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UPI-19

(SIRHAN)

LOS ANGELES--SIRHAN B. SIRHAN WILL BE DEFENDED AGAINST THE CHARGE OF ASSASSINATING SEN. KENNEDY BY A PUBLIC DEFENDER, ALTHOUGH HE WOULD PREFER THAT PRIVATE ATTORNEYS HANDLE HIS CASE.

WILBUR LITTLEFIELD, CHIEF TRIAL DEPUTY IN THE COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE, WAS APPOINTED TO REPRESENT SIRHAN WHEN THE SUSPECT WAS ARRAIGNED LAST FRIDAY.

PRESIDING JUDGE DONALD R. WRIGHT OF THE SUPERIOR COURT PLACED LITTLEFIELD IN PERMANENT CHARGE OF THE CASE YESTERDAY AFTER A MEETING WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY BAR ASSOCIATION AND THE PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE.

A. L. WIRIN, HEAD OF THE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA ALCU, REVEALED THAT SIRHAN HAS REJECTED OFFERS FROM TWO OF THE BIGGEST LAWYERS -- MELVIN BELLI AND F. LEE BAILEY.

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UPI-42

(YORTY)

LOS ANGELES--MAYOR SAM YORTY SAYS HE DISCLOSED CERTAIN STATEMENTS SAID TO BE WRITTEN BY SIRHAN B. SIRHAN TO DISPEL RUMORS AND PREVENT THE VIOLENCE WHICH FOLLOWED THE ASSASSINATION OF MARTIN LUTHER KING.

YORTY WAS CRITICIZED LAST WEEK FOR POSSIBLY PREJUDICING THE CASE OF THE ACCUSED SLAYER OF SEN. KENNEDY BY REVEALING ENTRIES IN DIARIES ASSERTEDLY KEPT BY THE DEFENDANT.

THE MAYOR DEFENDED HIS ACTION AS A "PUBLIC SERVICE" AT A NEWS CONFERENCE YESTERDAY.

HE SAID EARLY RUMORS IDENTIFIED THE KILLER AS A CUBAN OR A MEXICAN-AMERICAN.

"I THINK IT WAS A PUBLIC SERVICE TO IDENTIFY THE SUSPECT AS NOT COMING FROM THOSE GROUPS," THE MAYOR SAID. "I THINK WE HAD TO GET THE FACTS TO THE PEOPLE TO PREVENT VIOLENCE."

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2 Famed Attorneys Ruled Out by Sirhan

LOS ANGELES, June 11 (UPI) — Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, the man accused of killing Sen. Robert F. Kennedy, ruled out two of the nation's top lawyers — Melvin Belli and F. Lee Bailey—as his defense counsel today.

Instead, the Los Angeles County Bar Association will select an attorney to represent him at his trial for first-degree murder.

Civil Liberties Union told a news conference at County Jail that Sirhan, 24, "doesn't desire" the services of Bailey or Belli, neither of whom had volunteered to represent him.

Bailey won acquittal for Dr. Sam Sheppard, who was convicted of killing his wife, Marilyn, in his first trial. Belli defended Jack Ruby, who was convicted of killing Lee Harvey Oswald, assassin of President John F. Kennedy.

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- The Washington Post A-7
- Times Herald _____
- The Washington Daily News _____
- The Evening Star (Washington) _____
- The Sunday Star (Washington) _____
- Daily News (New York) _____
- Sunday News (New York) _____
- New York Post _____
- The New York Times _____
- The Sun (Baltimore) _____
- The Worker _____
- The New Leader _____
- The Wall Street Journal _____
- The National Observer _____
- People's World _____

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Yorty Receives Court Gag

Order Prohibts Official Discussion of Sirhan Case

Mayor Sam Yorty has been personally served with a sweeping court order restricting comment on the Sen. Robert F. Kennedy assassination case.

A deputy of the Sheriff Department's civil division presented the order by Judge Arthur L. Alarcon to the mayor at City Hall shortly before noon.

Yorty has come under criticism as a result of his remarks about accused assassin Sirhan Bishara Sirhan at two news conferences last week.

To insure a fair trial for the defendant, Judge Alarcon clamped tight restrictions on law enforcement officials, attorneys, public officials and witnesses in the case.

The jurist, who issued the order following his arraignment of Sirhan on a charge of murder and five counts of assault with a deadly weapon with intent to commit murder, warned violation of the edict "will result in swift action to punish for contempt.

It was learned that acting police chief James Fisk was also served with the order Friday night. Yorty returned to Los Angeles from Sen. Kennedy's New York funeral services Saturday night.

The mayor's only public

comment upon receiving the order was to note that it "did not, for some strange reason, apply to newspapers."

The key portion of the order declares:

"It is the order of this court that no party to this action, nor any attorney connected with this case as defense counsel or as prosecutor, nor any other attorney, nor any judicial officer or employee, nor any public official, including but not limited to any chief of police, nor any sheriff, nor any agent, deputy, or employe of any such persons nor any

grand juror, nor any witness having appeared before the grand jury in this matter, nor any person subpoenaed to testify at the trial of this matter, shall release or authorize the release for public dissemination of any purported extrajudicial statement of the defendant relating to this case, nor shall any such persons release or authorize the release of any documents, exhibits, or evidence, the admissibility of which may have to be determined by the court, nor shall any such person make any statement for public dissemination as to the existence or possible existence of any document, exhibit, or any other evidence, the admissibility of which may have to be determined by the court.

"Nor shall any such person express outside of court an opinion or make any comment for public dissemination as to the weight, value, or effect of any evidence as tending to establish guilt or innocence.

Nor shall any such persons issue any statement outside of court as to the nature, substance, or effect of any testimony that has been given.

Nor shall any such persons issue any statement as to the identity of any prospective witness, or his probable testimony, or the effect thereof.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

A-1 Citizen-News
Los Angeles, Calif

OK - NSA LT

Date: 6/11/68
Edition: Metropolitan
Author:
Editor: Abe Greenberg
Title: KENSALT

Character:
or
Classification: LA 56-156
Submitting Office: Los Angeles
 Being Investigated

62-587-A-

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Conspiracy Involved?

With all due respect to the fine work of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, all indications point to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police as the agency due most of the credit for running down James Earl Ray.

According to news reports, a dozen Mounties worked overtime at night for two weeks rummaging through hundreds of passports in a never - say - die effort to see if the suspected killer of Martin Luther King had indeed used Canada as a stopping off place on his get-away route.

They found that he did and quickly alerted European police. Ray was arrested in London by agents of Scotland Yard. He will be returned to Memphis where he will be tried for murder.

The question that haunts the American people concerning the two assassin suspects now in custody — Sirhan Sirhan in Los Angeles and Ray in Bristol Prison, London — is: are they part of a conspiracy or did they act alone, as Lee Harvey Oswald was said to have done by the Warren Commission?

Assuming that Ray is proved guilty, it is difficult to believe that a man with his criminal record would take such a chance for a trifle. Whether he was paid \$50,000 or a million dollars for killing King, it is imperative that we find out who bankrolled him.

When Sirhan Sirhan was arrested, he was found to have \$400 in one hundred dollar bills on his person, enough money to carry him out of the country. Los Angeles Mayor Sam Yorty announced that the Jordanian had Communist sympathies and connections. Was his act that of one man, as surface evidence would indicate, or is he, too, part of a killer network?

Thus far, authorities haven't found any signs of a conspiracy in either the Memphis or Los Angeles assassinations. This is particularly interesting for this reason:

The Warren Commission found that Oswald acted alone in Dallas, but District Attorney Jim Garrison says Oswald didn't kill anybody, that he was only a "patsy" in a scheme involving several assassins posted around the motorcade route. The controversial New Orleans D.A. is putting his career on the line with a case against Clay Shaw whom he says conspired with Oswald and others to assassinate President Kennedy. Moreover, Garrison charges the federal government is involved in a mass cover-up.

Regardless of personal feelings one may have held toward the three figures cut down by assassins bullets, there can be no turning away from the need for justice to be done.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE # 4-A

MONROE NEWS STAR
MONROE, LA.

Kennett

Date: 6/11/68

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title: MURKIN

Character: RM
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Classification: 157-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

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It may be argued that people, being naturally suspicious, are apt to see conspiracies where none exists. Garrison has yet to prove his charges against Clay Shaw, and the world awaits further information on the activities of Sirhan and Ray.

This is not to say that the Memphis and Los Angeles events are connected, even though they happened two months apart, but rather that motivations and the money angle in each case are still shrouded in mystery. Accomplices, if any, remain undetected.

The Justice Department has promised that if conspirators are involved, they will be caught. The quicker the better.

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Jail Gun-Smuggling May Be Linked to Police Slaying Case

BY WILLIAM DRUMMOND
Times Staff Writer

The three loaded guns that were intercepted Friday by sheriff's deputies at the County Jail where Sirhan Bishara Sirhan is being held were apparently intended for Gregory U. Powell, the accused murderer of a Los Angeles policeman, it was learned Monday.

The three pistols were found Friday evening in a typewriter and the bearer of the machine, Mrs. Edyth Grant, 55, of 1800 N. La Brea Ave., was arrested on suspicion of taking firearms into a jail.

After her arrest, it was widely speculated that the guns might have figured in a plot to kill Sirhan, the accused assassin of Sen. Robert F. Kennedy. Sirhan has been held at the jail since the senator was shot early Wednesday.

itself Monday that Mrs. Grant was not intentionally involved in any wrongdoing and released her.

Acting on information given by Mrs. Grant, police arrested Mrs. Sylvia Ruby Dorsey, 55, of 1142 S. Normandie Ave., and booked her on suspicion of taking firearms into a jail.

Mrs. Dorsey has reportedly acted as a runner of legal errands for Powell, who along with Jimmy Lee Smith, 37, is facing a retrial in the 1963 slaying of policeman Ian James Campbell and is preparing his own legal appeal.

Mrs. Grant, a secretary to a bail bondsman, told The Times that she unwittingly became involved in the gun-smuggling scheme in her efforts

The Sheriff's Department satisfied

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

I-3 Los Angeles Times
Los Angeles, Calif.

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File
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Date: 6/11/68
Edition: Home
Author: William Drummond
Editor: Nick B. Williams
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Submitting Office: LOS Angeles
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to assist J. Avery Bayer, a friend who is in jail on a petty theft charge.

Bayer also has been given permission by a judge to prepare his own case while in jail. In these circumstances, the defendant is permitted to have a person assigned as his legal runner.

Mrs. Grant was Bayer's legal runner, while Mrs. Dorsey was Powell's.

Bayer and Powell are acquaintances, although it is not known if they became acquainted while in jail or before their incarceration.

Tells of Meeting

Mrs. Grant said she met Mrs. Dorsey when the latter telephoned to inform her that Bayer had been transferred into the County Jail from another facility.

The typewriter affair began, Mrs. Grant said, when she visited Bayer Wednesday.

"It was right after Sen. Kennedy was shot, and we talked about religion and forgiveness and about Sirhan," Mrs. Grant said. "He (Bayer) mentioned that Greg (Powell) needed a typewriter."

