PAGE EIGHT

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EXIGNSIVE INVESTIGATION IS BEING SET FORTH FOR JACKSON

IN COMMECTION WITH IDENTIFYING (FAU) WILLETT, AKA MISSISSIPPIUM CE.

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J.. D

FBI JKSA NISS

P 7

FSI JKSN MISS 932 PM &P URGENT 7/3/68 ELS TO DIRECTOR AND JACKSON FROM ATLANTA 44-2326

MURKIN

RE BUREAU MELLEPHONE CALL TO ATLANTA JULY TWO LAST. RAYMONI CURTIS WAS INTERVIEWED AT WHITFIELD CO. JAIL, ALTON, JA., JULY THREE INSTANT BY SAS THOMAS R. HENRY, JR., AND ALBERT D. MILLARD. CURTIS IS CURRENTLY CONFINED WHITFIELD CO. JAIL AWAITING APPEAL ON LIFE SENTENCE FOR MURDER. CURTIS WAS ADVISED OF THE IDENTITY OF THE INTER-VIEWILG AGENTS THROUGH DISPLAY OF CREDENTIALS. HE WAS FURNISHED A RIGHTS AND WAIVER OF RIGHTS FORM WHICH HE READ, INDICATED HE UNDERSTOOD, AND REFUSED TO SIGN. HE ADVISED HE KNEW HE WAS BEING INTERVIEWED CONCERNING STATEMENTS HE NADE IN A LETTER HE HAD MAILED TO MR. SANDERS OF TRONY MAGAZINE. CURTIS STATED HE WAS MERELY TRYING TO SELL AT SIORY IO REGNY FOR APPROXIMATELY FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS IO HELP HIS MOTHER PAY OFF A MORTGAGE ON HER HOME, WHICH SHE MORIGAGED TO CETAIN ATTORNEY FELS FOR HIS DEFENSE. AT FIRST HE STATED, WITH REFERENCE TO THESE STATEMENTS, THATSER HE AND JAMES EARL RAY PULLED A CRIME IN FIFTYFOUR, WHICH WAS A BURGLARY IN JULIET, ILL., IN OCT, OR NOV., FIFTYFY AT THIS POINT IT WAS POINTED OUT TO CURTIS THAT GERTA/LIV

END PAGE GAE

PAGE TWO

STATEMENTS MADE BY HIM IN HIS LETTER TO EBONY COULD POSSIBLY INVOLVE HIM IN A CONSPIRACY WITH RAY CONCERNING THE KILLING OF MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. CURTIS CATAGORICALLY LENIED THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS WHICH WERE IN HIS LETTER TO EBONY WAGAZINE:

- 1. THAT HE AND JAMES EARL RAY PULLED A CRIME IN
 - 2. THAT RAY WANTED THE JOB OF KILLING KING. 👌
- 3. THAT HE AND RAY TALKED ABOUT KILLING KING FOR THREE YEARS.
- A. THAT THEY TALKED TO THE MAN FROM MISSISSIPPI THAT KNEW ALL ABOUT THE KK BUSINESSMANS ASSOCIATION THAT WAS TO PUT UP THE MONEY TO KILL KING.
 - 5. THAT HE KNEW THE MEN FROM MISSISSIPPI.
- S. FOR THREE YEARS, THAT HE AND RAY MADE MAPS JUST TO FIND THE RIGHT PLACE TO KILL KING AND THAT HE HAD MADE THE WAPS OVER HIMSELF.
- 7. HE AND RAY KNEW JUST WHERE THEY WOULD GO AFTER THE KILLING OF KING.
- 8. THAT HE WAS TO'BE IN ON THE KILLING OF KING. END PAGE TWO

> PAGE THREE

9. THAT THERE ARE NEW IN FIVE STATES THAT ARE BEHIND THE KING KILLING AND THAT DO NOT KNOW WHAT HE KNOWS.

DURING THE INTERVIEW, CURTIS DREW CRUDE MAPS SETTING . OUT HOW HE THOUGHT RAY WOULD STALK KING. THIS MAP SHOWED. THE FOLLOWING TOWNS WHERE HE SAID KING MADE MOST OF HIS SPEECHES: ATLANTA, LITTLE ROCK, BIRMINGHAM, NOBILE, SELMA, JACKSON, VICKSBURGS, TOISS., AND MARKS, MISS. HE FURTHER POINTED OUT THERE WAS A MAN LIVING ON A HOUSEBOAT AN VICKSBURG ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER (WHOSE FIRST NAME HE KNEW BUT WOULD NOT DIVULGED. THIS MAN WAS TO TAKE RAY DOWN THE RIVER ON HIS BOAT TO NEW ORLEANS AFTER THE KILLING. HE STATED IN THE PAST HE (CURTIS) HAD PULLED SEVERAL BURGLARY AND ARMED ROBBERIES (HE WOULD NOT COMMENT ON PARTICULARS) IN TOWNS ALONG THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER AND WHILE POLICE WERE LOCKING FOR HIM ON THE HIGHWAY HE WOULD BE ON A BOAT DOWN THE MISSISSIPPI'. HE FURTHER STATED HE HAD WAITTEN A STORY CONCERNING THE KING KILLING WHICH WAS CURRENTLY OUT BEING TYPED AND IT WAS THE STORY HE MENTIONED IN THE LETTER TO EBONY AND INTENDED TO SELE TO EBONY.

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

SHERIFF G. T. MAULDIN, NA, WHO IS SHERIFF OF WHITFIELD CO., GA., AND OPERATES THE COUNTY JAIL, ADVISED CURTIS HAD SENT NO LETTERS OR COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE JAIL WHICH WENT OVER THE JAILERS DESK. HE SAID CURTIS WOULD PROBABLY SEND ALL MAIL OUT WITH VISITORS AND JAIL TRUSTEES AND WOULD PACEABLY NOT HAVE BEEN OBSERVED BY MEN OF HIS DEPT. IT IS FURTHER POINTED OUT THAT CURTIS' ATTORNEY, ERWIN MITCHELL, FORMER U.S. CONGRESSMAN FOR THE SEVENTH DISTRICT OF GA., IS OF THE OPINION THAT MOST OF CURTIS' COMMENTS CONCERNING HIS KNOWLEDGE OF RAY'S ASSASSINATION OF KING ARE PURE FABRICATIONS ON THE PART OF CURTIS OR AS A RESULT OF SOMETHING CURTIS HAS READ IN LOCAL PAPERS.

APPROXIMATELY ONE HOUR AFTER THE CONCLUSION OF THE INTERVIEW WITH CURTIS, HE SENT A NOTE TO SHERIFF G. T. MAULDIN REQUESTING TO AGAIN SEE AN FEI AGENT, THAT HE NOW WANTED TO TELL THE ENTIRE TRUTH. CURTIS WAS AGAIN INTERVIEWED BY SA THOMAS R. HENRY, JR., AND AGAIN FURNISHED A RIGHTS FORM WHICH HE REFUSED TO SIGN. HE THEN STATED THAT APPARENTLY IN HIS LETTER TO EBONY HE USED. THE WORK "WE" INDICATING THAT HE AND JAMES EARL RAY HAD PLANNED THE KING BURDER WHICH WOULD INVOLVE HIM IN A CONSYLRACY AND FOR END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE

