Q You met him? No, I was with him all the way and nobody got in between us. BY SGT. MELENDRES: Q Through the kitchen? No, through the pantry doors. A Q Through the pantry doors? Into what is the kitchen more or less, the start of the kitchen right by the ice machines just where I started to walk by the ice machines which were at the end of the table where these people were standing, and this guy, he was wearing at the time, he had a blue jacket on, powder blue. BY SGT. PACHETT: Light blue? Light blue, and a white shirt and he had blue pants and I believe they had black checks, I'm not sure. Would you describe the pants as light or dark? Light blue, light blue pants. If you looked at the pants would you say they were light or dark? Light. All right. And he was sitting there -- he was in kind of in a funny position, because he was kind of down -- like if he were trying to protect himself from something. Sitting where?

roim 623 (R-3-4)

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A He wasn't sitting, he was like in a crouch.

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

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He wasn't sitting, he was like in a crouch. BY SGT. MELENDRES: Crouched? " Q He was standing, but crouched. 5 BY SGT. PACHETT: 6 Kennedy is waling towards him? 7 Walking towards him, Well, he stopped to shake hands 8 with, I guess it was the dishwasher, and then Martin shook his 9 hand, the same waiter that was taling to me. He was directly 10 across from me at the time. 11 BY MR. HOWARD: 12 Is that Martin Polotsky (phonetic)? 13 Yes sir, and he was directly across from me. 14 BY SGT. PACHETT: 15 Now at this particular moment are there still two 16 people between you and the Senator? 17 No, at this time there are -- Mr. Kennedy, the young 18 man who got shot, the boy, and there was no one in front of me, 19 You wore on Mr. Kennedy's left side or right? 20 Right side near the ice machines. And who was next to you to your left? 22 Oh, a crowd of people. There was a green barrier 23 with, you know, those plastic leaves, and it was on a white thing we use as screens. 25 Okay. Q 26 There was that and there was some people, and I

Konyan 623 (20-31-4)

don't know how many people, but they -- as I was getting squeezed closer and closer to the ice machines because the crowd was pushing in on him and he tried to shake as many hands as he could, and then this guy, I thought he was going to go and shake his hand cause he had his hand down like this.

Q "Was his one hand down and the other hand covering it

A Yes, like if he tried to push the people away from his hand, like if he had a sore hand or something, and then he kind of swung around and he went up on his — like on his tiptoes — and he stuck over with the gun and he shot, you know, and the first shot I don't know where it went, but I know it was either his second or third one that hit Mr. Kennedy and after that I had blood all over my face from where it hit his head, because my glasses — Martin saw the blood all over my face — he's the only one that could vouch for that — because he wa directly with me, looking straight at me. And the other man, who was behind Mr. Kennedy, all I remember is he was the last man they took out of the hotel. I believe he was shot in the head, I'm not sure, but he fell in my arms.

Q The other man?

A The other man fell in my arms and the boy was next. He fell after Mr. Ucker (phonetic) grabbed the gun --- which is a captain there.

- Q Excuse me, who grabbed the gun?
- A Mr. Carl Ucker.
- Q Who is Mr. Carl Ucker?

Form 613 07-34

A . He's the captain in banquets. He works for my father. BY MR. HOWARD: Ucker? U-c-h-r-e? Ucker, U-c-k-e-r or something. BY SGT. PACHETT: It sounds like Ucker. I'm not sure, I'm sorry. Let's take a moment now, and we will talk about the fellow who you saw with the gun in his hand. First of all, what nationality? ! How would you 11 12 describe this man? 13 A. Latin. 14 Latin? 15 A Latin, a man about --Excuse me, what is the youngestthis person could 16 possibly be? 18 The youngest? Yes, in your opinion? 19 Maybe 23. He would have to be at least 23? At least; something like that. '. What's the oldest he could possibly be? 23. I don't think older than 28. 24 A 25 Somewhere between 23 and 28. About how tall would this person be?

Approximately, I guess, 5'4" . 4 miles 1 How tall are you? 5'10", I'm not sure. 3 So he appeared to be somewhat shorter than you? Q Yes, he was. He was shorter than I was. 5 A Q. . And how would you describe his build? 6 7 A He was slender. Slender? Q 8 Slender build. He must not have weighed over 120 po 9 pounds, I don't think he could have. 10 How about the color of his har? Q 11 Dark brown or black, but it was wavy. A 12 . Wavy? Q 13 Wavy, yes. It looked wavy at the time. 14 Did this man have sideburns? 15 I didn't notice, I'm sorry. 16 Did his hair look short or long or was it just an 17 ordinary haircut? 18 It looked like an ordinary Latin -- the way they 19 wear their har. 20 Well, how do the ordinary Latins wear their hair? 21 Kind of back a little I guess because I really didn't 22 take notice of his hair. All I could see was the gun, you know, and he had a stupid smile on his face at the time. 24 Do you think you could recognize this man if you 25 ever saw him again? 26

Norm 633 (8-3-4

Yes, definitely. Is there any question in your mind? A No, none at all, because I'll never forget the way he looked at me. All right. 5 Do you want to know where he was standing? BY SGT. MELENDRES: No, we'll get to that before we finish. Give us a 8 . Q description of how he was dressed, as best as you can. When I saw him first there was a girl behind him too 10 I don't know if you need that. There were two people that I 11 12 saw. BY SGT. PACHETT: Excuse me one moment. Let's take first what he's 14 Q 15 wearing. 16 A Okay. Does he have on a jacket? 17 Q He had a blue jacket on. 18 Q Was this a sport coat? 19 A A sport coat. This has no zipper, it has buttons? 21 Q 22 A Buttons. Like a suit coat, only a sport coat? 23 24 A Right. And what color is this? 25 Q Blue, powder blue. 26

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Powder blue? Yes. Quite light? Q Quite light. A His shirt that he was wearing --Q 6 As far as I could tell it was light. A Was he wearing a tie? Q. 8 No. sir. No tie. How about the trousers? 10 They were blue, possibly with fine black checks on 11 I'm not sure of that, but they were a light blue. 12 All right, did you see his shoes? 13 No sir, I did not. 14 'Did you see any jewelry on his hands? 15 No, I didn't, I'm sorry. 16 All right. Now you say you saw a gun in this man's 17 hand? 18 Yes sir, I did. 19 What was the color of this gun? ' 20 It looked like black, not black, but blue -- what is it they call it -- it's real dark blue. 22 All right, that's sufficient. Are you familiar with 23 guns at all? 24 Yes sir, I am. 25 Do you know the difference between a revolver and 26 an automatic?

