12 August 1976

## MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

104-10112-10328

SUBJECT: Unknown Subject: B. R. Fox - Extortion

One of the individuals recently interviewed by the FBI relative to Subject matter noted that he once saw information concerning B. R. Fox company in an article by Tad SZULC in the Penthouse magazine, July 1975. Attached to instant memorandum is a copy of that article captioned, "The Spy Among Us." The portion pertaining to B. R. Box is set out in brackets. It is noted that the article mentions the address of B. R. Fox Company, as well as Lucien CONEIN and Michael MORRISSEY.

GONFIDENTIA

Jerry G. Brown Deputy Chief Security Analysis Group

Att: As stated

JGB:hjd



APPROVED FOR BELEASE 1993 CIA HISTORICAL REVIEW PROGRAM

> E2IMPDET CL BY 063994

Norrin,

THE CONSTITUTION -0 RIGHT OF ALL CITIZENS TO SECURE IN THEIR HOUSES IS MOLATED EVERY DAY BY THE STRANGE **EUREAUCRATS OF THE** INTELL'GENCE COMMUNITY

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## BY TAD SZULC

maricans have always believed that the ght to privacy is sacred. We shudder at tories told by travelers to the Soviet Union nd other dictatorships who take for ranted that their hotel rooms and phones re bugged and that they are followed. But www.ediscover.there is literally no piece rithin the United States safe from the ilagal shooping of the CIA (which is recricted by law to foreign operations) and he many other government agencies .nown as the "Intelligence Community."

One extraordinary example is the tiny aser-beam transmitter embedded in the all of the Oval Office at the White House. This transmitter picked up and relayed to a amote recording center every conversaion between Richard M. Nixon and his des, friends, and visitors during at least everal months in 1970, the year the former of domestic spying carried out by six sucresident launched his secret domestic insiligence program. Presidential telephone! criversations, including those conducted: ver "secure" scramoler lines, were also! sicked up by the laser transmitter.

The existence in the presidential office of his highly sophisticated device, known by he code name "Easy Chair," remains one, The most sensitive, closely guarded, and: striguing secrets of the Nixon period. This inciviledge is restricted to about a dozent ey past and present officials of the Intellig gence agencies. His name as well as a ince Community. But the precise purpose of the operation, the exact identity of those. abo ordered the installation of the laser favice under a cost of fresh paint on the Bral Office wall, and the ultimate dispoation of the instrument' remain unclear." or do we know if tapes were made of

This is the third article in a monthly series on America's Intelligence Community, in-Juding the CIA

PENTHOUSE Culy 75

these transmissions-which is, perhaps, the most crucial question

It is also not known if Nixon himself was ware of and consented to the installation. If he did, the laser system complemented his hidden recording devices that produced the famous White House tapes. (In any event, the laser device picked up with infinitely more clarity every word uttered in the Oval Office, eliminating the "unintelligible" gaps that affected the tapes. In addition, the laser system permits, unlike a tape recorder, the identification of every individual voice in a room and the separation of several simultaneous conversations.) It is not known where the laser beam signal was received, but technical experts believe that such a device has a transmission range of under a half mile along a clear line of sight. The laser beam must be aimed out a window-it would be deflected by a wall. In the case of the Oval Office it had to go through the panes of the French doors leading to the Rose Garden.

Highly reliable sources told Penthouse that one or more senior officials of the Secret Service and the Central Intelligence Agency are familiar with the "Easy Chair" situation in the White House, although they could not say whether they learned of it only when the laser device was discovered and removed early in August 1970, or whether they knew at some earlier date. The sources would not rule out that the late J. Edgar Hoover, then director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, was also privy to "Easy Chair."

In any event, this super-bugging of the presidential office looms as one of the most bizarre episodes in the still unfolding story cessive administrations, but climaxing most spectacularly during Nixon's tenure.

Penthouse learned of this bugging of the Oval Office as a result of a lengthy investigation. According to highly authoritative sources, the person who installed the laser, transmitter, possibly on a second attempt when an original device did not function properly, is a foreign-born individual employed as a painter by the government and apparently controlled by one of the intellinumber of other relevant details are withheld from publication to avoid causing suffering and embarrassment to persons innocently involved in this operation.

Investigations by Penthouse have also produced the significant fact that officials of . the General Services Administration, which is responsible for the maintenance of government buildings, have been under strict orders from the Secret Service since 1970 not to discuss with outsiders anything pertaining to the painting of the interior of the White House. The Secret Service also issued orders that all inquiries on the subject be immediately reported to it. These orders apply to painting foremen and their crews as well as to other GSA employees. Penthouse sources were unable to say, however, whether these orders are exclusively related to the "Easy Chair" incident.

Beyond the new oncourses

House bugging, recent investigations, inding those by Penthouse, also strongly gest that the cover-up of secret domestic spying activities by U.S. intelligence agencies has continued in 1975, despite President Ford's instructions that all relevant information be supplied to the investigating panels: the Rockefeller Commission and the two special congressional committees. But the White House has excluded certain top-secret material from information given to the Senate and House panels. These are the facts:

 Civilian and military intelligence agencies maintain political files on tens of thousands of American citizens, ostensibly for reasons of "national security" and criminal investigations, but just as often to satisfy the political curiosity of overzealous government sleuths. There are files on sexual, drinking, and other personal habits and problems of politicians, government officials, artists and writers, civil rights militants, dissidents in general, and real or suspected radicals.