THAT REASON HE DENIED THE STATEMENTS IN LETTER TO EBONY. HE THEN ADVISED HE HAD WRITTEN A STORY WHICH HE INTENDED TO SELL TO SOME MAGAZINE FOR THE PURPOSE OF OBTAINING MONEY FOR HIS MOTHER WHICH STORY WAS STILL IN HIS POSSESSION AND WHICH HE HAD NOT YET SENT GUT TO BE TYPED. HE ALLOWED SA HENRY TO READ THIS APPROXIMATELY TWENTY PAGE STORY, HANDWRITTEN, ONE PAGE AT A TIME. HE DECLARED THIS STORY WAS TRUE. THE FIRST FIVE OR SIX PAGES OF THIS STORY MERELY SET OUT HIS EARLY LIFE IN CRIME AND THE PRISON SENTENCES HE HAD SERVED AS A RESULT OF THESE CRIMES FROM THE AGE OF FIFTEEN. THE REMAINDER OF THE STORY IS THE SAME AS WAS SET FORTH IN THE ORIGINAL INTERVIEW WITH CURTIS IN APRIL, SIXTYEIGHT CONCERNING HIS KNOWLEDGE AND ASSOCIATION WITH RAY. THIS STORY DOES REFLECT THAT HE FIRST BECAME ASSOCIATED WITH RAY IN FIFTYFOUR WHEN THEY PULLED A PAYROLL HEIST IN QUINCY, ILL., WITH A THIRD INDIVIDUAL. SHORTLY THEREAFTER, HE LOST CONTACT WITH RAY WHEN HE AND THIS THIRD INDIVIDUAL WERE CAUGHT IN A FIFTY-SIX THOUSAND DOLLAR BANK ROBBERY AT SOUTHWEST CITY, MG. AFTER THAT HE AGAIN BECAME ACQUAINTED WITH HAY IN PRISON AND WHILE IN PRISON THEY EOTH LEARNED OF THE DEATH OF

PAGE SIX

PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY. RAY THEN STATED IT SOUNDED LIKE A BIG JOE AND HE WAS ALWAYS ON THE INSIDE OR A PRISON WHEN BIG JOES AND BIG MONEY WERE TO BE HAD.

SHORILY AFTER THE DEATH OF JOHN F. KERNEDY, MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR ., EECAME PROMINENT AND RAY STATED ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS THAT SCHEEDDY WAS GOING TO KILL KING. THE STORY WENT ON TO REFLECT THAT DURING THIS PERIOD AN INDIVIDUAL: CAME INTO THE MISSOURI STATE PENITENTIARY AT JEFFERSON CITY FROM VICKSBURG, MISS., AND WHO, UPON LEARNING OF JANES EARL RAY'S FEELINGS TOWARD KILLING KING, ADVISED HIM OF THE KK BUSINESSNEN ASSOCIATION OF THE SOUTH AND OF THE FACT THAT PEOPLE IN FIVE STATES WERE PUTITING UP LONEY FOR KING'S ASSASSIMATION. THE STORY FURTHER POINTED GUT THAT RAY INFORMED HIM THAT HE INTENDED TO HAVE EVERY-THING SET WHEN HE KILLED KING AND THAT RAY, THEOUGH MAPS, LEARNED OF KING'S MOVEMENTS SO, HE COULD LATER STALK HIN TO THE PUINT OF ASSASSINATION. THE STORY FURTHER POINTED CUT THAT RAY ADVISED RE WOULD LEAVE A FALSE GUN. AND FALSE TRAFL IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE MURDER. RAY WAS SUPPOSED TO PAGE SEVEN

GO TO VICKSBURG FOLLOWING THE MURDER, CONTACT THE MAN FROM VICKSBURG, MISS., WHO HAD THE HOUSEBOAT, AND THIS MAN WAS TO TAKE HIM FITHER TO NEW ORLEANS OR CANADA VIA. THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

HE MOULDNOT TESTIFY TO ANY OF THE ABOVE. HE DID ADVISE IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE THAT THE NAME OF THE INDIVIDUAL ON THE HOUSEBOAT IN VICKSBURG, MISS., WAS CENUD VICKED, ALSO KNOWN AS MISSISSIPPI WHO SERVED THE IN THE MISSOURI STATE PENITENTIARY.

THE STORY ALSO MENTIONED A MAN FROM NEW CREENS WHO COULD OBTAIN ANY KIND OF IDENTIFICATION AND CURTIS LATER IDENTIFIED THIS MAN AS JOE COIN, WHICH INFORMATION HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN SET OUT IN AN INTERVIEW WITH CURTIS.

THROUGHOUT THE INTERVIEW WITH CURTIS, AND WHILE READING CURTIS' STORY, HE CONTINUED TO EMPHASIZE THE FACT THAT HE WOULD NOT TESTHEY AGAINST RAY AS HE FEARED FOR HIS LIFE.

HE INDICATED THAT ANY STATE PRISON HE WAS SENT TO WOULD PROCEABLY HAVE INDIVIDUALS WHO WOULD KILL HIM AS A RESULT OF PHEVIOUS INFORMATION HE FURNISHED THE PRESS AND TV MEDIATEND IT IS FELT HE WAS USING THIS AS AN EXCUSE AS TO WHY HE END PAGE SEVEN

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DICTATING MACHINE IN THE PRESENCE OF SA THOMAS R. HENRY, JR.

DUE TO THE UNRELIABILITY OF CURTIS, NO LEAD FOR AN EXTENSIVE INVESTIGATION IS BEING SET FORTH FOR JACKSON IN CONNECTION WITH IDENTIFYING (FNU) WILLETT, AKA MISSISSIPPIUACE.

END

J.D

FEI JESK MISS

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File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Jackson, Mississippi 39205

July 11, 1968

JAMES EARL RAY; DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. -VICTIM

Reference Raymond Curtis interview in County Jail, at Dalton, Georgia.

On July 5, 1968, the current telephone directory and the current city directory were examined. No listings were found in either directory under the name of Willett.

Chief of Police Marion Brown, Vicksburg, Mississippi, Police Department, advised on July 5, 1968, that he did not know anyone in the Vicksburg, Mississippi, vicinity by the name of Willett. He did i'ote that he has occasionally seen trucks pulling heavy equipment for oil riggings passing through Vicksburg containing the name of W. O. (Red) Willett painted on the side of the trucks. The headquarters of this organization is shown at an unrecalled location in the State of Louisiana.

Detective Captain Roy Redditt, Vicksburg Police Department, was unable to furnish any additional information concerning a (First Name Unknown) Willett in the Vicksburg, Mississippi, area.

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FBI - KANSAS CITY

John Edwards, Identification Bureau, Vicksburg Police Department, advised on July 5, 1968, that his records indicate one A. M. Willett, a white male, age 40, of Tallulah, Louisiana, was arrested on November 24, 1952, on a charge of drunk driving. He was fined \$50. The file contains no additional information concerning this arrest.

John Edwards also indicated that his files reveal that one R. D. Willette, a white male, age 35, of the Circle Lake Apartments, Vicksburg, Mississippi, was arrested on November 10, 1952, on a charge of drunk driving and that he was fined \$50. No other information was contained in the record concerning this arrest.

Sheriff Paul Barrett, Warren County Sheriff's Office, advised that his records concerning prior arrests are incomplete, but that he does not recall an individual from this area by the name of Willett.

On July 5, 1968, Mrs. Edna Cole, Manager, Credit Bureau of Vicksburg, Emmich Building, Vicksburg, Mississippi, advised that her records contained the following information:

A. H. Willett, Jr., has been known to the Credit Bureau since March, 1959. This individual resides at 116 South Cedars Street, Tallulah, Louisiana. He previously resided at 700 LaSalle Street, Tallulah, Louisiana. As of March, 1959, he was employed as a Sales Manager by the Tallulah Motor Company. His credit record has been satisfactory.

Mrs. Cole stated the file indicates August H. Willett, III, has been known to the file since February, 1967. He resides at 100 North Lincoln Street, Tallulah, Louisiana, receiving mail at Post Office Box 221. He is

employed as an automobile salesman by the Lamar T. Loe
Motor Company, Tallulah, Louisiana. His date of birth
is given as ______ He is single, and is renting
at his residence. He has been in the United States Army
Reserve, his military service expiring on March 1, 1967.
The file indicates his father is August H. Willett, Jr.,
also an employee of the Lamar T. Loe Motor Company. An
uncle is shown as Adrian Willett, Tallulah, Louisiana.
A credit report was prepared for "Phillips," Kansas City,
Missouri, on February 11, 1967. His credit has been
satisfactory.

An unsatisfactory account, a repossession, was reported by Southern Trailer Distributors, Vicksburg, Mississippi, Highway 61, South, on May 26, 1967, for one Franklin Willett, Beldon, Mississippi.

