson, and Gregg met with Col. Smith on 20 December 1951 for the purpose of discussing a new development in the Kelly case and detarmining the future course of action in regard to the disposal of Kelly. The new development was the statement by the Athene Senior CIA Representative during his visit to Washington in early December to the effect that Kelly no longer constitutes a security hasard to current Bulgarian operations in Greece since the knowledge that Kelly has about Bulgarian operations is now outdated. At present as far as Bulgarian operations in Greece are concerned the main problem is to keep Kelly out of Greece and, if possible, prevent his direct correspondence with people in Greece, in order to preclude his interfering with and stirring up the Bulgarian emigration in that country.

2. It was pointed out to Col. Smith that in view of this new development, SE/PC feels that it is now possible to begin planning and effecting the permanent disposal of Kelly. Col. Smith indicated that he felt that no immediate solution would be necessary, as Kelly could be treated as an amploited agent and handled under the disposal and rehabilitation projects which the WH Division is now developing. Col. Smith felt that Kelly could be held for a few more months, if necessary, in his present location until these projects were approved. However, in view of the possible immediate and permanent solution to Kelly's disposal offered by his friend Johannes Karapides in Carscas, Venesuela, it was agreed that the following action would be taken as soon as possibles

a. WH would brief the Caracas Chief of Station and investigate Karapides.

b. WH would attempt to learn more from Panama about Kelly's relationship to Karapides.

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c. WH should investigate the problem of documenting Kelly for

possible disposal in Carecos.

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d. SE/PC would attempt to check on Karepides life and activities when he was in Greece.

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3. During the discussion of possible solutions to the Kally case, it was emplicitly understood and agreed between Col. Swith and the representatives of SE/PC that responsibility and initiative for Kally's disposal now clearly rests with the WH Division and that the responsibility of SE/PC extends only to that support and assistance specifically requested by the WH Division. It was further understood, however, that SE/PC still has a direct interest in Kally's disposal in view of his wife and child's presence in Greece and their present undetermined relationship to Kally's permanent disposal, i. e. whether it is possible and desirable that they join him.

SERT

CHARLES P. ADAMSON

PARTIAL -PERSO. ____TY HISTORY OF LYLE KELLY

1.Financial Finagling in Greece

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BULGARIAN

(a) In February, 1951, when Kelly was head of the Democratic Bloc, three of his men arrived in Athens, coming directly from IRO camps. They needed shelter, but had no money. They were put on salary, but it was not enough to cover the sixmonths advance rent which it is the custom to pay when a lease is made in Athens. Thus Kelly's advance account was credited with anxanautr the amount of (cores) \$850, which was to be used to pay the rental advance. The three men were to pay it back in monthly installments.

Two such installments were paid by the men when Kelly was "interned" by our people. The men were then able to complain that Kekky had forced them into quarters best described as "very inadequate, insecuremme and unhealthy."

Comparing the quality of the quarters with the amount advanced for rent, it becomes quite certain that Kelly made some sort of deal with the landlord in order to make some money.

It should be kept in mind that Kelly forced three of his own countrymen to live in these quarters, from which they were forthwith removed for <u>health</u> and security reasons.

(b) Just prior to his removal, it was discovered that Kelly had a cash shortage of over \$100 which was not accounted for in any way.When an attempt was made to collect the money, it was discovered that Kelly had spent it on himself.

2. Reskriptness Manuscript Episode

In December, 1950, Willard Allen, in accordance with a promise made to Kelly, brought with him to this country three manuscripts, ostensibly written by Kelly. Allen was to see what he could do to have these manusripts published here. Kelly hoped to thus exploit and dramatize his escape from Bulgaria. He was given, by us, a \$300 advance on the publication of the manuscripts.

On December 14, 1951, in a conversation with Mr. Allen, it was learned by us that Kelly had not written the manuscripts at all. Allen learned this himself when the real author wrote to him demanding the return of his works. The author said that he had a statement from Kelly disclaiming all credit for the manuscripts. Furthermore, the real author had seen nothing of the \$300 given to Kelly, although they apparently had agreed to go 50-50 on any profits realized from the publication of the manuscripts.

It is clear that Kelly lied to us, and used someone else's literary talentsin the hope of gaining noteriety and money himself.

3. Relations with the French

In early 1951, Kelly informed our people in Athens that a French Vice Consul from Salonica had contacted him in the hope of getting Kelly to work with kinking for his country. Kelly was allowed by us to continue seeing this man until it was determined just what the French wanted in the way of information. This point was reached, and Kelly was told not to see his Frenchman or any Frenchmen after a certain Thursday. We know definitely that Kelly saw saw his Frenchman on the following Friday, Saturday, and

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Tuesday.

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We do not know what was said, but from a source whom we have no reason to doubt, (an ex-friend of Kelly's who deserted Kelly and came to us to warn us of Kax the situation with the French) we learned that for a sum amounting to 16,000,000 drachmae, Kelly had agreed to give the French the names of all the American staffinvolved in plans to infiltrate Bulgaria, manageplus information on Radio Gariathan Gorianin. Kelly was immediately picked up by the Greek Alien Directorate, acting upon orders from Henry McLean.

4. Reaction of ^Others to Kelly

(a) The Senior Representative of OPC in Athens, Sept. 1951 "Kelly was a notoriously insecure, disreputable, opportunisticing individual over whom control, other than physical, was next to impossible to exercise.....He had a positive genius for troubke-making intrigue, rare even in this part of the world; his continued presence in Greece would have rendered impossible any oiling of the stormy Bulgarian refugee waters here. Kelly was tied in even more closely than other Bulgarian agents with the Embassy here,... and could be counted on to use that fact, www.www.www.watage and to the disadvantage of the best interests of U. S. "overnment policy."

(b) Chief of Station, OPC in Athens, May 1951

"Kelly, unfortunately, is of an essentially irresponsible Irish nature. Moreover, in his stupidity, he conceives all others to be equally stupid. Early in our relations with Kelly,... we foresaw the need to curb Kelly or to eliminate him from our operations. Since, however, he was still necessary to us, we tried to use him, restraining him and teaching him the while. Kelly, unfortunately, did not learn- he got worse. He 'borrowed' and stole money from many sources. he lied to many people, including us, and he developed an infantile megalomania in which he persisted in considering h8mself the forthcoming Minister-President of Bulgaria. hings took a serious turn when Kelly's committee, men he himself had chosen, came to us behind his back complaining about him. This became more serious when Kelly's closest friend, ... descreed Kekky and came to us apparently in an honest desire to safeguard America and the struggle against Communism from further involvement with a character as shady as Kelly. ... Since that time we have knowed examined more closely into the Kelly affair and have found more lies, more secret agreements, more stolen funds... We have enough proof of Untrustworthiness to have a complete case against Kelly. We cannot continue with Kelly. He is finished."