Bayer said that Mrs. Dorsey was sick and could not take the typewriter to Powell. He suggested that Mrs. Grant take the machine to him and he would see that Powell received it.

Gets Machine

Friday afternoon Mrs. Grant went to Mrs. Dorsey's home and picked up a "big old heavy lumbering typewriter, probably an old Remington."

She said the typewriter was not in a case, but was extraordinarily heavy.

"I don't know how in the world the guns could have been hidden inside," she said and added that she never once became suspicious.

Mrs. Grant said she took the typewriter into the attorneys' room at the jail, put it on the floor and went back outside to view the excitement caused by news media covering Sirhan's incarceration.

When she went back inside 20 minutes later, she was arrested. During her brief absence, deputies had examined the typewriter and found the guns.

"Powell was using all three of us," Mrs. Grant said. "He probably would have tried to escape."

The 1963 conviction of Powell and his alleged accomplice Smith was reversed last year by the State Supreme Court on the grounds that the pair were not fully informed of their constitutional rights.

While on Death Row, Powell attempted to escape, reportedly by using hacksaw blades, which an investigation disclosed were taken in to him taped inside a typewriter.

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TELEVISION 6/11 NX
 TELEVISION IN REVIEW
 BY RICK DU BROW

HOLLYWOOD (UPI)--TELEVISION VIOLENCE SEEMS CERTAIN TO BE SCRUTINIZED CAREFULLY BY A PRESIDENTIAL COMMISSION FORMED IN THE WAKE OF THE ASSASSINATION OF SEN. ROBERT F. KENNEDY.

THE 10-MEMBER COMMISSION, CONVENED AT THE WHITE HOUSE MONDAY BY PRESIDENT JOHNSON, HAS BEEN GIVEN A YEAR TO INVESTIGATE CAUSES AND POSSIBLE CURES OF VIOLENCE IN AMERICAN LIFE.

AND AMONG THE QUESTIONS JOHNSON SUGGESTED THE COMMISSION EXPLORE WAS: "ARE THE SEEDS OF VIOLENCE NURTURED THROUGH THE PUBLIC AIRWAVES, THE SCREENS OF NEIGHBORHOOD THEATERS, THE NEWS MEDIA AND OTHER FORMS OF COMMUNICATIONS THAT REACH THE FAMILY AND OUR YOUNG?"

THE PRESIDENT SAID HE WAS ASKING THE RADIO AND TELEVISION NETWORKS AND THE HEAD OF THE FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION TO COOPERATE IN THE STUDY. AND HE POSED THE THOUGHTS: IS VIOLENCE A CONTAGIOUS PHENOMENON? AND TO THE EXTENT THAT IT IS, ARE THERE WAYS TO REDUCE THE CONTAGION?

HE ALSO SAID HE WAS ASKING CONGRESS TO GIVE THE POWER OF SUBPENA TO THE COMMISSION, WHICH IS SCHEDULED TO HOLD ITS FIRST MEETING NEXT TUESDAY.

AN IMMEDIATE RESPONSE CAME FROM CBS PRESIDENT FRANK STANTON, WHO PLEDGED COOPERATION "IN EVERY WAY POSSIBLE" AND ADDED:

"AS AN INITIAL STEP, ALTHOUGH THE INTEGRITY OF THE CREATIVE PROCESS WILL BE FULLY RESPECTED, PROGRAMMING EXECUTIVES OF THE CBS TELEVISION NETWORK WILL IMMEDIATELY UNDERTAKE INDIVIDUAL CONFERENCES WITH PRODUCERS AND WRITERS TO DISCUSS SPECIFIC MEASURES TO DE-EMPHASIZE VIOLENCE IN PROGRAMS NOW IN PRODUCTION."

STANTON SAID: "CBS SHARES THE PRESIDENT'S CONCERN AS TO THE POSSIBLE EFFECT OF THE CONTENT OF TELEVISION ENTERTAINMENT PROGRAMS UPON THE NATURE OF OUR SOCIETY...."

FOR MR. TOLSON

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

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29 JUN 17 1968

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"WE BELIEVE, HOWEVER, THAT IT MAY TAKE A CONSIDERABLE LENGTH OF TIME TO DETERMINE WHETHER THERE IS A CASUAL RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE FICTIONAL PORTRAIT OF VIOLENCE IN THE MASS MEDIA AND ANY INCREASE OF ACTUAL VIOLENCE IN AMERICAN LIFE. NEVERTHELESS, WE ARE EXAMINING OUR POLICIES AND PRACTICES IN THIS ENTIRE AREA."

HOLLYWOOD TRADE REPORTS ALSO INDICATED SOME POSSIBLE FUTURE PRODUCTION REACTIONS TO THE KENNEDY KILLING. THE DAILY TRADE PAPER "VARIETY" SAID THE PRODUCERS OF NBC-TV'S "GET SMART" SERIES "ARE STRIPPING ALL SCENES WITH VIOLENCE FROM SCRIPTS FOR NEXT SEASON." IT ADDED THAT THE PRODUCERS "SAID IN VIEW OF THE MURDER OF SENATOR KENNEDY THEY FEEL THEY WANT TO MAKE A CONTRIBUTION TOWARD A CLIMATE WITH LESS VIOLENCE."

AND MOVIE DIRECTOR JERRY PARIS, WHO FORMERLY GUIDED EPISODES OF CBS-TV'S DICK VAN DYKE SERIES, TOOK OUT A FULL-PAGE TRADE PAPER ADVERTISEMENT SAYING:

"IN THE NAME OF JOHN F. KENNEDY, MARTIN LUTHER KING AND ROBERT F. KENNEDY AND MY FAMILY, I MAKE THIS SOLEMN PLEDGE:

"I WILL NO LONGER LEND MY TALENTS IN ANY WAY TO ADD TO THE CREATION OF A CLIMATE FOR MURDER. I CALL UPON ALL WHO READ THIS TO JOIN ME IN REFUSING TO WRITE, DIRECT, PRODUCE, ACT, OR PARTICIPATE IN ANY WAY IN THE SHAPING OF ANY 'ENTERTAINMENT' THAT CELEBRATES SENSELESS BRUTALITY, AIMLESS CRUELTY, POINTLESS AND VIOLENT DEATH...IF YOU AGREE WITH ME, LET ME HEAR FROM YOU. NONE OF US KNOWS WHERE THIS WILL STOP. BUT WE CAN MAKE A BEGINNING IN THE SOPPING. TOGETHER WE CAN CHANGE THE CLIMATE."

PARIS QUOTED FROM A SATURDAY REVIEW ARTICLE BY RICHARD L. TOBIN WHICH SUGGESTED A GROWING RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN TELEVISION VIOLENCE AND THE INCREASE OF VIOLENT ACTS IN AMERICAN LIFE.

"IN THE COURSE OF AN EIGHT-HOUR EXPOSURE TO ABC, CBS AND NBC, AS WELL AS HALF A DOZEN LOCAL OUTLETS," WROTE TOBIN, "WE MARKED DOWN 93 SPECIFIC INCIDENTS INVOLVING SADISTIC BRUTALITY, MURDER, COLD-BLOODED KILLING, SEXUAL CRUELTY AND RELATED SADISM..."

NBC-TV, MEANWHILE, MONDAY NIGHT OFFERED A NEW WEEKLY BRITISH SERIES, "THE CHAMPIONS," AN HOUR OF AMATEURISH DRIVEL ABOUT SUPERUMAN SECRET AGENTS, QUITE VIOLENT, AND POINTLESSLY SO.

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FOR MR. TOLSON

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SIRHAN 6/11 HC

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LOS ANGELES (UPI)--SIRHAN B. SIRHAN, ACCUSED ASSASSIN OF SEN. ROBERT F. KENNEDY, TUESDAY RULED OUT TWO OF THE NATION'S TOP LAWYERS--MELVIN BELLI AND F. LEE BAILEY--AS HIS DEFENSE COUNSEL.

INSTEAD, THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY BAR ASSOCIATION WILL SELECT AN ATTORNEY TO REPRESENT HIM AT HIS TRIAL FOR FIRST DEGREE MURDER.

A.L. WIRIN OF THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE AT COUNTY JAIL THAT SIRHAN "DOESN'T DESIRE" THE SERVICES OF BAILEY OR BELLI, NEITHER OF WHOM HAD VOLUNTEERED TO REPRESENT HIM.

BAILEY WON ACQUITTAL FOR DR. SAM SHEPPARD, WHO WAS CONVICTED OF KILLING HIS WIFE, MARILYN, IN HIS FIRST TRIAL. BELLI DEFENDED JACK RUBY, WHO WAS CONVICTED OF KILLING LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ASSASSIN OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

WIRIN SAID SIRHAN, WHO HAS SAID HE WANTED A "BIG-NAME" LAWYER, AGREED TO ACCEPT ANY ATTORNEY CHOSEN BY THE BAR ASSOCIATION. THE DISCLOSURE WAS MADE FOLLOWING A MEETING BETWEEN WIRIN AND LEONARD JANOFKY, PRESIDENT OF THE ASSOCIATION, AS WELL AS TRUSTEES OF THE GROUP.

SIRHAN IS "NOT DISSATISFIED WITH THE PUBLIC DEFENDER" APPOINTED BY THE COURT TO DEFEND HIM, WIRIN EXPLAINED, BUT HE WANTS TWO PRIVATE ATTORNEYS. HE CAN'T AFFORD TO PAY A LAWYER, SO HE WILL ACCEPT THE CHOICE OF THE BAR ASSOCIATION. AN ATTORNEY CHOSEN BY THE ASSOCIATION WOULD SERVE WITHOUT PAY.

"A NUMBER OF ATTORNEYS" ALREADY HAVE AGREED TO SERVE WITHOUT A FEE, WIRIN SAID. HE DECLINED TO IDENTIFY THEM.

"I HAVE NOT CONSIDERED HANDLING THE CASE," WIRIN REPLIED IN ANSWER TO A NEWSMAN'S QUERY. "THE DEFENDANT HAS ASKED ME THREE TIMES TO BE ONE OF HIS COUNSEL."

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WIRIN EXPLAINED THAT HE WOULD NOT REPRESENT SIRHAN BECAUSE AT THE PRESENT TIME HE COULD SEE "NO CONSTITUTIONAL CIVIL LIBERTIES ISSUE IN THE TRIAL." HE ADDED HE DID NOT EXPECT THE ACLU TO BE INVOLVED IN THE TRIAL.

THE BEARDED LAWYER SAID SIRHAN HAD ASKED THE ACLU FOR HELP AND THAT THE ORGANIZATION WAS TRYING ONLY TO OBTAIN A LAWYER TO GUARANTEE SIRHAN'S CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO COUNSEL.

SIRHAN, 24, A NATIVE OF JORDAN, WAS INDICTED LAST FRIDAY BY THE COUNTY GRAND JURY ON ONE COUNT OF MURDERING SEN. KENNEDY AND FIVE COUNTS OF ASSAULT WITH INTENT TO COMMIT MURDER AGAINST FIVE OTHER PERSONS.