The files of the Credit Bureau contained, for reference purposes, the name J. O. Willett Pipeline Company, Monroe, Louisiana. The company is shown as being organized in September, 1959, and its President as L. W. Bobbs.

Paul J. Dennis, Vice-President, Vicksburg Mid River Service, Incorporated, advised on July 5, 1968, that (First Name Unknown) Willett owned a houseboat known as the "Nell Willie," a diesel-powered ship capable of travel on the Mississippi. (First Name Unknown) Willett was described as an elderly man who was crippled and used a cane. He and his wife, whose name is believed to be Nell, took vacation trips on his houseboard approximately twice a year, securing the services of a Mississippi River pilot to operate the boat for them. (First Name Unknown) Willett is believed to have been a resident of the State of Arkansas and to have docked his houseboat at the Greenville, Mississippi, Yacht Club.

Mr. Dennis advised on July 9, 1968, that he does not know any individual in the vicinity of Vicksburg, Mississippi, who is known as "Mississippi." He stated that he had made inquiry among his employees and other individuals who are familiar with the people who frequent the Vicksburg waterfront and those who travel on the Mississippi River, and that he was unable to find anyone having knowledge of an individual known as "Mississippi."

John B. Sanders, Boat Captain of the Sprague, advised that he is familiar with most of the individuals who frequent the Vicksburg waterfront. He stated he does not know of any person in this area who has the nickname "Mississippi."

Willie Smith, a Negro male employee of the Greenville, Mississippi, Yacht Club, advised on July 5, 1968, that the correct name of the houseboat is the "Nell Willis" and that it was owned by a (First Name Unknown) Willis, who died about two or three years ago. Nell Willis, wife of (First Name Unknown) Willis, is still living and residing in or around Pine Bluff, Arkansas.

Following the death of Mr. Willis, the houseboat was sold to Sonny (Last Name Unknown), a member of the Memphis, Tennessee, Yacht Club, who is believed to be a Mississippi River pilot.

Willie Smith advised that Mr. Willis was always considerate of Negroes and gave no indication of anti-Negro sentiments.

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FBI

Date: **7/11/6**8

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-38861) FROM: SAC, JACKSON (157-9586) SUBJECT: MURKIN Re Bureau airtel, dated 7/5/68, and Jackson airt to the Bureau, dated 7/5/68. Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM. Enclosed herewith for Kansas City are two copies each of the following: An LHM Atlanta teletype to Bureau and Jackson, 7/3/68 Jackson airtel to Bureau, 7/5/68 Bureau airtel to Jackson, 7/5/68.			(Type in plaintext or code)
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(9) SERIALIZED FILED JUL 1 7 1968			
			SERIALIZED FILED JUL 1 7 1968
	L		KA J
Approved: Sent M Per	Appro	ved·	Sent M Per

JN 157-9586

ADMINISTRATIVE:

UACB, additional inquiry is not being made in regard to information obtained from the Vicksburg, Miss., Credit Bureau, and the Vicksburg Police Department, concerning individuals who have the last name of WILLETT, as no information was contained in the file indicating that these individuals are now or were connected with Mississippi River Transportation, either by profession or for entertainment.

LEADS (UACB):

KANSAS CITY DIVISION

AT JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI

- 1. Will review the records of the Missour State Penitentiary to determine if an inmate by the name of (FNU) WILLETT, aka Mississippi, from Vicksburg, Miss., was incarcerated at the Penitentiary sometime following the death of JOHN F. KENNEDY:
- 2. Should a record of (FNU) WILLETT be located, will obtain complete background information and set out leads to have this individual interviewed concerning the allegations made by RAYMOND CURTIS.

FB1

Date: **7/11/68**

	A man errors as			
	AIRTEL	AIRMAIL (Priority)		
:		ii		
	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (44-38861)		
	FROM:	SAC, JACKSON (157-9586)		
	SUBJECT:	MURKIN		
	to the B	Re Bureau airtel, dated 7/5/68, and Jackson airteureau, dated 7/5/68.		
	of an LH	Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 11 copies		
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	2 - Jacks	son 44-100		
	JGW:bal	SEARCHEDINDEXED SERIALIZEDEILED		
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		*		
Appro	oved:	al Agent in Charge		

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1982 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, KANSAS CITY (44-760)

DATE: 7/18/68

FROM : SA JAMES B. KELLY

SUBJECT: MURKIN

On 7/11/68, CLAUDE MURPHY, rural route, Conway Springs, Kansas, advised that on 9/1/67 an individual closely resembling the photograph of JAMES EARL RAY that appears on I. O. number 4182, had come to his farm seeking employment. He stated that the man had given his name as JAMES McBRIDE. The man had stated that SAM ROWE, Sumner County Agent, Wellington, Kansas had referred him to MURPHY. The man had expressed a desire to earn \$50.00 to use in paying expenses to California to visit his wife and 13 year old daughter that were living somewhere in California.

He had hired McBRIDE as a laborer and had put him to picking and loading apples. McBRIDE had been a good worker and had appeared to know how to go about picking, packing, and loading fruit. He had paid McBRIDE at the end of the day on 9/1/67 and McBRIDE had left his farm to travel to Wichita, Kansas. On 9/2/67, McBRIDE had returned to his home at around 9:30 or 10:00 A. M., bearing cuts, scratches, and bruises. McBRIDE had claimed that the injuries were sustained in an automobile accident at Wichita, Kansas on the previous night, and that the reason for being late in returning had been that he (McBRIDE) had been required to appear in Municipal court as a witness. MURPHY stated that the injuries appeared to be the type that would more likely have been obtained in a fight, but that he had not pursued the matter with McBRIDE.

McBRIDE had worked the remainder of the day on 9/2/68 and had gone to bed in the bunk house occupied by RALPH POTTER, a full-time employee of MURPHY. At approximately 4:00 A. M., 9/3/68, McBRIDE had gotten up and left the premises and has not returned. A short time after McBRIDE had left, POTTER discovered that two twenty dollar bills and one ten dollar bill were missing from his billfold. On Monday, 9/4/68, he had notified the Sumner County Sheriff's Department, Wellington, Kansas, of the theft of the \$50.00.

He described McBRIDE as follows:

NAME RACE JAMES McBRIDE White

2 - Kansas City JBK



n U.C.; ni

AGE
HEIGHT
WEIGHT
BUILD
CLOTHING

30 to 34 5'-10" 175

Husky, chubby

Dirty white T-shirt, dark trousers,

cowboy boots

HAIR Dark

He stated that McBRIDE had no additional clothing and no luggage. McBRIDE was driving a white and black 1957 to 1960 Chrysler product; possibly a 1959 Plymouth; that was apparently in very poor mechanical condition.

Mrs. CLAUDE MURPHY and RALPH POTTER both agreed with the above description with the exception that they were of the opinion that McBRIDE had brown eyes. Mrs. MURPHY was of the opinion that McBRIDE could not be over 32 years of age and was possibly of Jewish or Syrian extraction. POTTER stated that McBRIDE appeared to be familiar with fruit picking and appeared to be of Mexican extraction. He was of the opinion that McBRIDE was in his early 30s.

On 7/12/68, EVELYN COCHRAN, Clerk Records Division, Wichita Police Department, and CATHY LIPSEY, Reporter, Wichita Credit Bureau, 212 S. Market, each advised that a search of their respective records was negative for any record identifiable with the name JAMES MCBRIDE. COCHRAN advised that she had made a specific search of records to ascertain the possibility of McBRIDE having been involved in an accident during the month of September, 1967, either as a driver or passenger, and that this search was negative. JAN O'HARA, Deputy, Records Division, Sedgwick County Sheriff's Department, advised that a search of records was negative for any record identifiable with the name JAMES McBRIDE.

