

The equipment dealer's monitor, the television station said, was of such a nature that it could not have received the calls if they had been made in the area where police car 160 was located at the time.

The calls, the television station said, must have been made from an automobile in the downtown area.

The radio equipment dealer declined to be interviewed, the station but had given his information to the police.

Radio experts said that it would be difficult for someone with a citizens band radio to transmit to police headquarters as if the message were coming from a police car. It would require extensive modification of the radio and would have to be done by someone with more than ordinary knowledge, a radio expert said.

Set Aside by F.C.C.

Radio frequencies for citizens band radios are set aside by the Federal Communications Commission to be used by private business and individuals.

It is a violation of Federal law to transmit on radio frequencies set aside for police departments.

Investigation of the false chase reports came as the F.B.I., which has refused to comment on the case, was checking angles that had been ignored for several days.

This renewed activity by the Federal agents on old leads has been taken to mean that some, perhaps much, of the "unusually large amount of physical evidence" that attorney General Clark said had been left at the scene of the shooting may have been part of a false trail left by the sniper.

Last Friday, **Reinaldo Veloz**, Canadian, **On Mexican border** at Memphis, reported that a young man with a sharp nose had gotten a travel permit to go to Mexico the day before Dr. King was killed. The address and telephone number on the application for the permit were false.

4-Day Delay Reported

Mr. Veloz said that although this information was made available to the police on Friday, the day after Dr. King was killed, the F.B.I. did not check it with him until Tuesday.

The police said today that the permit had been applied for by a 19-year-old student who had given his age as 21. The address and telephone number were supposed to have been those of his father but were given incorrectly, the police said. The youth was reported to be in Arizona, and the police said that he had no connection with the slaying.

Unanswered questions that tend to suggest that Dr. King's death was the result of a conspiracy include the following: Who was the white man with "something white" over his face that Dr. King's driver

Molom Jones Jr. saw leap from some bushes across the street from the murder scene immediately after the shot was fired?

Mr. Jones said that the man was near the bottom floor of the rooming house from which the police said the sniper shot Dr. King, and that he ran around the side of the rooming house building.

How did the killer know that Dr. King was in Room 306 of the Lorraine Hotel and Motel?

If the civil rights leader had been in a room nearer the front of the motel, his door would not have been visible to the sniper.

How was the assassination so "well planned" in such a short time?

The previous week, during a visit to Memphis, Dr. King had stayed in another motel and had been in the Lorraine only one day when the sniper moved into the rooming house and found the spot best suited to shoot from.

Why did the sniper choose the 20th century building, a rifle and other weapons with a pair of binoculars left on the street in front of it? Witnesses?

He could have left them in his room or in the rooming house toilet if he had not wanted to call attention to himself by carrying them on the street.

Man Cleared in Missouri

JOPLIN, Mo., April 10 (AP)—A man who was questioned briefly about the slaying of Dr. King has been cleared of any connection with the case, the police said today.

The man, who identified himself as Lynn R. Cleveland, 33 years old, an itinerant preacher, received a three-day jail sentence in Magistrate's Court on a vagrancy charge.

F.B.I. Disclaims Sketch

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, April 10—The F.B.I. said today it had not distributed any sketch of the King assassin.

The sketch circulated in Mexico was apparently made from radio broadcasts giving the F.B.I.'s description. No sketch has been authorized by the F.B.I.

Data On Disorders

The Brownsville fires were regarded by the police as a continuation of disorders connected with the assassination of Dr. King. During the day, these facts on the outbreaks also were reported:

¶A total of 88 persons were arrested in the 24-hour period ended at 8 A.M. yesterday, bringing to 461 the total since last Thursday. This was four short of the number arrested during the week-long riots of July, 1964.

¶The number of incidents—arson, burglary or charges of disorderly conduct—rose to 592 with the addition of 58 in the 24-hour period. In 1964, the police reported 600 incidents.

¶Nine policemen were injured, raising the number of those hurt since last Thursday to 77. Of these 36 were civilians. In 1964, 118 civilians and policemen were reported injured.

¶There were no reports of arrests in Manhattan. Twelve youths were picked up in the Fordham Road section of the Bronx carrying two Molotov cocktails, bedposts, bed slats and a tire iron, all considered weapons. The remaining 74 arrests were in Brownsville.

¶There were first reports of firemen being stoned while battling fires. These were recorded in Brownsville during the fires Tuesday night.

Most Fires in Ocean Hill

Most of the fires in Brownsville yesterday were in the Ocean Hill section, which is a small area at the convergence

City Aides and Negro Group Seek to Curb Violence

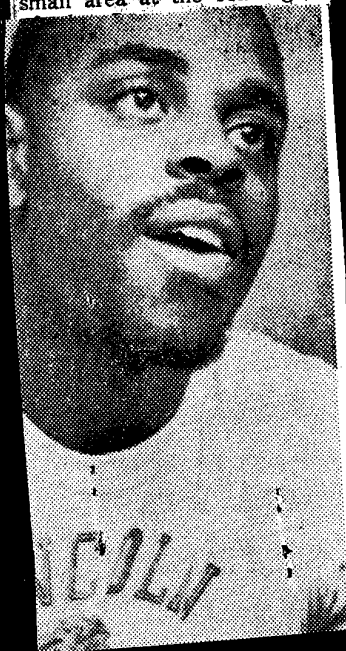
By WALTER H. WAGGONE
Special to The New York Times

NEWARK, April 10—City officials and Negro community leaders pressed their efforts today to prevent sporadic looting and arson from exploding into full-scale racial violence.

Scores of homes and stores were destroyed by fire in the predominantly Negro Central Ward yesterday and last night and there were more than 50 incidents of looting. An uneasy calm was restored today, with few reports of serious disturbances or fires. The city, nevertheless, braced itself for new outbreaks.

After an all-night vigil, Mayor Hugh J. Addonizio met twice with a committee of Negro community leaders, both militants and moderates, in a continuing effort to curb the disturbances.

The Mayor told a news conference



Spectacle of Justice *44*

The arrest in London of the chief suspect in the murder of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. makes it virtually certain that this turbulent year will include two assassination trials of worldwide interest. Both will represent trials of the American system of justice as much as they will trials of the men in the dock.

Lee Harvey Oswald, the accused killer of President Kennedy, was gunned down under circumstances of unforgivable laxity in the basement of a Dallas police station. Not even the findings of a Warren Commission, with all the eminence of its members, could undo the damage done by that event and all the other travesties that marked official conduct in that case. Instead of a spectacle of order and justice, the world got a nightmarish legacy of suspicions that can never be dispelled.

A case can be "killed" without killing an accused before he goes on trial. Prejudicial comments made outside the courtroom by prosecutors, the police or other public officials can erase any real possibility of a fair trial, especially in cases of such transcendent interest as those stemming from the deaths of Robert F. Kennedy and Dr. King.

Up to now, the memory of the Oswald fiasco has had a sobering and salutary effect on the statements of all those involved in handling the prospective prosecutions—with the dismal exception of the Mayor of Los Angeles, Sam Yorty, a man uninhibited by considerations of propriety when these get in the way of an opportunity for national publicity.

Mayor Yorty has complicated things for prosecution and defense alike by disclosing the contents of a notebook found in the home of the prisoner in Senator Kennedy's shooting, and by adding his own highly personalized interpretations of possible motives.

But Mr. Yorty's abuse of responsibility merely accents the discretion and concern for defendants' rights exhibited by all other authorities in both cases. The press and television also have displayed far more restraint than they did in 1963. There seems a general recognition that the place to bring out the full facts is in a court of law.

That is the right and only way—for the protection of the men on trial, for the reassurance of the American people and for the preservation of America's place as a nation built on justice.

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Daily News (New York)	_____
Sunday News (New York)	_____
New York Post	_____
The New York Times	<i>44</i>
The Sun (Baltimore)	_____
The Worker	_____
The New Leader	_____
The Wall Street Journal	_____
The National Observer	_____
People's World	_____

Date *JUN 10* 1968

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UPI-91

ADD RAY, LONDON (UPI-29)
IN WASHINGTON, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID A FORMAL REQUEST FOR RAY
EXTRADITION WOULD BE MADE THROUGH THE US. EMBASSY IN LONDON "WITHIN
THE NEXT FEW DAYS."

"I CANNOT GIVE A PRECISE DATE WHEN THE REQUEST WILL BE PRESENTED
IN LONDON, BUT VERY LIKELY IT WILL BE WITHIN THE NEXT FEW DAYS," A
STATE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN SAID.

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WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

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"He came into the consulate and said that his name had been misspelled on the passport and that it should have been Sneyd. "a Canadian consular official said. "He produced a birth certificate in the name of Ramon George Sneyd and asked us to change Sneya to Sneyd."