KENNEDY AND FIVE OTHER PERSONS WERE SHOT LAST WEDNESDAY IN THE AMBASSADOR HOTEL MOMENTS AFTER THE NEW YORK DEMOCRAT CLAIMED VICTORY OVER SEN. EUGENE MCCARTHY, D-MINN., IN TUESDAY NIGHT'S CALIFORNIA DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY.

SIRHAN HAS BEEN ORDERED TO RETURN TO COURT JUNE 28 TO ENTER A PLEA TO THE CHARGES.

HE CURRENTLY IS HOUSED IN THE SAME JAIL WHERE WIRIN HELD THE NEWS CONFERENCE. SECURITY IN THE WAKE OF NUMEROUS THREATS--INCLUDING SEVERAL TO BOMB THE JAIL--HAS BEEN SO STRINGENT THAT EVEN WIRIN AND SHERIFF'S DEPUTIES ACCOMPANYING HIM ARE SEARCHED BEFORE BEING LED INTO THE SUSPECT'S PRESENCE.

WIRIN SAID SIRHAN HAS MADE "NO COMPLAINTS" ABOUT HIS TREATMENT AT THE JAIL. HE ADDED THAT THE SUSPECT SPENDS MUCH OF HIS TIME READING BOOKS ON OCCULTISM, THE THEORY OF MYSTERIOUS POWERS WHICH CAN BE SUBJECT TO HUMAN CONTROL.

"I HAVE SEEN HIM AS A PERSON AND AS A HUMAN BEING," WIRIN SAID. SIRHAN HAS MADE SOME REQUESTS, INCLUDING ASKING FOR EXERCISE. HE SAID AND THE PRISONER NOW IS RECEIVING "A FEW MINUTES A DAY" OF EXERCISE BY WALKING IN THE JAIL HALLWAY.

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SIRHAN 6/11 HC

SUB 2ND PGH NIGHT LD SIRHAN LOS ANGELES 266A STARTING: INSTEAD,
 THE LOS (BAR ASSOCIATION NOW SAYS IT HAS NO POWER TO DESIGNATE
 COUNSEL.

THE MATTER OF LEGAL REPRESENTATION FOR SIRHAN BECAME THE CENTER OF
 CONTROVERSY TUESDAY NIGHT WHEN THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY BAR
 ASSOCIATION DENIED A REPORT IT WOULD SELECT AN ATTORNEY TO HANDLE
 SIRHAN'S FIRST-DEGREE MURDER TRIAL.

PICKUP 3RD PGH 266A: A.A. WIRIN OF

 INSERT NIGHT LD SIRHAN LOS ANGELES 266A AFTER 5TH PGH XX OF THE
 GROUP.

HOWEVER, LATER IN THE DAY, JANOFKY STATED THAT THE BAR
 ASSOCIATION "HAS NO POWER TO DESIGNATE COUNSEL. THE COURT DOES NOT
 APPOINT PRIVATE COUNSEL UNLESS THE PUBLIC DEFENDER IS DISQUALIFIED OR
 DECLINES TO ACT. THE OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC DEFENDER HAS THE TIME,
 STAFF AND RESOURCES TO FURNISH MR. SIRHAN A FULL AND COMPETENT
 DEFENSE."

BUT JANOFKY ALSO SAID THE BAR ASSOCIATION "CONTINUES TO STAND
 READY TO ASSIST THE COURT IN ANY MANNER IT MAY REQUEST."

PICKUP 6TH PGH 266A: SIRHAN IS "NOT

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Shooting-Victim Schrade Says He Did Not See RFK's Killer

Paul Schrade, wounded at the assassination on Sen. Robert F. Kennedy, said he did not see the senator fall and he could not identify the killer.

Schrade, 43, regional director of the United Auto Workers was from five to six feet from Kennedy when he, the senator, and four others were cut down by gunfire in the Ambassador Hotel.

Schrade, his head swathed in bandages from his wound and resultant surgery to remove bullet fragments, said he could recall only that "all hell broke loose" and that he saw flashes "like electrical charges" and heard explosions.

He said the FBI had questioned him but that he was not summoned to testify before the Grand Jury because "I saw nothing in terms of prosecution" of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, the accused assassin.

Meanwhile, maximum security prevailed in County Central Jail, where the 24-year-old Jordanian was being held pending his next court appearance, scheduled June 28 when he will enter a plea to the six-count Grand Jury indictment.

Sirhan, seen by newsmen only briefly during his arraignment Friday, was accused of killing Kennedy and of assault with intent to murder Schrade and four others. He was subdued and arrested at the shooting scene.

Los Angeles city and county authorities, silenced by a sweeping security court order to not

discuss details of the case, were believed to be investigating the possibility that Sirhan was part of an elaborate plot to kill the New York senator. They also are concerned over threats to Sirhan's life.

Authorities close to the case reported that 59 threats, including several to use bombs to gain access to Sirhan's cell, had been

written or telephoned the past four days.

No definite site has been set for either the June 28 plea date or the trial.

Judge Donald Wright, presiding judge of the Superior Court, said Sirhan would not be tried in the large public courtrooms of the Courthouse but in one of the smaller courtrooms in the Hall of Justice.

He said Sirhan's physical condition (he suffered a sprained ankle and broken finger when he was arrested at the shooting scene) would determine whether the plea would be entered in a regular courtroom or in the jail chapel.

Wherever his courtroom appearances occur, the chances increased that he will be represented by an attorney to be chosen by the Los Angeles County Bar Association.

A.L. Wirin, Southern California chief counsel for the American Civil Liberties Union, said whoever is chosen, "big or small," will serve without fee.

Many attorneys have offered to represent the defendant, Wirin said, but he did not name the volunteers. Having told Judge A. L. Alarcon he was without funds, Sirhan so far has been represented by a public defender.

Wirin said the bar association will recommend counsel for Sirhan and the attorney's name will be submitted to Superior Court Judge Richard Schauer for approval. Final approval of a defense lawyer would be up to Sirhan.

DeLoach
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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

A-3 Herald Examiner
Los Angeles, Cali

Date: 6/11/68
Edition: Night Final
Author:
Editor: Donald Goodenow
Title: KENSALT

Character:
or
Classification: LA56-156
Submitting Office: Los Angeles
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79 JUL 2 - 1968

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YORTY 6/11 HC
WITH SIRHAN

LOS ANGELES (UPI)--MAYOR SAM YORTY TUESDAY DEFENDED AS A "PUBLIC SERVICE" DISCLOSURES HE MADE, FOLLOWING THE ARREST OF SIRHAN B. SIRHAN AS THE SUSPECTED ASSASSIN OF SEN. ROBERT F. KENNEDY.

YORTY, WHO HAS BEEN CRITICIZED BY SOME PERSONS ON GROUNDS HIS DISCLOSURES MIGHT PREJUDICE THE TRIAL OF THE 24-YEAR-OLD JORDANIAN SUSPECT, DEFENDED HIS ACTION IN A CITY HALL NEWS CONFERENCE.

THE CONFERENCE WAS HELD 24 HOURS AFTER SUPERIOR JUDGE ARTHUR L. ALARCON ORDERED THAT YORTY BE SERVED WITH A COPY OF AN ORDER HE ISSUED LAST FRIDAY PROHIBITING AUTHORITIES AND PUBLIC OFFICIALS FROM DISSEMINATING INFORMATION ABOUT THE CASE.

YORTY WHO WAS CRITICAL OF THE JUDGE'S ORDER, SAID HE MADE STATEMENTS ABOUT SIRHAN ONLY TO DISPEL A RAFT OF RUMORS THAT FOLLOWED THE SHOOTING OF KENNEDY LAST WEDNESDAY IN THE AMBASSADOR HOTEL.

THE MAYOR, WHO EARLIER HAD FEUDED WITH KENNEDY, SAID HE WANTED TO "GET THE FACTS TO THE PUBLIC TO PREVENT RUMORS AND VIOLENCE. I FELT IT WAS A DUTY OF MINE" SO VIOLENCE WHICH WRACKED AMERICAN CITIES IN THE WAKE OF THE ASSASSINATION OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING WOULDN'T "HAPPEN HERE.

"IT SHOULD BE POINTED OUT," YORTY CONTINUED, "THAT IN THE FIRST HOURS AFTER THE (KENNEDY) ASSASSINATION THE WHOLE WORLD WANTED TO KNOW WHO THE SUSPECT WAS."

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HE SAID EARLY RUMORS IDENTIFIED THE SUSPECT AS A CUBAN OR A MEXICAN-AMERICAN.

YORTY SAID HIS STATEMENTS IDENTIFYING THE SUSPECT AS A NATIVE OF A SECTION OF JORDAN, NOW CONTROLLED BY ISRAEL, CONSTITUTED A "PUBLIC SERVICE" TO PROTECT THE CITY'S MEXICAN-AMERICAN AND CUBAN RESIDENTS.

HE SAID HE DID NOT DISCLOSE TO THE NEWS MEDIA ALL THE INFORMATION HE POSSESSED ABOUT SIRHAN, BUT SAID ONLY "WHAT WAS NECESSARY TO STOP RUMORS. I REVEALED THAT MUCH AND NO MORE."

REVELATIONS DISCLOSED BY YORTY INCLUDED EXISTENCE OF TWO DIARY-LIKE NOTEBOOKS, SEIZED BY AUTHORITIES AT THE HOME OF SIRHAN, IN WHICH WAS WRITTEN A NOTATION THAT KENNEDY HAD TO DIE BY JUNE 5.

YORTY SAID ALARCON'S ORDER WAS TOO LIMITED BECAUSE IT DID NOT INCLUDE THE NEWS MEDIA. HE POINTED OUT REPORTERS STILL WERE FREE TO GATHER AND DISSEMINATE INFORMATION ABOUT SIRHAN.

THE ORDER WAS ISSUED AT THE ARRAIGNMENT OF SIRHAN ON A COUNTY GRAND JURY INDICTMENT WHICH ACCUSED HIM OF KILLING KENNEDY AND TRYING TO KILL FIVE OTHER PERSONS WHO WERE WOUNDED AT THE SAME TIME. SIRHAN FACES A HEARING JUNE 28 IN THE CASE. HE CURRENTLY IS IN COUNTY JAIL.

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Sirhan Defense Lawyer To Be Chosen by Bar

LOS ANGELES, June 10 (AP)—A lawyer chosen by the Los Angeles County Bar Association and approved by the defendant will represent Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, accused as the assassin of Sen. Robert F. Kennedy.

A. L. Wirin, Southern California chief counsel for the American Civil Liberties Union, made that announce-

ment today before visiting the 24-year-old Jordanian immigrant who is held under close guard at the County Central Jail.

Wirin said he would not discuss what Sirhan tells him and is limiting all statements to comply with a sweeping security court order against discussion of the case issued Friday when Superior Court Judge Arthur L. Alarcon arraigned Sirhan.

Wirin said many attorneys have offered to represent Sirhan, but he would not name them. So far Sirhan has been represented by the public defenders office.

Whoever is chosen, "big or small," will serve without fee, Wirin said. He added that Sirhan has no complaints about the way his case has been handled so far.