Form 628 (R-3-4)

The only difference I know is that an automatic is 1 like a 45, that's the only kind of gun I can remember. 2 3 All right, do you know what a clip is? 4 A . Yes.. 5 All right, now this particular type of gun, did it 6 look like an automatic? 7 No, it looked like a revolver, a snub-nosed revolver like the police have, you know, it couldn't have been longer 8 than this By "longer than this" you are referring to the length 10 Q. 11 of a ball point pen or perhaps a little longer? A little longer, maybe one inch longer than a ball 12 13 point pen. 14 Q That's what you saw? 15 That's what I saw from my position. A 'Do you recall which hand this gun was in, if any? 16 0 17 A I think it was the right because when -- he had to 18 stretch -- it looked as though it was this hand, because you see, in all the bouncing around, all I could see was the gun. 19 20 Uh hum. And I didn't take notice. I tried to, you know 21 22 everybody tried to put their hands up. 23 When you first saw this man you say that he was 24 slightly bent over? 25 . A Yeah, I though he was sick. I thought somebody was 26 sick. Could you wee his entire body?

Form 618 (R-3-4)

No, he was -- he looked as though he was crouched. Were there people in front of him? Yes, two grown -- two big men -- in front of him. I don't know who they were. Yet you describe the man when there are two big men in front of him, how do you do this? Because he had to step, well he did, he pushed with this hand. You see, when he had to step over --Prior to this, when you say you saw him slightly 10 bent over --11 Yes, yes, he was up on the trays. He was up on the tray stand. 12 13 Q He was up on the tray stand? Yes, he was up looking, you know, and he was looking 14 15 around and this was when we first came in. 16 Excuse me, how stalk is a tray stand, as tall as a Q 17 table? No, no, the trays were piled up, but maybe four 19 inches off the ground and he stood on this. 20 And you could see him at that time? Yes, you could see him good. He was the only one 21 that was standing up on that side. Then there was no one else on that side, is that Q. right? 25 No, there wasn't. And then as the Senator walked towards this man, 26 somebody got in front of him?

Powm 623 (R-3-4)

of turned and said something. I don't know what he said. You did see him speak to her? He turned as though he did say something, whether he Did she move her mouth like she was speaking to him? But in other words, he was looking towards, say, the He was holding on up here and there was another pole behind him, where she was holding on and he turned like this, as though to say something, and whether his lips moved or not I douldn't see that. And it was after he turned and she smiled? And would it seem to you that she smiled at something Or that she was smiling because the Senator was No. when she first entered she looked as though

All right, this girl, what nationality would you

No, all I know is she was white.

Yes, a Caucasian girl. A 2 What is the youngest this girl could be? Q 3 21, 20, 21. A 4 At least 20 or 21? Q 5 A Yes. 6 Would you have no question about serving her a drink Q 7 in a bar? A On no, no. Q She was definitely of age? 10 A Yes. 11 What is the oldest you think she was? Q 12 I don't know, about 24. A 13 Q All right, how tall was this girl? 14 I really couldn't determine because I only saw her A 15 in the dining room. I never seen, saw her standing on the 16 ground. In relation to the fellow who was standing on the 17 Q 18 tray thing that we discussed, that was four inches above the 19 ground, where was her head in relation to his body; were they about the same height at that time or --21 You could say approximately. A 22 Well, when they turned to talk to her --Q 23 A They were almost eye level. 24 They were almost eye level at that time? Q 25 But, you see, with the tray stand you would never know how it's balanced. I don't know whether one end was

higher because the way it is now, it's central, it's not equalized. So, you couldn't really --Q A You can't really judge, no. How about her build, could you see it? Q , Oh yeah. A "On yeah," what does that mean? Q 8 A Very shapely. 9 She wasn't skinny, she wasn't fat? 10 No. A 11 What was this girl wearing? 12 She had a white dress with -- it looked like either black or dark violet polka dots on it and kind of a bively (phonetic) like collar. 15 A what kind of collar? A thing that goes around like that. I don't know 16 A 17 what they call it. 18 BY MR. HOWARD: 19 Pretty greasy looking? . You could go out -- you couldn't go to the Coconut Grove with it, you know, but it was a nice dress to dress up 22 in, a nice dress. 23 BY SGT. PACHETT: 24 How about this girl's hair, what color was it? 25 Brown I would say, a brunette. A 26 Your hair is brown?

Kaym 623 (6-3-4)

1	A	Yes.
2	. Q ,	Lighter or darker than your's?
3	A '	A little darker than mine.
4	Q	Was it long or short or what?
5	A	I would say about to here, not much longer.
6	Q	Just above the shoulders?
7	A	Just above the shoulders kind of
8	BY SCT. M	ELENDRES:
9	Q	To her neck?
l o	A	Yes, about the neck, maybe just a little longer,
11	I don't k	now.
12	BY SGT. P.	ACHETT:
13	Q	Was it straight or curly?
4	, A	One side was a little puffed up a little.
15	Q	Did you see anyone else with this girl, that you
16	recall?	
17	A	Not that I recall. Those were the only two people I
18	saw on th	e tray stand.
19	Q	All right, did you see this girl after the shooting?
20	A	No, I was too busy trying to see what I could do.
21	Q .	Do you recall seeing her during the shooting?
22	A	No, I just saw the girl and I forget about her and
23	everythin	g else but the gun.
24	Q	Did you hear any comment or any statement made? What
25	do you re	call hearing at the time of the shooting, anything?
26	Anybody h	coller something?

