APPROVED FOR RELEASE 2025 UNDER EXECUTIVE ORDER 14176

(Classification)

NR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: JAPAN: A new source of friction to US-Japan relations?

10:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 12, 1968 TIME: regular morning

trol.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

TDCS-314/09548 Confidential 6/12/68

The Japan Peace Committee, a Japan Communist Party Front, has obtained a complete set of the Japanese-language documents covering nine years of negotiations between the Japan Defense Agency (JDA) and US forces in Japan regarding the return of the East Fuji training field. The Peace Committee plans to pass the English translation of the document to the Fuji Farmers Association which will then present it to US representatives involved in the negotiations. The Japan Peace Committee hopes that the disclosure of these documents, which represent the JDA position, will foster distrust between the JDA side and the US side. The Fuji farmers hope to obtain immediate eviction of the Americans and monetary compensation from the Japanese government for use of the

land by the JSMF. Both are dissatisfied with the efforts of JDA to obtain the return of the land to Japanese con-

Tokyo's 9180, Confidential 6/12/68

Embassy Comment: JDA Was split over return of Fuji train ing area with JDA military officers hoping US will continu control of the maneuver area while civilians under Direct or General JDA working to have Fujl status revised from permanent US control to temporary US use. Whatever the effect the disclosure of these documents has on the negotiations, it will enable press to focus attention on yet another irritant to US-Japan relations.

REA Comment: At any other time the disclosure of these documents might have been of only slight interest but coming after several other incidents it may add to the burgeoning public concern about the US military presence in Japan.

INPOFFICE

REA

BRIEFER

Chestham

EXTENSION

tham 46bo

(Classification)

P.M

INR BRIEFING NOTE

The Director, INR

GIST:

Dubcek to Head Czechoslovak Party-Govt Delegation to Hungary to Sign Friendship Treaty

DATE: 12 June 68

TIME: 1530 hours

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

10:

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FBIS 71, 000, 12 June

Prague Int'l Service amounced that Czechoslovak Party First Secretary Dubcek will head the delegation which leaves in the morning for Budapest to sign a treaty of friendship, cooperation, and mutual assistance. The delegation will include Premier Cernik, weatsman Foreign Winister Hajek, and other Party-Govt leaders.

INR COMMENTS: Perhaps the most intriguing aspect of the treaty signing will be whether Dubcek signs in the name of the Czechoslovak Party. Segments of the Czechoslovak press, as well as some Foreign Ministry officials, feel that the treaty should be an a state treaty only, one in which the respective communist parties should not become involved. Dubcek holds no government function; if he signs, as now seems likely, he will continue the precedent among the bilateral mutual defense treaty signatories of having both the Premier and the Party First Secretary sign the treaty.

The treaty will most likely be of the "mild" variety with respect to West Germany -- i.e., while it will make due mention of the threat of revanchism and militarism in the FRG, there will be no iron-clad provisions on mutual defense specifically mentioning the FRG and its allies -- as the hard-line treaties signed among the East Germans, Poles, and Czechoslovaks under the Novotny regime have been. The Czechoslovak-Dulgarian treaty signed in April -- in which Dubcek participated -- was of the "mild" type.

INR OFFICE

FORM DS-1118 6 - MW 31097 BRIEFER

Costolanski

EXTENSION

3971

rsb/ce

(Classification)

(Classification) General Assembly Passes South West African Resolution DEPARTMENT OF STATE by Vote of 96 to 2; US Among 18 Abstainers. INR BRIEFING NOTE DATE: 6/12/68 COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING The Director, INR 15:00 NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. TIME: SOURCE(S) CLASS./CONTROL(S) The UN General Assembly today approved by a vote of 96 to 2 AP ticker item #71 (with 18 abstentions) a resolution condemning South Africa 6/12/68 for holding on to South West Africa but making no specific request for sanctions by the Security Council to compel the South Africans to yield control. The United States, Great Britain and France were among the abstainers. Only Portugal and South Africa voted against the resolution. INR/RAF Comment: Although we do not yet have the text of the SWA resolution as passed, it appears to be essentially the same as the compromise resolution agreed to only last night by the Afro-Asian and Latin American delegates. This compromise eliminated all specific references to Chapter 7 of the UN Charter (mandatory sanctions). but sanctions were so strongly implied in several places in the compremise resolution that the US felt unable to go along

with it.

Passage of the SWA resolution this early in the day appears to clear the way for a vote on the NPT resolution later today. Had the US been able to vote in favor of the SWA resolution, we would have predicted that some of the African members who abstained in the Committee I vote on the NPT resolution might have supported it in the plenary vote. Our abstention on the SWA resolution mandatappears makes any significant shifts in favor of the NPT resolution unlikely as immidizing African members will be tempted to retaliate for our abstention on a resolution that so directly affects their interests. We do not, however, anticipate that our abstention on the SWA resolution will present anticipate that our abstention on the SWA resolution will present anticipate that our abstention on the SWA resolution will present anticipate that our abstention on the SWA resolution will present anticipate that our abstention on the SWA resolution will present anticipate that our abstention and the SWA resolution will present anticipate that our abstention and the SWA resolution will present anticipate that our abstention and the swap and the second anticipate and the swap and th

NPT resolution. (Tansania and Zambia were the only two African countries to vote against the NPT resolution in Committee I.)

INR OFFICE BRIEFER EXTENSION
RAF Kinter 1970

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification)

1 11

INR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: Transform

First Word Out of Prague that North Victnamese Economic Delegation to visit in "very near future"

TO:

The Director, INR

DATE:

June 12,1968 15:00

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FBIS CTK Int'l.Service in English June 10,1968 In a brief ammouncement the Czechoslovake stated that the North Vietnamese economic delegation headed by Le Thank Nghi would "arrive in the very near future to discuss Gzechoslovak assistance to the DRV and desporation between the two countries in 1969."

INR/RSB COMMENT

The Prague announcement is the first we have seen, either from Czeckoslovakia or Morth Vietnam, that Le Thanh Nghi would include Czechoslovakia on his current swing through Eastern Europe.

The appendement avoids any reference to "military" assistance, and perhaps its timing, several days before the North Victnamese arrive, is designed to forestall the new customary amountments from Hanci that the economic delegation is coming to conclude both economic and military aid agreements.

INR OFFICE
RSB/BE WY

BRIEFER .

Evans

EXTENSION

4882

1.08

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE GIST: Clacure Oblast Party Secretary From Cholyabinak Succeeds Sergey Pavlov as Komsomol Chief

- The Director, INR

DATE: 12 Jun 68 1530 TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

10:

FBIS 47

12 Jun 63

Unclass.

CLASS./CONTROL(5)

A plenum of the Komsonol Central Committee today released Sergey Favlov as first secretary and member of the Buro. In grateful recognition of his great contributions. Favlov was elected an honorary Komsomol, awarded an honorary badge, and his name was inscribed in the Book of Honor.

Yevgeniy Tyazhelnikov was elected first secretary of the Komsomel. Secretary Marina Zhuravleva was released from the Secretariat and Buro in connection with her transfer to another post, and was honored with a badge.

The agenda of the plenum consisted of:

- 1) fulfillment of decisions of the CFSU April Flenu
- 2) Komsomol guidance by the Kraenovarsk Kraykom
- 3) preparations for the World Youth and Student Festival in Solia this summer.

INR Comment: The reasons for Favlov's dometion were discussed in our briefing item of last Friday and our IN of Monday. Today's move toomistage our eviewer that a candidate de the Moscow Komsomul group would be chosen.

Yeveniy Tyazhelnikov comes to Moscow from the obscurity of the agitprop secretaryship of the Cholyabinsk Oblast Farty Committee. Judging from his writings, he was interested in pedagogy in the rural schools and pre-university levels. He has been an oblast party secretary at least since September 1965, and he attended the 23d Party Congress as a voting delegate in March-April 1966. The teholder of an obscure oblast Party secretary without any known Komsomol rank emphasizes the point of tighter Party control over the Komsomol which was spelled out in the recent Party decree on the shorteemings of the Krasnoyarsk Party Committee. The decree, which is binding nationally, noted general slackening of Farty monitoring, a decrease in the percentage of Party members among Komsomol officials, and an undesirable level of antisocial acts, indifference to Party indoctrination, and sparse recruitment of laboring and rural youths.

The presence of Party ideologist Suslov and Farty personnel secretary Kapitonov further emphasizes the observations in the above paragraph. Evidently, the Kozaomol will participate actively in the current ideological holding operation as outlined at the April Florum, and organizational steps may be taken to check the spread of youthful receptivity to Western ways and ideas.

Presumably, Moscow will furnish further details on Tyazhelnikov. His recent Party toss in Cholyabinsk is Mikolay Rodionov, a Teningrador who was considered a member of the faction of the late Frol Kozlov, a enc-time contender for supreme Party power. Rediency's current political ties are not clear.

D. Graves

EXTENSION 5088

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE NR BRIEFING NOTE

Poland's top correspondent in bonn has defected. Trybuna Ludu condemns his political betrayal.

10:

The Director, INR

6/12/68 DATE h:00 PM

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Warsaw 3552

Trybuna Ludu says Kowalski had been recalled from Bonn but refused to return. Meeting of TL editorial board sharply condemned his betrayal. No dates given.

Reuters, Warsaw, 6/12

Kowalski's last despatch in Trybuna Ludu of June 3 covered meeting of German expellees from Pomerania addressed by Kai-Uwe von Hassel.

INR Comment: Kowalski had been in Bonn exactly two years and his normal tour was resumably up. However, since he is an old communist, who fought in Spain, is ewish and is reportedly not well, he presumably could not look forward to another job in Poland. People with his background are now facing both unemployment and harrassment in Poland.

As the situation for Polish communists of Jewish origin gets worse, defections are becoming increasingly likely.

Kowalski is a defector, we are told.

FICESE/BE

BRIEFER

Irene Jaffe

EXTENSION 4924

(Classification,

DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE GIST: Istanbul University Students Threaten To Join Boycott

The Director, INR

DATE: June 12, 1968 TIME: 5:00 p.m.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN IND RRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Istanbul 1307 12 June, 1968

In press conference June 11 Istanbul University Student Union preside t listed 12 demands for reforms in class and examination systems. threatened "Turkey will be a second France" if action not taken in two days. Professors and other observers doubt student action now but expect trouble next fall.

INR/RHA Comment

Turkish students have demonstrated regularly against the U3 and NATO and in support of Cyprus but this is the first hint of mobilization against their most obvious target -- the deplorable teaching and housing conditions in their universities. Any demonstrations now will be short-lived because of the approaching end of the school year, but demonstration-prone Turkish students may try to outdo themselves next fall. Turkish students are proud of their part in bringing down the Menderes gov rement in 1960 and consider it their patriotic responsibility to exert themselves as a political force; if demonstratio s continue in Europe during the summer Turkish students can be expected to exert themselves to catch up.

INR_OFFICE

BRIEFER

W. E. Humphrey

EXTENSION

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(Classification)

JUSTIM OFFICIAL USE

(Classification) .

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

INR BRIEFING NOTE

Glassboro Speach of June b-Vietness Does Hurt US-Soviet Ties

10:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 12, 1968

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FBIS 67 June 12 UNCL (TASS Internet'1 June 12) TASS reviews a commentary in <u>Livestiya</u> of June 12 by Hatvoyev on the President's Glassboro speech:

LEJ was sowing illusions emeng the public to the effect that the course of US foreign policy is compatible with the interests of peace. He contanded that US-Soviet relations have not suffered from Vietnam. He was striving, exparently, to dampen public alarm in the US over the "dangerous consequences" of the US's course in Southeast Asia.

The speech was "a travesty of the truth." LBJ admitted that tension in Southeast Asia and in the Middle East is a danger threatening world peace. It is true, as he said, that in the past year egreement was reached on nonorbiting of nuclear weapons, MPT, and astronaut assistance. But these agreements do not substantiate the LBJ thesis that Vietnam does not exert a negative influence on the world situation.

"The most important thing" is that Vietnam, Fand other conflicts threatening to flare up where the situation is tense, " "threaten the peoples with the most serious afternaths."

US-Soviet cultural exchanges and trade have been "considerably reduced." The reason is Vietnam. The USSR wants "novael, business—like relations", with the US. But Moscow is not indifferent to US policies toward other countries. US use of force, and US encouragement to others to use force, can only be rebuffed by the USSR.

INR comment: The language on a "travesty of truth" is tough, but otherwise the article—if TASS represents its flavor accurately—is restrained by Soviet standards. Its message is simple: it isn't true that Moscow is willing to engage in cooperation with the US despite Vietnam. The article however is not convincing, and will not convince many Soviet readers.

This is the fifff/fdfiel comment for demestic audiences on the Glassboro speech of which we are evere. TASS International carried a brief comment on June 1, and a Radio Moscow broadcast in English as on June 6 also commented on the speech (briefed earlier). The first item exid the speech showed that the US would continue a tough stand in the Paris talks. The second asked how the President intended to develop US-USBR relations while it was continuing aggression against a sovereign socialist republic.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER WBSmith extension 1888

SECRET/WOFORN

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: COMMUNIST CHIMA-MERAL: Nepalese Report on Recent

Sino-Mapalese Conversations

The Director, INR

DATE: June 12, 1968

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN THE BRIEFING

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

TDCS 314/09301-68 7 June 1968

S/NF

(From report by reliable source on briefing and discussion of mission by Hepalese Foreign Minister)

During the recent visit to Peking of Nepalese Foreign Minister Kirti Nidhi Rista, CPR Foreign Minister Chean Yi wade the following comments on the world scene and Sino-Nepalese relations: (1) there could be no peace in Vietnam as long as the U.S. remains there, whether there are peace talks or not; (2) both China and Nepal should forget and forgive the incidents in June and July 1967-- i.e., anti-Chinece demonstrations in Nepal. There was undoubtedly a misunderstanding on both sides which must be worked out; (3) the Chinese Ambassador to Nepal, Yang Kung-su, and other ambassadors are receing Cultural Revolution training but will be returning to their posts soon. (Yang was not present at any meetings during the Mepalese visit.)

Nepalese Foreign Secretary Yadu Bath Khanal, who accompanied Bista on the trip, found Mao Tse-tung "physically older" then when he had last seen him in 1961 but, mentally, very alert. Khanal was not impressed by Lin Piao whether in the presence of Mao or Chou En-lai. In his opinion, Lin Piao will not be able to succeed Mao for very long.

Field Comment: A Repalese businessman who is an unofficial advisor to Bista reports that Ch'en Yi also told Bista that, if officials of the CPR Embassy in Kathmandu engage in activities objectionable to the GON, the GON should inform the Chinese Government through the Repalese Embassy in Peking. According to the report, Ch'en Yi stated that action would be taken against such officials, including their withdrawal if necessary. He admitted that the disturbances of last year were aggravated by the oversealousness of Chinese officials in Kathmandu.

INR/REA Comment: We believe it likely that Ch'en did in fact attempt to conciliate the Repalcee regarding Chinese heavy-handedness last summer which led to strained relations between China and Nepal. Such a conciliatory move fits in with recent evidence that the CPR is making various efforts to patch up relations with some nations where "Red Guard Diplomacy" led to friction during the stormy summer of 1967.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

Thomas/Keogh

EXTENSION

SECRIM/NOPORM

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

INR BRIEFING NOTE

The Director, INR

GIST: COMMUNIST CHIEFAL (p.2)

June 12, 1968

Reg. Morning

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(\$)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Ch'en's statement that Chinese ambassadors would be returning "soon" is the first use of that word by Peking we have seen in connection with the return of its chiefs of mission to their posts. All other evidence, including Peking's recent note to the U.S. in Varsaw, indicates that China does not intend to send back its ambassadors until at least October or November of this year. If Peking does send Yang-Kung-su back to Nepal, this would not placate the Nepalese, since Napal has been reported desirous of getting a new Chinese Ambassador without Yang's history of heavy-handedness.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

Thomas/Keogh

(Classification)

EXTENSION

(Classification) GIST: COLOMBIA: Senate Rejects President Lleras Restrepo's DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE Resignation DATE: June 12, 1968 COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING The Director, INR morning briefing NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. CLASS./CONTROL(S) SOURCE(S) Bogota 4280 6/12/68 Unclas. Bogota Radio Cadena Nacional broadcast the Senate session considering Pres. Carlos Lleras Restrepo's resignation. A motion to FBIS 27 Unleas. accept Lleras resignation was defeated Bogota Radio Sadena Nacional 0903Z BJ/JB 74 - 31. A subsequent motion to effect resignation be rejected was passed by OUO FBIS 25 same vote. AFP LIMA 0539 In his speech to the nation preceding the vote Ileras blamed 5 or 6 Liberal FBIS 17 Senators (he is a Liberal) for ERNXWXXXX FYI p/X causing the crisis and asserted that Senate would have to pass constitutional reform measures if it rejected his resignat tion. He said the GOC would not tolerate any violence. Mass rally in favor of Lleras only drew about 25,000 - 30,000 instead of the 100,000 sought. Bogota was excited, there was some violence and 25 people reportedly were arrested. Some Liberal Senators said they would support Lleras but still insist on freedom to vote as they pleased on reform provisions which are the point of the crisis. INR Comment: Ildras has succeeded in demonstrating that he has substantial popular support, but the Senate by considering his resignation apart from the substantive issues which prompted it has retained a measure of independence. However, should the Senate vote down some of the reforms, it is possible that Lleras would resign - turning the government over to Presidential Designate and Amb. to the UN Cesar TURBAY Ayala. However, it looks now like LLeras will get his reforms. EXTENSION BRIEFER INR OFFICE RAR 1976 Watson FORM DS-1118 (Classification) NW 31097 DocId: 33061196

Confidentia: (Classification) GIST: FRANCE: Renewed Outbreak of Major Student Violengee DEPARTMENT OF STATE in Paris and Elsewhere INR BRIEFING NOTE TO: 6-12-68 DATE: COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING The Director, INR Reg Morning TIME: NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. SOURCE(S) CLASS./CONTROL(S) Unclassified Reuters 6-12 Times Post Student rioting in Paris appear s to have achieved a new pitch of violence according to press accounts this morning. Last night violence followed in the wake of two deaths yesterday-a student drowned in Seine while trying to evade police questioning and a worker was shot in a clash with riot police outside a Citrown assembly plant at Sochaux. Highlights of latests development: Communist CGT and later the CEDT and FO trade union federations issued a call for a one-hour work stoppage today in response to the death of the Citroen worker yesterday. Communist CGT refused to respond to call by student organization to join in yesterday's demonstration. However the Catholic CFDT did issue a statement officially supporting the students.

Reports of last night riots indicate increasing professionalization of student violentce e.g. use of the long pointed poles to punch mix holes in auto gas tanks to obtain the ingredients for molotov cacktails, the construction of mix more elaborate barracedes, the first widescale systematic use of molotov cocktails. Times account notes the emergence of a city guerilla fighter replete with unofficcial uniform of motorcycle helmet, heavy gloves, armed with iron pipe and construction bolts, pockets stuffed with lemon-soaked cotton for treatment of tear gasburns with a surgical mask around the neck. Student tactics are to d fend each barricade until last minute then set it afire to hold off police charge, then retreat to next berricade etc.

Interior Minister today announced that all demonstrations in Paris are banned until further notice. More decisions expected from cabinet meeting today.

INR Comment: It is not clear what effect the total ban on demonstrations will have. It could preseumably be implemented in such a way as to permit riot police to break up gatherings of individuals even as they begin to congregate. In any case it can be doubted that students are in any mood to head any mere verbal ban on demonstrations.

demonstrations. On the strike front the principal holdouts yesterday were auto workers, some acft workers, Paris Taxis, seamon and longshoremen. However some of these are

reported to have settled and to be returning to verk today.

INR OFFICE BRIEFER EXTENSION

REU WPDeary

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Contid nulsa (Classification)

MW M316097/8 DocId:33061196 Page 12

(Classification) GIST: FRG: BERIJH-GDR Has So Far Not Commenced To Implement

DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE

Could Begin Tomorrow According to Reuters: Erardt Returns to DATE: 6-12-68

comments contained in Inr Briefing ${}^{\mathrm{Bonn}}$ NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

The Director, INR

SOURCE(S)

Reg Morning

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Reuters 6-12

Unclassified

Reuters reports that Brandt cut short his official visit to Austria and returned to Bonn for urgent consultations on the East Gorman measures announced yesterday.

Passport/Visa Requirements Against West Germans; Implementation

East German frontier guards at Helmstdat on the Berlin autobahn did not demand visas from trvallers to and from West Berlin . Border guards could not say when regulations would come into force but"travellers gathered"they would be required to produce visas tomorrow (June 13).

Reuters reports that allied diplomats conforred with FRG until late last night but that so far the expected protest statement has not been issued.

INR Comment: Mission Berlin initially reported that passport/visa regulations would take effect at zero hours on June 20 and then in a letr message correctede it to zero hours on June 12. The Reuters reports suggests that even East Germans could not tool up fast enough to start enforcing the decree by midnight today. It may be, of course, that CDR wants to have a sample Western reaction to its announcement before commenting implementation.

Bonn 13163 6-12 13164 6-12

See Also Staff Sunm

Embassy Bonn has cabled a draft text of a tripartite statement requesting Department concurrence. During the course of a longthy tripartite meeting, German participants-who were speaking personally-indicated that FRG faces serious conflicting interests in doaling with new East German measures. Fonoff Dep Asst Secy Sahm indicated that FRG countermoasures to interfere with NDR trade and travel would play into Ulbricht's hands and he noted that GDR measures seem aimed more at enhancing GDR status rather than at

Link of Latest Move with NPT? Van Well who attended the meeting with allies yesterday, suggested that USG might wish to suggest in the UN that these latest GDR moves (with seeming Soviet concurrence) were not in accord with objectives of NPT. Embassy comments it expects expects considerable press comment along these very lines today.

MR Comment: In the aftermath of the earlier series of GDR restrictions, especially those announced against the travel of FRG officials to and from Berlin, Econmin Schiller publicly espoused the idea of obliging Soviets to guarantee West Garman INR OFFICE that Chancellor and other senior German Ministers turned down the idea.

interference with travel per se

REU

WPDEarv

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Confliction

(Classification)

Limited Official Usa (Clässification)

NR BRIEFING NOTE

10:

"Red Kumer" allegations, claims friendship with China.

DATE:

12 June 1968 0730

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

FBIS 53

The Director, INR

CLASS/CONTROL(S)

OUO

Frince Sihanouk, on the occasion of the dedication of a glassware factory built with CFR assistance, made the following comments on 11 June:

11 June: Cambodia has been able to build up its industry with help from China and other friendly countrie and not with help from the US or the UN, which is " not too good". Cambodia cooperates with in the antiUS-imperialist struggle. and follows the same foreign policy, that is, one of independence. Refuting what he terms pro-Chinese propagandists, he says that Cambodia cherishes its independence, is not inclining to KHXXX the US, does not want to become the lackey of anyone. Cambodia chose poverty rather than become a lackey of the US. Cambodia is the accomplice of no one, not even China, contrary to the Khmer Ress accusations. The Khmer Reds should stop saying this; they are accomplicases, not Cambodia. With the present Sino-Khmer understanding, no misunderstandings are possible. Sino-Khmer friendship is longstanding and constant.

IMR Comment: While the Chinese may have appreciated the pledges of friendship, they cannot have been pleased by Sihanouk's NEXEE admonishments to the Red Kimers.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

Keogh

EXTENSION

2582

100

REW

(Classification) DEPARTMENT OF STATE Czech.=USSR: Smrkovsky Tells Soviets Czechs " Can Handle" INR BRIEFING NOTE Anti-Socialist Elements: Report on Sejna Case June 12, 1968 COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING The Director, INR TIME: AM NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. CLASS./CONTROL(S) SOURCE(S) LOU According to CTK, National Assembly Pres. Prague 2335 Smrkovsky in speech at a factory in Riga, USSR on June 10 stated that the Soviet people are carefull following the opinions expressed by Czech. party reps While acknowledging that voices not in favor of socialism are heard in Czechoslovakia, he asked that they not be overestimated and added that " we can handle it." Prague CTK in English TBIS 51 In remarks made in Leningred on June 11, Smrkovsky, who is on a 10 day official visit to the USSR, stated that the USSR respects the principle that the solution of internal Czech. affairs is a matter of the Czech. Comm. Party and the reps. of the Grech people. Smrkovsky added that the process initia edby the Czech. communists must be brought to a successful conclusion and that nothing must be permitted that would endanger the process and it aims. A report on the investigation of the case of Gen. FBIS 55 Prague Domestic Ser. Sejna which had been discussed bothe government, was issued today. Major Points: 1. The motive for his flight was to avoid criminal prosecution as well as difficulties in his personal life. Sejna built his position by reserveding upon his personal contacts with Antonin Hovotny. 2. The investigation as to whether any misuse of the army had taken place showed that neither military districts, armies, nor corps had received orders or hints to prepare for an alert. Surmises cauded by the experimental mobilization of one unit between 5 and 1 Dec. in Central Bohemia were disproved by the fact that this had been planned in advance. 3. The investigation did not produce any evidence that Sejna's flight was organized from abroad. It is inetersting that CTK has picked up the Serkovsky comments in which he reasserted positions stated before that the Czech CP could handle the situation & that the Soviets need not be concerned, and that the Czech CP was determ mined to proceed with its democratization process. If Moscow disseminates his comment it will probably stress his references to Czech-Soviet friendship. The Sojna report is significant in that it makes it clear that there was no BRIEFER EXTENSION INR OFFICE K. Yalowitz 4624 ŔSB

(Classification)

FORM 340976 DocId:33061196 Page 15

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	, 420 L	(Classification)			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE	GIST:	C zech-USSR			
The Director, INR	DATE: TIME:		1	MENTS CONTAINED	
SOURCE(\$)		CLASS./CONTROL(S)			
Soviet involvement in an item on the agenda of publication the day after Soviets.	of the C	Ezech Farty Central	L Comm. Plen	num of May 29.	-June1 but its
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NW 91097 DocId:33061196

Page 16

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE NR BRIEFING NOTE

Soviets Warn That Israel is Concentrating Large Concentrations of Troops on Cease Fire Lines ; Jordan Feels Such

The Director, INR

DATE: June 12, 1968 TIME: Mi

Reports are Exaggerated COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Moscov Domestic Service FBIS 07 In Russian

Anatoliy Repin Commentary

According to reports from Tel Aviv, the Israeli govt. is concentrating large contingents of troops along the cease fore lines apparently in preparation for a new, large provocative action against the Arab countries

The struggle in The Israeli cabinet, as is known ended with the extremists gaining to the upper hand in the ruling circles, at han least in the forthcoming period.

During the Last few days, Gen. Dayan ha. again called up reservists of the first and second class. On orders from the Def. Min. . In large contingents of troops have been deployed on the Western shore of the Jordan Fiver and columns of armored vehicles have moved toward the Gaza region.

THR Comment: In view of a reported Soviet warning last week to Jordan that an Israeli attack was imminent; this public statement seems to indicate further that the Soviets are genuinely worried about now Israeli attacks and are now publicly warning the Israelis. The article could, however, have the effect of making the Arabs jittery and could lead to some incidents.

Amman 5282

Conf. Everities Director of Mil. Intelligence of the JAA feels that press reports of new Israeli massing of troops in Jordan Valley area are exaggerated. He states that buildup took place between 26 May-3 June prior to June 4 attack. He sees no reheued effort to increase forces in the valley and considers press reports as out of date.

Co-ordinated with RNA

INR FICE

RSB

BRIEFER K. Yalowitz EXTENSION

1.00

(Classification)

R BRIEFING NOTE

GIST:

Chicons Condemn NPT

To: The Director, INR

DATE: June 12, 1968

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FBIS 29 6/11

(Peking NCWA)

In a speech at a reception at the Nepalese embassy in Peking, CPR Foreign Minister Ch'en Yi condemned the NPT as an "out-and-out unequal treaty." He called it a "major plot to preserve nuclear monopoly by big powers and to oppose China and the people's of the world."

COMMENT: This was China's first reaction to the NPT vote, although its frequent attacks on the treaty in the past had made its stand on the issue clear long ago. Indeed, Ch'en's remarks were a bit milder than the earlier Chinese commentary; this was probably to spare the Nepalese, who had voted for the treaty, some embarrassment. We expect the Foreign Ministry or some important work organ like People's Daily to come out with a major blast at the treaty in the near future.