"The man called Sneya didn't spend much time in the hotel," Mr. Gentil said.

Sneya declared no profession on signing into the Hotel Portugal.




Canadian Press

Mrs. Fela Szpakowsky yesterday in room in Toronto rented to James Earl Ray, who used assumed name.

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Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Arresto Acusado Debe Aclarar Dudas

El hombre acusado por el asesinato del doctor Martin Luther King se arrestó en Londres este sábado. La noticia llegó a Estados Unidos y al mundo al momento en que la nación le rendía el último tributo al senador Robert F. Kennedy, muerto también por un asesino.

El arresto del señor James Earl Ray es de gran importancia, no sólo por la justicia envuelta, sino por su efecto emocional en un país estremecido por la violencia. Después de pasar dos meses desde la muerte del doctor King, se consideraba ya casi seguro que "nunca se encontrará el culpable".

Se rumoraba, por supuesto, que ya las agencias federales no estaban buscando a Ray con la misma intensidad y empeño como al principio. Fuera de Estados Unidos se decía que el gobierno realmente no tenía interés en perseguir el caso.

Ahora se revela el extraordinario esfuerzo del gobierno, particularmente el FBI, de buscar al acusado. Se estaba llevando a cabo por todos los 50 estados, en México, Canadá y Europa. De hecho, la pista vital se descubrió por la Policía de Canadá buscando entre los cientos de miles de solicitudes para pasaportes. Ahí se encontró una fotografía de Ray. Se avisó a la Policía de Inglaterra el famoso "Scotland Yard", que Ray estaba de camino a Londres. Cuando Ray trataba de salir de Londres, se arrestó. Llevaba en sí un revólver cargado.

Ahora hay la oportunidad de conseguir las respuestas a muchas preguntas que todo el mundo se hace. ¿Hubo un complot para asesinar al doctor King? Se ha informado que existe la posibilidad de

que gobiernos extranjeros hayan estado envueltos. Y se ha informado también de la posibilidad de que los negros nacionalistas de Estados Unidos hayan planeado el crimen. La sospecha de que Ray fue contratado para el asesinato es muy fuerte, ya que él es un hombre con un larguísimo récord de arrestos y convicciones.

Y se le está dando mucha importancia a la declaración de un convicto en la cárcel donde últimamente estuvo Ray. Dice que Ray había indicado que él mataría al doctor King por un millón de dólares.

Pero quizás la pregunta más importante hoy día es si existe alguna conexión entre las muertes de los dos Kennedy y la del doctor King. Es natural que exista la especulación a través del país y del mundo. Lo más que se comenta en Francia, por ejemplo es que hay una conspiración para matar a los líderes "liberales".

La evidencia indica que no hay tal conexión. El acusado de asesinar al senador Kennedy, parece evidente, no lo hubiera hecho dentro de un edificio donde era inevitable que lo capturaran. La historia de los asesinos solitarios demuestra que ellos generalmente quieren que todo el mundo sepa que ellos fueron los culpables. Pero la evidencia sí indica que Ray no actuaba solo.

Nos alegramos que en estos días de desorientación nacional haya surgido la posibilidad de encontrar algún alivio en poder saber qué exactamente pasó en Mémfis. Queremos también felicitar las agencias policíacas de Estados Unidos, Canadá y Inglaterra por hacer posible la justicia en aquella gran tragedia.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

G. C. [Signature]
Page 6

"El Mundo"

San Juan,
Puerto Rico

[Signature]
[Signature]

Date: June 10, 1968
Edition: First
Author: Editorial
Editor:
Title: "Arrest of Accused Should Clarify Doubts"
Character: Racial Matters
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: San Juan
☐ Being Investigated ☒ NO

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From "El Mundo", Monday, June 10, 1968

EDITORIAL

"ARREST OF ACCUSED SHOULD CLARIFY DOUBTS"

The man accused of assassinating Doctor Martin Luther King was arrested in London this Saturday. The news reached the United States and the rest of the world as the nation was paying its last tribute to Senator Robert F. Kennedy, also killed by an assassin.

The arrest of Mr. James Earl Ray is of great importance, not only due to legal predicaments involved, but because of its emotional effect on a country shaken by violence. After two months lapsed since the death of Dr. King, it was considered almost certain that "the assassin will never be found".

It was rumored, of course, that the Federal agencies were no longer looking for Ray with the same intensity and as eagerly as at the beginning. Outside the United States it was said that the Government had no real interest in pursuing the case.

The extraordinary effort of the Government, particularly of the FBI, in locating the accused is evident now. The search was being conducted in all the fifty states, Mexico, Canada and Europe. It is a fact that the vital clue was discovered by the Canadian Police, looking into hundreds of thousands of applications for passports. There they found a photograph of Ray. The English Police, the famous "Scotland Yard", was advised that Ray was on his way to London. When Ray was trying to leave London, he was arrested. He was carrying a loaded gun.

Now there is an opportunity to obtain the answers to many questions in the minds of everyone. Was there a definite plan to assassinate Dr. King? It has been reported that the possibility exists that foreign governments were involved. Mention has also been made of the possibility that Nationalist Negroes of the United States planned the crime. The suspicion that Ray was hired to commit the crime is very strong, since he has a long record of arrests and convictions.

The statement of a convict incarcerated in the same prison where Ray had been held is considered very important. He says that Ray had indicated that he would kill Doctor King for a million dollars.

But perhaps the most important question today is whether there is any connection between the deaths of the two Kennedys and that of Doctor King. It is quite normal for this speculation to exist throughout the nation and the world. The most heard comment in France, for example, is that there is a conspiracy to kill all "liberal" leaders.

Evidence indicates that there is no such connection. The person accused of assassinating Senator Kennedy, it seems evident, would not have done so while inside a building where his capture was inevitable. The history of the solitary assassins shows that usually they want all the world to know that they were the killers. But evidence surely points out that Ray was not acting alone.

We are glad that during these days of national confusion there is a hope for relief in knowing what really happened in Memphis. We also wish to congratulate the Police agencies of the United States, Canada and England, for making justice possible in that great tragedy.

Translated by M. Somohano, 6/11/68

From "El Mundo", Monday, June 10, 1968

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Translated by M. Somohano, 6/11/68

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Missouri Joins Ray Extradition Push

By United Press International

Jefferson City, Mo. (UPI)—The State of Missouri has requested the return of escaped convict James Earl Ray, accused killer of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

Ray, who presently is being held in London following his arrest there Saturday, escaped from the Missouri State Penitentiary April 23, 1967, where he was serving a 20-year sentence for armed robbery. He still has 12 years of that sentence to serve.

Gov. Warren E. Hearnes, in a letter sent to Secretary of State Dean Rusk yesterday, said he hoped the Missouri request would speed Ray's extradition to this country.

The governor would not say whether Missouri would ask that its extradition request be given precedent over that of the state of Tennessee. King was shot in Memphis, April 4.

Meanwhile, Assistant Attorney General Fred M. Vinson Jr., son of the former chief justice, flew to London to take personal charge of the Ray case. He arrived 24 hours after Ray was arrested at London Airport and jailed in a stuffy police station cell.

Ray, 40, entered Britain Saturday with a forged Canadian passport carrying the name of Raymon George Sneyd, authorities said.

Lisbon reports Sunday said Ray, using the name Sneyd, checked into the Hotel Portugal at 8 p.m. on May 8 and took a \$2.10 a day room on the second floor overlooking the relatively quiet street of Joao das Regras. They said he left on the morning of May 17.

"He behaved like a rich tourist, spending the nights in night clubs and coming back late, sometimes at six in the morning," the Hotel Portugal reception clerk said.

A chambermaid at the hotel, Maria Celeste, 31, said she remembered the man because he left without tipping her.

A highly reliable police source told UPI late Sunday that an American airline provided a major tip which narrowed the search for Ray.

The source said the airline's office in London, along with other airline offices, had been alerted that Ray was believed to be traveling with a false passport bearing the name Sneyd.

Checking its records, the airline found a passenger with that name had asked to have his ticket changed in London to re-route him through Lisbon in early May.

Ray had left for Lisbon by then but police were alerted to watch for him on any flights arriving from Portugal.

Thus, the source said, Scotland Yard was waiting for Ray when the man calling himself Sneyd arrived at London Airport Saturday.

Vinson's arrival in London underscored the U.S. government's concern in seeing to it that extradition would be swift and carefully handled to prevent any legal technicalities from jeopardizing the prosecution of Ray.

Vinson's boss, Attorney General Ramsey Clark, said Sunday in Washington that Ray, to his knowledge, had made no statement in London.

Clark said Ray's source of travel money was "a life of crime."