 Court records, disclosed in April of this year (months after Ford ordered the investigation of the Intelligence Community). show that at least twenty federal agencies still maintain electronic surveillance of Americans at home and abroad. Overseas, particularly in Germany, the targets are U.S. military personnel. This surveillance includes telephone tapping and the secret recording of face-to-face conversations either through hidden devices or informers secretly wired for sound. (It is unclear, however, whether all this surveillance is based on court orders or is conducted illegally.)

The immense scope of this activity can be appreciated from this list of agencies en-. gaging in domestic and foreign electronic surveillance of Americans: the FBI; the CIA; the National Security Agency; the Defense Intelligence Agency; the Department of the Air Force; the Postal Inspection Service; the IRS Intelligence Division: the IRS Inspection Service's Internal Security Division: the Drug Enforcement Administration, the Treasury's Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms; the Naval Investigative Service; the Administrative Services Section of the Joint Chiefs of Stali; the Defense Mapping Agency: the Defense Nuclear Agency: the Defense Security Assistance Agency: the Defense Supply Agency, the Defense Civil Preparedness Agency; the Defense Advanced Projects Agency; the Defense Communications Agency: the Dalanse Contracting Audit Agency; the 502nd Army Sel curity Agency Group: the Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Intelligence of the U.S. Army in Europe: the Investigation and Police Information Division of the U.S. Army in Europe: the Army Criminal Investigation Command; and the Defense Investigative Service. It must be kept in mind that all the spying is outside normal criminal surveillance by law enforcement agencies. In addition acting on requests from nineteen fectore agencies and scores of local law enforce

meunits: the U.S. Postal Service (which san intelligence unit) is currently tracing trecording the origins of mail delivered housands of American citizens. Our govment, from the federal down to the state i municipal levels, appears to have emked on a veritable snooping bingel (It huld be recorded, however, that the Penon makes a point that only five of its encies are authorized to conduct electic surveillance.)

· CIA director William E. Colby informed sident Ford of possible illegal activities his agency, including domestic spying t conspiracies to carry out assassinais of foreign leaders, only after a part of veil of secrecy was lifted in press reports t December. This information had been nheld for nearly two years even though mer CIA director James R. Schlesinger, v secretary of defense, ordered CIA emyees as far back as 1973 to report to him jvities exceeding or violating the CIA arter. He received a number of such reits. Colby inherited this material in 1973 d secretly requested the Justice Departent to investigate illegal CIA actions-sing the possibility of criminal prosecuns against certain CIA officials-but he portedly failed to inform Ford of it until the esentation of his fifty-page written report st December and his supplemental "oral" port on assassinations.

 The CIA maintains its own secret list of emies, known as the BIGOT file, in adtion to 10,000 name files of Americans spected in some manner of foreign intelence connections or some vague form of byersion. The latter list includes antiwar d civil rights activists. Penthouse reporti in its June issue that the CIA maintained nce the 1950s separate dossiers on the te senators Joseph McCarthy and Robert err, as well as on Senator Hubert H. Humirey-in addition to New York congressoman Bella Abzug, the only member of ongress that the CIA has publicly admitted seping a file on. The BIGOT file is made up persons who are regarded as "bigoted" jainst the agency.

Besides keeping dossiers on thousands Americans, the CIA is also known to have aintained surveillance on Supreme Court ustice William O. Douglas; Representative laude Pepper, Florida Democrat; former presentative Cornelius Gallagher, New ersey Republican: and the late senator dward Long, a Missouri Democrat. The tA's interest in Douglas and Gallagher was oparently based on their contacts in the ominican Republic. Douglas visited there 1962 and had close lies to former presient Juan Bosch, one of whose advisers ad CIA links of his own. (And allegations ave been made that the CIA played a-role the 1961 assassination of the Dominican ictator, Rafael L. Trujillo.) Pepper was reortedly a target because of his ties to Cuan refugees in Florida, a major area of CIA perations. Long, according to sources, roused the agency's interest because of nks to foreign corporations operating in .

the United States.

CIA sources say that many "enemies" on the BIGOT list have been targets of agency bugging by "Easy Chair" laser devices. The advantage of such devices is that they are usually untraceable and do not constitute actual wiretapping for which, at least in theory, either a court order or a "national security" clearance by the attorney general is required.

 The government secretly condoried the production of awesome antipersonnel explosive devices, such as flashlights and telephone receivers loaded with explosives, by the B.R. Fox Company, a private company in Alexandria, Virginia. Some of the officials of this company are believed to have had past ties with the CIA's paramilitary operations branch. There is no evidence that B. R. Fox, which mysteriously went out of business last November, was actually owned by the CIA. But Fairfax County authorities reported upon inquiry that thecompany never requested nor received the necessary permit for the manufacture of explosive devices in the Fairfax jurisdiction. Intelligence sources indicate that other such companies are presently operating else where in the United States Str P

• The CIA obtained from the Civil Aeronautics Board and the Federal Aviation Administration a special certification for one of its "proprietary" airlines. Southern Air Transport Inc., exempting it from the requirement of flying approved charter routes. Southern's aircraft are thus able to be used, anywhere in the world without filing route reports with the CAB.