INR ICE

BRIEFER

Hurwitz/Keogh

EXTENSION

(Classification) GIST: HIGERIA: No Progress on Rosuming Talks; General Ankrah DEPARTMENT OF STATE Seeking OAU Cormittee Mosting with Ojukan; Spanish Arms UR BRIEFING NOTE 10: DATE: 6/12/68 COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING The Director, INR TIME: Q.D. NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. CLASS-/CONTROL(S) SOURCE(S) London 9756 C/MOFORN June 10 meeting between Biafra's chief negotiator, Sir Louis 6/11/68 Mbanefo, and Minister of State for Commonwealth Affairs, Lord Shapherd, produced no apparent forward motion. Mbanefo gave longthy review Biafran position, insisting there could be no substantive negotiations with the Fry before a cease fire and that Britain must stop arms shipments to the FMG. He agreed, however, to meet

with Shepherd again on the evening of June 11.

Prime Winister Wilson is to see FMG's Enahoro on the afternoon of June 12 to receive a letter from Gowon. Foreign Secretary Stewart will be present and will hold discussions with Enahoro. Shepherd with seeing Enahoro June 11, presumably to fill him in mf on his June 10 session with Mbanefo.

General Ankrah states he has received a favorable

British in Lagos believe Mbanefo carries little or no weight with 0/11/68

British in Lagos believe Mbanefo carries little or no weight with 0/11/68

Ojukun, who is using him as respectable front man while subjecting him to rigorous restrictions in his negotiations for the rebels.

RAF COMMENT: We agree that Hbanefo does not make policy for Biafra.

His role in Lordon now, as Lordon 9756 suggests. Is to press the UK

His role in London nou, es London 9756 suggests, is to press the UK to impose embergo on arms sales to Lagos.

6/11/68
(Source: a close confident of Ankrah's whose reporting is fuirly reliable.)

response from Emperor Haile Selessie to his suggestion that a meeting of the chiefs of state of the member countries of the CAU committee on Higeria be held in either Mianey or Yaounde. Ankrah hopes to be able to bring Lt. Cel. Ojukwu to the meeting and knock some sense into him."

RAF COMMENT: Since the CAU ad hoc committee on Nigeria visited Lagos last November and said it opposed Biefren secession, it has laysed into inactivity. With next summit mtg scheduled for Algiers in September, the committee members want to be able to report that they bestirred themselves

the committee members want to be able to report that they bestirred themsel TDCS 314/09356-68 C/NOFORN The Spanish Government has sold or is in the process of 6/11/68 sealing 20,000 7.62mm rafles to Nigeria. Field Comment:

(Source: A Western businessman On June 6 the US Consulate in Bilbao reported that a

from a Spanish official with source in the arms industry said the arms are being sold knowledge of arms production. to Biafra, not the FMG.

Businessman an untested source.)

TDCSDB 315/02042-68 S/NOFORN/CD

NAF COMMENT: Lagos has been making large arms purchases in Spain. We are not so sure that the Spanish Govt is the supplier, but it clearly must know about the sales.

INR COLCE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

4970

SECRET/HOPCAM

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

GIST: SUDAN: Pro-UAR Deputy Prime Minister Seeking to Assume Prime Minister Mahjoub's Tunctions While Latter on Leave

n:

The Director, INR

DATE: 6/12/68

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

.SOURCE(S)

TDCS 314/09529-68 S/NOFCEN 6/11/68 (Source: a journalist with extensive contacts who has

been a reliable reporter.)

CLASS,/CONTROL(S)

Prime Minister Mohammed Mahjoub, who is reportedly suffering from high blood pressure in addition to diabetes, plans to go on summer leave in Beirut and Turkey as soon as the assembly recesses. Deputy Prime Minister Sheikh Ali Abd-al Rahman (who is also Vice Precident of the Democratic Unionist Party and who enjoys UAR backing) is aware of Mahjoub's plans and claims that, as Deputy Prime Minister, he is charged with taking over Mahjoub's functions during the latter's absence. Mahjoub is reportedly moving to curb Sheikh Ali's ambitions.

Field Comment: If Sheikh Ali were to assume the office of Defence Minister in Mahjoub's absence, he might use that period to consolidate aspects of the arms agreement with the Soviet Union.

IMP/RAF Convent: The above TDCS was received after the one on which a June 11 White Book CIB item was based. The earlier report had suggested that Mahjoub might retire from politics following his illness and that he might be succeeded by Americantian Sheikh Ali. Even if Mahjoub does not retire, his illness adds a new element of instability to the Sudanese political scene. It seems more likely that it may hasten the day of a military take-over, however, than provide any opening for the erratic and radical Deputy Prime Minister.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

RAF

Kinter

4970

Classification)

MW 33309718 DocId:33061196 Page 20

CONFIDERTIAL

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE IR BRIEFING NOTE GIST:

More on the GDR Berlin Restrictions

10:

The Director, INR

June 12, 1963 DATE: regular am TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Berlin lóhO 1642

Further details on the new GDR restrictions on Berlin access indicate a complete reorganization of the basis on which Interzonal Trade is now handled is part of the package. Also included apparently is new financial regulation; for sewage charges - these evidently affecting primarily West Berlin. The new trade and sewage payment systems will go into effect July 1 for the most part. Passport and visa requirements went into effect at midnight last night, but a grace period of some four weeks (til July 15) allowed for West Germans to obtain passports.

FBIS 58 June 11 MOSCOW TASS

> 22 June 12 Moscow Domestic

TASS issued a statement yesterday afternoon reporting the GDR measures are a regular news item and quoting GDR justification for the actions. No editorial comment, however. This morning, Brezbnev, Podgornyy and Kosygin sent proctings to the GDR on the fourth anniversary of the 1964 Friendship Treaty, expressing mutual esteem and firm solidarity, but with no measure of the new GDR actions.

Addition details of GDR measures, particularly as they affect trade, HR: begin to look by extremely clever squeeze play on FRG. East Germans evidently are prepared, and obviously with Soviet connivance, to risk abrogation of LZT arrangements. Perhaps they are even hoping for such abrogation. (Ulbright has been working since the 1960 IZT episode to guarantee GDR's invulnerability from such countermeasures and probably now could absorb the losses with relatively little consequences.)

Thus the FRG's one major weapon, IZT, is more or less blunted. The UDR would be delighted if it were used - to eliminate it once and for all but if it is used, the FRC has relatively little else. And by being hestiant about invoking IZT measures, the FRG risks antagonizing its allied who insist Bonn must go first.

The Soviets sit benignly in the wings, having no active role to play but offer moral support for their agents - if the GDR can get away this time with acting as the Soviet agent on Four Power access matters.

FICE

BRIEFER

Hautner

EXTENSION

NW 31097 DocId:33061196 D5-1118

RSB

UNCLASSIFIED -

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

NR BRIEFING NOTE

Romanian Aid to North Vietnam to be both economic and Military, according to Hanel

T0:

The Director, INR

DATE: TIME:

GIST:

June 11,1968 13:00

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FBIS 18
Radio Hanci, Int'l.Service
in English
June 11.1968

Radio Hanoi amounced that on June 10 the Romanian government and the North Victnamese delegation headed by Lo Thanh Nghi began talks on both economic and military aid in Bucharest.

IMR/RES COMMENT:

The North Vietnamese have already concluded three aid agreements on their present ching through Eastern Europe - with Hungary on May 28, Bulgaria on June 3 and Poland on June 7.

In describing the three aid agreements already signed, and the present talks in Romania, the Horth Vietnamese have referred in all cases to both commonic and military assistance. In each case an announcement was made in English on Radio Hanci's international pervice.

However, of the East European countries, only Bulgaria has referred to its aid as being both economic and military, while the Hungarians, Peles and Remanians have mentioned only economic assistance.

In no case have details of the agreements or quantities of deliveries been executied.

RSB/RE

BRIEFER

Evans

EXTENSION

4882

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Lou -

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

R BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: Henoi's a with Folund as

oust: Hanoi's account of signing of new economic aid agreements with Poland managed to refer to military aid ten times, refers to Polish shipping to DRV and quotes Polish leaders on both.

0:

The Director, INR

DATE: 3:30 PM

COMMENT'S CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

source(s)
Hanoi VNA in PBIS book 6/10
pp G1 - G5 "Poland".

Ilanoi quotes Gomulka that Poland will do
its utmost to assist "politically, militarily,
economically and diplomatically". It says agreements
signed include supplementary nonrefundable economic
and military aid for 1968, nonrefundable economic and
military aid for 1969, and agreement on "Poland's longterm loans to Vietnam." Cuotes Cyrankiewicz on active
deeds of Polish officers and sailors of cargo ships
bound for Vietnam and Deputy Premier Jaroszewicz that
US imperialists are "our common enemy". It speaks of
specific documents signed by representatives of the
DRV army logistics and department and Polish planning
commission.

The Comment: These June 8 Manoi ker broadcasts contain more references to Polish military aid than anything that has ever appeared in Poland. Indeed, so far the Polas have not made any known reference to military aid in righten the current agreements, although they undoubtedly have signed what Manoi says they did.

In return for whotever aid they got, the North Vietnamese pledged full support against the plot of West German militarist revenchists abetted and instigated by US imperialists who are demanding revision of Poland's borders and access to nuclear weapons.

(Classification)

INR (CEC

ESB/ES

BRIEFER

Irene Jaffo

EXTENSION

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		SECRET/	NO FORE DISS	EN/CONTROLLED DIS	SEM/NO DISSEM ABROA	D
		<u> </u>	(Classification)		PM.	
INB	PARTMENT OF STATE BRIEFING NOTE	Guerrilla li	Guerrilla Initiatives Attributed to Renewed Cuban Support for Luben Pethoff's Band-in Western Venezuela		cent or	
0:	The Director, INR		11, 1968	COMMENTS CO	NTAINED IN INR BRIEFING	
	SOURCE(\$)	CLASS./CO	NTROL(S)	,	× .	
Caracas 6/10/68		Conf ₉	Conf, On June 8 in Falcon State in Western Venezuel guerrilla group ambushed moving convoy placin more than fifty machine-gun rounds in one jee according to press reports. Five soldiers ki		,	
rdcs db-315/02027-68 s/ nf 6/10/68		s/nfd/cd/nda	seven wound losses. The vicinity in	ded. Presumably his was first inc	there were no guerrident in immediate ugh area was once a	illa

EMBASSY COMMENT: Previous engagements in Falcon-Yaracuy area during past several months were the result of government initiatives which resulted in significant loss to insurgent FAIN forces. Present guerrilla initiative proves that though battered, insurgents still active and continue to pose a threat in the west.

> A member of the MIR guerrilla group who said that he was a member of the MIR delegation which made the first contact with KM FALN leader Luben Petkoff to arrange unification of Petkoff's forces with the MIR said that the meeting site was guarded by some seventy well-uniformed and equipped guerrillas. Among the Petkoff group were various Cubans who had joined the group shortly before the start of the series of encounters between the Venezuelan military and the guerrillas in the west, which began on April 17. Morale in Petkoff's group appeared high and supplies to sustain combat for four months were reported to be on hand. The MIR member also said that FAIN leader Douglas Bravow has recently lost a great deal of power and now spends most of his time in Caracas.

FIELD COMENT: The figure of seventy men comes very close to recent estimates of the total number of guerrillas in the FALN.

INR/RAR COMMENT: Several points of previous speculation regarding the guerrilla situation in Venezuela appear to be clarifying themselves. A long interview with Luben Petkoff over Radio Havana in late March of this year appears now to have signaled his new status as Castro's chosen leader of the guerrillas in western Venezuela in place of Douglas Bravo. who apparently is at odds with the Cuban leader. The interview followed closely a

	reboreed Argre 1	ed by a namequestiment three constitutions	. malor of Abusanera to rusbec
	the guerrilla mo	ovement. There are also unconfirmed report	s of as and as two landings
	off the western	coast of Venezuela in mid-April which could	account for Pethoff's new
•	-	pite the above reported guerrilla success, reased number of encounters with the guerri	
ROFFIC	E	BRIEFER	EXTENSION
	RAR	HOROWITZ	54,08

(Classification)

DocId:33061196 Page 24

Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
INR BRIEFING NOTE

Romanian Contacts With Africa and Middle East Reflect Strengthening of Ties With Third World

10:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 11.

GIST:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

FBIS Daily Report 10 June pp. M G 1-2

Cairo MENA announced June 10 Romanian Deputy Foreign Minister Macovescu's departure from Cairo following a threeday visit. Macovescu was quoted as saying: "UAR-Romanian relations are extremely good. We are striving to strengthen these relations. I feel that Cairo officials entertain the same wish."

Bucharest 1810 June 11

The Romanian press noted June 11 that Macovescu saw UAR President Nasser June 8 for a "friendly conversation". And according to a Romanian Foreign Ministry official, Macovescu returned to Bucharest June 10. (Cairo MENA had reported that Macovescu flew to Beirut from Cairo, but that may have been an error.)

MBIS Daily Report 10 June pp. R 3-7

Radio Bucharest announced June 10 the departure of Congo Brazzaville President Massamba-Debat following his 5-day visit to Romanian at the invitation of President Ceauseseu. Massamba-Debat, who had toured Bucharest, oil center Ploesti, Carpathian Alps resort city Brasov and the Black Sea littoral, was seen off by Ceauseseu, Premier Maurer and a host of party-state leaders.

INR COMMENT:

The WindhexEnst/UAR visit of Macovescu and official visit to Romania of Massamba-Debat (as well as current trips through Latin America and Africa by Romanian envoys) are symptomatic of Bucharest's efforts to strengthen ties with the Third World. The Romanians hope to develop political ties there that will help bolster their independent and often neutralist foreign policy line. They are also looking for markets for their increasing exports of manufactured goods. Macovescu's trip was quite sudden and seemed simed at stimulating the rapprochement between Bucharest and Cairo that has XdXx knowed helped overcome strains owing to policy differences during last summer's Middle East crisis. Since Romania has maintained satisfactory relations with both Israel and the UAR, one might speculate that Hacovescu could be involved in a diplomatic effort together with Foreign Minister Manescu (current UN General Assembly President) to contribute toward easing of Arab-Israeli differences. But we have no evidence on which to base such speculation. As for Massamba-Debat's visit, we were struck by the red carpet treatment accorded him during the entire visit. And we found particularly curious the presence of high-level Romanian military officers at the visiting Congolese talks with top Romanian leaders. An event which strongly emphasized national independence themes of both countries, the Debat visit may have included exploratory talks on future Romanian small arms exports to the Brazzaville regime.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

RSE

HHFrowick

Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE

Complete X "Frenk" Talks With Hungarians

The Director, INR

DATEJUNG 11

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Bucharest 1807 June 10

Czechoslovak Charge Komarek has told our DCM in Bucharest that during the May lh-16 visit to Romania of de Gaulle, a Czech Deputy Foreign Minister had come to Bucharest to initial a new Treaty of Friendship, Cooperation and Mutual Aid. Komarek said negotiations presented no difficulty and ther Romanians accepted inclusion of a special mak clause on the invalidity of the Munich Pact ab initio. The new accord reportedly provides for consultation on important developments but says nothing about adoption of common positions. The Czech Charge has indicated to the French Embassy that Czech Foreign Minister Hajek will visit Bucharest in late June.

FBIS Daily Report 10 June p. F 2

Radio Bucharest announced June 7 that RCP Permanent Presidium Member Emil Bodnaras had made a "friendly visit" to Hungary from June 1 to 7. Bodnaras had "an exchange of opinions" with Hungarian Politburo Member Komocsin on "current problems of relations between the two fraternal parties and countries, the communist and workers' movement, and the international situation." Bodnaras's talks were held in a "frank, cordial and comradely atmosphere."

INR COMMENT:

Romania's initialing of a new treaty with the Czechs is the first positive step forward we have heard of in its efforts to up-date new treaties with the USSR and communist East European countries. We have not determined whether the new Romanian-Soviet accord has been initialed, but negotiations on it have reportedly ended, and it is expected to be signed soon. Czech Foreign Minister Hajek's visit this month may relate to signing of the Romanian-Czech treaty, and the momentum of progress on this accord may spur the Soviets to move more rapidly toward signing their new treaty with Romania Romanian-Czech friendship, clearly on the upswing since the advent of Dubcek and his new course in Czechoslovakia, contrasts with the continuing make cool but correct relationship between Bucharest and Budapest--as evidenced in the terse statement on Bodnaras's "frank" talks in Hungary. Bodnaras may have discussed the long delayed up-dating/the Romanian-Hungarian mutual aid treaty preparations for a Kadar visit to Romania, problems concerning the November

communist "unity" gathering in Moscow, and Czechoslovak developments.

INR OFFICE BRIEFER EXTENSION

RSE RHFrowick 3803

SECRET/NO FOREIGN DISSEN

(Classification)

DEF	ARTMENT OF	STATE
_NR	BRIEFING	NOTE
-		

GIST: USSR-Horuay: Soviet Military Exercise Hear Norwegian Border Apparently Is Over; May Presage Tougher Soviet Stance on NATO Accivities in Horway with Mye to 1969

The Director, INR

DATE: Juna 11, 1958 5 mana

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

10:

June 11

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Reuters from Oslo UNCL June 11 According to the Oslo press of June 11, Soviet forces supported by tanks and artillery which gathered along Norway and the USSR's northern border June 7 have been withdrawn. The withdrawal began just after midnight local time.

Renters from Mascow UNCL

The Soviet newspaper Inul (central trade union organ)/June 11 that two NATO exercises in Norway were intended to stifle Norwayis continued membership in NATO. It said the exercises "Polar Ice" and "Polar Express" were designed to influence a parliamentary debate this month on Norway's future relations with NATO.

TDCS-314/09474 8/NFD June 10

Norwegien officials June 9 commented that this was the first time since World War II that the Soviets had moved troops to and placed them in menacing positions along the northern border. No one among the Norwegian officials charged with essessing the reasons behind this Soviet move thought there was any possibility of imminent aggression. The Soviets have tried repeatedly to convince Oslo that: Norway's best interests would be served by leaving NATO; Horway should refuse to permit any German military presence in Norway; and NATO exercises in northern Norway can only be construed by Hoscow as aggressive. Norwegian authorities now estimate that the Soviets have abandened "soft tactics" and will adopt a harsher line diplomatically.

INR comment: The Morvegian conclusion that the Soviets will take a congress line with Oslo from now on concerning NATO activities in Morvey may well be correct. The survey with the sine with the correct of the survey with the correct of the correct of the survey with the correct of the corr

The immediate reason for the menaning Soviet military exercise just concluded is the fact that the Norwegian parliament begins debate on June 13 on a government resolution favoring continued Norwegian membership in NATO beyond 1969.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

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EXTENSION

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FNW 310973 DocId:33061196 Page 27

(Classification)

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE WR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: FRANCE: Renewed Outbreak of Student-Police Clashes Yesterday; Student Group Calls For Major Demonstration Today; Estimated 1 Million Still Striking Minly Metalworkers

6-11-68 DATE:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING

NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

The Director, INR

SOURCE(\$)

TIME:

Reg Morning

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Reuters 6-11 FBIS 61 6-11 Unclassified

An eighteen year old French student drowned in the Seine yesterday in the aftermath of a police swoop-down on a meeting of students and workers near the Renault plant at Flins on the Paris outskirts. Most accounts indicate the student drowned after jumming into the river to escape the police Curiously a FBIS account based on Paris Domestic service reported that drowing occurred as a result of scuffling with police during which "about 10 young people were thrown into the Seine."

INR Comment: With French radio stations under literal military occupation in view of the still unsettled strike situation involving CRTF-the French radio/TV establishment -- it is curious that the radio should have carried the most inflammatory account of the student's death. Reuters accepts accepts the police version, to wit. that he drowned after Mr jumping into the river.

Paris 15960

LOU

Embassy reports that as of yesterday there were an estimated 1 million still striking.

Embassy Comment: In the public sector where unions are strong and the Government more willing to committ the taxpayers money, settlements were reached with realtive promptness and were generally in oxcess of the Government original offer in the so-called Grenelle accords of May 27. In the private sector where unions are weaker and the Patronat less willing or able to pay settlements have been far more difficult to achieve and in a number of cases the strikers (unorganized outnumbering organized) have continued to hold out.

CE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

REU

DEary

INR BRIEFING NOTE Resignation This Afternoon 10: DATE: June 11, 1968 COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING The Director, INR morning briefing NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. CLASS./CONTROL(S) SOURCE(S) Bogota 4255 Colombian Senate will consider Pres. Confa 6/10/68 Lleras Restrepo's resignation this afternoon but will discuss constitutional reform TOCS 314/09490-68 Secret/NFD bills (which precipitated crisis) next week. Thus, very likely Lleras' resignation will 6/10/68 be rejected by wide margin. Govt. sources plan attract 100,000 people to pro-Lleras Reuters EPE 748&749 Unclas. 6/10/68 rally in front of parliament early this PM. Politicians queried by Emb. still reflect view Lieras has over-reacted -- hurting congressional sensibilities, hardening positions of Senators opposed to him and certain sections of reform bills, damaging prestige of congress and unnecessarily risking his position. According to Reuters Lleras has received over 12,000 messages signed by over 300,000 people urging him not to resign. Eleras reportedly is confident he has garnered necessary support to pass reform bills soon. The possibility remains that if favorable action is not completed within a couple of weeks. Lleras may resign and turn over the Gov. to VP Cesar TURBAY Ayala. Embassy Comment: Despite drama surrounding first political crisis of two year old Lleras government, Colombians continue calm and life going normally in Bogota and other major cities, INR Comment: It seems that Lleras will remain and that constitutional reform bills acceptable to him will be passed eventually. He has made his point, but in so doing has injected a note of instability into Colombian politics and has weakened the legislature. vis a vis the **ERYERESUNGERENEERINGERINGERINGERINGERINGEREERINGER presidency. somewhat ironic inasmuch as Lleras has been a dynamic reformist president who has tried to strengthen the lagislature's hand. EXTENSION BRIEFER INR OFFICE RAR 4976 Watson FORM DS-1118 NW 31097 DocId:33061196 Page 29

(Classification)

Senate Set to Reject President Lleras Restrepo's

COLOMBIA:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

GIST: FRANCE: Report of Plan To Declare Complete Amnesty for DEPARTMENT OF STATE Individuals Who Had Opposed Dogaulle's Algerian Policy INR BRIEFING NOTE

6-11-68 DATE: The Director, INR Reg Morning TIME:

NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S) TDCS 314/09475 6-10 Secret/NFD-

TO:

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

6-10

A French political analyst, considered a reliable reporter, heard from Jacques Baumel (Secgen of the Gaullist UDR) who in turn got it from Jacques Foccart (Elysee Socgen for African and Malagaysay Affairs) that complete amnesty would be announced for all individuals who were convicted of crimes against the state involving the Algerian crisis. According to Foccart this would specifically include General Salan and Colonel Argoud, both presently serving life sentences

Field Comment: There have been persistent rumors that Salan and Argoud were to be released as a result of some deal between Degaulle and the military and/or rightists. These rumors have been strengthened by the return to France of former Premier Bidault who broke with Dagaulle over Algeria in 1962 and who had since been in exile in Latin America and, more recently, in Belgium. Also there was the announcement by extreme rightist Jean Louis Tixier-Vignancour that he had "rallied" behind Degaulle and further rumors that Jacques Soustelle was about to return to France. It is not known whether an agreement, as rumored, was reached but reliable sources have reported that leading Gaullist ministers were making efforts to rally veterans organizations behind Degaulle as well as persons associated with the general during the resistance years.

INR Comment: If there was an agreement with the far right about amnesty for former Algerian opponents, it does not appear to have included any comittment by the right to either openly support the Caullists in the current election, or even for that matter to keep discreetly silent. Bidault, although declining to run for election, spoke out in opposition to Gaullism almost the very moment he returned to F ance. Moreover, the Times this morning reports that Tixier-Vignancour withdrew his May 30 call for support of the Gaullists and called upon his followers to boycott the elections. However, it is certainly possible that rightist elements would have specified complete amnesty as full or partial price for supporting the general ? and the situation on/and around May 30 was clearly desperate enough for him to have agreed to pay it.

R OFFICE	BRIEFER	EXTENSION	
REU	WPOcary	5474	

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE	GIST:		
INR BRIEFING NOTE	PAKISTAN Reported to Have 300 T-59 Tanks from China		
The Director, INR	DATE: June 11, 1968 TIME: 0800	COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.	
SOURCE(S)	· CLASS./CONTROL(S)	,	
	FCRET/NFD/CD/NDA A relation form First ision from Creplace has mare common to the conclusion of the conclusion of the conclusion from Creplace con Creptation from Crepta	Table source who reported he obtained the mation from the Commanding Officer of the Armored Division reported that the Divhad been provided with 200 new T-59 tanks Communist China. Since it received these cement T-59's, the First Armored Division and available to infantry divisions for maisance use the approx. 100 T-59 tanks it sen using since 1966. Field comment: The evas allowed to view the tank area, and aded from glimpses of portions of tanks to under tarpaulins that they were new or used. The same source had reported ously that the First Armore d Division was distan's priority list to receive new arms, are source also reported (in July 1967)	
INR/RNA Comment:	that hat the it may sibilisince ed Diverge Pakist ment for the control of the con	Pakistan had 300 Chinese-provided tanks. It time, many fewer tanks were deployed, and the that some were stored. Another pos- ty is that the tanks are new acquisitions, the Commanding Officer of the First Armor- vision told the source in March 1968 that can planned to purchase more military equip from China, which the source presumed to to tanks.	
China and at least 160 T-report, which says the 12 on the other hand, far exregiments has about 50 T-divisions he believes all in the Pakistan Army, the appears plausible. On the should be revised upward	-59's. The presence of the Cavalry has about 50 ceeds earlier estimates59 tanks, and from his these tanks to be new report that older T-59 he basis of this report to 200 plus. Further researched	chave on hand at least 55 T-34 tanks from the T-34's is accounted for in this latest T-34 tanks. The total of 300 T-59 tanks, The source reports that each of four tour of the tank area of three of the four Since we know that T-59 tanks are in use tanks will be sent to other regiments the Pakistani inventory of T-59 tanks eporting may give us a basis for further rly used by the First Armored Division	
of its continued difficul Italy and Belgium have no istan (see Intelligence l	tties in obtaining tanks ot yet resulted in the sl Vote 436 of June 7, 1968		
R OFFICE BRIEFE	R (Coordinated with REA)	(Keogh)	

3892

(Classification)

Bolster

RNA

CONFIDENCIAL/ LIN DIS-

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

CIST: NTATOTA : UK officials openly meeting with Biafran reps in Lendon; growing concern for UK and Lagos's image

* The Director, INR

TO:

DATE: carly am

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

source(s) Reutors June 10

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

LIMDIS - BACKGROUND USE ONLY

from London, Uncl.

British Covernment June 10 held exploratory talks with Biafran representative in London. Meeting was aimed at explorang ways to reopen peace talks between FMG and Biafra. Talks, held under auspices of Commonwealth Sccy-Seneral Arnold Smith, were between Brit. CO Min. of State Lord Shepherd and Sir Louis Mbanefo, chief Biafran rep. at the abortive Kampaga negotiations (which broke down May 31.)

Lagos 9836, June 10, CONF/LIM DIS British bope that meeting will give FMG opportunity to lobby for resuming peace talks and will concentrate British public attention on IMG efforts promote peace rather than letting opposition concentrate on arms supply issue.

London 9723, June 10, COMF/NO FORE/LE. DIS

Discussing plan to meet with Biefran rep with FMG's Enahoro, Lord Shepherd emphasized mounting parliamentary and nowspaper pressures on British govt to halt erms supply to FMG, recent Dutch embarge on arms traffic to Nigeria, plus fact parliament resumes business June 11 after Whitsun recess — all of which sharpening British dilemma. Also stressed need for FMG to improve public image.

London 9721, June 10, U.M. Embassy Comment: Labor left and church groups are giving British govt little respite in efforts to halt supply of British arms to FMG. Eritish officials are worried about pressures building up on ministers; they do not believe pressures strong enough to force suspension arms shipments, but, particularly since Dutch took this action, they are reluctant to make predictions. Believe best way to divert criticism is to be able point to continuing efforts being about negotiated settlement. As long as there hope of peace talks, British can argue arms shipments give them leverage on FMG that it would be folly to throw away.

Given disposition within British govt to continue arms shipments, and in view renewed efforts to get talks started, we think govt can resist pressures for while longer. If prospect for talks disappears and EMO begins campaign in Too hearthand, however, Wilson govt will have real difficulty sticking to its present policy.

RAF COMMENT

None of this activity seems likely to temper determination in Lagos to press forward against Biafran forces until Biafra abandons secession. As some UK officials have pointed out in the past, in defending the UK's policy of selling unsophisticated arms to Nigeria, there are plenty of other sources of arms in the world. Nigeria would not hesitate to turn to them; in fact, is using them now.