Forem 623 (203-4

No. all I remember is one person just a split second before the gun went off, "Grab him," and that was it. You heard somebody say, "Grab him?" A Yes. Did you see anybody grab this person. Yes, Mr. Rafer Johnson and the other big Colored guy, I don't know his name, that had a beard. Q Do you know Rafer Johnson? Yes, he used to be on TV, a sportscaster. I've seen him on TV. And you observed Rafer Johnson grab this man? Evidently, yeah, I thought he was going to break his ribs but he evidently pushed or grabbed him. In a bear hug? He looked as though he grabbed him bear hug like, but all the people jumping on top of this one man, it was very hard to see what happened exactly, then that other big Colored guy got him and I could have -- I know he put him against the heater. We have -- it's a long -- it looks like a stainless steel cabinet that we heat all the plates in. · Uh hum. And he pushed his stomach right into that. BY SGT. MELENDRES: The plate heater? Q The plate heater, right. It's, well, it's --A.

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BY SGT. PACHETT:

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Q So this man is facing the back of the fellow that did the shooting?

A Yes, he had him first, but by that time he had shot.

I heard four distinct shots.

Q Let me ask you this. Is there any doubt in your mind that the fellow that you saw pushed over this plate heater was the same person that you saw with the gun in his hand?

A There was no doubt about it; it was, because he still had the gun in his hand.

Q He did?

A Yes.

Q As far as the shooting was concerned, how many shots did you hear, do you recall?

A IT saw the first two go off. I saw them actually --

Q You saw the flash?

A The flash, I saw the powder burn and I saw those two go off and after the second one I couldn't see because I had blood all over my face. And I didn't get it all over me, why I didn't get it all over me but I got all smashed up when the guy fell on me, when he fell down right on top of my hands, and the other boy, I tried to grab him when he fell. When he got shot it was in the leg or some place.

BY MR. MURPHY:

Q Right after the shooting when Rafer Johnson, if it

Form 628 (R-3-4)

Form 612 (70.3.4

Form 633 (R.3.4

Know 420 (2.2.4

He was there but he didn't see it because he had just turned away. BY SGT. PACHETT: You talked to Martin about this? Oh, Martin was the one that came over. He yelled at me, "Vinny, you're hurt!," and he saw the blood all over me and he came running over to me and he said, "You all right?" And I said, "Yeah," and, you know, I started bawling I was so upset. Well, how do you know that he didn't see it? He said he didn't. A He told you that? Q Because weehad almost an hour until the clock (End)

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	FILE	# I-21	15

PERSON INTERVIEWED: DIVALE, William T.	DATE/TIME 8-6-68 6:50PM		
SEX M RACE Mex HAIR blk EYES brn HT 6-4 WT 300	DOB 2-18-1+2		
RESIDENCE ADDRESS 488 Landfair St., #1, W.L.A.	PHONE 473-0658		
BUSINESS ADDRESS WALTER S. CROWE. JR. INVESTIGATION	PHONE		

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

Mr. Divale attended Pasadena City College from 1963 until June 1966. He began his studies at U.C.L.A. in September 1966 and is currently enrolled there, continuing his education. Mr. Divale became acquainted with Walter Crowe, Jr. at Pasadena C.C. during the 1964 semester. They attended a history class together and discovered they had a mutual interest in Marxist theory. As a result, a friendship developed and continues to the present time.

When Mr. Divale began his studies at U.C.L.A. he and Mr. Crowe shared an apartment at 2540 S. Barrington Ave., West L.A. . They lived together from September 1966 until July 1967. They then moved to the U.C.L.A. housing co-op, but were unable to obtain joint quarters.

Mr. Divale stated that he had recruited Walter Crowe into the Communist Party in the spring of 1967. Walter Crowe had developed an extensive Marxist attitude when Mr. Divale first met him. Mr. Crowe joined the WEB DuBois Club, participated in demonstrations, attended club meetings and engaged in philosophical debates. This demonstration of interest made Mr. Divale feel that Mr. Crowe would be a good subject for recruitment into the Communist Party. He approached Walter Crowe relative to this and Mr. Crowe accepted membership in the Party.

Mr. Divale was asked to give a thumbnail description of Mr. Crowe, relative to Mr. Crowe's participation and degree of commitment to the Gommunist Party. He stated that Walter Crowe was what he would describe as an "intellectual Communist". By that, he meant that Crowe had a deep belief in Communist principles, but was passive from an organizational standpoint. Mr. Crowe never acted of his own initiative, relying on Mr. Divale for leadership. Mr. Divale could recall no instance of Walter Crowe ever recruiting any person into the Communist Party.

Mr. Divale stated he had never met Sirhan B. Sirhan. He became aware of the Sirhan family through discussions with Walter Crowe. His best recollection of how that came about was that Walter Crowe had brought up the subject about one year ago. The were discussing racial prejudice, and Walter Crowe had used the Sirhan family as an example. Crowe stated that the Sirhan family had been identified in the community as being of ky/8-26-68

Mexican-American descent. As a result the family had suffered from acts of discrimination attendant to being of Mexican extraction. Mr. Divale was particularly impressed with this discussion as he is of Mexican descent.

Mr. Crowe embellished on his description of the Sirhan family by stating that they were somewhat "kooky" in their behavior. He related an instance of one male member of the Sirhan family who had made an attempt on the life of a girlfriend who had rejected him.

When Mr. Crowe and Sirhan met on May 2, 1968, Mr. Crowe discussed the meeting with Mr. Divale. Mr. Crowe again stated that Sirhan had displayed "kooky" behavior. Mr. Divale was not able to elaborate on that. He did recall that Mr. Crowe felt alienated from Sirhan as a result of the meeting.