5. Kelly's Relation with his Wife 1951 (a) From Chief of Station, Panama; "...it was learned through interrogation that Kelly has no particular concern or love for his wife."

7 NOV 1961 (b) From a letter written by Kekly to his wife; "...I think of you daily and know in detail how you are getting along. I believe you understand this both by the money and by all that you are receiving, when you want it. It is I that arranged all that."

(c) From Memorandum for the Record, 27 Nov. 1951, signed by with Wilson Prichett; "Kelly's wife is being supported at the rate of one million drachmas a month through Alien Directorate by (BulgarianProject)"

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> (d) From a letter written by Kelly to a friend in Greece, dated 27 December, 1951. "... I succeeded in leaving Greece, and freeing my soul from the slavery of Flora.... I want for the present that Flora will lose all traces of me."

(e) From Kelly's letter to his wife. "... you should be happy to ask God to protect us from harm and to unite us soon if possible."

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18 May 1951

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MEMORANDUM

TO: Gerald I. Manfield FROM: Terence U. Nasmith SUBJECT: Lyle O. Kelly

It occurs to me, lying happily upon my hepatitic bed as I am, that some sort 65 a statement regarding the "demise" of Lyle O. Kelly might be in order "for the record". I shall discuss two aspects of Kelly in this memorandum, apologizing in advance for the vagueness of the discussion which is due, I shall maintain, to my present horizontal position far from records, calendars and the recollectionful clink of the Ismailic gold pound.

1. The good of Lyle O. Kelly.

In the summer of 1950 QKStair was in the ridiculous position of being unable to do anything because the alien support on which it depended, allegedly forthcoming from the reverend Dr. Glantz, was not forthcoming. In a bit of a tizzy, anxious to get cracking, we picked up Lyle 0. Kelly. We suspected at the time that he was not the new "white hope", but we needed someone through whom we could obtain bodies. We obtained bodies through Kelly and actually have accomplished some substantive work. Thus it must be remembered that Kelly performed a useful service for us.

2. The bad of Lyle O. Kelly.

Kelly, unfortunately, is of an essentially irresponsible Irish nature. Moreover, in his stupidity, he conceives all others to be equally stupid. Early in our relations with Kelly, before I left LCDrink in October, we foresaw the need to curb Kelly or to eliminate him from our operations. Since, however, he was still necessary to us, we tried to use him, restraining him and teaching him the while.

Kelly, unfortunately, did not learn - he got worse. He "borrowed" and stole money from many sources. He lied to many people, including us, and he developed an infantile megalomania in which he persisted in considering himself the forthcoming Minister-President of Dreamland.

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Things took a serious turn when Kelly's committee, men he himself had chosen, came to us behind his back complaining about him. This became more serious when his "closest" friend, a Flake, the man who had actually written the books for which Kelly took credit, deserted Kelly and came to us apparently in an honest desire to safeguard America and the struggle against Communism from further involvement with a character as shady as Kelly.

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The most serious matter, one which could not be ignored, involved Kelly's relations with the HBFairies. Kelly had advised us that a Fairy Vice Consul from Salonica had contacted him with regard to working together. We told Kelly he might go ahead and continue his relations with this gentleman until we learned exactly what the gentleman wanted. We learned what was wanted and advised ^Kelly he was not repeat not to see the Fairy agent, or any other Fairies, after a certain Thursday. We know definitely that Kelly did see this Fairy on the following Friday, Saturday, and Tuesday.

We do not <u>know</u> what he discussed with the Fairy but we have no reason to doubt the word of his Flake friend which is essentially as follows:

> That the Fairies were interested primarily in the names and numbers of all the players (us, that is) in plans for infiltration of Dreamland, in information on Radio Gorianin, etc.; that Kelly had agreed to sell this information to the Fairies for a sum of 16,000,000 drachmae and that he had an appointment to complete the transaction at 11 o'clock the following morning.

On this information we had Kelly picked up, and are now troubled with the question of disposing of him.

Since that time we have examined more closely into the Kelly affair and have found more lies, more secret agreements, more stolen funds, more of that good, Irish whimsicality for which Kelly is already so famous. (Note that even if the hearsay evidence regarding the sellout to the Fairies is erroneous - although it is backed by several independent bits of substantial evidence - we still have enough proof of untrustworthiness to have a complete case against Kelly.) We cannot continue with Kelly. He is finished.

(It is pertinent to note that Kelly's committee, and his party in general, feel no feeling of loss since his removal from active politics. Not a single person has asked about him except his wife - whome he continuously disowned - who wanted only to know how she might get in touch with him to ask him for some money. The committee and refugees in LCFlake in general, are in much better spirits than they have ever been before. Kelly's removal is in every way a tonic.)

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SECRET

9 May 1951

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MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

13-00000

SUBJECT: Development of the Rift with DIMITRI A. DIMITROV

1. Biography: (See 104 CAGWU, dated 4 October 1950) Born 7 May 1924 in Medkovets, Bulgaria. Education—studied philology for one year at Sofia University, 1942-43. In 1942 joined secret branch of the Bulgarian National Agrarian Union. Claims to have begun underground, anti-Fascist activities in 1943 in Macedonia and to have worked closely with Dr. G. M. Dimitrov during this time. After emerging briefly from hiding in September 1944, he again went underground engaging in anti-Communist activities, touring various cities and towns, (including sections of Yugoslav/Macedonia) and urging members of the Agrarian party to take positive action against the Communists. In October, 1946, he was arrested by the police. He believes the reason he was not executed was that the Communists wished to use him as witness against Nikola Petkov. On 23 July 1947 he escaped to Greece.

2. Initial operation: (See Athe 3200 (IN 46672), 25 October 1950) In October, 1950, the OKSTAIR Field Chief learned of Dimitrov through the local peripheral reporting officer and contacted him covertly. Dimitrov made six agents immediately available for infiltration operations. Three of these six were successfully infiltrated on 10 December, carrying leaflets signed in the name of the <u>Bulgarian Democratic Bloc</u>, the emigre political group organized and headed by Dimitrov.

3. Subsequent activities: Dimitrov has supplied an additional 21 agents for QKSTAIR infiltration operations, 15 of whom have just completed training in Germany and are being prepared for infiltration by mid-May.

4. Origins of QKSTAIR break with Dimitrov:

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a. In Athe 4821, IN 30224, Manfield reported on 22 March that he was considering breaking off association with Dimitrov because he had become too unpopular and dictatorial and self-important. There were also indications of serious misappropriation of funds. Manfield felt that Dimitrov's group could continue to be utilized under the leadership of Ivan Donev Ivanov.

b. In Athe 5150 (IN 36130) dated 20 April 1951, Manfield cabled that he had had the Greek Aliens Directorate pick up Dimitrov and put him under protective arrest for the reasons indicated above and because Dimitrov was about to sell out to the French. (This was discovered through an OPC penetration of Dimitrov's organization.) He also requested instructions on how to dispose of Dimitrov for a period of three months, which he felt was sufficient time in which to render him harmless to CKSTAIR operations.

