Date: 04/02/03

Page: 1

JFK ASSASSINATION SYSTEM IDENTIFICATION FORM

AGENCY INFORMATION

AGENCY : CIA

RECORD NUMBER: 104-10332-10021 RECORD SERIES: JFK CIA HRG

AGENCY FILE NUMBER : PROJFILES-DECLASS STDS

DOCUMENT INFORMATION

ORIGINATOR : CIA

FROM :

TO:

TITLE : ARRB-CIA ISSUES:CIA INSTALLATION

DATE: 00/00/11/14/1997

PAGES: 22

SUBJECTS: ARRB ISSUE

DOCUMENT TYPE : PAPER, TEXTUAL DOCUMENT

CLASSIFICATION : SECRET

RESTRICTIONS

CURRENT STATUS : POSTPONED IN FULL

DATE OF LAST REVIEW: 02/15/00

OPENING CRITERIA:

COMMENTS: JFK-M-17:F22 2000.02.15.09:49:27:420044: AT THE ARRB

MEETING OF 11/17/97 THE BOARD APPROVED PROTECTION OF

THIS INFORMATION UNTIL 2017.

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OIM-97-0010 14 November 1997

MEMORANDUM FOR:	(U)	Executive Director Assassination Records Review Board
FROM:	(U)	Deputy Director for Administration Central Intelligence Agency
SUBJECT:	(%)	Required Protection of JFK Act 5 (g) (2) (D) JFK Act 5 (g) (2) (D) as CIA Facility

- 1. (8) This memorandum is submitted pursuant to the decision by the Assassination Records Review Board (hereafter "ARRB" or "Board") to release the term "Warrenton Records Center" in the context of a CIA facility and the Board's subsequent decision on 17 November 1997 to reconsider this issue. It provides additional information as to why

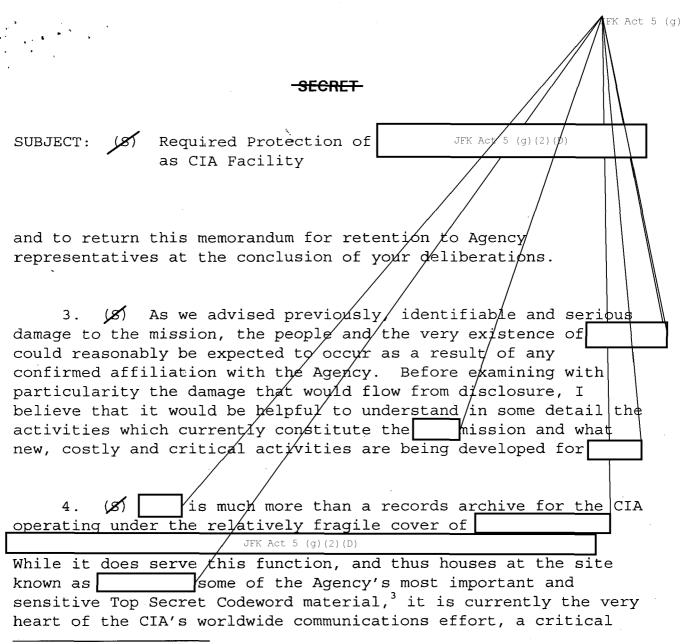
 JFK Act 5 (g) (2) (D) as a CIA facility must be protected from public disclosure and hence the cover of this clandestine facility maintained.
- 2. (U) As a preliminary matter, I would respectfully ask the Board and staff to note the classified nature of this document, to limit access to those individuals properly cleared,

1	(S) The documen					s C	ente	r"
		In point of				ıse	the	terms
:	interchangeably.				_		- ,	
					JFI	K Act	5 (g)(2)

CL BY: 0700265

CL REASON: 1.5(c)
DECL ON: X1
DRV FM: LOC 5-82

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² (S) Pursuant to classification guidelines promulgated by the Director of Central Intelligence, this fact is currently and properly classified at the SECRET level.

Because of the sensitivity of CIA records, the Archivist of the United States has authorized the CIA to maintain this archive for both permanent and temporary records pending ultimate transfer to the National Archives no sooner than 50 years after their origination. This records center currently houses nearly 130,000 cubic feet of records classified up to and including Top Secret codeword and composed of various media ranging from paper to original imagery from our national aerial and satellite surveillance platforms. In addition, the center also houses the CIA's vital records which would provide the only basis for continuity of operations should disaster befall CIA headquarters. In addition and because of the security offered, the Center serves a similar role for the National Security Council and the Office of the Management and Budget.

