## JFK ASSASSINATION SYSTEM IDENTIFICATION FORM

#### **AGENCY INFORMATION**

<u>AGENCY:</u> FBI <u>RECORD\_NUMBER:</u> 124-10273-10083 <u>RECORD\_SERIES:</u> HQ <u>AGENCY FILE\_NUMBER:</u> 62-116464-210

#### **DOCUMENT INFORMATION**

ORIGINATOR: FBI <u>FROM:</u> MCINTOSH, RICHARD A.

> <u>TO:</u> DIRECTOR, FBI TITLE:

Released under the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992 (44 USC 2107 Note). Case#:NW 68262 Date: 09-22-2022

- <u>DATE:</u> 05/19/1967
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#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

**JFK Act 6 (4)** 

COMMENTS:

BULKY, INC RPT, 1246 OF 1254 PAGES NAR

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Information pertained to a matter unrelated to the JFK Assassination investigation.

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RAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION REPORTING OFFICE ' OFFICE OF ORIGIN DATE INVESTIGATIVE 5/¥9/67 SAN FRANCISCO SAN FRANCISCO 3/27-5/17/67 TITLE OF CASE REPORT MADE BY TYPED BY RICHARD A. MC INTOSH erg CHARACTER OF CASE ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED PETER MIGUEL CAMEJO aka HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE. IS - SWP Report of SA RICHARD A. MC INTOSH dated 10/13/66\_\_\_\_ **REFERENCE**: at San Francisco. - • P\* ADMINISTRATIVE: The Subject was observed on 9/20/66 by SA DAVID PAUL JOHNSON and a leaflet was obtained from the Subject on 1/9/67 by SA RICHARD A. MC INTOSH. **INFORMANTS:** NOIL Identity of Source File Where Located 134-3390A-62 through 187 SF T-l is SF 2963-S COPIES DESTROYED Classified . 19/0 328 JUL 6 Decission OAD been: Pending over one yehr 🔄 Yes 🔄 No; Pending prosecution over six mon Yes No No SPECIAL AGENT APPROV DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW COPIES MADE: REC 3 CAL C. 00 CHEDULE C 5 Bureau (100-431511)(RM) - Secret Service, San Francisco 13 MAY 26 1967 (Class 3, 5 b, c,)(RM) 3 - San Francisco (100-55929) 12:175 SF Notifier By Als to Clarge By Error Dage. 3-6-6 Dissemination Record of Attached Report Notations Agençy SUBV. CONTROL Request Recd. Date Fwd. How Fwd.  $R^{S}$ ų į 热情 181 2

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#### FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening in Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. This source added that during the past year there had been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that their influence as of May, 1963, was negligible.

> The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that VINCENT "TED" LEE, FPCC National Office Director, was then formulating FPCC policy and had indicated that he had no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. This source stated that LEE believed that the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and should support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations. LEE did not advocate supporting the Cuban revolution per se.

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#### FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTLE (cont'd.)

The November 23, 1963, edition of "The New York Times" reported that Senator THOMAS J. DODD of Connecticut had called FPCC "the chief public relations instrument of the Castro network in the United States." It is to be noted that Senator DODD was a member of the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee which twice conducted hearings on the FPCC.

The December 27, 1963, edition of "The New York World Telegram and Sun" newspaper stated that the pro-Castro FPCC was seeking to go out of business and that its prime activity during its lifetime had been sponsorship of pro-Castro street rallies and mass picket lines, and the direction of an active propaganda mill highlighting illegal travel-to-Cuba campaigns. Its comparatively brief span of life was attributed to mounting anti-Castro American public opinion, the 1962 Congressional hearings which disclosed FPCC financing by Castro's United Nations Delegation, and ultimately, the bad publicity which the FPCC received from disclosure of activities on its behalf by suspected Presidential assassin LEE H. OSWALD.

On February 6, 1964, the previously mentioned second source advised that V. T. LEE had recently remarked that the FPCC was dead and that there were no plans to organize another similar organization.

On April 13, 1964, a third source advised that there had not been any FPCC activity in many months and that the FPCC had been dissolved.