On 7/15/68, SAM ROWE, County Agricultural Agent, Sumner County, Sumner County Courthouse, Wellington, Kansas, advised that he does recall referring an individual to the CLAUDE MURPHY farm on 9/1/67, and later being advised that this individual had stolen \$50.00 from MURPHY's hired hand. He stated that he had only seen the individual for a period of possibly five minutes and had understood the man to state that he was familiar with picking fruit, MURPHY had been looking for someone to assist in harvesting apples, so ROWE had mentioned this to the individual. The man had stated that he had been in the Wellington area previously and was familiar with the location of Conway Springs, so had not required extensive directions to reach the MURPHY farm.

He viewed a popy of I. O. number 4182 and stated that he could not recall that the individual had particularly resembled the photograph of JAMES EARL RAY appearing thereon. He stated that he does not recall what name the man was using and could not describe the man other than that he was very dark, having a dark complexion, dark hair, and dark eyes. He had been under the impression that the man was an itenerant farm worker.

On 7/15/68, BRAD CLUM, Deputy Sheriff, Sumner County, Wellington, Kansas, advised that he does recall having made an investigation at the CLAUDE MURPHY farm on 9/4/67, pertaining to the theft of \$50.00 from MURHPY's hired hand. He stated that he had been unable to locate any record of this investigation, but that he is sure that he had written a report at the time of the investigation. He can recall only that MURPHY had hired an individual to assist with picking and shipping apples and that the individual had stolen the money from a hired hand and apparently left the area. He recalled that the man had been described as a dark complexioned individual, possibly a Mexican.

Based on the descriptions of McBRIDE as being in his early 30s, having dark eyes, and complexion and appearance of a Syrian or Mexican; and the fact that other information available indicates that JAMES EARL RAY was in possession of an automobile completely different in make, model, and appearance of that in possession of McBRIDE, no further investigation is being conducted in an effort to identify JAMES McBRIDE with JAMES EARL RAY.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO

: SAC, KANSAS CITY (44-760)

DATE: 7/18/68

14-760-1107

FROM : SA JAMES B. KELLY

SUBJECT: MURKIN

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Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

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Dirty white T-shirt, dark trousers,

cowboy boots

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FBI ST LOUIS

1:14 PM URGENT 7-17-68 DCJ

TO: DIRECTOR (44-38861)(MAIL)

KANSAS CITY (44-760)

FROM: ST. LOUIS (44-775)

MURKIN, RE: CLIFFORD W. EDMONDSON

RE KANSAS CITY AIRTEL, JULY TWELVE LAST, AND BUAIRTEL,
JULY FIFTEEN LAST.

RECORDS MPRC, SLMO, REVEAL EDMONDSON, AFSN

SERVED IN USAF JUNE TWENTYFIVE
FIFTYSIX TO JULY TWENTYSIX FIFTYEIGHT AND DISHONORABLY DISCHARGED AS AIRMAN THIRD CLASS PURSUANT TO SENTENCE OF GENERAL
COURT-MARTIAL.

ON DEC. TWELVE FIFTY SEVEN EDMONDSON WAS CONVICTED BY

GENERAL COURT-MARTIAL AT GOOSE AFB, LABRADOR, FOR ON OR ABOUT

JUNE TWENTYTHREE SIXTY SEVEN, WITH PRE-MEDITATION, MURDERED

ANOTHER AIRMAN, BY MEANS OF SHOOTING HIM WITH A FORTYFIVE

CALIBER PISTOL. SENTENCED DISHONORABLE DISCHARGE, FORFEITURE

END PAGE ONE

1 FBI KANSAS CITY

PAGE TWO

SL 44-775

OF ALL PAY AND ALLOWANCES, AND CONFINEMENT AT HARD LABOR FOR
THE TERM OF HIS NATURAL LIFE, HOWEVER, ON OCT. TEN SISTYSEVEN
PURSUANT TO DIRECTION OF SECRETARY OF AIR FORCE, FINDINGS
AND SENTENCE WERE SET ASIDE. HE WAS RELEASED FROM CONFINEMENT
AT MEDICAL CENTER FOR FEDERAL PRISONERS, SPRINGFIELD, MO.

PARANOID TYPE, CHRONIC, WITH ACUTE EXACERBATION AS CHARACTERIZED BY AN INDIVIDUAL WITH A LIFE HISTORY WHICH DEMONSTRATES THE ENCIPIENT SEEDS OF A SCHIZOPHRENIC TYPE PERSONALITY WITH THE EVIDENCE OF MOUNTING PARANOID TYPE OF REACTION THROUGHOUT THE YEARS CULMINATING IN A GROSS PSYCHOTIC DISORGANIZATION AT THIS TIME WITH ONLY PARTIAL AMALIORATION SEEN CURRENTLY."

RECORDS INDICATED EDMONDSON HAD MADE TO SUICIDE ATTEMPTS AND THAT IN SIXTYTHREE ELECTROSHOCK THERAPY WAS INITIATED FOLLOWING SELF-MUTILATION ATTEMPT.

DETAILED AIRTEL FOLLOWS.

AIRMAIL COPY SENT MEMPHIS.

IN VIEW OF THE CRIME FOR WHICH EDMONDSON CONVICTED AND HIS MENTAL CONDITION HE SHOULD BE APPROACHED WITH CAUTION.

P.

END

PHM

FBI KAN CITY

TUe

FBI ST LOUIS

1:14 PM URGENT 7-17-68 DCJ

TO: DIRECTOR (44-38861) (MAIL)

KANSAS CITY (44-760)

FROM: ST. LOUIS (44-775)

MUHKIN. KE: CLIFFORD W. EDMONDSON

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SEARCHEDINDEXED.

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FBI - KANSAS CITY

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SL 44-775

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PHM

FBI KAN CITY

TUE

SAC, MEMPHIE (44-1987)

7/19/68

SAC, KANSAS CITY (44-760) (P)

MORKIN CB CO: MEMPHIS

Re Memphis sirtel to Kansas City, 7/8/68, requesting Mansas City to identify occupants at 621 Appleton Drive, Joplin, Missouri.

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOSEPH V. JACKSON:

AT JOBLIN, MISSOURI

On 7/12/68, a review of Polk's City Directory for Joplin, 1967 Edition, revealed there is no Appleton Drive set out in the street guide of that directory for Joplin, Missouri, nor is there any street or drive with a similar name.

On 7/12/68, REVERLY K. JOHES, dispatcher, Police Department, advised the map of the City of Joplin maintained by her office does not indicate an Appleton Drive or any street or drive with a similar name.

On 7/12/68; CLIFFORD ROR, Assistant Superintendent of Mails, Main Post Office, advised there is so Appleton Drive or any street or drive with a similar name at Joplin.

From above inquiries, it is obvious the address \$21 Appleton Drive, Joplin, Missouri, is non-existant; therefore, no additional inquiry in that regard is warranted,

2 - Mouphis 2 - Kansas City Managan

2/1-7/10-1/5

SAC. MEMPHIS (44-1987)

7/19/61

BAC, KANSAS CITY (44-760) (P)

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2 - Notable - Annes City Enth say (1)

44-760-119

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1952 EDITION GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

то 🔑:

SAC, KANSAS CITY

DATE: 7/17/68

FROM :

SAC, NEW ORLEANS (157-10673)

SUBJECT:

MURKIN

New Orleans has conducted extensive investigation in an attempt to determine if JAMES EARL RAY was in contact with any resident of the New Orleans area, during the time that he was in New Orleans from December 17 - 19, 1967, and also when he passed through New Orleans on or about 3/21/68. To date, this investigation has met with negative results. According to CHARLES STEIN, who accompanied RAY on a trip from Los Angeles, California, to New Orleans in December, 1967, RAY alleged his purpose in coming to New Orleans was on business and to contact an individual.

Up to the time RAY escaped from the Missouri State Penitentiary (MSP), Jefferson City, Missouri, in April, 1967, he had spent the better part of the previous ten to twelve years incarcerated either at the MSP or the U. S. Penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kansas.

Working on the theory that possibly RAY, while in New Orleans, may have contacted a former fellow inmate that he knew at either of the above institutions, New Orleans contacted various state and Federal parole and probation officers as well as officers of the NOPD, in an attempt to determine if these persons knew the identities of any former inmates of the above institutions who might be residing in New Orleans. These inquiries met with negative results.