Wirin said the bar association will recommend counsel for Sirhan and the name will be submitted to Superior Court Judge Richard Schauer for approval. Then Sirhan will have the final say on who his lawyer will be. The American Civil Liberties Union will not recommend a defense attorney, he said.

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 The National Observer _____
 People's World _____
 Date 6-11-68

79 JUN 17 1968

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 JUN 17 1968

Judge Fears Courthouse Trial Might Not Be Safe for Sirhan

BY TERRY ROBARDS

Special to The New York Times

LOS ANGELES, June 10 — The presiding judge of the Los Angeles Superior Court expressed anxiety today over the safety of the accused assassin of Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

The judge, Donald R. Wright, said he was opposed to holding the trial of the suspect, Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, in the county courthouse.

Judge Wright said the courthouse "has no security facilities at all, except on lockup." He said better arrangements could be made at the Hall of Justice, a much older building that, he said, has excellent detention facilities.

Using the Hall of Justice for the trial would enable Sirhan to be transported between a jail cell and the courtroom virtually without public notice.

Site of Indictment

Sirhan was indicted at the Hall of Justice Friday for Mr. Kennedy's murder. He was arraigned the same day in a chapel at the Los Angeles County mens central jail to avoid the public exposure he would have received in a courtroom.

Meanwhile, it was learned that the ~~trial~~ will most likely head the prosecution of Sirhan is J. Miller Leavey, chief of the trials division of the District Attorney's office.

Mr. Leavey declined to discuss the Sirhan case today. When asked if he would be the chief prosecutor he said, "I'm available." But he noted that he had not yet received any official indication that he would prosecute the case.

A defense lawyer has not yet been selected. A. L. Wirin, chief counsel for the America Civil Liberties Union in Southern California, said that Sirhan would be represented by an attorney selected by the Los Angeles County Bar Association and approved by the defendant.

"The organized bar in the past has demonstrated its concern for the constitutional right of counsel," Mr. Wirin said, "and we have every confidence that, if requested by the court, the Los Angeles County Bar Association will secure counsel for this defendant."

He said he had "no intention" of requesting any A.C.L.U. lawyer to represent Mr. Sirhan. The determination

of Sirhan's guilt or innocence poses no civil liberties issue," he said

Mr. Wirin, who visited Sirhan in jail for about 40 minutes today, said the defendant has twice asked the A.C.L.U. for a lawyer. Mr. Wirin said he had explained the union's position and had turned down the requests.

The defendant is undergoing psychiatric examination this week by two defense experts. They are Dr. Eric Marcus and Dr. Edward Steinbrook. Their findings will be made available only to the defense and will be used to make a decision on what plea Sirhan will enter on June 28, the date that has been set for pleading.

Sources in the county Sheriff's office said that Sirhan had not mentioned the shooting of Mr. Kennedy and five other persons early last Wednesday morning to anyone, nor had he asked for any member of his family to visit him.

Sirhan was reported to be eating three meals a day, and sleeping well. He takes exercise intermittently by pacing the jail corridor and has been given books and newspapers to read, at his request.

Yesterday, Paul Schrade, regional director of the United Auto Workers, said he did not know who had shot him. Mr. Schrade was one of five persons wounded when Mr. Kennedy was shot.

Early Charges Dropped

On a motion by the District Attorney today, the Los Angeles Superior Court dismissed the original six-count complaint against Sirhan charging him with assault to commit murder. The reason for the dismissal was that the indictment, handed down two days later, superseded the original complaint.

In another development today, Superior Judge Arthur Alarcon said that his information control order concerning the prosecution of Sirhan was not meant to apply to the press or the general public.

Judge Alarcon, who presided at Sirhan's arraignment, issued probably the most sweeping injunction yet to figure in a major criminal case forbidding public officials and others connected with the case from disseminating information that might impair a fair trial. "Swift" contempt of court action was promised violators.

A sentence in the preamble to Judge Alarcon's order, disapproving "dissemination by any means of public communication of any out-of-court statements," left a possible inference of application at least in spirit to news media and private citizens.

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- People's World _____

Date JUN 11 1968

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D.C.

Kennedy Deaths Seen Conspiracy
 SPOKANE, Wash., June 10 (AP)—Sen. Henry M. Jackson (D-Wash.), said today he thinks the deaths of both Sen. Robert F. Kennedy and President John F. Kennedy were the results of conspiracies.
 "I have no proof," the Chairman of the Senate Interior Committee said, "and I have collected no evidence. But I am convinced personally that those deaths and that of Martin Luther King were planned by groups, not the individuals who actually did the assassinating."

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- The Washington Post _____
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Sirhan Threatened

LOS ANGELES, June 11 (UPI) — A total of 59 threats against the life of Sirhan B. Sirhan were received during the past five days and jailers today maintained strict security around the accused assassin of Sen. Robert F. Kennedy.

The phoned threats hit a peak of 29 Saturday, the day after the suspect was arraigned.

The Sheriff's Department, heeding a court-ordered news blackout on pretrial statements, refused to confirm or deny the threats but other sources said the calls included many demanding authorities "turn him over to us."

- The Washington Post _____
- Times Herald _____
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- The Evening Star (Washington) _____
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Sirhan Asks 'Big Name' Lawyer

LOS ANGELES, June 10 (UPI) — Sirhan Bishara Sirhan has asked the American Civil Liberties Union to help find a "big name" lawyer to defend him, against the charge of assassinating Robert F. Kennedy.

A. L. Wirin, noted constitutional lawyer and chief counsel of the Southern California ALCU, has been visiting Sirhan daily in his cell and planned to do so today.

This week Mr. Wirin will ask presiding judge Richard Schauer of Los Angeles Superior Court to call on the Los Angeles Bar Association and other legal groups to obtain a defense attorney.

Superior Judge Arthur Alarcon rejected Mr. Wirin's motion at the arraignment for "one or more outstanding lawyers" to be appointed to defend Sirhan but indicated he would reconsider the request at a later time.

DELAYS PLEA

Sirhan presently is represented by Wilbur F. Littlefield, chief deputy trial lawyer in the public

defender's office. At his request, entering of a plea of guilt or innocence was continued until June 28.

Sirhan has indicated to Mr. Wirin he would prefer to be defended by a private lawyer, altho he is not opposed to Mr. Littlefield in particular. Mr. Wirin hopes that a lawyer of the caliber of Melvin Belli, who defended Jack Ruby in Dallas, would be sought by the court.

HEAVY GUARD

Meanwhile, Sirhan remained under heavy guard in the second floor hospital ward of Central Jail. Newspapers are distributed in the ward and deputies said Sirhan probably had seen photographs of the funeral of the man he is accused of killing June 5.

While legal efforts continued to find a defense attorney for the suspect, police and prosecution attorneys were busy seeking answers to several questions, including whether the slaying was the result of a lone assassin or of a conspiracy.

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- The Washington Post _____
- Times Herald _____
- The Washington Daily News 5
- The Evening Star (Washington) _____
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- The National Observer _____
- People's World _____

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- Miss Holmes _____
- Miss Gandy _____

All-Out Surgical Effort to Save Kennedy Told

Most Modern Instruments, Heart Assist Machines, Powerful Drugs Reported Used

Exclusive to The Times from the Washington Post

The three neurosurgeons who operated on Sen. Robert F. Kennedy last Wednesday morning tried every medical measure known in their attempt to save his life.

In the three hours and 20 minutes that Kennedy was under the knife at Good Samaritan Hospital the doctors used the newest of surgical instruments, the latest in heart assist machines and the most powerful of modern medicines trying to bring him back from the brink of death.

"These men," said one hospital source of the surgeons, "did everything imaginable to save him. They worked like bandits."

The surgical team that operated on Kennedy—Dr. Maxwell Andler of UCLA and Dr. Nat Downs Reid and Dr. Henry Cuneo of USC—has been forbidden by court orders to discuss any details of the Kennedy assassination, including the time the New York senator spent in Good Samaritan up to the hour of his death.

Details Supplied

But other sources, including Newsweek magazine, which apparently had a correspondent inside the hospital, supplied details of the time Kennedy spent in surgery.

It is understood that Kennedy's brain was left at the hospital for exhaustive microscopic tests to determine the exact extent of

brain damage. The results will be published by the Los Angeles County coroner as part of an official and final autopsy report. One pathologist said it is not unusual to remove the entire brain for tests in cases where it has been severely damaged.

Kennedy went under the knife at 3:10 a.m., two hours and 55 minutes after his assassin fired a .22-caliber bullet into his head, just behind the right ear.

The first thing the doctors did was to shave the back of Kennedy's head, to bare that part of the skull for surgery.

On the operating table, his face was covered with an oxygen mask plugged into a positive pressure machine to match the oxygen flow to his own breathing.

Hole Expanded

The hole made by the bullet in Kennedy's skull was about two centimeters wide, which the surgeons then expanded to four centimeters to allow them to clean the wound. The instrument used to do this was an air drill, a relatively new and delicate device that works on compressed air and turns at more than 10,000 revolutions a minute without heating up.

When the immediate wound was sucked clean of broken bones, metal and tissue, the surgeons

used an air-operated saw to remove that part of the skull covering the rear portion of Kennedy's brain.

The doctors immediately found portions of brain tissue distended from internal bleeding and pressure so they injected massive amounts of two drugs to help stem the swelling.

One was mannitol, a dehydrating agent to get rid of the excess fluid that had built up inside the brain. The other was dexamethasone, a steroid that works by reducing inflammation of nerves and tissue.

Probing Kennedy's brain, the doctors found and removed the two largest bullet fragments. The first and largest fragment was discovered just behind the temporal bone, which had shattered from the bullet's track, just above the main portion of the brain stem at a 45-degree angle to the projectile's point of entry.

When the operation began, Kennedy was not moving a single superficial muscle, suggesting his brain had no control over them.

During surgery, according to Newsweek, the doctors attempted to stimulate his deeper reflexes by pricking his arms and legs with pins.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

I-10 Los Angeles Times
Los Angeles, Calif.

Date: 6/10/68
Edition: Home
Author:
Editor: Nick B. Williams
Title: KENSALT
Character:
or
Classification: LA 56-156
Submitting Office: Los Angeles
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These pin pricks caused spasmodic movements of Kennedy's legs and arms, especially on the right side. His left arm and leg responded far more slowly, indicating even then that the right of his brain was damaged enough to have caused at least partial paralysis of his left side.

He was given two pints of whole blood to make up for the blood he lost. He was sewed up at 6:30 a.m. and wheeled directly into the hospital's intensive care unit, where he was kept on a positive pressure machine to keep him breathing.

Inside the intensive care unit, he was plugged into machines to constantly check his brain and heart.

Pulses from his brain began leveling off at 6 p.m. Wednesday and stopped shortly thereafter indicating that brain activity, at least near the surface, had ceased.

Seven hours later his heart began to falter, and 44 minutes after that at 1:44 a.m. it stopped beating and he was pronounced dead.

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- Miss Gandy.....

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ARABS CLAIM SIRHAN KIN ISRAEL SPY

CAIRO (UPI) —The semi-official Middle East News Agency reported from Baghdad Sunday night that informed sources said Iraqi authorities arrested the brother of the accused assassin of Sen. Robert F. Kennedy months ago on charges of spying for Israel.