SUBJECT:	181	Required Protection of as CIA Facility	JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)
		JFK Act 5 (g) (2) (D)
	•	members and staff from the	Senate Select Committee
		JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)	

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			<u> </u>	
SUBJECT:	(8)	Required Protection of	JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)	
	•	as CIA Facility	 	

maintains security through a low profile. In the past in the United States, identification of CIA facilities have led to a number of surreptitious entries, bombings, and physical disruptions. Simply stated, CIA is a target for both hostile individuals and organizations;

• On the individual level and in the past three years, has experienced an increase in security incidents including a physical breach of compound security, two suspect package incidents, and additional unsolicited contacts and "gate turn-around" incidents;

Jek Act 5 (q) (2) (D)

As detailed on the attached annotated photographs, the array of communications equipment and its proximity to public spaces and roads is clear. For example,

JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)

The current Kasi prosecution provides ample evidence of the risks posed by the public identification of CIA domestic facilities. Any individual intent upon seeking retribution for perceived wrongs quite naturally seeks a target providing the largest possible public notice and while CIA headquarters is an excellent target, a covert facility is even a better target, and a covert facility supporting the foreign espionage activities of the CIA is the best possible target for a political and public statement.

The breach of compound security was by an out-of-state vehicle which followed an employee through a remote gate and the driver had no credible explanation for their actions; the incident is considered suspicious and unexplained. The suspect package incidents include a box which was placed (not dropped) next to our facility which we believe was intended to test and thus observe our response to suspicious packages. Gate turn-arounds number 8-10 per month and include only those vehicles which ignore clear signs that they are entering a classified government facility but proceed in any event to our gate; it is instructive to note that very few of these individuals state

SUBJECT:	(\$)	Required Protection of as CIA Facility	JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)
			UFK Act 5 (g)(2)(
	. •	government has had a he violent domestic organiself-styled "militias" to destroy government and facilities. We know	w enforcement authorities, E such organizations
	•	year, the Sheriff of Fa	that we were
	•	security of And And Attached map of Structure the fence in the opinion that a bomb which exploded at the obuilding could do substitute and a substitute of the opinion that a bomb which exploded at the obuilding could do substitute and a substitute of the opinion of the opinio	physical and personnel as evidenced by the ach threats do not need to he: Agency officials are of commensurate with the one Oklahoma City federal tantial damage to the sequipment and could kill
		y know that is a CIA fac n fact, is quite good.	ility and, hence, it would appear

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SUBJECT	Γ:	181	-	d Protect Facility	ion of		JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)		
•	em in co th in id pu ac st la	ployer tells at it e CIA tells at it entire tuals ated, bel at tells	es involues	eure Components: ved in collection n and opes a secution ervices here of US civery destine entificat every ind ficer an	As discuommunica, and huerate at environ ample evate busintelligion of the thus of the thu	issed ations, aman in conment vidence a prima who applicates the factors of the f	above, not technically above, not the light of the legistry and large are to be officers acility intervals.	umerous cal cal exact re cociated oreign the be ordin ut are, in Sim with CIA a like	CIA eason from hary in ply will ly cheir	5 (g)(2)(D) .
•	th lo of wh CI ne	e Preng as the ich can be detected to the dete	esident of the fact the could concility place Agency is	or Cabine dentity wo le from a lus subsection ing and leave	officiis secreuld serv general quent vi	als et. The re as a composition of the compositi	for D whether have v ne publi such an romise o surveill d, vitia	they be alue on c disclo	e for ly as osure] s a would	

options for survivability. We must assume that any

We know from captured STASI (the former intelligence service of East Germany) and clandestinely-acquired KGB files that substantial resources have been directed at such identifications. Typically, a suspect American will be surveilled for some time in order to identify his or her target and cooperating foreign nationals. To identify a communicator is one of the highest priorities since it provides a possible entrée to cryptographic compromise as well as an opportunity to "roll-up" or identify the numerous human intelligence collection officers who rely on that particular communicator to transmit information back to the United States.