Ray was locked up in a jail cell eight feet wide and 12 feet long in the police station near Scotland Yard.

Authorities said guards took Ray into a small courtyard at the station yesterday for exercise and then moved him to another cell. Police said none

of the cells were ventilated and that all prisoners were moved every 24 hours.

Cannon Row seldom has prisoners for more than an overnight stay and has no special kitchens for inmates. Ray was given a choice of meat, pie, eggs and french fries and other plain meals which his guards also ate.

Mr. Tolson	_____
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Mr. Trotter	_____
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Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

A-3 Herald Examiner
Los Angeles, Calif.

Date: 6/10/68
Edition: Night Final
Author:
Editor: Donald Goodenow
Title:

MURKIN

Character:

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Classification: LA 44-
Submitting Office: Los Angeles

☐ Being Investigated

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United Press International

The assassin of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. in an artist's sketch being distributed throughout Mexico.

Continued From Page 1, Col. 6

"Control our schools," "We want our children educated," and "Closed by PTA."

At Intermediate School 55, a few blocks away at 2021 Bergen Street, 26 of the school's 1,440 pupils showed up in the morning. But within an hour, 14 were taken home by their parents. The remaining pupils were shown films in the school auditorium while most of their teachers sat in empty classrooms.

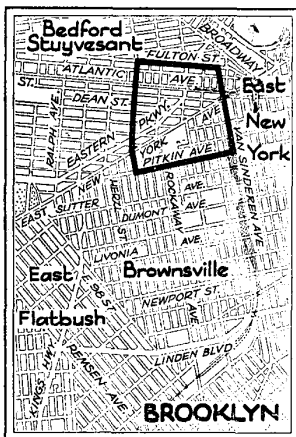
Outside the largely windowless four-story building, which was opened on Feb. 1, a few children played in the streets. One youngster poked through the rubble of a building that had been razed by fire during Tuesday night's disorders until an adult chased him away.

For the most part, however, the littered streets were empty of schoolchildren. A mother explained that most of the parents were keeping their children indoors to prevent trouble.

The six elementary schools reported that 2,770 of the 5,279 registered pupils came for the morning session but that fewer showed up in the afternoon. The schools were Public Schools 73, 87, 137, 144, 155, and 178.

The eight Brooklyn schools comprise the Ocean Hill-Brownsville demonstration district, an experimental unit set up last summer to test community control of neighborhood schools. The district is predominantly Negro.

Brownsville is bounded by



The New York Times April 11, 1968

Map shows Brownsville and, in heavy line, Ocean Hill, scenes of school boycott.

the local governing board. She said that the protest would continue today. All city schools will be closed on Friday for the start of the Easter vacation.

Mrs. Rooke said that the parents would decide next week whether to continue and possibly extend the boycott when the school term resumes April 22. She expressed the hope that such action would not be necessary.

The Superintendent of Schools, Dr. Bernard E. Donovan, attributed the boycott to the governing board, which, he said, was attempting to obtain powers that the Board of Education could not legally grant.

"It is unfortunate that the

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Rifle in King Slaying Traced to Alabama

Los Angeles Times

MEMPHIS, April 10—The rifle believed used to assassinate the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. was purchased in Birmingham, Ala., it was learned today.

The FBI refused to comment, but informants said FBI agents traced the rifle through its serial number to a store in Birmingham and that it was purchased new over the counter a few days before the slaying here last Thursday.

The weapon, which has been undergoing tests at the FBI laboratory in Washington is a Remington 30.06 pump rifle with a telescopic sight. It fires the same bullet as the Army's M-1 rifle. Results of the laboratory tests have not been disclosed. It could not be determined whether the telescopic sight also was obtained in the Birmingham store or whether the purchaser left any information about his identity.

Authorities also have traced binoculars left near the scene

by the suspected slayer. The binoculars were purchased at York Arms Company, a sporting goods store located about six blocks from the rundown rooming house on South Main Street where the slayer set up his ambush.

The rifle and a rectangular blue leatherette case containing the binoculars were dropped on the sidewalk on South Main Street a few feet from the entry to the rooming house by a man who was seen leaving the rooming house a few minutes after the slaying.

Meanwhile it was learned in Washington that reports that the assassin might have fled to Mexico appeared to have fizzled. The lookout there was prompted not by the FBI, as initially reported, but the Mexican consul in Memphis who had issued a Mexican travel card the day before Dr. King was killed to a young man resembling a sketch of the assassin.

DUPE

The Washington Post

Times Herald ☒ A-7

The Washington Daily News _____

The Evening Star (Washington) _____

The Sunday Star (Washington) _____

Daily News (New York) _____

Sunday News (New York) _____

New York Post _____

The New York Times _____

The Sun (Baltimore) _____

The Worker _____

The New Leader _____

The Wall Street Journal _____

The National Observer _____

People's World _____

Date _____

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70 APR 16 1968

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MAX LERNER

A-23

Sickness Led to King's Murder

Sick, sick. It is a sick man who shoots another man out of hatred of his skin, whether the victim or the killer is white or black. But it is also a tragic age when there are enough men with enough sickness in the heart to make such a killing an integral part of the climate of hate. And it is a sign of sickness among Negro-hating whites when the victim of the assassination is a world figure and an heroic Negro leader who held much of the key to the future of Negro-white relations.

Like the killing of John Kennedy in Dallas, the killing of Martin Luther King in Memphis will make a difference in history. In both cases a leader was cut down in his youth, before he had a chance to harvest his promise. In both cases the leader was important less for a record of achievement or a program of action than for the mood with which he confronted the struggles of his day and the example he set for millions.

Sick, sick — and stupid, too. For the dim-witted white youth whoever he was, the hate-crazed hoodlum who fired from a flophouse opposite King's motel, was too stupid to know that he was turning a hero into a martyr, that a blind, simmering anger would be evoked and that lootings and arson by young blacks in Harlem and Memphis and Washington and other American cities would be the inevitable answer to his act.

Anger is what we all feel. But anger at bigotry and stupidity can be a cleansing emotion, and the heartbreak that we feel can have meaning if it opens the heart and mind to what needs doing still in the cities that King tried to reach. In Memphis itself the strike of sanitation workers, mostly Negro, needs settling in generous and not in carping terms, in a spirit of reconciliation.

In every inner city in America there is housing to be built, there are schools to be raised in quality and made tranquil in mood, jobs to be created, union membership to be opened, economic and political power to be shared. That may have been what King had in mind when, a few days earlier in Memphis, he had spoken of

his possible death and had said "nothing could be more redemptive."

This capacity, as a political leader, to speak of death and redemption was what set him apart from other Negro leaders. He was a Baptist minister in Atlanta, the third minister in a line of succession from his grandfather, and he could not have done what he did in the South in the decade after the Montgomery struggle if he had not drawn for strength and support on the Negro religious community, with its fervor of belief and its cement of human closeness.

But he was more than a Baptist minister. He was a moral leader, with a vision that went beyond the church to the human nexus of man with man everywhere. "I have a dream," he said in his great address at the Lincoln Memorial in Washington, and it was a dream of Negroes and whites as equals because they are human beings together — a dream of fulfilling Jefferson's Declaration of Independence by the methods of Mahatma Gandhi. It was for that dream that he died, as he had lived for it.

His nonviolence, which had been effective in the close-disciplined Negro community of the Deep South, didn't work in Midwest Cicero or in border-South Memphis, because for both whites and blacks it had become a time of uprooting, and resentments had polarized and Negro unity was broken. King was a great leader where he could maintain unity and where the enemy — white racist supremacy — was clear. He failed when the Negroes quarreled and fragmented and when some of them counted him as the enemy and deliberately broke up his marches, as a few hundred had done earlier in Memphis. King's master in nonviolence, Gandhi, had also been killed when his doctrine, — which had liberated India from England — could not free the Indians from their own inner hatreds.

But while King had come to the edge of failure, and while with his death the nonviolent movement in America probably comes to an end, we must not forget that he was a great mass leader. In fact, the Negro

freedom struggle of the past decade turned up two mass leaders — Malcolm X and Martin Luther King — and both were killed, one by a black, another by a white. Both men struck a responsive chord, although of a very different kind, from simple folk as well as from young intellectuals.

For all his nonviolence, King was a militant in his attitudes: He felt he had to be in order to keep the new black extremists from coming to power among the Negroes. It was his dilemma that while he threatened to "paralyze" the big cities to stir the white conscience, he didn't know how to do it without evoking the violence on both sides against which his heart was set.

There was his agony. There were the roots of his death.

