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ASSASSINATIONS, FOREIGN LEADERS
CIA
CLANDESTINE OPERATIONS
CUBAN EXILES
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STURGIS, FRANK
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MIAMI
NEW ORLEANS
SHAW, CLAY
STURBITTS, WILLIAM C.
GARRISON, JIM

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C O N T E N T S

Deposition of Examination by Counsel
For the Commission

William C. Sturbitts

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(AFTERNOON SESSION Page 58)

William C. Sturbitts (Resumed)

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PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON CIA ACTIVITIES

Langley, Virginia

Wednesday, April 16, 1975

Deposition of WILLIAM C. STURBITTS, called for examination by Counsel for the Commission on CIA Activities, the witness being duly sworn by Thomas C. Hogan, a Notary Public in and for the State of Virginia, in the offices of the Central Intelligence Agency, Langley, Virginia, at 9:50 o'clock a.m., on Wednesday, April 16, 1975, the proceedings being taken down in stenotype by Ruth G. McClenning, and transcribed under her direction.

APPEARANCES:

On behalf of the Commission:

GEORGE MANFREDI, ESQ.,

ROBERT B. OLSEN, ESQ.

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P R O C E E D I N G S

Thereupon,

WILLIAM C. STURBITTS,

called as a witness by Counsel for the Commission on CIA
Activities, and having been first duly sworn by the Notary
Public, was examined and testified as follows:

EXAMINATION BY COUNSEL FOR THE COMMISSION

BY MR. MANFREDI:

Q Mr. Sturbitts, will you state your full name for the
record?

A William C. Sturbitts.

Q Mr. Sturbitts, do you recall when we spoke some
weeks ago you signed a document entitled, "Advice and
Waiver"?

A Right.

Q You understand that document is still in effect?

A Sure.

Q Mr. Sturbitts, by whom are you currently employed?

A You mean the Agency or --

Q That is right.

A Central Intelligence Agency.

Q And what is your current position with the Agency?

A I am a Special Assistant, Latin America, for
Economic Intelligence Collection and Operations.

Q And would you briefly review for me the history of

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1 your employment with the Agency?

2 A When I first came in I was in the Intelligence
3 Directorate for approximately ten years and I was put on special
4 detail, special indefinite detail, in the Deputy Director, Plans,
5 which is now the Directorate of Operations.

6 Q What year were you put on that detail?

7 A I guess it was 1964, January, I believe.

8 Q And what did that detail involve?

9 A Cuban operations, economic warfare.

10 Q And how long were you on that detail?

11 A I was in the Cuban operations for nine years.

12 Q Between 1964 and 1973?

13 A (Nods in affirmative.)

14 Q And in 1973 did you assume your current position?

15 A Yes, January.

16 Q Now, while you were on special detail -- to the DOD?

17 A Yes.

18 Q Were you stationed in Washington?

19 A Yes.

20 Q And did you commute with some frequency to Miami?

21 A Yes.

22 Q Were your activities in Miami in any way connected
23 with the operations of the Miami Station?

24 A In some way. My responsibilities were worldwide.
25 I took temporary duty predominantly in Europe, and then Miami.

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1 Most of my operations were run out of Europe.

2 Q Run out of --

3 A Europe. Some were run out of Miami but the big ones
4 were run out of Europe.

5 Q Well, in the course of your activities with respect
6 to Cuba did you have occasion to become familiar with the
7 operations of the Miami base?

8 A Yes.

9 Q And the situation in the Cuban community in Miami?

10 A Yes, sir.

11 Q During the nine years you were with DDO's Cuban
12 operations, who was -- who were the chiefs of the Miami
13 Station?

14 A I think in 1963 Ted Shackley was the Chief and he
15 was followed by -- I can't think of his name. I should know
16 it. Well, I will come back to that.

17 Then, the next Chief of Station was Paul Henze.

18 Q What years was he Chief?

19 A I think Paul was there about a year and a half. He
20 left in 1968 when we reduced the size of the Station. Let's
21 say Henze was there from 1966 to 1968. And then Jake Esterline.
22 He was Chief of Station from 1968 to 1973.

23 Q Now, what was the formal title of the group to which
24 you were assigned for the 9-year period?

25 A Well, when I first came in it was known as the

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1 Special Activities Staff. It was headed by Desmond Fitzgerald.
2 And then, I believe after that it became the Cuban Operations
3 Group.

4 Q Now, was this a special group within the DDO or was
5 it attached to one of the area divisions?

6 A No. Following the Bay of Pigs, they created a thing
7 called Task Force W which was headed by Bill Harvey. And
8 that -- when Harvey left, he went to Chief of Station, Rome,
9 and Fitzgerald took over, it became Special Activities Staff.
10 It wasn't attached to anything except -- it reported to the
11 Deputy Director, Plans.

12 Q And that was Mr. Karamessines?

13 A Yes. Well, it was Helms at that time back when it
14 was first created. Helms was DDP at that time.

15 Q And Task Force W was created immediately after the
16 Bay of Pigs?

17 A Well, not immediately. I think sometime around --
18 in the Bay of Pigs was in April. I think this was created in
19 September, something like that, 1961.

20 Q And that subsequently became the Special Activities
21 Staff?

22 A Special Activities Staff and consequently became the
23 Cuban Operations Group. As the Cuban Operations Group it went
24 back into the Western Hemisphere Division.

25 Q And what was the date of that reorganization?

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1 A Well, let's see. I would say that was probably around
2 1965 because Fitzgerald then became Chief, W.H., and then
3 later DDP.

4 Q Now, Mr. Harvey -- do you recall what position Mr.
5 Harvey held after he left Task Force W?

6 A Yes. He was Chief of Station, Rome.

7 Q And is he still with the Agency?

8 A Oh, no. He retired a long time ago.

9 Q Do you know where he lives at the present time?

10 A Frankly, I don't. I have an idea where he lives.
11 He went to work for a friend of mine who had a law firm.
12 Harvey is a lawyer.

13 Q Indianapolis area?

14 A Yes, some place around there. It is in the midwest,
15 Indiana.

16 Q What was the role that was assigned to Task Force
17 W?

18 A It was the overall Cuban operations.

19 Q Did the Miami -- when was the Miami Station estab-
20 lished?

21 A Well, I think they had a forward operatio-s base down
22 there about 1960 which was small, in Coral Gables.

23 Q This was, then, prior to the Bay of Pigs?

24 A Oh, yes.

25 Q Now, in addition to Task Force W, was the Miami

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1 Station running any operations against Cuba?

2 A You mean prior to the Bay of Pigs?

3 Q Yes.

4 A I really don't know. It was a small -- it was a
5 forward base and it was more or less as I recall, a support type
6 thing.

7 Q Well, after the Bay of Pigs when Task Force W was
8 established, did it have sole responsibility for Cuban
9 operations?

10 A Yes.

11 Q Or was that shared with the Miami base, Miami
12 Station?

13 A No. The Miami Station was under Task Force W.

14 Q All right. Would that also be true of the Special
15 Activities Staff, the Cuban Operations Group?

16 A Right, except that at the present time the Station
17 has no Cuban operations.

18 Q I understand that. When were Cuban operations termi-
19 nated?

20 A At the Station? Let's see. Sternfield went down
21 there in 1972. It was during fiscal year '72. I think it was
22 in early 1973. It was a gradual reduction.

23 Q And have those operations been terminated entirely
24 or are they now run out of the Washington area?

25 A All Cuban operations are run out of Washington.

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1 There are no more paramilitary operations, that type of thing.

2 Q But there are some Cuban operations being run out of
3 the Washington area?

4 A Right.

5 Q Is that correct?

6 A Right. Worldwide.

7 Q Mr. Sturbitts, in the last couple of weeks you may
8 have seen some allegations in the press about possible assassina-
9 tion attempts that have been mounted or alleged assassination
10 attempts that have been mounted --

11 A Right.

12 Q -- against Fidel Castro. In the course of your
13 activities with respect to Cuba, did you ever learn of any such
14 attempts?

15 A Well, let me answer it this way. I wouldn't say
16 attempts. I know there was discussion. "Attempts" is too
17 strong a word.

18 Q Well, can you place in time your first knowledge of
19 any such discussions?

20 A Well, the first knowledge I had of any discussions,
21 I was on TDY and this was October, November, 1963, with Fitzgerald
22 in Paris. And I knew that he was going to meet -- let me put
23 it another way. I had overheard that discussions were going on
24 with a member of Castro's military but that he wanted, as
25 I recall, he wanted some British -- I mean Belgian rifles and

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1 a telescopic sight.

2 Q Who wanted them?

3 A This military guy that was in Fidel's -- I think
4 at one time he was a commandante. Now, I knew that was going
5 on. I didn't participate in it because I was there for another
6 reason. And I know that subsequent to that time that Fitzgerald
7 met with him again and as I recall, as the personal representa-
8 tive of the Attorney General, Bobby Kennedy.

9 I provided all those files. There are 19 volumes that
10 we gave to your people. But I don't know who was reviewing
11 them. I think Belin was going to do it himself.

12 Q Yes. He is. He is doing it himself.

13 You said there were 19 volumes of documents with
14 respect to this.

15 A 19 files, manila.

16 Q All having to do with possible assassination?

17 A All having to do with this whole time period and --
18 can we go off the record for a minute?

19 (Discussion off the record.)

20 BY MR. MANFREDI:

21 Q The first knowledge of such conversations that you
22 had, I take it you obtained on a trip to Europe with Mr.
23 Fitzgerald?

24 A I simply overheard it, that is right.

25 Q And who were the parties to the conversation you over-

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1 heard?

2 A A fellow named Nestor Sanchez.

3 Q And Mr. Fitzgerald?

4 A Yes, and I really can't recall some of the other
5 people. We were -- we had just moved the Station at that time,
6 in Paris, out of the Embassy into the old Rothschild Palace
7 and we felt that it was probably bugged, so all conversations
8 took place -- we walked around the garden and tyat type of
9 thing, and, you know, I was walking with somebody, somebody
10 was in front of me, and you just overhear conversations.

11 Q This was in Paris?

12 A Yes.

13 Q I see.

14 Mr. Sanchez -- was he a member of the military?

15 A No. Mr. Sanchez was in the Special Activities Staff.
16 He was stationed in Washington. And he was in contact with
17 Cuban military-type.

18 Q Was it your understanding that the Agency had received
19 instructions with respect to this activity from another
20 component of the Government?

21 A Well, let me put it this way. I don't know whether
22 they received instructions. I have to assume, and I am pretty
23 positive, that this was a result of a Special Group decision.
24 And at this time you have to remember that Bobby Kennedy was
25 overseeing this deal, presumably for his brother, and he was

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1 part of that Special Group. He called the meetings, he presided,
2 he did a number of things.

3 Q Were there any other occasions that you can recall
4 in which the possibility or the subject of assassination of
5 Fidel Castro was discussed?

6 A No, not really.

7 Q You referred to this as the first occasion.

8 A This is the first --

9 Q Was there a second?

10 A -- the first time I knew about it or even heard it
11 discussed.

12 Q Well, prior to the investigation that is currently
13 underway -- I am referring now to our Commission's investigation
14 -- were there any other occasions in which this subject came
15 to your attention after this discussion in the garden in
16 Paris?

17 A The only other thing that came to my attention was
18 that the decision was made not to provide him with this sight
19 that he wanted. Whether that is right or wrong, I don't know,
20 but that is what I was told.

21 Q When did you learn that?

22 A Oh, I would assume in -- must have been early 1964,
23 around February, something like that.

24 Q Off the record.

25 (Discussion off the record.)

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1 MR. MANFREDI: On the record.

2 BY MR. MANFREDI:

3 Q Mr. Sturbitts, are you familiar with a gentleman by
4 the name of Frank Sturgis?

5 A Indeed.

6 Q Is your familiarity based on what you have read in
7 the press?

8 A No. It is what is contained in the files.

9 Q Have you caused a search to be made of CIA files,
10 particularly the files of the Western Hemisphere Division,
11 in an attempt to determine whether Mr. Sturgis ever had any
12 connection with the Agency?

13 A I have.

14 Q What were the results of that search?

15 A Absolutely no connection, never has been.

16 Q When we talk about connection, are we talking about
17 an employment relationship?

18 A That is what I am speaking of.

19 Q Was Mr. Sturgis ever an independent contractor of
20 the Agency?

21 A No.

22 Q Was he ever a contract employee?

23 A No.

24 Q Was he ever a regular employee of the Agency?

25 A No.

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1 Q Was he ever hired to do any piecework for the
2 Agency?

3 A Not to my knowledge.

4 Q Do you know whether or not Mr. Sturgis ever partici-
5 pated in any type of paramilitary or other operation against
6 Cuba?

7 A On his own behalf he did, not on behalf of this
8 Agency.

9 Q How did you learn of those operations?

10 A Through the newspaper. And through FBI reports.

11 Q Now, are these recent FBI reports?

12 A Oh, no. These go back -- I know at one time, the
13 thing that comes to mind, I think he made a leaflet drop
14 over Cuba and this was subsequently reported in the press and
15 by the Bureau office in Miami.

16 Q Do you know who financed his activities?

17 A I have no idea.

18 Q Is it possible that Mr. Sturgis' activities were
19 indirectly financed by the Agency through --

20 A I don't see how. Frank Sturgis is a soldier of
21 fortune; has been. He has constantly tried to associate himself
22 with the Agency. When I went through his file they wanted me
23 to classify the file and the way I classified it was "don't
24 destroy it, he is an intelligence nuisance."

25 Q Off the record.

1 (Discussion off the record.)

2 MR. MANFREDI: On the record.

3 BY MR. MANFREDI:

4 Q Have you caused the Agency records with respect to Mr.
5 Sturgis to be assembled in any one location?

6 A Yes. I have custody of them.

7 Q And what is the volume of that material?

8 A As I recall, there are five volumes. Your Committee
9 called for them the other day after the article in the paper,
10 I guess it was last Saturday. They called for them Monday and
11 they returned them Monday afternoon.

12 Q Do you know who examined those files?

13 A No, I don't.

14 Q You indicated a moment ago that Mr. Sturgis contacts
15 the DCD office in Miami with some frequency, is that correct?