INR

INR/RAF

DocId:33061196

BRIEFER

Webbink/Andrew

EXTENSION

NW 31097

(Classification)

-PARTMENT OF STATE NR BRIEFING NOTE Soviets Pormally Protest Czech Newspaper Reprint of NY

The Director, INR

DATE: June 11, 1963 TIME: M

Mines Article: Czech Paper Calls Warshw Pact Maneuvers " Organsavional ristake"; loan Negaliarionalian minual Sov. Press on COMMENT SHOW IN THE BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

FBIS 53 Moscow in Czech to Czech. Moscow June 11 Reuters

The USSR announced today its first formal protest to Czech. since the Dubcek govt. began its reforms earlier this year. Key sections are as follows: TASS has published the following report; the Czech newspa per Lidova Domokracie reprinted on June 5 a provocative report from the HY Times which contained a fabrication that a certain Soviet general allegedly approved the issuing

of a diplomatic passport to Czech. General Sejna, The USSR Min. of Fon. Aff. has sent a communication to the Czech Rab. in Moscow in which cannot but cause great embarrasment and protest because its contents pursue but one aim: to worsen Soviet-Csech relations. The conviction was expressed that the appropriate Czech organs will take the necessary measures in order to protect the friendly relations between the USSR and Czech. from similar reports in some organs

2322 Prague

Moscov 4182

RSB

TOU . Slovak newspaper Praca on June 8 called the planned command-staff exercises by the Warsaw Pact on Casch. territory an " musicakionak organizational mistake" according to CTK. the Commentary agreed on the necessity for the new command of the Czech Army to prove to its allies that recent changes did not influence the combat readiness of Czech. forces, but assected the maneuvers should have been transferred to another Warsow Pact country in view of the " psychological state of the population,"

Initial Soviet press coverage of Czech CC Plenum was limited to brief reports on proceedings-all highly selective and slanted to stress danger from anti-socialist forces

of the Czech. press.

sizhation was mentioned), leading role of CPCS, and Czech-Soviet friendship and alliance.

EmbassyComment : Fact that it took Soviets several days to produce summaries indicates even middle of road outcome of the Flenum gave them problems. Points omitted from summaries are those Soviets

(though Duboek's remark re danger return to pre-1968

have misgivings about from standpoint not only further developments in Czech., but also implications for USSR domestic nx situation. In particular, the summaries were silent on the following : Warning EXTENSION

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BRIEFER

K. Yalowitz

The Director, INR

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Soviet-Exech

Continued

Comments contained in INR Briefing

NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

against repetition of mistakes in policy toward intelligentsia and youth; criticism bureaucratic and directive methods; call for movement to mature socialist society.

The Comment Both Praca, the trade union newspaper in Slovakia and Lidova Demokracie, the newspaper of the People's Party, have been in the fovefront of the Czech press ferment since February. The Seviet note is the first formal protest to the Czech government since the beginning of the reforms although both the Poles and Fast Germans had previously sent complaints to the Czechs. General Sejna has stated that he did not get Soviet help in obtaining a passport since as vice-Chairman of the National Assembly he had a diplomatic passport. The Seviet in some respects is not surprising since Lidova Demokracie in reprinting the Times article also mentioned Wie Soviet personalities, including a general, who were allegedly involved in Sejna's obtaining a diplomatic passport.

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BRIEFER

ICE

EXTENSION

inited Official Use (Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

NR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: FRANCE: Election Campaign Developments

The Director, INR

DATE: 6-11-68

Reg Morning

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Paris 15984

LOU

TIME

Embassy reports that election campaign opened amidst consid rable confusions yesterday. It is even unclear whether total candidates number 2,300 (<u>Le Monde</u>) or 3,000 (<u>Paris Presse</u>)

There is great diversity of snaller parties. Extreme left Socialiste Unifie (PSU) party fixth fielded 75 candidates minimum to qualify for radio/TV time. Independent Republicans have 120—40 more than last time. Picani group has less than 75 (INR: Picani a former Gaullist Minister announced the formation of anew Center grouping)

Embassy believes it will be foolhardy to make predictions until 2-3 days before voting.

INR Comment: Elsewhere it was reported that Communists are only party to field candidates in every district. Reserving The Federation of the left has put up 395 candidates.

REU WPDeary 5474

-T.OU-

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification)

NR BRIEFING NOTE

HST: COMMUNIST CHIMA: Peking Says Robert Kennedy Assassination is Proof of Deepening Crisis in U.S.

10:

The Director, IRR

DATE: June 11, 1968 Time: Reg. Morning

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(\$)

FBIS 7 June 1968

In Peking's initial reaction to the assessination of Senator Kennedy, MCNA June 7 termed the event "another reflection of the continuous deepening of the political and economic crises of U.S. imperialism." According to NCNA, stability in the U.S. has been weakened by the war in Vietnam, by financial and economic crises and by the "struggle of the people at home." Amidst all this, says NCNA, the "dog-eat-dog struggle within the ruling group is more fierce than ever as the political "tools of the monopoly capitalist class" contest for power in the election "farce."

INR/REA Comment: Peking's analysis follows its practice of depicting recent American events in terms of Chairman Mao's thesis that the U.S. and the western world generally are in a state of decline. NCMA's commentary routinely treats U.S. major-party politicians—regardless of their positions—as birds of a feather and "tools of the U.S. monopoly capitalist class." Thus, there is no indication that Senator Kennedy's death has had any effect on Peking's analysis of the present or prospective U.S. scene.

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BRIEFER

Thomas/Keogh

EXTENSION

Confidential

(Classification)

LNR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: MORTH VINTIAM:

Czechs Report Restrictions on Foreigners in Nanoi

10:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 11, 1968

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FBIS 45 (Prague CTK International Service in English, 8 June 68) A CTK story from Hanci reports that on June 8 the Municipal Administration Committee less restricted the movement of foreigners in the city, effective June 10.

Foreigners reportedly will not be able, without special permits, to visit areas which contain power plants and industrial installations. They are also not allowed to enter recently bombed areas until such areas are cleared. Those who violate these measures will be punished according to Vietnamese laws; diplomats will be punished in accordance with diplomatic usage."

CTK says the Committee's notice "has aroused great interest and there are numerous speculations about its purpose in foreign circles" in Hanol.

REA Comment:

This Czech story is the only source reporting such a recent promulgation of restrictions on foreigners. We do not remember any promulgation of such restrictions in the past, though they may be on the books. Some menths ago, for example, a British diplomat was picked up the authorities for visiting a part of the city considered off limits. However, the diplomat was not told which areas were closed to foreigners. (Manoi, of course, does not recognize the British official as a diplomat.)

We do not know why the Hanoi regime should now want to insure that foreigners do not visit important industrial installations and recently bombed areas. It is possible that the North Vietnamese are making permanent repairs or permanent additions to these installations similar to repairs now underway on the Doumer Bridge. Such permanent repairs suggest that Hanoi may not expect the bombing of the Red River delta area to be resumed and may wish to keep these repairs secret. Restricting the movement of foreigners would work toward this objectove. However, Hanoi may also want to install new anti-air-craft equipment which it does not wish foreigners to see.

Another guess is that the North Vietnamese may be expecting an influx of foreign visitors; it may wish to keep them from seeing sensitive areas, and may want to have the restrictions on record before the visitors actually arrive. In this connection, we have one unconfirmed report that Hanoi is planning to hold a trade fair in Hanoi this September. Possibly, however, the North Vietnamese expect visitors before that time.

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BRIEFER

Janin/Keogh

EXTENSION

4574

REA

-LEMITTED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification)

INR BRIEFING NOTE

CAMBODIA-NLF-DRV: Cambodian Press Confirms Foreign Minister's Complaint to the NLF Re Complicity in Insurgency

10:

The Director, INR

DATE:

June 11, 1963 Morning

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FEIS Book pp. H-1
and 2
(Articles in official
journal, Realities
Cambodgiennes, 5/18)

On May 2, Cambodian Foreign Minister Phurissara mentioned to NIF Rep. Nguyen Van Hieu the matter of "40 inhabitants of Kompong Cham Province who have joined the NLFSV and who are probably engaging in guerrilla activities with arms and ammunition supplied by the NLFSV." Hieu said he would ask the NLF authorities to open an inquiry, but also said the incident was "without a doubt" a maneuver of the US which is doing all it can to destroy the close relationship between Cambodia and the NLF.

The seme day, the DRV ambassador also told Phurissara that his mission was to strengthen Cambodian DRV friendship "despite the efforts of the US imperialists, who are trying to sabotage this friendship through subversive activities led by the CIA and their special forces."

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

COMMENT: These Cambodian press accounts confirm earlier reports that Phurissara had confronted the Vietnamese Communist reps re NLF complicity in the insurgency. In a public speech, Sihancuk also alluded to what will probably be the standard Communist rebuttal, i.e. Vietnamese involved in Cambodian guerrilla activities are not NVA or VC, but CIA or ARWN agents disguised as such. in late April

The Cambodian press/reported the subject of the damarehe-40 Cambodians receiving guerrilla training from the VC in the Thick Trach area (north of the Parrot's Beak). (This has been the only incident of its kind appearing in the Cambodian press thus far.)

REA/SA

BRIEFER

Kobayashi/Keogh

EXTENSION

Confidential

(Classification)

EPARTMENT OF STATE
THE BRIEFING NOTE

er.

Mobutu Visit to Brussels Will Give Lift to Belgo-Congolese Detente

The Director, INR

DATE:

June 10: 111500

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

\$OURCE(\$)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Reuters Brussels Juno & U.

Reuters Rome Jun

June 10 Uo

Mobutu interrupted his three week vacation in Italy and Switzerland June 8 for an impromptu visit to Brussels as guest of King Mausicianax Baudouin. He was expected to meet also with FM Vanden Boeynants and For. Min. Harmel. Congolese newspapers see the visital as a sign

of improved bilateral relations. Mobutu avoided

journalists on his return to Rome June 10.

INR/ RAF conseent: We do not as yet know many of the details of what seems to have been a hastily improvised trip. The Belgian Foreign Office says Mobutu asked to come and that Baudouin agreed to act ab host for an informal visit.

Whatover the origin of the trip, it is the most dramatic step to date in a growing Belgian—Congolese detente. The two governments began drifting closer together earlier this year as the americanary crisis receded and as Mobutu showed increased interest in luring Belgian managers and technicians back to the Congo. Just last week it was announced that another long standing financial tangle — that between Sabena and Air Congo — had been straightened out. And the Congolese are again showing interest in finding an impartial mediator to settle the issue

XXXXXXX Late Note:

Brussels 7186 June 10, LOU Mobutu did meet with King, Prime Minister and other GOB officials and was met by Foreign Minister when arrived at airport June 8. Hemcons of discussions not yet received. Available substantive details to be reported separately.

of compensating shareholders for the GDRC's nationalization mgx of the Union Miniere. A trip to Belgium as a goyal guest will not hurp Mobutu politically. And it should add thrust/Bettering relations between the

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

two capitals.

EXTENSION

RAF

Davison

(Classification) DEPARTMENT OF STATE N. Vietnamese Delegation in Romania after Concluding R BRIEFING NOTE Aid Agreement with Foland; Czech Transportation Delegation TO: June 11, 1968 DATE: · COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING The Director, INR ΛM NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. TIME: CLASS./CONTROL(S) SOURCE(\$) Bucharest 1506 TOU . Press reports the arrival on June 8 of DRV economic delegation led by Dep. Prime Minister NGHI. LOU Warsaw 3514 Press reports on signing of DRV-Foland aid and trade agreement on June 7 state that agreement provides " Poland will supply DHV machines and equipment for complete industrial objects as well as goods in exchange for DRV goods. Ho mention of military assistance although Mghi acknowledged his people recivie " large and many sided aid from USSR, China, Poland and other fraternal socialist countries." The pattern of Fast European multiplicativings country mentioning only economic aid and not military is common as is, on the other hand. North Vietnamese mention of all types of aid. FBTS 54 Prague CTK in English Unclass. Greek transportation del. currently in the DRV was recieved by For, Min. Trinh. Czech support to the DRV for the reconstruction and maintenance of railroads was discussed. EXTENSION BRIEFER RSB K. Yalowitz 4624 DocId: 33061196 Page 40 (Classification)

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE R BRIEFING NOTE

The Director, INR

ordfish may be proved "guilty" of coolant discharge. DATE: 11 June 1968

0730

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(\$)

TIME:

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Tokyo 9110

Confidential

According to Esbassy Tokyo, the head of the GOJ investigating team, Yamazaki, press on June 6 that there is a strong possibility of proving Swordfish "guilty" of primary coolant discharge, based on further analysis of water taken at time of incident (May 6). Water sample shows presence of nuclide which, according to Yamazaki, looks "suspiciously like Iron 59."

Japan: Head of GOJ investigating team tells press that

Embassy believes that this is attempt to fuzz US argument that if another substance, Cobalt 60, not present in sample, then no discharge took place. Announcement apparently timed to counteract effects of Japanese STA announcement of June 4 that no nuclide activaity was observable in water sample. Announcement specifically excluded presence of Iron

JCP paper carried story to contrary June 6, complete with graphs and data. Yamazaki called for formation of scientists commission to further investigation free from GOJ influence; Commission founded, includes 3 JCP members, 2 anti-SSN activists of 5 members

Yamazaki's JCP membership, though known to me police, FonOff and possibly others, has not surfaced in press, but Embassy hopes info will

trickle in without US involvement.

INR COMMENT:

The Embassy notes that Yawazaki's statement sounds impressive to average reader, who apparently is all too willing to believe that US continues to contaminate Japan with assorted radioactive materials. JCP sources for this info also do not seem to discourage non-JCP (but still nuclear-allergic) press from picking it up.

ICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

REA

DocId: 33061196

Keogh

Confidential

(Classification)

CONFTENTION (Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

R BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: VENEZUEIA:

New Electoral Alliance for December Presidential Elections Formed

0:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 10, 1968
TIME: morning briefing

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

Caracas 6/10/68 Conf.

After months of indecision three important but reletively small opposition parties have formed an electoral alliance to support current Ambassador to Court of St. James BURTLLI Rivas in the December presidential election. Burelli is young (46), handsome, and reportedly articulate. He is management closely associated with the Church, has had extensive diplomatic and academic experience and is close to Pres. Leoni, who has already congratulated him on his candidacy. Informal group of financial leaders (MNI) which has been a prime mover in effort achieve alliance, has not yet committed itself to Burelli but is expected to do so soon thereby adding essential financial ingredient to alliance.

Embacy Comment: The new coalition reduces number serious presidential candidates from 6 told the by reducing fractionalization process which had seized Ven politics. Burelli personal appeal not yet tested but appears to be a serious markinger challenger to current front-runners, Prieto (MEP) and Caldera (Christian Democrat). Alliance ends Prieto's hope of enticing one of three parties into alliance which with his MEP which would have assured him of vactory. Caldera also had hopes attracting one of three which would have assured him of vactory. Caldera also had hopes attracting one of three which would have assured him of vactory. Caldera also had hopes attracting one of three which would have assured him of vactory. Caldera also had hopes attracting one of three which would still dissolve, especially if financial leaders (MNI) withhold or withdraw support. MNI has told Embassy will back alliance candidate only as long as his candidacy seemed to prosper. If Burelli's ef ort fizzled. MNI would invest in Caldera.

IMR Comment: Burelli appears to be an excellent choice and should become a very serious contender. Lately there have been some signs that the candidacy of Prieto (who broke from the governing Accion Democratica --AD-+ when it nominated party leader Gonzalo Barrios despite Prieto's primary victory) has peaked a little early. Also there have been some signs that the candidacy of Gonzalo Barrios (which had appeared very weak) has been doing better. Now the race would appear to be wide open with all four candidates fairly strong. Prieto and Caldera still have slight edges over the other two, however.

RAR

Watson

EXTENSION

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BRIEFER

SECRETA NO FORETCH DISSEM

US Embassy Officer Arrested During June 9 "Attack"on Police Headquarters

10

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ORM DS 1118 *66NW 31097 DocId:33061196 GIST:

GUA TEMALA:

The Director, INR	DATE: June 10, 1968 TIME: morning briefing	COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.
SOURCE(S)	CLASS./CONTROL(S)	
Guatemala 4963 6/10/68		Among several instances of gunplay uring the evening of June 9 was a bizarre
Guntemala 4969 6/10/68	LOU Po	attle between elements of the National plice and confused elements of the Army plice is which one of the best Nat. Pol. Ificials was killed and an Embassy politi-
TDCS-314/09491-68 6/11/68	Secret/NFD a an property min hi in	Second Coops Police Chief Col. Baquian graduate of International Police Academy and one of best AID Public Safety counterarts reportedly received orders proceed to all pol. HQ where apparently his car was it with a grenade thrown from the nearby ibrary. Apparently next the mil. police minking men in police whiche were attacking them, opened fire, killing Baquiax and me other and wounding two more police officers. FSO Clare, hearing explosion and shots and to scene thinking might be being one to nearby AID offices. He was arrested attacking to a confusion Clare was not allowed contact mbassy, but a friend of his did and DCM racked him down and secured his release about an hour Racket his arrest. Police and Army officials reportedly have agreed keep true details of bloody has of from public and maintain fiction nat communist terrorists carried out an
		attack on the mil pol HQ. was bomb planted by subversives who will reputation.
		reminded to stay clear in future of any ess or have just taken place."
		ittery Guatemalan authorities have ich innocent lives have been lost.
NR OFFICE RAR	BRIEFER Watson	EXTENSION 4976
	SECRET NO POURTOR	MISSILI

(Classification)

Page 43

ARCHARAS NO X P.

(Classification)

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UNCL

The Director, INR

Tito Reportedly Says He Might Resign If Domestic Problems Which Caused Student Unrest Not Quickly Resolved; Belgrade Students Reportedly Abandon Strike in Wake of Speech

DATE: June 19 1968

TIME: Exemporegular some

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

Routers June 9 from Belgrad

TO:

Tito spoke June 9 on a nationwide radio-TV broadcast which was discussing a meeting underway in Belgrade of the Yugoslav CP Presidium. He is understood to have said that the problems ever which Yugoslav students have been protesting should be rapidly solved, and that if he could not solve them, he should not remain in office. He said he agreed with a majority of the student demands. He added that the Yugoslav CP Central Committee had already been reviewing these problems before the student unrest began. By a Party error, little publicity had been given to this fact.

Tito said the demonstrations, although they began spontaneously, had been exploited by right and left extremists. He mentioned supporters of Djilas and Rankewic and also of Mao. But the students had proven their "mature political consciousness "

He denied that events in France, West Germany, and Czechoslovakia had caused the student unrest and said the weaknesses of Yugoslav society were the reason. Also, Yugoslavia's students had been treated like schoolchildren and had not been given sufficient chance to participate in self-government. said the Party had been slow in resolving problems of social inequality, inadequate educational facilities, and non-socialists aspects of the economy. Many leaders would rather look after their own interests than do anything, he said.

UPI June 7 from UNCL Belgrade

Belgrade students June 7 published an open letter to Tito appealing that he take action on their demands for broad reform of Yugoslav society. It said that the student action was implements inspired by Tito's thought, that the students had always been and now were "with you," and that the student movement was not a divergence from the Party.

(not further identified)

FHIS 25 June 8 (Tanyug June 7) UNCL

According to a release by Tanyug, the Belgrade University Council, Unversity Committee of the League of Communists (CP), and University Committee of the Student Union, and representatives of all student action committees met lage June 7. They issued a statement after the meeting announcing agreement that university operations should resume as soon as possible. It declared that the student action program accorded with the principles of the CP and the Yugoslav Constitution and that the students would continue to press for implementation. The state-

ment called for 1) lifting the blockade of all university departments, 2) release of all arrested students, with no reprisals later, 3) investigation of incident at New Belgrade and punishment of officials responsible, and 4) dissemination of

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

WBSmith

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification)

	 PARTMENT		-
T0:		 **************************************	

Tito Reportedly Says ... PAGE 2

DATE:

June19, 1968

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

The Director, INR

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

unbiased information to the public about the students and teachers aims. The statement neted that the student body's endorsement of the declaration would be needed.

INR comment: The regime appears to be centinuing its policy of smothering the student revelt with declarations of approval of the students' aims, while at the same time trying to bring the CP into a position of control over student action committees in Belgrade. Tito's speech places his special into play for this purpose and may have a quieting effect. Tito's hinted dissatisfaction with some Yugoslav officials' lack of concern over domestic social problems may conceivably presage some dismissals to placate the students.

FBIS 02 June 10 (AFP from Belgrade June 9) -000 According to AFP in Belgrade (at 6:30 p.m. June 9 Washington time), "the student strike in Belgrade is practically over." Tito's speech was achhaimed by 8,000 Belgrade students, who are now committed to proceeding with their examinations starting June 10.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

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	-		SPERIT/NO-FORBIG (Classification)	N_DISSEM
	PARTMENT OF STATE BRIEFING NOT		Underway: Czech Unease o	Romania: Soviet-Czech Consultations ver Maneuvers Continues; Prague Expects stance Treaty with Romania this Year
TO:	The Director, INR	•	DATE: June 10, 1968 TIME: regular a.m.	COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.
Reuter June 9	source(s) from Prague	UNCL	from its Moscow bureau t Strougal is to go to Mos	Prague, CTK June 9 carried a report hat Czecheslovak Deputy Premier cow June 10 to continue talks started Party Secretary Dubcek, on economic cooperation.
	2 June 7 internat'1 June	UNCL 7)	Czechoalovak Ambassador	ommittee Secretary Katushev received Koucky at the latter's request. They ald in a friendly atmosphere."
tel 073 CIRCUS		/noforn	and forth through Karlov regular Warsaw Pact mane Czechoslovakia, and emph in Czechoslovakia were t	t a loudspeaker truck travelled back y Vary on June 1, announcing that a uver would take place this year in assizing that the Soviet troops already here as friends, and there should be t of the local population.
June 7	tel 2316 1125 Z from Prague	LOU	again tried to deal with maneuvers in Czechoalovs take part, Soviet signal will come later; one pap Soviet tanks in the CSSR June 7 stated the maneuv last a few days, take pl	Ministry in a June 6 press interview rumors on Soviet participation in kia, saying a "minimum no." would units had arrived, and auxiliary unit or quoted him as saying there were no a Defense Ministry spokesman on wers would be in the second half of June ace on several stages territory.

FBIS 15 June 9 UNCL The dates of Dubcek's wisit to Hungary will be June 13 to 15.

were expected.

Prague.

(Prague radio June 8)

Reuters from Prague UNCL June 8

Rude Prave June 8 quoted a Czechoslovak Foreign Ministry official as saying at a press conference that first reactions in the bloc to the CSSR's democratization were "not always pleasant" but mutual relations had now "calmed down:" the problem now was to "democratize relations between socialist countries"; party and govt. negotiations should be separated; and Frague expects to conclude an "alliance agreement" with Romania this year.

for command posts, plus guards, logistic, and supply elements

Czech media has pulled out more details on the maneuvers than would otherwise have been released, according to the DAO in

The persistent interest on the part of

INR comment: Amb. Koucky's talk with Katushev may have related toStrougal's visit to Moscow starting June 10. Or conceivably it has something to do with the rumor carried June 7 by a

EXTENSION BRIEFER FICE **L888** WBSmith

SECRET/NO FORWION DISSEM

(Classification)

DEP	ARTMEN	TOF	STATE
R	BELLEF	ING	NOTE

GIST: USSR-Czechoslovakia FAGE 2

10:

A BUSTING MOLE

DATE: June 10, 1968

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

The Director, INR

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

London newspaper (briefed June 7) that Brezhnev and Kosygin will visit Czechoslovakia this month. New that it has been announced that Dubcek's visit to Hungary will be June 13-15, those dates are out for a high-level Soviet visit to Prague.

Czechoslovak unhappiness over the forthcoming maneuvers appears to be high. Indicative are not only the newspaperPracy's criticism June 8 of the timing (briefed earlier), but also the report of a loudspeaker in Karlovy Vary (if true) trying to calm the population on this subject, as well as the demands of Czech media for more details.

The news that Prague expects to conclude a renewal of its mutual assistance treaty this year with Romania accords with previous Czech statements, but it is noteworthy that the Romanians have been very slow in renotiating Warsaw Fact arrangements with other countries, suggesting that Bucharest if it signs with Prague first may wish to underline its approval of developments in Czechoslovakia.

BRIEFER EXTENSION

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

NR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: Japanese Mornign Minister Miki Leges to use close friends to establish bridges to China

The Director, INR

DATE: June 30, 3969

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

"DOC. -31)1/00223-68

Seeret-Meforn

An overseas Chinese businessman from a Japanese businessman from Akira Mada Wiki discussed Japanese-Chinene relations with Marco Okada and Akira Okada and told them that he heped that although they were of different collitical groups, they could each act as bridges to China.

FFA Comment: Harus Tkada is a leader of the far left of the Japan Socialist Party and has long been in the forefront of those advocating recognition of Peking. He is probably a prime source of Chinese information on matters Japanese.

Harno's brother, Akira Okada, is a senior member of the Japanese Foreign Service. He has held a number of important posts in the past, including that of Chief of the China Section of the Foreign Office (several years ago). He has taken part in joint US-Japanese meetings and there is no indication that the Japanese have any doubt about his security. He is now slated to go to Hong Kong as Congen.

Miki has long been a close family friend. He obviously hopes that he can utilize them to obtain information on China and perhaps as one of his means of communicating with the Chinese (Miki also is interested in the possibility of establishing contact at the Ambassadorial level).

This report has passed through a number of hands before it get to us and we do not know what relationship, if any, Miki intended the brothers to have with each other as they construct their bridges.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

Farrior/Keogh

EXTENSION

46"5

Limited Official Use

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE NOTE

Pakistani Defense Budget Set at \$530 Million for FY 1969;

Up 10% Over Current Year

The Director, INR

DATE: June 2, 1968

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Reuters June 8 U

Unclass.

The Pakistani Finance Minister has announced to the National Assembly a Defense Budget for the year beginning July 1 of \$530 Million, up 10% over the current year's \$485 Million.

The Finance Minister stated that India Failed to respond to a cut in Pakistani Defense Spending last year.

INTR/RNA Comment:

-Lou-

India earlier this year announced an increase in defense spending of under 5%; however, the Indians have acquired substantial quantities of military equipment in the past year, and Pakistan may be forced to spend a considerable amount of hard currency to purchase tanks and planes.

INR OFFICE BRIEFER EXT

EXTENSION

Classification)

NR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: TTALY: Italian President Calls Upon Christian Democrat Party Secretary Rumor To Try To Form A Government

The Director, INR

DATE: 6-10-68
Reg Morning

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

TO:

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Reuters 6-10

-Unclassified

TIME:

The call upon Rumor to try to form a Government followed the resignation of the preceding Moros (Center-Left) Government and the decision by the unified Socialists not to participate in any new Center-Left government until after the Socialists' party congress in the fall.

"Observers" believe that Rumor will have a difficult task and some beleive he is unli ely to succeed for the moment.

TDCS 314/09418

Secret/NFD

The DC vice-secretary Flaminio Piccoli informed a competent American observer that DC would be willing to form an all-DC government until the fall provided that Socialists would pladge continual support. Should the Socialists merely agree to support the Government on an item-by-item basis, this would be unacceptable. DC therefore seeks a PSU pledge that would assure some measure of stability. If such a pldege can be obtained Eumor has agreed to head an all-DC government. Some DC loaders are dubious that an all-DC government will be stable even if Socialists make such a pledge and they have been urging Rumor not to squander his stature and prestige by agreeing to head it.

INR Comment: The need for some PSU guarantee of stability is a sine qua non for said an all-DC interim government. If Rumor succeeds in forming one and announces his villingness to head it, it can be assumed that he has probably obtained such a guarantee from Socialists.

REU BRIEFER EXTENSION 5474

Secret/Noform

(Classification)

NW 50527 18 DocId: 33061196 Page 50

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

R BRIEFING NOTE

1 HAITI: Haitian Press Charges CIA Subsidy to Exile Radio

TO:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 10, 1968
TIME: morning briefing

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

Port- u-Prince 884 6/7/60

LOU

GOH controlled press charged June 7 that CIA supported Haitian Coalition Creole broadcasts from New York. Described breadcasts as radio "which pretends to be Haitian but which owes its existence only to foreign financial support, primarily that of CIA whose directors pay \$3000 weekly subsidy ... to peddle most impudenties and gratuitous calumnies to justify these large sums."

Embassy Comment: Embassy has learned that press has been instructed by Pres. Duvadier to keep up constant anti-US line as long as New York Creole Broadcasts continue.