The agency quoted the sources as saying Soliman Sirhan, brother of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, was an engineer working for a private company and carrying a Jordanian passport.

According to the sources, Soliman was arrested near the Jordanian border while carrying maps of Iraqi military airports.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

I-31 Los Angeles Times
Los Angeles, Calif.

Date: 6/10/68
Edition: Home
Author:
Editor: Nick B. Williams

Title: KENSALT

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(PERCY)

WASHINGTON--SEN. CHARLES PERCY, R-ILL., PREDICTED YESTERDAY THE ASSASSINATION OF SEN. KENNEDY WOULD HELP RICHARD NIXON WIN THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

"IF MR. NIXON IS THE SUCCESSFUL NOMINEE IN MIAMI, AS LOOKS HIGHLY PROBABLE NOW, THIS WILL HAVE A MARKED IMPACT ON HIS ABILITY TO GET ELECTED IN NOVEMBER," PERCY SAID ON METROMEDIA'S OPINION: WASHINGTON.

"REPUBLICANISM, ACROSS THE COUNTRY, IS NOW FAVORED OVER THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY AS PROBLEM SERVERS AND PEOPLE WANT THE SOLUTIONS TO PROBLEMS," PERCY SAID.

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Prince Stanislas and Princess Lee Radziwill, at left, and Mrs. John F. Kennedy

Kennedy Surgeons Tried Everything

By Thomas O'Toole
Washington Post Staff Writer

LOS ANGELES, June 9—
The three neurosurgeons who
operated on Sen. Robert F.
Kennedy last Wednesday
morning tried every medical
measure known in their at-
tempt to save his life.

In the three hours and 20
minutes that Sen. Kennedy
was in surgery at Good Samaritan
Hospital the doctors used
the newest of surgical instru-
ments, the latest in heart as-
sist machines and the most
powerful of modern medicines
trying to bring him back from
the brink of death.

"These men," said one hos-
pital source of the surgeons,
did everything imaginable to
save him. They worked like
bandits."

Court Order Issued

The surgical team that oper-
ated on Kennedy — Dr. Max-
well Andler of UCLA and Dr.
Nat Downs Reid and Dr.
Henry Cuneo of USC — has
been forbidden by court order
to discuss any details of the
Kennedy assassination, includ-
ing the time the New York
Senator spent in Good Samaritan
Hospital up to the hour of
his death.

But other sources, including
Newsweek magazine which ap-
parently had a correspondent
inside the hospital, supplied
details about the time Sen.
Kennedy spent in surgery.

He went into surgery at 6:10
a.m. EDT, two hours and 55
minutes after his assassin had
fired a .22-caliber bullet into

his head, just behind the right
ear.

The doctors first shaved the
back of Sen. Kennedy's head,
to bare that part of the skull
for surgery.

On the operating table, his
face was covered with an oxy-
gen mask plugged into a posi-
tive pressure machine to
match the oxygen flow to his
own breathing.

Cleaning the Wound

The hole made by the bullet
in Sen. Kennedy's skull was
about two centimeters (of
an inch) wide, which the sur-
geons then expanded to four
centimeters to allow them to
clean the wound. The instru-
ment used to do his was an air
drill, a relatively new and deli-
cate device that works on com-
pressed air and turns at more
than 10,000 revolutions a min-
ute without heating up.

When the immediate wound
was sucked clean of broken
bones, metal, and tissue, the
surgeons used an airperated
saw to remove that part of the
skull covering the rear portion
of Sen. Kennedy's brain.

The doctors immediately
found portions of brain tissue
pouching out from internal
bleeding, and pressure so they
injected massive amounts of
two drugs to help stem the
swelling.

Fragments Removed

One was mannitol, a dehy-
drating agent to get rid of the
excess fluid that had built up
inside the brain. The other
was dexamethasone, a steroid,

that works by reducing inflam-
mation of nerves and tissues.

Probing Sen. Kennedy's
brain, the doctors found and
removed the two largest bullet
fragments. The first and larg-
est fragment was discovered
just behind the temporal bone,
which had shattered from the
bullet's impact. The second
piece was found at the end of
the bullet's track, just above
the main portion of the brain
stem at a 45-degree angle to
the projectile's point of entry.

When the operation began,
Sen. Kennedy was not moving
a single superficial muscle,
suggesting his brain had not
control over them. (Superficial
muscles control voluntary
movements of the body on
command of the brain.)

During surgery, according
to Newsweek, the doctors at-
tempted to stimulate his
deeper reflexes by pricking
his arms and legs with pins.

These pinpricks caused
spasmodic movements of Sen.
Kennedy's legs and arms, es-
pecially on the right side. His

left arm and leg responded far
more slowly, indicating even
then that the right of his brain
was damaged enough to have
caused at least partial para-
lysis of his left side.

Given 2 Pints of Blood

Sen. Kennedy was given two
pints of whole blood to make
up for the blood he lost. His
wound was sewed up at 6:30
a.m. EDT, and he was wheeled
directly into the hospital's In-
tensive Care Unit, where he
was kept on a positive pres-
sure machine to keep him
breathing.

Inside the Intensive Care
Unit, machines constantly
checked his brain and heart.

Pulses from his brain began
leveling off at 9 p.m. EDT and
stopped shortly thereafter, in-
dicating that brain activity, at
least near the surface, had
ceased.

Seven hours later his heart
began to falter. Forty-four
minutes after that — at 4:44
a.m. — it stopped beating and
he was pronounced dead.

6/10/68

- Line Worker _____
- The New Leader _____
- The Wall Street Journal _____
- The National Observer _____
- People's World _____

Date _____

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Thronges Say Goodbye to Kennedy

Up to a Million Line the Route To His Burial

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By HAYNES JOHNSON
Star Staff Writer

The Robert Francis Kennedy saga is ended. Its finale was acted out before the country's leaders and a vast multitude who paid him a final tribute in an almost endless mass from New York to Washington and through Washington to his grave.

No one will ever know how many people came out to say goodbye to Kennedy. The number might have run as high as one million. The crowd in Washington alone was estimated at up to 500,000. They were the last—and the greatest—of the Kennedy crowds.

Now Kennedy, the young man of passion and compassion, whose life stood emotion and controversy and whose death has touched the world, lies buried in Arlington Cemetery near his brother, John Fitzgerald Kennedy.

His burial took place at night, under floodlights and a nearly full moon, almost 13 hours after his church service had begun in New York's St. Patrick's Cathedral.

The arrival and the subsequent procession in Washington provided a canstone to a day dominated by people.

- The Washington Post _____
- Times Herald _____
- The Washington Daily News _____
- The Evening Star (Washington) _____
- The Sunday Star (Washington) _____
- Daily News (New York) _____
- Sunday News (New York) _____
- New York Post _____
- The New York Times _____
- The Sun (Baltimore) _____
- The Worker _____
- The New Leader _____
- The Wall Street Journal _____
- The National Observer _____
- People's World _____
- Date JUN 9 1968

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From the darkness around Union Station and on to his grave at Arlington, the throngs lined the streets of the capital. They lighted candles. They hummed "The Battle Hymn of the Republic." They saluted. And they were still and patient as all the crowds who had paid tribute to him on his final day.

Kennedy was buried on the same grassy slope near the Eternal Flame that burns for his brother, in a ceremony that began shortly after 10:20 last night.

Because the funeral train was nearly 4½ hours late in arriving, causing the final ceremony to be held at night, large floodlights had been set up on the hillside below the Custis Lee Mansion. The dignitaries—including President Johnson—stood in a semicircle around the young senator's coffin. Many of them held lighted candles.

"America". Played Softly

At 10:32 p.m., his pallbearers, numbering among them a glossary of the famous in America, stepped forward and lifted the American flag from his mahogany casket. The Harvard band struck up "America." They played it softly.

Ten minutes later the ceremony was ended. Before the throng left the slope, the members of his family his wife, his children, his sisters, his brothers-in-law, his nieces and nephews, all moved forward and knelt around his coffin and kissed it. After they had left, the casket was lowered, at 11:34.

A plain white wooden cross—with no name on it—was to be placed early this morning at the head of the grave. It was requested by the Family and will remain until a permanent memorial is decided upon.

Robert Kennedy's funeral day combined both sorrow and ceremony, but the one note that overshadowed everything else was the outpouring of people.

His funeral brought a response usually reserved only for presidents.

It was a lovely night and the lights illuminating the Lincoln Memorial, the Monument, the Capitol and the Reflecting Pool showed them all at their best. The crowds remained thick all the way as the caravan moved across Memorial Bridge and on into the hills of Arlington.

~~There~~ Robert F. Kennedy was laid to rest 60 feet from his brother. He was another assassinated Kennedy buried in Arlington, another Kennedy taken before his time.

As the train carrying his body and family made its way slowly through the cities and countryside of New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, men, women and children stood massed along the way. They stood there offering a last silent tribute.

Two men on a tug in a river stood at stiff salute. Nuns and Negroes, sawmill workers and housewives, girl scouts and veterans—all had turned out on a warm, hazy June day as a gesture of sympathy for a man—and a family—who have experienced more than enough tragedy. At one point, a small boy played Taps on his bugle.

For the most part, they stood silently. In Baltimore, the people sang "We Shall Overcome" and "The Battle Hymn of the Republic." Elsewhere, some waved handkerchiefs. Children brought small American flags. Some adults unfurled old, and larger, standards. They, too, were waved.

Kennedy had been seeking the support of such people in his drive for the presidency this year. While he did not meet with the sweeping success his most ardent supporters had hoped for, yesterday's outpouring was another demonstration of the Kennedy hold on the general public.

But, like so much of the Kennedy story, even the dignity and compassion of his funeral day was marred by tragedy.

In Elizabeth, N.J., a New York-bound passenger train killed two mourners and injured six others. The accident occurred while the special funeral train they wanted to see was moving slowly through the station.

Near Trenton, a young man awaiting the train on top of a box car reached up and touched an overhead wire. He was seriously burned.

It was a note of ill fate that could only occur, it seemed, on a Kennedy expedition. No American family of such pre-eminence has been struck by such a succession of shattering tragedies; their history reads more like a modern version of an ancient Greek tragedy than a chronicle of a major political dynasty.

One of the extraordinary events of the day came inside the train. Joseph P. Kennedy III, at 15, the oldest of Robert and Ethel's sons, walked through the entire train, shaking hands with every passenger. He was thanking them for coming, and acting as the head of his branch of the Kennedy family.

Joe was wearing a PT pin—the symbol of his uncle's valor in World War II and later of his successful presidential campaign in 1960. Joe is gracious, and looks like his father.

While passengers were buzzing about the quality of his performance, Ethel Kennedy began making her way through each car. As she entered a car, it would become still. She walked slowly, stopping to shake each hand and thank each person.

"That's what you call class," whispered one woman after Ethel had passed.

The train, like the church before and the cemetery later, was loaded with the great. Diplomats, writers, athletes, actors and politicians, mingled and moved about.

On one car Coretta King, Martin Luther King's widow, was talking with Ralph Abernathy, King's successor. She was introduced to Sharon Percy Rockefeller and Jay Rockefeller, now in West Virginia politics.