16 A Well, not great frequency but he does with tidbits
17 of so-called information.

18 Q Is this information limited to narcotics, alleged
19 narcotics traffic?

20 A Recently it has been.

21 Q Has Mr. Sturgis been encouraged by the DCD office
22 in Miami?

23 A Mr. Sturgis has been told by the DCD office in Miami
24 to take his information to the Drug Enforcement Agency or the
25 FBI.

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1 Q Do you know whether or not they consider him an
2 established contact?

3 A No manner.

4 Q Do they have any -- do they periodically seek to
5 collect information from Mr. Sturgis?

6 A I can't speak to that but the records that we have
7 don't reflect anything like that. Before they would contact
8 somebody in that context, knowing that there is a 201 file
9 on Sturgis, they would have to coordinate with the Latin
10 American Division before they did anything since we do hold
11 the file.

12 Q Would you briefly explain what a 201 file is?

13 A A 201 file is a personnel file. It consists of any
14 information relating to an individual appearing in the press
15 as a result of other agency reporting and that type of thing.

16 Q Personnel or personality file?

17 A Personality file, I should say. Excuse me.

18 Q Do you know whether or not there is any connection
19 or relationship between Eugenio Martinez and Mr. Sturgis?

20 A Well, I will say this. Obviously, they do know
21 each other. They have to know each other from their days
22 in Cuba.

23 Q Do you know whether or not Mr. Sturgis ever partici-
24 pated with Martinez in raids against Cuba?

25 A No. As I recall, we employed Martinez around 1961,

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1 I guess, and he was in our maritime activities. He was a
2 boat captain eventually. And he did participate in infiltrations
3 and exfiltrations and perhaps one or two raids, hit and run,
4 sabotage-type actions against Cuba. Sturgis never engaged in
5 any of these things. He never did it for us nor did he ever
6 do it on any of our boats, planes, or -- anything that belongs
7 to the Agency.

8 Q When Martinez would run such an operation or captain
9 a boat on such an operation, would he be charged with putting
10 together his own crew?

11 A No. He had an assigned crew and every boat had a
12 Case Officer operating either out of the -- probably out of
13 the Miami Station. Sometimes I would assume that we did have
14 some people in the Key West base. But he, Martinez, would receive
15 his instructions and briefings from his Case Officer.

16 Q So it is likely that he could have brought Sturgis
17 along on any of these operations?

18 A Absolutely unlikely. Oh, the guy whose name I was
19 trying to think of, Chief of Station, John Dimmer.

20 Q And that would be for a period of time between
21 Shackley and Henze?

22 A Yes.

23 Q 1964 to 1966?

24 A Something like that.

25 Q Would you describe briefly for me the nature of the

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1 activities conducted by the Special Activities Staff during
2 your -- and subsequently the Cuban Operations Group during
3 your 9-year tenure with those groups.

4 A Well, there was -- it was an across-the-board
5 intelligence operation consisting of collection of foreign
6 positive intelligence, counterintelligence, paramilitary
7 activities, covert action, economic activities. That is about
8 the breadth of the thing.

9 Q Now, these were all conducted through the DDO?

10 A Right.

11 Q Now, let's speak for a moment about the paramilitary
12 operations. Were these operations run out of southern
13 Florida?

14 A Right.

15 Q And in particular out of the Miami Station?

16 A Yes.

17 Q Were there any other CIA facilities in that area of
18 the country that participated in these activities?

19 A Not to my knowledge.

20 Q Were there any southern harbors other than Miami
21 that were used in these activities?

22 A Well, we had activities down in the Keys also. As
23 I said, we did have a Key West base.

24 Q Were there any other bases in that area of the
25 country that were utilized in these operations?

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1 A Well, not that I would call a base. We did have
2 training facilities for the UDT teams.

3 Q What is a UDT team?

4 A Underwater demolition.

5 Q Where were those bases located?

6 A I frankly don't know. They were down along the Keys,
7 along that long peninsula going down there. There were a
8 number of sites. I really can't recall them.

9 Q Were there any other sites within the United States
10 in which paramilitary training was conducted, for people
11 participating in these activities?

12 A Not to my knowledge.

13 Q Where were these people trained?

14 A What do you mean?

15 Q Well, Cubans who participated in these activities.

16 A We trained them at these places we had in the Keys.
17 Now, there also -- some of them were brought up here and trained
18 at the Domestic Training Station.

19 Q Where is that located?

20 A That is down in Virginia.

21 Q Were any CIA personnel actually involved in these
22 raids?

23 A Occasionally, I would think that -- you have got to
24 understand at this time that we had a great many contract
25 employees, independent contractors and this type of thing.

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1 Most of the paramilitary operations and the training was
2 conducted by the Special Operations Group which is another
3 entity of the --

4 Q DDO?

5 A DDO.

6 Q Now, the facilities that we have been talking about,
7 training facilities, were manned, then, by the Special
8 Operations Group, or at least supervised by the Special
9 Operations Group, is that correct?

10 A Well, supervised, yes, and I would think that probably
11 some of the training was given by their people. The Domestic
12 Training Station is under the Office of Training and -- but I
13 would think that in the paramilitary field that the SOG would
14 probably staff the training facility with their people who have
15 the expertise in paramilitary operations.

16 Q Now, were the people that were being trained at
17 these facilities basically Cuban refugees?

18 A Yes.

19 Q And at the outset I take it not many of those people
20 were American citizens?

21 A No.

22 Q Or had become American citizens.

23 A I would assume a great many have.

24 Q By this time.

25 A By this time, yes.

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1 Q At the present time, how large is that Cuban community
2 in Miami? Do you have any idea?

3 A Well, it is extremely large. I would think it is
4 probably -- I was trying to think. I would say up towards a
5 military people.

6 Q You spoke about paramilitary operations and covert
7 action. How do you distinguish between those two categories
8 of activities?

9 A Well, actually one can fall into the other. The
10 paramilitary could fall into covert action but in those days
11 we did distinguish somewhat. A lot of the covert action was
12 media placement. We had a number of operations at -- legal-
13 type operations, harassment operations. For instance, Fidel
14 seized a great many art treasures and in particular he had a
15 Napoleonic collection which was supposed to be the finest in
16 the world that he sold to dealers in Europe. He had paintings
17 that were immensely valuable that he tried to have auctioned
18 in London and the London auctioneer would not accept them
19 because he obviously didn't have clear title to them. He was
20 -- they were stolen, in the eyes of the auctioneer. He was
21 forced to auction them in Toronto, Canada.

22 We ran legal operations, got the owners and had them
23 hire attorneys and bring them to court and this type of thing.

24 He seized these race horses. He tried to peddle them
25 in Europe and up in Canada. We ran opposition against that

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1 type of thing.

2 Q These were what you considered to be covert operations?

3 A Yes, covert action.

4 Q Now, this is what you were referring to, legal-
5 type operations?

6 A Yes.

7 Q You used legal process to harass Castro.

8 A Yes.

9 Q What other types of harassment activities did you
10 run that would fall under this covert action category?

11 A Well --

12 Q Would economic warfare be --

13 A That was sort of something separate unto itself.
14 This was -- the economic warfare aspect of this thing was a
15 decision of the Special Group to enforce an economic blockade.

16 Q What special group is that?

17 A It is now called the Forty Committee.

18 Q Is that 302 Committee?

19 A Well, it was a 302 at one time, too. First of all,
20 it was called the Special Group, CI, Counterinsurgency. Then
21 it went to the 302 and then it had another name in between
22 there and now it is the Forty Committee.

23 Q All right. We will return to that a little bit
24 later, but what other types of harassment were you running
25 against Castro --

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1 A This is what I was trying to think of.

2 Q -- that would be considered covert action?

3 A Well, as I say, a lot of propaganda, press placement,
4 media placement. It has been so long ago I really don't
5 remember. I know we had a number of things going against him.
6 We used suasion, moral suasion, otherwise. We did some
7 extra-legal things. We tried to get to his sources of supply,
8 particularly when they were countries that we had treaties
9 with, NATO countries, Canada, this type of thing.

10 Q Let's talk about each of those in turn. You said
11 you used moral suasion. What kind of activities are you
12 referring to?

13 A Well, in the moral suasion field we -- actually, we
14 were the catalyst in this whole thing and we had the legal
15 activities, the legal -- well, I don't know how you would
16 phrase it, but we operated under the Cuban access control
17 regulations of the Treasury Department, the Trading with the
18 Enemy Act, and we also used the facilities of the Department of
19 Commerce, the Export Control people.

20 I guess as you are aware, Cuban industry was totally
21 U.S.-oriented. As parts began wearing out and this type of
22 thing, Castro had his little people there running around trying
23 to place orders with subsidiaries of U.S. companies. Where
24 we would find this out through all-source intelligence, we
25 or the Treasury people or the Commerce people would go to the

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1 executives of these American companies and ask them to tell
2 their foreign subsidiaries not to provide the spare parts
3 and the other things that Castro might need. We had the
4 Department of Commerce -- we identified 600 of the major U.S.
5 companies that could provide spare parts for Cuban industry.
6 We had the Department of Commerce send letters to those 600
7 manufacturers and ask them to cooperate with them in denying
8 any spare parts to the Cubans. This was a fairly concentrated
9 effort to really isolate them.

10 Q All right. And that is what you were referring to
11 as moral suasion?

12 A Yes.

13 Q Anything else in that category?

14 A Not really. None that I can think of.

15 Q Did you make the same kind of efforts with foreign
16 companies?

17 A At one point we did but it was absolutely useless,
18 the point in case being the Leyland buses. We pulled all stops
19 to stop that sale. The British Government turned us down
20 flat.

21 Q Now, did you attempt to reach any other sources of
22 supply?

23 A Well, we also had what we call a preemptive purchasing
24 program. If there was a single source of supply for a
25 particular item we would go in and buy it to deny the Cubans

1 the market.

2 Q Would that then be re-sold somewhere on the domestic

3 A Yes.

4 Q -- domestic market?

5 A No. It would be re-sold abroad.

6 Q In all cases?

7 A The cases that I was associated with, it was all
8 sold abroad.

9 Q What kind of purchases were made?

10 A Well, we purchased at one point -- we purchased
11 some Bright Stock in Antwerp.

12 Q What?

13 A Bright Stock.

14 Q What is that?

15 A Heavy, heavy oil, and since Cuba -- 85 percent of
16 her energy comes from oil, this was considered a critical
17 commodity. Bright Stock can be -- oh, it is almost like tar,
18 melted tar, and it can be cut into additives, lubricants, this
19 type of thing, and this was critical to the Cuban economy. So
20 we had an oil firm purchase this Bright Stock from a dealer for
21 which we reimbursed the guy and the Bright Stock was eventually
22 sold in Africa.

23 Q Do you know of any sales of such materials that
24 were made within the United States? Resales, I should say.

25 A No.

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Q In addition to preemptive buying were there any other actions taken by this group with respect to sources of supply to Cuba?

A Well, we did provide through third country agents who got orders for Cuban goods, in collusion with the Commerce Department, and I would assume the Special Group, we had replacement parts manufactured that were substandard.

Q And you had them sold through foreign companies?

A Well, we had our agents get the Cuban orders all over Europe. Then they would come back and, as a matter of fact, the former Secretary of Commerce, who is on your Committee, Des. and I met him and he gave us the go-ahead to do this.

Q Mr. Dillon?

A No. He was Secretary of the Treasury.

Q But --

A But you must remember that these American --

Q Mr. Connors?

A Yes. But you must remember these American manufacturers, well, their places were nationalized and they were only too happy to work with us. And actually, it was a cash deal, bona fide business. These things were transshipped through two or three countries, finally wound up in Havana.

Q You referred to some extra-legal activities.

A Yes. That is what I was trying to think of, what we did. I just can't think -- I remember this was on one of

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1 our activities but I just can't think -- I remember this was
2 on one of our activities but I just can't remember what the
3 extra-legal was. I just can't remember what it was. I know
4 it was one of the parts of the program.

5 Q This was illegal activities? Is that what you are
6 referring to?

7 A Well, I wouldn't say they were illegal, but they
8 weren't exactly legal, I don't think. Perhaps they were in a
9 gray area some place.

10 Q Well, whose laws are we talking about, international
11 law, the laws of the United States?

12 A I would have to go back and review the thing. I
13 really can't remember this. I would have to go to the files.

14 Q Where could we find that kind of thing in the files?

15 A I would think probably down in the Records Center some
16 place.

17 Q Would it be possible to obtain that material some
18 time during the lunch hour?

19 A No. It is forty miles away.

20 Q Well, is there some place in the building where
21 you could refresh your memory?

22 A Not to my knowledge. All that stuff has been shipped.
23 This is talking 11 years ago, 12 years ago. All that material
24 has been retired.

25 Q What category of activity would we be talking about

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1 when we refer to extra-legal activities?

2 A This is what I was trying to think of and I can't
3 think of what it was. I know extra-legal activities was one
4 parts of the program that we were involved in.

5 I might have a chart in my safe downstairs that might
6 tell me what that is.

7 Q Well, let's make a note of that and we will have to
8 come back to that.

9 A All right.

10 Q Who else would be knowledgeable about extra-legal
11 activities that were run against Castro?

12 A Well, the people that would be knowledgeable are
13 probably retired and I was running the program. So I ran
14 the economic program.

15 Q Well, these are activities that were run in connection
16 with the economic program?

17 A Yes.

18 Q We talked about media placement during this nine-
19 year period. To what are you referring when you refer to
20 media placement?

21 A Well, stories or news items that perhaps our
22 propaganda people wrote. We had them placed in newspapers
23 and magazines throughout the world.

24 Q Would this also include broadcasts over radio
25 stations?

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A Oh, yes. Radio is a very big part of it.

Q Now, were any of these newspapers or magazines published within the United States?

A Not to my knowledge, no.

Q These were essentially foreign publications?

A Yes.

Q Were any of them published in the Cuban community in Miami?

A No. The intent was to get world opinion against Castro. You don't do that by publishing in the United States.

Q What about the radio broadcasts? How were those handled?