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MURKIN

MOSCOW, April 9 (UPI) — Russians bowed their heads today in tribute to Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. But said similar homage in the United States was "a farce and demagoguery." Eulogies here to Dr. King turned into attacks on the war in Vietnam and the American way of life. Leaders of religious groups joined writers and others at the House of Friendship to observe a minute of silence before a picture of Dr. King. 3 on dash
HAVANA, April 9 (Reuters) — The Communist party newspaper Granma said today that United States Negroes were writing their finest "page of heroism" in looting and arson since the assassination of Dr. King.

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APR 12 1968

Vinson Expediting Ray's Extradition

By Karl E. Meyer

Washington Post Foreign Service

LONDON, July 9—A high official of the U.S. Justice Department flew to London today to arrange the return for trial of the accused killer of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Legal experts said the process might be swifter than initially expected.

After his arrival, Assistant Attorney General Fred M. Vinson Jr. visited briefly with James Earl Ray, 40, who was arrested at London Airport Saturday on charges of possessing a forged Canadian passport and carrying a pistol without a permit.

Ray is being kept under maximum security guard at the Cannon Row police station until 10:30 a.m. Monday, when he appears in Bow Street Magistrate's Court, London's chief police court. There are, broadly, three possibilities:

- Ray may waive extradition and agree voluntarily to return to the United States to face trial for the murder of Dr. King in Memphis last April 4. This is considered unlikely.

- The Bow Street magis-

trate may rule that since Ray entered Britain using a forged passport bearing the name of Ramon George Sneyd, he is subject to immediate deportation.

- The United States may make a formal request for extradition of Ray, on grounds of either the Memphis indictment for murder or of Ray's status as an escaped convict from a Missouri jail.

If the last route is followed, the magistrate must decide whether a prima facie case exists against the accused man on the charge he faces in the country requesting extradition. Extradition law is complex, but in present circumstances it is felt that the procedure could be completed in three weeks or less.

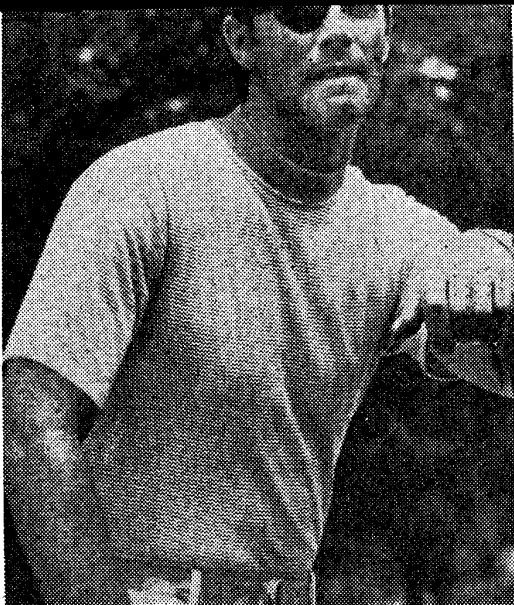
The quickest process would be deportation, but in 1962 the British government was criticized by legal authorities for using a deportation order against Dr. Robert Sobell, who was returned to the United States to serve a jail sentence on spy charges. Sobell had wounded himself while on an

See RAY, A3, Col. 1



Associated Press

Asst. Atty. Gen. Fred M. Vinson Jr. talks to newsmen in London, where James Earl Ray faces extradition.



Hi-Crew "Desert Classic". Knit of cool cotton lisle. Blue, gold, orange, green, black, red stripes. S-M-L-XL. **\$11**



Durable Press Sport Shirt of Dacron-cotton in White, orange, gold, green, yellow, blue. S-M-L-XL. **8.50**

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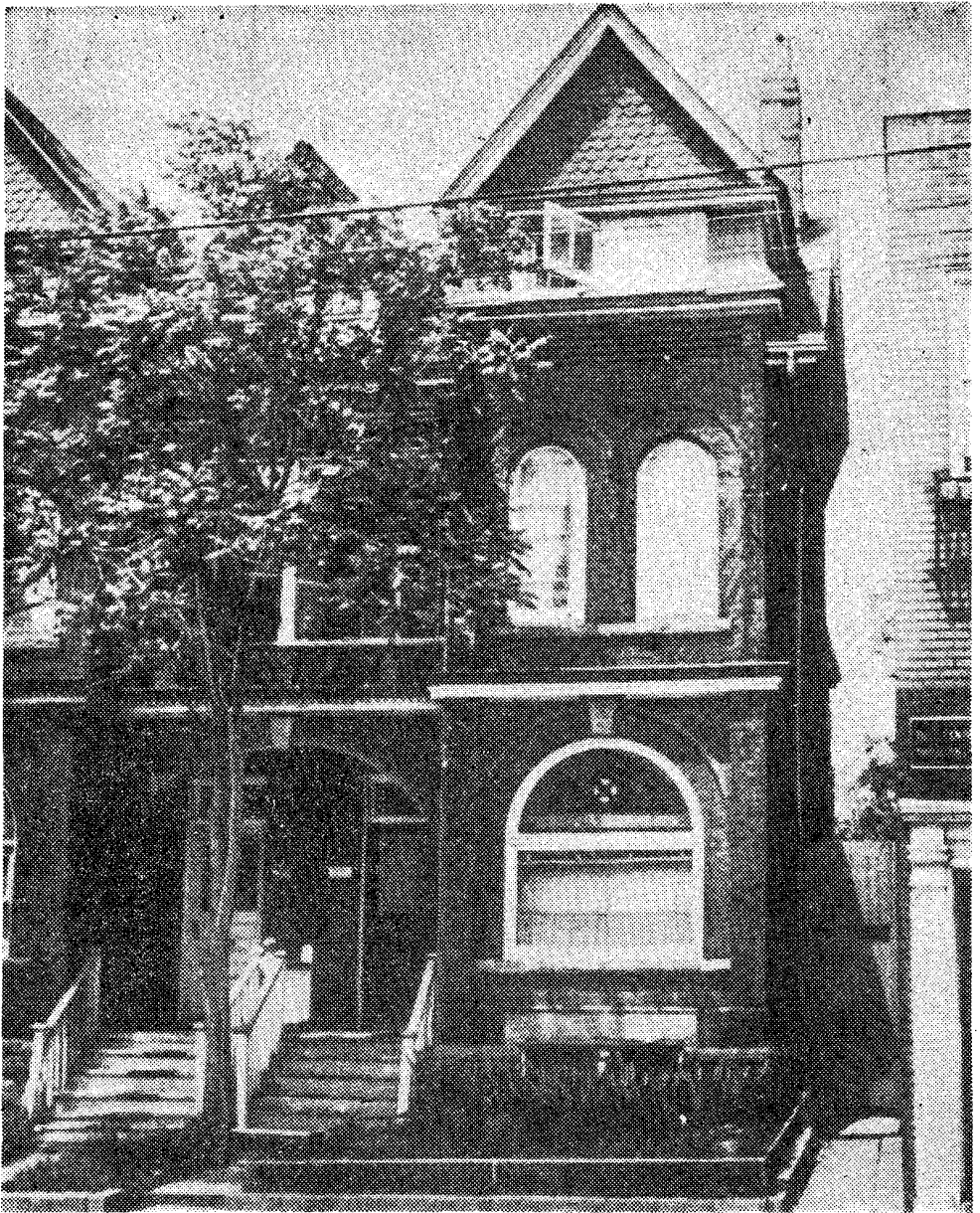
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Associated Press

This is the Toronto rooming house where James Earl Ray is believed to have lived in the month following the assassination of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

U.S. Aide Arrives in London To Speed Ray's Extradition

RAY, From A1

El Al airliner and was taken off the plane for medical treatment in London, where he contested the deportation order. It is felt that the Home Office would be reluctant to risk similar criticism of seeming to use a legal shortcut in the case of Ray.

News agencies reported these other developments in London:

A police source quoted by United Press International said an American airline provided a tip which narrowed the search for Ray.

The source said the airline's office in London, along with other airline offices, had been alerted that Ray was believed to be traveling with a false passport bearing the name Sneyd.

Checking its records, the airline found a passenger with that name had asked to have his ticket changed in London to re-route him through Lisbon in early May. Police were therefore alerted to watch for him on any flights arriving from Portugal.

Thus Scotland Yard was waiting for Ray when the man calling himself Sneyd arrived at London airport Saturday.

Clark Says Ray

Apparently Acted Alone

Attorney General Ramsey Clark said yesterday that the Justice Department has "no evidence that James Earl Ray was not acting alone" in the

assassination of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

"We have no evidence of any other involvement by any other person or people," Clark said on the ABC network's television-radio interview program "Issues and Answers" (WMAL).

As for the possibility that someone may have "bank-rolled Ray's travels to Canada and Europe, Clark replied.

"He is a person . . . who lived a life of crime, who obtained funds, money, through crime, and I think we can reason that there is a very plausible possibility as to the source of his funds."