INR Comment: The broadcasts referred to are the so-called "morning mass" made every morning at 6:coam by the "aitian Coalition over WNYW in New York. The May 20 invasion of Cap Haitian apparently was conducted by some of the more radical members of the Haitian Coalition, but during the invasion the broadcasts indicated that the HC leadership may not have been fully informed of the invaders' plans or operations. Duvalier probably still believes the USG was somehow involved in the invasion and is determined to step on every exposed toe in hopes of embarcassing the USG and perhaps extracting some economic "Commenced to are the social termined to step on energy exposed toe in hopes of embarcassing the USG and perhaps extracting some economic "Commenced to are the social termined to step on energy exposed toe in hopes of embarcassing the USG and perhaps extracting some economic "Commenced to a step of the use of the

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BRIEFER

EXTENSION

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Watson

(Classification)

Limited Official Use

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE NR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: North Vietnam: Nhan Dan Commentator defends right of Viet namese to fight and defeat the enemy, where ever the enemy is.

The Director, INR

DATE: 10 June 1968

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(\$)

TO:

FBIS 11 Hanoi in English CLASS-/CONTROL(S)
OTTO Nhan

Nhan Dan's Commentator in authoritative June 10 article has again defended the right of every Vietnamese to fight and defeat the enemy, wherever he may be on the soil of Vietname. The article alludes to the 4,000 years of Vietnamese struggle against cutside attackers, then recounts the history of the Lao ong Party sinde 1930 (in struggles against the French and the US), and then says that fix the Vietnamese are resolved to fight against the US whereever it in encreaches on "our" country.

The US covets Vietnamese steel and tungsten, but Vietnam does not covet US dollars. Pres. Ho promissed that we would fight 20 years or longer, and we will, if necessary. Then we will rebuild Vietnam in all test its lovely greenness.

The independence and freedom of Vietnam is one, the Vietnamese nation is one. The US rigged up the two Vietnams, but cannot hide the truth. He who intrudes and at any time into any place on Vietnamese soil encreaches on Vietnam and must resisted by the entire Vietnames people throughout the country.

Not only have South Vietnamese who regrouped to a NVN responded to the call to liberate the south, but "all, repeat all Vietnamese throughout the country and in foreigh countries" have responded. The US theory of two Vietnams has been denounced whenever it is rehashed by the US, even in its offers of so-called assistance, which is only a plot to wreck the cause of the Vietnamese. After the war, after victory, it is the Vietnamese who will rebuild Vietnam, from the Chinese border to Cau Ru.

Johnson still pursues his design of war; Harriman still attempts to blur the distinction between aggressor and victim. The Vietnamese will step up their offensive and carry out their duties.

INR Comment: This is the longest and strangest formulation of this theme that we have seen so far. The emphasis on all Vietnamese responding to the call is especially noteworthy.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

Keogh

EXTENSION

4582

REA

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification)

R BRIEFING NOTE

GIST:

SYRIA: Four US citizens reportedly in prison since May 1967

TO:

The Director, INR

DATE:

June 10, 1968

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(\$)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

Beirt : 9935 June 7 LOU

Fdmond Haddad. who claims to be Jordanian national, called at Embassy June 7, having just been released from Mezzeh Military prison in Syria on June 3. Haddad claimed 4 18 citizens imprisoned with him, incommunicado. Jordanian Ambassador in Beirut advised caution in dealing with Haddad and said any official info for USG would come from Govt of Jordan.

Neddad, under emotional strain (reported and showed evidence of physical torture) stated a "Miss Millard from Texas" and "Arlan Steel from Calif" plus two other young American men were on train en route Istanbul-Damascus in May 1967 when arrested for hiding guide book containing maps and info on Israel. Four Americans being held in solitary confinement and prevented from making any contact with outside world. While Maddad being released without explanation last week, Miss Millard called to him, asking him to contact US consular officials.

INR/RNA Comment:

Syria and the US maintained diplomatic relations until June 1967, a month after the alleged arrests, though it is still very possible that the USG would not be aware of the arrests.

SCS is being asked to check for missing persons matching names and details given.

INFFICE

R.MA

BRIEFER

Langhaug

EXTENSION

CONFIDENTIAL

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

The Director, INR

Iranian Students in US to Demonstrate Against Shah;

DATE: June 10. 1968

June 10, 1968

Shah in Ethiopia Visits Kagnew Dentist

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

A.M.
CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FLI Report June 8

Confidential

TIME:

A source has advised that members of the Iranian Students Assn at the Univ. of California plan to send 6 to 10 members to NY and Washington to demonstrate against the Shah this week.

Objective is protest present Iranian govt. embarass Iranian and US of icials, and possibly disrupt visit. No information on plan for riot or physical harm to any visitors.

Asmara 748 Unclass.

Shah of Iran, accompanied by Formin, paid one hour ten minute visit to Kagnew Station June 7. Visit arranged by Ethiopians, who earlier requested Kagnew dentist to visit Shah at palace in connection with dental problems. Shah visited dital facilities at Kagnew and then asked visit there to be made "official" part of Ethiopian tour.

Asmara 749

LOU

Dental exam shows Shah has chronic peridontal condition. Shah may seek treatment during US visit.

INR/RNA Comment:

Shah will arrive in New York at 2 p.m. this afternoon.

INR PEFICE -

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

RNA

Langhaug

Confidential (Classification)

DEP	ARTI	MENT OF	STATE
NR	BRI	EFING	NOTE

GIST: WAST EUROPE: Selected Reactions To Assassination-British Press Harps on Two Thomes & Embassy Notes Substantial Increase in Anti-Americanism: Italian Communists Play Up Flot Thome

The Director, INR

6-10-68 DATE: Reg Morning

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(\$)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

London 4033 6-7-68

Two definite trends highlight British press comment on the assassination: 1) tendency to generalize from specific event to characterization of America as increasingly dominated by violence and 2) criticism for failure to impose adequate gun control in face of minority political pressure.

Embassy London finds the result of the above is to contribute further and substantially to anti-Americanism already prevalent in UK. Inability to pass adequate gun law will add notably to this trend.

Rolle 6441 6-7-68

Confidential

Italian Communists are predictably exhpoiting the assassination They charge that chain violence in US reflects the unsolvable contradictions of US society and assert that there is a single plot linking the deaths of President Kennedy, Martin Luther King and Robert Kennedy. PCI leader Longo has called for a new foreign policy for Italy and warned of the dangers of the "policy of alliance and subordination to America."

PM Moro expressed concern to the Ambassador about the PCI use of assassination to launch attack on NATO.

Embassy notes that many Italians continue to believe in the plot theory of President Kennedy's death.

INR Comment: Readiness to accept the existance of a possible plot linking deaths of President Kennedy, Robert Kennedy and Martin Luther King finds readiest acceptance on continent. British and Scandinavian (and also German reaction) is less prone accept the plot theory but is long on generalization about violence and diterioration of American society attributable thereto. Whatever theme is stressed, we are inlamened to share London's assessment that net result has been a further augmentation of anti-Americanism already prevalent in much of West Europe.

FFICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

REU

WPDeary

Lighted Official Usa

(Classification)

DEP	ART	MENT	OF	STATE
NR	BRI	EFII	NG	NOTE

GIST:

Indian troops killed battling Nagas; Chinese Weapons and Amunition Captured

TO:

The Director, INR

DATE:

June 10, 1968

TIME:

a.m.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Retters June 8 Unclass.

A number of Indian troops and several Nagas were killed in fierce fighting near the kapalance Nagaland capital of Kohima on 7 June, the Indian defense ministry reported.

24 Nagas were captured along with Chinese weapons, large amounts of amountaion, documents and photographs Nagas in Chinese uniforms with Chinese instructors.

An unconfined report stated over 200 Nagas and Indian soldiers were killed or wounded.

Nagaland state cabinet held urgent session June 9.

THE Rina Comment:

LOU

We had a similar report (200 killed) two weeks ago (May 28). Over 1,000 Nagas are reported to have gone to China last year for training, transiting Burma. Indian officials have ordered the Burma-India border sealed, but that is an impossibility.

A two-month extension of the cease-fire agreed to by the Indian Govt is due to expire July 1, but the agreement is already a sham since the Magas are themselv divided into factions—some opposed to the cease-fire.

INPAFFICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

RNA

Langhaug

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification)

R BRIEFING NOTE

Reciprocal Measures on Its Own Initiative" to Meet US Calls

Reciprocal Measures on Its Own Initiative to Meet US Calls

The Director, INR

TQ:

DATE: June 10, 1968

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FBR 01 June 10 (Prague radio in English to Africa at 1530 GMT on June 9) UNCL In a review of the events of the week, Prague radio June 9 stated: The US and DRV have been talking in Paris to end the Vietnam war and negotiate a political settlement. "So far both sides have been persisting in their positions, and it seems that the deadlock is complete." However, Le Duc Tho "is believed" to have brought a draft proposal of a compromise, although he has not yet participated directly in the talks.

"It is generally believed that if the US did not ask for reciprocity as a condition, Hanoi would take certain reciprocal measures on its own initiative to set a good example. That certainly would push the talks shead."

INR comment: We know of no reason to suppose that Radio Prague has special insight Into Hanol's thinking. Well before the current democratization process in Czecho-slovakia (which has removed many controls from Czechoslovak media and has seen a highly speculative inclination on the part of some news outlets in that country), the media of Czechoslovakia tended to be erratic and somewhat sensationalists and did not always reflect official Prague thinking.

FFICE

RSB

BRIEFER

WBSm1th

EXTENSION

SECRET/NO FOREIGN DISS	EM/Controlle 1991 FT PELE ALDY (Classification)	sem/No Dissem Abroad/Background Use Only
R BRIEFING NOTE	GIST: BOLIVIA: US Amba Appear	assador Sees President Barrientos Who d Confident Immediate Political Crisis sed. GOB Negotiations with USSR.
TO: The Director, INR	DATE: June 10, 1968 TIME: morning briefix	COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.
SOURCE(\$)	CLASS-/CONTROL(S)	
La Paz 4875 6/7/68 LIMDIS - BACKO USE ONL	GROUND Y	Pres. Barrientos called Amb. Henderson in to discuss political scene June 7. He seemed believe that firm action against alleged plotters in military and elsewhere and against student demonstrators bst week (briefed June 7) had made students and teachers aware GOBO meant business." He now plans let student-teacher problems dissipate by themselves without further above of Sames by COBO He most be rould
	due	shows of force by GOB. He said he would deal with alleged military plotters in "a gentlemanly way." He told the Amb. that AD to his preoccupation with politics of late, he had not had time to give full attention to the question of the Support Assistance Loan. He said he had to deal with the political situation in order prepare climate for 10% surtax decree. He wants see Amb tomorrow again about loan.
TDCS DB-315/02005-63 6/7/68	Wash the	A Latin American diplomat who has been an accurate and reliable reporter for several years obtained the following information from individuals with close contacts in the Eolivian Embassy in Washington. On instructions from the GOB, Julio SANJINES Goytia, Bol. Amb. to US gave the USSR Emb. in Wash. a list of possible projects in Bol where Soviet aid could be used. He also offered reppen possibility of sale of Bol Emb sixxx residence site to USSR. USSR said no longer interested in latter offer but would pass word to friends colony in Wash believes Barrientos chose as site for neogtiations with USSR with expectation that news would reach USG more dily as part of his efforts obtain increased id.
given on the CTB Item to with the USSR is to pro and on easier terms. I political situation und	this morning。) We feel that empt the USG into furnishing It seems he tried to give Ar	s based was received after clearance was Barrientos primary motive in flirting Bolivia with economic assistance quicker bo Henderson the impression he had the prepared to make some sabi help moves. The we been timed to coincide with the US ATE's visite
RAR	Watson	4976

Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE .

NR BRIEFING NOTE

Germunist World Reactions to Robert Kennedy Shooting (Roundup #4) - EE Populace Sympathetic; Media Charge a Plot

TO:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 9, 1968
TIME: 6 p.m.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

SOVIET UNION

Moscow tel blol June 7 LOU

Soviet press and TV are attempting to portray the US as a place where racism, gangsterism, and aggressive war have become common place. The campaign thus far stops short of alleging specifically that there was an officially-inspired plot to chiminate Robert Kennedy. But there is immunde to this effect

Isvestiya June 7 asserted, re Arab engin of Sirhan, that the US press was trying to shift the blame from the US way of life by emphasizing anti-Israeli feelings of Sirhan; article stated Sirhan is a naturalized US citizen. The Embassy comments that the Arab-erigin aspect continues to be not useful to Seviet propaganda.

Soviet signers of the Embassy's condolence book as of COB June 7 were: Foreign Ministry Secretary General Zemskov; Foreign Ministry US Affairs Chief Kormienke; two local employees; Yevtushenke, Aksenov, Brodskiy, and 2 companions (a strange threesome among Seviet poets and writers—one an "official liberal," another a liberal criticised by the regime, and the third a victim of regime harshness, having once been exiled to hard labors; and one Soviet who was detained by the militia standing outside before being allowed to enter.

FBIS 79 June 7 (TASS international June 7)

Another TASS commentary by Iger Orlev June 7 on the shooting, after talking about alleged military hysteria and intensified activity of ulma-rightist organizations in the US, states: "connivance and even sympathy on the part of certain officials of central and local authorities facilitates the operation of these organizations and is a contributing factor to political crimes." Orlev also asserted that reactionaries were using RFK's assassination "as a pretext for whipping up anti-communist hysteria," which was to camouflage the launching of a campaign against all progressive movements, such as the anti-war movement, civil rights movement, and poor people's march. He noted Mayor Yorty's remarks re Sirhan's connection with "thelegal DuBois club, a progressive youth organization, and that he allegedly showed sympathy for the communists. A US Communist Party spokesman denied this absurd invention."

FBIS 29 June 8 (TASS international June 8)

UNCL

URCL

A commentary by Kerienov in Pravda June 8 asserted the shootings of JFK and RFK were "directed" because they dared disagree with "the reckless foreign course of imperialist reaction." "It is now clear to everyone that the shots in

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

WBSmith

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CONFIDENTIAL

(Classification)

MERICASTITATO -CONFIDENTIAL

•	·/	- (Classification)	•		
DEPARTMENT OF NR BRIEFING		GIST: Communist Madiex World Reactions to Robert KennedyPAGE 2			
To: The Director,	INR		MENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING ES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.		
SOURCE(\$)		CLASS./CONTROL(S)			
		Dallas, Memphis, and Los Angeles were terrorists. They were possible first governing the country which stop at a do away with everything that does not	t of all because forces are nothing in their intention to		
Reuters June 8 from Moscow	UNCL	The Soviet press is building a pictur part of a plot to eliminate all serious washington policies. Some Soviet consuggesting that Pres. Johnson himself of his, might be connected with the June 7 world Abroad article (briefed Kennedy was the victim of the bosses monopolies and especially a clique of	ous opposition to present mentaries have come close to , or at least close associates FK and RFK killings. The earlier) said that John of the military-financial		
AP June 9 from Moscow	UNCL	Pravda June 9 declafed that the empha- press on Sirhan's Arab origin was aim tense Arab-Israeli situation. The Proceedings of t	ed at sharpening the already avda item, a frontpage said that "attention is being mary circles in America to ady for an intensification of		
		POLAND	•		
Warsaw tel 3494 June 7	CONF	The Embassy detects in the wide pressione embarrassment and even defensive his motives, since this does not jibs either the US or the Folish interhal links the JFK-King-RFK shootings, and that US media had launched a campaign of the RFK assassmation.	mess in treating Sirhan and with Polish propaganda about situation. The Polish press I Trybuna Ludu June 7 charged		
Warsaw tel 3495 June 7	ron	Polish press attacks attempts by Californian with communist views, saying the State Dept. and Attorney General Clarinvolvement. One paper asserts the fall on the LBJ administration, which Presidential chances. Popular reactions comments by many visitors at the Embedook, is one of sympathy and shock. from all strata of society and are no militia in front of the building.	this was "too absurd" for the k, who had denied foreign dedium" for the killing will will hurt Humphrey's ton in Poland, as reflected in assy to sign the condolence. The crowds of signers are		
INR OFFICE	BRII	EFER	EXTENSION		
R	<u>", </u>	WBSmith	4888		

(Classification)

- Classification)

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N R	BRIEF	ING	NOTE

GIST: Communist World Reactions to Robert Kennedy ... PAGE 3

TO:

The Director, INR

DATE: **June 9, 1968**

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Warsaw tel 3500 LOU June ! Large crowds on June 8 continued to stream into the Embassy in Warsaw to sign their names in seven condolence books, with thousands viewing pictures of RFK in display cases in front.

Similar crowds were visiting the Consulate in Poznan, placing flowers and candles before the display case.

ROMANIA

Bucharest tel 1793 LOU June 7 The Romanian press has contained distribes against the American system, mentioning the JFK and King shootings as well. Scinteia June 7 also charged the entire FBI apparatus was being used in a "ferocious persecution of democratic and progressive forces, in repression of movements against segregation and for civil rights, in intimidating intellectuals with forward-looking views." The Romanian treatment has included high praise for RFK.

C ZECHOSLOVAKIA

Prague tel 2318 June 7 UNCL

Many newspapers June 7 continued belaboring the rightist conspiracy theme. Rude Pravo called the nationality or religion of Sirhan, Oswald, and Ruby "absolutely secondary." "The Presidential throne of the US is stained with blood—more terribly than Macbeth's throne—whind the way to it stinks of gunpowder." Sympathy telegrams sent by Dubcek, Sveboda, Foreign Minister Hajek, and Smrkovsky were also publicized. Hajek gave an interview to CTK in which he said the HFK shooting was a setback for "realistic" and "peaceloving" forces in the US, and could only cause a geeling ed surprise and condemnation. Embassy receiving many letters of sympathy.

YUGOSLAVIA

Belgrade tel 3292 LOU
June 8

A steady stream of visitors has come to the Embassy to sign the condolence book, including Federal Executive Council President Spiljak and Serbian Executive Council President Jojkic. Media charge a plot by sinister reactionary forces using munder as an instrument of policy. Borba June 6 called JFK-King-RFK shootings all the work of the same forces, subtly implied that the USG had not pressed the investigation of JFK's assassination, and even suggested RFK was killed to prevent him from telling "the truth about Dallas."

INR comment: Charges of a plot against JFK and RFK thus are universal, as are insinuations of some kind of US official involvement. Mayor Yorty's comment about Sirhan's alleged communist sympathies have made bloc media nervous. And the media are at a loss on how to

handle Sirhan's Arab background convincingly.

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EXTENSION

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CONFIDENTIAL

INR OFFICE

SECRET

(Classification)

REPARTMENT OF STATE

R BRIEFING NOTE

West Germany conderned at possibility that Finland will move to recognize both Germanies; No action expected in near future, however.

T0:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 9, 1968
TIME: 1500

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(\$)

Bonn 13042

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Conf.

Embassy Bonu has discussed German concern that Finland may be moving toward recognition of both Germanies with Fonoff Fineish desk officer. He said there are certain danger signals, but no danger of immediate trouble on the issue.

Fonoff sufficiently concerned that it has instructed its mission in Helsinki to reiterate FRG position and to warn that FRG will not agree to establishment of Diplomatic relations if Finland establishes them with East Germany. FRG does not, however, plan to withdraw its mission from Helsinki in such case.

REU Comment (Secret).

While we agree that there is considerable pressure in Finland for the recognition of both Germanies, the present policies of nonrecognition while maintaining trade relations with both has served Finland's interests well, and we have seen no indications of any intention to change the present policy on the part of those responsible for Finland's foreign policy. Finland is protected against possible Soviet pressures by its 1947 World War II peace treaty which binds it to recognize the Germany rec gnized by all the former allied powers.

Of great importance, however, is the FRG's attitude. Indications that the FRG would not take countermeasures in the case of Finnish recognition of East Germany could make it more difficult for President Kekkenen to centinue his present cautious policy on Germany.

Research Memorandum REU 34 of June 7, 1968, "Finland and the Two Germanies" discusses the question of Finland's

relations with Germany in some detail.

Finnish President Kekkonen is scheduled to visit the USSR for a "vacation" June 13-29. Such visits by Kekkonen are routine, and there is no reason to believe that the prime purpose of the visit is Saviet pressure for East German recognition, although the subject EXTENSION

INR TICE

BRIEFER

Casteel/Deary

5789

REU

SHOPHT

BECREY/NOPUM

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

GIST:
NORTH VIETNAM: Heekend Roundup

The Director, INR

DATE: June 9, 1968

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

PDCs 314/09299-68

TO:

S/NT

U

NVN Propaganda Strategy

(new, untested source from confidente of Fournism) Recent comments of Charles Fourniau (SecGen of France-Vistnamese Fründship Assn and French CF advisor on VN) indicate clearly that US bombing had seriously affected NVN and it does not want the bembing renewed. Its strategy in the near future seem, to include:

1) continuing propaganda pressure throughout the world and in the US to bring about a complete bombing halt;

2) create an extraordinary situation in Saigon through continuing military pressure there; 3) strive for a psychological blow by assassinating high US officials in Saigon.

FBIS 61 (June 7) When Dan Commontator

RFK Assessination

"... One cannot fail to see that Robert Kennedy's assessment (US failure in SVN due to its reliance on the same Vietnamese who fought with the French) sounds more credible to the average American than Sohnson's and Harriman's boasts about the US horse-shed in Saigon.
... This was one of the causes bringing success to Robert Kennedy in the many primaries, a success which increasingly threatened his opponents, who cling to the US policy... in Vietnam. People rightly think that that is precisely why Robert Kennedy has been dealt with—as his elder brother John was—by an assassin's bullets instead of by election wotes."

FBIS 30,31 (June 8) Hanci International Service, June 8

On "Infiltration"

that Vietnam is one, that the Vietnamese nation is one, and that SVN is an integral part of Vietnam. Anyone with sound judgement will agree that North and South Vietnam are not two countries but just two parts of one country and are related to each other more closely than any two states of a federation.

"The USG itself must have found its theory of infiltration...quite unpalatable. Only maniacs could think of Vietnamese, whereever they might live, (who were) fighting in their own country, infiltrating or invading another country!"

REA/SA

BRIEFER

Kobayashi/Keogh

EXTENSION

4909

SECRET/NOFORM

(Classification)

SECRET/INDIS

(Classification)

R BRIEFING NOTE

SOUTH VIETNAM: Weekend Boundup

TO:
The Director, INR

DATE: June 9, 1968 TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Saigon 29475 0

C/LIMDIS Tran Van Don Asked To Form New Front Group

LIMDIS - BACKGROUND USE ONLY Senator Tran Van Don said President Thieu has asked him to form a new front of all political groupings (1) to show united support for Thieu when he goes to the US, and (2) to strengthen the government generally vis-a-vis Hanci and the NIF. A preliminary meeting will be held June 9. When asked about VP Ky's attitude, Don said Ky had favored such an effort and proposed it to Thieu months ago.

Embassy Comment: A front of this kind could be very helpful in generating and demonstrating Vietnamese unity, but Ky's attitude is unclear and without his support, the new organization will of course be less than fully convincing.

Saigon 29477

3aigon 29454

Conf. Dan's Alleged Statements in California

Minister Phan Quang-Dan's alleged statements re negotiations with the NLF have generated strong and widespread opposition. Press and government reaction strongly indicate that if Dan made the statements as reported he will probably be asked to resign. Some Vietnamese suspect the US is behind Dan's remarks, that as a "well-known US favorite." he might be stating

that as a "well-grown of the "real" US position.

Conf. MinInfo Thien To Strengthen Information Services

MinInfo Ton That Thien said with evident pride that one of his first acts on May 30 was to end press censorship. He said he had arranged to have Everett Martin (NEWSWEEK correspondent ousted last January) to return. Thien did not think there has been any significant deterioration

not think there has been any significant deterioration in Saigon morals following the recent attacks, and advocated one bomb on Hanoi for each rocket on Saigon, one US or ARVN division in DRV for each NVA division in south.

He said he plans to beef up the GVN information services abroad, especially in France and the US (e.g. send Lt. Col Tran Van Dao, recent Communist defector to Paris).

Embassy Comment: Thien clearly dominated the conversation, and contrasts markedly with his wild and bitter remarks to Sen. Clark last January.

(Continued)

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

REA/SA

Kobayashi/Keogh

SECRET/LINEIS

(Classification)

PARTMENT OF STATE BRIEFING NOTE GIST: SOUTH VIETNAM: Weekend Roundup

(CONTINUED)

The Director, INR

DATE: June 9, 1968 TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

INR COMMENT: Thien may prove to be an extremely effective Minister of Information as long as he remains in the good graces of the regime. After having studied at Michigan State U in the mid-50's, he served as Ngo Dinh Diem's press secretary. In recent years as an "outsider", he has been one of the bitterest critics of US involvement in Vietnam, and has not hesitatedin expressing himself in his newspaper (banned for a time), twisiting US dignitaries, and over CBS_TV. As a member of the "in" group, he will probably now channel his strongly nationalist efforts toward constructive ends.

TDCS 314/09429-68

Reaction to New P. lice Director General: Ioans Condition

Immediate canvassing of police special branch officers for their reaction to the appointment of Col Tran Van Hai dinkwar disclosed no marked resentment of Gen. Loan's ouster. An informant believed the move will be welcomed by the carear police officials and will weaken the influence of the military security service officers.

General Loan's condition continues to improve but a quick recovery is not expected.

INR OF REA BRIEFER

s/NF

Kobayashi/Keogh

EXTENSION

SECRET/LIMBIS

CUNF LUMBITIAL (Classification) GIST: South Vietnam: VC/MVA plans for suppression of "Nationalis" DEPARTMENT OF STATE Party" members INR BRIEFING NOTE DATE: June 8, 1963 The Director, INR TIME: regular morning briefing notes are initial and tentative. SOURCE(S) CLASS./CONTROL(S) Confidential The following is the gist of a captured document Saigon's tel 4349 mentioned in a recent MACV cable, and of which June 10, 1968 INR requested a translation. The document,

dated 29 March, concerns the suppression of "Nationalist Farty" members in Quang Ngai Province.

The Communist directive claims that, during Tet, "we killed 96 wicked tyrants, captured 148 others, and destroyed and disintegrated many rural pacification teams." It also urges its personnel to make plans for "suicide units" to suppress the Nationalist ring-leaders, and to continue to "liquidate" Nationalist Party followers, as well as to repress other reactionaries. Targets for elimination are members of the Nationalist Party committees at province and district levels, senior party members, secretaries of village party committees and members of the armed forces of the Nationalist Party. The directive calls for the plan to be implemented so that by June all district and village committees "will be frightened and shirk their duties;" and by July

the party will become stagment.

The "Nationalist Party" referred to in the directive is believed to be the VNQDD. Documentation of Communist executions of VNQDD members in the I Corps area since Tet is not available at this time. It has been reported, however, that post-Tet assassination rates in I Corps have increased significantly, and it is probable that among the numerous victims: of the Communists have been many VNCDD members.

INR OFFICE

REA.

BRIEFER

Minima / Sherman / Keogh

EXTENSION

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE NR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: Slovak Trade Union Organ Criticizes Warsaw Pact Exercise;

Dubcek to Visit Hungary

TO: ٠,

The Director, INR

DATE: TIME:

8 June 68 1030 hours

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FRIS LO. OUO. 8 Jun

The Slovak trade union organ. Praca, today criticized the timing of the Warsaw Pact maneuvers on Czechoslovak territory and the fact that various official visits are keps secret and announced belatedly. The author of the article "sympathizes" with efforts of the Czechoslovak armed forces to prove to Warsaw Pact command that recent changes in Cz. army did not effect combat readiness and feels exercise should have been transferred to territory of another state.

INR COMMENTS: This is the most outspoken criticism we have seen in Czechoslovak presson the maneuvers. Praca has been in the forefront of some of the criticism directed against the past "deformations" in CSSR and has carried various "sensational" articles (e.g., revelations of Soviet involvement in Slansky trials).

There is no doubt but that some sagments of the population are concerned and apprehensive over the timing and location of the forthcoming Pact maneuvers. Various Czechoslovak papers have carried stories on maneuvers, reflecting this apprehension, and Ministry of Defense has been on the defensive to explain that maneuvers are "normal", that Soviet and Polish troops will not remain permanently, and that NITimes stories on Soviet tanks in CSSR are patently false.

Some Czechoalovaks see presence of troops on their soil at this time as a blatant attempt by Soviets to thwart the "democratization process" and as a warning to Czechoslovaks not to go too far.

FBIS hh. 8 Jun OUO. A Czechoslovak Party and Covt delegation, headed by CZechoslovak Party First Secretary Dubcek, will visit Hungary "in the next few days" to sign a new treaty of friendship, cooperation, and mutual assistance.

INR COMMENTS: We have known for a month or so that Dubcek was to make this trip. Rerhaps the most interesting facet of the trip will be whether Dubcek signs in the name of the Party: there has been speculation that he would not sign, in order to give more authority and prestige to government apparatus. This would, if carried out, be a departure from normal practice, since the Party First Secretaries, as well as Premiers, have EXTENSION signed the mutual defense treaties.