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c. Wash 38789 (OUT 97616) dated 21 April 1951 stated that there were no facilities in the United States or Germany for handling Dimitrov and pointed out that temporary disposal for three months would be insufficient in view of Dimitrov's detailed knowledge of the names of present agents and his general familiarity with QKSTAIR infiltration operations. It was suggested that the possibility of indefinite confinement by the Greek Intelligence Service should be explored.

d. Fran 2910 (IN 36297) dated 21 April 1951 confirmed that there were no facilities in Germany for holding Dimitrov and suggested that he be assassinated.

e. Athe 5205 (IN 37092) dated 25 April 1951 requested further investigation of disposal facilities.

f. Athe 5282 (IN 37839) indicated on 29 April 1951 that Dimitrov had been transferred from the Greek Aliens Directorate to Makronisis where he would be held by the Greek Intelligence Service.

CHARLES DOADAMSON

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SECRET 14 1957

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, SE

13-00000

SUBJECT : Source Lond - Dimitur Adamov Dimitrov EXPERENCE : K- 4928

1. We have been informed by the Department of State that Dimitur Adamov DIMITROW (ake DIKO) is presently in Mashington, at the tourist home of Mrs. Julia Rogers Smith, 2030 F Street, N. M. His visit to Mashington is for the purpose of interesting any U. S. Government agency in a feature-length film script that he has written. Both USIA and the State Department, the latter due to both lack of funds and not within its responsibility, have refused Dimitrow's offer. Previously, the script was rejected by New York representatives of commercial filming companies.

2. Dimitrov allegedly hended partisan units in Bulgaria and worked for American operational services during World War IF, and claims to have known General Clark, head of the Military Mission in Sophia. He encaped to Greece in 1947 and continued his contact with the American operational services, carrying out "anti-Communist work". He came to the U. S. with the aid of the Queen of Greece and now lives in Newark with his wife and seven year old child. Be is approximately 32 years old.

3. The above is passed to you for your information. While State Department has not seen the film script, they will attempt to borrow it if you so desire. Dimitrov may also be able to provide information of intelligence interest. We should appreciate your comments as soon as possible in order that State Department not be delayed in discontinuing contact with Dimitrov.

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4. Any questions pertaining to this information may be referred to Mr. Milliam Hopkins on extension 8641.

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EDWARD J. CARROLL Chief, BOM/OIS

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Free Europe Committee, Inc.

TWO PARK AVENUE

NEW YORK 16, N.Y. CABLE ADDRESS: NATFECOMM TELEPHONE: LExington 2-8902

April 12, 1957

Dear Mr. Dimitroff:

I was most pleased to meet you and to learn of your aspirations to bring into being an Anti-Communist moving picture for use throughout the world.

From what you told me of the scope of this project, I must concur with the opinion given by the head of the Motion Picture Section of the U.S. Information Agency. This is a matter for a major studio.

Accordingly, I would suggest first that you prepare a one-page resume of your professional qualifications; second that you prepare in English a brief resume of your proposed film; third that you mail these for consideration to the heads of major motion picture studios, such as, Metro-Goldwyn Mayer, Paramount and 20th Century Fox.

Please accept all of our best wishes for your

success.

Sincerely yours.

Stetson S. Holmes

SSH:cf

Mr. Dimiter A. Dimitroff, 9 Hillside Avenue, Newark, New Jersey.

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY WASHINGTON

March 19, 1957

D BE

Dear Mr. Dimitroff:

Your recent letter to President Eisenhower, outlining a film you propose to make, has been referred to this Agency.

Officers of the Motion Picture Service have read your proposal, and feel that the film "Under the Communist Whip", as you described it, would require the spectacular and dramatic skills and talents of one of the major studios which could build into the film the drama and emotional appeal needed in a first-class theatrical feature. This film would demand treatment and re-enactment beyond the scope of the documentary films we produce for use in our overseas information program.

We have read with interest the material you submitted, and we wish you success in your project.

Sincerely yours,

Turner B. Shelton Director Motion Picture Service

Mr. Dim. Ad. Dimitroff 29-19 - 37th Avenue Astoria, Long Island, New York



Senior Representative, Athens ATTN: Raymond N. Wormer & Alan H. Medhurst : AC/SE

- THRONOFFTBGCONVOY

SEGRET

- Contact Report (THRONOFF/), Lyle O. Kelly, GOHAVEN)

Reference: DIR 33889

1. Purpose of contacts

a. On 8 January 1954, James P. Entler arrived in DIRABALO to contact Subjects. The primary purpose of the contact was to persuade Subjects to sign the Syros agreement which would result in their being confined to Syros under complete Greek custody and jurisdiction.

2. THRONOFF/3:

13-00000

a. THRONOFF/3 was contacted on 8 and 9 January and related to Entler what had developed since they last saw each other in Athens in September 1952. During the course of the discussion the following pertinent comments were made by THRONOFY/3r

10. An unidentified Greek Gendarmerie officer told him that KUBARK and not the Greek authorities were preventing his marriage.

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ill. He resisted efforts to teach him Spanish and a trade because he believed that he could not be helped by it, but he did request that he be taught to drive a vehicle. in Mainte

iv. He was accused of threatening a fellow refugee with a knife (he denies this) and as a result was confined for six months.

v. He did not resist emigration nor did he insist on being returned to Greece, but he did seek to be united with his fiance.

vi. He will not resist emigration from Greece unless his staying in Greece would enable him to marry.

b. THRONOFF/3

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C.H.Freer,AC/SE SE/2 VH/3 FI/RON C.English,SE/ACRI

SECRET CONVISION

b. THRONOFF/3 was set right on point (1a) above and the conditions of the Syros agreement convinced him that he was mistaken. Realizing that no other course of action was open to him, THRONOFF/3 reluctantly signed the agreement.

c. THRONOFF/3 was told by Entler that this office has no objections to his resuming contact with, or marrying, his fiance, but that such action would require the approval of the Greak authorities.