APPENDIX

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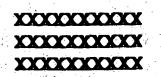
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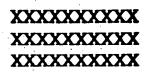
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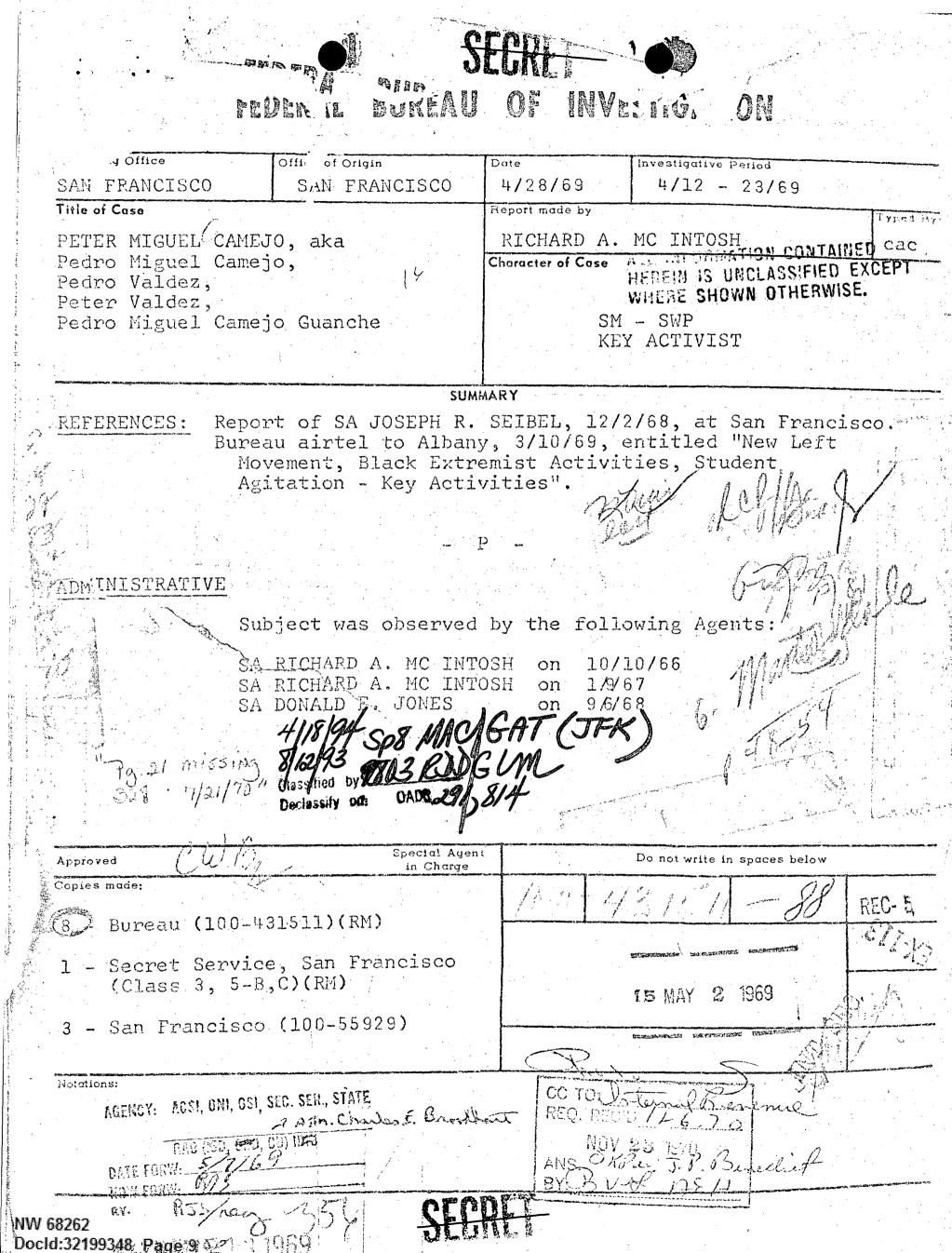
- [] Subsection 1A (intelligence agent's identity)
- [] Subsection 1B (intelligence source or method)
- [] Subsection 1C (other matter relating to military defense, intelligence operations or the conduct of foreign relations)
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#### FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

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On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that VINCENT "TED" LEE, FPCC National Office Director, was then formulating FPCC policy and had indicated that he had no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. This source stated that LEE believed that the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and should support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations. LEE did not advocate supporting the Cuban revolution per se.

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On February 6, 1964, the previously mentioned second source advised that V.T. LEE had recently remarked that the FPCC was dead and that there were no plans to organize another similar organization.

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<u>ו</u>	Subsection	1Å	(intelligence agent's identity)
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.[]	Subsection	1C	(other matter relating to military defense, intelligence operations or the conduct of foreign relations)
[]	Subsection	2	(provider of confidential information)
<b>[</b> <sup>1</sup> ]	Subsection	3	(unwarranted invasion of privacy)
	Subsection	4	(cooperating individual or foreign government)
[]	Subsection	5	(security or protective procedure)

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Assassination investigation.

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#### FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE -

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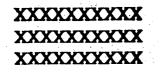
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