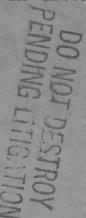
FD - 248 (REV. 4-13-40)



A. S. Department of Justice

(MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE)

FIELD OFFICE FILE FOIPA PROGESSED

FEDERAL BUREAU

FOR HISTORICAL DECLASSIFICATION

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INVESTIGATION

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PP HI ME MM

P 281931Z JAN 77

FM CHARLOTTE (44-1365) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-38861) PRIORITY

MEMPHIS (44-1987) PRIORITY

MIAMI PRIORITY

SAN JUAN PRIORITY

BT

MURKIN. 244-1957 July M

RE CHARLOTTE TELEPHO WE CALL TO BUREAU, JANUARY 28, 1977.

FOR INFORMATION OF BUREAU AND RECEIVING OFFICES. ON JANUARY 28. 1977. DR. EUGENE V. GRACE, EYE SURGEOW, 911 NORTH BROAD STREET, DUR MAM, N. C., WHO ALSO OPERATES MOORE TELEPHONE CONTACT JANUARY 27, 1977, FROM OTIS MOORE, LOMAS

VERDES NUMBER 40, SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO, TELEPHONE SIMPLES NUMBER 40, SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO, SAN JUAN, P VERDES NUMBER 40, SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO, TELEPHONE NUMBER of Hungh Ey 89-82 780-4533, OFFER ING BOOKS BY MOORE FOR PUBLICATIO . .D DENTIFIED SELF AS RETIRED U. S. MASTER SERGEANT AND STATED

PAGE TWO CE 44-1365 CLEAR

IN BOOK HE IDENTIFIED ASSASSIN OF MARTIN LUTHER KING AND IMPLIED THIS ASSASSIN HAD FIRST SOUGHT TO HIRE MOORE FOR THE ASSASSINA-TION. MOORE CLAIMED TO HAVE REPORTED INFORMATION TO FBI AND THAT KELLEY HAD ASSIGNED MOORE A FILE TUMBER. MOORE INDICATES HE WAS IN CONTACT WITH OTHER PROSPECTIVE PUBLISHERS AND ALSO CLAIMS CORRESPONDENCE WITH U. S. SEMATORS FRANK CHURCH AND EDWARD KENNEDY. HE FEELS LIFE IS IN DANGER.

GRACE STATES HE HAS SCHEDULED PROSPECTIVE RECONTACT WITH MOORE CONCERNING PUBLICATION ABOUT SUNDAY, JANUARY 30, 1977.

GRACE PLANS TO DEPART DURHAM, H. C., NOON, JANUARY 28, 1977,

TO DRIVE TO DIPLOMAT MOTEL, HOLLYWOOD BEACH, FLA., JANUARY 29, 1977, TO ATTEND MEDICAL MEETING. GRACE OFFERED TO FLY TO SAN JUAN SUNDAY, JANUARY 30, 1977, AND TAKE FBI UNDERCOVER AGENT AS ASSISTANT PUBLISHER TO MEET WITH MOORE OR OTHERWISE COOPFRATE IN ANY WAY. OFFER OF HAVING FBI AGENT PARTICIPATE IN ANY INTERVIEW WITH MOORE DECLINED. GRACE ADVISED HE WOULD REPORT RESULTS OF ANY FUTURE COUTAGES WITH MOORE.

MIAMI AND SAV JUAN BEING ADVISED IN THE EVENT OF ANY FUTURE CONTACT.

PAGE THREE CE 44-1355 CLEAR

MEMPHIS REVIEW INDICES REGARDING OTIS MOORE AND ADVISE.

CHARLOTTE WILL PROMPTLY FURNISH ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM DR. GRACE.

ΒT

January 20, 1977

Mr. William P. Tyson
Deputy Director
Executive Office for
United States Attorneys
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20530

Dear Bill:

As you recall, during a recent telephone conversation, you were advised that Ben D. Gibbens, Investigator, Criminal Division, Louisiana Department of Justice, informed the United States Attorney that a previously reliable informant of his claims to have been present during a meeting at which several men discussed the murder of Martin Luther King. The informant advised Gibbens that he can identify two of the men who were present at the meeting and that one of those "put up a considerable amount of money" to have King murdered. The informants said he saw the money change hands. He can identify the man who gave the money but not the man to whom the money was given. The meeting in question, according to the informant, occurred in Memphis, Tennessee, prior to King's death. The informant was himself in jail in Memphis, Tennessee, when King was murdered.

The informant also advised Gibbens that while in Chicago he worked for a "gangster" who offered him money to kill a Chicago man named "Giacanno". That individual was in fact later killed by persons unknown to the informant. The informant surmised that the "gangster" hired others to complete the assassination plot when the informant refused.

The informant also advised Cibbens that he knows who was responsible for the death of a man named "Murphy" whose body was found in the trunk of an automobile on Cicero Avenue in the Chicago area. The informant told Gibbens that Murphy's head looked like it had been mashed in a vise.

The informant also claims to have knowledge of those responsible for the theft of varying amounts of plutonium and mercury in the Oklahoma area.

944-1987 SUBM 1093

& JAHNOM y

Mr. William P. Tyson Page 2 January 20, 1977

Following the United States Attorney's telephone conversation with you, Gibbens met with the informant who advised that he would not be intermiewed locally but would only discuss these matters with Justice Department investigators from Washington. Gibbens did not seek to obtain more detailed information from the informant, but advises that the informant asserts that he can supply more detailed information to Justice Department investigators.

The informant is an inmate in a Louisiana jail who is presently facing a sentence of life imprisonment. He claims to have been convicted at a trial where perjury was suborned by state law enforcement officials. Gibbens advises that the informant, in exchange for his cooperation, only requests that the matter be looked into by Justice officials. The informant specifically requests that two witnesses, whose testimony he claims was perjured, be interviewed.

Whether this information is valuable or accurate is something that neither Gibbens nor the United States Attorney can assess. Gibbens does not feel that he is in a position to evaluate the accuracy or reliability of the information. He simply requests that the United States Attorney relate these sketchy details to you in the event that someone in the Justice Department might be interested in interviewing his informant. Gibbens would be willing to be present during an interview between Justice investigators and his informant. The informant has indicated that he will discuss the matter with Justice investigators only in Gibbens' presence.

Should anyone decide to pursue this matter further, they can contact Gibbens or the United States Attorney. As indicated on the telephone, the United States Attorney has no idea who the informant is or where he is presently located. The United States Attorney's and Mr. Gibbens' interest in this matter is in seeing that this report is conveyed to the U. S. Department of Justice.

If we can provide further information, please advise.

Very truly yours,

CHENEY C. JOSEPH, JR. UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

BEN D. GIBBENS, Investigator Criminal Division Louisiana Department of Justice

Copy to: Elmer Litchfield
Resident Agent in Charge
Federal Bureau of Investigation

AIRTEL

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (44-38861)

FROM:

SAC, NEW ORLEANS (157-10673) (RUC)

MURKIN

1441987 Sub m

00: MEMPHIS

Enclosed for the Bureau and Memphis, are one copy each of a letter to WILLIAM P. TYSON, from U. S. Attorney CHENEY C. JOSEPH, JR., dated 1/20/77, a copy of which was received by New Orleans FBI on 1/28/77.

Note that CHENEY'S letter speaks of information from an informant of BEN D. GIBBENS regarding KING's assassination, and other matters, and also indicates that the informant would not be interviewed locally, desiring to speak to Department of Justice investigators from Washington in the presence of GIBBENS.