All of the previously mentioned events served to implant the Sirhan family in Mr. Divale's mind. On the day of the assassination, he thought he would call Walter Crowe at work and discuss the assassination. He called Walter Crowe's parents in an effort to obtain Walter Crowe's business phone number. Mr. Crowe, Sr. answered the phone, but was unable to supply the phone number. Mr. Divale then discussed the assassination with Mr. Crowe, Sr. . They had a short conversation and Mr. Divale does not recall the exact content of the conversation.

Mr. Divale had been a visitor in the home of Mr. Crowe's parents on numerous occasions. He stated that Crowe's parents were not aware of his political philosophy. He had not expounded his views out of respect for the wishes of Walter Crowe, who did not wish his family to become aware of his (Crowe's) involvement with the Communist Party. Mr. Divale also stated that Mr. Crowe, Sr. was a veryopinionated person with a bad temper and he did not wish to provoke an argument.

Mr. Divale stated that he had been the head of the Central L.A. WEB DuBois Club from September 1965 to June 1966. During that period, it would not have been possible for Sirhan to have been associated with the Club without Mr. Divale having knowledge of it.

ILEKCUPIE

FILE # 7-300°

Informants Name:

Business Address & Phone:

DIVYAK, ANDREW JOHN

AMBASSORDOR HOTEL (Exec. Stewart)

Residence & Phone:

758 S. Ardmore #602 No phone

Investigator Receiving Info:

Date & Time Received:

Patchett/Mac Arthur/Collins

6-17-68 530pm

INFORMATION:

Informant places himself in employees eating area just off the area where the shooting occurred. He was seated at a table against the far wall and had a clear field of vision of the area where the shooting occurred. He was in the process of completing paper work, heard some noise, simular to firecrackers, got up from the table and ran in the direction of the noise. He stated he w unwhere of a shooting and his intend was to stop the noise. As he entered the area of the shooting he obsd some men running toward a man, who he later stated was the suspect. These men grabbed the suspect and he started to runaway the mental tables to get the suspects gun. It was at this time that he obsd Sen. Kennedy laying on the floor. He didn't recall anyone else in the eating area just prior to the shooting, but stated a fireman could have been at that location He did not see the shooting or the suspect until the suspect was being aphredended.

ASSIGNED TO: ABOVE OFFICERS

ACTION TAKEN - RESULTS:

Interviewed-no re-interview necessary.

Vijiz

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FILE | <u>T-2066</u>

INTERVIEWS

person interviewed: Gov W. Dotte	PMAN DATE/TIME
SEX RACE HAIR EYES HT	DOB WT DOB
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RESIDENCE ADDRESS	PHONE
BUSINESS ADDRESS	PHONE
INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY	
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Me. DOTTERMON TOUR	KNO PILTURES AND MAS
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INVESTIGATORS MAKING INTERVIEW:	APPROVED BY:

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

JERRY DAUGHTERSON DAUGHTERMAN FILE : I-2066 DATE/TIME <u>8/21/68 SPN</u> Interviewed: GARY SEX/N RACE/AUCHAIR/BLO EYES/H2L HT 5-1/ WT 200 DOB 6/11/44 RESIDENCE ADDRESS/3/15. BALTIMODE AVE, TULSA OKLAHOMPAE 918-583-2880 BUSINESS ADDRESS 3155. BOULDER AVE. PHONE 918-583-2161 EXT 038 INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW) MR POTTERMIN WAS ON THE R.F.K. ADVANCE STAFF. HE WAS STAYING IN ROUM 455 IN THE AMBASSADOR HOTEL ON 6/4/68. AT GPM HE WENT TO THE HOTEL COFFEE SHOP, ATE DINNER AND THEN WENT TO THE EMBASSY ROOM WHERE HE SPENT THE EVENING, LEAUNG ONLY A FEW TIMES TO VISIT THE LOBBY AREA. MR DOTTERMAN WAS ON THE STAGE IN THE EMBASSI ROOM WHEN SENATOR KENNEDY FINISHED HIS SPEECH AND SENATOR KENNEDY WALKED OFF THE STAGE, A FEW MOMENTS LATER. · A YOUNG MAN /M/L, DK RIMMED GLASSES, BLUE SPORT COAT) STAGGARED THROUGH THE DOORS EAST OF THE STAGE INTO THE EMBASSY RM. YELLING "I'VE BEEN SHOT, I'M GOING TO DIE. MR. DOTTERMAN WHILE ESCORTING THIS MAN THROUGH THE LOBBY HEARD FROM AN UNK PERSON THAT SENATOR KENNEDY HAD ISEEN SHOT, MR. DOTTERMAN TOUK THIS MAN TO THE HARKING LOT. PUT HIM IN A CAB AND INSTRUCTED C- CONT. INVESTIGATORS/MAKIN APPROVED BY: C. (Turne²⁰²⁵ RELEASE UNDER SE¹⁷⁶

PERSON INTERVIEWED: GARY W. DOTTERMAN	DATE/TIME
SEX RACE HAIR EYES HT WT	DOB
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RESIDENCE ADDRESS	PHONE
BUSINESS ADDRESS	PHONE
INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)	
THE DRIVER TO TAKE HIM TO A	
DOTTERMAN THEN RETURNED TO THE	
AS THE TOUCE WERE REMOVING	
MR DUTTERMON FOLLOWED SEL	
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* PICHARD CROW OR CROWE, THE	SA OKLA.
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* MR. DOTTERMAN WILL MANN REQUEST C	
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FILE	1-783
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Person(s)	Interviewed:	DRAYNE,	Dick	 Date	6-2	1-68	1	
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			*	 Time_	, 25bu			