A Are you speaking of Radio Swan now?

Q Well, I am unfamiliar with how many radio stations were involved. Was there more than one radio station?

A No. We only had the one radio station but we did contract time with Florida stations, a station in New York.

Q For broadcasts to what areas?

A For broadcasts to Havana.

Q And the station in New York, was that received also -- was that also broadcasting to various areas of the United States?

A I have no idea. I don't know whether they used a particular frequency to get this out or whether they did it on short-wave or what they did.

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1 Q But the intention was to reach Cuba.

2 A Reach Cuba.

3 Q You referred to a station in New York, referred to
4 as Swan. Were there others?

5 A There were a couple in Miami that I recall. Not in
6 Miami. I think there was one -- yes, there was one in Miami,
7 I think, and one down in Key West that they used.

8 Q Where was Radio Swan located?

9 A On Swan Island.

10 Q Where is Swan Island?

11 A Swan Island is a little glob around Honduras.

12 Q As far as you can recall, were there any other
13 radio stations in the United States that were utilized to
14 broadcast propaganda materials toward Cuba?

15 A Well, there conceivably could have been, not that
16 I recall right now.

17 Q Do you recall any attempts by the Agency or groups
18 affiliated with the Agency to raise money from the American
19 public to support those propaganda activities?

20 A No. As far as I know, Radio Swan and this type of
21 thing was fully subsidized by the Agency.

22 Q Do you recall the advertising campaigns that were
23 run in connection with Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty?

24 A Oh, yes.

25 Q Was anything of that nature done in connection with

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1 Cuban propaganda?

2 A Not to my knowledge.

3 Q And that would include both the publications and the
4 radio?

5 A Right.

6 Q Let's talk about economic warfare for a couple of
7 moments. Could you describe for me briefly the type of
8 economic activities that were conducted against Castro?

9 A Well, first of all, we wanted to denigrate the
10 regime, his credit worthiness, and this type of thing. We
11 worked very closely with the Coordinator of Cuban Affairs in
12 the State Department and, well, for instance, in those days, I
13 guess it was back in 1964, the price of sugar had jumped from
14 about a penny a pound to 13 cents a pound, something like
15 that, and we couldn't understand why. So we kept -- Fidel kept
16 saying that he had such a poor crop and this type of thing and
17 we just couldn't figure out why he had such a poor crop because
18 some of our own island assets told us they were out there cutting
19 this cane like mad and the mills were working 24 hours a day,
20 this type of thing. So subsequently, we found out that he was
21 lying and he was storing the raw cane in the schools, any
22 place. He had no storage facilities and put it any place he
23 could.

24 So in cooperation with a couple of sugar brokers in
25 New York, we surfaced this fact and the price of sugar took a

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1 real tumble and all of a sudden then Cuba started exporting.

2 It was this type of thing that obviously he was
3 trying to build up the world price because he didn't have any
4 money, he was so short on his exchange, and obviously we didn't
5 want him to get the exchange. So it was those types of
6 activities.

7 Q Was the assistance of any U.S. businessmen or U.S.
8 companies enlisted in that effort?

9 A Oh, yes.

10 Q In what manner did you use U.S. companies and
11 businessmen?

12 A Well, we simply used them as the experts. A great
13 many -- the sugar industry in Cuba was controlled by the
14 American community, by American bankers, and obviously they
15 lost everything when they had to pull out. Sugar is the
16 lifeline of Cuba as far as any exchange, foreign exchange, this
17 type of thing, and it was naturally our Number 1 target. So it
18 was only natural that we would go to the American businessmen.

19 Q What kind of assistance did you seek or obtain from
20 these businessmen?

21 A Well, we simply talked with them about why -- you
22 know, the market conditions were, why the price was rising, if
23 we could find out that Fidel has plenty of sugar, what would
24 happen to the market price. This type of thing.

25 Q They were used as consultants, basically.

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1 A They were used as consultants, basically, yes.

2 Q We have spoken about the investment American business
3 had in Cuba. Did it ever come to your attention that American
4 organized crime --

5 A No.

6 Q -- had considerable investment in Cuba?

7 A No. Well, everybody knew that the Mafia was in
8 Cuba. I mean, all the casinos and this type of thing.

9 Q The casinos were run --

10 A I knew that long before. When I was in the Air Force
11 during the war, I used to fly into Havana on weekends and this
12 type of thing.

13 Q I understand that. It was fairly well known.

14 A It was a criminal element.

15 Q The Mafia was involved with the casinos in Havana.

16 A Right.

17 Q Do you know of any attempts by the Agency to enlist
18 the support or assistance of any crime figures in any manner
19 whatsoever in the Agency's efforts against the Cuban regime?

20 A No.

21 Q Have you ever heard of Mr. Roselli?

22 A Oh, yes.

23 Q When was the first time you heard of Mr. Roselli?

24 A Well, I guess it was -- it seems to me it was either
25 Drew Pearson or Jack Anderson had an article on him a number

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1 of years ago.

2 Q Was that the first time you heard of the man's
3 name?

4 A Yes, as I recall.

5 Q Is that also true of Sam Giancana?

6 A No. I have heard that name but I don't know where.

7 Q In connection with --

8 A Not in connection with the Agency, no.

9 Q In connection with the casinos or --

10 A No.

11 Q -- gambling interests in Cuba?

12 A No.

13 Q You know of no instance in which organized crime
14 figures were used as consultants by the Agency?

15 A Only what I read in the paper. I had no knowledge
16 of that whatsoever.

17 Q Do you know of any offers of assistance from figures
18 of that type --

19 A No.

20 Q -- who were interested in getting back into cuba?

21 A No.

22 Q We were talking about economic warfare. We have
23 talked about attempts to keep the price of sugar low. What other
24 types of economic activities were conducted against Castro's
25 Cuba?

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1 A Well, we used all-source information to find out what
2 his commercial dealings were. When we would see -- well, for
3 instance, the Nicaro Nickel Mine which is a source owned
4 by the General Services Administration, finally got back into
5 production and nickel, of course, and still is -- was in short
6 supply. We had a French firm, Societe le Nickel, who was
7 buying almost the entire output of the Nicaro mines. And this
8 French firm exported to the United States. So we went to
9 the Treasury Department and to the Foreign Assets Control
10 people and said, isn't there something we can do to stop these
11 le Nickel exports coming into the United States? So they looked
12 into the thing and indeed they did.

13 Q Who owned the mine?

14 A The U.S. Government owned it when Castro took it
15 over.

16 Q I see.

17 A General Services Administration. And it was leased
18 out for operation. But the ownership rested with the
19 Government.

20 So the Treasury simply made the French provide a
21 Certificate of Origin for the nickel that went in -- they
22 export a lot of metal that contains nickel, silverware, knives
23 and forks, this type of thing, and -- you know, stainless
24 steel, and since nickel is used as a hardening agent we simply
25 -- Treasury simply said you can't import any more into this

1 country until we have a Certificate of Origin. As a matter
2 of fact, there was a boat that was pulling into the dock in
3 New York and they wouldn't let it unload. They just turned it
4 around. Eventually, over a period of months, le Nickel
5 found other sources and export privileges to the United States
6 were restored.

7 You know, it is -- you just -- any time you raise
8 or lower a tariff you have economic warfare. It is that
9 simple.

10 Q Were there any other instances that you can recall
11 of economic warfare in which you enlisted the support of
12 American business firms?

13 A I know we were in touch with a great many American
14 business firms. We enlisted everybody's support that we could.

15 MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

16 (Discussion off the record.)

17 BY MR. MANFREDI:

18 Q When we broke for a moment we were discussing other
19 instances where the Agency has enlisted the support of American
20 business in economic warfare against Cuba. Can you think of
21 any other such instances?

22 A Oh, certainly. The Cubans were having an awful time
23 with their Maritime fleet, such as it was. These boats were
24 powered with Nordberg engines. We simply went to the Nordberg
25 people and told them -- asked them to cooperate with us, which

1 they said they would. They notified their manufacturer's
2 representatives around the world if they got any orders from
3 the Cubans they were to be refused. This type of thing.

4 We did the same thing with --

5 Q Let's just stop for a second. Now, was Nordberg
6 compensated in any way for cooperation with the Agency?

7 A No.

8 Q Were they compensated for the loss of business
9 involved in that activity?

10 A No. No.

11 Q I take it, you received similar cooperation from
12 other companies.

13 A Oh, a great many other companies, yes.

14 Q Did any American companies refuse to cooperate in
15 that manner?

16 A No. Not a one.

17 Q Were there any legal sanctions threatened against any
18 companies?

19 A No. No.

20 Q Were there any sanctions that could have been brought
21 to bear upon those companies had they chosen to trade with
22 Cuba?

23 A Well, in the first place, they couldn't trade with
24 Cuba. They couldn't get export licenses from this country
25 anyway. Then, under the Foreign Assets Control Act of the

1 Treasury Department you have the extra-territoriality clause
2 in there where a subsidiary of an American company cannot --
3 foreign subsidiary of an American company cannot trade with
4 the country that is designated and Cuba was a designated country.
5 And all the businessmen were well aware of this. Nobody tried
6 to twist their arm.

7 Q Other than insuring that these companies refused
8 to accept orders from Cuba, which I take it you feel they were
9 legally constrained from doing, what other types of support did
10 you receive from American business?

11 A Well, if American business -- sometimes they would
12 receive correspondence, particularly, say, from -- well, they
13 received it from Cuba asking for publications and this type
14 of thing. They would normally forward all this type of thing
15 to the Commerce Department and the Treasury Department, or in
16 some instances they might call me and I would just give them
17 a Post Office box to send the correspondence to.

18 Q Any other types of support solicited or received by
19 the Agency from American business?

20 A No. Not that I can recall. There just wasn't one
21 firm we approached, and God knows we approached I don't know
22 how many, that wasn't extremely cooperative. As a matter of
23 fact, a lot of them, you know, thought we weren't doing enough,
24 that we ought to do a little more than we were doing, the
25 government wasn't really pushing Cuba the way it should, but

1 outside of that, nothing. There wasn't any problem of coopera-
2 tion. There wasn't any arm-twisting. It was all voluntary.

3 Q Did you identify yourself as CIA --

4 A Yes.

5 Q -- in dealings with these companies?

6 A Indeed, I do and we went to the top level, even
7 the Board Chairman or the president. No problem at all.

8 Q Let's talk about paramilitary operations. We started
9 but didn't really discuss that in any depth.

10 What kind of paramilitary operations were run
11 against Cuba by the CIA?

12 A Maritime operations.

13 Q Is that the extent of it?

14 A That is the extent of it.

15 Q Were there any aerial operations?

16 A Not to my knowledge.

17 Q Leaflet drops?

18 A No.

19 Q Bombing?

20 A No. Of course, you had the over-flights. As far as
21 I am concerned that is the only aerial activity.

22 Q That was run by another directorate, wasn't it?

23 A Yes.

24 Q Aerial photography, and so forth.

25 A Yes. They run a flight when you ask them. It has to

1 be requested and that is about it.

2 Q And those were run out of the United States?

3 A Oh, yes.

4 Q Can you think of anything, any other type of para-
5 military activity other than maritime operations.

6 A No. I really can't, no.

7 Q Am I correct that those operations were manned
8 by CIA contract employees?

9 A Right.

10 Q Which would include Cuban refugees.

11 A Right.

12 Q And some CIA officers?

13 A Right.

14 Q Any other branches of the services, Armed Services,
15 involved? This, of course, is posted Bay of Pigs.

16 A Yes. No, not to my knowledge. You have got to remember
17 that probably down at our Domestic Training Station we
18 probably have people on detail from other -- from the military
19 branches in the Government, but other than that I don't think
20 that -- of course, during the Bay of Pigs operation we also
21 had people detailed into the Agency.

22 Q Now, the training of persons involved in maritime
23 operations, I take it, was conducted in part within the
24 United States and in part outside of the United States. Is
25 that correct?

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1 A I would think probably the major portion of it was
2 conducted within the United States.

3 Q The Keys would be considered within the United
4 States.

5 A Oh, yes.

6 Q Or were there any locations where it was conducted
7 outside the United States?

8 A Following the Bay of Pigs, I don't think so. Not
9 to my knowledge. I just don't know, I just don't recall
10 but I don't think that -- I think all the training was done
11 domestically.

12 Q Now, what kinds of operations are included within
13 this category of maritime operations?

14 A Well, the infiltration operations, infiltrating
15 agents into Cuba, exfiltrating agents, hit and run sabotage
16 raids. That is about the extent of it.

17 Q Now, when did these operations commence? Was it
18 shortly after the Bay of Pigs?

19 A I would -- I think these operations were probably
20 at their height during the period about 1963 through, say,
21 1967. The program was terminated in 1968, I think in December
22 1968, something like that.

23 Q Why was the program terminated?

24 A First of all, it was too expensive. It wasn't provid-
25 ing enough intelligence and it simply wasn't -- economically,

1 it wasn't feasible to continue these things. The agents were
2 getting wrapped up. We were -- we just felt that the return
3 wasn't sufficient for what the investment was.

4 Q You say the agents were getting wrapped up.

5 A Yes.

6 Q What do you mean by that?

7 A When we infiltrated an agent, Cubans would identify
8 him and capture him.

9 Q These various types of paramilitary operations that
10 were conducted by the Agency I trust were approved by the
11 Forty Committee?

12 A Every operation received a specific approval from
13 the Forty Committee.

14 Q In advance?

15 A In advance.

16 Q Now, what was the procedure for submitting -- for
17 initiating such an operation?

18 A Well, normally in the case of an infil or an exfil.
19 or perhaps we wanted to lay down the cache.

20 Q You are referring to a cache of arms.

21 A A cache of anything, replay of radio, batteries,
22 whatever they might need. If we decided that we should have
23 one of these operations and the request would go from here
24 over to the, I guess to the White House and then the Forty
25 Committee at its weekly meeting -- they used to meet very

1 frequently -- they would either approve the operation or say
2 no. These operations had to be planned well in advance because
3 the tides had to be right, the moon had to be in the proper
4 phase for communications and this type of thing. And these
5 things, all these were coordinated with the Joint Chiefs of
6 Staff, the Navy, the Coast Guard, the FBI. If we were
7 exiltrating people, the Immigration and Naturalization Service.
8 Every Government agency or enforcement agency or military
9 agency that had any involvement whatsoever, and the entire
10 thing was coordinated.