INR OFFICE

RSB

COSTOLANSKI

SECRET/NOFORM/CONTROLLED DISSEM

(Classification)

R BRIEFING NOTE

The Director, INR

DATE: 7 June 1968

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING
NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

TDCS DB 315/01982

5 June 1968

TO:

Secret/Noforn/ Controlled

Dissem

TIME:

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

South Viet Nam: Current Situation in the Delta

LIMDIS - BACKGROUND USE ONLY The GVN's position has improved under Gen. Thang. There have been fundamental improvements in ARVN. and the initiative in IV Corps appears to be in the hands of the GVN rather than the VC. The VC military position is deteriorating; he has serious morale and supply problems, and attrition and desertion rates are heavy. The VC still can and do interdict LCCs, harass outposts and RD teams, and mortar airfields and cities. But they follow economy-of-force tactics and are taking heavy casualties. There is little evidence that the new VC revolutionary commit tees have taken root. As long as Gen. Thang is in command, the VC position will continue a slow but steady deterioration and the GVN position will improve. However, the VC organizational structure in IV Corps is still effective and largely intact. in the countryside, and there will be no mass

VC problems in IV Corps are not new. Prior to Tet the tide had turned against them, but their true strength was difficult to assess because of ARVAM'S traditional lack of aggressiveness. The VC inability to follow up on their initial Tet attacks on urban areas gave strong evidence of their true capabilities, and ARVM has become more aggressive under Gen. Thang. Therefore, what may now appear to be a sudden weakening of VC forces in the Delta

may be a manifestation of previous problems brought

to light by the recent GVN offensive efforts.

REA Comment: In our judgment this report by CAS staff officers has considerably overstated the GVN posture and understated VC posture in IV Corps. Indeed, CAS reporting from
this area has tended to suggest an appreciable improvement in VC assets in IV Corps, even
though it also has recognized that the reassertion of GVN military operations in the area
has reduced the degree of success that the VC enjoyed during and shortly after the Tet
Offensive. In fact, this was the general thrust of a CAS staff officers' assessment for
IV Corps as recently as June 3. For example, the June 3 report stated that Gen. Thang's
widely heralded "offensive" was in some cases being conducted only in a statistical sense,
with ARVN making little attempt to make contact with the enemy: that the organization of

Liberation Councils in VC-controlled areas is common; and that there is a feeling of fear in some areas that the VC may be capable of overrunning major provincial positions including

VC defections.

province capitals.

BRIEFER

Sherman/Keogh

EXTENSION 5934

(Classification) GIST: Progress In Cyprus Talks DEPARTMENT OF STATE NR BRIEFING NOTE DATE: June 7, 1968 COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING TIME: 4:45 p.m. The Director, INR NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. CLASS./CONTROL(S) SOURCE(S) Secret/Noforn/ Cyprus House President Clerides briefed TDCSDB-315/02003-68 Controlled Dissem the Council of Ministers June 6 on his talks 7 June, 1968 in Beirut with Turkish Cyp. leader Denktash. Source: Georkatzis Clerides pleased with progress of tal's and prospect of working out reasonable settlement through talks due to resume in Cyprus June 24. Understood from Denktash Turks will not insist on veto powers over future executive and legislative decisions. Council of Ministers remained skeptical of Turkish intentions; voiced concern over current trip to Ankaraly Turk Cyp. MinDof Orell who they think will urge hard line. Nicosia 1916 Turk Charge! called on US Charge! to expres Secret 7 June, 1968 concern at second fatal shooting in last ·few days of Turk Cypriot by Greek Cypriots, pointed out jeopardy in which such indidents place local talks. Yavazalp (Turk Charge) said Beirut talks ground for "guarded optimism". In response to question re purpose of Orek trop to Ankara, acknowledged Orek would join in discussion of Beirut trip, but also deal with other questions of more routine nature. INR/RMA Comment From all reports the meeting in Beirut between Clerides and Deaktesh went very well. The representatives of the two communities cover d much ground and successfully set the stage for further talks; their success, in fact, ma, turn out to be their next big problem. The possibility of incidents aside (incidents could still be the cause of a break-down but we think both sides will continue to do their best to contain them) both Cherides and Denktash will have to devote much of their energy between new and June 24 when talks resume to placating critics and convincing skeptics, many of whom will be motivated by jealousy. This is particularly true within the Turkish camp where Orek, Kuchuk, and other varying shades of hard-liners can be expected to give Denktash trouble -- as much to maintain their positions of leadership in the community as to protect the interests of Turkish Cypriots. We think, however, that Denktash's chances of coming out on top are good; Denktash has leadership abilities that the others lack and charisma that some of them approach, and most important, he comes

RNA W. E. Hamphrey Lyrension

Locat / Hofor: / Coutrolled Disson

closest to representing the willoof the majority of Turkish Cypriots.

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification)

DEF	ART	MENT	OF	STATE
INR	BR	EFI	NG	NOTE

The Director, INR

Reciprocity; Cites Conditions for Further Discussion. Xuan Thuy Takes Hard Line in Cuban Interview

DATE: June 7, 1968

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR. BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS/CONTROL(\$)

FP'S Ol, June 7

FBIS 16, June 7

OUO

OUO

On June 6 AFP correspondent Le Mauff filed a story out of Hanoi describing the contents of a June 6 edition of the English and French language paper Vietnam Courier. According to Le Mauff the Courier "concludes by demanding that Harriman set the date for the cessation of bombings; only on this condition can the conversations progress."

However, he reports the weekly as also saying that:
"Certain of these problems which fall within the scope
of the official conversations between the two sides will,
if necessary, be seriously examined when the US has unconditionally ceased the bombings and all other acts of
war against the DRV."

Henoi VNA also runs an article from the Courier outlining the history of US "intervention." VNA does not include the paragraphs cited by Le Mauff. It appears to describe another article from the same issue.

The Courier asks if "it is to be supposed that NVN will look on with arms folded at the massacre of their (sic) brothers." It also charges that Governor Harriman "is now attempting to achieve through diplomatic channels what the 'McNamara line' and US special forces stationed on the SVN frontiers with Laos and Cambodia were unable to achieve."

FBIS 51, June 7

In a June 7 interview with Prensa Latina of Havana, Xuan Thuy said:

"Here we reiterate our position: all bombings and all other acts of war against the DRV must cease before peace talks begin. When the United States announces and proves that it has ceased the bombings, we can discuss other things."

"We truly want serious talks to solve the problems, but they are resorting to diversion and pressure. No concession is possible."

"The length of these conversations, depends on the circumstances. We will exercise all our patience, but patience can have its limits."

INP OFFICE REA BRIEFER

Rieman/Smyser/Keogh

EXTENSION

4959

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification) Sorb Emigré Indicted in January 1967 Bombing of Yugoslav DEPARTMENT OF STATE Consulate General in San Francisco INR BRIEFING NOTE 6/7/68 DATE: COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING The Director, INR 4:45 pm TIME: NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. SOURCE(S) CLASS./CONTROL(S) AP. Washington, UNCLASS 7. June 1968 The AP reported on June 7 that a Federal grand jury in Washington, D.C., handed down the first indictment arising cut of the January 9, 1967 hombings of Yugoslav embassies and consulates in the US and Candda. The grand jury charged with perjury a 25-yearold émigré, Borislav Djordje Kirnić (or Krnić), from Chicago, who entered the US on April 28, 1965 as a permanent resident.

indictment charged Kirnic with testifying falsely twice. One count charged that he falsely denied being in San Francisco on January 23 1967, and the other count charged he falsely denied having told other persons that he took part in the San Francisco bombing before the grand jury on Merch 31, 1967.

INR:

on record. Involved were the Yugoslav embassy in Washington and general consulates in New York and Chicago (in addition to that in San Francisco) and in Canada the cabassy in Ottawa and consultate in Toronto. A bomb placed in the general consulate in Pittsburgh failed to . The Yugoslav press has blamed the hombings on the Serb National Defense (Srpska Navodna Odhrana), particularly its Chicago branch, a militant nationalist organization. composed mostly of former followers of "Chetnik" leader Draza Mihailović. Although the Yugoslav government's protest turned out to be more moderate than expected, the affair left a legacy of almost ineradicable suspicion in Yugoslavia that the US government deliberately tolerated, if it did not sympathize with, the anti-Tito activities of Yugoslav immigrants, both Serb and Croat. The confinement of another suspect, Dragisa Kasiković, during May-December 1967 for civil contempt of court did not appear to lessen these suspicions. Today's indictment should elicit a favorable reaction in Yugoslavia and contribute substantially to eradicate some of this suspicion.

The bombings took place almost simultaneously and are the most extensive by one group

EXTENSION INR OFFICE BRIEFER RSE/EA 2921 Asteriou

RM.

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

R BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: HONDURAS/EL SALVADOR: Hondurans Condidering Moving Troops to Disputed Border Area in Response to Alleged Salvadoran Mobilization Along Border

2 10(9

The Director, INR

DATE: June 7, 1968 TIME: 2:00 P.M.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

UPDAO 53 Henduras 6/7/68

TO:

Conf.

Chief of Honduran Armed Forces indicated to DATT that Salvadorand have moved troops up all along border area and thinks they are trying to provoke Honduran armed forces. He added that the way things appear Hondurans may have to TANTANTANTANT likewise move troops to border.

INR/RAR COMMENT: We do not have any evidence to confirm the Honduran allegation of a Salvadoran troop mobilisation. The have, however, recently expressed concern over the failure of the two governments to effect a full exchange of prisoners taken during the brief border skirmish in May 1967. They are even more concerned over Salvador's multi-million dollar expenditures on equipment for its armed forces. The Salvadorans are still smarting from their inept 1967 showing against the Hondurans. There is reason to suspect that the present Hondurans allegations may be intended to convince the USO to either pressure the Salvadorans from MARING going through with their eqipment expenditures or at least to provide the Hondurans with additional equipment. Even if this is the case, miscalculations by either of the two sides could lead to a minor crisis.

INR OFFICE

RAR

BRIEFER

HOROWITZ

EXTENSION 5408

CONFIDENTIAL

(Classification)

NW 31097 DocId:33061196 Page 72

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

R BRIEFING NOTE

Tinomenia Welcomes Congo Brazzeville President Massanba-Debat

The Director, INR

DATE: June 7

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(\$) .

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FB13 Deily Report 6 June pp H 1-7

Romanian party-state chief Ceausesou and Premier Maurer provided a red-carpet welcome for Congo Bressaville President Massemba-Debat on his arrivel in Bucharest June 5. Following airport arrival ceremonies. Ceausescu hosted a luncheon for the Congolese visitors, which was attended by Maurer, Grand Natl. Assembly Pros. Voitec, Party Secretary Stoica, Acting Foreign Minister Macovescu and other Homanian party-state leaders. In a luncheon toast, Ceausescu stressed: Romania's "warm sympathy" for Brazaville's efforts toward economic and political independence: Romania's own high premium onequal rights principles in foreign affairs; and the "greatest significance" of uniting "all democratic and progressive forces" to chack imperialism. Replying, Nassamba-Debat A of his current visit as "a starting point for fruitful cooperation" and discussed the "strange likeness" of Romania's and the Congo's struggle for national survival and independence.

INK COPMENT: Since taking over the Romanian Presidency last December, Ceausescu has greeted immired a number of world leaders in Bucharest but has not traveled outside aunist East Europe. Recent Romanian moves to strengthen relations with African states and the present visit of Massamba-Debst may soon lead to a Ceausescu tour of Africa. Romania has shown considerable interest in developing ties with the Third World, where its manufactured goods find a more ready market than in the West. The Homanians have also begun to work more closely with the non-aligned states in the UN and other international bodies. All this has contributed to Bucharest's increasing independence from Moscow and the Romanian industrial boom.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

RHFrondick

3803

-CONFID-NTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE NR BRIEFING NOTE GIST: LATIN AMERICA:

Latest Reactions to Murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy

The Director, INR

June 7, 1968 DATE: 4:00pm TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

Dominican President Balaguer, Bolivian

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

Santo Domingo 2766 6/7/66

Unclas.

President Barrientos, and Nicaraguan Predident Somoza have made statements

Santo Domingo 2767 Uncles. 6/7/68

expressing their condolences on the death of the Senator. Balaguer and Peruvian Pres.

Belaunde have sent telegrams 66 Mrs. Kennedy and Balaguer has declared Saturday

Managua 1837 **6/6/**68

Unclas.

a day of national mourning. The first act

La Pas 4823 6/6/68

TO:

of new Chilean Ambas ador to the US, Domingo Santa Maria, after the approval of

LOU

his nomination by the Senate, was to call on US Amb. Korry and offer condolences. The assassination dominates media

Lima 5451 6/6/68

Unclas.

attention in Latin America. The media contain many statements of revulsion at

Unclas.

the assassination (some directed as US society in general) as well as eulogies of

Lima 5469 6/6/68

Conf.

Senator Kennedy. He was especially fondly remembered in Brazil and Feru which he

visited two and a half years ago. There

has been much press speculation about

Santiago 3941 6/6<u>/</u>68

Unclas.

conspiracies and plots involving the left, the right, and other groups, including the teamsters union. A commentator on Cuba's

6/6/68

UPI-136 Havana

Unclas

national TV network went so far as to say, "There are some groups that do not want any Kennedy in the presidency and they may be

found in Washington and the White House."

Rio de Janeiro 8621 **2693: 6/6/68**

LOU

INR COMMENT. Latin Americans love and respect the Kennedy's and were particularly gratified by the

6/6/68 Asuncion 1826 **6/6/6**8

Unclas.

the world. Many assumed that some day he would become President and US weeks policy would then become more "liberal" politically and more

late Senator's strong interest in their part of

Port-au-Prince 919 **6/6/**68

Rio de Janeiro 8639

LOU

generous economically. The Cuban comment was not unusual.

Caracas6138 6/6/68

Unclas

INR OFFICE

RAR

BRIEFER Wa telon

(Classification)

EXTENSION

4976

Secret/No Pereign Disses

(Classification)

P.M.

The Director, INR

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Alleged Soviet Offer to Assist Palestinian Organization

with Weapons and Equipment

Comments Contained in the Briefing

Time:

Output

Total Comments Contained in the Briefing

Notes are initial and tentative.

CLASS./CONTROL(\$)

TDCS-314/09309, 6 June 68

SOURCE(\$)

. 20

An Official French Service reports that information that Moscow has offered to supply Fatah-Asifa and other Falestinian organizations with weapons and equipment. The offer was transmitted through an intermediary in Cairo and was accepted by the Fatah command as of 22 May 68.

INR/RSB & RNA Comment

We have a considerable body of evidence covering the period of Arab Palestinian activities against Israel indicating that the USSR has stood aloof from Arab terrorist activities and has refused to provide them with direct aid. The French report should be treated with reserve unless it is confirmed.

BRIEFER Belousovitch EXTENSION 4856

CONTINUITAL

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE NR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: "IDERIA: Metherlands Ambargoes Arms Sales to Federal

Migeria

The Director, INR

TO:

DATE: TIME:

June 7. 1968 1700

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FEIS 46 Reuters, London, 2 Jun 68

Netherlands Foreign Ministrattoday announced an embargo on arms sales to Federal Nigeria. Arms shipment licences already issued would be

considered invalid.

The Hague 5238 6 Jun 68

CONF

OUO

On Hay 31, in response to question from Catholic Party RP. Netherlands Frime Pinister DB JCMO stated that the OCH was prepared, pending the development of negotiations between Nigeria and Blafra, to suspend arms sales permits. [The talks broke off May 31] De Jong stated that the GON had, over the past 11 months, issued expert licences for 16 million rifle rounds and other assumition destined for Pederal Nigeria.

[INR/RAP Note: No mention made of similar arms embarge applied to Biafra.]

<u>INR Comment:</u> To the best of our knowledge, the Netherlands is the fourth state to embargo arms shipments to Nigeria. Seeden and Switzerland were the first in 1967, followed by Czecheslovakia in April 1968.

Catholic clergy in Murops have for the past several months called for an embargo on all shipments of arms to Biggria. Tank Catholic clerity in Europe are openly sympathetic to the Blairan cause; other church groups in England and elsewhere have expressed similar concern for Biafra's plight and called for an end to the civil war.

The combination of increasingly effective Biafran propaganda and these pressures apparently resulted in the Netherlands embargo.

FICE

RAF

BRIEFER

Shurtleff

Cleared with REU and RSB

EXTENSION

6625

CONTIDENTIAL

Segret/No Fereign Dissem

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE IR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: Urmsual Soviet troop movements on Norwegian border thought to be attempt to influence Morwegians against MATO and counter NATO "Polar Express" exercise currently under way.

TO: Fromi

The Secretary The Director, INR

June 7, 1968 DATE: 4:00 PM

TIME.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

(From an official Normagian service)

TDCS 314/09292-68, 7 June.

Secret/NoForDissem: Yesterday 24 Soviet tanks and 16 Soviet trucks were seen approaching the Norwegian border (the latter carrying artillery) and firing was heard. Today 10 P-76 amphibious tanks were seen in the Boris Gleb area with cannon pointed toward Norwegian border positions. Norwegian troops in area have been put on full elert.

15054, Oslo, 7 June, Secret/NoForDissem: Embassy Oslo Comment

These Soviet moves can be explained by Soviet irritation over the NATO "Pelar Express" exercise which started June 3 and will last until June 23 and which are taking place in North Norway (British, Canadian, Italian, and US troops are involved). Fravda on June 1 and Red Star on June 4 sharply criticised the exercise, and on June 5 Norwegian MinDef Tidemand strongly defended it. Such Soviet action is unusual, however, and Embassy Uslo believes it may also be intended to influence Norwegian opinion about NATO and Norwegian defense spending; the Norwegian Parliament is currently preparing for a vote on June 13 on continued Norwegian membership in NATO and on a long-range defense plan assuming such continued membership. All indications are that these measures will pass without difficulty.

INR Comment: REU and RSB have no further information to add; this is the first indication of the Soviet move. We concur in the Embassy's reasoning. It seems unlikely that the Soviet leaders think they can gain much by this action; the outcome will probably be to stiffen Norwegian attitudes toward the USSR rather than soften them. Embassy Moscow noted earlier in commenting on the Pravda attack on Polar Express that the article made no mention of the Norwegian Government, avoided attacking its policies, and portrayed Norway as essentially a victim of the pressure of "NATO bosses."

Caeared by telephone with Mr. Treichel, RSB

INR FICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

REU

2872 Capps

2878

Secret/No Foreign Dissem

INITED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification)

L W

R BRIEFING NOTE

ege Hes Not Insimusted US Official Committee

TO:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 7, 1968

TIME: 4 P.M.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Moscow tel 4139 June 6 LOU

EmbassyIH Moscow's roundup of late June 6 on Soviet media treatment of the RFK assassination days that the articles have suggested both official negligence and even committance.

LER comment: One of Radio Moscow's first broadcasts after the shooting said that the act was possible because of the irresponsible commivance on the part of the authorities." But since then we have seen no such Soviet comment. One June 6 article implied that the Los Angeles police had not tried hard enough to protect Robert Memnedy, and by suggesting the same thing concerning the Ballas and Memphis police, it was trying to weave the picture of a plot commercing the JFK-MingaRFK shootings by immundo; but the piece stopped well short of "official commivance" in the sense of Federal scheming. Another fune 6 article engaged in the same general kind of immundo in talking about the claim of "many researchers" at the time of the JFK assassination that the FBI and CIA comehow were involved, and it said that the NFK assassination has now raised this question again. The great bulk of the Soviet propaganda built around the Robert Kennedy assassination, however, has concentrated on the alleged evils of the American way of life.

INFO FICE

BRIEFER

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

GIST:

TIME:

Issreli Foreign Minister Interviewed by Czechoslovak

Defense Ministry Organ

The Director, INR

DATE: **7 June 68**

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

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FEI. 13, CUO, 7 Jun Israeli Foreign Minister Abba Eban gave an interview, the first of its kind to an East European journal, to a Czechoslovak newspeper. Political circles in Israel are said to attach great importance to the interview, in view of severed diplomatic relations between Israel and CSSR. The Defense Ministry organ reportedly has denied

interview. Note: The reason a down press organ would demy a Party organ such a right is unclear/ Eban said Israel sincerely desired to diplomatic resume/relations with Frague and it was also willing to expand trade, cultural, and tourist relations before diplomatic ties were

a regional CP organ the right to publish the

UPI 25, Une & Jun

Several Czech youths in Prague urged passersby to sign patis/tion on est. diplomatic relations with Israel

INR COMMENTS: Israel would certainly be hopeful that the new Dubcek leadership would resume diplomatic relations, severed by the Novotny regime last June at the outbreak of the Israeli-Arab war. However, despite the statements of various liberal writers and intellectuals in Caechoslovakia calling for the resumption of diplomatic ties, there is little likelihood at present that Prague will resume relations—unless it knows there will be no objection from the USSR. This is a marginal foreign policy issue on which Prague would not want to antegonise Soviets. At the end of April, the CSSR Foreign Minister said it did not intend to resume relations—as some press reports had alleged. (If left to own devices, however, Prague would resume diplomatic relations with Israels)

INR OFFICE

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3	BRIEFII	NG NOTE

GIST: Cian Statement on Tr

Giap Statement on Troops in SVN Not New

0:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 7, 1968

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(5)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Wash. Post June 7 UNCLASSIFIED

According to news dispatches, NVN commander-in-chief Vo Nguyen Giap stated in a speech to NVN transport workers broadcast recently in Vietnamese that:

"The Army of Liberation and our people are fighting on all battle-fields from Camau near the southern tip of SVN to Route 9, just south of the DMZ."

Giap also said the workers have "ceaselessly carried ammunition, guns and food to our army on the front lines."

IMR Comment:

we do not as yet have an FBIS monitoring of Giap's speech. Even if the wire services have correctly monitored his statement, it does not go beyond previous tatements by Hanoi. For example, Hanoi domestic service on April 20 stated, "In South Vietnam, ever since the Lunar New Year, our people and armed forces have been launching repeated attacks and uprisings..." We therefore do not concur with the press speculation that the statement constitutes any new breakthrough on the issue of NVN forces in the South. We particularly do not believe that it should be read as a concession to our insistence that Hanoi admit its involvement there.

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(Classification)

LATE ITEM

HERIEFING NOTE

Travel Ban on Foreign biplomats in Moscow

To: The Secretary

FROM: The Director, INR

DATE: 6/7/68 TIME: 11:30

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Moscow Tel 4141

CONFIDENTIAL

GIST:

Our Embassy in Moscow reports on June 6 that for more than a week an almost total ban on all foreign diplomatic travel, including the military, has been in effect. Requests have been refused for travel to widely scattered areas: Central Asia. Southern and Western Ukraine, Moldavia, Kazan, Arkhangelsk, Ryazan, and even Dubna. The excuse usually given is that the region is closed for "temporary reasons | [The standard Soviet formulation, when they deign to give any sexcuse -- bz], and in an unusual departure from normal procedures a Soviet official has asserted the restricted travel period would last enother 7-10 days. The Embassy speculates about possible reasons for the travel ban, but admits lack of evidence and certainty as to the cause.

INR Comment.

We can add our profession of ignorance to that of the Embassy's, but with the following comments:

- 1. Military manuevers are our best guess as to the reason.
- 2. We doubt that civil disturbances are the reason since a definite time limit appears to have been set for raising the travel ban, and civil disturbances are indefinite developments. Furthermore, it is unlikely the Soviet authorities would want foreigners travelling to an area even after a civil disturbance had been brought under control since there would be a good chance of the foreigner picking up information and gossip about it.
- 3. We agree with the Embassy that the reason for the closure may apply to one or selected areas, but the travel ban has been made near complete for purposes of deception.
- 4. As the Embassy suggests, Eastern European developments could be a reason for the ban.
- 5. The only blanket-type travel ban we recall in recent years was in the fall of 1965, when all military travel of the US, UK, and Canadian Embassies

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CONFIDENTIAL

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

GIST:

Travel Ban on Foreign Diplomats in Moscow

The Director, INR

DATE: 6/7/68

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

·

TIME:

SOURCE(S) CLASS./CONTROL(S)

was prohibited for about a 2-month period. We were informally told at the time by Soviet officials—especially the Soviet military—that the ban was imposed because of publication in the West of the Penkovsky papers, which were deemed highly insulting to the Soviet military (Malinovsky was said to be infuriated).

6. We note that our colleague Kenneth Kerst, whose visa to travel to Moscow by train through Brest was cancelled by the Soviets May 11, was planning the Moscow leg of his trip last weekend, June 1-3, during the period of the present ban. This may be a curious coincidence.

USIB

The Watch Committee is already seized of the subject, and discussed it—but without reaching firm conclusions—last Wednesday, June 5.

Clearances: BP - Mr. Martens

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

RSB SOV E.Zook

EXTENSION

CONFIDENTIAL

DEPARTMENT OF STATE ₩R BRIEFING NOTE

Rumored Removal of Komsomol Chief Sergey Pavlov Still Unconfirmed

T0:

The Director, INR

DATE: 7 Jun 68

TIME: 1200

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

Moscow 4135, 6 Jun 68

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Paris FP, 4 Jun 68 FBIS 00, 5 Jun 68

Unclass.

LOU

Paris AFP filed a report from their Moscow correspondent on the reported removal from office of Komsomol chief Sergey Pavlov. Report based on "well-informed" Soviet source who also claimed Pavlov will head Soviet Commission on Physical Culture.

Embassy Moscow ascertained that both AFP and UPI correspondents heard from different sources same story. Both correspondents puzzled by timing of such a move in view of current ideological campaign with which Pavlov must be in deep sympathy. Both speculated only on possible causes of such a move and suggested that ties with Shelepin or dissatisfaction with views and mood of Soviet youth may be possible reasons.

Embassy noted identification of Pavlov as Komsomol leader on a schedule still valid on June 6, but does not rule out possibility that unconfirmed rumors might be accurate.

mment: No announcement has yet appeared of a Komsomol plenum, which has the power to make such man personnel shifts as the replacement of the Komsomol first secretary. In itself this casts doubt on the authenticity of the above rumors, but does not remove the possibility of such a move in the near future. We agree that the timing of Pavlov's removal now would be bad in view of the regime's strenuous policy of cracking down on ideological dissent. Favlov has served the regime faithfully in past moments of similar stress, the most notorious of which probably was his denunciation of Boris Pasternak as a pig.

The most probable causes for dismissal of Pavlov would be his inclusion in the Shelepin coterie, which inspired repeated forecasts last year of his eventual dismissal, and the dissatisfaction of the regime with the degree of apathy and disaffection among Soviet youth, especially among university students. Youthful support for literary dissenters was an essential ingredient in the mixtur events connected with the trials of Sinyavskiy and, more recently, Ginzburg. Fear that university youths and intellectuals may espouse some of the radical ideas currently endorsed by the New Left in Western Europe has inspired extraordinarily bitter denunciations in the Soviet press, the most of outstanding of which was Yuriy Zhukov's fulmination against the doctrines of Herbert Marcuse in the May 30 edition of Frayda. Concern my youthful misdemeanxors, adoption of heterodox attitudes, and the development of local nationalism in the non-Russian republics was highlighted m in the May 8 speech of the Moldavian Party Secretary, which was discussed in our memorandum of last Monday. RSB-85.

The failure of the above stories to include the name of a successor to Pavlov suggests that, even if the move is in the offing, all the necessary steps and arrangements have not yet been made and may be subject to politicking.