Business Address & Phone Works in office of Sen. Kennedy

Residence Address & Phone 33241 Livingston Street, N/W Wash. DC (202) 244-3734

Information (To be complete the report should include: Who, What, When, Where, Why, & How)

Subject was interviewed by phone,

SEE - ATTACHED STATEMENT

Investigators making interview

Patchett & Mac Arthur

Approved by:

LT. Rena

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FILE	7	I-440

PERSON INTERVIEWE	D: DREW	, Richard	D.	ATE/TIME 7-15-68/10:10AM
SEX M RACE C	_HAIR	, eyes <u>5</u> _9_ ht	5-9 WT 150	DOB 12-6-46
	,	'	.`	
RESIDENCE ADDRESS	128 E.	Colorado #1, A	rcadia ·	445-4285 or PHONE 447-4556
BUSINESS ADDRESS_	Pasadena	Independent St	ar News	PHONE 681-4871
	•	1	,	

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

P/R works for The Pasadena Independent Star News as a photographer. On June 4, 1968 he arrived at the Ambassador Hotel at approximately 6:40 PM. During the evening he took several pictures of the crowd and continued taking pictures during Sen. Kennedy's speech. He recalls his activities as follows:

During Sen. Kennedy's speech I worked my way around the ballroom taking pictures. I started from the area by the anchor desk walking to the rear of the ballroom, then across the ballroom. I then walked toward the doors, right of stage and entered the kitchen. I obtained a glass of water and was drinking it when I saw Kennedy coming into the kitchen. I was standing about 15' from the double doors next to a metal table on Kennedy's left. Kennedy passed in front of me and I followed within six feet of him. I did not see him shake hands with anyone, I think I was setting my lens exposure. I heard firecrackers, lookedup and saw smoke; Sen. Kennedy had dropped a little. I then saw the gun pointing at me and I dropped to the floor. I saw about half of the suspect's face, thought he had a blue jump suit on. Later I saw him being held by a group of people and recognized him as the same person who had held the gun. Someone lowered the Senator to the floor, I couldn't see where he was hit. I saw Paul Schrade back and to my right. I started taking pictures. I didn't have a flash and tried to get my pictures as other photographers moved in with ; their lights. I moved over to the metal table, got up on it and took pictures. I took the pictures from the table about four minutes after the shots were fired. The group holding Sirhan had moved down the tables behind me. I did not heaf Sirhan say anything. I did hear Kennedy say "Don't move me." seemed to know his injury was serious.

Later I found that I had blood on the left side of my jacket. I saw the following photographers in the kitchen:

- 1. Ron Bennett UPI
- 2. Harry Benson Assoc. Press London
- 3. Boris Yaro L. A. Times

- 4. Eppridge Life Mag.
- Howard Decker
 \$\psi\$ Photographer,
 Possibly out of

New York

(cont'd)

W 8/13/68

INTERVIEWS 2.

FILE	#	I-440

PERSON	INTERVIEWED:	DREW,	RICHARD			_ DATE/TIME	ŧ	
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Residei	NCE ADDRESS_					PHONE		- <u></u>
BUSINES	ss address					PHONE		
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INFORM	ATION: (WHO, W	NHAT, WHE	N, WHERE, W	HY & HOW				

Prior Interviews:

- 1. F. B. I. Agent W. White
- 2. City News Service Taped Interview

Richard Drew - Pasadena Independent Star News - Photographer I-440

Twas standing in the kitchen about 15 feet from the double doors when saw Senator Kennedy enter. He passed in front of he and Formula followed within six feet of him. He heard firecrackers, looked up and saw smoke, noticed Senator Kennedy had dropped a little and then the saw this gun pointed at he and then dropped to the floor. He only saw about half of the suspects face. Later I saw him being held by a group of people and recognized him as the same person who had held the gun.

CONTINUATIONSMEET

HE and Seld Paul Schrade back into miright, I started taking in the say anything He I and heard Kennedy anything He I and heard Kennedy anything of the say "Don't move me."

HE TOOK SEVERAL PILTURES

STATEMENT CAUCK DRAYNE, RESIDES AT 33-1 LIVINGSTON STREET NORTHWEST, WASHINGTON D.C. PHONE (202) 244-3734. HE WORKS IN THE OFFICE OF SENATOR EDWARD KENNEDY, NO. 431, CLD SENATE BUILDING.

He stated he was in the Colonial Room when the shooting took place. He had gone to the room as the Senator was to have been interviewed by the writing press. At the time he stated there were 15 to 20 people in the room. The door to the room was open. This door is the one leading to the kitchen. He heard what he thought were firecrackers,

9 recalled there was a feeling of excitement, and then a Hays
10 Gorey of Time Magazine and a Bob Sheagy, a reporter for the

Boston Globe, ran into the kitchen ahead of him. He saw

a large group of people around a man and at first thought

this was a group around the Senator. He later learned

it was the suspect Sirhan and that the Senator was shot and

lying on the floor. He did not see the shooting.

INTERVIEWS - JUNE 5, 1968

KENNEDY SHOOTING

DR 68 521, 466

INTERVIEW OF MAJOR JOSE DUARTE

12:15 A.M. OCC.

6-5-68

7:15 P.M. (J.P. Goodman #5340, Ramp. Dets)

Interviewed Jose Duarte, 6643 DeLongpre, Apt. 50. He stated that approximately three (3) weeks ago he attended a meeting at 3800 Amsbury. The meeting was about Cuban affairs. There were approximately fifty (50) people present.

Mr. Duarte got into an argument with one person present and invited that person outside to fight. This person failed to show.

Mr. Duarte believes suspect in custody for shooting the same person he almost had a fight with at the meeting.