Kansas City is requested to advise New Orleans if it is known whether there are any persons who were inmates at the above instigutions during the time RAY was incarcerated

(2)- Kansas City (RM)

1 - Memphis (Info.) (RM)

2 - New Orleans

SMC - cst

(5)

Handle

Howe

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

NO 157-10573

at at the time they were released gave a New Orleans address for residence.

7/17/68

SAC, KANSAS CITY

SAC, NEW ORLEANS (157-10673)

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(5)

44-760-1160 A NO 157-10573

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COAL CENTER OF PRISONS

SPECIAL PROGRESS REPORT EDMUNDSON, Clifford W.

Committed Name

Date

REFERE OF REUROPSICHIATRIC MARKETER LIVE

I. REASON FOR COMMITMENT: This 21-year old, single Negro male is serving a life sentence for premeditated murder of a fellow Air Force companion. Sentence began 12-12-57 at Leavenworth Barracks and the patient was transferred to Terro Haute on 8-25-59 because of intransigent inadaptability. Because of continuing aggressive and impulsively uncontrolled activity, the patient was transferred to Leavenworth on 9-10-60 where he displayed evidences of increasing psychic disorganization and was accordingly cordified as psychotic and transferred to the Medical Genter on 11-23-60 with a diagnosis of Schizophrenic Manction, Perenoid Typo, Acute.

II. SOURCES OF IMPORTATION: (a) The patient who is considered only partially reliable because of the confusion inherent in his scute psychotic opisods as well as the underlying anxieties the patient has conserming his intrapsychic functioning. (b) Institutional records. (c) Questionnaires from his mother. (d) Transcripts of official military proceedings our rounding the instant offeres.

III. FAILT HISTORY: The patient's mother has led a turbulent life. It ago 17 she had the illegitimate older brother to the patient. At age 19 she bore the petient who was also illegitimate. Six months later she married but was divorced within a year. She subsequently has had four husbands, the farst three of which were ussuccessed ful. The fourth husband, however, turned into a stable marital puriner and there has been a stable home both cocially and economically for the past ton years. During this time a helf-eleter has been born to the marriage and the family now lives in assentably comfortable social economic circumstances. The social history of the methor reveals that she was an unstable, irresponsible, nervous woman who was a chronic alcoholic in her lato "teen years. She acknowledges that she drank heavily and maintained a very unstable home for approximately ten years. During the early years of the patient he was placed in several foster homes in succession and would frequently live with his grandmother for short periods of time. One of his earliest usmories is being in an orphenage and the jamitor threatening to threw he and his brother in the furnace because they were misbohaving. During this period the children were removed from the mother she being declared an unfit parent. However when the petitent was five the mother regained custody of the two hows and they intermittently lived with the mother, the grandmother and relatives. The patient's memory of his life up till age 10 is one of check, insecurity, anniety, belolese ness, dependency and fructrated anger and unreceptive love, Records indicate that the patient and his brother would frequently keep the home together by working at odd jobs to provide for their can clothes and food. The patient recalls from a vivid memory of his mother standing maked in the kitchen while she was dead drunk throwing dishes out the window. Desing such as this, the patient recalls with a good deal of anxiety, hostility and guilty love. Suffice to say that the patient's childhood until ago 10 was marked by lack of any father figure whatsoever and a very chaotic ambivalent mother figure whose relationship to the boy is most evidently traumatic. The records indicate that when the patient was 10 the mother quite suddenly reformed and deased her alcoholic patient of living, settled down to a stable marital existence with her fourth husband tod became deeply and devoutly religious. She has continued this quite respectable adjustment throughout the ensuing ten years. However, it is apparent that the

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The patient and his older brother were constant companions throughout infancy and childhood. He states that he and his brother were always gottling in flights and that he could usually provoke his brother to become angry at him. However he recollections that he, the patient, would win the fights when he grow older, his brother would win the fights. His sarliest childhood memory conters around an Easter egg hunt in which his brother found all the eggs and he found none. That there are does coated heatile, competitive codipal strivings with the brother is menifost in much of the material. He mentions that his brother has at the present time twin illegitimate children but has not semmed any responsibilities and continues to live at home with the mother. Hocords indicate that the brother has a probable componitel hip deformity and hence partially empoled. He has not completed school and has been in minor difficulties. Records indicate also that the patient was often quite ispulsively aggressive toward the older brother trying to stab him with a broken betale at age 5 and lover with a dark and whom lo, attempted to kill his brother with a broken bottle which the brother provented by overpowering the patient. Toward the younger half-slater the patient does not express his hestilities consciously but in some of his prior recorded psychotic letters there are neary evident heatile allumious to the coreted position the young daughter maintains within the sheltered stable household growled for her which has and was dealed to the patient.

The patient furthermore in his psychotic unterial of his letters reveals marked embivalent feelings toward his mother. He, at this tirm, consciously relates that he has both love and hate for his mother and that he cannot decipher which of theme feelings is the strongest and most important to him. He does however state that his mother hates him and that he feels this most accuredly especially since he hears her voice tolking to him and talling him very bad things. As we approach those arous of his nother's attitude toward him and his reciprocal emotions, the patient becomes exceedingly tense, begins to display a good doal of confision and begins to act much more disorganized in his mental functioning. Honce we may assume that the patient's relationship to his brother is the area of probable gross paychousthology. This will be of importance in considering the crimethe patient committed.

IV. PERSONAL HISTORY: Apparently the patient was been after a 32-hour leber and the mother states he was waak and sickly as a baby. He refused to eas any whing except wilk until six months old and then the mother would withhold wilk until ho would willingly take any food offered to him. She notes that he was slow to talk because of stuttering, even in infancy, and only began to walk at 14 montes. was, however, easily toilet trained. The mother notes that as he began school he was noted as a shy, retiring, timid child who made friends wery slowly and tonded to remain withdrawn within himself. Throughout childhood he had frequent attacks of asthus, virus infections and minor maladies which the mother says he bord quit; well until he reached the 'teen age years at which time he began to become were consensed about his physical condition and become procecupied with his recurrent illerance being very anxious about the state of his health. It is noted that he disregarded the health of the rost of his family, however. The patient made stoody orogiess in

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school although he was frequently picked on by the larger boys and was often involved in fights and scraps. It is noted that he often seemed to taunt or tantalize people into anger toward him and that he himself was always known to be prone to impulsive outburets of anger and acting out aggressive behavior. The patient seemed to resent discipline as a shild and when punished would always retaliate. It was noted that when he would be slapped he would slap back and if this continued he would always get the lest map in against his mother. She also noted that he would frequently Saunt her to see how for he could push her before being severely puniched. She notes that/she punished him only lightly he would continue to flourt her until she gave him a severe thrashing at which time he would them room to be properly chastoned and behave properly for awhile. Although the patient was pushed exound by the more aggressive children, as he came to his vecen ago years he began to become the urgressive dominant person himself and by the time he entered high senect was known to the school authoribies as a rubber aggressive juvenile. He was brought to the attention of juvenile authorities rather frequently ever a period of ages 12 to 15 usually because of street juvenile gang activities such as streetnalking, street fights, violeting curfow and general insolonce. The peace officers report that the boy had a coultry ship on his shouldes abilitude and would not form any repport with authorities and meintoired aloof reserve without epperent concern. Finally at age 16 he was expelled from high school along with covered other boys because of their intronsigent belligorout abilitude and constant posty minbehavior in the school. It was felt that their chronic, antiposial attitudes and behavior would seem involve them in carious difficulties. The mother however notes that during this time of his early "terms he was always very polity and cooperative at home and always contributed to the welfare and care of the home and coaned to have a very protective concern for ler welfare and for the sustenance of the home functioning. He would help with the chares and volunteer for tasks requested of him and worked regularly at several edd jobs to contribute to his own support. It is also noted that the patient wan an existensly nervous child who was noted to wet the bed, be insommiac, would often run away from home to his grandmother's but would quickly return on his own accord. Interestingly the patient claims that he had a nervous breakdown shortly after his mother remarried for the fourth time and that he had to be taken to a hospital. We might surmine that this "mervous broakdown" was an acute reaction of the boy to a competitor in the form of the new fonter-father. Juvenila authorities report that the mother was always quite concerned about the boy but that the step-father was rather blase and diffident about the whole matter. The mother reports that there was constant friction in the home during all this time contening around rivalry between the two boys and also friction between them and the step-father.