• To deal with pressures from current investigations, the CIA established at its' headquarters last February a secret "CON-FOUND Task Force," designed to counter charges against the agency. CONFOUND is supported by CIRA, the Central Intelligence Retired Association, formed last March 20. CIRA's board of governors includes some of the best-known former senior agency officials. The CIA, according to informants, also sought to plant at least two of its former officials on the staff of the Senate committee investigating the Intelligence Community.

• Its naval operations ranging from the sublime to the ridiculous, the CIA has been involved with billionaire Howard Hughes in various ventures, including the ship designed to retrieve a sunken Soviet submarine, and it continues to operate—from a room in a small New York hotel and from a postal box in Panama—the Apollo, a mysterious motor yacht loaded with electronic and communications equipment. The 3000-ton Apollo, which is almost 500 feet tong, usually operates in southern European waters.

This article will examine in some detail the domestic activities of the U.S. Intelligence Community—many of them clearly illegal and a clear and present danger to the democratic process.

For over twenty-five years these activities have often been in direct violation of U.S. laws. (The CIA, for example, is barred by federal law from domestic intelligence op-

evidens and from domestic police functions and from domestic espionage has violated the civil rights of Americans on whom secret political files have been kept, whose phones have been tapped with or without court orders, and whose mail has been opened or, at least, monitored through Postal Service "mail covers" on behalf of various intelligence agencies And there have been many unexplained accidents, deaths, and "suicides" in the U.S. involving persons who had connections with intelligence work.

Moreover, the intelligence agencies, using their immense manpower, and financial and technological resources, have been part of great political power struggles in this country going back at least ten years. "Keeping files on citizens may be the least some of these agencies have been doing." an intelligence expert with long experience in Washington remarked recently.

Some major American political assassinations, on which official files have been closed, may become the subject of new scrutiny by Rockefeller and the special congressional committees. If nothing else, a psychological climate has developed favoring the reopening of investigations of the murders of the Kennedy brothers and the Rev. Martin Luther King.

This climate, in which the CIA and the FBt are being publicly linked to these and other political assassinations, evidently led President Ford to remark at his news conference on April 3 that "it is my understanding that the Rockeleller Commission may, if the facts seem to justify, take a look" at the charges that the CIA was involved in the 1963 murder of President Kennedy and that it was a conspiracy involving more than one gunman. This would be the first fresh official look at the Dallas assassination since the Warren Commission issued its report more than eleven years ago declaring that Lee Harvey Oswald was the Ione assassin.

Ford, who was a member of the Warren Commission, said that "so far" he has seen no evidence to dispute the original conclusions. David W. Balin, executive director of the Rockefeller Commission and formerly counsel to the Warren Commission, took the same view. (But George O'Toole's recently published book The Assassination Tapes. which was excerpted in the April Penthouse. presents what may be called the first scientilic evidence that Oswald was innocent.) Meanwhile, the Bockefeller Commission has received allegations in form of testimony from private groups that E. Howard Hunt, the ex-CIA official and convicted Watergate burglar, had been arrested in Dallas minutes after Kennedy's shooting. Hunt has denied this charge as well as published reports. that he was in Mexico City in August 1963. at the same time as Oswald (see Hunt Interview, Penthouse May 1975).

There are also new doubts surrounding the murder of Robert F. Kennedy in Los Angeles in June 1969, and the special investigating bodies may look into it, too. Charges of CIA and FBI involvement in the 1968 assassination of King in Memphis wete made early in April by the Rev. Jesse to loom behind the CIA's own violent reor-' "higher-ups" in the government, including Jackson, who succeeded King in the lead-| ganization in the wake of the disclosures members of the White House "Forty Commitership of the civil rights movement. This last December that the agency had en- tee," which must authorize loreign assassiaccusation coincided with recent asser! gaged in "massive" spying on Americans.: tions by James Earl Ray, the convicted as - CIA director Colby, anxious for a scapegoat, liable to prosecution. The Forty Committee sassin, that he did not act alone and with his apparently chose the chief of the Counterin- is presently headed by Henry Kissinger and request for a new trial. Acting on Hoover's telligence Stall, James Angleton, as the a case of legal accountability may develop orders, the FBI had been wiretapping King' public culprit, although knowledgeable during the years preceding his death. A agency officials believe that Angleton had Hoover memorandum, disclosed several; relatively little to do with it. The belief in the years ago, said the FBI's mission was "to' Intelligence Community is that the spying disrupt, discredit, or otherwise neutralize the civil rights movement."

Political power struggles may have also been behind the installation of the "Easy Chair" laser device in Nixon's office in 1970. This secret transmitter is similar to the one accidentally discovered many years ago inside the Great Seal of the United States in the office of the American ambassador in Moscow. Such devices, unlike standard hidden microphones and transmitters, cannot be located by electronic sweeps. The instrument in the Oval Office was apparently discovered by a Secret Service agent who noticed an extra dab of paint covering the spot on the wall where the device was implanted. The paint caught his eye because of the way in which the light was being reflected by it at that particular moment.