BUSINESS CARD PRINTED HAS AS FOLLOWS

469-0823

MAJOR JOSE DUARTE Rebel Army

C/O P.O. BOX 802 Cuban Exile Organization Hollywood, Cal. 90028

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 8/29/68

FROM

SA R.J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

Re: Major JOSE DUARTE

On 8/22/68, Sergeant MIKE NIELSEN, Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD), SUS, made available to SA R.J. LA JEUNESSE, JR. a copy of a taped conversation relating to an interview with Major JOSE DUARTE which took place on 7/24/68.

Attached hereto is a transcript of that taped recording.

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STATEMENT OF MAJOR JOSE DUARTE July 25, 1968 Tape #29298

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

TAPE RECORDED INTERVIEW OF JOSE DUARTE 1 TAKEN AT 6642 DELONGPRE, NOLLYWOOD, CALIFORNIA, APT. #15 WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1968, 7:00 P.M. 2 QUESTIONED BY: LT. M. PENA, S.U.S. MATT 3 SOT. M. J. McGANN S. U.S. UNIT OFFICER J. L. HOUNT S.U.S. UNIT TRANSCRIRED BY: 4 STRLLA C. ROTH ASSISTED BY: SCT. N. J. McGANN OFFICER J. L. NOUNT 5 (*) UNINTELLIGIBLE 6 7 LT. PENA: I'd like to identify myself as Lt. 8 9 Manuel Pena. This is Sgt. McGenn, Sgt. Mount, and you are Major Jose Duarte. I would like to cover four or five points 10 with you in connection with this meeting on May 21st. 11 SOT. McGAMN: First. 12 LT. PENA: Wherein you had a verbal altercation 13 with a particular individual. 14 A verbal altercation. There was some kind of 15 shoving in there, too. 16 LT. PENA: All right. Sgt. McGann and Sgt. 17 Mount have, during the past two weeks, have been investigating 18 this particular meeting and contacting a group of people--a 19 number of people. They have located and identified -- is it 20 seven? 21 SGT. McGANN: Seven men. 22

SGT. MCGANN: Persian.

LT. PENA: Persian background who were at that meeting. Last evening they brought Ali--

LT. PENA: Seven men of Arabic or --

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SOT. McGANN: Kahn Bouzmand.

LT. PENA: All Kahn Bouzmand to your home here, and you have identified him as the man with the beard that was present with this group of Persians at the meeting.

- Q BY LT. PENA: Isn't that so, Mr. Duarte?
- A Arabs. They may have been Bengaleze (sic), or they may have been Algerians or Arabs.
- Q You did identify the gentleman that was brought here last night?
 - A Yes, he was present there. Yes.
- Q From the first instance in this case, is it not true--
 - A Would you gentlemen like something to drink?
- Q --is it not true, Major Duarte, that you indicated that it could be a case of mistaken identity with respect to yours indicating that the man you had the altercation with was Sirban?

A It was more than that. I said—this is what I said. In regards to this situation, these circumstances, it could be left to honest to God truth that this was either a case of I making up the story or a case of mistaken identity or whether I'm saying the truth. This is what I said. I even said myself—guarded myself—I granted the public and I gave myself that I have been guilty of allowing people to think that this was a story that I was making up because people could think of that. Those are the three

things I mean that come to be now a case of mistaken identity. But I say--

OFFICER MOUNT: Jaladipour (phonetic).

from the beginning—this is what I said from the beginning.

This could be construed as three cases. Three cases. Three independent cases. One, that I am making up a story in order to bring the Cuban question out and give to it publicity. Second, that this could be the case of mistaken identity.

Third, that if the truth, what I'm speaking—therefore, if this is the case, that I'm making this up, I'll have to stand on my record for that and on the investigation.

Second, if this was a case of mistaken identity, let the person that was there at this time come forward and identify himself or bring Sirhan DQ his brother.

Third, that I am saying the truth up 'til now. I have no contradictions to it. Those were my statements. Now, in the beginning--I say from the beginning--I think this may be a case of mistaken identity. I wasn't sure. These were the three things I brought out that could be, and I was letting everyone know to go forward and prove to me and prove to the police and prove to the authorities which of the three were. I said in the first case it could be this, that I am making this up, investigate me, and whether I was there or not--what took place.

Second, if this is the case of mistaken identity, I

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have identified this picture without seeing the man ever on different occasions of photos having been shown to me. If I recognize a man that is similar to him, let him come forward now, and the case—it happens that two months afterwards his Persian friends, his recommate, and so they come forward now to bring a story or an evidence or circumstantial evidence or a likely story or semething that climinates one or two premises of there—of my making up a story, or whether I'm telling the truth, too. Leave out only the case of mistaken identity, and it comes of what? Of their words? Your investigation? And my—my position, I stand.

Q New, we have shown you several photographs of the resumante of Ali Kahn Bouzmand.

A and I do not recall him.

Q You have indicated you do not recall him. We have indicated to you that--

shown that he was a man and that he had, and that you have in your investigation, be of the evidence—I don't know whether you got evidence, but you have been led to believe, or that you believe—I don't know how you can paraphrase that in English. I leave it to you. I could say in Spanish—(speaks in Spanish).

Q I will translate that for purposes of the record,
"That the Los Angeles Police Department by virtue of its
investigation, has been investigationally satisfied and

convinced that this is the case of mistaken identity and that the picture of this gentleman--

OFFICER HOUSE: Boss.

LT. PENA: MOTE.

OFFICER WOUNT: Jaladipour.

Q BY Iff. FEMA: Jaladipour is the men that had the alternation with you. The interviews with this gentleman have varified to great extent your version of the alternation at the meeting. He is willing to face you and meet you personally and go over the incident if this could be arranged on an exicable basis. I have also—

A If he keeps his cool and he does not act the way he acted there, it might be amigably.

- Q Well, we appreciate the delicacy of that, and shall we say can we hald that in abeyance and make a decision at a later time?
 - A Any time you want.
- You are willing if it can be handled on an emicable basis?
 - A I am not willing-this puerts (sic).
 - Q You are disposed to meet him?
 - A Surely.
 - Q All right.
- A Willing is not in Spanish what-what this puerto weens--I'll be ready, willing and able--willing all the time.
 - Q BY SOT, McGANN: While we are on this subject

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of Jaladipeur, would you agree that he had similar features in this picture that we have shown you today?