parents! consent. We finished basic training without incident and wont to Myoning for clarical training. While there he became involved in the instant offense with a training instructor whom he alleged hit him in the storach and physically abused him. He was found to be carrying a reser blade in a block of wood with which to alleged he would slit the officer to pieces were he to ever approach him again. This incident apparently was accepted without further comment and the patient was

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transferred to the Joses Air Force Base in Labrador, There, as elaborategin the Writing proceedings, the patient very quickly developed animosities - and ranger between himself and his fellow workers and superiors. They noted that he often acted rather biserre and strange. He was noted to frequently forget things, to wander off his job or to perform tacks contrary to explicit instructions just given him. He claims coveral times that he would pass out when he was about to become involved in some assoultive behavior and was known as a mondy, impulsive, withdrawn, depressed individual. On the evening prior to the effense the patient was in a eacteen when an argument areas between him and another fellow concerning the pathont's descing and playing his records too loudly in his race. The patient says he called the other men a lier who replied Tyour nother. The patient says that he felt this was an insult and slur to his nother and his first impulga was to hit the man. However, controlling himself, he decided that he would kill him. That night he obtained a pistol, a rifle and a knife and the following morning proceeded to kill the man. However another soldier happened into the patient's vey and he shot him instead. Stating that he had to get this follow out of the way so he could kill the man he wanted to kill, he choosing the one coldler mercly because he was in his way. The pathon's has given many different encounts of specily hat happened although he has nover proffered a reason so far as any records show. However he now states that he had a list of things for which he lived for and on this list was his girl friend and his mother. Shoutly before the offense his girl wrote him saying th to she was no longer going to continue corresponding with him. He states that when this fellow east appersions upon his mother that this removed the only other thing from his list worth living for and that he was roady to dies. He states that he has been wendering whether it was worth living for quite a while and that this ended it all. One may infor that the prilent rescied se violently to the alleged incult to his mother because it pin-peloted the fact that he had indeed massive hasbile aggressive impulses toward ble own methor which he could not consciensly accept and honce there was a strong need for him to kill the man who had expressed his own unacceptable conscious desires of death toward his own mother. It is noteworthy that the patient had propored a list of eight fellow officers and soldiers whom he was going to bill because they had been making insults and allighting remarks concerning him. That an innocent bystander was killed rather than the real. offender is not perticularly surprising in view of the fact that the patient's hestilities were actually an expression of his own solf-anger which he needed to express against somebody else since he could not empress them against himself and we see indeed that he had been bettling with his own sukeidal wishes for some time prior to the murder he conmitted. Hence we can see the actual murder as being an alternative to his exa suicide and he was in fact making a quicide gesture since murder would mean that no would be ameauted.

The patient was brought to the U. S. for triel and after the adjudication of the court and sentencing he was incorporated at Leavenworth Banracks and has been in the various Federal institutions since.

Y. PHISICAL & WURSLOGICAL EXAMINATION:

The patient has a negative physical history except for complaints of failing eyesight and the patient has a recorded loss of visual amity 20/4000S and 10 000 which he claims has only commenced since incarceration. Because of this be a soute it may be on a hysterical basis must be ruled out and we are having ophishalactorical

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consultation. The neurological history and examination are are the rest of the physical examination.

VI. PRESENT ILLMESS: is has been noted, the patriont had a very traumatic childhood with a very pathological mother figure and no father figure. We see early in life the seeds of personality formation beginning to form. Early in life he is noted to have been aggressive and impulsive with very poor control of his aggressive hostile impulses. Furthermore there is a very embiralent nother figure who is the only source of support and yet is a repolling, rojecting, despicable figure the is bereelf dependent on her cons. Hovertheless she is the mother end must be leved despite for unloveblences. To add to this the mother is openly proveceding to the boys in a sexual manner such as is seen in the pattent's mother standing nahed. It is not surprising them that we find very intense rivalry between the patient and his older brother with attempts to kill the brother repostedly noted in the patient's history. Her is it surprising now to made the unconscious hostility toward the yourgen half-sister who occupies the position that the ortion to covets and yet cannot here. We note that the patient is a mickly baby which developed chemly and has many neurotic mannerisms during infancy and early childhood with meny psychosometic complete s and that when the faces ago years come here is a boy who becomes hyposhondriconi. in his solf-concors. Parthermore to note a shy, diffident, timis individual the has difficulty making Irlands and is bullied by other prople. Later again as he exerged into adolessones we find the bimidity being compensated for by open aggressiveness. Of mose is the fact that the mother unites that the patient had many girl friends with whom he would very easily and deeply fall in leve. He would give them empending process and would often give them every cont that he had in the poster and would be arthorbitant in lowishing gifts upon them. The sound states that the girls work often had very little affection for him but that he would seen to elaset knock himself out in arring to demonstrate his everywheling love for the girl friend. A rether obvious displacement of effection on to the girle as the mother figure would even to be appropos hore. To netod, we see a boy the has down had any satisfactory midals from which to learn ego control and as a matter of fast has rather apily copied the alcoholie uncontrollable ego of the infantile nother which is a hedomistic ego. Therefore up are not surprised to find him demonstrating antisocial hehavior during his theen age yours are we surprised to find that he demonstrates very poor of control of his hostile and aggressive impulses while in the service and the development of feelings of enspicion, persocution and hostility from other people with a projection on to other people of his own hostility boward them. The dynamics of ide behavior resulting in the murder have been elucidated.

Following the murder the patient was even by a paychistrict in Labrador win made a diagnosis of Schicophronic Roselion, Paramoid Type, Chronic, Severe and was of the opinion that the patient was psychotic and incorpotent. Accordingly the patient was transferred to the States and while enroute was very disturbed, confused and apparently disordered although full records are not available. Herever, the patient finally arrived at Shaphard Air Perco Base where further psychiatric examination was performed by a second psychiatrict who felt what the patient represented an extremely severe behavior or character disorder who was close to mild psychiatric. It was the second psychiatrics's epinion that the patient was severely fill but probably competent. At the time of trial, the first psychiatrics who had seen the patient in

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Labrador maintained his original diagnosis of payenotic mental illiness but felt it was not of such a degree as to render the patient incompetent because of the fact that the patient had planned the murder before hand and had also planned to kill the eight officers and soldiers. He maintained the diagnosis of Paranoid Schisophrenia however. The only other opinion was rendered by a physician who saw the petiont just after the time of offense for a brief period of time and thought that he represented a parancid schizophronic as well as a major character disorder. Following the trial in which it was concluded that the octions was mentally competent and know mish's from wrong, to was consensed to life, the said tostations being portered and accorded by tie residing of Marane, open addiceston of Louvermonth harrocke the partient presented - Firm tures childish behavior with an inability to remain on one jeb for any length of time, requiring close supervision and usable to refrain from juverile acidance behavior. His attitude varied from poor to very good deponding upon the particular supervicors or the job. He resolved a number of behavior records for flighting, insolence and disobedience thich finally resulted in his Gransfor to Popre House after the payellabriet of Leavenworth Barracks felt that the patient represented a case of emotionelly immediate personality disorder which is to say a semispath who is emotionally immature. Upon arrival at Terre Heute the patient continued his former bolligarons chip on the shoulder attitude provoking other people to fights, frequently being involved in impulaive aggreeative beinvior which was very remealecant often of his boharior at the time of the surger. The payellistrist at Terre House moted bast the patient was seclusive and tended to concent his thoughts and was not too couperablive with poychiatric exemination. Because of his continued adverse behavior the patient was transferred to Larvonworth whore shortly after education he was noted to be mondy, deprended, expressing cuicidal thoughts and was transferred to the psychiatric unit for electropedies. There he became progressively more disorganized, began to bave auditory and visual holducinations, became grosaly disorganized and did not respond to acute tranquilizing thorapy. He was accordingly cordified as paychobic with a diagnosis of Schisophrenic Recetion, Asute Parasoid Type and was transferred to the Medical Center. Upon arrival at the Medical Center the patient was placed in the source treatment word where he repidly reorganized himself although there were evidences that he had continuing auditory hollucinations. The patient meanined withdraws and sealuative without revealing much of his thought content to the different paychistricte. He has since that time progressed slowly through three of the maximum security uplies to the most liberal regime available under maximum supervision. Only now has he began to demonstrate some of the more juvenile, immature demanding eggressive behavior that has been recorded in the past since up to this time he has been very passive, quiet, withdrawn and obsequious in his behavior.