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The Director, INR DATE: Time: SIOO A.M. COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INF BRIEF SIOO A.M. NOTES ARE INSTITUTE AND TENTAINE. TDGS-31h/0930h-68 Secret/NED June 6, 1968 TDGS-31h/0925h-08 Secret/NED June 6, 1968 TDCS-31h/0925h-08 Secret/NED June 6,	INE BRIEFING NOTE	Olar: BOI		nternal difficulti	les and anti-US fee	ling.
TDCS-31h/0930h-68 Secret/NFD June 6, 1968 Secret/NFD June 6, 1968 TDCS-31h/0925h-68 Secret/NFD Secret/NFD June 6, 1968 Secret/NFD Secret/NFD Secret/NFD June 6, 1968 Secret/NFD Secret/NFD Secret/NFD Secret/NFD Secret/NFD June 6, 1968 Secret/NFD Secret/NF				1		
Government is becoming increasingly jittery at plotting and is beginning to distrust certain of the military itself. On June h, President tos learned from a military officer who had he to conspiratorial group that military and cip plotters were prepared to attempt a coup on the following properties to assemble, put the Army calert and went to the house were the alleged have to follow the conspiration politicians and military office made up mostly of Boldivian Socialist Falange and beautiful properties of Government to arrange for the arrest or extracted and active military office made up mostly of Boldivian Socialist Falange and properties of Congress and retired and active military officers engaged in coup plotting I was held an assembly to protest the police at the GOB plans a declaration of a state of an the round-up and exile of approximately if "troublemakers." He spoke as though both ever imminent. La Paz held burden in the following held an assembly to protest the police at the Santa Cruz students. Protests were also magainst the "racist, plutocratic" attempt against the "aracist, plutocratic" attempt against the central plaza where they were confronted to 200 national guardsmen with shields, dogs and After a tear gas attack the students returned university. They are now calling for a "rancext week to include workers, teachers, second students and professors. LaPaz h805/122 Confidential June 6, 1968 LaPaz h805/122 Confidential June 6, 1968 Confronted by growing national political comic frustrations, the LaPaz press and politic mentators are becoming increasingly critical comic frustrations, the LaPaz press and politic mentators are becoming increasingly critical comic frustrations, the LaPaz press and politic mentators are becoming increasingly to content to the of comment on the Mertin Luther King and Kenne (MEKET PASE) EXEMPTION	SOURCE(S)	CLA	SS-/CONTROL(S)			
plotters were prepared to attempt a coup on the of June 4. The President called a number of trusted supporters to assemble, put the Army alert and went to the house were the alleged alert and went to the house were the alleged alert and went to the house were the alleged alert and went to the house were the alleged alert and went to the house were the alleged alert and went to the house were the alleged alert and went to the house were the alleged alert and went to the house were the alleged alleged alert and went to the house were the alleged		ecret/NFD	Government is plotting and of the militates learned in	becoming increasing to diversely itself. On Jurerom a military of	ingly jittery about istrust certain por ne h, President Barr Ticer who had penet	coup tions rien- rated
of Government to arrange for the arrest or eximade up mostly of Bolivian Socialist Falange and pulsational Revolutionary Members. The list inclinembers of Congress and retired and active millionary Members. The list inclinembers of Congress and retired and active millionary Members. The list inclinembers of Congress and retired and active millionary Members. The list inclinembers of Congress and retired and active millionary Members. The list inclinembers of Congress and retired and active millionary Members. The list inclinembers of Congress and retired and active millionary Members. The list inclinembers of Congress and retired and active millionary Members. The list inclinembers of Congress and retired and active millionary Members. The list inclinements of Congress and Falange and the Congress and Professionary Members. The LaPaz university of the millionary Members. The LaPaz university in the night of June 5, the LaPaz university in the land assembly to protest the police at the Santa Cruz students. Protests were also magainst the "recist, plutocratic" attempt against the "recist, plutocratic" attem			plotters were of June 4. I trusted suppo alert and wer	prepared to attem the President calls orters to assemble, at to the house were	npt a coup on the n ed a number of his , put the Army on for re the alleged plot	irht most ull
that the GOB plans a declaration of a state of and the round-up and exile of approximately 10 "troublemakers." He spoke as though both even imminent. La Paz 1625 June 6, 1968 On the night of June 5, the LaPaz university ents held an assembly to protest the police at the Santa Cruz students. Protests were also magainst the "racist, plutocratic" attempt against the "racist, plutocratic" attempt against the central plaza where they were confronted a 200 national guardsmen with shields, dogs and After a tear gas attack the students returned university. They are now calling for a "rand next week to include workers, teachers, second students and professors. LaPaz 1805/182 Confidential June 6, 1968 Confronted by growing national political a omic frustrations, the LaPaz press and politic mentators are becoming increasingly critical of and its "policies." This is apparent in the Police of comment on the Mertin Luther King and Kenne (NEXT PAGE) EXTENSION		ecret/NFD	of Government 70-80 opposit made up most! National Nevo members of Co	to arrange for the sion politicians are y of Bolivian Soci lutionary Members. Ongress and retired	ne arrest or exile of military officers allist Falange and . The list included and active military	of s d
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June 6, 1968 omic frustrations, the LaPaz press and politic mentators are becoming increasingly critical of and its "policies." This is apparent in the position of comment on the Martin Luther King and Kenne (NEXT PACE) BRIEFER BRIEFER EXTENSION		sified	ents held an the Santa Cru against the flife of Senat 500 students the central part 200 national After a tear university.	assembly to protest a students. Protest a students. Protest action Kennedy. After poured into the students where they we guardsmen with shi gas attack the students are now callificated workers, to	et the police attack ests were also made to attempt against the assembly, about creets and headed for ere confronted by al- elds, dogs and tem- idents returned to any for a "rand man	the ut or destrict
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FORM DS-1118

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

shootings but more generalized focus has been the GOB-US) economic relations. The criticisms have focused on US aid policies and the charge that the US is dumping its tin supplies in order to depress the Bolivian market. The assertions of babid nationalism are taking place in a political context in which GOB is unable to resovle the lengthy urban teachers strike; the reopening of natural antagonism between the military and civilian sectors; evidence of insecurity in the armed forces; and rumors of coup plotting in the military

Embassy Comment: With these factors in mind, the Embassy does not discount the possibility that Barrientos will feel himself compelled, perhaps at an early date, to attempt to align himself with elements of unconstructive nationalist left, alienating himself from the US and its policies. This process will be accelerated to the extent that he becomes convinced that the US has abandoned him and that survival of his regime is immediately at stake.

INR/RAR Comment: Although the regime's concern over coup plotting may be somewhat exaggerated, the strangth of the Barrientos Government has weakened considerably since the post "Che" Guevara euphoria. Continuing economic problems and growing unrest in some political and labor sectors form the basis for the current discontent, and the possibility that some group within the military may take advantage of the situation to move against Barrientos cannot be ruled out. However, Barrientos has shown his ability to survive similar crises before and probably still commands considerable within the all important military.

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OMPIDENTIAL. (Classification) GIST: DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE Coca-Cola to be replaced in Arab world August 1 by "K-Cola" DATE: COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING June 7, 1968 The Director, INR TIME: NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. 8 a.m. SOURCE(S) CLASS./CONTROL(\$) On a somewhat lighter note this morning: An official of Beirut 9888 Confidential The Arab Central Boycott Office has informed a Us Emboff that at their June 5 meeting, August 1 was set as the cut-off date for the bottling of Coca-Cola. Arab bottlers of Coca-Cola will be able to continue operations with a substitute called "K-Cola". Samples of K-Cola had been provided to conferees and little difference in taste could be detected. K-Cola concentrate will be provided from Lebanon. Pressures for implementation of the boycott originated with Lebanese businessmen, who were interested in selling the concentrate. One problem concerns the bottles: the assumption is being made that Arab bottlers can dispose of their stocks of Coke bottles to non-Arab bottlers. INR/RNA Comment: Americans may have to drink the water of the Red Sea but the Arabs will drink K-Cola. INR OFFICE BRIEFER EXTENSION 3892 RMA Langhaug (Classification) FORM DS-1118

NW 31097 DocId:33061196 Page 86

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification)

DE	PARTMENT OF	STATE
MR	BRIEFING	NOTE

GIST:

INDONESIA: Suharto Names New Development Cabinet

The Director, INR

DATE: J

June 7 mortaing briefing

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Jjakarta's T-7127 June 6 Unclassified

President Suharto announced today the composition of his new "development cabinet". Consisting of 24 members, of whom 5 are State Ministers (the Sultan, Idham Chalid of the NU. Harsono of PSII, Mintaredja of the new Muslim party PMI. Sunawar of the Nationalist Party PNI), and 19 are regular ministers (Adam Malik remains Foreign Minister, Dr. Sumitro is Minister of Trade--he was in exile in Malaysia for ten years after the 1958 rebellion -- and the new Finance Minister is one of Suharto's principal economic advisers, Ali Wardhana). The President also announced that his personal staff, SPRI, headed by General Alamsjah, will no longer coordinate the various departments of the cabinet.

INR COMMENTS:

The Development Cabinet (all Indonesia's cabinets have had special names to characterize them) contains two of Indonesia's foremost economists. Dr. Sumitro and Ali Wardhana, which speaks well for the government's intentions. To remove SPRI, with its sticky-fingered director, from the coordinating role may signify a new determination to clean up some of the highest level corruption.

INR OFFICE		BRIEFER	EXTENSION
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American Character Community			

CONFIDENTIAL

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE **LNR BRIEFING NOTE** TO:

SOUTH KOHLA: Kim Chong-pil Resignation

The Director, INR

June 7, 1968 DATE: Regular a.m.

GIST:

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

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President Park on June 4 named former Secul Mayor Yun Chi-yong to be Acting Chairman of the Democratic Republican Party, replacing Kim Chong-pil (KCP).

"Yun's appointment is in keeping EMBASSY COMMENT: with President's desire to preserve DEP unity. Yun is venerable politician who served as DRP Chairman during MCP's first 'exile' and who has held many other public posts in long career. While personally close to KCP, Yun is considered to be neutral in DRP's factional lineup."

Meanwhile, Tun, President Park, and KCP himself have made statements unanimously urging Party unity in the wake of KCP's resignation. Park publicly admitted his attempts to dissueds KCP; KCB for his part urged his followers to support the President and put an end to factionalism in the Party. These statements have not. however, lessened the tendency of various rumore about high-level personnel changes to enjoy wide dirculation.

INPLIEA COMENT: The curtain has fallen on Act I of this drama, we think, and it already primines to be 1968's top hit. We wonder, however, whether the principals can sustain the audience interest at anywhere near its present level when they move into Act II, which will consist mainly of slapstick scrambling for position and access to the vacance left by KCP. The players have three years before Act III. the 1971 elections.

INR OFFICE RE A/NA BRIEFER

Myers via Keogh

EXTENSION

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-Confidential (Classification) Japan: Police control expected demonstrations. DEPARTMENT OF STATE IN BRIEFING NOTE n: DATE: COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING June 7, 1968 The Director, INR TIME: NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. 0739 CLASS-/CONTROL(S) SOURCE(S) According to Reuters, hundreds of police Unclas Reuters, June 7 broke up a demonstration outside the US Embarcy in Tokyo. The students were protesting the US FAC crash Sunday night. 113 were arrested. In a cable which was written before the demons-Confidential Tokyo 9005 tration, the Embassy reported small-scale demonstrations were planned for several locales but said that the police were "relatively relaxed about the situation, and there was nothing toxex indicate that the police could not handle the situation. Large demonstration was expected in Tokyo, however.

INR Comment: Evidently the Embassy was correct in its as essment of police capabilities. The Embassy did note the participation of ordinarily non-political students was expected, and that there was a ground swell of anti-base sentiment.

INR OFFICE BRIEFER EXTENSION

Keogh 4582

Confidential (Classification)

FORM DS-1118

Secret/NED/CD (Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

FRG: Possible Agreement Between COU/COU and SPD Carrier Electoral Reforms In Return for SPD Candidacy for

Federal Presidenty

The Director, INR

DATE: Reg Morning TIME: 6-7-68

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

TDCS DB 315/01993 6-6-68

Secret/NFD/CD

A right-wing CDU politician close to Missinger reports that in late May Brandt told CDU parliamentary chief Reiner Barsel that because of the results of the Baden-Wuertemberg state elections, the SFD might be supported persuaded to support a law calling for the establishment of 4-man election districts. Leter Barsel discussed Brandt views with Missinger and Postal Minister Stuckeln and the three agreed that Brandt should be told that CDU/CSU would support an SFD candidate for Federal President if the SFD agreed to electoral reform. However, CDU/CSU is willing to support Transport Minister Leber but not, under any circumstances Justice Minister Heinemann because the CDU/CSU consider the latter a renegade.

Source Comment: Kiesinger is willing to face his party on the Presidency issue (over which there is strong feeling in the CDU against the SPD getting the position) because he is convinced that an election reform is essential.

Field Comment: The CDU/CSU previously opposed a 4-man election district concept but may have since concluded that it would be the main beneficiary of such a system.

<u>Headquarters Comment</u>: The SFD plan, according to Wehner, provides for the establishment of 124 istead of current 248 election districts. Four deputies would be electted from each distruct according to the D'Hondt method. It has been calculated that, under such a system, it would require 15% of the vote to gain a seat and thus eliminate splinter parties (read NPD)

INR Comment: When the grand-coalition was formed in December 1966 the governing parties agreed on the need for electoral reform. Later the SFD back pedalled on the issue beacuse nearly all of the more likely reform schemes were believed to threaten it with a loss of scats; The series of increasingly greater NFD election successes, culminating in the last state election (9.9. of the vote) have given greater urgency to the issue which has been a source of intra-coalition tensions and brought about recently the resignation of Interior Minister Lucke (CDU) who charged that the SFD had broken faith on the electoral reform issue and that the Chancellor had acquiesced in the SFD refusal to move that on the issue.

The SPD has long wanted a crack at the position of Federal President and the latest series of embarasements to the Government over the sllegations that President Luebke had worked during the war for a firm involved in concentration camp construction had led to reports—probably reliable that the CDU/CSU was considering a plan for constitutional amendment that would permit Luebke to be

INR OFFICE BASED DUT OVER BEFORE his present term expires (in 1969, EVE ENBINK)

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Secret/NPO/CD

(Classification)

FORM DS-1118

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CIST: FRANCE: Violen

INR BRIEFING NOTE

The Director, INR

GIST: FRANCE: Violence Reportedly Erupts As Worker/Students Try To Reoccupy Renault Plant at Flins Near Parks; Earlier Embassy Report Notes Back To Work Proceeding with Notable Exceptions

DATE:

E: **6-7-**68
Reg Morning

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Reuters 039 6-7 FBIS 32 6-7

Unclassified

Reuters reports that police and several thousand demonstrators clashed in front of the Renault plant at Flins, northwest of Paris. Demonstrators advanced on police hurling stones and bolts and police replied with tear gas. FBIS (Paris Domestic Service) reports that 7,000 demonstrators are involved including students headed by former SNESUP leader Alain Geismar.

INR Comment: The plant at Flins was occupied by 1,000 riot police yesterday. The workers were dislodged without resistance. Apparently the workers today—with student support/are trying to retake the plant. There is not enough information

to tell just how ugly this demonstration has become or whether it will act as a trigger for a round of more generalized violence. While a general return to work has been undCrway in France over the past 48 hours, there have been several notable exceptions including the metalworkers (involved in the auto and acft industries) which have been foremost in their militancy in meaning the past three weeks.

Paris 15726 6-7

Limited Official Use

Embassy Paris yesterday reported that despite a general back to work movement, there situation remained spottty and move could not be termed a "happy return." Emalier reports suggesting great worker ains beyond Grenelle accords were dampened as detailes of actual agreements become available. Situation was made more dangerous as some companies enlisted riot police aid in clearing plants following management sponsored secret ballots (This was case at Flins Renault plant). Beritet, Saviem, Citroen, Michelin and Sud-Aviation still on strike.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

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(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE GIST: VENEZUELA:

President Leoni Demonstrates a More Permissive

Policy Toward Communist Party Activity.

The Director, INR

DATE: June 7, 1968 TIME: 8:00 A.M.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

)CS-31h/092h2-68 June 6 1968

Secret/NFD

A writer with contacts in leftist circles, reported that members of the committed to free Venezuelan Communist Party leader, Gustavo Machado, were received by President Raul Leoni on May 21, the day on which Machado was released from prison. The President reportedly told the commission that the government was not opposed to Machado's return to political life and stated that he could run for president. Leoni stated that his government does not intend to place obstacles in the political paths of the machados or any one else who shows that he is not a partisan of armed insurrection against the government of Venezuela. He observed that although the Party is still illegal the communists now have the Union for Advancement "which is almost The Minister of Interior also the same thing." told Party members the same thing.

INR/RAR Comment: This reflects pretty much the GOV's policy of separating the less violence oriented PCV leaders from the Castroit. insurgency movement. The Cubans have angrily denounced the PCV's abandonment of revolutionary warfare and their attempt to participate in the electoral process. Leoni may also be paying off some debts as there has been some suspicion that the PCV has supplied the Government with information which has led to the capture or killing of guerrilla members. The GOV is also intent on renewing diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union and may be prepared to allow some communist activity as a sign of its "good faith."

IR OFFICE

RAR.

BRIEFER

Smith

EXTENSION

5028

SECRET NO FOREIGN DISSEM

CONFIDENTIAL

(Classification)

DEP	ARTMENT OF	STATE
INR	BRIEFING	NOTE
	,	

WORKE AFRICAN REACTIONS TO ROBERT KENNEDY ASSASSINATION

The Director, INR

DATE: June 7, 1968 TIME: early aum.

GIST:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

EAF Note: Heads of state and individuals throughout Africa received news of Kennedy's death with bitterness and shock, many sending condolences to President Johnson and the Kennedy family.

dis Ababa 4202. June 68. CONF.

Ethiopia first reactions expressed bitter pessimism re violent course US society. Some see connection between three assassinations as plot against liberalism in U.S. However, with news that assassin an alien, general reaction shifted more to sympathy. Bitterness faded.

De Town 1448. June 68. UNCL. South Africa feels special tie to Sen. Kennedy because "he visited our country and became extremely controversial figure." Extraordinary public interest and sympathy. Newspapers also stress image of America as a violent community, express concern over consequences.

RAF Note: North African reactions somewhat more mixed, particularly after they learned that the suspected assassin was from Jordan.

IIS 15, 6 June; uters, 6 June

Algeria Radio said US trying to blame Arab world rather than own history of violence for assassination by immediately making public the "name of a killer and his links with foreigners." Another broadcast added: "Could Sirhan not be a professional killer financed and armed . by Zionists in an attempt to incite world opinion against the Araba and to create hysteria in the U.S. regarding the Araba?"

inis4830, 6 June UNCLASSIFIED

Tunisia, before background of suspect known, expressed shock and sympathy. Bourguiba sent warm message to Mrs. Kennedy. Editorial in official paper praised Kennedy work for social progress etc and expressed satisfaction agressor this time captured safe and sound. Said US at decisive turn in its history -- after becoming economic giant, needed better adapt itself to role in the world.

ripoli 3876 June, LOU: Libyans shocked, and, Embassy believes, responsible people ashamed at involvement Arab and see event a serious blow to Arab position in US. At same time, Kennedy campaign statements on Israel seen locally as supporting Zionist cause. However, in unusual gesture, seriesm of senior govt officials called individually at Embassy to sign condolences book. Newspapers headlined story, all reasing suspicion of a conspiracy. One editorial noted Arabs see no hope that any presidential candidate will help Arabs "regain lands", including Kennedy

ipoli 3879, June, UNCL.; ipoli 3875, June, UNCL.

> Sudan paper, kai al Amm editorial said "the govt in the U.S. is under control strong monopolistic groups who hire criminals to get rid of politicians whom they cannot control," noting repeated acts of violence Zambba mood ugly, also sees killing Bschemed by those in power."

hartoum June 6 SIS message, Uncl.

usaka 2015, CONF. IR OFFICE

RAF

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

J.B.Webbink 5077

- LAITHRUFFINGS

SECRET

(Classification)

NR BRIEFING NOTE

UK company; 2 already being assembled at Sao Tome

TO:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 7
TIME: morning

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

L1sbon DAO 558 6/6 S Source of known reliability in past says unknown UK aircraft co. providing 5 Magister jets, less weapons, to Riafra. Armament obtained from unknown French sources. Aircraft originate from an Austrian military airport. WK First 2 delivered to Sao Tome by an Irish airline co. using Bristol freighter type transport plane. Magisters being assembled by UK maintenance personnel at Sao Tome; to be crewed by & UK pilots.

RAF COMMENT

We believe it. By paying through the nose, Biafran agents in Europe have been able to pick up second hand military expt and technicians to handle it in the past. They still have a few halicopters in their sir force, and have used them with considerable effect in the defense of Hiafran positions. There are problem lending strips in Hiafran controlled territory (perhaps two) for many the Magisters. Fuel would be a problem, and would probabily have to be flown in from Sao Tome.

The aircraft won't tip the military balance, but their acquisition at this late date shows 1) that Biafran determination to fight on is undiminished, and 2) that Biafran funds have somehow still not run out.

INR OFFICE BAF Andrew EXTENSION 5006

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SECRET/LIMDIS (Classification)

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P ?	BRIEFING	NOTE

The Director, INR

Belgiam Quote Terms to Pakistanis for M-47 tanks; Rawalpindi Now Wants to Negotiate with Brussels for 200

DATE:

GIST:

June 7, 1968 TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(5)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Brussels 7080 Secret/Limis .

LIMDIS - BACKGROUND

USE ONLY

Present Belgian position on sale of tanks to Pakistan, according to Belgian officisla directly responsible for the negotiations with the Pakistanis:

- 1) Paks could have 100 tanks "as is" at \$12,000 each.
- 2) Paks could take tanks and negotiate directly with private interests for reconditioning
- 3) Belgians would negotiate matter with industry on behalf Paks, in which case price would be \$62,000 each.

If Paks pick option 1, Belgians get to select the worst 100 of the 400 available surplus tanks. Belgians are unwilling to haggle over prices, which Paks can take or leave.

Counselor of Pak Embassy Brussels was angry and baffled in talks with US Emboff--said "Belgians were worse than Syrain rug merchants." Belgian official told US Emboff same thing about Paks. Belgians know Paks have been turned down by Germans and Italians and belive Belgium is

last resort, and do not care whether deal goes through wh or not.

Belgian Fonoff told US that Paks now want to negotiate for 200 instead of 100. Fonoff asked for Washington's reaction to this, but unable to say whether Belgians would agree to higher figure/

KEXX Relaxed and low level Indian demarche to Belgians protests sale to Pakistan, but Belgian interpreting this as pro forma. Nevertheless, demarche has disturbed Fonmin Harmel and increased his distaste for this affair. But all indications are that Belgians will not back out. Belgian Fonoff regards participation as favor to US.

Outgoing 177596 Confidential

During Bourguiba's Washington visit, Tunisians reiterated interest in US authorization for Turkey's providing Tunisia with US-origin arms, including M-47 tanks. This telegram asks Ankara to comment on possible effect on Turk-Pak relations in view of Rawalpindi's interest in N-47s.

INR/RNA Comment: Who knows how Rawalpindi will react to this Belgian offer. The Paks are having difficulty deciding whether they want the tanks reconditione leared: REU WPJY We-will try to get an IN out today on this topic. 程识

(Classification)

INR O

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

RNA

June 6

-- Langhaug

- --- - - 3892

DEPARTMENT OF STATE NR BRIEFING NOTE

T0:

CAMBODIA-Tugboat Incident: Sihanouk Informs Marcos Filipino Crew Will Be Released; Hardens Attitude Toward US MP's

The Director, INR

DATE: June 7, 1968 Morning TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

TDCS DB315/01986-68 Secret/NF/CD/ NDA/BUO

(Document in question from Malacanang official)

> LIMDIS - BACKGROUND USE ONLY

In a June & memorandum to Philippine President Marcos, Fonsec Ingles reported a reply from Sihanouk which said:

a. The Philippine crew members of the tugboat will be released "without any manning condition" in view of the Philippine recognition of Cambodian borders.

b. The tugboat (owned by a Philippine firm and under charter to MSTS) will not be released, since to do so would mean similar treatment for 60 Thai travlers and foreign boats seized by Cambodia under the same circumstances. (Ingles said the Cambodian Ambassador will, however, continue his effort to get the tugboat released).

Re the two US MP's. Ingles said the RKG had stiffened its attitude since receipt of Amb. Bowles' request for their release. Matters were not helped any by the recent US air attack in the same area where the tugboat was apprehended.

COMMENT: We have no reason to doubt the authenticity of the Ingles memorandum. Following the release of the Filipino crew, it would become much more difficult to obtain similar treatment for the Americans. Agree that Sihanouk has stiffened his terms following receppt of the Boldes letter but even more following the two alleged US border violations on May 30-31, one of which involving a US air attack on a Cambodian border post on the Mekong. According to a May 29 press account, Sihanouk demanded two bulldozers in exchange for the Americans. He is now demanding a border declaration from the US. Without such a declaration, the MP's will probably be put on trial. (According to AP, they could receive up to 3 months imprisonment if charged with illegal entry, more if convicted on trumped up charges of espionage.)

REA/SA

BRIEFER

Kobayashi/Keogh

EXTENSION

4909

Confidential (Classification) GIST: DEPARTMENT OF STATE North Vietnam: Nhan Dan repeats and embellishes plot INP BRIEFING NOTE theory on assassination of Sen. Kennedy DATE: 7 June 1968 COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING The Director, INR TIME: NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE 0730 CLASS./CONTROL(S) SOURCE(\$) In a June 7 article Nhan Dan enlarged on the FBIS 21 OUO NVN theory that Sen. Kennedy had been the victim of a planned assassination, "closely connected with the life and death race for the US presidency". The killing was reminiscent of the death of his brother John Kennedy, "also...during an election campaign trip following which Lyndon B. Johnson became US presidnet.

Whatever the motive, the killing sheds more light on the ruthlessness and baseness of US ruling circles and the rotteness of US society. The paper continues in the same vein, saying that the troubles and incidents in the US are the result of contradictions in US ruling circles and the split between people and leaders.

INR Comment: See our IN on this subject published yesterday.

INR OFFICE BRIEFER EXTENSION

RFA Keogh 4582

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

IR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: Commission Country Reportion to Rebort Formedy Assessination (Rotting Ro. 3)

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The Director, INR DATE: SCOTO 2503

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COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

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vay of life.) The Soulob papers obvious that political named in the Color and so that the El Grush has called for full those compensibles to

weeking weekings in the US.

Puedose Juen 6

This Paul Torgonly Yorkeshanko goes a long poem on American violence over Mosson W June 6, outling that the blood of American neurons could not be laundared by all the

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OPI June 6

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DEC.

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Hopygin sant a tologram to Athal Komody saying the chaoting forchas a perfound Sealing of indignation chang the Soviet gamplo. The Chairman of the Sayram Soviet's two chambers sant telegrams to VP Empiroy.

FBIS 89 Juno 6 (Sast

Cornen deservice ADM Jump

Rustore June 6

PRIS 65 Juno 6 (Redio

Kosaco in Englich Jee 6) g

Vibricht comt a telegram of sympathy to Ethel Hannedy, cayled BVI "has become a viotim of those powerful catama scatticzny circles which/force their anti-humanistic and exti-descentia objectives are increscingly nursuring their political advection."

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6); Louters Jino 6

Polich Ambrosador to the US Wieldlowski cold June 6 to on Mibrosy offices he believed NFK had been to convict men because he know who billed his brother. The Mahmory composts that Polich propagands may close the ossessin was poid by Jers, in view of Poland's correst onti-contile complem.