11 Q Do you know of any such paramilitary operations
12 that were run unbeknownst to the Forty Committee?

13 A No.

14 Q What kind of volume of operations are we talking
15 about?

16 A You are not talking about a very big volume of
17 operations because of the planning that had to go into these
18 things. I would say that probably at the height of the thing
19 they may be running three or four a month. No more than that.

20 Q You have heard Eugenio Martinez refer to having
21 run 300 operations.

22 A I have seen that.

23 Q Is that inaccurate?

24 A Well, it all depends on what is in his mind. He
25 may have considered some of the training exercises as opera-

1 tions. Obviously, these guys trained. In order to run one
2 of these operations, you know, you would have to have a mother
3 ship in place and rubber boats and the UDT people to go in to
4 see if there were mines and this type of thing on the shore
5 before you go. So he may have considered that all these train-
6 ing exercises were operations but no way did he ever partici-
7 pate in any three or 400 active operations into Cuba.

8 Q Now, from what specific locations were these
9 operations launched?

10 A They were mostly launched from the Keys.

11 Q Any other locations?

12 A Not to my knowledge.

13 Q Now, would you describe for me the kind of hit and
14 run sabotage operations that were conducted?

15 A Well, we conducted one hit and run sabotage against
16 the Texaco refinery.

17 Q What used to be the Texaco refinery?

18 A What used to be the Texaco refinery.

19 MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

20 (Discussion off the record.)

21 THE WITNESS: These things, a great amount of planning
22 went into these things. We did have a model of the refinery.
23 We agonized over the best approach to the refinery and this
24 type of thing to do the most effective damage. This was run. It
25 was successful, as I recall, not totally successful but it was

1 a successful operation. By that, I mean they didn't do as
2 much damage as they wanted to because they had to get out
3 because the Cuban defense came after them. It was that type
4 of operation that we did.

5 As I recall, another time we took a team in to burn
6 some cane fields. Really, the classical operations that we
7 did in the maritime activities were the infiltrations and
8 exfiltrations.

9 Q Were any CIA operations run out of Guantanamo?

10 A Not to my knowledge.

11 Q Was it impractical to use the base there for --

12 A Well, the base is so surrounded and has been that
13 I think if a guy went through that fence you would carry him
14 back. He wouldn't walk.

15 MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

16 (Discussion off the record.)

17 MR. MANFREDI: Back on the record.

18 BY MR. MANFREDI:

19 Q Are there any other categories of sabotage run out
20 of the Keys other than what you have just described?

21 A Well, we did lay down a cache, if you will, sabotage
22 kits to be used by our own island agents. They contained
23 sugar to dump into gas tanks and metal fragments to put down
24 crank cases. Things of this nature.

25 One of our main objects was to, of course, sabotage

1 all the oil. We did that with a big operation. We made our
2 own oil, substandard. Additives, I should say, not oil. We
3 contracted with an American firm for that. And we shipped
4 it in through third countries in Europe. It did hit the target.

5 The thing we wanted to get at was the oil and the
6 automotive machinery on the island. We knew it was breaking
7 down and if we could get a complete breakdown we would have
8 everything at a standstill because in those days the automotive
9 equipment wasn't coming in that rapidly from Europe because
10 Castro didn't hve the money to buy it and they weren't going to
11 extend the credit.

12 The railroad system was in total disaster. The
13 Soviets had such a long logistics line, supply line, plus
14 the fact that the Cubans didn't like the Soviet equipment
15 because they were used to good American equipment. And these
16 were principal targets that we were trying to get to.

17 Q In your experience at the Agency can you think of
18 any other analogous or similar paramilitary operations run
19 from a base in the United States?

20 A No.

21 Q I know there has been some paramilitary training
22 in the United States.

23 A Oh, yes.

24 Q In connection with other operations.

25 A Oh, sure.

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1 Q But do you know of any paramilitary operations that
2 were actually run out of the United States?

3 A No.

4 Q As far as you know, then, this is a totally unique
5 situation.

6 A As far as I am concerned, it is, yes.

7 Q Now, how large a Navy was actually organized in
8 Miami? On a previous occasion you described this to me as
9 the third largest Navy in the Caribbean.

10 A That is right.

11 Q What kind of equipment did these people have?

12 A Well, we had -- honestly, everything from a canoe
13 up to three to 500 foot mother ship. We had Boston whalers,
14 rubber boats. We had a number of craft in, say, the 27 to
15 45 foot length. And they looked like real tubs. They were
16 painted and they looked like they wouldn't even float but
17 they had the fastest engines in them. They could outrun any-
18 thing. They were extremely well armed. We had our under-
19 water demolition teams. We had a pretty good Navy.

20 Q Did these craft operate under non-official cover
21 in the Miami area?

22 A Yes.

23 Q Were there a variety of covers or was there one
24 firm?

25 A No. Variety.

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1 Q Fishing companies?

2 A Well, fishing companies, Geodetic Survey, marine
3 supply. In all, I think during the period that the station
4 and these other entities were under commercial cover, or non-
5 official cover, I think we had 100 so cover companies.

6 Q Did any of these companies actually engage in any
7 legitimate commercial activities?

8 A Not to my knowledge, no.

9 Q None of them -- were any of them in competition with
10 firms in that area?

11 A These are probably what we would call devised
12 facilities. They were probably registered with the State of
13 Florida and they paid taxes and this type of thing, but if one
14 was blown or became known, we just crossed that out of
15 existence and started up a new one.

16 Q What did Eugenio Martinez do when he wasn't running
17 these operations?

18 A Well, he was down -- this is one of the reasons, as
19 I told you before, we brought him back and put him under that
20 contract, that retainer, because of the years that he spent
21 under such strict operational discipline down in the Keys.
22 Obviously, he didn't stay down there all the time. He
23 came back -- he might come back once a month, or something
24 like that, to see his family, perhaps once every two weeks
25 if he got some time off.

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1 Q I see. So some of these boats and personnel were
2 actually stationed full-time in the Keys.

3 A Oh, yes. Oh, sure.

4 Q Were there any operations run out of the United
5 States which involved destruction of crops or poisoning of
6 sugar or anything of that sort?

7 A What did you have in mind specifically? You mean the
8 Puerto Rican thing?

9 A Well, that is one of the things I had in mind.
10 Would you describe that for me?

11 A Well, this is, I guess you could term it a target of
12 opportunity. This was where a vessel was carrying Cuban sugar
13 to the Soviet Union and I forget exactly now what happened to
14 it but I know that it got a hole below the waterline, or
15 something, and had to put into Puerto Rico for repairs.

16 In order to repair it, I guess, and get it in the
17 drydock or wherever it was, they had to remove the sugar and
18 put it in the warehouse and at that time I guess somebody came
19 up with a plan to try to widen the rift between -- there was
20 a rift at that time between the Soviets and Cubans and to
21 put a harmless substance into the sugar that would make it
22 acid, sour tasting, and it wouldn't harm the sugar or the
23 individual, and some of this was done. And then when it
24 leaked, of course, we had to get rid of it and we had a sugar
25 firm buy it back from the Soviets.

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1 Q Bought it back from the Soviets?

2 A Yes.

3 MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

4 (Discussion off the record.)

5 MR. MANFREDI: Back on the record.

6 BY MR. MANFREDI:

7 Q Are there any other operations in which crops were
8 -- were there attempts to destroy crops in Cuba?

9 A No. No.

10 Q Place foreign substances in Cuban products?

11 A In Cuban products?

12 Q Yes.

13 A No. Not that I recall. You see, Cuba really -- in
14 those days the only thing, Cuba was exporting sugar and nickel.
15 The agriculture sector of the economy was in absolutely total
16 chaos. God, they didn't have any citrus, they didn't have
17 anything, and the poor people in Cuba were literally starving.
18 There just wasn't anything to eat. And Fidel was going around
19 with this big plan -- of course, there were a number of
20 experimental cattle ranches in Cuba. King Ranch had one there.
21 I forget -- several other European and American companies that
22 had experimental cattle ranches there and they were experiment-
23 ing with the, you know, cross-breeding and this type of thing.

24 Fidel was preoccupied with this. He went up to
25 Canada and paid \$100,000 for a bull and -- so he just put it

1 on an old Cuban Airways airplane. The damn airplane flew too
2 high and the bull became sterile by the time he landed in
3 Cuba. No thought given to, you know, pressurizing the cabin
4 and keeping the temperature at a certain point and this type
5 of thing. So he was helping us all along the line and
6 this here again, we generate propaganda, incompetence and this
7 type of thing.

8 But as far as sabotaging any Cuban product, no, we
9 didn't go into that. Our object was to enforce the blockade
10 and cut off his sources of supply.

11 Q When was the Miami Station established?

12 A As a station?

13 Q Yes.

14 A I think in September 1961.

15 Q And that was several years before you became involved
16 in Cuban matters?

17 A Yes.

18 Q Do you know of any other facilities of that nature
19 within the United States, Agency facilities?

20 A You mean, targeted against the opposition?

21 Q Yes.

22 A A station as such?

23 Q Yes.

24 A No. You have some communications facilities that
25 you really call stations because here again, they are not

1 directed towards any domestic activity. They are in support of
2 overseas communications.

3 Q Of course, we have FR bases and DCD offices and
4 Office of Security officers, and so forth.

5 A Right.

6 Q But I am talking about actual stations.

7 A Operating stations, no.

8 Q This is the only such station in the United States
9 as far as you know, is that correct?

10 A Right.

11 Q And was this station established to deal primarily
12 with Cuban activities?

13 A Yes.

14 Q Cuban-related matters?

15 A With Cuba, period.

16 Q Did it have, when it was established, any other
17 responsibilities with respect to Western Hemisphere activities?

18 A Not to my knowledge.

19 Q Entirely limited, then, to Cuban activities?

20 A Yes, and in support of Cuban activity and other
21 countries in the Hemisphere.

22 Q When you joined the group dealing with Cuban
23 activities, what was the size or the number of personnel
24 attached to that Station?

25 A To that Station? Well, the Station had probably a
couple

1 couple hundred staffers there, full-time employees of the
2 Agency, plus I don't know how many contract employees,
3 independent contractors, probably another 200 minimum. It was
4 obviously the largest installation we had. I think at its
5 height it had over 500 people in it.

6 Q Full-time Agency people?

7 A No, no.

8 Q Combination of contract and --

9 A And full-time, yes. A regular employee we call a staff
10 employee.

11 Q Now, would Martinez have been one of those contract
12 people?

13 A Yes.

14 Q Even though he was located down in the Keys?

15 A Oh, yes.

16 Q And what kind of facilities did the Station have in
17 Miami? Physical facilities.

18 A Well, they were located on the south campus of the
19 University of Florida, I mean, the University of Miami, at
20 the old Richmond Naval Air Station. It was a self-contained
21 unit. It was pretty well off the beaten path, in fact, damn
22 well off the beaten path. It was about four miles from the
23 Dixie Highway inland. We had our own guard force.

24 Q Official cover?

25 A No. Non-official.

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Q Non-official cover. What was the cover?

A It was a commercial cover. It was called -- the first one was called Zenith Corporation and it was set up with a President and Vice President, normal corporate setup.

Q Engaging in any business?

A No.

Q Now, in a community of that type, Cuban community, how long could a non-official cover last?

A Well, obviously it didn't, but it was research activities. Funded -- it is a giant mechanism when you put one of these things in for the funding and this type of thing, for your ostensible customers, establishing bank accounts.

Q Yes, I understand.

A So it was a research activity and the only people that ever paid any attention to the place were the newspapers. You know, somebody would make an inquiry, you know, we can't accept any work, we are loaded with Government contracts and this type of thing, and it held up reasonably well. And out of this one thing, of course, then we were running these innumerable other covers with different activities. The guard force, of course, were like -- well, they wore uniforms, similar to the Pinkerton people and this type of thing. And I think that there was -- in the later days at that site I think the Department of Agriculture had offices in there and some other Government agencies, in other buildings, of course.

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1 Q And this particular Station, then, was under the
2 supervision of the group we have been discussing?

3 A Yes. They were staffed within the Cuban Operations.

4 Q When did the Western Hemisphere Division resume
5 responsibilities for the Miami Station?

6 A Well, when Des. Fitzgerald left as Chief of the
7 Special Activities Staff and became Chief of the Western
8 Hemisphere Division, he brought it back into the Division.

9 Q Is there presently a Miami Station?

10 A Oh, yes.

11 Q And how large is it at the present time?

12 A Well, since we -- I think when we closed down the
13 Cuban Operations, I don't know how large it is at the present
14 time because we are in one of these periods where we are
15 reassigning people, but I think by the end of this fiscal year
16 there are going to be between 11 and 14 people.

17 Q When you joined the group in 1963, what functions
18 were being performed by the Miami Station?

19 A Well, all the classical intelligence functions. I
20 think I have lined them out at one time -- collection of
21 positive intelligence, counterintelligence, paramilitary, this
22 type of thing. Covert action.

23 Q This is the list of things you gave me earlier in
24 the deposition?

25 A Yes.

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1 Q Which of these activities, if any of them were
2 actually being conducted within the Cuban community in Miami?

3 A Well, the collection of foreign positive and probably
4 counterintelligence.

5 Q So the Agency was conducting counterintelligence
6 activities in the Miami area?

7 A Yes, sir.

8 Q Can you give me an example of the kinds of counter-
9 intelligence activities that the Agency would be conducting
10 in that area or was conducting in the area at that time?

11 A Well, we had a number of joint operations, as I
12 recall, with the Bureau. We had identified a Castro agent that
13 came in by small boat and when she was -- she came in with a
14 number of other people. When she hit the -- they had a recep-
15 tion center up in Opa Loca that was really a HEW operation.
16 The Domestic Contact Division office had people out there and
17 we did, too. Our people from the DDO were under Immigration
18 and Naturalization Service cover. When the HEW people did the
19 preliminary interrogation of these people they had to fill
20 out forms, where were you born, this type of thing, biographic-
21 type thing. These forms would be passed to our people who would
22 look at the forms and based on previous experience or what
23 they might have been doing, and they felt that perhaps they
24 might have some information of intelligence value, they would
25 reinterrogate them.