It is possible that Nixon had personally ordered the implanting of the laser device to obtain a more accurate secret record of all conversations in the Oval Office and chose to keep the Secret Service in the dark about it. But it is also possible that, because of the extraordinary importance of policy decisions made in the Oval Office, one of the intelligence services may have installed the device. (There is at least one other case of such spying in the White House: during 1971, a navy yeoman attached to a Pentagon liaison office in the National Security Council regularly supplied the Joint Chiefs Vernon A. Walters. Another power struggle of Staff with the most top-secret materials had run its course. from NSC meetings as well as the most sensitive foreign policy documents handled by Henry A. Kissinger, who then served as except for managerial, policy, training, and ! special assistant to the president for national security affairs.)

monitored anywhere in the White House or the CIA was founded twenty-eight years the adjoining Executive Office Building. They could also be picked up, technicians say, in the Treasury Building a block away I (the Secret Service is part of the Treasury, porate empire, shielding mysterious private Department) or in the Commerce Depart-; companies producing lethal devices for use ment building three blocks away. But, because laser beams can travel only along a for such companies as Howard Hughes's line of sight free of any obstructions, it would Summa Corporation, which built the submabe necessary to have "repeaters" located somewhere on the White House grounds to redirect the beam emanating from the Oval Office windows to reception points. If, indeed, the president was spied on by one of his intelligence agencies, the American government was in a greater state of disin-, considered a federal rather than a state ofregration than we ever realized.

Policy power struggles likewise seemed scandal gave Colby the long-awaited opportunity to dismiss Angleton, a powerful operator who had carved out his private empire in the CIA. Angleton had become a thorn in the side of Secretary of State Kissinger because of his control over the flow of secret intelligence between the U.S. and Israel. Kissinger, it is said. felt that Angleton was interfering with his intricate Middle Eastern policies and persuaded Colby to remove him as soon as possible.

Angleton was quietly replaced by George Constantinides, a fifty-three-year-old Middle East specialist who has directed the CIA's Near Eastern Affairs Office since 1972, and is unlikely to create problems for Kissinger. But nothing was said about Domestic Operations Division (renamed the Foreign Resources Division in 1972) during the period when the agency was engaged in : spying on antiwar militants. Ober currently is assigned to the National Security Council staff where, presumably, he enjoys Kissinger's protection. Angleton, who stayed on for three months to assist Constantinides during the transition, was awarded on April. 7, 1975, the CIA's Distinguished Intelligence Medal in a surge of bureaucratic irony. Colby managed to be in New Orleans on the day of the award and Angleton received it from Colby's deputy. Lieutenant General : here of the agency's Technical Services Di-

As we've noted, the CIA is forbidden by federal law to operate in the United States support functions related to its foreign operations. But this prohibition has been vio-The Oval Office transmissions could be lated to a steadily increasing degree since ago. The violations range from supporting local police departments and spying on American citizens to managing a huge corat home and abroad, supplying tax covers rine-recovery ship Glomar Explorer (it saved Hughes over \$9 million), and conspiring on United States soil to commit foreign assassinations. Conspiracy to commit murder is a major criminal offense under the United States Penal Code (it probably would be fense because such murders would most likely be planned in a federal office) and current investigations by the Justice Deadmont could load to indictments of CIA:

this happens, one may well ask why nations by American agents, would not be against him and his predecessors. It may even be argued that presidents of the United States can be named as co-conspirators in foreign assassinations, inasmuch as they supposedly must clear such acts when Americans are used. But traditionally presidents have been protected by the so-called doctrine of "plausible denial," under which they are able to officially ignore this type of activity. Moreover, the Forty Committee keeps virtually no records, thus depriving courts of needed evidence. And no official is likely to incriminate himself in courtshould it ever come to that.

It is obviously impossible to separate completely the CIA's domestic and foreign activities. The agency, after all, has its headquarters in the United States and all its operations are planned and coordinated at its sprawling building at Langley, Va., just outside Washington. Because of all the Richard Ober, the official who ran the CIA's support requirements at home, the CIA's operations inevitably spill over to American cities. It is this spill-over factor that has often led to the abuses and violations.

> The CIA claims that it acts legally on American territory when it engages in training and recruitment, the contacting of Americans and foreigners who may possess useful intelligence information, and the in-, vestigation of potential agents or informers. it may wish to hire (as distinct from campus) recruitment for CIA careers). Few CIA critics would dispute this claim. Likewise, there appears to be nothing wrong with the work vision, which concentrates on intelligence technology and the equipping of agents for foreign missions, or the Office of Security, which supposedly does what its name sugdests. In fact, "overt" CIA offices in dozens. of American cities are listed in local phone directories.

The trouble, however, is that the CIA also runs "covert" offices and operations throughout the United States-the ones Colby does not mention in his increasingly frequent public appearances in defense of the agency. Here are five examples:

 The Miami area is the center of major covert CIA operations. The principal operation is Support Station East, headed by a senior CIA official named Paul Holliwell, in charge of all the activities in Florida. A spe-1 cial section deals with anti-Castro Cuban refugees, many of them veterans of the Bay of Pigs invasion and other CIA adventures in Cuba. The Cubans are used as intelligence. sources and as infiltrators into Cuba (although this activity has been considerably curtailed over the years). Eugenio Martinez. one of the Watergate burgtars, was still on a

S100-2-month CIA retainer when he joine Howard Hunt's Cuban-American team to Beverly Hills and Washington break-ins. All re other Hunt accomplices were ex-CIA<sup>1</sup> sersonnel, Miami law-enforcement authories remain highly concerned about the acvities of CIA-connected Cubans, many of nem armed, in local crime. There is talk of a 'Cuban Malia'' using CIA Cubans, and there tave been numerous instances of terror contbings and assassinations. But the local sofice and even the FBI often find that some Subans with criminal records are "untouchable" because of CIA protection and invocaion of "national security."