3. Lyle O. Kelly:

a. Kelly was contacted on 8 January and again on 9 January at his request Immediately after assting Kelly on 8 January he made some remark that Entler and those who knew him would probably be working for him at some future date. However, when informed that he was being sent to Syros, he settled down and was most attentive. The following is a list of questions raised by Kelly and the answers given to him:

1. Would he be permitted to have his wife and child with him at Syros? Ans. That action would have to be arranged with the Greek authorities.

ii. What will provent the Greek authorities from imprisoning his as soon as he arrived in Greece? Ans. The terms of the agreement specify that he will remain at Syros quaiting emigration unless he is involved in an action which is punishable under Greek law.
iii. Does the Greek government have any jurisdiction over him at the present time which necessitates his being returned to Greece? No direct answer to this quastion was given, but Kelly was told that it was

necessary to return him to Greece under the conditions of the Syros agreement. (At this point Kelly made a statement to his DTRABALO case officer which indicated that he believed his marriage to a Greek vomen gave the Greek authorities jurisdiction over him.)

iv. Is this office throwing him out completely or would they, in the event of war or some emergency, contact him in the future? Ans. This office will always keep a check on anyone who has ever had connections with it.

b. Kelly indicated that he was anxious to discover whether the Americans or the Greeks were responsible for his being placed in confinement in Greece in 1951, and the orime he was supposed to have committed; he would raise this question should he meet any Americans (presumably from this office) while he is in Greece. Entler told Kelly that he was not familiar with this aspect of his case, but that in his opinion Kelly would be in prison now if he had committed a serious orime. Kelly was also told that he will serve no useful purpose by raising this question at a future date and he agreed to forget the matter.

c. Several times during the two contacts with Kelly he asked that Entler give Kelly's best regards to all who know him and to mention that he would never forget them.

ET 4. GORAVEN

. GOHAVEN:

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GOHAVEN was contasted only once on 9 January. He was told that, in recognition for his past services and his smellent behavior at DTRABALO, those concerned with his case were making an effort to obtain his entry into the United States or the U.S. Army. He was reminded several times during the discussion that this effort may not be successful. He was also told that His transfer from DTRABALO was necessary in the very near future and in the event that his entry into the United States or the U.S. Army was still pending he would be moved to Syros. He was told that his transfer to Syros would be certain in the event that he was not permitted to enter the United States or the U.S. Army. At this point he was asked to sign the Syros agreement; he refused stating that he could not sign any agreement which indicated a voluntary severance of relations with the Americans. However, GOHAVEN added that he would not realst his transfer to Greece should the Americans desire to send him there. He pointed out that living conditions at Syros are such that his health would certainly deteriorate and, being a Bulgarian, he could not look forward to fair treatment at the hands of the Greeks.

b. GOHAVEN was instructed not to reveal to anyone what took place during the discussion and was told that he would without question be sent to Syros if he violated these instructions. He stated that he would followinstructions and would gledly sign a statement to that effect.

> CHRISTIAN M. FREER, Acting Chief, SE

GUPY SGAW-3830

Athenst 3 W/attachment under separate cover (2 copies Syrce agreement in Greek, 1 copy Syrce agreement in English)

SE-1/GStevens/672/acf/13 Jan

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CANCELLATION TO DIVISION

: Chief SE/2 TO . ATTENTION: Hemovich FROM : FI/STC/SPB SUBJECT : Lyle O. Kelly

		Operational Clearance Nor dated 13 March 1951
		Provisional Operational Clearance No.
	с.	Covert Security Clearance dated
	đ.	Covert Name Check dated
	ë.	Other
2.	Thi	s cancellation action is taken because of:
	8.	Memorandum dated 28 March 1953
	Ъ.	Termination of Project
	c.	Removal of Subject from Project
	d.	Other

necessary to furnish an up-to-date clearance request to STC/SPB.

INITIALS JWA/mh

Date _ 28 .Tu1 v 1953

FORM NO. 5 MAR 1953

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201-45145-

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

: Chief, Foreign Intelligence

DATE: 21 July 1953

FROM : Acting Chief, SE

SUBJECT: Lyle O. KELLY

13-00000

1. As a result of discussions between WHD, SE, CFT, and DD/A, it was decided to send an SE representative to DTROBALO to interview Lyle O. KELLY for the purpose of determining whether he represented sufficient security hazard to current SE operations out of Greece to warrant his being retained in maximum detention.

2. In accordance with this agreement, Major Michael A. Hemovich.was sent to DIROBALO where he arrived at noon on 26 May 1953.

3. Major Hemovich discussed the case with the case officers concerned at DTROBALO, and then spent twelve hours talking to KELLY. As a result of this, it has been ascertained to our satisfaction that KELLY does not appear to have information of sufficient currency regarding staff or agent personnel, or current operations, in Greece to make his resettlement within the course of the next twelve months a serious security risk.

4. We therefore recommend that Lyle O. KELLY be given whatever training in language and trade WH Division feels is required, and that efforts then be made to resettle him in South America. Our only request is that this Division be kept informed of the progress of this rehabilitation and be advised of the steps taken to resettle KELLY. In this connection it should be pointed out that KELLY has a wife and child in Greece. When queried by Major Hemovich about them, he professed no interest in having the wife or child join him, stating that he would like to provide some money for the support of the child if and when he got a job and could put aside some money for this purpose. It is therefore our intention to have KELLY write his wife a letter telling her that he has no further interest in her, that she should obtain a divorce, but that he will provide her with a certain sum of money for the child. (This sum will be provided by this Division and will probably be in the neighborhood of \$1000).

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5. Major Hemovich's report is attached herewith.

SE/2-DFEwijg-lf Distribution: Addressee - Orig & 1 WHD - 1 1 DD/A A¢/SE - 1 SE/2 - 2

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301 file 301-4514/5 6 December 1961 When buy Circles When Proves (Der

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Dimitri Adamoif DIMITROV

1. Subject was born on 7 May 1924 in Medkovets, Bulgaria. He studied philology for one year at Sofia University from 1942-1943. During the war he worked illegally in Greek Macedonia and Vardar, Macedonia to escape authorities. He returned home after the war; he was soon disillusioned by the Communists, and went to Sofia. Later he made a claudestine tour of Bulgarian towns and cities urging agrarians to take pesitive action against communism. Finally captured in Sofia, he stated that his life was spared because he was groomed as a witness against PETHOV. He escaped to Greece in 1947. He worked for the Greeks deing occasional propaganda under nom de plume "Diko."

2. In 1950, the American Embassy in Athens evaluated Subject as having a very great deal of the charistan about him, and was considered a "phony." However, notwithstanding his superficiality and the exaggeration to which he was prone, Subject had an intuitive grasp of the rudiments of political deportment and showmanship and he was so devoted to his self-appointed task of organizing his "democratic block" that it was thought that he might become an important Bulgarian figure.