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1 It was in this manner that this gal came to our
2 knowledge. We surveilled her for a long time and determined
3 that obviously she was receiving messages and she was
4 sending messages. So along with the Bureau we put a surveillance
5 on her and we obtained a van with DF equipment in it and
6 indeed, she went on the air in the morning at 5:00 o'clock
7 or 4:30 or whatever it was, and the direction finder found
8 it was being beamed toward Cuba, this type of thing, and that
9 was oen of the examples of the CI activities we were involved
10 in.

11 Q Were there many activities of that type?

12 A Not really. You have got to remember that the
13 Bureau's Cuban squad was fairly small. I mean, it was a large
14 squad in terms of FBI squads. It had 36 people on it, some-
15 thing like that, but 36 people trying to follow a couple of
16 hundred thousand Cubans around, you know, it is pretty nega-
17 tive. This was one of the reasons that obviously from --
18 in those days when we had formed these revolutionary fronts
19 which were being run by the Cuban exiles, they were reporting
20 to Case Officers and they would report on things in the
21 community, of people they thought were suspect and this type
22 of thing. These leads in turn were then given to the Bureau
23 and it was to this extent that we got ourselves involved
24 in CI activity.

25 Q Would it be fair to say that the involvement in CI

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1 activities in that area was primarily a function of the over-
2 whelming number of these people and the Bureau's inability
3 to properly staff the thing?

4 A Yes, yes. You have got to remember, too, that a lot
5 of the people on that Cuban squad were in the legal section
6 of the Embassy in Havana. You know, the FBI overseas is
7 known as Legal Attaches, obviously working out of the Embassy
8 the same as our Station was, and a lot of our Station officers
9 from Havana were down in Miami at that time. So there was a
10 relationship there that had gone over a period of years
11 between the Agency and the Bureau.

12 MR.MANFREDI: We will reconvene at 1:00 o'clock.

13 (Whereupon, at 11:45 o'clock a.m., the taking of
14 the deposition was recessed, to reconvene at 1:00 p.m., this
15 same day.)

16 - - -

AFTERNOON SESSION

Thereupon,

WILLIAM C. STURBITTS,

called as a witness by Counsel for the Commission on CIA Activities, and having been first duly sworn by the Notary Public, was examined and testified as follows:

EXAMINATION BY COUNSEL FOR THE COMMISSION (Cont'd)

BY MR. MANFREDI:

Q When we recessed for lunch you were talking about the Miami Station . Do I understand that the Miami Station was the largest CIA station in the world?

A The largest CIA station in the world.

Q At its height?

A Nothing comes anyplace close to it.

Q I wonder if you could describe briefly for the record what the AMOTS were.

A Well, the AMOTS were Cuban a Cuban intelligence organization in exile. We full intended -- this was part of the overall contingency plan that US Government had. Should Castro ever be overthrown, these people would be the nucleus to go into Cuba and form a new Ministry of the Interior.

Q Now, Ministry of the Interior, is that a euphemism for Security Agency?

A Well, in most countries of the world the Ministry of Interior, unlike ours, is the security force, internal and.

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1 Q And these people were Cuban exiles?

2 A Cuban exiles.

3 Q How large an outfit were the AMOTS?

4 A Well, at one time -- I can give you the exact figures
5 but I know it well exceeded over 100, probably closer to --

6 Q Go ahead.

7 A Probably closer to 150, something like that.

8 Q Now, would that 150 persons be included within the
9 three to 500 who made up the Miami Station?

10 A No.

11 Q That was over and above the personnel of the Miami
12 Station?

13 A Right.

14 Q These people were fulltime CIA employees, weren't they?

15 A Right. Well, let me -- these people really were --
16 they were being subsidized by the Agency. They were employed
17 by two cover companies, the largest of which was called Latin
18 American Social and Economic Research. Then we had another
19 smaller group that did the interrogating and they were under
20 another cover, commercial cover, -- I just don't recall what it
21 was. But these people ostensibly were employees of these wholly
22 owned proprietaries of the Agency. They were duly constituted,
23 incorporated, paid taxes, all this type of thing.

24 Q The salaries of these people, although paid indirectly,
25 were paid by the CIA?

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1 A. That is right.
2 Q. And was training provided them by the Agency?
3 Q. Oh, yes.
4 A. You said the smaller group of the two groups that made
5 up the AMOTS conducted the interrogations, is that correct?

6 A. Right.

7 Q. When you speak of interrogations, are you referring to
8 debriefings?

9 A. I am referring to debriefings of newly arrived exiles
10 or perhaps exiles that had been in the country whom during their
11 time here had acquired new information.

12 Q. How were those -- how and where were those debriefings
13 conducted?

14 A. Well, normally the debriefings were conducted at Opa
15 Loca.

16 Q. That is the Air Base?

17 A. That is the old Air Base there but that is where the
18 reception center was for all the Cuban refugees coming in.

19
20 Sometimes if there was going to be a lengthy debriefing, we had
21 a residence which we rented and the interior was changed into
22 small rooms like this where you could bring people in, sit them
23 down, under controlled conditions, and debrief them without any
24 interference and this type of thing.

25 Q. For how long a period did these debriefings go on?

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1 A. You mean in terms of years?

2 Q. Yes.

3 A. Well, I would think that I would probably say from
4 about 1962, and I think the debriefings as such, of course --
5 we relied principally on the airlift for the people coming out
6 and when the airlift was cut off, which Castro did -- cut off
7 about, I guess about 1970 or '71, in that timeframe --

8 Q. I see.

9 A. -- that stopped the flow of the refugees, so we just
10 terminated that part of the activity.

11 Q. Well, in addition to debriefing refugees that came
12 in in the airlift, did the smaller group of AMOTS have any other
13 intelligence gathering functions --

14 A. No.

15 Q. In the community?

16 A. Well, I can't give you a real yes or no to that. I
17 would suppose that there is an outside possibility they could
18 have been used to debrief people within the community, within
19 the Cuban community, but we had in the organization -- all these
20 people were Cuban with the exception of we had what we call an
21 On-Site Case Officer, who was a fulltime staff employee and he
22 had a couple of assistants, including a secretary. These people
23 were directly under his control. Though the organization as it
24 was set up, they had their own chief and this type of thing,
25 but the chief took his instructions from the On-Site Case Officer.

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1 Of course, if these people went out and did something on
2 their own, they could do things we were not aware of, obviously.
3 You can't -- you know what they are doing during their eight or
4 ten hours that they are going to work everyday but once they
5 leave, we don't know what they are up to.

6 Q Did they have CIA credentials?

7 A No sir, because they were proprietary hires of this
8 commercial cover.

9 Q Did CIA levy any intelligence requirements upon these
10 people other than in their duties -- in their debriefing
11 capacity, I should say?

12 A No. When -- there were -- obviously there was a
13 standard debriefing form that covered questions of intelligence
14 interest or a battle, you know, anything -- economic questions,
15 morale, and this type of thing. When these questions -- when
16 these people were debriefed and the debriefer wrote up the
17 report, it would be sent from the AMOTS over to the Station.
18 If the debriefing report contained something of positive
19 intelligence, of that nature, the Case Officer -- well, not the
20 Case Officer but a staffer in the Station may or may not jot
21 down some additional requirements and ask that that person be
22 recontacted and asked specific questions.

23 Q Now, in addition to debriefing, what else did this
24 smaller group of AMOTS do for the Agency in the Miami area?

25 A This was their prime purpose.

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1 Q How large was that particular group?

2 A Oh, there were only about, I would say at the outside,
3 I think there were about five debriefers with the support people
4 which would be secretaries, translators, strictly administrative
5 types. I don't think there were more than probably 12 or 15
6 in that group, if there were that many.

7 MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

8 (Off the record discussion)

9 BY MR. MANFREDI: Back on the record.

10 Q Before we move on to further discussion of the AMOTS
11 could you briefly describe for me what role the CIA plays in
12 resettling Cuban emigres?

13 A CIA doesn't resettle Cuban emigres.

14 Q What Agency is charged with that responsibility?

15 A Health, Education and Welfare.

16 Q Does CIA play any role in that process?

17 A We may assist if we are asked but the idea of the whole
18 airlift was having relatives here for somebody to claim you when
19 you came in so you wouldn't become a ward of the State of the
20 Government, and normally when these refugees came in, they were
21 processed through the Center and then they had a place down on
22 Biscayne Boulevard they called Freedom House and this was, of
23 course, all run by HEW, and they -- if need be and they had to
24 stay overnight or stay several days, HEW would put them up and
25 care for them in Freedom House.

1 Then as soon as they could, of course, they would move them
2 to the areas where they wanted to resettle them, where the
3 relatives were, this type of thing, and we had nothing to do
4 with that whatsoever.

5 Q Turning back to the AMOTS, and to the larger of the
6 two groups, what was the name of that group again?

7 A **SASER, Latin American Social and Economic Research.**

8 Q We can call them **LASER** for short?

9 A Really, they are both -- the only reason we separated
10 the two groups was for security because we had one group housed
11 over here and the smaller group was over here. Obviously we
12 couldn't bring these refugees into the larger establishment, so
13 that is why we took the smaller establishment to preserve some
14 cover.

15 Q Okay. What activities was the larger group engaged
16 in?

17 A Well, the larger group was engaged in the collection
18 of intelligence. They compiled dossiers on the principals
19 inside Cuba. They carded -- they kept card files on every
20 refugee that came through the reception center. They provided --
21 they did do economic and social reporting. They put out a
22 monthly newsletter based on the information they collected.

23 The information these people collected as opposed to the
24 information we collected, ther's was all unclassified. That
25 came from -- all the information they had came from human sources

or overt publications. We subscribed -- well, the proprietary subscribed to a number, a great many newspapers, periodicals, Spanish language type things.

Q Well, they were doing clandestine collections as well, weren't they?

A I don't know if you could call it clandestine. What did you have in mind?

Q Well, would they run agents in the community?

A Well, yes, there were penetrations of the Cuban community, yes.

Q And that is clandestine collection, isn't it?

A Well, I call that human resources.

Q All right. Where are these files now?

A They are in the Headquarters here. A great many of them were really destroyed. It got to be rather comic. We went down there several years ago just looking through the files to see what kind of shape they were in and they had such great information for intelligence value in there as a picture of a gal who might be the daughter of a Cuban refugee who just won a swimming meet. It got rather ridiculous. So we purged those files and took out that material, you know, which just didn't have any pertinancy at all.

Q How are the files organized? You indicated before that there is a card, index card for each Cuban refugee?

A Right.

Q Are there soft cover files as well?

1 A. Yes.

2 Q For each Cuban refugee?

3 A. No. Not for each Cuban refugee. I think, as I
4 recall, those card files were up in the milli-ns and I forget,
5 we had I guess the manilla files, probably went into the tens
6 of thousands, I would think.

7 Q Now, is there any way to determine from those files
8 which of those exiles have become United States citizens?

9 A No way.

10 Q Has there been any effort to make such a determina-
11 tion?

12 A We made an effort at one time but this -- you can
13 become nationalized out in California and your record of
14 nationalization wouldn't be reflected here in Washington for
15 two years. That is how far they are behind.

16 Q So I take it --

17 A So there is no central index you can go to. I mean,
18 there is a central index you can go to but it is not current.

19 Q I take it, then, that there is a possibility that the
20 CIA has some files in Miami or here in Langley on Cubans who
21 are now American citizens?

22 A Absolutely true.

23 Q Now, are any of those files likely to contain
24 derogatory information about the individuals involved?

25 A Well, no. One of the things these people do, of

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1 course, we had targets for recruitment. It could range from
2 anything from a first mate, a captain or chief engineer of a
3 Cuban maritime vessel to Fidel. When we targeted these people
4 as possible recruitments, for possible recruitment, we would ask
5 that all the information on that individual be assembled so that
6 we could do a complete target study -- habits, you know,
7 everything right down the line. In case of some of the more
8 important ones, of course, we had psychological studies prepared
9 where we had enough information. But this is one of the things
10 these people did. If we said we want everything you have on the
11 first mate of the -- one of the Cuban ships, then they would
12 start looking through the papers or anything else to come up
13 with anything they could on what the guy's current activities
14 are, his background, his life habits, this type of thing.

15 Q Well, the AMOTS were going to be the intelligence
16 service of Cuba?

17 A Right.

18 Q And they obviously were going to perform some function
19 in addition to recruitment of agents?

20 A Right.

21 Q I take it they were trained in counterintelligence,
22 gathering of positive intelligence, recruitment and all of the
23 traditional skills, is that correct?

24 A That is about right.

25 Q So I trust that they had files that were amassed for

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1 purposes other than recruitment?

2 A. Well --

3 Q. For example, let me ask you this. Were any of these
4 files on Cubans who were suspected or thought to be a possible
5 internal security problem?

6 A. No. No. They didn't keep those types of files. We
7 would simply task them with through your sources what do you
8 have on so and so. They would not be told the reason why we
9 wanted the information on anybody.

10 Q. Well, I guess with several million files or several
11 million cards and tens of thousands of files it is difficult to
12 make generalizations about the kind of information that is in
13 those files?

14 A. Well, that is right.

15 Q. So I guess I won't ask you to do so, but I want to ask
16 you this. I trust that there is the possibility that some of
17 these files do contain what you in the trade refer to as deroga-
18 tory information?