This is being furnished to FBI Headquarters for information. No further action being taken by New Orleans.

2-Bureau (Enc. 1) 9-Memphis (Enc. 1) (44-1987) (Info.) 1-New Orleans

CHA:prb (4)

\$4-1987 SUBM 1094 \$1 186 ALC B. JOHNSON 7 FBI

Date: 1/28/77

Transmit the following in Via TELETYPE		PLAINTEXT (Type in plaintext or code)	005
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۲ Id		(Precedence)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

FM MEMPHIS (44-1987 SUB M) (P)

TO BUREAU (44-38861) (PRIORITY) 23582

CHARLOTTE (44-1365) (PRIORITY) 00/62

SAN JUAN (PRIORITY) VIA HQ 23582

MIAMI (PRIORITY) 03002

BT

CLEAR

MURKIN.

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE DATED JANUARY 28, 1977.

FOR INFORMATION OF BUREAU AND ALL OFFICES RECEIVING
THIS COMMUNICATION, OTIS MOORE REFERRED TO IN REFERENCED
TELETYPE APPEARS TO BE IDENTICAL WITH OTIS HUMPHREY MOORE
IN CASE ENTITLED "OTIS HUMPHREY MOORE; SENATOR EDWARD
KENNEDY - VICTIM; POTENTIAL CONGRESSIONAL ASSASSINATION
STATUTE MATTER." IN BUREAU TELETYPE TO MEMPHIS DATED MAY 17,
1976, IN THE MOORE - KENNEDY MATTER THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION
WAS SET FORTH REGARDING OTIS HUMPHREY MOORE:

BFJ: jap
(1)

SEARCHED

SERIALIZED

INDEXED

proved: 942/M2 Sent Dec above M

44-1987 SUB 1095

F B I

	Date:
ransmit	the following in(Type in plaintext or code)
ia	(Precedence)
	PAGE TWO (ME 44-1987 SUB M)
	ON MAY 14, 1976, A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SECRET SERVICE
	FURNISHED THE FOLLOWING:
	ON MAY 12, 1976, HE INTERVIEWED OTIS HUMPHREY, CALLE 9
	NUMBER L-12, ROYALTOWN, BAYAMON, PUERTO RICO: DATE OF BIRTH
	PLACE OF BIRTH, ELAINE, ARKANSAS; RACE -
	WHITE; SEX - MALE; COMPLEXION - RUDDY; HAIR - BROWN; EYES -
	GREEN; HEIGHT - 5'3"; WEIGHT - 146 POUNDS; SOCIAL SECURITY
	ACCOUNT NUMBER MILITARY SERIAL NUMBER RA18328349;
	SMALL SCAR ON BRIDGE OF NOSE. THE SECRET SERVICE REPRESEN-
	TATIVE ADVISED THAT MOORE SAID THAT IN 1965, WHILE DRINKING
	IN A BAR IN TEMPLE, TEXAS, TWO UNKNOWN MALES ENGAGED HIM IN
	CONVERSATION TO THE EFFECT THAT MOORE WAS OFFERED \$50,000
	TO ASSASSINATE MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. MOORE BELIEVES HE IS
	IN POSSESSION OF SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION, WHEN, COUPLED WITH
	THE INFORMATION IN POSSESSION OF JAMES EARL RAY AND SENATOR
	EDWARD KENNEDY, WILL BE ABLE TO "PUT IT ALL TOGETHER" AND
	RESOLVE THE MATTER OF KING'S ASSASSINATION ONCE AND FOR ALL.
	ACCORDING TO THE SECRET SERVICE REPRESENTATIVE, MOORE
	WAS SCHEDULED TO DEPART FROM ROOSEVELT ROADS NAVAL BASE IN
	PUERTO RICO ON MAY 15, 1976, DESTINED TO CHARLESTON, S. C.
App	roved:M Per

Special Agent in Charge

FBI

1 1	ate	•

	Date.	
Transmit the following in		
21-00-00 the following in	(Type in plaintext or code)	
Via		
	(Precedence)	

PAGE THREE (ME 44-1987 SUB M)

MOORE VOWED THEREAFTER TO MAKE HIS WAY TO WASHINGTON, D. C.,
BY WHATEVER MEANS AVAILABLE AND SIT IN THE OFFICE OF SENATOR
KENNEDY AND PESTER THE OFFICE PERSONNEL UNTIL ABLE TO SEE
SENATOR KENNEDY PERSONALLY. HE ALSO STATED HE WOULD ATTEMPT
TO SEE OTHER MEMBERS OF CONGRESS, MENTIONING BY NAME REPRESENTATIVE WILBUR MILLS. THE SECRET SERVICE AGENT NOTED THAT
MOORE APPEARED TO BE MENTALLY UNSTABLE DURING THE INTERVIEW.

ON MAY 15, 1976, MOORE WAS INTERVIEWED BY THE FBI AT HIS RESIDENCE. HE REITERATED HIS INTENTION OF ATTEMPTING TO OBTAIN AN INTERVIEW WITH SENATOR KENNEDY REGARDING THE ASSASSINATION OF MARTIN LUTHER KING AND PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

MOORE ADVISED THAT IF SENATOR KENNEDY WOULD NOT SEE HIM HE WOULD ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN INTERVIEWS WITH SENATORS DALE BUMPERS AND HENRY JACKSON. HE ALSO INTENDED TO CONTACT THE GOVERNOR OF TENNESSEE TO OBTAIN AN INTERVIEW WITH JAMES EARL RAY, WHOM MOORE FELT DID NOT TELL THE TRUE STORY OF THE ASSASSINATION OF MARTIN LUTHER KING. WHEN QUESTIONED REGARDING HIS KNOWLEDGE OF THE ASSASSINATION OF KING, MOORE FURNISHED THE SAME INFORMATION HE HAD PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED THE SECRET SERVICE AGENT, ADDING ONLY THAT A "MULTI-MILLIONAIRE LAWYER FROM

Approved:	SentM	Per
Special Agent in Charge		

FBI.

FBI

	Date:	
Transmit the following in	(Type in plaintext or code)	
Via	(Precedence)	

PAGE FOUR (ME 44-1987 SUB M)

DALLAS" WAS PRESENT WHEN HE WAS OFFERED \$50,000 TO ASSASSINATE KING. MOORE ADVISED HE HAD ADDITIONAL INFORMATION BUT WOULD ONLY GIVE IT TO SENATOR KENNEDY BECAUSE HE HAD CONTACTED THE FBI IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE OFFER HAD BEEN MADE AND NO ACTION

HAD BEEN TAKEN.