A I san't go into that today because he deem't look to me like Sirhan's nose. His hair-he has short hair. There, now, he has long hair. His hair at that time was not as long as you have here.

Q You can't may there is a resemblance, is that correct?

A Well, according to the recemblance -- and this is a fact -- something that we never mentioned -- but this really hurt us. Chief Meddin--with all respect for him--the first thing he came out and say the man looks like an exile Cuban or like a West Indian, and that created a very delicate situation, you know. Mesquera was working in Washington at the time that Owwald was killed. She was working that day --Organization for American States before she become a librarian in UCLA. She's been there for four years. And she could tell you when they said that the Cubens had killed Kennady, the situation she had to face there. The same thing happened here when Chief Reddin -- I would say extemporanocusly -- I wouldn't say unwisely -- I would say extemporand: (sic), and I'll say that now--excuse me, what the hell does a Cuban look like compared to a Jammican because I'm brownskinned, so are you.

LT. PERA: That's true.

A And I can show you so many huertos in our

Spanish race that might be taken for them--for Americans.

And yet because he was elive-skinned and he had an accent,

all of a sudden they say he looks like a Cuban or a West

Indian. Wait a minute! Maybe we wouldn't mind so much to

be taken for niggers.

Q BY LT. PENA: Did the man that you have, Major Duarte, did the man that you had the altercation with that you, shall we say, believed was Sirhan Sirhan have an accent?

A Just like I have. Surely.

Q He had an accent and he spoke English with you?

A Oh, yes, the whole conversation was in English, and he had an accent just like I have, I have, like Mesquera has, like--yeu have one.

Do you think I have an accent?

A Oh, yes. You don't have an accent, you have an inflection.

Q I have an inflection, but I don't believe I have an accent.

A No, no, you have an inflection. I stand corrected. The inflection is that we say words and we have a certain cadence.

- Q Well, that comes from the Latin influence.
- A That's right.
- As opposed to an accent.

A An accent, it would be like if I was--I would be saying for instance, instead of saying record, I would be

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saying record, or semething like that. 1 Yeah, it's a --2 Q -- an accent. It's a case of gammatology (sic) 3 4 An accent or and inflection -- I probably have an accent. now. 5 Q You do have an accent. Yes, sir, and you are positive that the man that you believe might have been Sirhan 6 Sirhan at this meeting had an accent? 7 8 A He was -- I mean he was -- he was -- he was not 9 speaking American with inflection characteristic to American. 10 He spoke with an accent. All right, new, we 11 have appreached you. We have appreached you on the possibility 12 of -- of considering the tremendous burden this places on you 13 in terms of the length of time that has passed and of the 14 publicity that has been given your particular situation. We have asked you how you felt about making --15 16 --as a matter of fact, Lieutenant, for the record, A 17 not here in Los Angeles, but the world ever--18 ٥ Yes. 19 -- but not here in Los Angeles. 20 Q Yes. I -- we understand that the publicity is 21outside of Los Angeles, but we have approached you on the 22 possibility of indicating to the news media on the basis 23 that would be most comfortable and satisfactory to you and to the publications that have been published. 24 25 Of which I had nothing to do with. I mean, I A have been sighted, my picture taken, and all that. And my 26

threat--I have been threatened over the telephone, and I went on Channel 9.

- Q have you been misquoted by the news?
- A No--yes, from the Los Angeles Times. Yes.
- Q Yes.

A Not only misquoted, it's a lie what it says there. Would you care to read it?

A Not just at the moment.

A They send me a--a gentleman by the name of Hilda, who visit me, he knew about the threat, not only--I tell you what, Velasco was threatened the same way, and he told me--now I don't say he did--he told--excuse, me, he told me that he had contacted the FBI through his son-in-law, and the FBI had bugged his phone with his permission to see if they could trace the calls, and they didn't do it. (*) and I thought I didn't tell you that. I went on television in case--the date is there.

Q Yes.

I asked Dolan for 15 seconds in which I addressed myself this way. I say, "New, this is to you who have been making threatening telephone calls to me, my family, and my friends. We don't scare easy. Now, let the hand of destiny," and it was remantically speaking, sir, taken in Spanish, "taking the hand of destiny to erase my name from the scroll of the living wherever and whenever he wills." Just like that.

"And listen, and listen well, damn you," just like that, "this Cuban-American yields to no violence or terrorism." Then you have (*) "This Cuban-American yields only to God." I even said that. I said, "You have been threatened." Everything, I have done out to the public and said it.

authorizing a statement to be made to the news media with respect to the investigation thus far, and what we have shown you and indicated to you our investigators have determined?

I'll preface that with your own words,

A No, I say it now. I say it now, Sgt. Mount, Lt. Pena, Sgt. No what?

SOT, Nogami Nogann.

has led them to believe, or been convinced, that this is a case of mistaken identity; that the person in question was not Sirhan Sirhan but somebody else. (*) Out of all respect for the police force and for their judgment, but in all honesty, within myself, within my consciousness, I can't recent I believe that this man was Sirhan Sirhan. I'm sorry, that's right.

- And you are atill disposed and ready, willing, and able to face this gentleman?
 - A Yes, Gentleman, yes.
 - Q And a---

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A -- by all means.

Q That our investigation-

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Ch. definitely. Anybody, anybody.

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(*) Just like when he called me yesterday. I say, "Bring his over, surely. I have no -- no prejudice or objection whatweever." I would never in any case say they've been taken and this is a plot. Never would I say that because I'm convinced this is not the case; that you are honest law officers in the performance of your duties, your inescapable duties. I regret -- I den't know whether Sgt. Nount has given you what we say our organization is.