3. In November, 1950, because of his background and experience, Subject was considered as an individual who could make significant psychological and political warfare contributions to operations in Greece. Subject was then very active among Bulgarian refugees in Greece. Early in October, 1950, he visited the 'Lavrion Camp where he spoke to the Bulgarian refugees and outlined the tasks that he was to assume, which included intelligence activities in Bulgaria, organizing an underground resistance movement in Bulgaria, and organizing sabotage activity against Bulgaria. Subject was not security conscious; he revealed the location of his office and told his listeners that his office had two Bulgarian typewriters and that he had a car with United States

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license plates. In April, 1951, Subject was in contact with the French Vice-Consul and his wife, a French diplomat stationed in Athens, an elderly Greek who worked and otherwise had close connections with the French, and other Greek personalities. In April, 1951, besides his wife he had several other bed partners. Because of the operational security violations which had arisen, it was recommended urgently that Subject be removed from circulation.

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4. Observers in Athens considered Subject to be too dictatorial and self-important and if he was not actually insens, he appeared to be suffering from delusions of grandeur. For instance, he made references to his future role as prime minister of Bulgaria. Because of Subject's neurotic, unstable character, it was deemed advisable to transfer Subject to Panama. Subject was taken to Panama on 6 September 1951 and was considered as a neuro-psychiatric case. On 9 October 1951, he began a hunger strike at midnight and did not break the fast until 9 a.m. on 14 October 1951. He asked that his former secretary in the Partisan Movement, who was located somewhere in Bulgaria, be brought to Panama. The doctors' concern, particularly the neuro-psychiatrist, indicated that they could not treat Subject adequately.

5. In February, 1954, Subject was returned to Greece. Prior to his return to Greece, Subject signed an agreement which would have resulted in his confinement to Syros under complete Greek custody and jurisdiction. (Attachment A)

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6. In October, 1955, Subject sought admission to the United States under the Refugee Relief Program. Because years had passed since he had been in operational contact with Bulgarian refugees, it was felt that Subject should not be prevented from entering the United States.

7. Since entering the United States, Subject has been a continual source of embarassment. His megalomania is evident in the various communications with government agencies. For example, he recently commented in one letter that he would like to be appointed Richard Nixon's anti-communist adviser for Albania, Yugoslavia, Macedonia, Rumania, and Bulgaria. He stated that he could liberate all these countries within five years if he were allowed

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to work actively with financial support. His first objective would be to liberate Bulgariz, his homeland, make it a free democracy, and the 51st state of the United States.

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8. More details on Subject's thinking, attitude, megalomania, and background can be found in the following attachments:

- A. Certificate of Understanding.
- B. Interview with Dimiter DIMITROFF, 28 June 1960.

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- C. Informal Memorandum from EE/BR. 1 July 1960.
- D. OO Contact Report, 12 October 1961.
- E. Memorandum for the Record, 17 November 1961.

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Attachments: a/s

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

то : FILE DATE: 20 Nov 1961

FROM : ACTING CHIEF, RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS BRANCH

SUBJECT: DEMITER ADAMOFF DIMITROFF #46165

> THE ACTING DIRECTOR OF SECURITY ASKED THAT THIS FILE BE DOCU-MENTED TO REFLECT THE FOLLOWING:

FRED BLUMENTHAL OF PARADE MAGAZINE CALLED MR. GROGAN, ASSIS-TANT TO THE DCI, THIS DATE AND STATED THAT SUBJECT HAD BEEN IN CONTACT WITH HIM WITH AN ANTI-CIA STORY. DIMITROFF WAS IDENTI-FIED BY FULL NAME AND BIRTH DATA. HE CLAIMED THAT HIS CODE NAME WAS "DIKO", THAT HE WAS A MOVIE DIRECTOR AND SCRIPT WRITER AND THAT HE HAD BEEN CONNECTED WITH THE UNDERGROUND IN EUROPE. HE CLAIMED, ACCORDING TO BLUMENTHAL, THAT CIA TOOK HIM TO PANAMA, HAND CUFFED HIM AND HELD HIM IN CAPTIVITY.

MR. BANNERMAN REVIEWED DIMITROFF'S FILE AND ADVISED MR. GROGAN OF THE BACKGROUND IN THIS CASE. MR. GROGAN WAS ADVISED THAT DIMITROFF IS NOT NOW CONNECTED WITH CIA; THAT HE HAS HAD PSYCHIATRIC PROBLEMS, TRIED TO GET MONEY FROM FORMER VICE PRESI-DENT NIXON TO FINISH A BOOK, MADE WILL CLAIMS ABOUT CIAS TREAT-MENT OF HIM AND HAS, IN GENERAL, EXHIBITED AN ERRATIC BEHAVIOR PATTERN, CHARACTERIZING HIM AS UNRELIABLE AND UNTRUSTWORTHY.

WOLDORF

70: Chief, Contact Division Atta: Support Branch (Crowley)

fum Chief, Washington Office

12 October 1961 00-A-3198985

Subject . Dimiter Adamoff Dimitreff - Reneved Effort for CIA Support

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1. Mr. Hill of the DCI Security Office called Sheridan on 29 September 1961 to state that a Dimiter Dimitroff was trying to meet the DCI, and Mr. Bricker fult he should be hendled by the Washington Field Office. Hill was told that Dimitroff had been interviewed at length in the Washington Field Office on 28 June 1960 after an effort to see Vice President Mixon (00-AS 3,161,567 under Case 3329). Sheridan suggested that Hill tell Dimitroff that his story was a matter of record, and there would be no purpose in further interview unless he had something new to contribute.

(Dixo)

2. Nonstheless, as eppointment was made for 2 October 1961 at the Washington Field Office. Dimitroff was obviously disappointed to be sent back to Sheridan and admitted that he had been trying to find another entry to the Agency for his proposals. He pointed out that he was still against the Democratic Party but was in favor of President Kennedy because of his strong anti-communist stand, and hed been encouraged to yesume his efforts by the president's appeals against communicat.

3. Dimitroff stated that he can keep his country of Bulgaria, Albania, Macedonia, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia and Poland in a turnoil against the USSR if given authority and backing by the CIA. He reiterated that he had been the youngest underground leader and was imprisoned by US eibizens in the jungle for three years for continuing his fight. Although his former contacts are now ten years old, he is sure that they can be re-established and that his former contacts will rally to him in an active movement against the communists, rather than to continue in passive roles.

4. His latest plan is to form a Liberation Constitute with himself as president. It would publish a Balgarian/English paper for world distribution to Bulgarian emigres in an effort to alert supporters. The tone would be cultural rather then openly political. He would also establish a central point to help Bulgarian refugees. With this under way, Dimitroff said that minety percent of Georgi Dimitrow's (Bulgarian National Constitute) followers would defect to him. He said that Dimitrov is on the United States payroll and had called him a traitor to Bulgaria last week.