AN INTERVIEW WITH MOORE'S WIFE, LYDIA M. MOORE, NEE

TORRES, REVEALED THAT MOORE HAD BEEN PLANNING TO TAKE THIS
TRIP FOR SOME TIME BUT THAT SHE HAD BEEN ABLE TO TALK HIM OUT
OF IT. AT THE TIME SHE ADVISED THAT UNTIL RECENTLY HER
HUSBAND HAD BEEN UNDER CARE OF A DR. GARCIA FOR A NERVOUS
DISORDER AND WAS TO HAVE BEEN HOSPITALIZED FOR TREATMENT. SHE
STATED THAT THE NIGHT IN 1965 HER HUSBAND CAME HOME WITH THE
ASSASSINATION STORY HE WAS EXTREMELY DRUNK AND DID CALL THE

MOORE MADE AVAILABLE HIS DISCHARGE PAPERS WHICH REVEALED
THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION: DATE OF BIRTH, ;

PLACE OF BIRTH, ELAINE, ARKANSAS; SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER,

HOME OF RECORD, CARESIO - ANTION RIOG NUMBER 63,
HUMACO, PUERTO RICO; OCCUPATION IN MILITARY, COOK AND MESS

Approved:	SentM	Per
Special Agent in Charge		GPO: 1975 O - 590-992

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

AND FALL BY

FBI

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Transmit the following in	(Type in plaintext or code)	
Via	(Precedence)	

PAGE FIVE (ME 44-1987 SUB M)

STEWARD; LAST UNIT ASSIGNED, COMPANY A 75TH RANGER BN FIRST ARMORED DIVISION, FT. HOOD, TEXAS. UNIT RECORDS TRANSFERRED TO: USAR CON OP (RETIRED) RCPAC 9700 PAGE BOULEVARD, ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI. WEAPON QUALIFICATION: M14 SHARPSHOOTER. OVERSEAS ASSIGNMENTS: 1965, WURTZBURG, GERMANY; 1967-68, VIETNAM; 1970-71, THAILAND. REASON FOR DISCHARGE: RETIREMENT IN DECEMBER, 1974.

MOORE ADVISED THAT HE DOES NOT BELIEVE IN VIOLENCE, THAT HE HAS NO WEAPONS AND DOES NOT HAVE ACCESS TO ANY WEAPONS.

MOORE'S WIFE ADVISED HER HUSBAND IS NOT PRONE TO VIOLENCE AND SHE IS OF THE OPINION HE WOULD NOT RESORT TO VIOLENCE TO ACCOMPLISH HIS PURPOSES.

IT WAS THE OPINION OF THE INTERVIEWING AGENTS THAT MOORE
WAS IN AN EMOTIONALLY UNSTABLE STATE OF MIND AND SEEMED TO BE
DETERMINED TO ACCOMPLISH HIS MISSION. PHOTOGRAPHS OF MOORE
AVAILABLE IF NEEDED.

A REVIEW OF MEMPHIS INDICES AND FILES REVEALED NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION IDENTIFIABLE WITH MOORE.

NO FURTHER ACTION CONTEMPLATED BY THE MEMPHIS OFFICE.

BT

Approved: Special A gent in Change	SentM	Per
Special Agent in Charge		

JULY 1973 EDITION GSA FPMR (4) CFR; 101-11.6

UNITED STATES COVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO

See Distribution

DATE: FEB 3 1977

FROM

Michael E. Shaheen, Jr., Counsel
Office of Professional Responsibility

SUBJECT:

Attached is a letter from the United States Attorney for the Middle District of Louisiana and an investigator for the Louisiana Department of Justice to the Deputy Director of the Executive Office for United States Attorneys. The letter says that a previously reliable informant in jail in Louisiana alleges to have information about the following matters: the murder of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., the murder of Sam Giancanna, the murder of a man named Murphy in Chicago, and the theft of plutonium and mercury in Okłahoma.

We think the Civil Rights Division, Criminal Division and Federal Bureau of Investigation should take whatever action is appropriate in light of this information.

DISTRIBUTION

Civil Rights Division, AAG Criminal Division, AAG Director, FBI

cc: William B. Gray, Director, EOUSA





Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Anited States Department of Justic

ADDRESS REPLY TO UNITED STATES ATTORNEY AND REPER TO INITIALS

CCJ, Jr:rh

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY
MIDDLE DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA
BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70801

January 20, 1977

ALKS ZO METT ATCOMEN SCHERAL

Mr. William P. Tyson
Deputy Director
Executive Office for
United States Attorneys
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20530

Dear Bill:

As you recall, during a recent telephone conversation, you were advised that Ben D. Gibbens, Investigator, Criminal Division, Louisiana Department of Justice, informed the United States Attorney that a previously reliable informant of his claims to have been present during a meeting at which several men discussed the murder of Martin Luther King. The informant advised Gibbens that he can identify two of the men who were present at the meeting and that one of those "put up a considerable amount of money" to have King murdered. The informant said he saw the money change hands. He can identify the man who gave the money but not the man to whom the money was given. The meeting in question, according to the informant, occurred in Memphis, Tennessee, prior to King's death. The informant was himself in jail in Memphis, Tennessee, when King was murdered.

The informant also advised Gibbens that while in Chicago he worked for a "gangster" who offered him money to kill a Chicago man named "Giacanno". That individual was in fact later killed by persons unknown to the informant. The informant surmised that the "gangster" hired others to complete the assassination plot when the informant refused.

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The informant also claims to have knowledge of those responsible for the theft of varying amounts of plutonium and mercury in the Oklahoma area.

JAN 23 1977

Mr. William P. Tyson Page 2 January 20, 1977

Following the United States Attorney's telephone conversation with you, Gibbens met with the informant who advised that he would not be interviewed locally but would only discuss these matters with Justice Department investigators from Washington. Gibbens did not seek to obtain more detailed information from the informant, but advises that the informant asserts that he can supply more detailed information to Justice Department investigators.

The informant is an inmate in a Louisiana jail who is presently facing a sentence of life imprisonment. He claims to have been convicted at a trial where perjury was suborned by state law enforcement officials. Gibbens advises that the informant, in exchange for his cooperation, only requests that the matter be looked into by Justice officials. The informant specifically requests that two witnesses, whose testimony he claims was perjured, be interviewed.

Whether this information is valuable or accurate is something that neither Gibbens nor the United States Attorney can assess. Gibbens does not feel that he is in a position to evaluate the accuracy or reliability of the information. He simply requests that the United States Attorney relate these sketchy details to you in the event that someone in the Justice Department might be interested in interviewing his informant. Gibbens would be willing to be present during an interview between Justice investigators and his informant. The informant has indicated that he will discuss the matter with Justice investigators only in Gibbens' presence.

Should anyone decide to pursue this matter further, they can contact Gibbens or the United States Attorney. As indicated on the telephone, the United States Attorney has no idea who the informant is or where he is presently located. The United States Attorney's and Mr. Gibbens' interest in this matter is in seeing that this report is conveyed to the U. S. Department of Justice.

If we can provide further information, please advise.

Very truly yours,

CHENEY C. JOSEPH, JR.

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

BEN D. GIBBENS, Investigator

Criminal Division

Louisiana Department of Justice

Copy to: Elmer Litchfield

Resident Agent in Charge

Federal Bureau of Investigation

JULY 1973 EDITION GSA FAMR (4) CERT 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO

See Distribution

DATE: FEB 3 1977

FROM Michael E. Shaheen, Jr., Counsel
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DISTRIBUTION

Civil Rights Division, AAG Criminal Division, AAG Director, FBI

cc: William B. Gray, Director, EOUSA



inited States Department of Justic

ADDRESS KEPLT TO
UNITED STATES ATTORNET
AND REPER TO INITIALS

CCJ, Jr:rh

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY
MIDDLE DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA
BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70801

January 20, 1977

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Mr. William P. Tyson
Deputy Director
Executive Office for
United States Attorneys
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20530

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Should anyone decide to pursue this matter further, they can contact Gibbens or the United States Attorney. As indicated on the telephone, the United States Attorney has no idea who the informant is or where he is presently located. The United States Attorney's and Mr. Gibbens' interest in this matter is in seeing that this report is conveyed to the U.S. Department of Justice.