"Support East" uses the facilities of Miami international University for operations in Latin America and provides technical and Enancial support for far-flung CIA missions. But most important of all, it controls a worldwide network of double agents under Operation SEEBOLT, one of the most sensitive CIA missions. A special staff known as the "Green Light Group" runs SEEBOLT on behalf of the agency's Clandestine Services chiefs in Washington. It is in close touch with the Inter-Agency Defectors' Committee (IDA), a major source of double agents. Despite many valid objections to turning an American city into a major espionage center, I CIA officials insist privately that this activity is all really part of foreign operations.

The Miami group has its counterpart. Support Station West, in Burlingame, California. This station, near San Francisco, concentrates on Asian operations in roughly the 1950s in order to acquire domestic and (bought from Air Asia). A DC-6B was sold to same manner in which the Miami station foreign covers for secret operation. and to Ethiopian Airlines in 1972. works on Latin America and Europe. There channel funds discreetly to its overseas is also a large covert CIA station in Denver. operatives. Only top CIA officials know how who is vice-president and secretary of the and there is one in Las Vegas, where the Mafia provides a fertile field for foreign and in existence-what is known of the opera- the registered owner of several apparently domestic intelligence.

2. In the overlapping of the CIA's foreign and domestic functions, the agency's representatives in Los Angeles first persuaded Howard Hughes's Summa Corporation to build the \$350 million (in taxpayers' money) | deep-sea mining ship, the Glomar Excicrer, and then went to the Los Angeles! County tax assessor to inform him in secrecy that the vessel belonged to the United States government. The Summa Corporation thus was not subject to local taxes in! excess of S9 million. But this is where the CIA got caught in its own game of secrecy: the ship's license, filed under oath with the Coast Guard, states that the Glomar Explorer belongs to the Hughes interests. Los Angeles County was thus cheated out of exes. Inasmuch as the CIA did the lying, it the true nature of the proprietaries to avoid "commercial operator" under FAA Regulamay well become the target of tax fraud prosecution. The same may happen with ederal taxes, although the IRS has not yet teen heard from, and we may face the ex- i in a third-floor suite in an office building at traordinary situation of a federal agency, 1725 K Street in Washington. Incorporated (IRS) suing another federal agency (CIA) for i in 1950. Pacific is one of the principal CIA tax fraud. And there is the additional fact, holoing companies because it provides fithat the CIA representatives were introduced to the tax assessor by an FBI agent. Important proprietaries. Pacific's president suggesting further intra-governmental col- is Hugh L. Grundy, believed to be a longlusion. The CIA's request that the tax asses- time CIA official, who actually lives just a stample of the energy's domestic activities theorem and up tors

This story is further complicated by Global Marine Inc., a publicly held company SEC has avoided making a broad ruling on out the federal budget. Global Marine's public reporting. If one is sibly blowing their covers.

laws. The existence of the CIA corporate of the legality of these proprietary compublicly owned stock, problems with the SEC are unlikely to arise.

prietary corporate network in the early, transport planes, one of them a DC-6 many of these companies are or have been. Pacific Corporation. Bastian, incidentally, is tion suggests that the agency has been clos- uninhabited townhouses in Washington.) ing down some of them and creating others, according to need-but the system is being in Latin America, including eight flights to used to this day. Colby, in fact, confirmed it. Chile in 1971 (on earthquake relief missions earlier this year when he denied a charge for LAN, the Chilean national airline acthat profits generated by the proprietaries cording to a CAB certification) when the late can be used for covert foreign operations, president Salvador Allende was still in thus bypassing restrictions written into law; power, but very little is known of the current by Congress late in 1974.

rated in Delaware, a state that does not levy was leasing one of its aircraft to a U.S. oil. local corporate taxes, and there are reasons company working in the Niger in Africa and to believe that the CIA even has its own another to a company in Alaska. incorporating company in Dover to handle the business away from prying eyes. CIA sale and it filed a petition with the CAB for officials say, however, that in some in-1"cancellation of certificates" for charter stances officials in the office of the Dela- routes. But the airline then changed its ware secretary of state had to be informed of mind, and on December 31, 1973, became a blowing the CIA covers.