Q Yes, I've read it.

And you may that I said in there that we only regret that afficers of the law in the performance of their inescapable duties may come in conflict with us. Because we admit that if I break the law, proceed against we. Bring me to trial -- the Moutrality Law, the Sullivan Ast -- whatever it is, preceed against me in the performance of your duty. In fact, if I have broken the law, I'm going to stand in front of a jury and in front of the judge and say, "Yes, I have broken the law." But I have not this on my conscience. You're saying the truth. I would never say -- I would never go against what you bring into court. Ever. Just like for the record in the case of this fellow here in court. would never de anything: like I said before, if this would complicate -- and I will not submit or subject or be willing

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or unwillingly used by certain factions or interests in this country that might use this as means of damaging the image either of the police force or their administration. I'll say that, too.

Q You are not in any way discrediting any part of our investigation?

A What I can't do is just to say now that I have beyond a reasonable doubt committed a mistake because the attitude of these other people which subjectively—I know how they act—are not what they pretend to be or what you have been honestly led to believe.

Q May I offer this thought. If their attitude was either just a means of baiting, or whether their attitude was sincerely expressed in this verbal altercation that occurred--

A -- that's a very good point.

Q Either way, I do not doubt the emotion that must have arisen there at the meeting. But say that the emotion was there, however motivated, this would not necessarily—because even if the man you identified last night—

A --he mid so. He did. He said so. That does not necessarily make him Sirhan.

Q Right. (*) The man that you identified last evening.

A I said yes, didn't I? SGT. McGANN: Yes.

LT. PENA: With the beard admits, and so does this gentleman, that we are honestly and investigationally convinced that you have mistaken for Sirhan. He admits and states that he engaged you in a verbal altercation, and he has cited this altercation to Sgts. McGann and Sgt. Mount.

A Uh, say that psychologically, did he say what he said to me? I mean, did he say there that -- could you quote it from memory what he said?

SGT. McGANN: I cannot quote from memory what he said. People-the persons with him, including Ali Kahn Bouzmand and another gentleman we talked to, stated that it became quite heated at one point.

A But did he say exactly -- the expressions, what the

SOT. McGANN: No.

A It was not a case of being heated because I might be-uh, forgive the expression, now I might may be heated to a person and call him a son-of-a-bitch like in a traffic jam or something or something. This happens, you know, tempers flare and you know how the Latins are and so forth, and (*) are.

LT. PENA: I know how they are.

A But this was not that case.

LT. PENA: I understand.

A This was not the case. That was not the case, but he insulted me and called me a bastard or a son-of-a-bitch

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or cocksucker or any one of the most deprecating words you can use, no. He called me a C.I.Al agent. He said that I was a traitor to the revolution -- what this country needs is another Castro, and he was doing to-with you-doing with you what the Jews are doing to the Araba, and then he went on to say terrible things. I could--I say he had not insulted He had insulted my country, and he was in favor of Castro and he was in favor of Guevara, and he was in favor of Communism. Now, he wasn't baiting me personally calling me names. He was insulting my family, or he was calling me this kind of insults, and a person like you might have someone in a traffic jam, you know, or in a shoving match and A Cuban or a theory, no. He express himself in that group. I haven't say that this gentleman that was here yesterday insulted me or anything, or something, because I don't recall it. He might have been saying things to me while I was talking to the other one. I remember him only because he was the one that had me mad enough to say--did he may that I told him when he started baiting me, this -- we are in a private home, and you should abide by the rules a gentleman should and keep a civil tongue in your head or otherwise I'll take action against you? Did he say that? I warn him that way before. I even warned him that. I kept on talking and he kept on there balting me and calling me names from there until finally came so much, he was right there standing in front of me (*) I mean, pushing me. So I

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turned, and that's when the shoving match really got started. Then I asked him, "Who are you?" because he said something about being back to Cuba, suppose. And I told him, "I'm an American; who are you?" And he said, "I'm an Arab." And I said, "Why don't you go back to it?" So he was all the time--but this was not a personal---

LT. PRMA: I understand.

A Like he tries to pretend, but this was a personal incident, Et. Pena. He was expressing himself as a Communist. He was expressing himself anti-American. He was at a Communist meeting. He was at a meeting where they weren't in favor--I mean against the Vietnam War. They had Guevara and Castre and everybody's picture around there.

Even the slides we took, I'll be honost enough to say we stole slides. Didn't I tell you that? I could have been put in prison or semething for that. We took the slides to prove of this Shineff that he had there.

Q BY LT. PEKA: Now--

A He wasn't--it was an impression of--if they had led you to believe that this was just a personal matter, it wasn't. This was a philosophical question, a political question.

Q May I--

A They expressed themselves, and I really got angry at him, not because he--he--because he didn't call me names.

Q Nay I--

Personally a-- a personal insult. What I got really sore is because deregatery remarks about the United States. He was making derogatory remarks about that and preising Castro and Commercian. Frebably that is why they didn't come forward in the beginning because if it wasn't Sirban, now see how much benefit or investigator (sic) I'm giving it to you, my experience. Like I said before, I haven't had the experience that you have, but I have been a military man and I know that. In my opinion the case, that when they knew, although you give them the benefit of the doubt because you didn't know--they didn't know--I might ask you this new, Sergeant, just because you didn't know, does it make it evidence? Just because you didn't know more about my appearance on televison, just because you didn't knew. and Sgt. Mount didn't know, and the Lieutenant didn't know, does it make it a fact that they didn't know?

SQT. McGANN: It does not make it a fact.

A Clear.

SGT. NeGAIN: But by the same tolem, they may not have known. Just as easily.

LT. FINA: Objectively speaking.

A Chay, they might have not, but like I say, I can answer in this way. Maybe if it wasn't Sirban, he didn't come forward in the beginning because since he had said so many things, and he's probably an alien, he made enough remarks there to be kicked out of the country.

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