The January 22, 1967, No. 351 issue of "Prensa Libre," published in Mexico City, Mexico.

This issue contains an article entitled "Yankee Police Terror - Latin America Under the Activities of the F. B. I. and the C. I. A."

Montevideo, Uruguay, January, 1967.

The leftist press is commenting on recent police procedures and the McCarthy climate created by such procedures. The leftist press has stated that this has formed part of a gymnasium for Coup d'Etats.

Stories by the "Epoca" and the "El Popular" newspapers, and stories by the "Macha" weekly have resulted in the establishment of a "National Committee for Defense of Individual Rights and Public Freedom." This committee is made up of all the leftist parties of the country, progressive elements, and institutions and personalities representative of the national life.

The new organization was established after the Uruguayan police carried out during the last three weeks numerous searches of private homes, persecution, and detention of leftists, using the pretense of seeking pertinent information about a clandestine organization.

In the above-cited reports, it is stated that "the oligarchy, which seeks to destroy a process while it is still an embryo, has already begun its repressive offensive with the required consultations of yankee imperialism, applying the foreign recipe which includes the formulas of the International Monetary Fund, the techniques of the F. B. I., the corruption of the C. I. A., and even the ultra-modern stupidity of the security commission of the OAS.

"For the individual who is faced with police terror, social disgrace, social disqualification if he does not think as the holders of power or those who pull the strings from abroad (from the United States) wish him to think, it is more urgent than ever to take a global, conscientious stand on the problem. They who are now directly and immediately threatened are the leftist militants who are being imprisoned, tortured and killed.

"But in addition to the immediate problem, the police, and their accomplices the judges and ministers, are creating a stagnant society whose only hope rests in the changing of its structure, the removal of those who now pose behind democratic masks yet reveal their true face of reaction."

"Epoca" states that "when the interests of a minority which has in its hands a greater part of the national wealth are supported, and when the government acts for the benefit of this oligarchy, when the dictates of U. S. imperialism are accepted and the country is handed over to a foreign ravisher, then this policy already contains the seeds for violence."

"Epoca" recalls that "faced with popular protest, violence was resorted to. During the last four years, during each conflict in which the labor unions joined the protest, repeated resort was made to violence under the guise of security measures. These measures included a type of state of seige, prohibition of public gatherings, closing of newspapers, and the imprisonment of hundreds of workers.

"When the people, protesting against an international policy which was subordinated to the dictates of the United States State Department, flocked to the airport to bid good-bye to the first Latin-American country to struggle against imperialism, an act of police reprisal was carried out. This occurred when thousands of people bid good-bye to Cuban diplomats when leaving Uruguay."

The caption under the picture of the Director reads as follows: J. Edgar Hoover - his systems of repression are the same as those which have become endemic with the guerrilla governments of Latin America.

"Prensa Libre"

July 17, 1966 - No. 328

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The following is a translation of the article on page 8 entitled "The FBI Violates Our Territory:"

Another example of the type of impunity with which agents of the sinister organization, the FBI (Federal Bureau of Investigation) of the United States of North America, flagrantly violating our national territory, became known when a building superintendent tried to stab an agent of that corporation named Walter J. Lippman, who was identified as "a student at the University of the Americas and a master of scenography."

The Yankee policeman said he was in Mexico on a "secret mission," which tacitly reveals the violation of our territory. And the FBI has several hundred obvious men in Mexico who, with the knowledge and connivance of the authorities, commit all kinds of noxious acts without anyone criticizing their "investigation" of whomever they please.

Walter J. Lippman, the FBI agent, resides in apartment 4 of the development located at 411 Prado Norte, Lomas de Chapultepec Colony, where he lives with his wife Mary Ann Lippman.

"Prensa Libre" states that the CIA has some 200 agents working against the progressive movements in Colombia and that "these agents have criminal records for various crimes in North America and were chosen for their work in Colombia."

The Communist Party of Cuba will direct that country's civil defense program on the basis of a new law #1194 which calls for "coordination of all the agencies of the state and organized forces of the nation, directed by the Communist Party of Cuba."

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SUMMARIZED BY:

JOYCE B. CLARK: ehf of the control of the control

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July 17, 1966 - Number 328

An article on page 5 entitled "The Communist Party Directs the Civil Defense of Cuba" presents the text of the new Civil Defense Law issued by the Revolutionary Government of Cube, setting forth the conditions for resisting military aggression or natural emergency. The law proposes to anticipate an attack and to be prepared by creating shelter areas, planning for continued industrial production in time of crisis, and organising emergency medical, transportation, water, electricity, communications and other systems. The legislation also creates a Civil Defense Council headed by the President and First Vice president of the Republic to coordinate all civil defense programs.

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JOYSE B. CLARK: cca September 1966

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rensa Libre No. 326 - July 3, 1966

General Director: Guillermo H. Trejo Oviedo

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Prensa Libre Number 323 June 12, 1966

An article on Page 7 entitled "Job 430 Yankee Espionage Plan" says: "The Uruguayan press continues to publish important revelations on the objectives of the new version of the North American espionage plan 'Camelot,' which is developing in Argentina under the name 'Job 430.'

Reports state that "Job 430" is under the direction of the Ipsa Institute of South America, Audits and Surveys Argentina, which is associated with Inra, P.O. Box 399, New York, and that it is the U.S. Department of Defense which set it up in Argentina.

The purpose of questionnaires being circulated in Argentina, is to determine how the southern area of the continent would react to new U. S. military intervention similar to that in the Dominican Republic.

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"Izvestia" published statements by North American journalists John Svanton, Ralph Bayes and Arthus Brisbein to the effect that they do not enjoy freedom of the press.