in pature and he continues to have auditory hallucinations which he dealer. We would consider this men actively and still acutely paychotic suffering from a pasumoid type of schizophrenic reaction. More important than the patient's actual mental status at this time, however, is the longitudinal picture of this man's illustration of the parameter apparent at this time that what has superficielly on the surface apparent to be a sociopathic type of personality has in actuality been a longer tarm chronic parameter schizophrenic reaction which was perhaps in a more inclided state in antition

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years and we see now blossoming the more overt and estious manifestations of militimess. It is a rather most point as to whether he was competent at the time of his offense or at the time of trial since the patient received several psychiatric examinations. It would seem from this vantage point that the patient has been rather obviously a chronic parameted schizophrenic for most of his life but to what extent it actually interfered with his competency and responsibility is something that cannot be determined at this time and from what we see of the patient it would appear that any such determination must be made at the moment such as was indeed actually done at the time of trial quite adequately.

as ward doeber and in interview sessions as well as the administration of psychological materials. The patient is a tell, nuccular Megro make in excellent physical condition with a slight obecity because of tranquilizing regime. The patient very superficially appears to be in good contact but then obviously demonstrates marked numbery and very tenuously controlled personality organization upon aloner seruting. There is marked psychomotor spitation throughout the interviews and when the patient begins to become pressed, repidly disintegrates into stuttering, stumenting and automatic motions. Prequently his thought patterns are broken by autistic pressinguish and frequently the patient displays marked inappropriate model aliabes and cries spentaneously throughout the interviews. Respect is satisfied and mulnitained only by the use of massive support medianizes by the exceptable for pottlent maintain and integrably throughout the interviews. Here not take support maintained the patient would frequently throughout the interviews. Here not take support maintained the patient would frequently layer into gross payenoblastly disorganized relationships and only by the external ego support is he able to maintain a coherent relationships.

The patient's perceptual processes demonstrate hyperalertones to the interview of the interview by his own purposeupation and autistic thought. He is only tensously extented to thus and place and certainly is confused and anxious about his own percent with evidences of inherent deportualization very close to the surface. He admits to me on an off memons that he had marked hellucinatory experiences at night which are extremely threatening to his ego integrity and then later he vehencently denies his admission since he fears that he will be given shock treatment if he admits hellucinations. The hellucinations center around (1) his mother's denied of him, (2) the assumptory heatile feelings of the with messes at his trial and (3) the anguished order of the man he markered.

The patient's intellectual functioning demonstrates an excellent memory for recent and remote events although this is frequently contaminated by his our scaletons suppression of very psychically conflicting and desiruative meterial such as his nemories of the distorted pathological figure of his mother when he alternately laves and halos. At the present time he is able to bring things into memory only after the exeminer gives him appoint and the patient is able to appreach threatening material via circumstantial avenues. His store of knowledge is commencurate with a WAS IQ of 106 and he demonstrates an acceptable store of knowledge compatible with about an eighth grade education. His reage and type of ideas are markedly constrained.

EDMUNDSON, CLIFFORD W. Reg. No. Committed Name He completely dismisses anything that has happened prior to his incarceration, feeling that he had never lived before thickine and there are repeated evidences of conscious impoverishment of his thought material. He is constantly preoccupied with the hallucinatery volces which speak to him and the obsessions be has conversing his own hostility and aggression. The patheat does not confebulate at this time nor does be present any delusionary material although he cortainly feels at times persocuted and maligned by authority. His functional aspects of intellectual functioning demonstrate some rigidity of thought pattern although chiefly there is noted the psychomotor retardation, the very frequent antiety provoked blocking and the marked over-eymbolination and over-determined responded that he prosents. In general the patient's intellectual functioning is well preserved and done not show the gross and obvious distortions of schizophrenic dicorganization but are rather the distortions of interpersonal perception and intrapers mal acceptance such as we see in the paramoid type of schicophrents reaction. His emotional responses are rotarded and inappropriate at times with burnte of laughter and flights of thought with alternating periods of wooding, self-depresation and at other times hestility, suspiciousness, withdraml and apprehensiveness. In his relationship to other secole he reveals withdrawal, hestility, survicionsnoss, instillity to form report with projection of his our feelings on to other people leading to facilings of percocution and hervilling. The patient feels that he was being made into a homocommunal at Leavenmonth and voices many strong feelings of personation in regards to racial projudice. He decies may prior honoscaual experiences or savivide which one might expect in the scute paychotic state which he is in. Contraction.co as another consequent persons to would possibly be more homosogmed were to be become recome stituted engine The patient has a good doel of current endety in part engondered by his newlyo hallucinatory experiences as well as his limited ability to control aggression or relate successfully to other people. The pottions has used Tlight or Tlight mechanisms to dool with uncomfortable situations and no see his surrous flight into illness as a way of escaping from expresents bestalling tee epoply toward other people. The patient is embivalently born in his acceptance bonned his illaces engagesing at times a demire to be helped and at other times fearful of the implications of mental illases. The pathont's reclity contact at the present time is very tennous indeed. He is caught up ighis own ambivalency toward his mother, his ambivalency toward authority, his inability to devolop an adequate paychesenual identification and he is loaded down with massive guilt feelings which he has contexing around his aggression toward his mother. This leaves either one of two plinations; either he internalizes the guilt and aggrassion upon himself which produces more psychotic disorganisation or ulso he organized himself more efficiently and expresses his hostilly externor. I toward his environment. Either one of these colutions which he wous is colf-dictrustive and hence the petient is caught in a perpetuating triangle of affaire. The pathons

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is presently better organized than at the time of his initial acute disorganization at Leavenworth but he continues to maintain personality organization only at the expense of great psychic effort and very limited internal economy.

WITT. FURWHATTON: This is a 21-year old, single Negro male doing life for promeditated murder. He was the second illegitimate son born to a weema who was
irresponsible and alcoholis for approximately ten years of the patient's life producing
a very chaotic and heatic home life for the patient. The incipient seeds of a
paraneld schizophranic personality are repeatedly decomented from earliest tailtheed.
The chief paychopathology is centered around the pathent's own subivalence toward
the mother figure which culminated in the instant offcase which we murder of a bother
soldler. Psychically this represents an expression of the hestility which he had toward
his mother being expressed for him by another individual. Since this expressed the
patient's own hestility he surfered as an expression of his hestility rather than
committing suicide. Following the estions's incarecration he has demonstrated javentle
immaturity, belligarent attitude, withinowal, coclusive mich and progressive parchie
disorganization until he at last because governly psychotic. The patient at the present
time makes only a tenuous contact with reality and is striving hard to maintain a
marginal personality integration.

II. DIAGNOSIS: 600-x2h Schisophronic Meschion, Paranold Type, chronic, with a scute exacerbation as characterized by an individual with a life history which demonstrates the incipions seeds of a schizophronic type perconcliby with the evidence of mounting paranold type of reaction throughout the years culminating in a gross psychotic disorganization at this time with only partial amplioration cost currently.