Probably the oldest major proprietary is the Pacific Corporation, with headquarters nancial and management controls for other sor cooperate in the secret cover is another. Yew blocks away from the agency's Langley

Operating directly under Pacific are Air erica, Inc., the "private" CIA airline that (unlike the Summa Corporation) which de- has operated planes and helicopters for signed and operated the Glomar Explorer years throughout Indochina in support of the for Summa and the CIA. Under Securities agency's "clandestine army" in Laos and and Exchange Commission rules, public other paramilitary activities, Air America is companiesmust provide "full disclosure" of funced by the Agency for International Detheir activities. Global Marine chalked up velopment (AID), which has often served as profits from the Glomar Explorer operations. a cover for the CIA's operations in Asia and but, according to an SEC staff study, its pub- eise where. The CIA refunds AID through a lic reports were "inaccurate and incomplete" complex bookkeeping system involving the due to the classified aspects." Thus far the concealment of CIA appropriations through-

Pacific also owns Civil Air Transport Co. made, however, it would allect other public' Ltd., a Taiwan-based scheduled airline companies with secret CIA contracts, pos-; known as CAT, CAT, in turn, owns major i aircraft repair and overhaut facilities on. 3. In the CIA's operation of its vast corpo-; Taiwan. The third known CIA airline is: rate activities---the so-called "proprietary") Southern Air Transport Inc., which is also the companies-the agency has always badly most mysterious. Southern (not to be conneeded the secretive cooperation of federal fused with Southern Airways). located at and state authorities. It is, of course, a matter 1625 K Street in Washington (in a building) of subsequent legal determination whether with a number of unusually large antennas, the incorporation of the proprietaries and; on the roof), has interlocking directorships their operations have been in violation of with Air America. Between 1966 and 1972 it lessed aircraft from Air America as well as empire, estimated at some \$200 million an-1 from Air Asia Co. Ltd., another proprietary nually in sales and services, has long been controlled by Pacific. According to Federal a secret and there have been no court tests. Aviation Administration records, the present, ownership of at least four jet transports' panies; Since none of these companies has leased from Air America and subsequently returned to it is "unknown." These planes, in, fact, are not even registered anymore with The CIA began putting together its pro- the FAA. At present. Southern owns three

(Southern's attorney is James H. Bastian.)

Most of Southern's operations have been. use of its planes. Its operational headquar-Most of the proprietaries were incorpo- ters are in Miami, but at one point Southern

Late in 1973, Southern was officially for:

121. No longer under the CAB's operauthority, Southern has greatly intocuments showing aircraft purchased ours flown by aircraft types, tonnage caron each route, intermediate stops, and estrictions on where it may fly-except st of its worries.

ther Pacific subsidiaries include the tific Engineering Co. and the Thai Pacific , and its subsidiaries have dealt with in companies as Lao Air Development . operating in Laos under Air America. Birdair, the company that flew the Camtian airlift for the U.S. air force in 1974 1975.

scting through ciner channels, the CIA n named Psychological Assessments sociates. Inc., whose function was to induct psychological assessments of erican citizens hired for foreign emsyment and to study brainwashing techtues of foreign intelligence agencies. A was organized by two former CIA offiis, Samuel B. Lyerly and Robert E. Goodw. (Goodnow has since gone to live in stralia for unexplained reasons.) PAA arates in complete secrecy. Admission the office, in a residential uptown section Washington, is obtained by pushing a zzer so that the door may be opened. But As present directors are not available - interviews and the CIA has refused coments on its links with the company.

As a rule. CIA proprietaries pay taxes and est other official requirements, but CIA rector Colby had to arrange for a special scensation from the now defunct Price ommission so that Pacific Corporation's osks would not have to be opened for the commission's inspection.

In addition to proprietaries, the CIA runs conts" and "conduits" through companies does not run outright but supports finanally. The fronts and the conduits provide overs for CIA operations at home and croad. The best known of the fronts was the part disbanded Robert R. Mullen public reons company that employed E. Howard and after his resignation from the CIA in 371 until his involvement in the Watergate. teak-in. Interestingly the Mullen company 10 handled a public relations account for Howard Hughes interests. The com-Sty. as it developed in 1974, was con-1 ed by a full-time CIA case officer. There many other such fronts.

Some of the most interesting CIA con-::s-channels for transmission of funds o other materials-were the German

cluded such giants as the Farbenindustrie A.G., the huge Nazi conglomerate, and sed its anonymity---it no Ichger has to there are indications that the CIA planted its agents in new firms resulting from postwar: old, detailed financial statements, and a decentralization, including their United of all civil operations listing the number States subsidiaries. These and other companies-some of them famous American business institutions-serve the CIA number of trips made over each route. through the supply of invoices for materials 1 "121" contract operator, Southern has, and services that were never rendered so that money can be easily shifted abroad for by foreign governments. Under the the agency's operations, it was through the r status. Southern cannot advertise for, branch offices of a large New York-based mercial work, but this seems to be the banking and currency firm that the CIA sold dollars for plastres in the black market in Vietnam.

4. The case of the B.R. Fox Company. vices Co. Ltd. The nature of their ac- According to its letterhead this company ies is unknown. Foreign Air Transport specialized in "custom designed electronic" relopment Inc., another proprietary, has specialties," but in reality it manufactured te out of business. And over the years the lethal explosive devices. As noted earlier, there is no direct evidence to connect Fox to the CIA. However, one of its directors, Mi- thorized agencies of the United States povchael Morrissey, had past links with the ernment, specifically intended for applica-CIA's Paramilitary Operations Branch, ac-1 tion outside of this country." A well-informed cording to agency officials. It is also known government official remarked in an interthat Morrissey, according to memorandal view that "I can't think of anybody outside" written by him, had been in contact with the CIA who would want to buy this kind of t been funding since 1965 a Washington Lieutenant Colonel Lucien Conein, a former stuff-and I'm not even sure the CIA would." senior CIA official currently serving with the But the mystery remains: if the CIA was not: Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), the client, for whom was Fox working? Conein admitted to newsmen that he had. Moreover, as we've said earlier. Fox never been approached by Morrissey, but insisted requested or obtained the required license he never became involved in any dealings for manufacturing explosives in Fairfax. with him.