Clark praised the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and Scotland Yard for their work in apprehending Ray. He also said "this Nation is deeply indebted to all law enforcement throughout these United States who undertook the most massive manhunt in the history of this country."

The Attorney General said that so far as he knew Ray has made no statement to authorities in London.

(In Memphis, Tenn., Phil M. Canale, Shelby County attorney general, said Ray would be returned to stand trial for first-degree murder with all "deliberate speed," the Associated Press reported.)

Ray Reported at Hotel In Lisbon for 9 Days

LIBSON, June 9—James Earl Ray spent nine days at a third class hotel here last month living in almost complete isolation.

He received no callers and made no telephone calls, Gentil Luis, a porter at the Hotel Portugal near Lisbon's central Rossio Square told reporters today.

"On May 17 he called for his bill, paid it, gave us no tips and left without saying where he was heading," Gentil said.

Earlier, a spokesman for the Portuguese International Security Police confirmed Ray was here May 8-17 but said they were told by the FBI to look for him under the name Sneyd after May 17. The spokesman said P.I.D.E. had no information. Sneyd was here Saturday, and airline officials said the flight to Brussels carried no mention of the name Sneyd on its passenger list.

The officials said that if he traveled from here he either used an assumed name or was on transit from another airport.

Sneyd was given a new passport here May 16, a spokesman for the Canadian Embassy confirmed. But, he said, the picture on the passport bore no resemblance to those of Ray which had appeared in local newspapers.

Sneyd requested a new passport after complaining an earlier one issued in Ottawa spelled his name "Sneya."

The embassy told him the original passport would have to be concealed, but only issued him a new one after he produced a birth certificate proving his identity, the spokesman added.

Inventories Expected To Increase

Associated Press

Manufacturers expect to step up the accumulation of inventories during the second and third quarters of this year and project sales gains below the first-quarter level, the Commerce Department reported yesterday.

Inventories are expected to increase about \$2.1 billion from March through June and by another \$1.8 billion from July through September, the Department said.

This would be more than double the actual first-quarter rise of \$800 million and larger than the increase in any of the last three quarters of 1967, the Department added.

Manufacturers look for smaller increases in sales following the unusually large gain of 4 per cent during the first quarter of this year.

They project a rise of 2 per cent in the current quarter and about 1.5 per cent in the next quarter.

The projections stem from a survey taken by the Department's Office of Business Economics during May.

If projections are realized, sales would reach a record \$148.2 billion in the third quarter and inventories would rise to a record \$87.1 billion by the end of September.

Inventories would be equivalent to about 1.75 months of sales, slightly higher than the first quarter of this year but below the 1.8 ratio for 1967.

WASHINGTON'S FINEST SUBURBAN SHOP

TED LOUIS SHOP

Remember, Father's Day is Sunday, June 16



GIVE DAD A "REAL" GIFT

If he is worth a gift, he is worth a REAL gift from TLS . . . offering Father's Day selections of finest quality, finest brands. TLS assures you a prideful gift, sure to please.

- Puritan
- Leonardo Strassi
- Turtlenecks
- Mock Turtles
- London Fog
- Bass Weejuns
- Sansabelt
- Cary Middlecoff
- Bronzini
- Walk Shorts

Free Father's Day "Trophy" with purchase, while they last.

TED LOUIS SHOP

Fine Men's Wear

SHIRLINGTON SHOPPING CENTER, ARLINGTON

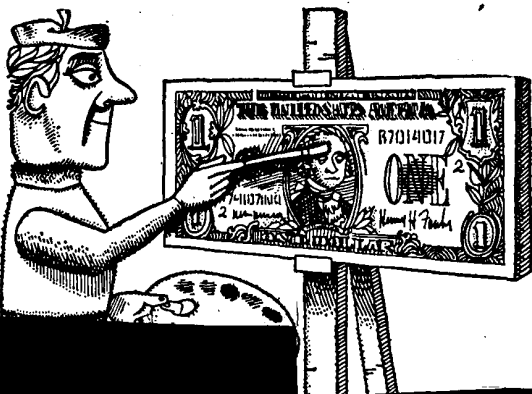
10 to 6 / Mon., Thurs., Fri. 'til 9

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Weather Forecast

District and vicinity—Mostly cloudy, warm and humid tonight and tomorrow with a chance of showers or thundershowers. Chance of rain 40 percent through tomorrow. Today's low, 69 at 5 a.m. Today's high, 76 at 11 a.m.

Full Report on Page A-2

The Evening Star

WITH SUNDAY MORNING EDITION

Why Betsy Won't Run

Many old automobiles need an engine overhaul, but an expert writing in "Teens on Wheels" suggests a timely, inexpensive test to determine the precise reason why the car burns oil, gets poor gas mileage, is noisy or undependable.

Page 11 of The Weekender

116th Year. No. 160.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1968—36 PAGES

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Kennedy's 'Dream' Evoked at Rite

King Killing Suspect Is Caught in London

Ray Is Arrested By the 'Yard' on Flight to Belgium

By JEREMIAH O'LEARY
Star Staff Writer

James Earl Ray, accused slayer of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., was arrested today in London, FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover announced this morning.

The 40-year-old fugitive was seized by New Scotland Yard operatives at 11:15 a.m. (7:15 EDT) as he disembarked from an airliner en route from Lisbon, Portugal, to Brussels, Belgium.

The FBI, which has sought Ray had a snub-nosed, fully-loaded revolver in his hip pocket when British police made the arrest. Ray was arrested on the basis of information furnished Scotland Yard by the FBI. Ray was wearing a light raincoat, sports jacket and gray trousers.

He was traveling with a Canadian passport listing him as Ramon George Sneyd. The FBI said he obtained the Canadian passport April 24 in Ottawa,



JAMES EARL RAY

Canada, where he apparently fled after King's assassination.

The arrest was announced as King's widow was attending funeral services for Sen. Robert F. Kennedy in New York.

Hoover said Ray had been traced by the FBI to Canada and that he had flown to London on May 7 with a round-trip ticket. In London, Ray had cashed in

the unused part of the ticket in exchange for a ticket to Lisbon and a voucher for the difference of \$14.60.

Last night, Ray boarded an airliner in the Portuguese capital, checked his luggage through to Brussels and stopped in London only as part of a refueling stop.

The FBI, already aware of the false identity he had assumed, had alerted Scotland Yard to watch for anyone using the name Ramon George Sneyd.

The arrest came when Scotland Yard detectives checked the passenger list of the Lisbon to Brussels airplane at London International Airport.

The FBI said Ray's extradition to the United States will be sought on the basis of the murder charge filed against him by the State of Tennessee rather than the federal fugitive and civil rights warrants outstanding against him.

According to information reaching here, Ray refused to admit his identity but he was identified quickly by British police from fingerprints taken after his arrest. Ray is being held

See RAY, Page A-3



Eulogies Given By His Brother And Archbishop

Johnson, Humphrey Among 2,300 at N.Y. Funeral Service

By HAYNES JOHNSON
Star Staff Writer

NEW YORK—Sen. Robert Francis Kennedy's last surviving brother eulogized him at his funeral in St. Patrick's Cathedral today as a dreamer who worked for peace and justice.

His voice quavering, Sen. Edward M. Kennedy asked that his slain brother be remembered "simply as a good and decent man who saw wrong and tried to right it, saw suffering and tried to heal it, saw war and tried to end it."

Speaking of Robert Kennedy's legacy of love and courage, Edward quoted his brother as saying, "I dream things that never were, and say, why not?"

President Among Mourners

Archbishop Terence J. Cooke of New York celebrating the requiem mass before 2,300 mourners at St. Patrick's Cathedral, also spoke of Robert Kennedy's dreams of justice, and called on the nation to overcome shame and carry on the

Mourning with the widow, Ethel, his

PEOPLE IN THE NEWS

Gregory Begins Term
In Fishing Right Case

OLYMPIA, Wash. (UPI) — Comedian Dick Gregory, packing six gallons of distilled water and a box of books, has begun serving a 90-day jail term for illegal fishing during a demonstration to support Indian fishing rights.



Dick Gregory

The Negro entertainer and civil rights activist said he planned to fast during his stay at Thurston County Jail and drink only the water he brought with him.

Gregory, bearded and wearing a dusty sailor's cap and brown jacket, called on "the black community to continue its boycott of Washington beer, apples and salmon."

Gregory was convicted on Jan. 12, 1967, on charges stemming from a fish-in with set nets on the Nisqually River near Olympia two years ago to dramatize an Indian fishing rights dispute.