If we can provide further information, please advise.

Very truly yours,

CHENEY C. JOSEPH, JR.

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

BEN D. GIBBENS, Investigator

Criminal Division

Louisiana Department of Justice

Copy to: Elmer Litchfield

Resident Agent in Charge

Federal Bureau of Investigation

February 17, 1977

Assistant Attorney General Civil Rights Division

Director, PBI

ALLEGED INFORMATION REGARDING ASSASSINATION
OF MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR; THE MURDER OF SAM GIANCAMA
THE MURDER OF A MAN NAMED MURPHY IN CHICAGO; AND THE
THEFT OF PLUTONIUM AND MERCURY IN OKLAHOMA AREA

Reference is made to my memorandum dated February 3, 1977, to the Civil Rights Division (and the Office of Professional Responsibility) which furnished a copy of a letter dated January 28, 1977, from United States Attorney Cheney C. Joseph, Jr., Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and Ben D. Gibbens, Investigator, Criminal Division, Louisiana Department of Justice, addressed to Mr. William P. Tyson, Deputy Director, Executive Office for United States Attorneys, Department of Justice, Washington, D. C. This memorandum advised that the FBI was furnishing a copy of this letter for information and no further investigation was being conducted concerning this matter unless specifically requested by the Department.

Reference is also made to the memorandum dated February 3, 1977, from Mr. Michael B. Shaheen, Jr., Counsel, Office of Professional Responsibility, to the Civil Rights Division, Criminal Division, and the FBI which furnished a copy of this same letter dated January 20, 1977.

It is noted in this letter that the informant advised that he would not be interviewed locally but would only discuss these matters with Justice Department investigators from Washington. In addition, the informant, in exchange for his cooperation, requests certain action concerning his local conviction.

Accordingly, no investigation is being conducted by the FBI concerning this matter unless specifically requested by the Department.

Assistant Attorney General Civil Rights Division

If not already done, you may desire to bring this matter to the attention of the appropriate local authorities in Illinois and Oklahoma.

- 1 Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division
- 1 New Orleans (Enclosures 2) (Enclosed are copies of incoming from Office of Professional Responsibility) (For information, noting no investigation should be instituted unless specifically requested by the Department).
- (1) Memphis (Enclosures 2) (Enclosed are copies of incoming from Office of Professional Responsibility) (For information, noting no investigation should be instituted unless specifically requested by the Department).
- 1 Chicago (Enclosures 2) (Enclosed are copies of incoming from Office of Professional Responsibility) (For information, noting no investigation should be instituted unless specifically requested by the Department).
- 1 Oklahoma City (Enclosures 2) (Enclosed are copies of incoming from Office of Professional Responsibility) (For information, noting no investigation should be instituted unless specifically requested by the Department).

AIRTEL

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM:

LEGAT, OTTAWA (44-4) (P)

JAMES EARL RAY;

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. - VICTIM

CR - CONSPIRACY

Enclosed are original and two copies of RCMP letter dated 2/3/77.

Memphis requested to contact local authorities and advise.

4 - Bureau (Enc. 3)
(1 - Foreign Liaison-Direct)(Enc. 1)
(1 - Memphis)
1 - Ottawa

JAM/bad (5)

44-1987 Suf m 1098

1115 22 1977

B. SOHWSON J

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HEADODAN SERS

THE DIRECTION GENERALE

THE CAN BE AN ARREST OF THE CAN BE AND THE

44-4

68HQ-791-Q-60

February 3, 1977

Mr. Joseph A. Marion (Jr.) c/o United States Embassy 100 Wellington Street Ottawa, Ontario

Re: James Earl RAY

Dr. Martin Luther KING, Jr. -

Victim

Civil Rights - Conspiracy

Reference is made to your Memphis report dated July 22, 1975 concerning disposition of exhibits being held by our Force in respect to captioned matter.

It would be appreciated if your Memphis office could once again cause enquiries to be made with Mr. Terry LAFFERY, Assistant District Attorney General, to determine the present status of matters before the Courts in respect to James Earl RAY.

Your assistance is appreciated.

R.R.L. Ostrum, Insp. Officer in Charge General Section Federal Policing Branch

Routing Slip 0-7 (Rev. 12-17-)		Of Checked)	
TO: SAC:			
Albany Albuquerque Alexandria Anchorage Atlanta Baltimore Birmingham Boston Buffalo Butte Charlotte Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Columbia Dallas Denver Detroit El Paso Honolulu	Houston Indianapolis Jackson Jacksonville Kansas City Knoxville Las Vegas Little Rock Los Angeles Louisville Memphis Miami Milwaukee Minneapolis Mobile Newark New Haven New Orleans New York City Norfolk	Oklahoma City Omaha Philadelphia Phoenix Pittsburgh Portland Richmond Sacramento St. Louis Salt Lake City San Antonio San Diego San Francisco San Juan Savannah Seattle Springfield Tampa Washington Fiel Quantico	
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Memphis, Tennessee March 2, 1977

RE: JAMES EARL RAY; MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. - VICTIM CIVIL RIGHTS

This communication is predicated upon the following:

By letter dated February 3, 1977, directed to Mr. Joseph A. Marion (Jr.), c/o United States Embassy, 100 Wellington Street, Ottawa, Ontario, R. R. L. Ostrum, Inspector, Officer in Charge, General Section, Federal Policing Branch, Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP), Ottawa, Canada, requested that Mr. Terry Lafferty, Assistant District Attorney General, be contacted to determine the present status of matters before the courts in respect to James Earl Ray. Inspector Ostrum made reference to exhibits being held by the RCMP relating to this matter.

On February 24, 1977, Mr. Terry Lafferty, Assistant District Attorney General, 15th Judicial Circuit, State of Tennessee, Memphis, Tennessee, advised there is currently no litigation pending in the various courts in the State of Tennessee involving James Earl Ray. Mr. Laffety stated he would direct John Carlisle, Chief Investigator, on the District Attorney General's Staff to discuss the disposal of exhibits being maintained by the RCMP with Mr. Hugh W. Stanton, Jr., District Attorney General, 15th Judicial Circuit, Memphis.

On February 28, 1977, John Carlisle, Chief Investigator, 15th Judicial Circuit, State of Tennessee, Memphis, Tennessee, advised that Mr. Hugh Stanton, Jr., was out of the City of Memphis but would return to his office on the morning of March 2, 1977, at which time he will discuss this matter with Mr. Stanton.

On March 2, 1977, Hugh W. Stanton, Jr., District Attorney General, 15th Judicial Circuit, State of Tennessee, advised that James Earl Ray has exhausted all of his legal remedies in the Tennessee State courts and, therefore, there is no pending litigation involving him. Mr. Stanton is of the opinion that exhibits maintained by the RCMP should be retained at this time, pointing out that the House Select Committee on Assassinations created by the United States House of Representatives in 1976 might desire to examine these exhibits in the future.

6-Bureau (44-38861) 2-Memphis (44-1987-SUB M)

BFJ:cjs (8)

RE: JAMES EARL RAY; MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. - VICTIM

The appropriate Canadian authorities should also consider consulting with the United States Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., before disposing of any exhibits in this matter. A copy of this communication is being furnished to the United States Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., for its information and consideration.

