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CUBA

EXCHANGE OF INTELLIGENCE AMONG DAS COUNTRIES ON COMMUNICATE SUBVENCION ACTIVITIES IN THE HEMISPHERE

I. Sature and Scope of the Problem

A. Thile there is some information evaluable in certain countries, the illegal sovement and clandestine activities of Communists in Latin America, particularly those who have been trained in Cuba, are not adequately covered by existing intelligence sources.

Efforts

are being made by CIA, AID and the U.S. military services to improve this situation, but the progress has been slow in most cases and nonexistent in others. It has been found that the cuisting government in some countries

bave no desire to build a competent career security service. There is apparently a fear that the existence of a competent service would interfere with future political activities of the members of the existing government in the event that they should find themselves on the outside looking in. There is no unity of viewpoint assus the various existing intelligence cervices, and many of them have a tendency to yield to the temptation to label as "subversives" those of their eva nationals resident in neighboring countries who are opposed to the present government. Mevertheless, existing services of the Latin

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	countries can produce much useful intelligence on this with an increased effort.
	The only secure and rapid communications facilities in crica are those of the U.S. Government and while these
	g improved, the presently authorized augmentation of
faciliti B.	en has not yet been completed.
	V.S. military representatives
	tacts with their counterparts. U.S. experience in the matter of intelligence exchange
	areas has led to the conclusion that in almost all
•	s. bilateral arrangements are more fruitful than such
	eral arrangements
	Novertheless, exectiones
hae show	n that such suffilescent arrangements can be useful.
	n that such multilateral exrangements can be useful,
perticul	

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II. Recomended Courses of Action

cortain Courses of Action Stready recommended by this Committee and approved by higher authority in connection with the
control of travel to Cuba have a direct bearing upon the matter
of intelligence exchange. These include (1) the undertaking of
an immediate study of the feasibility and desirability of
establishing intelligence centers at Caribbean Command and
Caribbean Sea Frontier; (2) an intensification of our action in
making available to each country selected intelligence concerning
the extent, nature and insidious implications of Cuban subversive
activities, as consistent with the requirementate protect our
ewn intelligence system

Additional Courses of Action recommended are:

A. Intensity and increase

the training and equipping of Latin American internal security and intelligence services. Establish such assistance programs in additional countries where it is found to be desirable from our point of view and acceptable to the country concerned.

D. Increase and refine the existing flow of counterIntelligence information

to Caribbean Command as well as to

CIA headquarters, from both of which points further appropriate

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dissemination can be made.

- C. Encourage Latin Amorican countries to engage in bilatoral exchange of intelligence on Communist activities.
- D. Undertake appropriate actions to bring about the creation, with U.S. participation, of a standing committee of souler representatives of intelligence and accurity services with a view to their establishing and guiding the activities of an appropriate mechanism for the multilateral exchange of intelligence and counterintelligence information regarding Communist subversive activities.
- B. Continue and intensify current efforts to improve U.S. communications Excilities throughout Latin America.
- F. Increase the dissemination to Lutin American governments, by all U.S. agencies concerned, of unclassified studies, reports and other information concerning Communist subversion.