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INR OFFICE

(Classification)

EXTENSION

BRIEFER

Classification PREFING MOTE Conserving The Directory INR The Directory The Directory The Directory The Directory The Directory The Directory INR The Directory The Direc		EINTIED OFFIC	cation)
From 1968 Time: 1736 tres CLASS./CONTROL(S) On 4 June Reghted Radio assumed that the Ireqi cabinet had completed work on a bill to establish a Legislative Council and that the public was invited to coment on it until 125 June, after which it would be "legislated", Provisions of the law included the following Members will be appointed by one member for each population unit of UD-100,000 people (i.e., approx. 90 members). The ten principal professional associations and federations will each have one member (10 members). The free principal professional caseciations and federations will each have one member (21 members). The free principal professional caseciations and federations will be ex officio members (21 members). The free principal professional associations and laws, thether originating in the council or in the cabinet, must be approved by the council active they are promulgated. Council decisions will be by majority wote. The Freedom has power to veto council actions, but his veto can be overturned by two thirds voto of the council. A procedure is established through the council and appoint a new one, thus annulling the council and appoint a new one, thus annulling the council and accurately, the Bresident and security. The Bresident and security the council actions annulling the council and accurately the Bresident and his cabinet have energency powers to rule by decree, with their decisions subject to later approved by the council actions subject to later approved by the council of Trunsitions and has agreed to share power with the people. The above bill femants is the first step toward the return to "grilamentary life" a remined in the count Eucledian Eucle, Bromises Parliamentary Instantions of the regime. If selection of council members is done so as to set up a rubber stup body, then because the because of the council into the exercised. In that event, pub-		Cier.	
On 4 June Baghdad Radio pronounced that the Iraqi cabinet had completed work on a bill to establish a legislative council and that the public was invited to consent on it until 155 June, after which it would be "legislated and put into effect as soon as possible". Provisions of the law included the following: Members will be appointed by requablican decree and approved by the cabinet. Tach province will be represented by one member for each population unit of 40-100,000 people (i.e., approx. 90 members). The ten principal professional associations and federations will each have one member (10 members). The fromier and cabinet ministers will member all be ex officio members (21 nombers). The fromier and cabinet ministers will member all be ex officio members (21 nombers). The findgetery decisions and all laws, whether originating in the council or is the cabinet, must be approved by the council acts into the promile and the council acts one will be by majority vote. The fresident has power to veto council actions, but his vote on the council can "withhold confidence" in the Fresider or a minister; under these circumstances, however, the fresident can dissolve the council and appoint a new one, thus annualling the council action. In case of "dire need to preserve public order and security", the Fresident and his cabinet have energency powers to rule by decree, with their decisions subject to Inter approval by the council. **EMA Comment:* At first glance, it would appear that the Baghdad regime has given way to the council amendment of 6 May (see INR Intelligence Note of 10 May 1968 -"Iraqi Governant Extends Fortic of Trunsitional Rule, Fromises Barliamentary Intel® as premised in the context sections fortic of Trunsitional Rule, Fromises Barliamentary Intel® and the law breakts and anoval powers of the council unit not be council unit not be council will not be counciled. In that event, pub-	The Secretary from The Director, INR	-	1
	FBIS; i application of course of the state of the state of the first state of the s	ice CLASS./CONTROL(S OUO o, it would appear orm and has agreed ap toward the retur 6 May (see ENR Interioral Rule, Propositional Rule) actional members is don	On 4 June Baghdad Radio announced that the Ireqi cabinet had completed work on a bill to establish a legislative Council and that the public was invited to coment on it until 155 June, after which it would be "legislated and put into effect as soon as possible". Provisions of the lew included the following: Members will be appointed by republican decree and approved by the cabinet. Tach province will be represented by one member for each population unit of 30-100,000 people (i.e., approx. 90 members). The ten principal professional associations and federations will each have one member (10 members). The Premier and cabinet ministers will make all be ex officio members (21 members). The Premier and cabinet ministers will law, whether originating in the council or in the cabinet, must be approved by the council before they are promulgated. Council decisions will be by majority vote. The President has power to veto council actions, but his veto can be overturned by two thirds vote of the council. A procedure is established whereby the council can "withhold confidence" in the Premier or a minister; under these circumstances, however, the President can dissolve the council and appoint a new one, thus annulling the council action. In case of "dire need to preserve public order and security", the President and his cabinet have emergency powers to rule by decree, with their decisions subject to later approval by the council. that the Baghdad regime has given way to the to share power with the people. The above bill in to "parliamentary life" as promised in the decisione Parliamentary Instantions"). Tverything selection of which is in the hards of the se so as to set up a rubber stamp body, then

INR OFFICE EXTENSION BRIEFER RNA Sandors 4516 LIMITED OFFICIAL USB

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

IRAQ: Details Given of Proposed Legislative Council

from Took

The Director, INR

DATE: 6 June 1968 TIME: 1730 hrs

GIST:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

(cortinued)

regime is willing to take its chances by bringing a set of genuine "notables" into the council, the body could act as a definite check upon government axidax arbitrariness while giving vent to the many streams of dissidence in Iraqi life. The regime would then be obliged to maneuver more or less openly among the various factions and ethnic groups, playing them off against each other in traditional fashion, or to dissolve the council and hope to set up a more manageable successor, i.e., a rubber stamp.

In any case, the institution is not yet in existence. If it energies, its viability will be a test not only of the regime's good faith, but of Iradi capacity for orderly self-

government - neither of which has been conspicuously demonstrated thus far.

INR OFFICE BRIEFER EXTENSION

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LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR SWEETING NOTE GIST:

KENNEDY ASSASSINATION: Arab and other RNA Area Reactions

10:1 Secretary

The Director, INR

DATE: June 6, 1968

COMMUNICACIONT AIRED IN THE BRIEFING ACTIVATE WILL AND THE AT VEN

ini. A.M. Briefing Ary. Promphy D.

ARAB REACTIONS

Reuters, Washington UNCL June 5

Jordanian Ambassador Sharaf called at State Dept. June 5 to express his government's regret over shooting. "Informed source

N.Y. Times

UNCL

LO.U.

suspect. Sirhan B. Sirhan—a Palestinian-bomn Arab. Sirhan's father, contacted in Taiyiba on the Israeli-occupied West Bank, said news of his son's alleged action had "sickened him." (The father is separated from his wife who lives in

said SharafAM did not assume any responsibility for the shobing

Amman's 5193

June 6

California with her sons.) Deputy Prime Minister Tougan expressed regrets over shooting.

June 5

N.Y. Times

June 6

UNCL

Palestinians in Amman voiced fear that waves of anti-Arab hyste: ia will sweep the US and other Western nations in wake of Kennedy shooting by Palestinian Arab. Some expressed belief Sirhan was hired Zionist killer used to discredit Arabs. Other

did not believe he is Arab at all and suspect Sirban is being

made victim of a conspiracy to blacken Arabs in US.

UAR official spokesman Zayyat HAMA expressed deep regret in Cairo over the shooting.

INR/ RNA COMMENTS: Arab official reaction to the shooting, as can be expected, is one of regret. Most responsible Arab officials recognize potential for anti-Arab propaganda in fact that a Palestinian Arab has been arrested for the murder. Moreover, at least until Robert Kennedy's recent speech on the Middle East, the Senator's image in the Arab world had been relatively good. Arabs have fond memories of the late President Kennedy, whom they considered relatively sympathetic to-or at least less indifferent to-Arab KKKKKKKK points of view. This, as well as the Sate Senator's views on Vietnam

On the more popular and on the press level, the assassination of the Senator is being KANKALE treated with some ambivalence. Most Arabs deplore the crime but allege that it has served to dramatize the Arabs' feeelings of frustration with what they believe is the US' whole-hearted commitment to Israel. At the same time there is a tendency to see in the crime (as many Arabs professed to see in the assassination of President Kennedy) a "Zionist conspiracy" to discredit the Arabs. Although Israeli sources have speculated that the alleged murderer, Sirhan Sirhan, was connected with an Arab terrostist organization, no Arab group has thus far stepped forward to claim credit for the act.

contributed to hopes in some Arab quarters that if nominated and elected President, the

OTHER RMA AREA REACTIONS

COMP Shah of Iran, who is visiting Ethiopia, sent Embassy Addis mes-Addis Ababa 4190 sage expressing his profound regret. INR OFFICE EXTENSION

IA/NE

Wrampelmeier

Senator might review current US policies in the Middle East.

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LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

KENNEDY ASSASSINATION: HNA Reactions (continued)

To: me Secretary
The Director, INR

DATE: June 6, 1963
TIME: A.M. Briefing

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING
NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

USJS Ankara June 5 UNCL

Prime Minister Demiral and Bulent Ecevit, Secretary General of the opposition Republic Peoples Party, both expressed their deep regret at shooting.

USIS Athens
June 5

UNGL

Premier Papadopoulos sent cable to Senator expressing his and Greak government's regrets. Embassy has received many calls expressing deep grief over shooting.

N.Y. Times June 6 UNCL

Indian Premier Mrs. Chandhi and Pakistan President Ayub Khan sent messages of sympathy to Kennedys June 5.

INR OFFICE

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LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

-108 (Classification)

INR BRIEFING NOTE

ANOTHER VEGO STATEMENT ON FORTHOMENG MARGA. PACT MERRILSE

The Director, INR

DATE: 6 June 1968

TIME: 5:30 PM

GIST:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS/CONTROL(S)

FBIS 89

TO:

Prague has broadcast another statement by Csech Major General Cepicky, press sockesman for the upcoming command-staff exercise, on axemaximum preparations completed or still underway.

Time: Cepicky stated that the exercise will last several days and will be held in the second half of June. We have had reports of June, mid-June and late June; this statement helps only to bracket the period from 17 to 28 June. It does raise the question, however, of why the Soviet troops that arrived in eastern Slovakia on 31 May were brought in so early. Normally they would have arrived within a week of the start of the exercise.

Place: Cepicky said that the maneuvers would be held not only on Czech territory but also would be extended to the territory of "several other" so cialists states. Crevious Czech statements have referred only to the use of Czech and Polish territories. Since the Czechs have announced that the Hungarians will participate, the reference to "several other" countries may mean that Hungary will also see some activity.

Soviet Troops-Those Who Have Arrived and Those Expected:

Cepicky said that there are some Soviet "support" units in Czecho and that, in addition to communications units, "supply" units will also man arrive soon for guarding, billeting, catering, mixx and so forth. We doubt that support units refers to combat support units. It is more likely that he has used support and supply interchangeably and that he is referring to housekeeping units, cooks, bakers, MP's, etc.

At this point we believe at least three Soviet signal battalions have arrived in Czechoslovakia. Each battalion numbers 250 men and 30 officers and is equipped with 60 vehicles BRIEFER including 2 tanks and 5 APC's. There have been statements that

INR OFFICE

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INR/RSB

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INR BRIEFING NOTE

CZECH MANERIVERS (con'd)

The Director, INR

DATE: 6 June 1968

GIST:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

RMEX

Zhuxikemmuxwilli/kkvuxmffxilemxdzmuhxmummuy

Tad Szulc reported in the SYTimes on 6 June that approximately 90 vehicles were sighted east of Prague. At 60 vehicles per battalion, the convoy sighted was approximately a battalion and a kin half.

An added note—the Soviets are believed to be bringing their own POL, food and water since there have been several statements that they would not be living off the Czech economy.

Permanent Stationing of Soviet Troops in Czechoslovakia: Cepicky demied once again that Warsaw Pact units would be stationed permanently in Czechoslovakia. He charged that Western press agencies were spreading such rumors to cause trouble between the Czech people andthe USSR. Our information indicates that the issue was raised for the first time when Yakubovsky visited Prague in April. It has been appearing in the press and maximum in various reports ever since.

NR OFFICE BRIEFER EXTENSION
3745

-TOU-

(Classification) GIST: Hanoi Courts the Western Buropean Shipping Market DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE June 6,1968 DATE: COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING The Director, INR 20:00 (A): TIME: NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE. SOURCE(5) CLASS./CONTROL(S) In mid-May of this year, the Director of the Commercial CINCPAC cable Section of the North Vietnamese delegation to Paris Juna 5,1968 (Mai Ngoc Am) reportedly investigated the West European SECRET/RED shipping market to determine if Western flag ships are now willing to begin trade with Hardi. Apparently, the results of his the campaign were favorable, and the North. Victnamese expect British, Italian, Sacdish, Merwelglan, Ranish and Firmish owners to "start in a short time" to send their vessels to MW. Cas ship has reportedly already been offered to Hanoi by a West German agency in Hambury for parchase or time chertor. It is the LOUSSIOS, a Greek-owned, Liberian-Clag ship. IME/RSB COMMENT Free world shipping to North Viotasa has increased sharply this year, as we reported proviously. Our latest figures show that during the first five months of 1968 there were 61 arrivals compared to the 28 arrivals of the corresponding period last year - sa increase of over 100%. Esperts carried by free world ships to Morth Vietnas increased by 150% from 103.3 thousand metric tons in the first five months of 1967 to 257.3 thousand tons in the same period this year. Free world countries whose flag ships have called at North Vietnamese porto thus far in 1968 new includo: United Kingdom (Hong Hong-comed ships) Cyprus Italy Japan Lebenen Singapore

INR OFFICE RSB-EE

BRIEFER

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EXTENSION

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE GIST: INAM- Security and Intolligence Organization Arrests Iranian Communist Party Hombbrs in Four Aress

Secretary From:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 6, 1968 TIME: 1.645

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

TDCS-314/09238-68 SECRET/RO FOREIGN DISSEN

In Pay 1968 the Transan Mational Security and Intelligence Organization (SAVAK) (Source - "An official Ironian service") arrested a total of 40 pro-Chinese Commeist persons in Khuzistan province and the citico of Shiroz, Meshed, and Kermonohah. The groups contained mainly teachers. There was apparently no connection between or smong the groups, and no linkage with Iranian Communists owerseas. The persons had pro-Chinese Communist literature in their bones and were in the planning and study phase of organization activity.

TDUS-314/09240-68 SECRET/NO PORETOR DISSELF (Source - a member of the Tudeh Party.)

During the last week of May 40, members of the Communist Tudeh ("Hauses") Party Khusistan Organization were arrested by SAVAN and police in Alwas, Rhuzistan province. Hony were teachers, including the alleged leader, Abdol Rosein Zarifi. (Scurce consent: Zarifi is a cloce friend of 3 men arrested in a roundup of pro-Chinese Communist people in February 1963.) Those arrested probably published the magaziro "Flowe of the Bowth" which last appeared May 1. A Tudeh Farty Tehran Organization official Jame to Tebran from southern Iran to bring nove of the arrests and instruct the TYTO to cease activity. This Dr. Wahadipur has pro-Doviet sympathies.

Life/RNA Coarcent:

During the investigation and trial of suspects in the April 1965 attempt on the Shoh's life allegations were made that auspects had come under Chinose Communist influences while studying in London. Since then there have been numerous reports of Chinoco Communist revolutionary activity in Iran, including plant to blow up bridges, train recold in the use of Leapons, and so forth. It was announced in January 1966 that 3 Tedoh Party officials had been capelled from the Party for advocating the Chinese Communist line in Tudeh moetings in Europe (Tuleh beadquarters overseas is in Kaipsig). Since than we have required rejorts about a pro-poviet versus pro-Shinese Communist split in to Indeh Perty organization inside Iran as well. (See RMA-AS of Fov. 8, 1967 on the subject.) (coasional arrests of Tudoh members have taken place in recent years, but this is the first extensive Love against the pro-Chinese Communist wing.

BRIEFER EXTENSION INF_OFFICE Roleter 3892

DEPARTMENT OF STATE NR BRIEFING NOTE Serb Government Moves Against Subversive Student Propagnada -- Student Demonstrations Apparently

Contained

The Director, INR

6/6/68 DATE: 4:30 pm

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(5)

TIME:

Radio Belgrade, 5 Jun 1968 (FBIS, 38, 6 June 1968)

UFCLASS

Radio Belgrade Reported on June 5 that the Deputy Public Fresecutor of Belgrade City has sent a request to the Internal Affairs Secretariat (of Serbla, presumably) for collection of leaflets which have been distributed by persons unknown and which contain false statements and assertions dimed at causing depression and anxiety among citizens and endangering public peace and order. The Deputy Public Prosecutor's statement cites the need to discover and confiscate this literature, as well as the machines and other means by which they were printed. It also directs that information on all persons engaged in printing, writing, and distributing these pumphlets should be reported.

DIR:

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Though its centents and possible origin are not mentioned, the propaganda is very likely the work of the extreme elements of the demonstrating Belgrade University students, whose slogans (e.g., "Down with the Rod bourgecisie") appear to go beyond the demands made by the ad bc "Student Action Committee" in its 6-hour meeting on Jone 4 with the Serbian Executive Col tree (cabinet), which were acceptable to the authorities. The move by the Belgrade Prosecutor appears the latest in the regime's "carrol and stick" reaction. After cracking down hard on the demonstrators on June 2 and 3 (who refused to let Belgrade Party boss Voljko Vlahovic finish his speech to them), some students that were arrested were immediately released. On the morning of Jone 4 the Sorb Internal Affeirs Secretariat banned all types of gatheriogs in public places of Belgrade, Thus the University Council closed down the school for seven days following a talk with the Mayor of Belgrade. This evidently left the students free to "politick" on university grounds, within which they have taken over buildings, beld meetings and rallies, many up slogans. The campus was cordened off by police forces. On the same day the Yugoslav English tive Committee and also the Serb government and Party top bodies agreed in principle to the "realistic" demands of the "Student Action Committee" -- most of which the regime leadership had discussed and proposed earlier but had been alow about taking

Among the acceptable demands proposed were: climination of graduate unemployment; improvement of students material conditions and construction of student loggings and cafetorias; creation of a government-university cosmission to increace student rights and self-government in the university; and "democratization" of the social structure. Not coming under consideration apparently were decands being bruited about that smacked of anti-regime overtones: two-party system, dismissal of the Pederal, Sorb, and Belgande internal affairs chlefs, and dissolution of the Foderal, Serb, and Belgrade asscablies.

The regime at the same time evademned the resort to violence and warned that departure from the general Party line and any struggle against the political system would not be telerated. The regime has been able to evoke support for this line - support of student "realistic" demands while condemning and warning against violence -- from workers in a

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action.

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NR BRIEFING NOTE

(Classification)
cist: Serb Government Moves Against Subversive Student
Propaganda

The Director, INR

DATE:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Page 2:

growing number of factories and the Party-controlled Union of Students of Yugoslavia and its branches in universities in Zagreb, Ljubljana, Wish, and Skopje (with the Bolgarde University branch evidently still being upstaged by the "Action Committee"). This tactic of "suffocating with approval and support" might have blunted the drive of the "Action Committee" and perhaps kept it isolated (although Belgrade students have been reported trying to make contact with students in other campuses).

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	INR BRIEF		: '				
TO:		,		keness To Nao-	mork mrestir	tura occii	
	The Direc	ctor, INR	DATE: Jun.		1	ENTS CONTAINED IN INR B S ARE INITIAL AND TENTA	
	SOURCE	(S)	CLASS.	/CONTROL(S)	,		
		•					
,	FEIS Daily June 3 pr		May 19 by just-publi	Politburo Memba shed works of p	er and Premi party chief	ullit carried en er Hehmet Shehu p Hoxha. Published	raising the in accord-
			"teachings buted and	once with a Central Committee decision to distribute Hoxha "teachings" to the masses, the first volume is now being distributed and a second volume will be published later this year. Shehu emphasizes Hoxha's prominent role as "founder of our people's regime and the dictatorship of the proleteriat". He lauds Hoxha's successes in fighting off all challengers to his leadership over the past 27 years. Hoxha's works are said to "synthesize our party's and the international communist movement's experience in the struggle against revisionism." The Albanian leader's struggles with Yugoslav revisionism is given particular stress. Compade Hoxha's works will afterpasky serve			
			people's r lauds Hoxh				
			"synthesiz ment's exp Albanian l				
			аз а проже		nary weapon :	orks will arrages in the bands of o	
	***	ance add doxy and contribu	s to Albania's p pro-Peking orie	eculiar combina ntation. Moreov	rtion of nativer, this No.	chings. Thus, the ionalism, communi wha-think literat strictly Albani	st ortho- ure will
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INTERD OFFICIAL USB (Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

NR BRIEFING NOTE

ST: PARTOPAN : Mark Ports on

GIST: PAKISTAN: New Foreign Hinister states Ravalpindi is "progressively disensaging itself" from CENTO and SHATO

10:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 6, 1963

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

2 p.m.

Reuters from Ravalpindi June 6

Unclassified
Foreign Minister Arshad Musain stated in reply to a question in the National Assembly that Pakistan is progressively disengaging itself from the CENTO and SEATO pacts because they have lost much of their validity. Pakistan is "no longer taking part in military activities of the pacts and is playing the role of virtual observer in ministerial council meetings." Pakistan still finds the economic and cultural activities of the pacts of some benefit.

. INR/RHA Comment:

Limited Official Use
Thesain replaced Pirzada as Foreign Minister May 1. Though
Pakistanis officials have from time to time indicated their
unhappiness with CMMTO and SEATO, and they have refrained
from participating fully in several meetings, this is the
first flat public statement by a high official claiming
1) progressive disengagement, 2)non-participation in military
activities, and 3) observer at ministerial council meetings.

It is still doubtful that Pakistan will withdraw from CFWTO. or SEATO while some benefits remain, but this very low posture will please the Soviets, from whom the Pakistanis may attempt to obtain some military assistance.

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Canadian Communists Circulate Story of Impending Resignation

DEPARTMENT OF STATE LNR BRIEFING NOTE

The Secretary

The Director, INR

by Kosygin in Protest of Ideological Crackdown

DATE:

TIME:

June 6, 1968

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

FROM:

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

1500

FBI memo of May 23, 1968

SECRET

The story is going the rounds among the leadership of the Canadian CP that Premier Kosygin is opposed to the extreme hardline ideological campaign now being pushed by Moscow and that he will resign his premiership as a protest, using illness as the pretext for resignation.

INR comment

The Prayda announcement of Kosygin's sudden visit to Prague on May 17 stated that he had come for a "brief rest and treatment," and Kosygin did spend several days taking the waters at the spa of Karlovy Vary. A commentator on a Prague Radio roundtable claimed that Kosygin came to Czechoslovakia for treatment of gastric ulcers.

Kosygin does have health problems normal to a man of his age (64) and responsibilities he has maintained a very heavy work schedule since his vacation last August. In view of his attitude toward his work as his main reason for existence, resignation on the grounds of illness, were it to occur, would be reminiscent of Khrushchev's "resignation" on the grounds of old age.

There have been many rumors circulated in Moscow within the last year of the possible removal, willing or otherwise, of Kosygin from the premiership. But the UAR Ambassador, one of the sources for such rumors, has recently changed his tune and reported this May that Soviet sources no longer say that Kosygin wants to retire.

On the political front, it remains true that Kosygin is the only Politburo member not to have spoken before a local audience in support of the April Plenum decisions, which officially sanctioned the crackdown on ideology backed earlier by Brezhnev and Kosygin himself in February speeches. The other oft-rumored bone of contention between factions led by Drezhnev and Kosygin is the Soviet policy toward changes in Prague with Kosygin pictured as the counsellor of moderation.

Were the event to happen, a suitable formal opportunity would arise on June 25 when the USSR Supreme Soviet opens for a session which probably will amend Soviet legislation on marriage and the family, although no formal agenda has been announced.

INR OFFICE

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE

Mexico: Opposition Apparently Wins Significant Electoral Victories in Baja California

6/6/68

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

The Director, INR

SOURCE(S)

DATE: h PE TIME:

GIST:

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Mexicali 57 COMP 6/4/68

A highly reliable source in the Mational Action Party (PAN), major opposition party in Mexico, has told the consul in Mexicali that his party has tabulated the votes from the June 2 election in Baja California. According to these counts, the PAN won the mayorality contests in Mexicali and Tijuana as well as several seats in the state legislature. An official of PRI, the governing party, corroborated this information in general. PAN feels that PNI may try to manipulate the election results or to spark violence in order to have an excuse for declaring the elections void. PAM feels that these results portend further victories in additional elections later this year.

THR/RAR COMMENT:

The PAI has been seriously concerned about its image during the past year. This concern led to a rejuvenation of the party leadership in February. A loss in Baja California will be a black mark for this new leadership. The PAM, encouraged by its victories in Sonora and Yucatan, has entered the election this year with new energy, confident that it can win several important contests. The PRI may be at a crossroads. If the PAN shows genuine strength, the PRI may have to decide whether it will permit the growth of a strong competitive party, or whether it will resort to repressive measures to prevent such a development. The elections in the next couple of months may give us an indication as to which way the PRI will go.

INR OFFICE

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE UNR BRIEFING NOTE GIST: FRG and Icelandic Representatives At NATO Report Receipt of Soviet Note on Vietnem.

Secretary

FROM:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 6, 1968 TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

USHATO 3312, June 4, Conf.

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

At senior Polods meeting on June 4 FRG representative municipal called attention to a statement he had circulated on the Soviet note his government had received on Vietname. The Icelandic representative stated that Soviet ambassador had presented Soviet note on Vietnam to Foreign Minister on May 20.

INR Comment: We know of no other NATO countries having received a Soviet note on Vietnam. Apparently the notes to the FRG and ZZE Iceland were similar and appear intended to weaken support for the US position at the Paris talks among the MATO states.

INR OFFICE

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BRIEFER **JPSontag** EXTENSION

Amended NPT And UNGA Resolution

P.M.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
INR BRIEFING NOTE

Romanians Indicate They Are Ready "To Support"

The Director, INR

DATE: June 6

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Rucharest 1776 June 6 Ambassador Davis discussed Romania's attitude on the MPT with Acting Foreign Minister Macovescu June 5. Macovescu indicated that on June 4 Foreign Minister Manescu, current UNGA President, had told Amb. Goldberg and Soviet UNGA Chief Delegate Kuznetsov that Romania has decided "to support" the amended NPT text and the UNGA resolution backing the treaty. He added all Romanian diplomatic missions are being instructed to so inform other governments. In response to Ambassador Davis's query/Mis meant Romania would co-sponsor the treaty, Macovescu was unclear.

INR COMMENT: Over the past few months we have noted increasing indications that Romania having achieved considerable diplomatic mileage out of the NPT negotiations (mainly in underscoring their independence from the Soviets), was moving toward acceptance of an amended treaty during the current UNGA special session. We understand efforts may now be made to persuade the Romanians to sign the treaty along with other ENDC members at Geneva.

INR OFFICE

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE R BRIEFING NOTE GIST:

Soviet Ambassador Warns King Husayn that Israeli Attack is Imminent

The Director, INR

DATE: 6 June 68

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

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CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Ammands 5200, 6 June 68 (Secret/Limdis)

TIME:

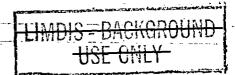
According to King Husayn, the Soviet Ambassador in Amman told him on 4 June that the Israelis were planning a paradrop to occupy Jordanian heights from Irbid to Salt. Ambassador Slyusarenko claimed the information was from "good sources"

INR/RSB Comment

Ababs have been circulating reports of a possible Israeli military action. The Soviet Ambassador's warning bears some similarity to the false information the Soviets passed to Masser and to the Syrians on the eve of the June war that the Israelis were massing on the Syrian border. the latter instance Moscow was probably attempting to encourage a degree of solidarity between Masser and the Syrian regime in the face of a putative Israeli threat, rather than to incite actual conflict. In the present instance the imbassador's intent may have been to persuade the King that the Soviets, in conveying their warning, were motivated by friendship and concern for the security of Jordan. Slyusarenko's effort to encourage the King to believe in the possibility of an imminent attack by Israel may also have been related to Soviet offers of military aid to strengthen and reequip the Jordanian army.

but admitted that he did not have "direct evidence".

Soviet commentaries continue to stress the desirability of a "political" rather than a military solution. Podgornyy's message to King Husayn on Jordan's Independence Day of May 25 stated that "the Soviet Union gives and will continue to give to the Arab peoples and countries aid in the cause of struggle for a political settlement, taking into consideration legitimate Arab rights and interests and for the establishment of a just and sound peace in the Middle East."...



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INR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: LATTH AMERICA: Additional Reactions to the Shooting of Senator Kennedy

TO(

The Director, INR

DATE: June 6, 1968 TIME: 8:00 A.M.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FBIS 19 (Havana) June 6, 1968 Unclassified

Radio Havana compared the shooting of Senator Kennedy with that sof the late President and Rev. Martin Luther King. It attributed the shooting to a conspiracy, possibly directed from the White House, which was intent on preventing certain changes from being made in the US power structure and society! It was said that these men favored the negro and intended to cast doubt on the myth of North American superiority. It concluded that Sen. Kennedy was clearly the front running candidate for president and would have easily been elected in November. Therefore, those who wanted to keep him from the presidency had to have him killed.

The Cubans have been very much influenced by the conspiracy theory of the death of Pres. Kennedy and have avidly followed the publicity 66 James Garrison. It conveniently explains the shooting in terms which fit into Cuban propaganda about the "power centers" in the US and the sickness of US society. There has been some indication that the Castro Government saw some hopeful signs for Cuba in the election of Sen. Kennedy and possibly saw a manufacture of terms of terms on in that event.

F (Buenos Aires) Unclassifiedd June 6, 1968

The official Mexican government party (the FRI) and that of the principal officiation (PAN) issued statements deploring the shooting. The PRI called it another blot on the development of democracy and the PAN said it served as an example of how freedom degenerates into licenticusness and violence when persons lack moral support. The leftist parties supported the idea that it was part of a conspiracy and a sign of US cultural degeneration.

BHIS (Bogota) June 5, 1968

The Colombian Foreign Minister Garman Zea Hernandez issued a statement for the GCC, deploring the attack on Sanator Kennedy and stated that the new act of violence has increased the consternation of mankind that is confronted by a critical international situation. He added that the crimes of this nature have had and will have sarious repercussions on the rest of the world.

Sentiago 3929 Unclassified June 5, 1968 Caracas 6098 Unclassified June 5, 1968

In Chile and Venezuela the US Embassies were swamped with messages of sympathy for the Kennedy family and for the US people. President Frei of Chile issued a statemment deploring the "new workwide phenomenon" but added that violence in Chile is very superficial and localized.