19 A. I would assume so.

20 Q. And that so much of them may -- some of the subjects
21 of those files may now be American citizens?

22 A. Right.

23 Q. And finally I take it that no effort has been made to
24 study that particular situation?

25 A. Well, we did make an effort to do it at one time.

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1 You know, we have a traveler program where when Cubans travel,
2 whether they are on an island or perhaps other places, their
3 names turn up on manifests and this type of thing. Well, these
4 are put into a machine system. What we did when these cards
5 were all transferred back here in Miami, we did go through them
6 at random and pick out cards and then try to match it up with
7 what the machine system had to see if there was updated informa-
8 tion in the machine system that would show that this guy had
9 become a naturalized citizen, and it didn't work out. So --

10 Q Excuse me, off the record.

11 (Off the record discussion)

12 MR. MANFREDI: Back on the record.

13 BY MR. MANFREDI:

14 Q I want to straighten out confusion in my own mind
15 where these files presently reside. The cards I take it are
16 presently here in Washington?

17 A The cards and what is left of the files.

18 Q That is the soft cover files?

19 A Yes.

20 Q And --

21 A I assume they are either here or down at the
22 Records Center.

23 Q And where is the computer system?

24 A You mean our machine system? We have --

25 Q The machine here that you tried to match up with the

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1 information on the cards?

2 A Right down on the third floor.

3 Q That is not the hydro system?

4 A Oh, no, no.

5 Q This is a separate --

6 A This is a complete -- only the Latin American Division
7 uses this particular system.

8 Q What kind of records -- strike that.

9 The AMOTS are still in existence, aren't they?

10 A No.

11 Q I thought they were going out in June.

12 A Well, okay. They are on the books until June.

13 Q I see.

14 A But they have all been let go. They were let go --
15 they were all given six months termination bonuses and told to
16 go find a job.

17 Q Do they have any facilities, physical facilities, in
18 Miami at this time?

19 A no.

20 Q So there are no records in Miami?

21 A No. No. We brought all those records back here.

22 Q Did the AMOTS have law enforcement responsibilities
23 in the Miami community?

24 A No. No.

25 Q Any affiliation with law enforcement groups?

1 A. Not to my knowledge.

2 Q What else did they do, this larger group of AMOTS that
3 was not doing debriefings?

4 A Well, when they were trained in trade craft we would
5 send them to other countries, in Europe and within the Hemisphere
6 to train some of the local services in those countries. They
7 served as safe housekeepers in other countries. They served in
8 listening posts where we had audio --

9 Q Foreign listening posts?

10 A Oh, yes, foreign.

11 Q Any domestic listening posts?

12 A No, no.

13 Q Any domestic surveillances conducted by these people?

14 A I would assume -- this I cannot answer because I really
15 don't know. I know that they did a great number of things but
16 to my knowledge there wasn't any domestic surveillance
17 conducted by them.

18 Now, if it was conducted, and if it is a matter of record,
19 I don't know where it could be.

20 Q What intelligence gathering activities did they
21 conduct in the Cuban community in Miami?

22 A One of the big problems we had was within that Cuban
23 community, as I said earlier, were some of the militant anti-
24 Castro groups and this just drove the FBI and the Coast Guard
25 and Customs and in general the law enforcement US. Government

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1 agencies in Miami plus the State government enforcement agencies
2 up the wall and, of course, I guess it was around -- the
3 Government allowed a lot of this to go on for awhile but I guess
4 about 1965 or 1964 they got a little tired of it and they
5 started to tighten up.

6 I am sure the AMOTS were in part responsible for proposing
7 alerting us and in turn we alerted the enforcement agencies when
8 there was going to be a raid against Cuba by one of these
9 militant groups. A number of times raids were aborted, picked
10 up by the Coast Guard or Florida Coastal Patrol or the Bureau,
11 this type of thing.

12 Q These people were arrested?

13 A Oh, yes.

14 Q Prosecuted?

15 A Not really.

16 Q Any of them American citizens?

17 A Not to my knowledge.

18 Q This would be Alpha 66 type groups?

19 A I don't know whether this guy -- well, you know, they
20 are still after this Masferrer and this guy Donestevéz. I don't
21 know if they ever did get him in jail but they had him up on
22 so many charges and he was a Cuban exile that made it big here.
23 He was a boat manufacturer, small boats, but whether he ever
24 served any time or not I don't know. I know he was convicted
25 but he was always walking around Miami when I was there. So

1 I truthfully don't know whether any of these people ever went
2 to jail or not.

3 Q Other than identifying operations by militant anti-
4 Castro groups, what other intelligence gathering did the AMOTS
5 engage in?

6 A Well, of course, there was a counterintelligence --
7 I wouldn't call it a project but a counterintelligence interest
8 at that time because we knew that they were infiltrating agents.

9 Q Cubans were?

10 A The Cuban Government. They couldn't do it very well
11 on the airlift because, as I said before, the aged, infirm, and
12 young, but they did infiltrate them by small boat. And I don't
13 -- well, we had knowledge that this was on and we did try to
14 identify those people whom we thought would be suspect.

15 Q Was that done in cooperation with the Bureau?

16 A With the Bureau, yes.

17 Q Because of their manpower limitations you folks were
18 in a better position to do it?

19 A Yes, and language-wise, too. That is always a big
20 factor.

21 Q And this was conducted through the AMOTS?

22 A Yes.

23 Q How substantial was the counterintelligence operation
24 in the community?

25 A Well, it wasn't that big. They identified not what I

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1 would call a great number of suspect infiltrates, but they did
2 come up with a few promising ones and ones it turned over to the
3 Bureau, of course, we have no idea what the hell ever happens
4 to it because, you know, you just -- unless you personally know
5 the guy in the Bureau that is handling the case, you might as
6 well forget it. You have got too many other things to do.

7 Q What other positive intelligence gathering activities
8 were they engaging in?

9 A Well, as I told you, one part of them were engaged in
10 electronic intercept.

11 Q Where was that done?

12 A Down in Florida, down in Homestead.

13 Q This is Southeast of Homestead?

14 A Yes.

15 Q What ere they intercepting?

16 A Well, originally they were set up to assist with the
17 commo. for the infiltration.

18 As we phased down the maritime activities, they were made
19 available to intercept Cuban communications. NSA tasks them with
20 the frequencies they wanted covered and the Cuban Communications
21 nets they wanted covered, such as the border guards. Another
22 important one was the sugar network. We had the border guards,
23 sugar, transportation, maritime. I think there was an interior
24 network they covered too. But all electronic intercept coverage
25 is dictated by NSA.

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1 Now, since they belong to us we could levy certain require
2 ments on them if we wanted to, which we did very infrequently
3 because the common interests, -- we have a common interest in
4 what NSA has an interest in and unless there were one particular
5 operation going that they wanted to cover exactly what the Cubans
6 were doing, then we would task our people with that.

7 For instance, we knew a Cuban vessel was taking arms into
8 Africa and our operators saw the thing leave Havana and then
9 there was absolute silence. So nobody knew where the thing was.
10 But we knew arms were being loaded and we finally located the
11 boat in an African port, I mean the intercept operators did, when
12 it came back on the air. And this is the type of thing. As
13 a matter of fact, they were unloading arms in Algiers. And 200
14 Cuban troops.

15 MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

16 (Off the record discussion)

17 MR. MANFREDI: Let's go back on the record.

18 BY MR. MANFREDI:

19 Q Were the communications they were intercepting
20 exclusively foreign communications?

21 A Exclusively foreign communications.

22 Q Were they intercepting any communications, one terminus
23 of which was the United States?

24 A No.

25 Q These were basically Cuban Government communications?

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1 A. Right.

2 Q. On the Island?

3 A. Right.

4 Q. Or between the Island and other locations?

5 A. Yes.

6 Q. But not between the Island and the United States?

7 A. No. Let's go off the record on that.

8 (Off the record discussion)

9 BY MR. MANFREDI:

10 Q. To your knowledge were the AMOTS engaging in the
11 intercept of any communications, either that facility or else-
12 where, in the Miami area or in the southern part of the country?

13 A. No.

14 Q. Of other communications?

15 A. No.

16 Q. Is that their only intercept facility?

17 A. (Nods affirmative)

18 Q. Do you know of your own personal knowledge -- strike
19 that. Do you have any knowledge of any wiretaps, surveillances,
20 breakins or activities of that type other than what we have
21 discussed --

22 A. No sir.

23 -- that were conducted by the AMOTS?

24 A. No sir. I want to go off the record a minute.

25 (Off the record discussion)

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BY MR. MANFREDI:

Q I understand that a study of the history of the AMOTS has been prepared by one of your members.

A That is right.

Q What is his name?

A I think it is Joaquin -- I can't remember the last name. The poor guy is dead now anyway. Well, I will just have to get that for you.

Q What is the title of the study?

A The title of the study -- it is part of the historical series of the Miami Station and I think it is just entitled "The AMOT Organization."

Q What is the historical series of the Miami Station?

A It was done when Paul Hennessey was down there. What we try to do as we go along, from year to year, is set aside what is considered to be some of the more significant things the station might do or that might occur in the station personnel-wise, this type of thing, and then these things are written.

Q I see.

A At intervening periods of time.

Q When was this particular report prepared, the AMOTS?

A I think it was prepared in 1967 or '68.

Q It is a fairly lengthy document, isn't it?

A Yes.

Q And purports to be a fairly complete history of the

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1 activities of the AMOTS?

2 A. It starts back in 1959 when we first started using
3 this gent..

4 Q First started using what?

5 A. First started using, I forget what his name was.

6 Q I see. Is it a chronological study of their activi-
7 ties?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q And you have a copy of that in your custody?

10 A. Yes.

11 Q I would like to see that document. And we will try
12 and obtain it through Hank Knoche's office.

13 A. Okay.

14 Q Excuse me just for a minute.

15 (Off the record discussion)

16 MR. MANFREDI: On the record.

17 BY MR. MANFREDI: I wonder if you would -- let me ask you
18 this. There have been some allegations in the press that
19 prominent newsmen in the Miami area have in the past been agents
20 of the CIA.

21 Mr. Olsen just came into the office and I asked him to join
22 us because some of your involvement in Cuban activities in the
23 Agency in the Miami area touch peripherally on some of the things
24 had has been charged with investigating, so I am going to turn
25 the examination over to him for whatever time he needs.

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MR. OLSEN: Thank you, George.

BY MR. OLSEN:

Q Can you begin, since I have not been in on the beginning of the interview here, can you start off, Mr. Sturbitts, by giving me about a one or two minute resume of what your contacts were with the Cuban elements in Florida and elsewhere withing this country on behalf of the Agency?

A Well, I was a member of the Special Activities Staff which was in effect the Cuban task force at Headquarters and the Miami Station functioned under the Special Activities Staff in a variety of intelligence collection and operations.

Q Who was the head of the Special Activities Staff?

A Desmond Fitzgerald.

Q And who was his immediate superior?

A Dick Bissell. Excuse me. No. At that time it was Dick Helms. He was the DEP.

Q Deputy Director for Plans?

A Deptuty Director for Plans.

Q What period of time are we talking about now?

A We are talking in the period of 1963 to 1965.

MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

(Off the record discussion)

BY MR. OLSEN:

Q So you were not involved in this Special Activities Group during the 1959 to '61 period?

A No.

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1 Q Or the period leading up to the Bay of Pigs?

2 A No.

3 Q And you were not involved in this program at all during

4 the same time that E. Howard Hunt was involved in it?

5 A No.

6 Q Do you know what the position was Mr. Hunt occupied in

7 connection with the Cuban operations of the Agency during the

8 period of 1959 to '61?

9 A To my recollection, Howard Hunt was on the Covert

10 Action Staff dealing in propaganda.

11 Q Was this propaganda directed to the Cuban people in

12 this country?

13 A No. Cuban people abroad.

14 Q And what was his connection with the planning for the

15 Bay of Pigs?

16 A I would have to review the record to really answer

17 that. I don't know.

18 Q Didn't he spend an awful lot of time in the Miami

19 area?

20 A He commuted quite a bit.

21 Q Between Washington and --

22 A Washington and Miami.

23 Q -- and Miami. During the period of 1960 and early

24 '61?

25 A Right.

Q Mr. Hunt has stated in his interviews and in his

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1 published materials that he was the person who was in charge of
2 organizing a political unit among Cubans in this country which
3 would constitute the Cuban government in exile. Do you recall
4 where that was?

5 A. That could be quite true.

6 Q. Have you reviewed, Mr. Sturbitts, the Agency's entire
7 files relating in any way to the Cuban operations and particu-
8 larly with reference to whether they reflect any contacts
9 between the Agency and Frank Sturgis?

10 A. Yes.

11 Q. Or Frank Fiorini?

12 A. There is no relationship.

13 Q. Is it your testimony that the records and files of
14 the Agency reveal no official or unofficial contact of any
15 nature with Frank Sturgis?

16 A. To my knowledge that is true.

17 Q. I take it from that that you are emphatic in your
18 testimony that he was never an employee of the Agency?

19 A. Extremely emphatic.

20 Q. And you are also equally emphatic to the effect that
21 he was never a contract agent of the Agency?

22 A. Exactly.

23 Q. Do you know whether he ever served in the capacity
24 of being an informer or informant to the Agency?

25 A. It is possible that he could have been a source.

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1 Q You mean a source of --

2 A Source of information of another agent. Another
3 agency agent.

4 Q Do the files of the Agency reflect any matter?

5 A To my knowledge I don't recall anything like that but
6 it is entirely possible that that could have happened without
7 being a matter of record.

8 Q Do the files of the Agency reveal any instance what-
9 ever in which Frank Sturgis was ever asked to undertake any
10 kind of an operation or activity on behalf of the Agency?

11 A To my knowledge, nothing.

12 Q Do the files of the Agency reveal any evidence
13 whatever that Frank Sturgis was ever paid anything directly or
14 indirectly by the Agency?

15 A To my knowledge, no.

16 Q Now, when you say "to my knowledge, no", in answer
17 to some of these questions, do I understand that to mean that
18 you are giving us the full benefit of your knowledge on the
19 basis of a full review of the Agency's records and files?

20 A On Frank Sturgis, yes.

21 Q Okay. During the period of time that you were with
22 the Special Activities Group from 1963 to '66, first of all,
23 can you tell us when that began in 1963?

24 A When the Special Activities Group --

25 Q No. When your contact with the Special Activities

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1 Group began?