* * * *

Army's 'Most Decorated' Colonel Retiring

FAYETTEVILLE, N.C. (AP)—An officer described as the most decorated colonel in the Army, Col. Melvin Garten of Ft. Bragg, is retiring from active duty. He has accepted a position as head of boys at a prep school in Tampa, Fla.

Garten has been awarded the Distinguished Service Cross, the nation's second highest award; three Silver Stars, five Purple Hearts, four Bronze Stars, the Legion of Merit, two joint commendation medals and two Air Medals.

Seven times during World War II, the Korean War and the Vietnam war, Garten's wife, Ruth, received word telling her that he was wounded, missing or dead.

Two years ago in Vietnam, he was believed killed after a Viet Cong mine blew up his jeep. Quick action by surgeons saved his life but he lost his left leg and two inches of height due to a badly mangled right leg.

At one time or another the New York City native has served with every U.S. airborne division and has made more than 250 parachute jumps.

* * * *

Prof. Lynd Resigns His Position at Yale

NEW HAVEN, Conn. (UPI)—Prof. Staughton Lynd, who has been teaching in Chicago on an extended leave from Yale University, has resigned his Yale position.

Howard R. Lamar, chairman of the Yale history department, said yesterday that Lynd's resignation was received in a letter dated May 13.

Lynd gained prominence after making an unauthorized trip to Hanoi in 1965. He had been on a five-year contract with Yale, which would have expired in June 1969. He left to teach at Chicago State University last year after being told he had virtually no chance of being given a permanent position at Yale.



Staughton Lynd

* * * *

Labor Assails
De Gaulle's
'3rd Solution'

PARIS (AP) — Labor and opposition political leaders are using epithets ranging from "hollow" to "outrageous" to denounce the reform plan President Charles de Gaulle proposed yesterday as better than capitalism or communism.

Thousands of French auto and metallurgy workers still were on strike, although millions of other workers were preparing to go back to their jobs at substantially higher wages won in the general strike that paralyzed France.

De Gaulle's "third solution," offered in a nationwide broadcast, was "participation," presumably meaning workers and managers would share in the profits and control of businesses.

This, he said, was better than the "moral and material constraint" and perpetual dictatorship of communism, and the "alienation" of the capitalist system.

Asks Massive Support

De Gaulle appealed for massive public support of his proposals in the June 23-30 elections and said everything depends on the voting results—"the republic, liberty, progress, independence and peace."

"If the (election) results are bad, all is lost," the 77-year-old president declared.

Georges Seguy, Communist leader of France's largest worker syndicate, called De Gaulle's reform plans for business and education "hollow formulas that are not the stuff to satisfy the workers." Francois Mitterrand, head of the non-Communist Federation of the Left, said De Gaulle's "definition of participation is in reality a definition of paternalism."

Socialist leader Guy Mollet described the proposal as "picturesque" and Communist party Secretary-General Waldeck Rochet accused De Gaulle of "outrageous social demagoguery."

Although the strike wave touched off by student demonstrations for educational reforms seemed nearly at an end, 55,000 Renault automobile workers and 750,000 metallurgists



—Associated Press

Kathy Fulmer talks with Sheriff Peter Pitchess.

KENNEDY PROBE

Three Turn Selves In
As 'Girl in Polka Dots'

LOS ANGELES (UPI)—Three women have turned themselves in to police, each claiming to be the "girl in the polka dot dress" sought for questioning about the slaying of Sen. Robert F. Kennedy.

All three were released yesterday without being charged. Police did not identify two of them.

The other girl identified herself as Kathy Fulmer, 19, of Los Angeles.

A young woman had been reported seen near the slaying suspect, Sirhan B. Sirhan, 24, shortly before Kennedy was shot early Wednesday.

After a girl outside the slaying scene told authorities that a girl in a polka dot dress burst by shouting, "we shot him... we

shot him," an all-points bulletin was broadcast for the girl.

"I was yelling that they shot him," Miss Fulmer told reporters in the sheriff's office yesterday.

"I was scared because I knew he was shot."

She said she finally decided after hearing news reports that she was the girl officers were seeking in hopes of finding more information about what happened at the scene.

The night of the killing, Miss Fulmer said, she was wearing a green suit but had a polka dot silk scarf.

Sheriff Peter J. Pitchessler said Miss Fulmer will be questioned further to see what information she can give.

Civilian Toll in Saigon Rises
As Viet Cong Push Offensive

SAIGON (AP)—Light, scattered fighting flared in two sections of Saigon today and enemy shelling sent the civilian toll to 196 killed and 672 wounded in the five weeks of the enemy "peace talks" offensive.

A member of the South Vietnamese House of Representatives, Ngo Cong Duc, called for a halt in the U.S.-North Vietnamese negotiations in Paris if the Viet Cong continues shelling civilian areas.

In today's clashes, South Vietnamese army casualties were reported extremely light. The government troops reported killing 12 Viet Cong soldiers and capturing 3 in Cholon, the Chinese district in southwestern Saigon.

Red Officers Wounded

Government spokesmen said five Viet Cong soldiers surrendered in the northeastern suburb of Gia Dinh and one told interrogators that government troops had wounded a regimental commander and a deputy battalion commander in the Cholon fighting.

South Vietnamese troops, who have been trying for eight days to root the enemy out of Cholon,

again were blasting guerrilla firing positions with tank cannons.

The new fighting suggested infiltration of fresh Viet Cong troops into Cholon to reinforce Viet Cong units which lost 146 men killed in the last three days, according to government figures.

In central Saigon, two gunmen on a motorbike killed a South Vietnamese army lieutenant today half a block from the house of U.S. Ambassador Ellsworth Bunker.

The rocket and mortar attack on Saigon today marked the 21st time in the last 35 days the capital has been shelled.

South Vietnamese sources disclosed that for the second time this week the Viet Cong used a new Chinese-made 107 mm rocket, about half as heavy as the 122mm Soviet rockets they ordinarily use.

A senior U.S. officer said the 107s, with a range of 5.5 miles compared to 7 miles for the 122s, probably are more accurate but do less damage.

More Rockets Fired

The latest shelling — 25 rocket and mortar rounds — hit the dock area, central Saigon and a

residential area just northwest of the capital. Initial reports listed two Vietnamese civilians and a policeman killed and 12 civilians wounded.

By unofficial count, at least 99 civilians have been killed and 380 wounded by enemy rocket and mortar attacks alone since May 5.

Elsewhere, U.S. Marines supported by jet fighter-bombers and artillery reported killing 64 enemy soldiers yesterday in a day-long battle about 30 miles southwest of Da Nang. Fifteen Marines were killed and 37 wounded.

U.S. pilots raiding the southern panhandle of North Vietnam reported 10 more supply barges destroyed or damaged yesterday, bringing their three-day total to 129 barges claimed smashed.

The U.S. Command announced that enemy gunners shot down two American helicopters, one in the Mekong Delta below Saigon and another South of Da Nang. Eight crewmen were wounded and both helicopters were destroyed.

3 Bandits Rob
Incurable Home

Three men held up the Washington Home for Incurables yesterday and escaped with the \$19,000 payroll.

The bandits, one armed with a rifle and another with a pistol, entered the home's office at 3720 Upton St. NW just as James T. Collett, 58, the administrator, and Roger Erauw, 56, the paymaster, were about to distribute pay envelopes to the staff.

Besides the cash, the holdup men also took a pistol from Paul Marshall, 42, a National Detective Agency guard.

Police broadcast a lookout for three Negroes in their 20s.

Gen. Loan Is Replaced
As Saigon Police Head

SAIGON (AP) — Maj. Gen. Nguen Ngoc Loan, who made international headlines after his on-the-street execution of a Viet Cong captured in the Tet offensive, has been replaced as head of South Vietnam's national police force.

The government radio announced today that Loan, still hospitalized with wounds suffered in Saigon street fighting May 5, was replaced by Col. Tran Van Hai, commander of the Ranger troops.

Government sources also reported that Saigon Mayor Van Van Cua was replaced by Army Col. Do Kien Nhieu, who has served at different times as chief of two provinces in the



NGUYEN NGOC LOAN

Korea Reds in Viet War,
ROK Commander Says

The Evening Star
The Sunday Star

Published by
THE EVENING STAR NEWSPAPER COMPANY.
MAIN OFFICE

RAY

Continued From Page A-1
in London's Cannon Row police station under maximum guard.

Washington officials said they understood he would be arraigned on British charges against him on Monday and that extradition proceedings would be started as soon as possible.

Hoover said the arrest was the result of close cooperation between the FBI, the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and Scotland Yard. The FBI had lost Ray's trail in the first several weeks after the murder of Dr. King, but picked up his scent again after routine checks of all passports issued in the United States and Canada.

Ray had applied for and obtained the Canadian passport under the name of Sneyd, using the name of one Paul Bridgeman of Toronto as a reference.