A. AECO: MENDATIONS: This young Nogro is severely modelly ill with gress personality disorganization. As formulated above, our therepeatic aims must be aimed at breaking the perpotuating circle of guilt induced aggression toward cither himself or his environment. This would include developing some rapport with the patient or that he can form acceptable relationship with a parental curregate honce recolving some of the intense embivalency which he feels at the present time. Further therecoulds efforts might be bent toward devoloping some accordance of the mother thich the patient continues to have large amounts of hestility toward. Wors this to happen we could aneliorate some of the internalised aggression and heree increase personality organization and a larger degree of celf-acceptance. Moving accomplished this goal is would then be possible to start a program of ago strongthoning of his externally directed aggression toward authority and perental symbols. This means that the patient is going to seed long term supportive and later interpretive therapy which he seems to have the intelloctual equipment to handle. First efforts must be directed toward amplionating his more paychetic muchanisms of defense and sharing up his masser ago resources. It is envisionated that the pathent will require well defined limite for some time until and and his ego develops more adequately.

E. MARSELL PATTISON, M. D. Staff Psychiatrist

ECP : 15 3-6-61

CURRENT DA TOR RESTORATION, CLEMENCY AND INTULE REVIEW	
I_X	
LAST NAME - FIRST NAME - MIDDLE INITIAL SE	RVICE NUMBER EXPIRATION DATE INSTITUTION Med Center
EDMONDSON, CLIFFORD W.	I I
CONFINEMENT DATA (Conduct and adjustment, work assignment	
PRESENT: Edmondson has experienced extreme difficulty in effecting an adequate	
overall institutional adjustment during the past year. He has been very	
unppredictable, impulsive, and in all probability has at least been border- line psychotic at times. At the present time he is vocationally unassigned	
PSYCHIATRIC DIAGNOSIS (Include IQ, intelligence classification and profile) (over)	
PSYCHIATRIC REPORT: DIAGNOSIS: Schizophrenic Reaction. Patient currently on 2-1-E	
for "Administrative reasons". Symptoms include: Blunting of affect, compulsivity,	
self-righteousness and grandiosity. Paralogia, Rationalization. Intellectualiza-	
tion.	
Impression: Patient remains mentally ill and should be hospitalized. I do not feel	
parole is indicated at this time.	
DISCIPLINARY BARRACKS BOARD VOTES	COMMANDANT RECOMMENDS
7 RESTORATION TYES NO	RESTORATION YES NO
CLEMENCY YES NO	SEEMENCY YES NO
PAROLE YES NO	PAROLE YES NO
RESTORATION DESIRE NOT INDICATED	
US PROBATION OFFICER RECOMMENDS	FEDERAL CLASSIF #CATION COMMITTEE RECOMMENDS
RESTORATION TYES NO	N/C RESTORATION TYES NO
CLEMENCY YES NO DATE PAROLED OR CONDITIONAL RELEASE	CLEMENCY YES X NO
N/A SENTENC	SRS/mew/AIF: 6 Jul 66
	MCDD 6 1 CI-11 Me
CONFINEMENT DA-Conduct and adjustment, work assignment unit in order to participate in insti- PRESENT: Transferred to lesser, structural unit in order to participate in insti-	
PRESENT: Transferred to lesser, structural unit in other to participate	
tution employment and other programs. Attitude cooperative-caused no problems	
EMPLOYMENT: Ward Orderly until 27 Jun 67-interested in self-improvement, taking	
school courses-assigned as typist on 27 data 671 addition	
PSYCHIATRIC DIAGNOSIS (Include IQ. intelligence classification and profile))	
D LAGNOSIS: Being seen in individual therapy.	
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DISCIPLINARY BARRACKS BOARD VOTES	COMMANDANT RECOMMENOS
RESTORATION YES NO.	RESTORATION TES NO
CLEMENCY YES NO	CLEMENCY TES DO
PAROLE VES NO	FAROLE YES NO
US PROBATION OFFICER RECOMMENDS	FEDERAL CLASSIFICATION COMMITTEE RECOMMENDS
RESTORATION YES NO	RESTORATION TES TO THE
CLEMENCY TES NO	CLEMENCY TES ON
S'INTEN	CED ADJUDGED CIS/OCH ATE: 18 Tul 67
N/A CLS/act Alf: 10 Jul 07	
PMG(K) FORM NR. 95-1 REPLACES EDITION OF 1 APR 58, WHICH MAN BE USED- CAS A 17518	

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NEMENT DATA CONT'D:

housed on our acute treatment unit. During the past year he has received several rese behavior reports for refusing to move to designated area; fighting another ent, plus housed in maxium security units for control. He is ingratiating manipulative in interviews and attempts to play different disciplines against rest to achieve his needs being gratified. In May, 1966, he was observed sleeping outside office after allegedly, in company of another patient, to have made a homicidal at against the patient being interviewed. After he wrote a note to another patient cating that he had a knife secreted in his shoe and he planned to use it on one of staff members. A knife was found in his shoes as he indicated. In summary, andson has required approximately 45 ward changes, 13 job assignments, and has required me um security housing for approximately 20 months since his admission here in 1960. Orically he has shown evidence of depression and has made two suicide attempts. In electro shock therapy was initiated following self-mutilation attempt.

ODY: Acute treatment unit, or in max. security housing.

CONFINEMENT DATA CONT'D:

complies with authority of necessity not willingness.

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MEDICAL CENTER FOR PRIDERAL PRISONERS

Springfield Missouri

SPECIAL PROGRESS REPORT

Committed Name

Reg. No. 13218.

Date 18 106

MILITARY CLEMENCY REVIEW

Edmondson, a 27-year old single-Megro male, continues to serve a 35-year sentence imposed by military court martial for murder. His adjusted release date with lost and extra good time is 4-17-81. Sentence expires full term on 12-11-92. There are no devainers on File.

Edmondson continued in residence in the institution's Maximum Security Unit from 5-3-66 to 8-22-66, at which time he was transferred to a unit of relatively close structure, but one from which he could leave daily in order to participate in institutional employment and other programs. During his residence in Maximum Security, he was reviewed on two occasional by the Psychiatriac Treatment Planning Council held on 3-15-67; recommendations-transfer to a unit of relatively less structure, work assignment as unit Orderly, continus resident on that unit until personnel determine his preparedness to transfer to a more open unit, and medication and referal to Maximum Security physician will be the primary responsibility of the physician on his unit of residence. Since his transfer to a moderately structure: unit, the patientsunit supervisor states that he is in fact, no problem to the unit. A positive behavioral difference was noted, and he has created no trouble among innates or officers. His attitude toward those with whom he comes in contact has been one of companie tion. Edmondson functioned as ward Orderly until 6-27-67. His work supervisor stated than he held duties of general sanitation and performed these duties well. He accepts responsible bility well although the opinion was presented that his compliance with authority was motivated only by necessity, not by willingness. An interest in self-improvement was indicated by his frequent studying in the unit. The education department states that he is presently enrolled in bookkeeping, Algebra I, and Economics. His intentions are approximaly of self-improvement, and designed to improve occupational skills. Edmondson received his high school diploma from the Lake Shore High School in May, 1967. Beta IQ sccre is 🕮 On 6-27-67, he was assigned as typist to the Parols Record's Office. He has thus far functioned satisfactorily in that position. This is a job requiring skill as a competent typist and recorder. The volume of work is at times quite heavy, and Edmondson has handled this challenge well, displaying no evidence of stress. He has received approidmately four visits from family members since the time of his 1966 review. The Catholic Chaplin states that Edmondson has been attending services every Sunday. He has done conce siderable reading regarding the Catholic Church.

Since his release from Maximum Security, Edmondson has made definite attempts to involve himself in institution programs which would provide him educational and vocational devolutement, as well as insight into numerous personality problems. There is no doubt, much manipulative behavior in evidence, however this behavior is directed toward positive gos. There has been no report of adverse behavior within the past year, and his known associations are not with a homosexual element. His contention is that he is becoming aware then his life will not be spent entirely in penal institutions, and the longer his behavior is adverse, there exists the possibility that his institution time may be extended. This present approach to institutionalization may well reverse itself in the future through psychotic deterioration, however at this time, it is this writers impression that Edmonds som is making a considerate effort for self-improvement vocationally, educationally, and through the acceptance, reluctant as it may be, that he does have psychiatric problems tempounded by a great amount of time yet to be served.

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