"I think there's hope yet," Mrs. King was saying, "no matter how bad it seems at times."

That, as much as anything, summed up the feeling of those aboard the train. It was neither an entirely sad nor happy group.

It was a strange ride, and strange journey, that funeral procession by rail. The train ran far behind schedule; it took six hours before reaching Baltimore. The entire trip had been scheduled for four hours, it took eight hours.

But it permitted, for nearly all aboard, a time of relaxation after the tension and emotional ordeal of the funeral. It was a respite—sort of a wake—between church and grave.

The older members of the New Frontier—the Sorensens and Schiesingers—could be seen exchanging conversation with the newer members of the hoped-for Kennedy restoration. And the day itself added to the illusion of calm and peace.

Kennedy's funeral train took him across some of the lovelier rivers, the Susquehanna and Delaware, and past the rolling Maryland countryside. Boats were out. Those aboard stood and waved, or just stood, like the more prosaic citizens lining the roadways. The sun was out, the skies were then clear, the countryside green and fresh. It was almost possible to forget, for a time, the central purpose and meaning of the trip and the day.

Yet everyone knew the main point and purpose of the trip rested in the last car, an observation car. There, the casket of Robert Kennedy could be seen by those outside the train. It was mounted on chairs and draped with the American flag. There also was black bunting. The name of the car had been changed for the day. It was the Robert F. Kennedy.

Riding with the Senator's widow and friends of the family were nine of her 10 children. Only Douglas Harriman Kennedy, age 1, was not aboard. Also with them were Caroline and John Kennedy Jr., children of the late President; Chris and Sidney Lawford, children of Mrs. Pat Lawford; Robert, son of Ambassador and Mrs. Sargent Shriver; and Stephen and William Smith, children of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen E. Smith, Kennedy's brother-in-law and sister.

A number of senators and Cabinet officers also made the trip. They had all been to the service at St. Patrick's Cathedral in the morning.

On the platform on the back of the car, the slain senator's brother, Edward M. Kennedy, often stood and waved to the countless thousands along the tracks.

The crowds were so big that the train was running more than two hours behind schedule by the time it reached Trenton, N.J.—about half-way to Washington. By the time it reached Baltimore, it was at least three hours late.

The train was scheduled to leave New York City at 12:30 p.m., but did not depart until shortly after 1 p.m. It arrived at its destination, Washington's Union Station, at 9:07, covering a distance of approximately 230 miles.

On hand to greet the train at the end of the nine-hour journey were President and Mrs. Johnson and Vice President Hubert H. Humphrey. They had attended the church service earlier in the day, then returned to Washington by plane. Many other government officials were on hand at Union Station and later at Arlington Cemetery.

From Union Station, the cortege wended its way past the New Senate Office Building, where Kennedy had an office for the 3½ years he represented New York State in the Senate, then passed the Senate wing of the Capitol on its way down Constitution Avenue.

The motorcade paused in front of the Justice Department, where Kennedy served as attorney general. A crowd in front of the building had waited through the heat of the day, and later through a series of late afternoon and early evening showers.

Attorney General and Mrs. Ramsey Clark, who had been waiting for about 30 minutes in front of the building, joined the cortege as it proceeded on to the Lincoln Memorial.

At the Memorial, the cortege stopped for several minutes, as a choir sung from the steps of the landmark and residents of Resurrection City watched from across the street.

Just as the cortege reached Arlington Memorial Cemetery, the sky — which had been filled with rain clouds all evening — appeared to have suddenly cleared. Members of the party lit candles just before the burial began.

Three times during the day, the strains of "The Battle Hymn of the Republic" were heard by members of the funeral party — at the close of the church service, at Baltimore's railroad station and again from a choir on the steps of the Lincoln Memorial, where the cortege paused for several minutes.

The day began with a formal funeral service inside towering St. Patrick's Cathedral on New York City's Fifth Avenue. An estimated 2,300 invited dignitaries and friends of the senator attended.

On Friday, the uninvited — more than 150,000 persons — stood in line for as long as seven hours, waiting in the 90-degree heat and humidity of midtown Manhattan to pay their respects by passing the casket, some touching it briefly.

Yesterday's funeral mass began with a solemn procession down the middle aisle of the Gothic cathedral, past the flag-draped coffin flanked by six candles.

Edward Kennedy spoke first.

"We loved him as a father, as a brother and as a son. Love is not an easy feeling to get into words," he said. "Nor is loyalty, trust or joy. He was all of these. He loved life intensely and enjoyed it always."

Kennedy told those gathered in the stifling heat of the august old cathedral:

"He received inspiration which he passed on to all of us. He gave us strength in time of trouble, wisdom in time of uncertainty, and sharing in time of happiness. He was always by our side."

"This is the way he lived. My brother need not be idealized or enlarged in death beyond what he was in life, to be remembered simply as a good and decent man, who saw wrong and tried to right it, saw suffering and tried to heal it, saw war and tried to stop it."

His voice cracking, he added:

"As he said many times, in many parts of this nation, to those who touched and who sought to touch him:

"Some men see things as they are and say, why. I dream things that never were and say, why not?"

Shortly after Kennedy completed his tribute, the Kennedy family children moved forward to give communion ingredients and to receive communion themselves from Archbishop Terence J. Cooke, chief celebrant of the solemn requiem mass.

Two girls, shrouded in mourning lace, and several of the slain senator's sons and nephews — some dressed in the black and white garb of altar boys — received the sacred wafer from the archbishop.

Ethel Kennedy — the widow in stark black, her face solemnly veiled — and other members of the Kennedy family then approached the altar for communion.

Loudspeakers mounted in maple trees on either side of the cathedral carried the church service to thousands of persons standing outside in the sultry heat.

Archbishop Cooke delivered the eulogy:

"Somehow by the grace of God, and with the strength that still lies deep within the soul of America, we must find the courage to take up again the laborious work to which Senator Kennedy devoted all his energies; The building of a great and honorable nation.

"Especially in this hour, we must keep faith with America and her destiny, and we must not forsake our trust in one another."

The archbishop reminded the congregation of President Johnson's words shortly after the senator was fatally shot in Los Angeles on Wednesday morning.

"President Johnson offered the nation his counsel when he pointed out that 200 million Americans did not fire the shot that ended Senator Kennedy's life. The act of one man must not demoralize and incapacitate 200 million others.

"To permit this to happen would be to fail utterly to grasp the message of hope and optimism in Senator Kennedy's life."

"We admire his vision in confronting the problems of poverty and civil rights. He also had 'a dream' — the dream of an America purged of prejudice, assuring freedom for all her citizens, a land of truly equal opportunity. He pursued that dream with even greater courage and enthusiasm than when he climbed mountains and forded streams."

Concluding his 20-minute eulogy, Archbishop Cooke said:

"We mourn Robert Kennedy and we know that America shall miss him, but let us not miss the meaning of his life. We too must live in faith; we must respond to God's call; we must answer our neighbor's call for true freedom and equality.

"Our response will be made in loving God and loving our neighbor, in proving our love by service, in serving by confronting and resolving problems of poverty, race, violence and war."

Richard Cardinal Cushing of Boston — who has served over the years as a sort of pastor-extraordinary and spiritual adviser to the Kennedy family — led the mourners in the

blessing of the body and commendation of the soul. The congregation joined in the recitation.

In the gravel-voiced Irish accent which the nation remembers from John F. Kennedy's inauguration and funeral, the 72-year-old archbishop intoned the ancient prayer for the soul of a dead Christian:

"May the angels take you into paradise; may the martyrs come to welcome you on your way, and lead you into the Holy City . . . may the choir of angels welcome you and, with Lazarus who was once poor, may you have everlasting rest."

Archbishop Cushing circled the flag-draped mahogany casket and sprinkled it with holy water. He swung a thurible containing incense so that the aromatic smoke rose over the coffin — an ancient rite of the Catholic Church.



President Johnson extends his sympathy to Edward Kennedy.

-United Press International



-Associated Press

Nuns wave to Sen. Edward Kennedy as the train passes through Philadelphia.

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UPI-43

(KENNEDY)

NEW ORLEANS--ARCHBISHOP PHILIP M. HANNAN TOLD A LOCAL NEWSPAPER SUNDAY THAT SEN. EDWARD M. KENNEDY, D-MASS., IS BEING URGED TO WITHDRAW FROM ACTIVE POLITICAL LIFE.

BILL ABBOTT OF THE NEW ORLEANS TIMES-PICAYUNE QUOTED ARCHBISHOP HANNAN AS SAYING:

"THE NATURAL REACTION OF THE KENNEDY FAMILY AND OF CLOSE FRIENDS IS TO DISCOURAGE TED FROM THE CAREER WHICH HAS PROVED FATAL TO TWO OF HIS OLDER BROTHERS."

ARCHBISHOP HANNAN, A CLOSE FRIEND OF THE KENNEDY FAMILY, PRESIDED AT GRAVESIDE SERVICES FOR SEN. ROBERT F. KENNEDY SATURDAY NIGHT AT ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY. HE ALSO DELIVERED THE EULOGY AT THE FUNERAL OF JOHN F. KENNEDY.

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HYANNIS PORT, MASS.--SEN. EDWARD M. KENNEDY, D-MASS., WAS EXPECTED TO ARRIVE AT THE KENNEDY COMPOUND IN THIS CAPE COD RESORT TODAY WITH HIS WIFE AND CHILDREN.

THE SENATOR'S MOTHER, ROSE, ARRIVED AT THE COMPOUND SUNDAY AFTERNOON. ALSO ARRIVING SUNDAY WAS MRS. R. SARGENT SHRIVER, WIFE OF THE U.S. AMBASSADOR TO FRANCE.

MRS. ETHEL KENNEDY AND HER TEN CHILDREN ARE EXPECTED WITHIN A DAY OR SO.

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WASHINGTON--A CHAUFFEUR FOR THE LATE SEN. KENNEDY SAID TODAY HE WAS BEATEN AND ROBBED BY SEVEN YOUTHS EARLY YESTERDAY AS HE WAS RETURNING HOME FROM THE SENATOR'S BURIAL.

THE DRIVER, L. EDGAR MORROW, 45, TOLD POLICE THE YOUTHS TOOK HIS WALLET CONTAINING THREE GASOLINE CREDIT CARDS IN THE NAME OF THE LATE SENATOR.

MORROW SAID THE ATTACK OCCURRED WHEN HE PARKED NEAR HIS NORTHEAST WASHINGTON HOME AFTER TAKING THE KENNEDY FAMILY TO THEIR MCLEAN, VA., ESTATE FOLLOWING THE BURIAL AT ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY.

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EAST LANSING, MICH.--THE MAN WHO DELIVERED THE EULOGY AT THE FUNERAL OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. SAID YESTERDAY SEN. KENNEDY'S ASSASSINATION "MAKES IT AL THE MORE URGENT" THAT UNIVERSITIES TURN TOWARD CONQUERING WAR, POVERTY AND RACISM.

THE REV. DR. BERNJAMIN ELIJAH MAY, PRESIDENT EMERITUS OF MOREHOUSE COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GA., SPOKE AT MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.