Hoover said no Paul Bridgeman had been located in Toronto, but that was the name of one of Ray's fellow prisoners in the Missouri State Penitentiary at Jefferson City, Mo. Ray himself apparently used the name Paul Bridgeman during his stay in Toronto before flying to London on May 7.

He had continued his old habits of living in cheap boarding houses and frequenting bars during his stay in Canada, FBI agents learned. The pursuit of Ray intensified in mid-May when the FBI learned that he had gone to the Canadian Embassy in Lisbon to apply for a second passport under the name of Sneyd, saying that the first one had been spoiled.

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CARL T. ROWAN **A-19**

Trail of King's Killer Leading to Dead End

The disappearance of the slayer of Dr. Martin Luther King becomes more eerie and revolting with every passing day.

The FBI has not come up with a single meaningful trace of James Earl Ray, the number one suspect, since I revealed 21 days ago that the investigation had taken on international implications.

Even with \$100,000 or so of reward money lying around, the FBI hasn't so much as a hot tip or a rumor worth pursuing with hope.

In my earlier column, I deliberately did not reveal that a massive dragnet had been set up in Mexico. It was there that Ray had met with some characters who led FBI and other intelligence agents to suspect involvement of a foreign power. But investigators did not want the suspect tipped off as to the intensity of the search south of the border.

But it has revealed nothing. "We've covered Mexico, Canada, and the United States like a blanket," one high-level source tells me. "If Ray were alive in any of these places, I

can't conceive of our not locating him by now."

Thus, the men who were clinging doggedly to the theory that King's killer was a berserk loner have now swung over to the belief that a hired killer planned the murder and the escape meticulously. But was it Ray—or were the seemingly clumsy clues left behind just decoys? And who did the hiring?

The truth is that the FBI has not located a single trace of Ray since he supposedly abandoned his white Mustang in Atlanta on April 5, the day after the Nobel Prize-winning Negro clergyman was slain in a Memphis, Tenn., motel. In fact, the FBI does not really have solid evidence that it was Ray who abandoned the car in Atlanta.

But the massive investigation has turned up more information about Ray and his family. The most significant—and most galling in some Washington circles—is that Ray was peddling dope while in prison in Missouri State Penitentiary from 1960 to April 1967.

As the magnitude of Ray's

narcotics peddling has been revealed, top law enforcement officers here have stared aghast at the evidence that guards in most prisons are so easily bribed into sending almost anything into or out of a prison.

Some investigators have concluded that our penal system is rotten to the core, and they have sent screams to the top of our government that it is high time someone planned a complete overhaul.

A serious question arises now as to how long the FBI can, or will, continue a concentrated search for Dr. King's killer. Already, student turmoil on scores of campuses has dictated the shifting of considerable manpower to the watching of these activities.

There are some worrisome connections between rioters on the various campuses. For example, one of the leaders of the Columbia University demonstrations recently showed up at American University here, trying to agitate students into putting some "muscle" into their protest.

So this confluence of de-

mands on the time of the agents has led even some FBI personnel to echo earlier pessimistic predictions that "they'll never catch Dr. King's killer."

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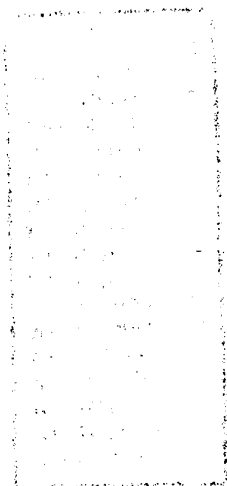
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FROM BELL-MCCLURE SYNDICATE

DREW PEARSON MERRY-GO-ROUND

RELEASE THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1968

DREW PEARSON AND JACK ANDERSON

ON

THE WASHINGTON MERRY-GO-ROUND

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DREW PEARSON AND JACK ANDERSON SAY: FBI HAS AMAZING ARRAY OF EVIDENCE RE KING'S ASSASSIN; EVIDENCE INCREASES THAT RAY WAS HIRED; HE COULD BE DEAD OR IN AMERICAN VILLAGE

WASHINGTON--THE FBI'S FAILURE TO APPREHEND THE ASSASSIN OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING HAS LED TO REPORTS THAT J. EDGAR HOOVER IS NOT INTERESTED IN CATCHING THE MURDERER. THE REPORTS ARE BASED PARTLY ON THE FACT THAT HOOVER AND KING WERE NOT ON GOOD TERMS. HOOVER HAVING PUBLICLY BRANDED KING AS "THE MOST NOTORIOUS LIAR IN THE WORLD."

WE HAVE CHECKED INTO THE OPERATIONS OF THE FBI IN THIS RESPECT AND ARE CONVINCED THAT IT IS CONDUCTING PERHAPS THE MOST PAINSTAKING, EXHAUSTIVE MANHUNT EVER BEFORE UNDERTAKEN IN THE UNITED STATES. ITS G-MEN HAVE CHECKED EVERY BAR EVER PATRONIZED BY JAMES EARL RAY, EVERY FLOPHOUSE HE EVER STOPPED AT, EVERY CANTINA IN MEXICO HE EVER VISITED. IT HAS COLLECTED AN AMAZING ARRAY OF EVIDENCE, ALL LINKING RAY WITH THE MURDER.

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THAT HE HAS NOT BEEN FOUND MAY BE DUE, FIRST, TO THE POSSIBILITY THAT HE HIMSELF WAS MURDERED BY THOSE WHO HIRED HIM TO KILL KING; OR, SECOND, THAT HE IS HIDING IN SOME REMOTE MEXICAN VILLAGE.

IF HE HAS MONEY--AND APPARENTLY HE HAD--RAY MIGHT BE ABLE TO LIVE IN A DISTANT PART OF MEXICO INDEFINITELY. THE MEXICO CITY POLICE ARE CO-OPERATIVE, BUT POLICE IN THE REMOTE AREAS ARE NOT. IN SOME VILLAGES FEW MEXICANS CAN READ OR WRITE, AND RADIO NEWS OF THE OUTSIDE WORLD DOES NOT PENETRATE.

--DETECTIVE STORY CRIMINAL--

WHAT THE FBI HAS ESTABLISHED ABOUT KING'S ASSASSIN WAS THAT HE WAS A PROFESSIONAL KILLER WHO HAD STUDIED THE SUSPENSE WRITING OF IAN FLEMING AND AYN RAND. HIS PSEUDONYM, ERIC STARVO GALT, FOR INSTANCE, WAS TAKEN FROM BOTH AUTHORS.

YET, WHILE A STUDENT OF CRIME HE WAS ALSO A BUNGLER. FOR HE LEFT BEHIND THE MURDER RIFLE WITH HIS FINGERPRINTS ON IT AND, WRAPPED AROUND THE RIFLE A BEDSPREAD WHICH CONTAINED STRANDS OF HIS HAIR.

HE ALSO LEFT BEHIND A BLUE ZIPPER BAG CONTAINING A BRUSH WITH HAIR MATCHING THOSE ON THE BEDSPREAD.

HE ALSO LEFT BEHIND A BLUE ZIPPER BAG CONTAINING A BRUSH WITH HAIR MATCHING THOSE ON THE BEDSPREAD.

(MORE)

ALL THE EVIDENCE WE HAVE BEEN ABLE TO GATHER POINTS TO THE PROBABILITY THAT RAY WAS HIRED TO KILL DR. KING. HE BROKE OUT OF THE MISSOURI STATE PENITENTIARY ON APRIL 23, 1967, AFTER BOASTING TO FELLOW PRISONERS THAT HE INTENDED TO MAKE A BIG "SCORE" ON THE OUTSIDE. HE REMARKED TO ONE INMATE THAT HE MIGHT TRY TO COLLECT A RUMORED \$1 MILLION BOUNTY THAT SUPPOSEDLY HAD BEEN OFFERED BY A "BUSINESSMEN'S GROUP" FOR THE DEATH OF DR. KING.

FOUR MONTHS LATER, ON AUG. 30, 1967, HE OPENED A SAFE DEPOSIT BOX IN THE BIRMINGHAM TRUST NATIONAL BANK AND SUDDENLY BEGAN PASSING OUT CRISP \$20 BILLS LIKE A BIG SPENDER. HE PAID \$499 FOR DANCING INSTRUCTION, THEN QUIT AFTER ONLY A FEW LESSONS. HE SPENT \$395 FOR MAIL-ORDER PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT THAT HE DIDN'T KNOW HOW TO OPERATE.