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5. Dimitroff's real aim is to recruit five thousand supporters of fighting age. These would be used to invade Bulgarie by air drop into the southern mountain tier about April 1962. They would easily seize the cities of that area, which are held by more hundreds of police and communist officials. The attacks would be at night and in sufficient strength to %. surprise and overwhelm the opposition. Proclamations would be issued, prisoners released, recruiting carried out and a border area set up in the mountains with the passes heavily defended. He said there are only four major roads into this southern area, so that it could be guickly and effectively sealed off. The United Bations would be called to intervene immediately, as it has done in Korea and the Conga.

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6. This enclove in Balgaria would be the start of the overthrow of the communist government in that country. When this is achieved, Dimitroff said he would want only five years as the head of the state to establish true democracy on the United States order. Thereafter, he would be happy to retire, having fulfilled his promise to his followers that he would never give up the fight. He said that he was willing to die for the cause of a free Bulgaria and hopes that he can make it the fifty-first state of the United States.

7. To these ends he wrote a letter on 15 June 1961 to President Kennedy (copy sttached). When he did not receive a reply, he called personally and was referred by a secretary to the State Department and then to CIA. Dimitroff needs funds and support from CIA and commented that if the Agency does not decide to support him in his anti-com amist work, he will try to uncover the names of the US citizens responsible for wrecking his underground activities and for holding him prisoner for three years. This, he said, he owed to his supporters because he has been able to de mething without support.

8. Belatedly, he mentioned that he had written one of the greatest motion picture scripts ever. It is fictional but based on complete truths and is very strongly anti-communist. Unfortunately, he cannot find financial beckers and could use CIA money if his major project cannot be immediately adopted. The title of the piece is "One Dark Hight".

9. Dimitroff was informed that his visit and commuts would be passed to any interested officials, and he would be contacted should there be any need to do so. He insisted, however, that he would remain in Washington for a reasonable time awaiting an answer and will definitaly try to open other doors then those of CIA. He is using a letter drop and enswering service - 422 Washington Bailding, DC5, ST 3-9474, in the pseudonym of Dimitriou. In the future he can always be reached through enother name Dimo Petroff - at 67 Richmond Street West, Suite 304, Toronto 1, Ontario, Canada.

F. J. Sheridan

Enclosure: as noted 4-14977

1 July 1960

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Dimitur Adamov DIMITROV aka "Diko" DIMITROV

1. A review of Agency files reveals the following data concerning Subject and his association with CIA.

2. Subject was first contacted in October 1950 by the Field Chief of OFC activities in Athens, Greece. The purpose of this contact was to assess Subject as a principal agent and focal point in the recruitment of Bulgarians to participate in OFC operations directed against Bulgaria. For this purpose, an organization called the Democratic Bloc was established, and Subject was placed as its ostensible organizer and chief.

3. During the period October 1950 through March 1951, Subject remained in the employ of OPC in Athens and provided 21 agents for infiltration into Bulgariz, but he never participated in the cross-border operations.

4. In early 1951, various operational and administrative difficulties began to manifest themselves and it was decided that Subject should be removed from his position. In April 1951 it came to OPC's attention that Subject intended to sell his knowledge of CIA's activities to the French Intelligence Service. This fact was used as the primary reason for his removal from active participation in Bulgarian operations.

5. Because of operational security considerations stemming from his duplicity and personal make-up, it was deemed inadvisable to leave Subject at large in Greece and it was decided that he should be transferred to a CIA holding facility at Fort Clayton, Panama. He was airlifted from Athens to Frankfurt where he was hospitalized four days for observation, and then flown black to Fort Clayton, arriving on 4 September 1951. He remained there until January 1954.

6. A CIA case officer was dispatched from headquarters in May 1953 to Fort Clayton where he interrogated Subject. If was determined at that time that whatever operational knowledge Subject had of CIA, its methods, personnel, and operations was obsolete.

7. With termination of the holding facility at Fort Clayton, Subject was temporarily removed to Greece since there were no other immediate possibilities to resettle him. (The attached understanding with Subject was effected o/a 12 January 1954 at the time of his removal from Fort Clayton.) CIA made a commitment to the Greek authorities that CIA would not abandon Subject in Greece and would take steps to remove him from Greek soil within one year. Efforts were made to effect Subject's migration to Canada, New Zealand, Australia and elsewhere, but to no avail. After due consideration by interested headquarters elements and the Athens Station, it was decided that the best effective solution for Subject's disposal would be to let him immigrate to the United States on his own under the Refugee Relief Act program, but without any assistance from GIA.

8. Since arrival in the United States, Subject has come to our attention on the following occasion:

On 14 May 1957, the Department of State informed CIA that Subject had contacted their affice and tried to interest them in purchasing a feature length film script. At that time Subject told the Department of State that he was living in Newark, New Jersey, with his wife and seven-year-old daughter and was in Washington on a visit. The State Department had no interest in the film script and asked if members of this Agency would like to meet Subject and discuss the script. This offer was turned down. The case officer involved understood that State Department then discontinued all contact with Subject. There is no further information available.

9. Although he was considered to be of operational value at the time he was originally picked up by elements of CIA, Subject's subsequent actions, lack of integrity and poor security indicated that he was unworthy of any further operational consideration. He has a tendency to exaggerate to the point of lying and become involved in deals of which he was the financial benefactor. Throughout all his deals, however, there is the thread of alleged national pride and desire to project himself in the fight against Communism. There have been reported rumors of his having been a Bulgarian IS agent even during the time when he was employed by CIA. No concrete evidence, however, was actually uncovered to substantiate these allegations, which are believed to be typical of denunciations made by rival political factions among emigres.

10. As the result of the review of Subject's case, it is recommended that nothing further be done for him since he does not possess any damaging information concerning current operations and his memory of past operations and personalities is between nine and ten years old. (In view of the circumstances of termination, it should be pointed out to Subject that in pressing the United States Government for further assistance he is liable for prosecution under the espionage and secrecy laws of the United States Government.)

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Attachment: Certification of understanding

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promises of over a year. Before he sculd must the Ambassador, Dimitroff Was betrayed at his [safe] house in Sofia by the Landlady for one million leve, and was arrested by the Bulgarian secret police. He was tortured by electricity, physical means, water, devices, and starvation. Buring this time he was regularly questioned by a Soviet Commissar but told nothing because he knew he was to die and had to create an example. Finally sentenced to death by hanging, he waited daily for nine months for it to be carried out. Later he learned he had not been executed because the sutherities wanted him to testify at the trial of Sikola Petkov that Petkov had supported Dimitroff's movement.

8. In 1947 he was working in a labor gang and was recould by the underground, which sent him to the house of the US Ambassador. Arrangements were made through US personnel, over a period of two weeks, to send Dimitroff to Greece. He was warned not to use his name "Diko" but did use his regular name. The Communists offered a million lave reward for his death or empture in brochares with his pisture.