3/2/77

AIRTEL

A IR MAIL

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (44-38861)

PROM:

SAC. MEMPHIS (44-1987-SUB M)(P)

SUBJECT: MURKIN

CR

Re Legat, Ottawa airtel to Bureau 2/9/77 captioned "JAMES EARL RAY; MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. - VICTIM; CR -CONSPIRACY.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 6 copies of an LHM regarding matters referred to in referenced airtel.

The Bureau is requested to forward a copy of enclosed LHM to Legat. Ottawa, for transmittal to the RCMP.

2 - Bureau (Encs. 6) 2 - Memphis

BFJ:cjs

B. JOHNSOn.

44-1987 July M 1101

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (44-38861)

FROM:

SAC, BIRMINGHAM (44-1740) (RUC)

MURKIN

CR

(5)

00: MEMPHIS

Re Birmingham airtel to Director, 12/15/76; Memphis airtel, 12/20/76.

The following is for information:

The former Birmingham PCI who furnished the information in referenced Birmingham communication of 12/15/76, contacted the Birmingham Office telephonically from time to time regarding captioned matter.

On 3/3/77, he telephonically contacted Birmingham wondering if, "LIBERTO" had been investigated in New Orleans in the past. He was told that investigation regarding a family of LIBERTOS had been conducted back in 1968. Source mentioned that the LIBERTO in New Orleans has a brother in the produce business in Memphis, Tennessee, and also expressed the thought that "No one can convince me that it (the KING assassination) was not a conspiracy."

2 - Bureau 1 - Memphis (44-1987) (Info.) 1 - New Orleans (157-10673) (Info.) 1 - Birmingham PJM:bsg

K-

BH 44-1740

Source advised that he had Birmingham Secret Service check on after the first telephone call and established that EVANS was, in fact, with the committee.

Source expressed his belief that the FBI in Washington must have furnished his information to the House Committee.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Charlotte, North Carolina
March 4, 1977

JAMES EARL RAY; DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. - VICTIM CIVIL RIGHTS - CONSPIRACY

On January 27, 1977, ALLEN RAY HALL, an immate of North Carolina Central Prison, wrote a letter to Mr. DAN RINZEL, United States Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, making certain allegations regarding the assassination of Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING. On February 4, 1977, ALLEN RAY HALL was interviewed at the New Hanover County Jail, Wilmington, North Carolina, by Special Agents of the FBI and furnished the following information:

During a period of racial unrest in Wilmington, North Carolina, in 1971, ALLEN RAY HALL testified as a state witness against a group of defendants known as the "Wilmington Ten" in which the subjects were convicted and sentenced to varying prison terms. HALL has now recanted his testimony in that trial in 1972 and has been reinterviewed on several occasions by Special Agents of the FBI in which he has given conflicting stories as to his participation in the racial unrest in Wilmington, North Carolina, as well as allegations against law enforcement officers who interviewed him at the time of the "Wilmington Ten" trial.

During the interview on February 4, 1977, HALL stated that during the period of racial unrest in Wilmington, North Carolina, in 1971, he had been interviewed by Special Agent BILL WALDEN, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms. He stated that at the time of his conversation with WALDEN, they also discussed the murder of Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING and WALDEN drew him a map indicating how Dr. KING was killed and where everyone was standing at the time of Dr. KING's assassination.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY; IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

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44-1987-5-10-103



JAMES EARL RAY

HALL stated that he was later confined at Central Prison, Raleigh, North Carolina, awaiting trial at Wilmington, North Carolina. He stated that while at Central Prison, he was interviewed on several occasions by North Carolina Central Prison Superintendent of Transportation, STEPHEN ALBERT BERRY, and HALL alleged that BERRY apparently found out about the sketch which had been given to him by Special Agent BILL WALDEN of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division, and that BERRY came to his cell at Central Prison and requested that HALL give him the sketch. HALL stated he told BERRY he did not have the sketch and then BERRY searched his cell and found it. According to HALL, BERRY then stated that JAMES EARL RAY had been gotten out of the country, and the same method could be used to get him (HALL) out of the country. From this statement, HALL alleged that he assumed BERRY had some knowledge of the KING murder, and believed that BERRY might be somehow involved in the murder.

HALL further stated that, during an interview on February 9, 1977, that North Carolina Central Prison Superintendent of Transportation, STEPHEN ALBERT BERRY, told him that he, BERRY, was a member of the Ku Klux Klan and they, BERRY and other prison officials, would help him the same way "they" helped JAMES EARL RAY when he killed MARTIN LUTHER KING.

STEPHEN ALBERT BERRY on interview on February 8, 1977, stated his job at Central Prison is to review all grievances filed by the inmates at Central Prison. BERRY stated that HALL's most recent incarceration at Central Prison was on December 7, 1976. BERRY stated that he estimates HALL has filed between ten and fifteen grievances since the above date which referred to alleged threats or mistreatment against him, and these grievances have been investigated and have failed to substantiate that HALL was ever threatened or mistreated. BERRY stated HALL has accused him of being a member of the Ku Klux Klan and also alleged that BERRY said that when Dr. KING was killed, they did not get the right man and that it would be the same way with him; they would have him killed and put the blame on a white inmate at Central Prison.

HALL's most recent allegation at North Central Prison is that attempts are being made on his life by putting razor blades in his prison food.

FBI

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To:	Director, FBI (44-38861) SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-1365)	ATTENTION: GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION CRIMINAL SECTION
Subject	: MURKIN	INTELLIGENCE DIVISION
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Ray To Talk About

King Murder

By PHIL WEST Banner Staff Writer

Representatives from the House select committee probing the assassination of Dr. Martin Luther King will take preliminary depositions from convicted assassin James Earl Ray in prison next week, Ray's attorney said Tuesday night.

Jack Kershaw, retained as Ray's attorney three weeks ago, said the deputy chief legal counsel for the assassinations panel and two court reporters will take statements from Ray at Brushy Mountain State Prison in Petros.

Ray is serving a 99-year sentence



JAMES EARL RAY

New Evidence?

for the April 4, 1968 slaying of the civil rights leader as he spoke from a balcony in Memphis.

Kershaw, however, said Ray will not testify before the select panel merely to support his original guilty plea made before a Memphis jury.

"Like Mr. Ray just said, he wouldn't go before them just to prove he was guilty," Kershaw said while viewing a CBS television program in which Ray was interviewed.

The attorney said he has new evidence from two sources which will aid the assassinations probe. However, he declined to reveal the information. Kershaw said he will corroborate Ray's statements after the depositions are taken next week and will then read FBI files on King which "are relevant to the case." The attorney said he will demand a public hearing when Ray appears before the committee.

Meanwhile, the attorney said, a lot of questions concerning the assassination remain unanswered. A major "piece of the puzzle," he said, concerns the Latin named Raoul who Ray said was his contact before King was slain.

"He (Ray) was contacted by a man in Canada, he called him Raoul, a small man who he said smoked a lot of cigarettes," Kershaw said.

Apair of trousers fitting a "small man" were found in the boarding house room from which the fatal shot was allegedly fired, Kershaw explained. In addition, he said the white Mustang allegedly used as a getaway car by Ray contained an

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ashtray_filled with cigarette butts.

"And Ray doesn't smoke," Kershaw said.

Transcripts from the murder trial showed ballistic experts could not match the bullett which killed the civil rights leader, Kershaw pointed out.

"People keep asking why Ray hasn't told his story before," the attorney said. "He hasn't had a forum before. He tried to tell it the next day (after pleading guilty) but the trial judge wouldn't let him.