"THE DAY HAS COME FOR EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS TO TRAIN THEIR STUDNENTS TO BE SERIOUSLY CONCERNED ABOUT THE URGENCY AND THE COMMITMENT TO ELIMINATE WAR, ABOLISH POVERTY, AND EXTERMINATE RACISM."

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NEW YORK--U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL THANT SAYS ALL MEN SHARE THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE DEATH OF SEN. KENNEDY.

IN ONE OF SEVERAL EULOGIES FOR KENNEDY DELIVERED AT HOLY FAMILY CHURCH A BLOCK FROM THE U.N. BUILDING, THANT SAID:

"WE HAVE SEEN TOO MUCH VIOLENCE EVERHWHERE TO ESCAPE THE RESPONSIBILITY WHICH ALL MUST SHARE FOR PUTTING AN END TO IT."

"VIOLENCE BEGETS VIOLENCE, WHERTHERE IT TAKES THE FORM OF A MASSIVE WAR OR AN ISOLATED ASSASSINATION, AN ILL-CONSIDERED APPEAL TO VIOLENT EMOTIONS OR THE WITLESS EXPLOITATION OF VIOLENCE AS A FORM OF PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT."

U.S. AMBASSADOR ARTHUR J. GOLDBERG ALSO EULOGIZED THE SENATOR.

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UPI-17

(GUNS)

WASHINGTON--SEN. JOSEPH TYDINGS, D-MD., CLOSE FRIEND OF THE ASSASSINATED KENNEDY BROTHERS, YESTERDAY BRANDED THE NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION (NRA) A TAX-FREE "FRONT" FOR U.S. GUNMAKERS WHOSE LOBBYING POWER SCARES CONGRESS AWAY FROM STRONG GUN CONTROL LEGISLATION.

TYDINGS PROMISED TO INTRODUCE LEGISLATION SOON TO REQUIRE REGISTRATION AND INDIVIDUAL LICENSING OF EVERY PRIVATELY OWNED GUN IN THE COUNTRY AND PERMIT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TO CONFISCATE FIREARMS OF UNQUALIFIED OWNERS "WITH JUST COMPENSATION."

TYDINGS SAID "THE PRESIDENT IS WRONG" TO BELIEVE SEN. KENNEDY'S MURDER WILL BY ITSELF SHOCK THE CONGRESS INTO PASSING STRONGER GUN CONTROL LEGISLATION THAN THE ONE BANNING MAIL ORDER SALES OF HND GUNS NOW AWAITING HIS SIGNATURE. BUT HE URGED JOHNSON TO SIGN THE BILL ANYWAY.

TYDINGS, AN EARLY POLITICAL SUPPORTER OF BOTH THE LATE PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY AND SEN. ROBERT F. KENNEDY, MADE HIS REMARKS IN A TELEVISED INTERVIEW ON NBC'S MEET THE PRESS.

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CHICAGO--TWO NEGRO GUNMEN WALKED INTO THE GROCERY OF A QUIET, RESERVED JORDANIAN AND SHOT HIM TO DEATH.

THE SUSPECTS IN THE SLAYING WERE STILL AT LARGE TODAY WHILE POLICE TRIED TO TRACK DOWN RUMORS THE GROCER HAD SAID "KENNEDY SHOULD HAVE BEEN DEAD LONG AGO."

THE KILLING OF ABNER RAYVAN, 55, SATURDAY NIGHT WAS SEEN AS A POSSIBLE REVENGE KILLING FOR THE DEATH OF KENNEDY. A JORDANIAN WAS BEING HELD ON MURDER CHARGES FOR KENNEDY'S DEATH.

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NEW YORK--A HEARING IS SCHEDULED TODAY FOR A 30-YEAR-OLD SALESMAN WHO WAS ARRESTED SATURDAY WHEN HE TRIED TO ENTER ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL DURING THE KENNEDY FUNERAL CARRYING AN UNLOADED REVOLVER IN AN ATTACHE CASE.

GARY J. DE DELL OF SYRACUSE, N.Y., WAS ARRAIGNED BEFORE JUDGE HOWARD ROOSBACK ON CHARGES OF CARRYING A WEAPON WITHOUT A VALID PERMIT. HE WAS HELD IN LIEU OF \$2,000 BAIL.

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MOUNT HOLLY, N.J.--BURLINGTON COUNTY SHERIFF FRANCIS BRENNAN HAS ASKED RESIDENTS TO TURN ANY GUNS THEY HAVE OVER TO HIS OFFICE.

THE SHERIFF SAID THAT BY VOLUNTARILY GETTING RID OF FIREARMS, THE PUBLIC COULD CUT DOWN ON VIOLENCE AND ACCIDENTS THAT OFTEN OCCUR WHEN THE WEAPONS ARE LEFT AROUND THE HOUSE.

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NEW YORK--THE STATE INVESTIGATION COMMISSION (SIC) URGED GOV. ROCKEFELLER YESTERDAY TO TIGHTEN CONTROLS ON PISTOL PERMITS AND ALLOW POLICE TO FINGERPRINT PERSONS WHO TRY TO CONCEAL THEIR IDENTITY WHEN ARRESTED.

SIC CHAIRMAN MYLES LANE SAID IN A REPORT TO THE GOVERNOR THERE ARE ABOUT 200,000 PISTOL PERMITS IN FORCE IN UPSTATE NEW YORK, WHERE THEY DO NOT HAVE TO BE RENEWED ANNUALLY AS THEY DO IN NEW YORK CITY.

LANE SAID SOME OF THESE PERMITS SHOULD BE INVALIDATED BECAUSE THE GUNS INVOLVED HAVE CHANGED HANDS. THE REPORT SAID LAXITY IN LICENSE PROCEDURE RESULTS FROM WIDESPREAD CONFUSION ABOUT LOCAL INTERPRETATION OF FIREARMS LAWS.

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PUBLISHERS AND EDITORS:

IN RESPONSE TO MANY INQUIRIES:

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL IS COOPERATING WITH COWLES COMMUNICATIONS ON A BOOK ABOUT THE LIFE AND DEATH OF SEN. ROBERT F. KENNEDY.

THE BOOK WILL BE HARD COVER AND BE READY FOR DISTRIBUTION IN FOUR WEEKS OR LESS, POSSIBLY BY JULY 1. THE TITLE WILL BE:

"ASSASSINATION--ROBERT F. KENNEDY (1925-1968)." THE COVER WILL BE IN COLOR--NORMAN ROCKWELL'S PORTRAIT OF THE SENATOR.

IT WILL RUN 80,000 TO 100,000 WORDS AND INCLUDE 75 TO 100 OF THE UPI'S BEST PICTURES. UPI PHOTOGRAPHER RON BENNETT WAS AT THE SCENE WHEN THE SHOOTING OCCURRED AND MADE MANY EXCLUSIVE SHOTS, INCLUDING ONE OF MRS. ETHEL KENNEDY BENDING OVER HER HUSBAND AFTER PLACING A ROSARY IN HIS HANDS.

COWLES COMMUNICATIONS IS WILLING TO MAKE THIS BOOK AVAILABLE TO NEWSPAPERS AND BROADCASTERS FOR SALE. THE RETAIL BOOK STORE PRICE WILL BE \$4.95 AND COWLES WILL MAKE IT AVAILABLE TO NEWSPAPERS AND BROADCASTERS AT A 40 PER CENT DISCOUNT ON ORDERS OF 50 OR MORE COPIES--OR \$2.97 PER COPY. NEWSPAPERS AND BROADCASTERS CAN SET THEIR OWN PRICE.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT GEORGE HOPKINS, COWLES SALES MANAGER, 488 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY 10021. TELEPHONE: (212) MURRAY HILL 8-0300.

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**ARREST AT ST. PATRICK'S
 LEADS TO CACHE OF ARMS**

New York City police yesterday seized a 30-year-old man at the entrance to St. Patrick's Cathedral carrying an unloaded pistol in a briefcase. Later, in his upstate New York home, a submachine gun with a blocked barrel, two rifles, two shotguns, two pellet guns and ammunition were seized on a search warrant.

The man, identified as Gary J. Dedell, a printing company salesman from Syracuse, was seized about 15 minutes before President Johnson's arrival for the funeral of Sen. Robert F. Kennedy. He was charged with carrying an unloaded revolver without a valid permit.

Syracuse police said framed pictures of Kennedy and Czar Nicholas of Russia, slain with his family after the Bolshevik Revolution, hung on the door of his home.

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CAMPERS JOIN CORTEGE *B-1*

People of Resurrection City Bid

B-1 Farewell to Fallen Friend

By **RONALD SARRO**
 Star Staff Writer

Resurrection City became a melting pot yesterday of black and white, rich and poor, young and old, bidding farewell to a fallen friend.

The complex bustled with preparations for the passage of the funeral procession carrying the assassinated Sen. Robert F. Kennedy to his final resting place in Arlington Cemetery, on the opposite shore of the Potomac.

The Kennedy family had invited representatives from the ~~encampment~~ of poor people, whose cause the senator had championed, to join the funeral cortege in the slow procession from Union Station to the cemetery.

Hosea Williams, head of the campaign's direct action effort, then asked each group in the city to elect its representatives to a contingent of about 27 persons.

Fifty of the campaign participants also were taken by bus to Arlington Cemetery, where they were given a cordoned-off area near the gravesite.

The procession reached the Lincoln Memorial Circle at 10:10 p.m., led by the hearse

carrying Sen. Kennedy's body. As the motorcade slowly rounded the circle a crowd 6 to 10 deep stood in silence that was punctuated only by the popping of dozens of flashbulbs.

The hearse stopped in front of the flood-lit statue of Lincoln while a choral group sang "The Battle Hymn of the Republic." It remained at a standstill for about eight minutes while the group sang two more songs: "Thou Knowest the Secrets of Our Hearts" and "Oh Lord, Thy Little Angels, Send and Bear My Soul to Heaven." All three selec-

tions were chosen by the Kennedy family.

As the procession slowly moved around the circle and across Memorial Bridge the crowd there began to drift away and onlookers from Resurrection City returned to their camp.

Meantime, hundreds of persons from all walks of life took up positions around the Lincoln Memorial, neighboring the tent city, to await the funeral procession. By the time it arrived, the crowd had grown to an estimated 5,000.

The Lincoln Memorial crowd was more than six deep in some places—perhaps the greatest concentration of persons viewing the procession. They included about 75 who were Kennedy campaign volunteers.

They sat on benches, on lawn chairs, on newspapers, on blankets, on boards, or they stood.

Several dozen early birds got choice seats on the top steps of the Lincoln Memorial to await the passing funeral line. But at 4:30 p.m. police informed them, after many had sat there for perhaps four hours, that the steps were being cleared as part of stringent security measures.

As hundreds sat in the sweltering sunlight, a memorial service was begun at mid-afternoon at the edge of the Reflecting Pool by Negro gospel singers.

The gospel singers gave way shortly after 7 p.m., to 140 singers from four Washington area choral groups, accompanied by a nine-member U.S. Marine Band brass ensemble.