2 A. It began -- well, it began around June of '63.

3 Q. Now, with particular reference to the last half of
4 1963, including whatever period in June '63 may not have been
5 involved, were there a great many Cubans in the southern United
6 States who were active in revolutionary fronts that were being
7 sponsored by the Agency?

8 A. Wellm you mean Agency sponsored fronts?

9 Q. Yes.

10 A. The Agency subsidized these fronts in an effort to
11 have unity rather than these split factions, split anti-Castro
12 factions. Obviously the leaders of the fronts knew that the
13 CIA was subsidizing. Supposedly the people that joined these
14 fronts did not know they were being subsidized by the Agency
15 or the U.S. Government.

16 Q. But when you say "supposedly," does the fact appear
17 to be otherwise?

18 A. Well, based on my experience with the Cubans and this
19 type of thing, and their penchant to talk, I would think that
20 it wouldn't take long for knowledge of any subsidy to surface
21 itself.

22 Q. Was it your opinion and impression at that time, Mr.
23 Sturbitts, that a great many Cubans considered themselves to be
24 involved in the CIA organizations?

25 A. Yes.

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1 Q And again with particular reference to the Miami
2 area?

3 A Yes.

4 Q Was there also Cuban activity of this sort elsewhere
5 in the United States? I am asking now particularly with
6 reference to New Orleans.

7 A There was some Cuban presence in New Orleans. I am
8 really not familiar with what happened in New Orleans that was
9 sort of a sideshow to Miami.

10 Q But the same is -- it is possible that some of the
11 same Cuban organizations which were being sponsored or funded
12 by the Agency also had activities or operations in New Orleans?

13 A I don't know if I can answer that, whether they had
14 the same functions. I know that some funding arrangement for
15 subsidizing the organizations in Miami was carried out through
16 New Orleans.

17 Q Well, can you be more specific about what you mean
18 by that?

19 A Well, in other words, to fund these organizations we
20 were subsidizing there had to be some ostensible source of
21 income for them to continue what they were doing. A great
22 number -- well, not a great number, but a number of select
23 people were -- well, they were selected and then they were
24 talked to, to pose as trustees, if you would, or directors or
25 whatever you might have of some of these organizations in order

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1 to get the funding through to the organizations.

2 These people were normally prominent people and --

3 Q And did they get funded by the Agency, then, through
4 the medium of prominent and well-to-do people?

5 A These well-to-do people ostensibly would call a friend
6 of theirs that had been made trustee of another type of activity
7 and say, you know, we are trying to assist these Cubans in this
8 type of thing. Could your organization give us any money, and
9 the guy on the other end would say, sure, we can probably lend
10 you \$25,000 or something like that, or donate \$25,000. This is
11 the way the funding went into the fronts.

12 Q And was some of that funding arranged through people
13 in New Orleans?

14 A I would think so. I believe so.

15 Q Were any of the people in New Orleans through whom
16 that funding operation was effected people who turned out to be
17 involved in the investigations conducted by Jim Garrison?

18 A Not to my knowledge.

19 Q How about David Ferrie? Was he ever connected with
20 the Agency in any manner at all in providing funds or assistance
21 to Cubans or Cuban groups?

22 A I couldn't say. I am just not familiar with -- we had
23 a great many people that did this.

24 Q How about Clay Shaw? Was Clay Shaw ever used as a
25 funding source?

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1 A. This I do not know either.

2 Q. Pardon?

3 A. This I don't know.

4 BY MR. MANFREDI:

5 Q. Where would that information be available?

6 A. Well, we have a guy that used to work with me who was
7 down in New Orleans at that time. He would probably know.

8 Q. Is he in the building?

9 A. Yes.

10 Q. What is his name?

11 A. Bill Kent.

12 Q. Bill Kent?

13 A. Yes.

14 BY MR. OLSEN:

15 Q. Who is Bill Kent with now? Which department?

16 A. He is still with the DDO.

17 BY MR. MANFREDI:

18 Q. Western Hemisphere Division?

19 A. No. He is on one of the staffs. He is on the -- I
20 think Career Management Group Staff.

21 Q. Is he officed near you?

22 A. No. He is down in the basement.

23 BY MR. OLSEN:

24 Q. Do the Agency files reveal who the intermediaries were
25 that were used to provide funds to the --

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1 A. Oh, yes.

2 Q -- to the Cuban movements?

3 A. Yes.

4 Q Do you know whehter -- do you know the identity of any
5 of them in New Orleans?

6 A. No. No. Totally unfamiliar with anything that took
7 place in New Orleans.

8 Q I take it that Frank Sturgis was never an intermediary
9 for providing funds to the Cuban fronts?

10 A. The files that I have don't reflect it.

11 Q I think we covered this already just a few minutes ago
12 but let me make sure that we have got it on the record.

13 I understood you to say that it was your impression in 1963
14 that large numbers of Cuban exiles, Cuban people in the southern
15 United States, talked about and believed that they were involved
16 in the CIA sponsored activities. Is that true?

17 A. That is right.

18 Q Was it also your understanding and your impression
19 that there was a good deal of talk among this Cuban element in
20 the southern United States about plans or prospects for the
21 assassination of Fidel Castro?

22 A. I would say no. I don't think there was -- you have
23 got to remember that these people were embittered. They lost
24 their homeland, their possessions, they lost everything and they
25 blamed it all on one man.

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1 Q That is Fidel Castro?

2 A That is right, and they would probably verbally do
3 anything they could to get rid of him.

4 Q Was there a lot of talk about killing Castro among
5 these Cubans?

6 A I would say among the Cuban exiles there probably was
7 a lot of talk about that.

8 Q Did you participate yourself in the overhearing of
9 such conversations?

10 A No.

11 Q Was this a matter of something that was reported to
12 you?

13 A Well, it was -- I really don't remember what the
14 source of it was but I know in my discussions with people at the
15 Station and from my visits down there and that type of thing
16 that this subject always came up. What were they going to do
17 with Fidel? How are they going to get rid of him and this type
18 of thing. I don't mean the Agency people. This is what the
19 Cuban exile community was discussing.

20 Q Yes. Do you know what Howard Hunt was doing for the
21 Agency in 1963?

22 A Well, it seems to me he was here at Headquarters in
23 '63 and I think he was assigned to the European Division of the
24 DDP.

25 Q This is your best recollection --

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1 A. Yes.

2 Q -- at the moment. Is it possible that he was with
3 Domestic Operations Division in the field of proprietaries
4 engaged --

5 A. I guess you are right, yes. I believe he was there.

6 Q Did you personally know Howard Hunt?

7 A. No.

8 Q Never met him?

9 A. I met him. That is all. I can't say I know him.

10 Q You would not have known anything about his where-
11 abouts on any particular day, then. Is that true?

12 A. Can we go off the record?

13 (Off the record discussion.)

14 THE WITNESS: Let's go back on the record.

15 BY MR. OLSEN:

16 Q I would like to have it on the record.

17 A. Do you have a particular day?

18 Q No. I am just asking you if your acquaintance with
19 Hunt was such that you would have known of his whereabouts on
20 any particular day.

21 A. No.

22 Q Was it very infrequently that you ever saw him?

23 A. Oh, I would see him in the halls, this type of thing,
24 but -- bump into him perhaps downtown on the street.

25 Q But you would have no occasion for knowing from one

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1 day to the next where he was?

2 A. No.

3 Q. Have you ever conducted any kind of inquiry on behalf
4 of the Agency as to where he was on November 22, 1963?

5 A. Yes.

6 Q. And when did you conduct that inquiry?

7 A. I have done it twice that I recall and the most recent
8 one was I guess -- I am just trying to think. Well, it wasn't
9 too long ago because we did have an inquiry and we obtained the
10 time and the attendance records from the Office of Finance which
11 showed that Howard Hunt was on sick leave on that day.

12 Q. Was this just fairly recently?

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. I understood from what files I have seen, Mr.
15 Sturbitts, that the only records that were available from the
16 Office of Finance showed that he had had nine hours of sick leave
17 during the two-week pay period ending the 23rd of November but
18 that the records were not available as to how much sick leave
19 or annual leave had been taken on any particular day.

20 A. Well --

21 Q. Am I mistaken?

22 A. As I recall, he was in a duty status one day and a
23 sick leave status the next day and back to duty the next day.
24 I would have to check that with my Budget and Fiscal Officer.
25 He is the chap that got that for me.

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1 Q Can you check that for us?

2 A Sure.

3 Q And give us the results of that?

4 A Yes.

5 Q Because this is much more detailed information than

6 I have been previously aware is available in the files of the

7 Agency.

8 A All right. I will do that.

9 BY MR. MANFREDI:

10 Q Do you want to make a note of that?

11 A Let me have a piece of paper.

12 Q YOU might also want Mr. Sturbitts' phone number which

13 is 351-5106.

14 THE WITNESS: That was 22 November, right?

15 BY MR. MANFREDI:

16 Q That is the day.

17 A 1963.

18 Q In response to whose inquiry was that investigation

19 made?

20 A I don't know. I would have to look that up, too. I

21 don't recall exactly who asked for it. I don't know whether --

22 I will just have to check that. I don't know who it was.

23 Q And the date? Do you have any idea when you made the

24 inquiry?

25 A No. But I can find out from the B and F guy, hopefully.

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1 Q You said there was a previous inquiry?

2 A Yes. The previous inquiry came from Archie Roosevelt
3 who is now retired and was at that particular time the Chief of
4 European Division.

5 Q When was that inquiry received?

6 A That was about a year ago, I guess.

7 BY MR. OLSEN:

8 Q About the first time these photographs began to be
9 circulated?

10 A Yes.

11 Q About the bums in Dallas?

12 A Yes, and actually I think this -- Archie's inquiry
13 came from some magazine or newspaper man in Europe. Archie was
14 Chief of Station, London, for a long time and he apparently
15 made a lot of acquaintances over there among the media.

16 Q This is something you are relating to Der Stern
17 Magazine?

18 A That is right.

19 Q And did I understand you to say that in checking with
20 the Office of Finance that it was positively ascertained that
21 Hunt was on sick leave on November 22nd?

22 A Well, I will have to check that. That is the way
23 I understood it but I did get this through our Budget people who
24 have the contact with the Office of Finance.

25 Q And that he was on annual leave the day before?

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A. No. He was on a duty status the day before, on sick leave, and then on duty status the following day.

BY MR. MANFREDI:

Q. Was there any effort to determine what Mr. Hunt's previous pattern with respect to sick days had been?

A. (Nods in negative)

BY MR. OLSEN:

Q. November 22, 1963, was a Friday. When you say that records reveal that he was on a duty status the next day --

A. It was a Friday. Then I was mistaken.

Q. Does that mean he was on duty the following Monday or on the next day, Saturday?

A. No. On the following Monday. I didn't realize the 22nd was a Friday.

Q. Will you check that thing for us and give us a brief memo together with whatever supporting -- copies of supporting documents you can find?

A. Okay.

Q. As promptly as possible on this question.

I think that covers the subject matter.

MR. MANFREDI: I can give you another moment if you want. Can you think of anything else?

MR. OLSEN: I think that is all.

MR. MANFREDI: Okay. Off the record.

(Off the record discussion)

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BY MR. MANFREDI:

Q I am sorry for the interruption but over the long I think probably I saved you some time.

We are talking about newspaper editors when we were interrupted -- or when I invited the interruption. I guess I ought to be fair.

Is it not a fact that the Agency had some relationship with some prominent newspaper officials in the Miami area?

A. Yes.

Q And what was the nature of that relationship?

A. Traditionally the Chief of Station maintained the relationship with officials of the Miami Herald, particularly the Latin American editor, as well as relationships with staff members of it, I think it is the Miami News and stringers for the other newspapers and periodicals stationed in Miami.

Q What was the purpose of those relationships?

A. I really couldn't say what the purpose of the relationship was. I mean, the same reason that we establish a relationship with the press in this town. There were certain things that might come to the attention of the press involving true names and incidents that we felt should perhaps not be surfaced at any particular time.

Q Do you have any knowledge of use of the press in Miami for propaganda purposes?

A. No. No.

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1 Q Would you know if that were the case?

2 A No. I really wouldn't know, but the relationship was
3 a two-way street. It wasn't simply that we assisted these
4 people as well as they were assisting us.
5

6 Q What assistance would you render for members of
7 the press in Miami?

8 A Well, in the case of the Latin American editor
9 we would put him in contact with the Chiefs of Stations of
10 areas he periodically visited and the Chiefs of Stations
11 would give him background briefings and this type of thing
12 on the developments within a given country.

13 Q Was that done evenhandedly for various newspapers?

14 A Predominantly, I would say probably the Miami
15 Herald received probably a little more attention than the
16 other papers, principally because it was a large paper and
17 their Latin American editor traveled a great deal throughout
18 the Hemisphere.

19 Q Was he also used as a source?

20 A No.

21 Q Do newspapermen in Washington, D.C., receive
22 similar briefings?

23 A Yes.

24 Q We talked with Mr. Olsen for a short period of time
25 about fronts, revolutionary fronts. How large were these
organizations?

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1 A Well, the membership varied. As I said, we were
2 principally interested in the leadership of the organizations.
3 Once the organization was established and the leadership took
4 over, then they would take care of enlisting the, I guess,
5 getting membership from the Cuban exile community to join.

6 Q What were their functions, the fronts?

7 A Well, it was to bring some unity out of this chaotic
8 thing of the splinter groups and get -- as I said, it was a
9 political organization in exile.

10 Q Did they conduct any operations?

11 A No, not that I know of.

12 Q Just like a political party?

13 A Like a political party.

14 Q How many of these fronts were there?

15 A There were several of them. I really don't remember
16 the names of them. The FRD was one. The Revolutionary
17 Democratic Front. I guess that was probably the biggest one.
18 And there were some others.

19 Q The RDF?

20 A FRD.

21 Q I see.

22 A Front Revolutionary Democratic. It is the
23 Democratic Revolutionary Front.

24 Q All right. Are these groups still in existence?

25 A I would think not. I really don't know.

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Q Is there a CIA station in Puerto Rico?

A No. There was but there isn't any more. There hasn't been one there for years.

Q When was it disbanded?

A I think the station was established around 1958 and -- perhaps it was established before that. I think it went out of existence in 1958.