"At that time the establishment was looking for a victim. Right then Ray was victimized.

"It will be my contention that he never plotted together, never breathed together, to murder King. He was a victim of a conspiracy just like King was."

Kershaw, who said he was first contacted by letter from Ray when the prisoner was attempting to be freed from solitary confinement at Brushy Mountain, said "a day or two after I was retained (U.S.) Atty. Gen. (Griffin) Bell evidenced his interest in the case. I sent Mr. Bell a mailgram saying Ray would be happy to take the witness stand."

Bell, however, has not contacted the Nashville attorney.

Is Kershaw optimistic about obtaining a new trial for Ray after he was denied by appellate courts including the U.S. Supreme Court?

a word. It's possible and even

probable," responded the 63-yearold attorney.

Meanwhile, Kershaw said he plans to talk with U.S. Rep. Henry Gonzales, D-Tex., former chairman of the select panel investigating the assassinations of King and President John F. Kennedy.

"Mr. Gonzales has a lot of explaining to do. He said some organization that was more powerful than the U.S. government was behind the assassination. There had to be some sort of conspiracy," Kershaw said.



JACK KERSHAW
To Corroborate Statements

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1952 EDITION GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO

SAC, MEMPHIS (44-1987 SUB M)

DATE:

3/21/77

FROM :

SA CHARLES J. GISLER

SUBJECT:

MURKIN

On 3/21/77 MARVIN MARSHAL telephonically contacted the Nashville RA. MARSHAL advised that he had been a witness in the murder of Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. and had given a deposition to the FBI in Memphis, Tennessee. He further advised that he desired to notify the FBI of his change of address. MARSHAL currently resides at 505 White Oak Street, Newport, Tennessee.

CJG:rsb (2)

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SAP



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM:

SAC, BIRMINGHAM (44-1740) (RUC)

SUBJECT: MURKIN

CR

OO: MEMPHIS

Re Birmingham airtel dated 3/3/77.

The following is for information:

The former Birmingham PCI of referenced communication was in telephonic contact with Birmingham on 3/21/77 and furnished the following information:

He continues to conduct his own inquiries regarding captioned matter and the FRANK LIBERTO previously mentioned by him, currently resides in Memphis, Tennessee, at an unknown address. At the time of the King murder, FRANK LIBERTO had an office in Memphis and is believed to still have the office at 327 South Main Street, Memphis, in the back of a whiskey store which he owns. He has additional businesses in Memphis, identity unknown to source.

Mr. EDDIE EVANS of the House of Representatives Committee (referenced airtel) first met personally with source on March 10 or 11, 1977, in Birmingham and is in touch with source on a daily basis. EVANS went to the Birmingham Police Department after he talked to source and obtained some records at that institution where he was

2 - Bureau

(h - Memphis (44-1987) (Info)

1 - New Orleans

PJM: jab 1 - Birmingham

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44-1987 SUB M 1107

REPLIED (1971

Johnson ())

apparently in touch with Captain LEGRAND. EVANS told source that he had been riding around with the Birmingham Police and source complained to EVANS in this regard and expressed concern to EVANS that source's identity would be compromised. In the week of March 14, 1977, source saw and heard Captain IEGRAND on a local television station making a press release regarding this matter.

Source was contacted in the week of March 14, 1977, by Birmingham newspaper reporters, believed to be FNU BRAY and FNU KILPATRICK, and he told them to "go to hell" and he denied any knowledge of this matter or being a source of information.

Source advised further that Dr. GUS JOSEPH PROSCH, JR. (BH airtel 12/15/76) and FRANK LIBERTO were very big in the drug traffic in the Southeast and he has been and continues to furnish such information to LEA, Birmingham.

Routing Slip 0-7 (Rev. 12-17-73	(Copies to	ices Checked)		
TO: S AC: Albany Albuquerque Alexandria Anchorage Atlanta Baltimore Birmingham Boston Buffalo Butte Charlotte Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Columbia Dallas Denver Detroit El Paso Honolulu	Houston Indianapolis Jackson Jacksonville Kansas City Knoxville Las Vegas Little Rock Los Angeles Louisville Miami Milwaukee Minneapolis Mobile Newark New Haven New Orleans New York City Norfolk	Oklahoma City Omaha Philadelphia Phoenix Pittsburgh Portland Richmond Sacramento St. Louis Salt Lake City San Antonio San Diego San Francisco San Juan Savannah Seattle Springfield Tampa Washington Field		
RE: MURKIN CR		Date	March 23, 1977	
Retention For appropriate The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, conceal all sources, paraphrase contents. Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA dated Remarks:				

Enc. 1 Bufile (44-38861) Urfile AIRTEL

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (44-38861)

FROM:

LEGAT, OTTAWA (44-4) (RUC)

MURKIN

CR

Re ME airtel and LHM, 3/2/77.

Info referenced LHM furnished RCMP.

For info HQ and Memphis, RCMP, Ottawa, advise that a request has been received from the House Select Committee on Assassinations for production of all pertinent RCMP records.

On 3/15/77, Legat, Ottawa, was advised that due to existing Canadian Government policy, the RCMP was unable to comply with the request of the Committee.

RCMP have been requested to be advised when the House Select Committee terminates, as a decision to dispose of evidence will be made at that time.

Ottawa setting an administrative tickler for a six-month period.

4 - Bureau

(1 - Foreign Liaison-Direct)

(1 - Memphis (44-1987-Sub M)

1 - Ottawa

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44-1987 Suom 1108

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Johnson (info) 7



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina March 22, 1977

JAMES EARL RAY: DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING. JR. - VICTIM CIVIL RIGHTS - CONSPIRACY

On January 28, 1977, Dr. EUGENE V. CRACE, Eye Surgeon, 911 North Broad Street, Durham, North Carolina, who also operates Moore Publishing Company, 907 North Broad Street, reported receipt of a telephone contact on January 27, 1977, from OTIS MOORE, Lomas Verdes Number 40, San Juan, Puerto Rico, telephone number 780-4533, offering GRACE an opportunity to publish a book by MOORE. MOORE identified himself as a retired United States Army Master Sergeant. He stated in his book, he identified the assassin of MARTIN LUTHER KING and implied this assassin had first sought to hire MOORE for the assassination. MOORE, during his telephone call, claimed to have previously reported this information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and said KELLEY had assigned him a file number. MODRE stated he was in contact with other prospective publishers. He also claimed correspondence with United States Senators FRANK CHURCH and EDWARD KENNEDY. During his call, MOORE said he felt his life was in danger.

GRACE indicated there was a possibility he would be back in contact with OTIS MOORE about January 30, 1977, concerning publication of the book referred to by MOORE.

On March 17, 1977, Dr. GRACE advised he had not had any contact with OTIS MOORE during the latter part of January or early February, as previously proposed. However, since GRACE had returned to Durham, North Carolina, in mid-February, 1977, MOORE had contacted GRACE's residence at Durham, North Carolina, on two occasions. During one of these calls during the latter part of February, 1977, MOORE told GRACE's wife he was staying in Alexandria, Virginia, and was trying to arrange for an appearance before the United States House Committee conducting investigation into the death of

> THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERT OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR ARCHEDINGY INDENED AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBLED YOUR AGENCY.