HE SHELLED OUT MONEY FOR A BARTENDING COURSE, BUT SHOW NO INTEREST IN WORKING BEHIND ANY BAR. HE ALSO TOOK A COURSE IN LOCK-PICKING FROM A CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL IN MICHIGAN. HIS WHITE MUSTANG COST \$1,995, WHICH HE PAID IN CASH. HE DROVE IT FROM MEXICO TO MONTREAL, FROM LOS ANGELES TO NEW ORLEANS.

OCCASIONALLY HE SLIPPED \$20 TO BAR GIRLS AND PROSTITUTES. IN MEXICO HE LIVED WITH A PROSTITUTE IN SMALL TOWNS LIKE JALISCO AND PUERTO VALLARATA WHERE PRICES WERE CHEAP. ONCE HE POSED IN SUN GLASSES FOR A PICTURE WITH HIS MEXICAN PROSTITUTE. IN LOS ANGELES, HE ADVERTISED IN THE HIPPIE NEWSPAPER THAT HE WOULD LIKE TO MEET "A PASSIONATE MARRIED WOMAN." HE ALSO PAID \$1 TO THE SWINGER'S CLUB FOR THE NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF FIVE GIRLS.

ALL TOLD, RAY SPENT AN ESTIMATED \$10,000 IN SEVEN MONTHS. YET HE NEVER HELD A JOB, AND COMMITTED NO CRIMES FOLLOWING HIS ESCAPE FROM THE MISSOURI PENITENTIARY THAT THE FBI HAS DISCOVERED. PREVIOUSLY HE HAD BEEN INVOLVED IN A LONG LIST OF FILLING STATION AND OTHER ROBBERIES. BUT AFTER HIS ESCAPE HE BECAME A LONER, IN SOME RESPECTS BECAME ANOTHER LEE HARVEY OSWALD. MEANWHILE, HE SOUGHT TO ESTABLISH A NEW IDENTITY AS ERIC STARVO GALT.

--CAREFUL PLANS--

IT SEEMS LIKELY THAT RAY PLANNED THE MURDER OF DR. KING FOR SEVERAL MONTHS. HE FINALLY PURCHASED THE REMINGTON RIFLE IN BIRMINGHAM ON MARCH 30, THEN MOVED TO A BOARDING HOUSE IN ATLANTA. IN HIS ROOM, AGENTS FOUND A MAP OF ATLANTA WITH FOUR LOCATIONS CIRCLED.

(MORE)

MGR FOR REL. THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1968

P. 3

THEY WERE DR. KING'S RESIDENCE, HIS HEADQUARTERS AT THE SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE, RAY'S BOARDING HOUSE AND THE SPOT WHERE HE ABANDONED HIS MUSTANG AFTER THE MURDER. IN THE MIDDLE OF THE MAP WAS ALSO A CLEAR THUMBPRINT FROM RAY'S RIGHT THUMB.

EVIDENTLY, RAY CHANGED HIS MIND ABOUT WAYLAYING KING IN ATLANTA AND FOLLOWED HIM TO MEMPHIS INSTEAD. AFTER ALL THE ELABORATE PLANNING AND THE CAREFUL CREATION OF A NEW IDENTITY, RAY LEFT BEHIND IN MEMPHIS THE MURDER RIFLE, BINOCULARS AND A BAG FULL OF TOILET ARTICLES.

IF WHITE EXTREMISTS PUT UP THE BLOOD MONEY IT WAS PROBABLY NOT THE KU KLUX KLAN OR THE MINUTE MEN, FOR THEY ARE AN IMPATIENT LOT WHO WOULD NOT HAVE WAITED FOR SEVERAL MONTHS FOR RAY TO GET RESULTS.

BLACK EXTREMISTS HAVE ALSO NOT BEEN RULED OUT. THEY MIGHT HAVE SOUGHT TO GET RID OF KING IN ORDER TO REMOVE THE PROPHET OF NONVIOLENCE.

NOTE: RAY WAS THE PRODUCT OF A BROKEN HOME. HE WAS THE ELDEST OF EIGHT CHILDREN. HIS FATHER DESERTED RAY'S MOTHER, AND VARIOUS PEOPLE ADOPTED THE CHILDREN. WHEN THE FBI APPROACHED THE FATHER, THEY DISCOVERED THAT THE ELDER RAY HAD NOT SEEN HIS SON FOR 17 YEARS.

"I WOULD BE THE LAST ONE HE WOULD COME TO FOR HELP," THE FATHER SAID.

(END MGR FOR REL. THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1968)

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Theory of a 'Double' In Assassinations

A former FBI agent yesterday raised the spectre of a link between the assassinations of President Kennedy and Dr. Martin Luther King.

William Turner, 41, said he thinks the possibility of a relationship between the two slayings is strong enough to warrant a Congressional investigation.

"I'm not drawing any conclusions," he said, "I'm just saying the similarities are striking enough that they should be investigated."

Here is the case Turner makes for a full-scale probe by a joint Senate-House investigating committee:

- A sketch prepared in Mexico under FBI direction when the assassin was believed hiding there bears a striking resemblance to a man arrested in Mexico City in 1962.

- The photograph subsequently released by the FBI of Eric Starvo Galt—the prime suspect in the King murder who was later identified as James Earl Ray—looks strikingly as if it was taken of a dead man.

- In both assassinations, a rifle with a telescopic sight "was conveniently left at the crime scene."

- Investigators in both killings turned up an "abundance of physical evidence," including city maps "with significant points circled."

Turner—now a free-lance writer living in Mill Valley—has announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the Sixth Congressional District seat of Representative William Mailliard.

One of the major planks in his

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1 S.F. Chronicle

San Francisco, Calif.

Date:

Edition: 5-6-68

Author:

Final Home

Editor:

Chas. deYoung

Title:

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WILLIAM T. TURNER
FORMER SPECIAL AGENT

Character:

or SF 67-15407

Classification: 67

Submitting Office: SF

☐ Being Investigated

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platform is a call for the re-opening of the Kennedy assassination investigation. By his own estimate, he has spent three years tracking down the vast profusion of leads in the assassination.

GARRISON

In line with this, he has consulted frequently with James Garrison, the controversial district attorney of New Orleans.

Turner said the publication of the police sketch of the suspected King slayer two days after the assassination is what "jogged my memory."

"The sharp, pointed nose, the wide mouth and thin lips, the firm set of the jaw," Turner said, "I remembered something."

PHOTO

What he recalled, Turner said in an interview, is the photograph of a suspect being taken into custody by two shotgun-carrying Dallas policemen on Dealey Plaza.

He produced that photograph — taken from Garrison's voluminous files—of the man being led away for interrogation. The similarity between the suspect and the Mexican police sketch, Turner feels, is eerie.

What happened to that sharp-nosed man with the wide mouth following his arrest on that November day in Dallas?

Nobody knows, Turner said yesterday.

'INCREDIBLE'

"He was either released without booking or his record has been vacuum-cleaned," Turner declared. "It seems incredible to me that the people arrested that day weren't accounted for."

The photograph of Ray—alias Galt—shows a man in a dark coat with his eyes closed. The FBI later painted



THE GALT-RAY PHOTO
A picture of a dead man?

in eyes for better identification.

But Turner said the "way the man's coat sets on him" indicates he was lying down when the picture was taken. The coat collar is riding up over the neck and Turner said the face seems puffy, as if in death.

"I don't believe that the Eric Starvo Galt photograph released by the FBI bears any resemblance to the police sketch of Dr. King's killer," Turner said.

PRINTS

Just as Lee Harvey Oswald was established as Kennedy's slayer from fingerprints left on a high-powered rifle, so did a rifle recovered near the scene of the King assassination lead investigators to conclude Ray is the killer.

"The circumstances raise the possibility that both Oswald and Ray are scapegoats," Turner said.

"The wealth of physical evidence collected almost immediately by investigators in both assassinations is what is particularly intriguing."

The physical evidence included the rifles recovered,

the quantity of fingerprints and the circled maps.

"As you know," said Turner, "the police use modus operandi files in any crime. Criminals tend to repeat certain things, have certain habits."

Turner was reluctant to speculate on how someone could find profit in the assassination of both President Kennedy and Dr. King.

But he noted that both the Vietnam war and the racial climate in the United States took dramatic turns for the worse after the President's slaying.

CRISIS

And the racial crisis worsened even more after Dr. King's death and signs point toward an even hotter, longer summer than ever before, he speculated.

"The fact that there is a pattern between the two assassinations is firm and I think it should be explored. Is this a coincidence or is it not? That's what we have to find out," Turner said.

The FBI fired Turner in 1961 following ten years of service after he wrote letters to Congressmen asking that the Bureau itself be investigated.

In the letters, he charged that morale was low in the FBI, that it was in the grip of a cult of personality and that it was obsessed with statistics "to the neglect of organized crime."

Turner—who will have three books published shortly—was fired for being a "disruptive influence."

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