Q Do you know why it went out of existence?

A No, I don't. I don't have any idea.

Q Do you know what function it was performing?

A (Nods in negative.)

Q You mentioned earlier that Bernard Barker worked in the Cuban community for the CIA?

A He worked with these fronts, too.

Q Was he performing any intelligence function in the community?

A Intelligence functions. Well --

Q Was he collecting information?

A Sure. If he got information that he thought was worthwhile he would pass it on.

Q Now, would he have been considered one of the three or 500 persons employed or assigned to the Miami Station?

A Yes. He was a contract employee.

Q And were intelligence requirements levied on such contract employees?

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1 A Normally, the requirements are pretty standard,
2 or they were at that time. But here again, you always have
3 ad hoc type things that pop up from time to time, and have to
4 be surfaced.

5 Q Some of these contract employees were, then, in
6 the business of collecting intelligence information in the
7 Cuban communities in Miami.

8 A Right.

9 Q Now, I think we finished with the AMOTS but can
10 you think of any other functions performed by the AMOTS that
11 we have not discussed in the course of the afternoon?

12 A No, not really. No.

13 Q I think you previously described them for me as the
14 eyes and ears into the Cuban community.

15 A Right.

16 Q And they actually had a physical facility in Miami
17 which was their headquarters, did they not?

18 A Exactly.

19 Q And there was a CIA Case Officer who managed to super-
20 vise that facility.

21 A Yes.

22 Q Now, what has happened to the AMOTS?

23 A The AMOTS were gradually phased down and will go
24 out of existence -- the AMOTS are out of existence, aren't
25 they? Isn't it the AMDUKES or -- these are the radio people.

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1 Q And the AMDUKES are the AMOTS?

2 A The AMDUKES are AMOTS but they are radio people.

3 Q They are the ones that conducted the intercept
4 for NSA?

5 A Yes. The only reason we use two different names
6 is that in each of these things in those days we had to have
7 a project which had to be renewed every year to get the
8 funding.

9 Q So AMDUKE and AMOT --

10 A Synonymous.

11 Q -- are cryptonyms?

12 A Yes.

13 Q Do the initials stand for anything other than --

14 A No. Just pick them out. If you want to encrypt
15 somebody you just call downstairs and they give you a
16 crypt. You don't have anything to do with it. The AM happened
17 at that particular time to be the Cuban diograph.

18 Q Now, turning to the Miami Station's involvement for
19 assistance to the Secret Service in connection with the
20 political conventions in 1968 and 1972, would you briefly
21 describe for me the nature of the assistance provided by
22 the Agency to the Secret Service?

23 A At the request of the Secret Service we conducted
24 name traces on individuals whom the Secret Service wanted
25 traced. These included the employees of all hotels in Miami

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1 Beach where any convention activities were to take place,
2 employees of catering services, limosine service, employees
3 in -- what do they call it, the Civic Center in Miami. It
4 is a big auditorium down there. I forget what they call it.
5 Foreign news people and media, television, radio people.

6 Q Were these people on whom name traces were requested
7 all foreign nationals?

8 A All foreign nationals.

9 Q Was there any check made to determine whether
10 any of them were American citizens?

11 A We levied on the Secret Service as a requirement
12 that they have identified these people by nationality before
13 we would run a name trace. Inadvertently, at one time
14 they did submit a list, a rather long list of American citizens
15 which we promptly sent back to them and told them we could
16 not trace.

17 Q And this practice was followed both in 1968 and
18 1972?

19 A That is right.

20 Q And where were these names traced?

21 A They were traced back here and also in Miami. The
22 Miami Station did their name check and we did our name check
23 here. In the case of Cubans, probably the Miami Station had
24 more information on the Cubans than we would have back here.

25 Q But the names were traced through Agency files?

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1 A Through Agency files.

2 Q Was Secret Service receiving cooperation from FBI

3 on this as well?

4 A Oh, yes.

5 Q And in effect, they were getting an all-Agency name

6 check --

7 A Right.

8 Q -- on people who might pose a security threat --

9 A Yes.

10 Q -- to a candidate?

11 A Well, they were just trying to determine who might

12 be a security threat.

13 Q That is right. Potential threat.

14 A Yes.

15 Q For what political parties -- strike that.

16 In 1968 was this service provided for both political

17 conventions?

18 A Both political conventions.

19 Q Were they both held in Miami that year?

20 A No. I guess it was in 1972 they were both held

21 there. I think it was just the Democratic in 1968.

22 Q These requests did come from the Secret Service

23 rather than --

24 A From the Secret Service and it was -- the Director

25 of the Secret Service came to the DCI and asked him for

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1 support.

2
3 Q Do you still maintain the records with respect to
4 that tracing activity?

5 A I have all the names that have been traced.

6 Q And they are on little cards down in your files?

7 A Yes.

8 Q Why have those records been maintained? Is there
9 any reason those records have been maintained?

10 A Well, because we were told to maintain them when
11 the Watergate thing broke.

12 Q I see.

13 A And since then nobody will destroy anything.

14 Q OK. Are you aware of any picketing at various
15 places in the country that has been conducted by Cuban
16 groups?

17 A I was not aware of it until I was told of it.
18 I still don't know whether this was a spontaneous action on
19 the part of these people or whether they were instructed to
20 do it. I tried to run that down and I have been unable to.

21 Q At what locations has it been reported that pickets
22 were located?

23 A Airline offices in New York, Miami. I think another
24 place. I forget where it was.

25 Q Have you in fact been able to verify that these
persons were Cubans?

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1 A Well, it is a matter of record in the AMOT history
2 that this indeed did take place. Now, what I have been trying
3 to determine is whether the On-Site Case Officer authorized
4 this, which I fully doubt.

5 Q Who was the On-Site Case Officer?

6 A At that time it was a fellow by the name of Tony
7 Sforza.

8 Q Is he still alive?

9 A Yes, he is down in Miami. But I just do not know
10 whether this was a unilateral action on the part of the
11 AMOTS against the countries that were then trading with
12 Cuba, notably Spain and Great Britain and France.

13 Q Other than this incident which we -- strike that.
14 What kind of an investigation have you conducted?

15 A I have talked to people, which is really all you
16 can do. There is no other way you can do it.

17 Q You have been unable to determine who, if anyone,
18 authorized this activity? Have you been able to identify
19 any of the persons who participated in the picketing?

20 A No.

21 Q With what frequency did this activity occur?

22 A I don't have any idea. I only know of one instance.

23 Q This was in New York City?

24 A New York City and Miami.

25 Q Do you know of any organized political activity that

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1 the AMOTS engaged in?

2 A To my knowledge, they didn't engage in any.

3 Q Any political activity.

4 Do you know of any other activities that they have
5 conducted within this country, they or any of their members
6 have conducted within this country that we have not already
7 discussed this afternoon?

8 A No.

9 Q Any political activities? Any operations?

10 A No. Not really. Of course, we have used certain
11 select individuals to what we call hand-hold defectors, Cuban
12 defectors. In other words, live with them until they are
13 resettled and this type of thing. And this is another activity
14 they engaged in. But other than that, I can't think of any-
15 thing else.

16 Q Do you know of any criminal activities that have
17 been attributed to --

18 A I have heard of some allegations which have never
19 been proven.

20 Q What are the allegations?

21 A The allegations concern break-ins and surveillances
22 and this type of thing.

23 Q Have those allegations been made with any fre-
24 quency?

25 A Well, I forget who it was. It was during the

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1 Watergate trial. Some of these allegations that came out
2 and I think they were carried in the Anderson column but we
3 made file checks and this type of thing. One particular
4 activity was supposed to have been carried out in Rockefeller
5 Center in New York and it turns out it was taken out of
6 context. It was a training mission and -- training exercise.
7 These guys were being trained in surveillance in New York
8 and they were simply asked to go into a branch of the Manhattan
9 -- Chase Manhattan and to come back out and then they were
10 supposed to diagram the layout of the bank. And this to some
11 of them meant casing the bank when in fact it was just a
12 memory exercise.

13 Q With what frequency were those kinds of training
14 exercises conducted?

15 A Well, whenever there was an -- whenever it was felt
16 that these people, selected individuals, were to be trained
17 in trade craft.

18 Q And did their trade craft training include such
19 things as surveillance?

20 A Sure.

21 Q And break-ins?

22 A No. Not break-ins. Nor surreptitious entry. As I
23 said, in the case of this particular thing, it was misinter-
24 preted as casing the bank. These exercises were given -- they
25 could have walked into your office, your outer office and

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1 said -- the instructor could have said two hours later tell
2 me what is in that outer office? What is the layout of it?
3 This is just for observation.

4 Q You stated earlier none of those allegations have
5 been proven. Have any of them been proved to your
6 satisfaction?

7 A No. I think we disproved them to my satisfaction.

8 Q I take it you do not believe they took place other
9 than the training exercise?

10 A Oh, no. No. I don't believe they did.

11 Q Do you know of any instances where members of that
12 group have broken in, made any other type of illegal entry
13 in this country?

14 A No.

15 Q Have you ever been present at any discussions of
16 the legality or illegality of maintaining stations like the
17 Miami Station within this country?

18 A Legality? No.

19 Q How about the propriety?

20 A Well, to my knowledge, that really never came up.
21 No one to my knowledge, has ever questioned the legality or
22 the propriety of having the Station.

23 Q There have been some allegations in the press and
24 elsewhere about possible misuse of Cuban exiles, members of
25 that community, by the CIA. Are you aware of those?

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A No.

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A You mean this country?

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A No.

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Q Do you know whether or not the Agency has provided any financial support for Cuban businessmen in this country?

14

A No. Not to my knowledge.

15

Q Other than the maintenance of cover?

16

A No.

17

Q Establishment of businesses?

18

A No.

19

Q No?

20

A No.

21

22

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Q In the course of our discussions today we discussed the AMOTS, the AMDUKES, various political front groups, revolutionary front groups. Are there any other emigre, Cuban emigre groups in the Miami area which have been supported by the Agency, either financially or otherwise?

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1 A Not to my knowledge.

2 Q Are you familiar with the appendix that was attached
3 to Mr. Colby's statement?

4 A Yes.

5 Q Did you have some role in drafting that?

6 A You mean the Miami Station thing?

7 Q Appendix J, entitled, "The Miami Station".

8 A Yes.

9 Q You wrote it?

10 A Yes.

11 Q It has a familiar ring about it. There are references
12 to indigenous organizations, emigre organizations. Are
13 there any others other than the ones we have been discussing?

14 A Not to my knowledge. There are, you know, if you
15 want to call it an organization, we did, you know, subsidize
16 the shell-out of Juanita Castro.

17 Q Yes, I am familiar with that.

18 A You are familiar with all that and that is by the
19 board now, too.

20 Q She was doing --

21 A Propaganda.

22 Q -- propaganda broadcasts.

23 A Yes.

24 Q Do you have any personal knowledge of what kind of
25 intelligence-gathering activities are conducted in the Miami

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1 area now by the Miami Station?

2 A There are no domestic activities at all in the
3 Miami Station. All Cuban activities have been moved back
4 here to Headquarters. The Miami Station now is completely
5 and solely involved in the intelligence in the Caribbean.

6 Q Does the Miami Station -- I beg your pardon --
7 does the Headquarters component that now handles the Cuban
8 situation in Miami run any agents in the Cuban community?

9 A No. Well, let me explain that to you. We do have
10 a career agent who has been with us for a good many years
11 in Miami and we do use him to contact relatives of Cubans
12 who are still in Cuba. I mean, relatives who are in the U.S.
13 who have relatives in Cuba.

14 Now, this is done principally with the idea of a
15 recruitment target, determine weaknesses or strengths, this
16 type of thing. He does contact these people all over the
17 United States. If we come across an individual that looks like
18 he might be recruitable, or perhaps we could even double him,
19 we will, after we make our preliminary assessment, and we
20 find out where relatives and these types of people are, we
21 will ask this career agent or instruct him to go contact
22 these people, be it New York, New Jersey, Chicago, or what-
23 ever.

24 Q So you use Cuban, now citizens or aliens in this
25 country, as access agents.

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1 A Right.

2 Q Just like foreign associates would do.

3 A Exactly.

4 Q Are there any more people like Bernard Barker who

5 are contract employees of the Agency who still work in the

6 Miami-Cuban community?

7 A No. None.

8 Q That entire apparatus has been --

9 A Has been dismantled.

10 Q -- dismantled. What is the current size of the

11 Miami Station?

12 A I really don't know but it runs between 11 and 14,

13 as far as I know. I think it will be 11 by the next fiscal

14 year.

15 MR. MANFREDI: Off the record.

16 (Discussion off the record.)

17 MR. MANFREDI: Let's go back on the record.

18 BY MR. MANFREDI:

19 Q There are presently no Cuban Ops being conducted out

20 of Miami?

21 A No. All Cuban Ops. are being conducted out of

22 Headquarters.

23 Q And even from the Headquarters location there are

24 no paramilitary operations?

25 A No.

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1 Q No covert -- well, there is some propaganda activity
2 being conducted still?

3 A On a very small scale, and the covert action facility
4 that we had, the radio, taped program, is being terminated
5 by 30 June. So for all practical purposes, it is terminated
6 now.

7 Q The Miami Station is under official cover.

8 A Yes.

9 Q And it has been decreased to how many people?

10 A Between 11 and 14.

11 Q And it has absolutely no responsibilities with
12 respect to Cuba?

13 A Absolutely none.

14 Q And its responsibilities are entirely directed to
15 other Latin American countries?

16 A To Caribbean countries.

17 Q Caribbean countries. And I trust that there are
18 other Agency stations in the Caribbean?

19 A Yes.

20 Q Well, I have no further questions, Mr. Sturbitts.
21 If you have anything you would like to add you are welcome
22 to do so.

23 A No, I have nothing.

24 Q I want to thank you on behalf of myself and the
25 Commission for your cooperation.

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A Sure.

Q I am sorry we had to take so much of your time.

A That is all right.

Q Thank you again.

(Whereupon, at 3:35 o'clock p.m., the taking of the deposition was concluded.)

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