SUBJECT: (%) Required Protection of as CIA Facility	
entity which had the willingness and capability to attack the CIA would be inclined to inflict the maximum damage. Identification of even as a generic CIA facility poses an unacceptable risk to this key aspect to CIA continuity of operations. • (8) Potential Compromise of Classified Communications or Technical Collection Platforms: In addition to the foregoing physical threat to our immunications facilities (e.g., the potential to destroy towers, satellite dishes and transmitting facilities by terrorist act), the disclosure of each stransmit and receive	(g)(2)(D)
site for CIA classified communications to sites as well as in the field presents a significant opportunity for any number of foreign nations to enhance their signals and communications intelligence efforts at our expense. While the scope and classification level of this memorandum does not permit a detailed discussion, I am convinced that this disclosure would make a target of hostile foreign intelligence services.	
JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)	
The official term for such procurements is JFK Act 5 (g) (2) (D) which means that the tangible items purchased cannot be traced to CIA but only to a non-sensitive government agency. For example, if an officer is assigned undercover to JFK Act 5 (g) (2) (D) then it would be most imprudent to carry a personal computer and a cellular telephone which could easily be traced to CIA. At a minimum, that officer would be subject to foreign counter-intelligence surveillance and all of his or her contacts compromised (i.e., identified and neutralized).	

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SUBJECT:	181	Required Protection		JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)
		as CIA Facility		

impact on our credibility and will create an "open season" for the local media and others as they quite naturally attempt to learn any and all aspects of our mission -- those clandestine officers who could come and go previously with little notice will now be a highly visible target. 12

• (S) Endangerment of and
Loss of As the
is an integral part of their concerns must
also be taken into consideration. They have advised of
their significant concerns that a loss of will
lead to the mis-identification of communicators/
as CIA officers. They have stated that it is
the fact of the current cover which permits them to
train communicators alongside Agency communicators at
a very efficient cost. The only solution to the loss of
cover would be to move the communications school to
another location, a very costly endeavor in both time and
money.
JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)
8. 18) In summary, it is my considered judgment that the
release of the term "Warrenton Records Center", which will create
an affiliation of and the CIA, would cause major disruptions
to CIA operations, possible physical harm to CIA facilities and
personnel, and hence identifiable and serious damage to the national security of the United States. Accordingly, I
respectfully request that the Board defer release of such
information. In doing so, I am mindful of the Board's mission
intormacton. In doing so, I am mindred of the board is mission
12 48) It is not unreasonable to believe that the loss of cover for would
require a five fold increase in physical security personnel at and even
then security could not be ensured given the proximity of the facility to
public spaces and roads.

12

SUBJECT: (S) Required Protection of as CIA Facility

JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)

and the necessity for the American public to have the fullest possible disclosure regarding the assassination of President Kennedy, however, I believe that this reference is not relevant to the public's understanding and that disclosure would cause harms significantly disproportionate to any public benefit.

9. (U) If the Board should have any questions with regard to this matter, I have asked Lee Strickland, who serves as Chief of the Agency's Information Review Group, to be available to the Board in order to provide such additional classified or unclassified information as might be required.

Richard D. Calder

Annotated View of JFK Act 5 (g) (2) (D)

JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)

 -SECRET-		
JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)		
	•	

SUBJECT: (6) Required Protection of JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D) as CIA Facility

OFSS/FMG/ (SNAlcivar:kak/49570 (07 Nov 97) modified OIM/IRG/LSStrickland/31289 (13 Nov 97) Distribution: Orig - Addressee 2 - DDA 1 - OIM/IRG Chrono 1 - C/OIM/IRG 1 - D/OIM 1 - OIM Legal Advisor 1 - D/OFSS 1 - C/FMG/OFSS 1 - DO/CCO 1 - C/ FMG/OFSS 1 - DC) 1 - OFSS Registry g:\ipcrdwp\general\lss\arrb

26 September 1996

John Reserva

MEMORANDUM FOR: Executive Director

Assassination Records Review Board

FROM:

John F. Pereira

Central Intelligence Agency

SUBJECT:

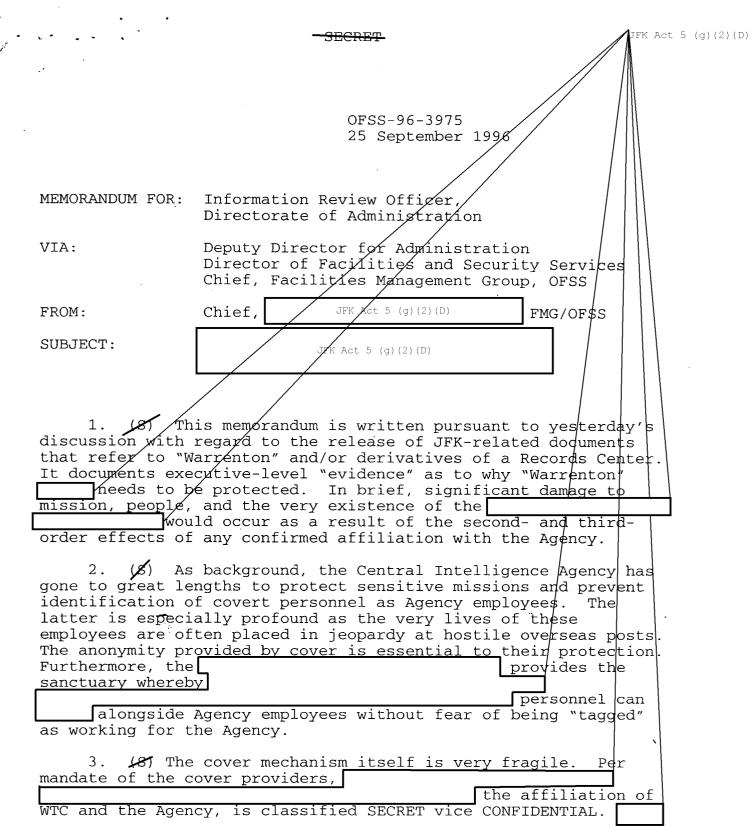
Reconsideration of Release of "Warrenton" in the Lopez Report

Davin

The attached memorandum is provided in support of our request that the JFK board reconsider its decision to release the reference to Warrenton Records Center in the Lopez Report (p. 44).

2. We request that this memorandum and attachment be returned to CIA once the Board has completed its deliberations on this issue.

Attachment



CL BY: 2004977 CL REASON: 1.5(c)

DECL ON: X1

DRV FROM: LOC 5-82

SUE	BJECT:	187	JFI	(Act 5 (g)(2)(D)		Cover	Consider	ations
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CL BY: 705641
CL REASON: Section 1.5 C
DECL ON: X1
DRV FRM: COV 1-82

TO:

John F. Pereira

Brian S. Latell

FROM:

Rebecca V. Strode

OFFICE:

DCI

DATE:

10/20/97 02:21:49 PM

SUBJECT: Release Issue/JFK Board

Thanks. I passed along to D/EXDIR and EXDIR. The D/EXDIR may want Brian Latell to provide some more background on this issue at the meeting tomorrow.

Original Text of John F. Pereira
Original Text of John F. Pereira

Following is in response to questions raised by the EXDIR:

1. Members of JFK Board:

Chairman: Judge John Tunheim (Federal District Court, Minnesota)

Four other members: Henry Graff; History Professor Emeritus, Columbia U.

Kermit Hall; Dean of Humanities, Ohio State
William Joyce; Assoc. Librarian, Princeton U.

Anna Nelson; History Professor, American U.

2. Intermediate steps before appeal to President:

a) We are discussing our concerns with JFK Board Staff, and will ask the Board to reconsider its decision.

b) We'll propose that a senior Agency officer brief the Board on the sensitivity of

JFK Act 5 (g)(2)(D)

3. Who would make the appeal to the President ?

Thus far, the process calls for the Agency's General Counsel to forward the appeal to the White House Counsel, with the approval of the EXDIR and/or DCI.

4. Has there been an appeal to the President before ?

CIA has submitted one appeal, in early 1996. The issues concerned identification of certain European stations and liaison relationships. The White House directed the Board and the Agency to "work it out", which was done. After the ADDO briefed the

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Board, a compromise was reached.

The FBI has submitted three appeals, none of which was successful.

5. Does ISCAP have a role ?

Thus far, ISCAP has had no role with regard to JFK, as far as we are aware.

CC: Regina A. Genton, Brian S. Latell, Edmund Cohen @ DA, James R. Oliver @ DA, Linda C. Cipriani, J. Barry Harrelson Sent on 20 October 1997 at 02:21:49 PM