INR OFFICE

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	·	UNCLASSIFIED (Classification)	\longrightarrow PM		
DEPARTMEN STATE			GIST: Media of Communist World on Robert Kennedy Assassination (Roundup No. 2)		
T0:	The Director, INR	DATE: June 6, 1968	COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.		
±	SOURCE(S)	CLASS./CONTROL(S)			
domesi	7 June 6 (Moscow U tic radio June 5) story by Yuriy Babich)	society is in fact i	of the assassin?" "American bourgeo incurably sick." The rich powerful US ational sims, no ideals which can		

13 capture the minds and hearts of the people.. " The US rulers are trying to fill "this political and moral vacuum with anti-communism and enti-Sovietism. RFK shooting following the King essessination "shows vividly that ultra-American reactionaries have started to act more and more im-After the King shooting and LBJ's call for pudently..." nonviolence, "the subsequent bloody reprisals against Regross and against some of the participents of the March of the Poor on Washington, " plus the RFK shooting, show that LBJ's appeal was not beeded.

BIS 10 June 6 (Hungarian UNCL sire service HTI June 5)

The JFK, King, and RFK shootings show that gangsterism is becoming accepted in the US as a means for solving social and political differences. Vietness encouraged this. RFK by turning to opposition to Vietnam and advocacy of the poor the "becoming the most dengerous candidate." "Robert Hermedy was shot by the same political underworld which destroyed his elder brother..." "The aim in both cases was identical: to prevent the emergence of an American policy truly based on the realistic requirements of the world."

UNCL FBIS 16 June 6 (Yugoslav wire evo. Tanyug June 5)

Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Yugoslav National Assembly and former Ambassador to the US: a crime against RFK's program of "peace, cooperation among peoples, and the development of a new, constructive, mpowerful role for America. " RVX was a friend of Yugoslavia. He viewed Vietnam "realistically."

DECL FRIS 19 June 6 (Bavana domestic TV)

Obviously he was murdered to keep him from the White House. where he probably was headed. Sirhan "is after all a byproduct of the violent North American society." It was revealed recently that Kennedy somey was behind Garrison's investigations. "Pres. Johnson's name began to crop up in the investigations by Garrison." Who benefits from keeping RFK from the White House? "The ensuer must be sought in Washington, in the White House.."

FBIS 34 June 6 (TASS pross review June 6)

UNCL

Pravda June 6 (by Vishnevskiy): no one tried to kill RFK when he worked for Sen. Joe McCarthy or "when he faithfully served the ruling class as Attorney General." The "ultras" behan hating him only when he shifted to a summent more

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INR OFFICE BRIEFER EXTENSION WESmith

	UNCLASSIVIED	
DEPARTM. TOF STATE	(Classification) GIST: Media of Communist Worl	d on Robert Kennedy PAGE 2
To: The Director, INR	DATE: June 6, 1968 TIME:	COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.
SOURCE(S)	CLASS./CONTROL(S)	
	Borovik in Sovetskaya Rossi RFE but they proved as poss "Much-vausted American free think differently." Krassa the blood of their viction	was. Hovesti MY correspondent yas The police should have protected writers as in Dallas and Memphis. dom is the freedom to kill those who ya Zvenda (by Leontyev): "Spilling and shedding tears about their fate sation of the bosses of America."
FBIS 35 June 6 (Threne UNCL domestic radio June 5)	Bourgeois parties and group the top government posts.	s in the US stop at nothing to get
FBIS 37 June 6 (Belgrede domestic redio June 5) UNCL	right has united in blind hanything representing social politiciens now explain the not naive, "one can only consincere" They have fosted US a "well financed armed mediant.	ng, end RFK shootings, "the extreme latred and fanatical opposition to all or political progress." "American hir disbelief" But since they are modude that they are not entirely ared anti-communist hysteris. In the account has been organized, and it so of the word." "The assessination perhaps the last warning."
PBIS 42 June 6 (TASS UNCL internatl. June 6)	and orime and violence"	se tragedy with the general atmosphere "This statement by Pres. Johnson was sickness and ulcers of American
PBIS 51 June 6 (Radio USCL Hoscow to Africa 6/6)	_ 	eart and parcel of the American way lered whose political opinions are
FRIS 64 June 6 (Radio UNCL Hanoi to US forces in South VN, June 6)		icy, especially its Vietnem policy.
Harriston de Carreston de Carre		
BIS 77 June 6 (Redic UNCL lenoi in English)	considers his country his o	ent has said the US man in the street me of madman and barbarians." The by US ruling circles to eliminate
INR OFFICE BRIEF	ER	EXTENSION con emother.

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(Classification)

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WBSmith

DEP	ARTMENT	OF STATE
INR	BRIEFIN	IG NOTE

GIST: Media of Communist World on Robert Kennedy ... PAGE 3

The Director, INR

June 6, 1968 DATE:

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S) PBIS 78 June 6 (TASS 6/6) CLASS/CONTROL(S)

UNCL The US is becoming an arena for political bandzityy, writes Paramonov in the weekly Life Abroad. The RFK shooting "brings to the fore again with new force the sinister role played by the FBI and CIA.. " which "remain a grim embodiment of the police state which the US has become." "The FBI and CIA, many researchers says were implicated in the assessingtion of Pres. Kennedye B J. Edgar Hoover called Martin Luther King a liar, Ecover prompted the assessins. He invented "a slanderous version that behind this sourder was a 'communist conspiracy. 10

Reuters from Moscow 6/6 UNCL

Prayda June 6, on a different page from its comment on the RFK assassination, told readers in a brief item that the eseassin was an Arab refugee. The comment however implied RFK was killed by rightiste.

Heuters from Moscow 6/6 UNCL

Isvestiya in the evening of June 6 reported that the chief suspect was a Palestinian Arab, but said that any US news media stressing this point were trying to shield "the American way of life, the true oulprit of the tragedy in Los Angeles. " The Isveetiya report of RFK's death was on the front page. (Apparently other Soviet newspapers so far have sidestepped the Arab origin of the Sirhan.

THR comment: A more sum sophisticated explanation concerning Sirban's Arab origin may yet appear in Soviet media.

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(Clussification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE

The Director, INR

GIST: Czechoslovakia: Press Freedom, Trade Union Authority, Right of Political Clubs to Criticize CP, Becoming Issues; A Railroad Station Good on Strike

DATE: June 6, 1968 TIME: regular a.m.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

Prague press published June 5 Sik's speech at May plenum LOU Frague tel 2295 June 5 in which he strongly defended the role of journalists, in sharp contrast with Dubcek's statement at plenum on press's role.

Meeting of Central Trade Union Council which opened June marked by outspoken views, including a call for leaving

the decision to call strikes to unions.

and wounding of honest functionaries."

FBIS 13 June 6 UNCL (Prague home radio June 5)

The Secretary of the CP Aktiv of the Gettwaldov District (of Prague) at a June 5 meeting said the Party rightly suspended members for illegalities during Novotny's rale of "personal power," would defer decisions on these cases pending proof. Meanwhile, CP would uphold its democratic course, despite voices opposed to the Party, especially in the ranks of the K-231 Club. He cited speeches by Club members in 4 different cities attacking the CP and called 2 of the speakers former agents of foreign intelligence, adding "such incitement against the Party has already prevoked close to 50 cases of assaults upon

IS 74 June 5 UNCL Prague home radio June 5)

The June 5 Mlada Fronta complained about Dubock's plenum statement criticising the press and also the delays in releasing the May plenum materials, saying the population should have been able to read these things in the press immediately.

FBIS 15 June 6 (Prague home radio June 5)

More than 100 workers at a RR station stopped work June ! June 5 they were joined by the morning shift. "The strikers demanded" the removal of the management. The management was suspended pending an investigation, and the RR station resumed operations.

INR comment: The RR station incident was not a conventional strike, apparently, since economic or social grievances are not mentioned. However, the event is remarkable for a communist country and may be related to the trade union meeting in Prague, where there have been ealls for more worker authority.

INR OFFICE RSB

BRIEFER

UNCL

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CORPTORMITAL

(Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE MA RITANIA:

Labor Strife Continues to Pose Security

Threat

The Director, INR

DATE: 6/6/68 TIME: 8 a.m.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(\$)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

Dakar 2946 6/4 (rec'd 6/5) C President Says Anarchy Intolerable, Steps Being Taken.

(map attached)

Dakar radio carried portions of a speech by President Flokter ould Paddah in which he said, referring to current labor unrest at Miferma/mine near Zoverate: (A) he, Moktar, could not p rait anarchy, (b) with labor federation taking steps to restore calm, (c) and although situation not yet entirely restored, he confident that Mauritanian security forces would preserve order.

(Dakor) British Embassy has report (unconfirmed) that some Chicom personnel had been seen mingling with workers during riots at Miferma.

Commander French Forces est Africa said, at Moktar's request, French parachute company had been ready leave Dakar Friday for Zouerate on 3 hour notice. Woktar wired French troops not needed and that his forces had situation under control.

Dakar 2973, 6/5 CONFIDENTIAL

Press Reports 6/5 described demonstrations by students in Nouakchott against "massacre of Louerste" for "more than one hour despite efforts forces of order." Press reports of Mokter Aune 3 speech rptd when security forces unable to calm workers at ouerate May 27, they were directed to "shoot at their legs." Casualties: 8 dead, 23 wounded. Moktar told students that continued trouble would only cause them to lose one year of study,

IND RAF COMMENTS: The frence admission that troops had been standing by last friday shows that labor strife at Miferma, thought fairly common phenomenon, had Moktar really worried. (He did not use French assistance in quelling a 1965 riot in Touerate, even though at that time Europeans were threatened by unruly mob action.) These tate admissions of the seriousness of last week's events could mean the Mauritanian Government feels secure enough now to talk about the problem --- introckion cook kniker As f r the Chicoms, their sid effort is concentrated at opposite mole (south

(Classification)

INR OFFICE

DAF

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

Scott/Webbink

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SMILLION CLAL

CONFIDENTIAL

(Classification)

INR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: Cenherra Bombers to be delivered to Ethiopia beginning July 15; Move will strain UK/Somalia relations &

Ethiopia/Somalia Detente

TO:

The Director, INR

DATE:

June 6, 1968 carly am

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

USDAO-Addis Ababa 0395 Jrm 68 - CONFIDENTIAL

Ethiopia's purchase of 4 Camberra bombers from British Aircraft Corporation discussed by DAtt with UK Milreps. First bomber is due arrive Ethiopia on or about July 15; remaining 3 will arrive at 30 day intervals thereafter.

Four IEAF pilots being trained in UK to fly Camberras. However, original agreement ignored or failed to see that crew of navigator/observers also needed. IEAF unwilling pay projected high RAF costs for their training in UK.

Mogediscio 3286, 5 June 68, CONFIDENTIAL

RAF Squadron leader sent to Ethiopia to determine whether carry out training in Ethiopia with RAF or civilian instructors, and IEAF ability to pay costs. British Amb. in Somalia commented that possible dispatch of RAF personnel to Ethiopia to conduct training would have negative effect on UK position in Somalia.

/RAF Note: UK-Somalia relations were only just reestablished at the beginning of 1968. 7

etate 177225, 5 June 68, CONFIDENTIAL

HMG has decided RAF officers should not be involved in training. Training will be provided by BAC. Embassy officer unsure whether training to be in UK or Athiopia but thought partly in both.

INR/RAF Comment: Arrival of Canberra bombers will in any case put a strain not only on OK/Somalia relations but also on Sthi-pia/Somalia detente -- reinforcing Somalia fears (particularly fears of Somali military) that athicpia is taking advantage of the detente. (Senior Somali Matienal Army officers have been exerting increasing pressure on Somali President Scermarche and Prime Minister Egal for a stronger military policy.)

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

RAF

J.B.Webbink (G.Kinter)

5077

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

(Classification)

INR BRIEFING NOTE

The Director, INR

following anti-American Press Attacks, Demands CSL Issue
Public Charification of its US policy; Palmer Still Undecide

DATE: TIME: June 6, 1968 early A.M.

& Asked Toure to Intervene
COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING
NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

TO:

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Freetown 1904, 5 June 68 CONFIDENTIAL

Despite assuranced received yesterday from Minister of External Affairs, GSL-owned "D ily Mail" published June 5 editorial attacking US Ambassador and Peace Corps.

Ambassador Miner has demanded that GSL issue immediately a public clarifteation of recent anti-American incidents and mt a statement that it supports and desires continued Peace Corps and other US aid. If GSL does not agree, Amb. reluctantly recommends that Asst. Secy. Palmer cancel his visit / scheduled to begin June 6 - today.

Freetown 1909, 5 June 68 OONFIDENTIAL

No Satisfactory Response from External Affairs as of 1700 Greenwhile, privately managed daily "Unity" carried its second attack on the Peace Corps, magain accusing it of connections with US intelligence. Amb. Miner again recommends that Palmer visit be cancelled as sign of US displeasure.

Conekry 1768, 5 June 68 CONFIDENTIAL Palmer, in Conakry, concerned (after reception first telegram cited above) that cancellation visit may appear give credence ridichlous charges / that Peace Corps associat with American Intelligence Service etc. / Considering somewhat delayed and curtailed trip, perhaps to Freeteen by Abidjan Air Attache plane, if available.

Conakry 1770, 5 June 68 CONFIDENTIAL Palmer discussed situation frankly with Pres. Toure, who is sending his Amb. back to Freetown 6/6 with a message to Siaka. Palmer will stay in Conakry and wait results of this demarche -- hoping to use Abidjan plane to fixed leave Conakry 6/7 and fly either to Freetown or Abidjan.

INR/RAF Comment: The recent and continuing series of anti-American outbursts appears to be the work of radical activists in Prime Minister Siaka Stevens' governing All People's Congress (APC) party. Though Stevens himself has sometimes taken an anti-Mastern, anti-American line, we doubt he intended to let things go this far. But it has become increasingly apparent that the newly-seated PM is unable to exert his authority over the party, army, or police and is justifiably fearful of opponents within and outside of this regime.

INR OFFICE

BRIEFER

ER L. Shurtleff J.B.Webbink EXTENSION

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EFFORM IN ARRESTS

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NR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: YTATT: Royalists May Declare Sanda New Capital of Yesen

The Socretary
From: The Director, INR

DATE: JUMO 6, 1968 TIME: 0800

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

TDES 314/09106-68

SECRET/NFD

According to the political supervisor for the Saudi radio and TV, the Yeneni Royalists will shortly amounce the moving of the capital of Yemen from Sanaa to Saeda, where they will then set up a government. When questioned whother this might be a first step towards a de facto partition of Yemen into a Royalist Yaydi north and a Ropablican Shaf'i south, the Saudi official said no, since the Saudis were still opposed to any partition concept. However, it will have a partial partition effect as the Royalists will try to gain international recognition for their now regime inside Yemen.

ER Comment:

The Saudis, fed up with a poor Boyalist military showing against the Republicans, in early May gave the Royalists on ultimatum to reorganize themselves and move their regime out of audi territory into Yosen - or face the less of Saudi aid. The report that Sauda will be the new Royalist capital therefore is not surprising. (Sauda, the largest town in north Yosen, is located about 25 miles south of the Saudi frontier on the caravan route from Majran.) The still unanswered question is: that will happen within the Royalist leadership? Gooded by the Saudis, the Royalists finally met at Sauda from April 25 to May 1 in order to deal with the problem of the Imam Radr's faltering leadership. Prince Maharmed bin Musaya energed with a mandate for Mamid al Din (the ruling dynasty) leadership, but thus far Badh has refused to quit. While Mahammad bin Musaya probably will retain his de facto leadership, the Sadr-Mahammad toy-of-war will further split and weaken the already bedly divided Royalists. In addition, recent intelligence reports indicate that several key tribes in the important Same and northwest Yeren areas have defected (or are about to defect) from the Royalist side.

Uhile the Republicans could be expected to capitalize on current Royalist weaknesses, factionalism within the Republican camp may well prevent the all Amri regime from pressing the situation to full advantage. However, all Amri still has a functioning air force, and could make life in Saeda extremely unphersent for its Reyalist occupants. As for the question of international recognition, the Royalists probably will not have to expend much worry about setting up a diplomatic quarter... no rush of diplomats to Saeda is expected.

INR OFFICE	BRIEFER	EXTENSION
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NR BRIEFING NOTE

ST: AFF Purports to Have Kosygin-Bubcek Agreement; All Reported Points Unobjectionable to Prague

The Director, INR

DATE: June 5,1968 5:45

TIME:

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING
NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

TO:

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

PBIS 09, June 5

The Prague correspondent of the French newsagency claims to have pieced together the results of Kosygin's recent negotiations with Dubcek and other Czechoslovak leaders from reports that have since filtered through. He states that the Soviet leader's talks apparently ended in the following gentleman's agreement:

- -- the Czechoslovak CP will not permit its leadership role to be questioned
- -key posts will continue to be staffed by communists -no opposition party will be permitted
- -both sides will consult each other before major political decisions
- -- Czechoslovakia will remain vigilant along its Western border Another point of agreement might bear on the inspection of Czechoslovak forces by the Warsaw Pact commander

INR Comment: All of the above have been traditional Dubcek positions which have been for the most part officially stated—most recently on the occassion of the 4-day Czechoslovak CP Central Committee plenum ending June 1.AFP concedes that it did not obtain official confirmation of this tacit agreement, which in any case does not endanger Dubcek's democratization process. The report strikes us as something Czech political and journalistic sources (mentioned in AFP story) would gladly leak to the West. This, however, does not preclude the possibility that the above is the totality of what Kosygin obtained.

INR/RSB Matusek EXTENSION
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DEPARTMENT OF STATE
INR BRIEFING NOTE

on Dilemmas of French Communists With Seeming Candor

The Director, INR

DATE: 6-6-68 TIME: Reg Morning

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

\$OURCE(\$)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Paris 15628 6-6-69 Confidential/LIMDIS



Reporter Marcel Roques commented on the negiative aspects of May events upon the PCF. The main optimistic note was PCF might succeed in greatly outpolling the Federation and this become the unequivocal first party of the left. But personally he thought Gaullists would win. He spoke disparagingly of the super-cautious, sclerotic PCF byreaucracy during the crisis. He talked at length about the dissension within the party and prospect for serious trouble if PCF lost election.

Embassy notes that <u>Humanite</u> article on "The Party's Relations With the Intellectuals" on June 5 is frankest acknowledgment in years of dissension within party and goes beyond what even Roques had to say about developing serious differences within party.

NR OFFICE

BRIEFER

EXTENSION

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WPDeary

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Confidential/LTADIS

(Classification)

ORM DS-1118

DocId:33061196 Page 127

DEPARTMENT OF STATE NR BRIEFING NOTE GIST: SIGNEGAL: Situation Returning to Normal, Cebinet Shuffle expected today; Amb. Brown Concerned that Americans Be Scapegoat for Turmoil since rumors of this apreading

The Director, INR

DATE: Jume 6, 1968 TIME: early a.m.

_ _ COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE \int

SOURCE(S)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Dakar 2966, 5 June 66, CONFIDENTIAL

USE ONLY

LIMDIS-BACKGROUND

Dakar calm and life returning to normal. All banks now open, though under military guard. Currew still strickly enforced. French forces / 2000 stationed in Senegal / have all been returned to base as well as most Senegalese army units. Arrest open on 24-hour basis.

Sengher, at cabinet meeting 6/3, said would announce cabinet chuffle 6/6/2222 general since conference and conference decided sanctions would not be applied against public sector workers provided they returned to work 6/5. Preparations being med& for normal administration of exams in lycees; arrested lycee students have been released. Last two union leaders still under arrest expected to be released 6/5.

Embassy Comment: Understand Senghor is about to announce drastic reductions in salaries of deputies and winisters. Rumor also that he might reinstate 12-month scholarships for university students which would persumably permit, reopening of university in October-November. (Deputies salary cuts would pay for/Scholarships.)

Benghor meeting with UPS leadership 6/5 to discuss ministerial shuffle. Expect Minister of Information be dropped (for ineptitude with foreign press, imposition of press censorships for two days without Songhor permission, haste in publishing list of arrested labor leaders). Senghor also likely pick one of labor leaders to enter cabinet.

Dakar 2971, 5 June 68, CONFIDENTIAL

Ambassador Brown Concerned that in search for scapegoat for recent turmoil in Senegal, rumors are drifting already that Americans were involved. Rumors being inflated by certain anti-Americans always anxious to cause friction wexte between US and Senegal. Brown has discussed rumors with French Ambassador and has asked appointment with Senghor next week to discuss and condemn rumors.

RAF Comment: Senghor has reportedly ordered a thorough investigation of all foreign contacts with the Senegalese labor movement in order to determine the degree of involvement of any foreign power in the May 31 general strike. There are US labor ties with Senegalese unions, and some recent reports indicated that President Senghor is suscicious of them.

FICE

BRIEFER

J.D. Wabbink

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CONFIDERATION - LIM DIG

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COMPIDENTIAL.

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE INR BRIEFING NOTE

Ambassador Holds Talk With President-Elect Arias GIST: PANAMA:

The Director, INR

DATE: June 6, 1968 TIME: 8 :00 A.M.

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(\$)

CLASS-/CONTROL(S)

Panasa 3610 June 5, 1968

TO:

Confidential

On invitation from Dr. Armulfo Arias, the Ambassador went to the President-dect's home and engaged in conversation concerning Panamenian-US relations. Arias expressed his desire to buil cordial relations between Panama and the US and the Canal Zone. He recognized the need for political stability in Panama and voiced the hope that the electoral system could be improved in the future to avoid many of the unfortunate events of the recent campaign. Arias deplored the tone and tactics of the local news media and declared his intention of meeting with them in the future to discuss "raising the moral level of the local madia." He commented on the importance of maintaining continuous progress in AID programs and alluded to the possible need for budgetary sup-The local press later learned of the meet ing and the Embassy issued a short statement.

INR/RAR Comment: It appears that Arias is indeed anxious to have good relations with the US. He made several overtures t the Ambassador before the elections and has tried to be somewhat more responsible in his public comments concerning the US. It will be were much more difficult, however, oneethe Canal Treaties come up for renegotiation. He is slightly more vulnerable to nationalistic elements, as many believe that the US helped insuro his election. In order not to appear to be the "US man he will have to demonstrate his Panamenismo at the same time. His statement on the radio broadcasts refers to the wild Yankoe baiting which has been encouraged by the pro-Samudio camp. Many of the stations are now reportedly in the hands of pro-communists who have used the charge of US intervention in

INR OFFICE

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CONFIDENTIAL

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(Classification)

the elections to good advantage.

SECRET/NOFORN

(Classification)

INR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: SOMALIA: Scheduled "General Strike" Unlikely to Endanger
Prime Minister Egal's Government

The Director, INR

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FIME: Mrs. 20 carly as

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INC BRIDEING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

TDCS 111/09137-68 S/NOFORN 6/1/63 (Source: a junior police officer of untested reliability.)

The Somali National Police are concerned that demonstrations and looting may occur during the general strike called for June 10. Source Comment: The strike action was initiated on May 16 by the General Confederation of Somali Lebor (COSL) — an affiliate of the Communist—controlled World Federation of Trade Unions — because Prime Minister Egal refused to meet union representative to hear their grievances against the government. The strike is being called in the ports of Mogadiscio and Merca and the agricultural centers of Balad and Giohar.

TECS 314/09144-68 - S/NOFERN 6/4/68 (Source: a foreigner with close personal relations with a number of Somali leaders. His reporting has generally been accurate.)

According to Hagi Mohamed Hussein, president of the Socialist Democratic Union (SDU), the Soviet Embassy is anxious to have the Egal government fall and has instructed Yusuf Osman Samantar "Berdaad" (a member of the SDU executive committee) to work in this direction. The Soviets have furnished "Berdaad" with an unknown amount of money to distribute to various unions for their support of the strike. Hagi Mohamed does not think the general strike will be particularly effective and implie he is keeping Somali President Abdirascid ali Scermarke informed of SDU activities.

INR/RAF Comment: Labor in Somalia is neither "organised" in the Western sense nor as yet a political force of any consequence. Like everything else in Somalia, the unions are divided along tribal and regional lines. The COSL is just one of several labor "confederations" and although it has made some gains recently as the result of new funds (presumably Soviet), better organiser and friction within and between the other labor groups, it is still believed to be weak and probably ineapable of organising a very wide-spread strike.

We find it hard to believe at this point that the Soviets are actively seeking to topple Egal although they are undoubtedly unhappy about his moves toward the West. If they are seeking to topple him, they are leaning on weak reeds if they are relying on the SDU (a small opposition party with its own internal divisions) and the CGSL to do the job. Previous Communist efforts to organise demonstrations (e.g., during Vice President Humphrey's visit to Mogadiscio last January) did not produce very impressive results. Tribal divisions — and the fact that the government is apprised of the organisers' plans — make it unlikely that the elements opposing Egal's policies will suddenly coalesce on the labor issue and confront him with a situation modeled on the recent French

INR OFFICE

OCCUPANT OF

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SECTION NOTES

CONFIDENTIAL

(Classification)

INR BRIEFING NOTE

GIST: JAPAN/CHINA: Japan will probably not follow Canadian lead in recognizing Peking reime — at least, not yet.

The Director, INR

DATE: June 6, 1968
Time: regular morning

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(\$)

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

Tokyo's 8959, Confidential 6/5/68

The Chief of the China section of the Foreign Ministry has told an Embassy Officer that so long as Sato is Premier, Japan is not likely to recognize the Chinese People's Fepublic. However, GOJ is unlikely to pressure the Canadians to refrain from recognizing the Peking regime.

Should Canada proceed to recognize Peking, the Chief of the China Section predicted that the political opposition and anti-Sato groups in the Liberal Democratic Party would attack the Sato government as "even more slavish in its attitude toward the US than the Canadians.

REALCOMMENT: So far neither the Japanese press nor the parliamentary opposition has the process of the Prime Minister Trudeau's comment that he wants to recognize the Chinese Communist government. At the moment the press and the opposition are having a field day with the alleged radiation of Sasebo harbor and the crash of a US fighter aircraft at Kyushu University in Fukuoka. As interest in these issues wanes, attention is likely to focus again on the Sato government's position with regard to the recognition of Peking. Canadian recognition — particularly if followed by the establishment of diplomatic relations — would probably strengthen the particular position of those factions of the Liberal Democratic Party who favor the establishment of relations with Peking and consequently weaken Sato's prospects for retaining the premiership following the elections for Party President in December.

HEA Cheatham/Keogh Extension

CONFIDENTIAL.

SECRET/NOPORIA

(Classification)

INR BRIEFING NOTE

CAMBODIA: Sihenouk Again Blasts Pathet Lao Chief Souphsnouvong; Foreign Minister Complains to DRV/NIF Reps.

DATE:

Unal.

June 6, 1968 Morning

COMMENTS CONTAINED IN INR BRIEFING NOTES ARE INITIAL AND TENTATIVE.

SOURCE(S)

The Director, INR

CLASS./CONTROL(S)

FE S Book, 6/4/68 pp. H2 and 3 (Phnom Penh Radio, 5/30/68)

Sibanouk Blasts Souphanouvons: Executes 9 PL

On May 29, Prince Sihanouk accused Pathet Lac Chief, Prince Scuphanouvong of wanting "to seize Khmer territory." He announced that "we have already executed nine partisans of Scuphanouvong. That is our answer to that Lactian red prince, a lackey of the Viet Minh..."

COMMENT: This is the second time that Sihanouk has publicly denounced Souphanouveng.

(On May 23, he called Souphanouveng "a baleful prince of Leos...who is more dangerous than Souvanna Phoums because he is pushed from behind by the Viet Minh.) However, this is the first time that he has mentioned the execution of "nine partisans of Souphanouveng."

CS 314/09181-68

Secret/ Noforn Foreign Minister Complains to DRV/NIP Reps.

(Generally reliable source, from the Cambodian Emboff) In late May, the First Secretary of the Cambodian Embassy in Tokyo said that Cambodian Foreign Minister Phurissara had recently called in the DRV Ambassador (Nguyen Thuong) and the NLF Representative (Nguyen Van Hieu) to bring to their attention evidence of Vietnamese Communist involvement in the Khmer Rouge insurgency in northeastern Cambodia and other parts of the country. (Source comment: the First Secretary did not elaborate.)

COMMENT: This is the first report we have seen re a Cambodian complaint to the Vietnamese Communists concerning their part in the insurgency. Sihanouk alluded to a possible confrontation of this nature on May 18 when he revealed that "the Viet Minh and Viet Cong" denied they were behind the "Lactian" activities. The Vietnamese Communists argued that it was "the pro-US Vietnamese who did it"--i.e. Vietnamese ordered by the US to disguise themselves as Viet Minh, Viet Cong, and Pathet Lac. Sihanouk claimed he replied to them: "If you say so, I am glad it was the pro-US Vietnamese whom we fought with so fiercely." "If we liquidated the VC and VM that would be terrible. I had many of them reasted."

INR OFFICE

REA

BRIEFER

Kobayashi/Keogh

EXTENSION

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-SECRET/NOFORM

(Classification)

iw 31097 DocId: 33061196 Page 132