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

JAMES EARL RAY

MARTIN LUTHER KING. He indicated his intention to stay in the Washington area until someone heard his story. He left a telephone number for GRACE to reach him in Alexandria, but later when GRACE called this number, he determined that the number was to a pay telephone and that MOORE was not available there. During the other telephone contact at about the same time, MOORE stated that he was currently preparing the manuscript for his book. GRACE indicated a desire to see this manuscript when it was completed. Since that call, GRACE has written to MOORE in Puerto Rico to indicate again an interest in seeing the completed manuscript. MOORE, in his conversations, again indicated he had corresponded with Senator FRANK CHURCH and Senator EDWARD KENNEDY. GRACE stated since that time he has had no additional contact with MOORE, and noted that he had never had any personal contact with MOORE, nor had MOORE indicated any intention of visiting GRACE in Durham, North Carolina.

Dr. GRACE did not know if MOORE appeared before the House Committee in 1977.

FBI

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To:	Director, FBI (44-38861)	ATTENTION: [XXGENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION OF THE PROPERTY
From:	SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-1365) (RUC)	CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION CRIMINAL SECTION INTELLIGENCE DIVISION
Subject:	MURKIN	
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	Special Agent in Charge	

CE 44-1365

ADMINISTRATIVE:

By teletype to the Bureau, dated 1/28/77, Memphis advised the OTIS MOORE referred to appears to be identical with OTIS HUMPHREY MOORE, born 12/23/27, at Elaine, Arkansas, a white male, Army serial number RA 18328349, SSAN who on 5/15/76, in part related that in 1965, while drinking in a bar in Temple, Texas, MOORE was engaged in conversation by two unknown males who offered MOORE \$50,000.00 to assassinate MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. One of those present was identified by MOORE as 'a multi-millionairs lawyer from Dallas".



In Reply, Please Refer to

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Louisville, Kentucky March 30, 1977

ASSASSINATION OF MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

On March 20, 1977, M. G. (Gene) Snyder, United States Representative, 4th Congressional District, Kentucky, appearing on WHAS-TV 'News Conference", taped March 18, 1977, at Louisville, Kentucky, revealed that he believed investigation by the House Select Committee on Assassinations (HSCA) would be productive in light of some recent revelations even though he did not initially vote for funding of same. Snyder indicated that he had changed his mind in light of some recent information which he carefully explained so as to not "drop somebody in" or "say anything wrong about somebody, that shouldn't be said."

Snyder indicated that he had received a letter a few weeks ago from a "citizen" whom Snyder described as being retired after many year's from a responsible police department and that this "citizen", not further described, claimed to have been approached by three (3) "FBI officers" and three (3) or four (4) "prominent people at that time in that police department." Snyder noted that this unnamed "citizen" received this "offer" on two (2) separate occasions in his automobile where he had a tape recorder secreted. Tapes were made of the "offer" on both occasions, however, one tape was subsequently stolen. Snyder noted that the other tape was retained by the "citizen" and has been furnished to HSCA by the unnamed "citizen" when the latter reportedly traveled to Washington, D. C., at his own expense in order to bring the above information to the attention of said committee.

44-1987 Saul M-1111

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed contains your agency.

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ASSASSINATION OF MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Snyder has spoken with the unnamed "citizen" personally and in Snyder's opinion, the "citizen" appears to be responsible. Snyder believed that the above "lead" and other leads should be "checked out" and that because of same, United States Representative Samuel L. Devine (Ohio), Ranking Minority Member of HSCA, now intends to vote for continuation of HSCA funding.

Snyder revealed that the letter written by unnamed "citizen" was received in the "regular United States Mail" and that the basic allegation is that the unnamed "citizen", who is a retired policeman, was approached by "members of the FBI and unnamed police department" and encouraged to assassinate Martin Luther King, Jr. When asked why Snyder received the letter, Snyder replied, "Time will have to tell." Snyder added that he "didn't want to go into that."

Snyder further revealed that the unnamed "citizen" had been to Washington and that the HSCA now has possession of the above mentioned tape recording which is being "washed down" to eliminate background noises such as a running automobile engine. Snyder has listened to the tape recording himself and describes same as having "some pretty inaudible sections" which are being worked on at the present. Snyder noted that the tape purports to deal with instant subject matter. Snyder indicated that he could not attest to the authenticity of the tape recording since he did not consider himself to be an electronics expert but noted same must be determined.

Snyder declined to answer interrogatories as to whether the letter came from his Congressional District or Louisville, Kentucky, noting he did not think he ought to place the unnamed "citizen" in jeopardy in the event the allegation is true, or people mentioned therein in jeopardy if the allegation is false. Snyder believed that the HSCA will have to decide when the names of individuals allegedly involved are to be released and made public.

Snyder declined any further comment on the matter, noting that if allegations were in fact true, the unnamed

ASSASSINATION OF MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

"citizen" furnishing the basis for same would be in jeopardy from "FBI and others named" in the letter, and if allegation was not true, "responsible persons" would likewise be in jeopardy. Snyder assumed that the HSCA would give the individuals named in the letter an opportunity to express themselves at the appropriate time.

Included herein are various accounts of revelations concerning the above mentioned allegation which have appeared in sundry newspapers throughout the Commonwealth of Kentucky as indicated:

By JIM ADAMS Courier-Journal Staff Writer

· U.S. Rep. Gene Snyder, R-4th District, said yesterday that he has turned over to the House Assassinations Committee an allegation that FBI agents and police plotted to kill Dr. Martin Luther King

Snyder said that in late February he received a letter from "a former policeman" who claims he was twice offered \$500,000 to kill King.

Snyder made his comments yesterday while taping a WHAS-TV News Conference program, which will be broadcast at 12:30 p.m. tomorrow on WHAS television and radio.

Snyder would not reveal the name of the former policeman making the charge, or the names of three FBI agents and several policeman who allegedly were involved in the plot. Snyder also declined to name the police force that the man worked on for more than 20 years.

.Snyder made no connection between the offer allegedly made to the policeman and the actual killing of King.

"I have always had confidence in the major law enforcement agencies of this country, and I had to assume that what they determined (about the slaying) was accurate," Snyder said. "Now I think this is something that needs to be investigated.

Richard A. Sprague, the Philadelphia attorney who is chief counsel for the assassinations committee, last night confirmed that Snyder had turned over material containing the allegation, but refused to answer questions about it.

"The matter you refer to has been referred to the committee and is under investigation," he said by telephone

from Philadelphia.

King was slain in Memphis, Tenn., in 1968, and James Earl Ray was convicted of killing him. The House committee last fall began investigating the assassinations of King and President John Kennedy. The committee's funding expires March 31. 100

Snyder, who voted against the committee initially, told The Courier-Journal in an interview last night that he will vote to continue funds for its investigation solely on the basis of the allegation brought to him.

Snyder said he had no explanation for why the policeman brought the charges to him, rather than directly to the committee. The policeman asked Snyder to put him in touch with the committee, the congressman said.

He said the former policeman had attempted to turn a tape recording of the \$500,000 offer over to Ray's attorneys, but finally was asked by one of the at-torneys' investigators "where he planned to hide if he tried to do anything with the tape.

Asked if he believes the man's allegation, Snyder said, "I don't know. But I think charges such as this need to be in estigated."

Snyder said he has discussed the charges with U.S. Rep. Samuel L. Devine of Ohio, the ranking minority member on the committee. He said Devine, a former FBI agent, checked into the man's background and found him to be "a solid citizen." Devine could not be reached last night.