"Paris Jour" reported that the United States uses its air bases in France to spy on other countries.

In referring to the proposed "Islamic Pact," "Pravda" states that the United States is increasing its subversive activities against the Middle East. It says that such activities are directed against the recent victory of progressive forces in Syria, the popularity of the domestic and international policy of the United Arab Republic, the anticolonial course of the patriotic forces in Yemen and the independence struggle on the South Arabia peninsula.

Also included in this issue of "Prensa Libre" are articles concerning Kosygin's visit to the United Arab Republic, infiltration by the CIA into unions, the pro-imperialist attitude of the Yugoslavian government, and the United States' failure to live up to its agreement with Mexico about the salinization of the Bravo River.

SUMMARIZED BY: JOYCE B. CLARK ehf July 11, 1966

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The April 3, 1966, issue of "Prensa Libre," printed in Mexico City, Mexico.

This issue contains an article written by Guillermo H. Trejo Oviedo, claiming that the "United States is engaging in the illegal traffic of Mexican girls and boys. These Mexican youths are taken from Mexico and sent to the United States. Then they are sent to Saigon where the boys are used for menial labor and the girls are put to work in Saigon S.E.R. APARELL brothels."

Another article by Humberto Jurado Guizar, claims that "United States smugglers are consuming the greater part of radioactive materials, mercury, gold, diamonds, precious stones and other such strategic minerals. The smugglers abused the good treatment they received from governments, such as, Mexico, Brazil, Colombia, Tanzania, etc., by depriving the people of their natural resources.

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This issue also contains chapter 17 of a serialized story entitled "They Killed Kennedy," written by Robinson Rojas. The article claims to describe the action taken by President Kennedy against the steel companies after an announcement of the proposed increase in steel prices.

The article states that "President Kennedy ordered Robert Kennedy, the Attorney General, to send FBI Agents to question all the businessmen. Robert Kennedy used all his

THOMAS McLAUGHLIN, JR.: sdh All REC-46 6 4 - 36978 - NOT RECORDED
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PRENSA LIBRE of Mexico for April 11, 1965

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PRENSA LIBRE in the World

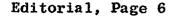
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil - U.S. citizens Herbert Horne and William Randall and Brazilian financial figures are implicated in a dollar smuggling scheme.

TRANSLATED BY: ALLEN RUST: jar June 11, 1965

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In the Anti-Yankee Struggle

The editorial comments on the world importance of guerrilla activity in Southern Brazil and the fact that this plus the guerrilla activity in other Latin American countries is open defiance against U.S. militancy and imperialism. The editorial also lambasts the U.S. invasion of South Viet Nam and mentions Sukarno's successes against the Yankee imperialists. In every area the small but powerful economic and military forces of the U.S. are being beaten back, the same forces that eliminated President Kennedy as an inconvenience to them and follow the Goldwater policies of Johnson.

Not only overseas but in the very United States the imperialist groups are taking a beating by the Negroes and civil rights groups. Public opinion, the editorial concludes, has solidified against the U.S. oligarchy.

Article by Jurado Guizar Pages 6 and 14

Mexico - First Victim of Yankee Imperialism. The writer traces the history of U.S. imperialistic aggression and invasions against Mexico from 1847 to 1916 and ridicules Pershing's efforts to find Pancho Villa. He questions the credibility of the Good Neighbor Policy.

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The March 21, 1965, edition of "Prensa Libre," a newspaper printed in Tialnepantla, Mexico.

In a page 1 article entitled, "Yankee Blackmail," the charge is made that the President of Venezuela, Raul Leoni, has received an order from President Johnson and the Pentagon to stop any further delay in his acceptance of naval air bases on Venezuelan soil.

This paper charges that the bases are to be installed because the "imperialist gringos realize that the majority of the people are inclined toward a leftist resolution of problems created by exclusive control and exploitation by the oil companies."

The letter was allegedly written by the "Fleet Admiral," and then intercepted by the FALN, who later published it.

The letter allegedly contains the following points:

- 1. The United States demands the bases in compliance with the Inter-American Defense Treaty for Defense of the Continent.
- 2. The United States will have to send its own troops to defend national interests, since a large portion of Venezuela's armed forces have accepted "ideologies which are dangerous to the national interest."
- 3. Neither the press nor the congress of Venezuela is to be informed of the question of bases.
- 4. The bases will be located at the extreme east of the Paria Gulf and will be built for submarines and jet airplanes.
 - 5. Venezuela is to supply the materials and labor for the bases.

This paper contains a note about the meeting of the Committee for Denuclearization of Latin America that was held in Mexico City.

The article says that the Mexican delegation, headed by Ismael Moreno, "carried out the pacifist and antiwar spirit of our country." In conclusion,

SUMMARIZED BY:
THOMAS MC LAUGHLIN, JR.:mmg

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In an article entitled, "Cynical Territorial Intervention by the Yankees," reference is made to statements made in the United States Senate by Paul Nitze, Secretary of the Navy, and by David L. McDonald, Chief of Naval Operations in the United States, that they would not permit Latin American countries to extend the limit of their jurisdiction in their territorial waters. The article goes on to state that "although no specific reference was made, this matter was clearly related to various incidents in which various countries have established new territorial water jurisdiction and have detained American fishing boats which were found within the newly established limits."

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The article states that the U.S. is preparing an "aggressive intervention" in Chile. The author says that the United States "not only wants to control the government; it wants to gain power over the natural resources" of the country.

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SUMMARIZED BY: CLYDE L. PETTY:blh September 2, 1964 26

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