> Fox, which operated from a warehouse at flashlights and cigarette packs full of ex- in foreign assassination plots. plosives, a "fragmentation ball, and an exploding camera.

tion contained herein is CLASSIFIED by the police departments throughout the U.S. in " manufacturer for U.S. Government use only, support of their political intelligence func-The handling and storage of this material tions. One of the most notable examples should be done so mindful of its sensitive, was the agency's "formal liaison" with the nature." This is how the explosive phone, Metropolitan Police Department in Washhandset device is described: "Size 1.25" x ington, D.C., going back to the late 1940s.; 0.75" x 0.5". Use the inside telephone hand. Maurice J. Cullinane. the new MPD chief. set. Automatic charge fired at (blank) sec- acknowledged in a report last March that the; onds following lifting of instrument hand- Washington police borrowed agents, aupiece. Easy and quick installation to under- tomobiles, and electronic surveillance side of mouthpiece. Any desired time delay equipment from the CIA to help them spy on can be preset. No switches, presetting, or political activists in the capital. This "Culbatteries. Simply install 4-wire module.... linane Report" was one of the most detailed

handling."

as follows: "Electronics and explosive module packed inside cigarette pack. When the pack is lifted or moved in any manner, the explosive is set off. Simple operation. Only one switch. ... A built-in electronic counter is factory set for 90 seconds to allow time for evacuation of the area.... The circuit will stay armed for a period of 21/2 to 3 years.... Explosives are not included and is the only thing to be added." In the flashlight, the catalogue explains, the "normal On/Off switch on the side activates the operation." Then the catalogue adds: "This is an example of an explosive anti-disturbance dummy unit. Any other items desired to be so modified may be submitted for such evaluation.

That the CIA may have been the intended, if not actual, client for the Astro line is suggested in Fox's classified catalogue, which says that the explosive devices "have been designed and manufactured for sale to au-County. How did Fox get around it?

Nobody seems to know what has hap-2701 Fairview Drive in Alexandria. Virginia pened with these assassination devices (it also had an office at 15 Abingdon Square' after Fox Company suddenly went out of in New York City), produced a line of "Astro" business. It may be something the Rockehorror items. These lethal devices included feller Commission and the congressional explosive-filled telephone handsets, booby- committees will wish to explore as they look trapped magazine clips for the M-16 rifle, into charges that the CIA has been involved

5. The CIA is explicitly forbidden by law to exercise domestic police functions. But it. Fox's catalogue notes that "the informa- has secretly collaborated with numerous Miniature unit ... rugged and curable. All, admissions by any U.S. police department hand wired. Unlimited lifetime with proper on its political intelligence work. The department's intelligence division spent The exploding cigarette pack, described: \$1.7 million since 1968 on political surveilas an "anti-disturbance explosive." func- lance. The relationship between the CIA and the Washington police became particularly active in 1969, when the agency trained at, least seventeen MPD officers, twelve of them in "intelligence activity." The CIA gave the department what was described as "two lamps capable of intercepting oral commucations." Even the department's morals' ficials with local police credentials to falitate domestic undercover work.

Former CIA director James Schlesinger spected the CIA may have been engagg in illegal activities shortly after he reaced Richard M. Helms, now U.S. ambasdor to Iran. In an internal memorandum to 373, Schlesinger said:

"I shall do everything in my power to conne CIA activities to those which fall within a 1973. Among COINTELPRO's targets were rict interpretation of its legislative charter. the Socialist Workers' Party, the Young Soat the law shall be respected and because Communists. "black extremists." and white is is the best way to foster the legitimate hate groups." COINTELPRO was originally nd necessary contributions we in the CIA aimed at foreign intelligence agents in the an make to the national security of the United States, a proper FBI function, but inited States. I am taking several actions to Hoover, without clearance from successive aplement this objective: I have ordered all attorneys general, applied it to domestic re senior operating officials of this Agency groups as well. prepart to me immediately on any activities ow going on, or that have gone on in the threatening letter to a black Baptist minister. ast, which might be construed to be out-Donald W. Jackson, to force him to abandon sloved by CIA to report to me on any such of a nonexistent "Tougalco College Defense ctivities of which he has knowledge. Linvite Committee," whose members were said to elieves that he has received instructions which in any way appear inconsistent with he CIA legislative charter shall inform the )rector . . . immediately.