Snyder told WHAS, "I have talked to him (the policeman) personally and in my opinion he appears to be a responsible citizen.

He told the television station, "He (the former officer) was approached to assassinate Martin Luther King. He names three FBI officers, he names three or four prominent people at that time in the police department. He indicates that the offer was made on two occasions in his automobile where he had a tape recorder, that he taped those items. One of them (the tapes) was stolen, the other he still has."

Snyder said the man went to Washington and either appeared before the committee or was interviewed by its staff. Snyder said the committee has the tape. Asked if he has a copy of the , tape, 4

"Courier-Journal", daily newspaper of general circulation, Louisville, Kentucky March 19, 1977

Snyder Contacted By Man Who Claims Police And FBI

Plotted To Kill King

By BILL HENDRICK
Associated Press Writer

COUISVILLE, Ky. (AP) — Rep. Gene Snyder, R-Ky., said Saturday the House Assassinations Committee is investigating an allegation from a "logical, rational" man who claims several members of a police department and FBI agents plotted to kill Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

S. Snyder said he met the man "face to a face" and that "he appeared to be rational, a logical kind of man."

Snyder said he received a letter from the man and listened to a tape recording the man said he made of the alleged assassination plot. He refused to say whether the man or the police department involved were in Kentucky.

Asked why the man contacted him and let him listen to a copy of the tape recording, Snyder said "he may have just been looking for someone with nerve, a fighter."

Snyder read part of the letter and used the word "blank" where the man had used names.

retired from (blank) police department in (blank) after serving

blank) years," the letter said. "While was in the police department I was innocently involved in a conspiracy to assassinate Dr. Martin Luther King.

"Involved in this conspiracy were agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigtion, agents (blank), (blank) and (blank) and others that I did not know," Snyder said, continuing to read the letter. "Members of the (blank) police department, chief of detectives, captain (blank), lieutenant (blank), ifficer (blank), lieutenant (blank) of the homicide bureau and president of the FOP sergeant (blank)."

"State Journal", daily newspaper of general circulation, Frankfort, Kentucky, March 20, 1977

I Police Plot To Kill Dr. King ng Probed, Rep. Snyder!

OUISVILLE, Ky. (AP)—Rep. M. Gene Snyder (R d Saturday the House Assassinations Committee is investigating an allegation from a "logical, rational" man who claims several members of a police department and FBI agents plotted to kill Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

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"I RETIRED from (blank) police department in (blank) after serving (blank) years," the letter said. "While I was in the police department I was innocently involved in a conspiracy to assassinate Dr. Martin Luther King.

"Involved in this conspiracy were agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, agents (blank), (blank) and (blank) and others that I did not know," the letter said, as Bnyder read it, citing but not naming several other officers.

Snyder said he could not divulge the names or the iden-

tity of the man who contacted him.

"What I'm saying," Snyder said, "is, those blanks need to be protected if there's nothing to this. And if it is an securate allegation that he's made, then the author of the kitter needs to be protected. The committee is investigating

SNYDER SAID the man "indicates further in the letter that after he retired he contacted (a man) who, he says, is James Earl Ray's attorney..."

Ray is serving a life term in prison in connection with the assassinaton of the late civil rights worker who was slain in Memphis, Tenn., in 1968.

Snyder said the former policeman claimed he was

offered \$500,000 on two occasions to kill King.

Richard A. Sprague, the Philadelphia lawyer who is chlef counsel for the assassinations committee, confirmed Snyder had turned over material containing the allegation, and that it "is under investigation."

The former policeman, Snyder said, tried to turn over a tape recording of the alleged \$500,000 offer to Ray's lawyers, but one of their investigators finally asked "where he planned to hide if he tried to do anything with the tape."

SNYDER SAID he has discussed the allegation with Rep. Samuel L. Devine of Ohio, the ranking minority meniber of the committee. Devine, a former FBI agent, checking into the man's background and found him to be a "solid citizen," Snyder said.

Enyder said the man told him the offers for him to kill King were made in his automobile, where he had a tape recorder. Snyder quoted the man as saying he had two tapes, one of which was either stolen or lost. The other tape has been turned over to the committee, Snyder said.

"Most of it was inaudible to me," he said. "I could make out a little. I made out enough to believe and ascertain that a discussion was being had about King and money, but I didn't even listen to all of it."

SNYDER SAID he wants the allegation to be thoroughly invistigated "and this guy ought to be protected from any problems. If it is inaccurate, then those people who he names need to be protected. He names three alleged FBI agents, four or five members, prominent members at the time, of a police department."

The man has been interviewed by the committee's investigative staff, Snyder said.

. Snyder said he received the letter from the man on Feb.

II don't know if it is valid," he said. "It is up to the committee to investigate it."

"Kentucky Enquirer" daily newspaper of general circulation. Covington, Kentucky, March 20, 1977

LOUISVILLE, Ky. (AP) -U.S. Rep. Gene Snyder, R-Ky., says he has-referred to the House Assassination Committee a retired police officer who claims FBI agents propositioned him to kill Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

🚹 In statements broadcast Fri-"day on WHAS-TV, Snyder said the former officer, whom he declined to name, has a tape recording of a purported con-FBI agents in which an alleged suggestion was made to murder King.

According to Snyder, the former policeman "names three FBI officers (and) three or four prominent people at that time in the police department (and) indicates that the offer tape recorder."

the purported offers were killer, James Earl Ray.

Snyder also declined to specify whether the former officer was from Kentucky. He said the man contacted him by letter recently and that he later met the man and listened to one tape recording.

Part of the tape was inaudible, Snyder said, but he was able to discern that the subject was King's assassination.

"I have talked to him and in versation between himself and my opinion he appears to be a responsible citizen and I think these kinds of leads need to be checked out," Snyder said.

Snyder said Assassinations Committee now has the tape recording and is investigating the matter.

King was assassinated in Memphis, Tenn., in 1968. The was made on two occasions in Assassinations Committee his automobile where he had a recently said it had new in-Trimation on King's murder, Snyder, who represents Ken- but has not produced any micky's 4th District, declined to evidence of involvement by name dates and the city where anyone other than the convicted

"Sun-Democrat", daily newspaper of general circulation, Paducah, Kentucky, March 20, 1977

| Snyder says man | revealed police plots | to kill King

By BILL HENDRICK
Associated Press Writer
LOUISVILLE, Ky. (AP) —
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Saturday the House Assassinations Committee is investigating an allegation from
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. chief of detectives, captain

(blank), lieutenant (blank), officer (blank), lieutenant (blank) of the homicide bureau and president of the FOP sergeant (blank)."

FOB stands for Fraternal Order of Police, a collective bargaining organization for police officers.

Snyder said he could not divulge the names listed in the letter or the identity of the man who contacted him.

"What I'm saying," Snyder said, "is those blanks need to be protected if there's nothing to this. And if it is an accurate allegation that he's made, then the author of the letter needs to be protected. The committee is investigating it."

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Snyder said the former policeman claimed he was offered \$500,000 on two occasions to kill King.

Richard A. Sprague, the Philadelphia attorney who is chief counsel for the assassinations committee, confirmed Snyder had turned over material containing the allegation.

"The matter you refer to has been referred to the committee and is under investigation," Sprague said.

Snyder said he would vote to continue funds for the committee's continued existence solely on the basis of the allegation brought to him. "Sun-Democrat",
daily newspaper of
general circulation,
Paducah, Kentucky
March 20, 1977