9. In Greece, UK military personnal recognized him from the photographs and took him from a Greek hospital. UK General Scott met and offered him complete support and a radio station at Salonika to renew underground activities. Soott was very acti-US and for that reason Dimitroff refused the offer. The following day all uniforms and gifts given him by UK personnel were removed and he was turned back to the Greeks, who employed him in a radio station in Athens broadcasting against Bulgarian Communists.

10. During 1948, Communist agents were sent to Athens to kill him. For this reason he went to Italy at the suggestion of the Greek Government. In 1949 while at Bari, a Mr. Clark from the US Embassy in Greece, who knew him as "Diko", asked Dimitroff to return to Greece and to renew the fight with his underground if it could be revived. At its peak it had consisted of 250 secret posts and ten thousand active members. They returned together to Athens and set up an open Liberation Committee with Dimitroff as president. The organization trained Bulgarians in Frankfurt and near Athens. Many of these were later persenuted into Bulgaria starting in 1949. His operations were purely military and did not involve espionage. Another US service in Greece, primarily interested in espionage, was beaded by a Mr. Swing (sie) or Ubing (sis) for which all types of Bulgarians were working for momey. When Mimitroff's men attempted to cross the Bulgarian frontier they were sometimes and whed by Rving's people or were betrayed to the Bulgarian Commists. To check personally he went on an inspection of the frontier with a US Army representative, a Mr. George. They talked to his people who had been forced back and George realized that Eving was collaborating with the Communists. George reported this to Clark who returned to Washington with the story and never same back to Groece.

11. Clark was replaced by a Mr. Allen, of German origin, Hussian speaking, Moseow educated, and a Communist. At their first meeting, Allen told Dimitroff to take it easy, that there was plenty of time to fight the Communists. Thereafter it was apparent that Hwing was learning all of Dimitroff's plans, schedules, and secrets through Allen, and Hwing's people bests openly to deride Dimitroff. This killed the

spirit of Distinct?'s people in the compa. George told Himitroff that Allen too was a Communist and ecoparating with Dring. Allen put presence on Distinct? for the Losstian of the meanst posts in Delgaria but Distinct? suffered to give the information. George observe Weskington to see the hed sent Allen to Grosse and Lesman that it was a Mr. White, a Trains advisor who later constitute existing for being a Communist. George took this information to the Wi via Frankfurt and sover polymed to Grosse.

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12. Disitent? continued to match Allen's describe for Cotalia of his surmary. Allow said there was no use fighting the Commutate; that they could not best the Seviete; that Commutes was not too had, and that it would be best to brank up the surmaries. Allow desired being a Commutat but said he would withdraw his financial support, to which Miniteself replied that he sould then to other antions which had approached him. Allow told him to go should on his own. That sight Simiteself was called to a building near the Soviet Indecay where he was accested by Greek police at Allow's sequent based on eable subjectly from Mashington. After should a week Allow arranged for his to be taken ex talend to identify Sugarisms such to bill him. At the 16 a Gr inland there were no Balgarinas but only a far Grash prisoners under good. He was hope these four modiles. After a first-day henger strike, corresponde were ando by the Greak astheriking with Allen to have him such to mather falsed were there man some Balgarinas. A math later Allon and a fotter to Distingent that he was heaving Grease and had. erranged for Distinger, the in to Makington. The in o and in Athens and ALLING OF e Maitreff a prospect in the same of Christe Setelly processibly - Rinitroff's 1160 was in dama Alles test bis as a Distant plane from Athens to Zbaly to Excelinet above they had by smalle for marks for should a weak because of the se and of their m At this time Allon ma down a General scape with his car and way hald Sur triale

13. Another individual named Gaurge then took Diminusly from Frankfurt to the airport during which they alonged ours aim times. They beerded a four-cogine place secondly and Ministerff use told he use hiding from the Gausse palses although only 40 MP's warp in sight, After landing at the Gausse they measured channel they changed to around before gathing aff for field. At Brands they changed to around before gathing aff for field. At Brands they changed to around before gathing aff for field. At Brands they changed to around before gathing aff for field the place, despite his protoctor, whill a frightmost History place which flow him to Fanne (1951). In Fannes City to sensited helden in the toil of the place, despite his protoctor, whill a frightmost History place which from him and he was told that he had to be channed at a hospital before extending the Hi. At the heagital he was put in a room, which run detuning the Hi for a few days and should rest. A num must be set to go to the W for a few days, and should rest. A num must from Stanlay some from Heakington, told him not to to around his unlothy any longer, that he was yould know do heat for by a US dontor and means and a W serposet. He and not been possible to speak to around the trip. Finally he was able to far by a English in order to be able to commission. He had not been possible to speak to around the trip. Finally he was able to find the the finiture (sto) who varued his that the gauge ware a Commistor ring and that Hadistor's life was in danger. The Sergeant offened he halp and solud Shultyoff not to before him.

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word from the Vice Procident.

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Mr. Dim. Ad. Dimitroff 1424 S. Kenmore Avenue Los Angeles 6, California

Dear Mr. Dimitroff:

On behalf of the Vice President I wish to acknowledge your letter of May 20 concerning your plans to fight Communism.

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You may be sure that the Vice President sympathizes with your desire and your firmness of purpose; however, I must tell you that the State Department and the United States Information Agency are the operative agencies in this field. I can only suggest, therefore, that as you continue to develop your ideas you keep in touch with them so that they can give your projects careful consideration.

I know that the Vice President would want me to extend to you his good wishes and his appreciation for your generous comments concerning his South American trip.

Sincerely,

R. E. Cushman, Jr. Executive Assistant to the Vice President



WASHINGTON

May 12, 1958

Dear Mr. Dimitroff:

I appreciated your thoughtful letter of May 5 relative to the cultural agreement between the USSR and the United States signed January 27, 1958.

As you know from talking with me, I am fully cognizant of the problems that exist relative to the Soviet Union and their relations with the Free World. It is, however, because of the serious problems that we believe it is so very necessary to reach the people of the Soviet Union by the means of motion pictures, radio, television and other methods of communication in order that they may have a better understanding of the freedom and way of life which we have the great honor and privilege to enjoy.

I assure you that everyone connected with matters relative to the purchase and sale of American and Soviet motion pictures is completely aware of the problems relative to these matters, as well as to the opportunities which are presented.

Let me thank you most sincerely for your interest and assure you that we will not fail to exercise caution and deliberation in connection with the implementation of this agreement.

Sincerely yours

Turner B. Shelton Director Motion Picture Service

Mr. Dim. Ad. Dimitroff 1424 S. Kermore Avenue Los Angeles 6, California



General Dico Dimitrov, Bulgarian Freedom Fighter spoke briefly to the assembly as he urged everyone to do all in their power to overcome the evil of Communism. Write your elected officials in Washington telling them how you feel.