Schlesinger evidently received substanral response to his request because Colby. when he succeeded him later in 1973, beten turning evidence over to the Justice been prosecuted since 1945, but the FBI Bepartment for investigation and possible files on the disruption program runs to an prosecution. However, for reasons that re- amazing 573 pages. The bureau's harasssain unclear. Colby apparently failed to ment of the party reaches the point where, ame aware of it only after the domestic ordered the FBI to desist from conducting -pying scandal broke out late in 1974.

or of the CIA's Directorate of Operations of unauthorized FBI activity came to light Clandestine Services), advised CIA em- (when it was learned that the security chief of lovees by memorandum that they should the American Indian Movement during the stain private counsel in the event of legal Wounded Knee takeover in 1973 had been a receedings against them in connection paid FBI informer. Evidently, neither Heaver's

ecal domestic political operations aimed tutional rights of Americans. 1American citizens. The FBI, as we now are! suprits. The new attorney general, Edward' Americans, Thus the CIA, with the cooperaertier this year that J. Edgar Hoover had ing, reading, and copying since 1953 un-

used received wiretup devices from the Utial." Levi added that the existence of A Between 1988 and December 1974, they these files was not made known by the FBI to ashington police had also been training the Justice Department, of which the FBI is a elected CIA employees" in interrogation part, until early 1975. In other words, the chniques. Police departments in the Hoover files were a secret from dozens of ashington area have also provided CIA attorneys general over the years. (The present FBI director, Clarence M. Kelley, never told Levi's predecessor, former attorney, general William B. Saxbe, about them )

Under a secret program known as COIN-TELPRO, initiated by Hoover in 1956 the FBI ran for years a counterintelligence operation aimed at domestic dissenters. Alall CIA employees" sent out on May 9. though the program was formally terminated in April 1971, these activities, including the harassment of radicals, went on at least until ake this position because I am determined [cialist Alliance, the "New Left," American

In 1969, for example, the FBI sent a fake ide the legistative charter of this Agency. I his civil rights work at Tougaloo Col'ege in ereby direct every person presently em-Mississippi. The letter was sent in the name It ex-employees to do the same. Anyone be armed. And in 1972, a Florida resident the has such information should call my was recruited by the FBI to infiltrate and ecretary (extension 6363) and say that he disrupt radical groups in the United States, ashes to talk to me about 'activities outside) and Canada. The informant. Joseph A. Bur-j DA's charter. . . . Any CIA employee who ton, told newspaper interviewers that as late as 1974 he was told by the FBI of its efforts to put the Vietnam Vaterans Against the War out of business in Florida.

One of the FBI's most astonishing unauthorized efforts was against the small Socialist Workers' Party and its affiliate, the Young Socialist Alliance. The party had not totify the president of his move. Ford be-last December, a federal judge in New York surveillance on a national convention of the Subsequently, David Blee, deputy direct Young Socialist Alliance. Another instance with the Justice Department's investigation. death nor Watergate has taught the FBI any-But the CIA is not alone when it comes to thing about the need to observe the consti-

It seems as if every government agency reginning to discover, was among the has been involved in some form of spying on Levi, told a congressional subcommittee tion of postal officials has been interceptmassed at least 164 files containing fold-1 counted thousands of first-class letters writ-1 rs with information, some of it derogatory. ten by Americans to addresses in the Soviet a "presidents, executive branch employ- Union, Former CIA director Richard Helms es, and seventeen individuals who were refused to stop the interception in 1969, but embers of Congress." The files were Colby testified that the agency suspended! society in which we will live. Of a

this mail reading by the government that the CIA developed, at great cost, a special machine to unseal and reseal envelopes of every conceivable size in a matter of seconds.

During 1974 the U.S. Postal Service surveilled and recorded the origins of all mail received by nearly 4,500 Americans. The CIA was no longer requesting such mail covers last year, but the Postal Service was acting on the behalf of the Naval Intelligence Service: the Army Intelligence Command: the Air Force Special Command: the Air Force Special Investigations Office: the Interstate Commerce Commission: the Commarce Department: the Health, Education and Welfare Department; the Agriculture Department: the iRS: the FBI: the Postal Inspection Service: the Drug Enforcement Administration: the Secret Service: the Coast Guard: the Interior Department: the Labor Department: the Justice Department: the Immigration and Naturalization Service: Customs: the Royal Canadian Mounted Po-. lice: and a vast number of local police departments and tax offices.

The Internal Revenue Service, through its. special service staff, was also involved in domestic espionage. A congressional investigation established that the IRS had 11,458 files on individuals and organizations (including 706 persons from Nixon's "enemies list") for reasons that clearly had nothing to do with tax collection. In Miami, the IRS cranked up its "Operation Leprechaun" designed to assemble data on the sex and drinking habits of prominent residents, including the state's attorney.

The National Security Agency, a supersecret outfit dealing with code breaking and electronic intelligence. is currently continuing to monitor all overseas telephone calls and cables. During the Nixon period, the NSA was an enthusiastic supporter of Nixon's domestic intelligence program. particularly when it came to breaking into foreign embassies. Admiral Noel Gayler, then the NSA director, has been rewarded' with the post of commander-in-chief of all U.S. forces in the Pacific (CINCPAC).

There could be an endless list of the intrusions of our government into our private lives. Let us conclude with three of the more striking examples: in 1969 Henry Kissinger recommended names of his closest aides. and several newsmen to be bugged by the FBI for "national security" reasons: the CIA investigated the personal life of a Nixon campaign adviser in 1968; and a deputy attorney general proposed in 1975 that "internal passports" be issued to aliens in the United States, a step that could have led to a national identification system on the Soviet model. However Attorney General Levi vetoed the scheme.

Spying and covert activity is now an official government pastime in the United States. Can the president or Congress arrest this trend toward an American police state? The answer is vital in determining the kind of  $\rightarrow$