DIKO, REFUGEE BULGARIAN ANTI-COMMUNIS ... claims Reds still peril him

Byram Warns Today County Tax Deadline County Tax Collector Howard

ram warned property owners that they must pay current tax bills by 5 p.m. today or be subject to penalties. After the deadline, delinquent

taxpayers will be charged a set fee of \$2.50 plus six per cent of the total due

Byram said about 76 per cent of the total tax charge of \$63, 040,000 thas been collected so far

Property owners may pa bills in person at the tax col-lector's office, 840 S. Hill St. Remittances by mail will also be acceptable provided they are postmarked by 5 p.m.

However, Byram advised citi-zens to mail their payments at least by noon to make sure they clear postoffices

Dinner-Dance Slated

The Men's Club of the Sun-air Foundation will hold a dun-ner-dance April 17 at the Sportsmen's Lodge in North Hollywood.

GUARDS AGAINST REDS Refugee Lives in Fear of Tormentors

By DAN SWINTON A square-jawed Bulgarian refugee said today he is living a life of fear and flight even in Los Angeles because of com-munist tyranny. Diko, a panedonym that ouce Ignited resistance to Red force, said that even here he had to guard against the venge-ful hand of his Old World tor-fur han be the status for the status fo

the Bulgarian underground. His name flamed from resistance pamphlets to teach Red ley Organization for Resistance, puppets that the pen can be This folded for lack of outside mightier than the sword. His mission today is to "show

the free world how things were before and how they are now and what can happen here if the Reds take over. If they if the Reds take over. If they like the picture, let them go like the picture, I abeat and accept it.

bonds of succeeding masters. Those who choose to fight can five many trails blazed. So speaks Diko.

COMMUNISM'S MEANING "I'm an anti-communist. "I'm an anti-communist. feel obliged to tell this stor the story I lived. I feel it would be a crime not to tell what Communism means to the

Vatalas Province Ctata

His first anti-Red unit in Bul-garia was the Danube Valhelp. It was promptly replaced

OBITUARIES

JOSEPH M. GASKI

abeat and accept it." I Resary was recited longy for story acception of the super-steady grant in prived the Angle, the second of the super-steady grant in the second structure at how acception of the super-steady second structure at how acception of the super-steady second structure at how are to most a challenge: the lie was with the police form since 1924 and the super-structure of the structure of the structure at how and the super-structure of the structure of the structure at the super-structure of the structure of the structure of the structure of the super-structure of the structure of the structure of the structure of the super-structure of the structure of the structu Nazi h and. Nazi h and. Nazi h the Reds took over in Bulgarid Diko stayed under-ground. Reds took over in Belty Wells. Reds took over in Belty Wells. Bulgarid Diko stayed under-ground.

Bround. Residuance is a Bulgarian & ray participation and vestern legacy. Fur conturies the na-tion his wrestled to escape the bonds of succeeding masters. Those who choose to fight can Mark and a standardid. Interment at her home, 2636 S. Hohart Iraves a daughter, Eva A. Mark and a grandrhild, aill be in Calvary Cemetery,



E

mentors. "They do not give up. Even in America the peril is great. I am always in danger." he said. Dimitroff, five-foot five, 140 pounds. He spells his name with the double "I" because the Rus-bians like to spell it with a "v." He said be made one TV ap-pearance in Hollywood. Which was followed by a threat of physical violence, presumably Red-inspired. SPARKED UNDERGROUND The pocket-sized, hazel-eyed the Bulgarian underground. Marked and the Bulgarian underground. He sail Bulgarian resistance and an in-sistance leader. He said Bulgarian resistance on staying with the mountain people in Greece to guide the attack on tyranny. Fourteen months ago Diko decided he must tell his story to the West. He came to the US, as a political refugee. SPARKED UNDERGROUND The pocket-sized, hazel-eyed the Bulgarian underground. His first anti-Red unit is But story Barden and the story the Bulgarian underground. His first anti-Red unit is But story He sto

here, I have been writing my story. Besides, I have to be careful about disclosing my

whereabouts." said Diko. Yankee dedication to hones-ty and veracity may lose the cold war with Communism, Diko warned.

"Americans have to he tougher, rougher. They have to learn to lie the way the Reds lie. You can't pick up this snake with your hands," he sold

ulture infiltration. "This is the biggest kind of propaganda. Let them show the prisons and the torture camps, instead of the ballets and the motion pic-tures," said Diko. He hopes the message will get through. But he admits his

urgings may not sail any ships. "I'm not as important as I was;" says Diko. "But I'm still the same fellow."



Mrs. Anita Baxter Ester-old, 20, attractive former wold, 20, attractive: former "Miss Van Nuys," began a five-

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE OF ALERICAN PENVOLEN LOS ANGELES BRANCH Charter No.1

11 11 1 2

Dear Penwomen,

A HAPPY NEW YEAR! Our new year of 1958 begins with our next Meeting -<u>Tuesday, January 14th</u>, - let's all be there. Our Program starts at 12:00 Noon, at the Hotel Knickerbocker, 1714 Ivar Street, Hollywood, California.

A General Workshop will be conducted at 11:00 A. H.

Joe Balding will lead us in the Salute To The Flag.

Dr. Edna L. Phillips, Vice President, will give the Invocation,

1. Demitroff, author, journalist, writer and poet, is our Guest Speaker. We look forward with pleasure and anticipation to hearing him speak on "The Role of the Bulgaria Writers Before and After the Communist Regime."

Mr. A. J. Burns, Educational Manager of the Western Division of the Readers' Digest, will be presented with great pride. His subject, "Building A Better World Through Better Reading" should strike to all our hearts as writers.

Dr. Lucia Liverette, President, with her husband, Dr. Jack Liverette, Pastor of the Community Church of Los Angeles, will present a husical Program of Accordion and Saxaphone Numbers.

Dean Callerias of St. Sophia Greek Orthodox Church is our Honor Guest.

BOARD LEDTING will follow the Program.

We wish to thank our President again for the most enjoyable time as guests in her home on December 29th.

PLEASE remember to pay 1958 Dues and help our Treasurer to start her work in our behalf.

DR. EDNA M. PHILLIPS, Program Chairman



UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

WASHINGTON

July 20, 1957

Dear Mr. Dimitroff:

I very greatly appreciated your thoughtful letter of July 17. I shall certainly take occasion to watch the television program to which you refer at my next opportunity.

Please accept my best wishes.

Sincerely,

Turner B. Shelton Director Motion Picture Service

Mr. Dim. Ad. Dimitroff 1236 S. Menlo Avenue Los Angeles 6, California