Represented were the Choral Arts Society of Washington, the Oratorio Society of Montgomery County, the All Souls Memorial Episcopal Church Choir and the St. John's Norwood Parish Episcopal Choir.

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Sirhan Under 24-Hour Guard; Judge Bars Case Comment

LOS ANGELES (UPI)—Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, the accused assassin of Sen. Robert F. Kennedy, remained under constant surveillance yesterday as Kennedy was buried in Arlington National Cemetery.

The 24-year-old Jordan immigrant was kept in the bullet-proof second floor cell of the hospital section of the Los Angeles County jail where he was taken following Kennedy's shooting in the Ambassador Hotel.

An unarmed deputy was constantly in the room with him and an armed guard watched through a plastic peephole in the door.

After a brief appearance at arraignment Friday when he was formally charged with Kennedy's murder, Sirhan was whisked off under maximum police protection and under a mandatory order from Superior Court Judge Arthur A. Alarcon that no witnesses, officers, attorneys or public officials comment publicly on the case.

Mrs. Mary Sirhan, the suspect's mother, had been invited by A. L. Wirin, the head of the Los Angeles branch of the American Civil Liberties Union, to attend the arraignment but she did not appear.

Messages to Family

Wirin has visited Sirhan daily in his jail cell, he said, and has sent messages from Sirhan to his mother and other members of the family.

A representative of the public defender's office has been appointed to represent Sirhan in preliminary hearings but Sirhan has asked Wirin to secure the services of a top attorney for the trial.

Wirin declined to say whether any member of the family had

expressed the wish to see Sirhan or whether the accused man had asked to see his mother or any other relatives.

He said that as of yesterday he and the public defender's representatives were the only ones who had visited Sirhan.

Sirhan was not scheduled to appear in public until June 28 when a plea is to be entered on his behalf by the public defender's office.

Judge Alarcon also appointed two psychiatrists to examine the defendant and advise the defense in determining whether to enter an insanity plea.

Three Women Released

Los Angeles police questioned and quickly released three women who voluntarily appeared, each saying she believed she was the "girl in the polka dot dress" sought after the shooting early Wednesday morning.

A Kennedy volunteer worker had said such a woman ran from the hotel saying "we shot him" minutes after the senator was

fatally wounded. The police investigation was continuing on every lead but officers said privately there was no reason to believe any conspiracy existed.

The order issued by Judge Alarcon was the most far reaching edict ever issued in assuring the rights of a defendant and attempting to avoid trial prejudice, according to Los Angeles lawyers.

It said: "It is the order of this court that no party to this action, nor any attorney connected with this case as defense counsel or as prosecutor, nor any other attorney, nor any judicial officer or employe, nor any public official, including but not limited to any chief of police nor any sheriff, nor any agent, deputy or employe of any such persons nor any grand juror, nor any witness having appeared before the grand jury in this matter, nor any person subpoenaed to testify at the trial of this matter shall release or authorize the release of any purported extra judicial statement of the defendant."

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Long Last Ride Ends

Passengers Emerge Expressionless After 8½ Hours

By ISABELLE SHELTON
and BARBARA KOBER
Star Staff Writers

Like a robot that only tragic widowhood can create, Ethel Skakel Kennedy walked expressionless through the red carpeted concourse of Union Station last night to take her last ride with Robert F. Kennedy.

The eight-and-a-half-hour train ride seemed more of an ordeal than the grieving wife of the murdered senator should have been asked to bear.

Escorted by her oldest son, Joseph P. Kennedy, III, 15, Mrs. Kennedy slowly walked behind another of her sons, Robert Francis, 14 and the sole remaining Kennedy brother, Sen. Edward Kennedy of Massachusetts. They, in turn, were walking immediately behind the casket.

Between Mrs. Kennedy and young Joe was her youngest daughter, Mary Kerry, 8, garbed in white and wearing a white lace mantilla.

(It seemed apparent Mrs. Kennedy was trying to give each of her daughters a special little moment of her own. On other occasions the mother had singled out Kathleen, 16, and then Mary Courtney, 11, to be with her at a special moment.)

Ethel Kennedy looked neither to the right or left as she walked beside the train. Like almost everyone else who had made the long, long ride, — but even more so — she looked like she was in a trance.

Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy, bringing up almost the rear of the group of family and closet personal friends who rode on the last four cars of the train, looked almost ill from strain ... as if she was holding herself together with difficulty.

She held her head high, but

her expression was mask-like, fixed and unmoving. Her brother-in-law, Stanilas Radzivil, walked with her. Between them walked John Jr., son of the late President Kennedy.

Caroline Kennedy, looking pale and beautiful, walked behind her mother.

When the family procession reached the black hearse marked "Arlington Cemetery, MDW-NC-8," the 13 pallbearers heaved the obviously heavy mahogany casket inside.

Slowly, one of dozens of faceless, nameless men who tried to authorize and organize the operations inside and outside at Union Station opened a side door and straightened the flag at the end of the coffin toward the front of the car.

The pallbearers bore the casket toward the limousine to the heart-rending rhythms of the Navy Hymn played by the U.S. Navy band. The musicians were led by Chief Musician Edward Delight, the unit's drum major, with a funeral mace tied with a large black ribbon.

Permeating in the heavy heat of the station was the pungent odor of funeral flowers.

The nation's top officials — President and Mrs. Johnson, Vice President and Mrs. Humphrey, House Speaker McCormack and several Cabinet officers were clustered around the rear of the hearse, waiting to once again pay their respects to the grieving family.

President Johnson, looking drawn and extremely grave, solemnly nodded to the Senator's widow, as if any further communication at the moment might be too painful for either of them.

Vice President and Mrs. Humphrey grasped Ethel Kennedy's hand and whispered a

few quiet words to her. Tears were visible in Murfet Humphrey's bright blue eyes. Humphrey for most of the time had his chin thrust high in the air, as if he were seeking thus to control his emotions.

The Humphreys greeted the solemn parade of Kennedy sisters that followed Ethel Kennedy — Eunice Shriver, Pat Lawford and Jean Smith, whose similarity of appearance was emphasized by the similarity of their black garb to the point where they were practically indistinguishable from each other.

Again without flinching or turning to either side, Ethel Kennedy climbed into the front seat of the hearse beside one of her sons.

She sat, looking forward, as her brother-in-law, the last living Kennedy brother stopped to greet House Speaker John McCormack.

Then Mrs. Kennedy emerged from the car and spoke briefly to McCormack who had arrived at the station shortly before the train arrived.

As the day of waiting wore on into evening, the confusion that hung with the airless heat in Union Station mounted.

Dozens of security men, police, so-called "Kennedy men" and other apparently self-appointed authorities barked instructions, changed them, issued others and changed them.

To add to the confusion, the black draped doorway through which the jam-packed limousines passed on their way to the New Senate Office Building and on to Arlington Center

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tery was only inches wider than the big automobiles.

Three cars scraped against the stone pillars of the doors even as an aide stood by shouting "to the left, to the left."

As the hearse started slowly down the concourse into the growing darkness outside, one of the follow-up limousines crackled and hummed, but refused to turn over.

The passengers, who included Kennedy's brother-in-law, Steven Smith, emerged to find other cars for the journey to Arlington Cemetery.

One of the last to disembark from the first train which arrived twenty minutes before the cars carrying the casket, the Kennedy family and close friends was Richard Cardinal Cushing.

The long-time friend of the Kennedy family had become ill on the train and was met by two doctors. Making a point of leaving the train and walking to a waiting limousine that had been pulled close to the train especially for him, Cushing looked weary but otherwise not seriously ill.

He climbed unaided into the back seat. One of the doctors quickly got in beside him, watching him closely and questioning him as he put his hand on the Cardinal's shoulder.

Francis Cardinal O'Boyle leaned into the car and spoke briefly with his clerical colleague.

Cushing, who was to have bestowed the final blessing at the graveside ceremonies, was immediately flown back to Boston by an Air Force plane.



- United Press International

Mrs. Robert Kennedy leaves the altar rail, followed by one of her daughters, after receiving communion during the Requiem Mass.

Letters to the Editor

Published letters are subject to condensation, and those not selected for publication will be returned only when accompanied by stamped, self-addressed envelopes. The use of pen names is limited to correspondents whose identity is known to The Star.

Assassination's Aftermath

SIR: Once again the struggle to improve the American way of life has been dealt a savage blow. As the currents of change began to move the American people in a new direction, a guiding light for the movement has been snuffed out. We see the American Dream fading into the distance, to be replaced by the American Sickness, of which the prevalent symptoms are political assassination and total disregard for the rule of law. How many leaders must fall before it is realized that our society cannot exist if any madman's gun is to speak more loudly than the voice of the people?

Senator Kennedy, in a eulogy to John F. Kennedy, once cited the words of Shakespeare from "Romeo and Juliet": "When he shall die take him and cut him out into stars and he shall make the face of heaven so fine that all the world will be in love with night and pay no worship to the garish sun." The light from Robert Kennedy's stars must guide this nation to a new compassion; no longer may men take up arms against those with whom they disagree. It must guide a new generation to work within our system of government for change in our society. Robert Kennedy's dreams, his desire to seek a newer world, will live on. Our challenge is to build a better America based on these dreams.

Philip M. Seib.

* * * *

SIR: What is wrong with America today? Is it no longer possible for the people to carry out the democratic process without violence?

A. Roberts.

Oakton, Va.

* * * *

SIR: What in the name of heaven is holding up adequate and effective gun control legislation in the Congress?

How many more assassinations, murders and shootings are needed to arouse the Congress to its plain and simple duty?

It is presumptuous of those who argue that because it is a constitutional right for an American to bear arms there should be no control over them.

I have owned rifles and shotguns all my life and I cannot see any objection whatsoever to their registration or other control. In fact I should welcome it. It is worse than an absurdity to go on as we are, the gun lobby to the contrary notwithstanding.

Stanley Woodward.

* * * *

SIR: The Constitution guarantees every citizen the right to bear arms, just as it guarantees him the right to vote. I do not see how, unless the Constitution is amended through proper legislative means, a U.S. citizen can be denied the right to own a gun unless he is imprisoned or under indictment. The real loser in any kind of strict gun control law will obviously be the honest working man who wants to protect himself and his family from the criminals stalking the nation at large, thanks in part to the liberals and the Supreme Court.

John F. Tribune.

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SIR: The National Rifle Association and the members of Congress who bowed to a "strong" lobby against a gun control law must share the guilt for the assassination of Senator Kennedy.

A gun control law together with stiff penalties for unlawful possession can do more in curbing crime than all the hundreds of thousands of dollars being spent for "studying the cause of violence."

Common Sense.

* * * *

SIR: Oh my God, Mr. President! Not another Commission!

Donald L. Watson.

* * * *

SIR: The blame does not entirely belong to the criminal — it should be shared by our lawmakers and law enforcers. These shootings continue because nothing is being done to control the sale of guns to people not authorized to carry them. Why bother to add 1,000 policemen to the rolls in the District? They are treated like puppets on a string. They have to take abuse and are told to act like gentlemen. Criminals know this, and run rampant.

Mrs. Dorothy L. Grosskurth.

Oxon Hill, Md.

* * * *

SIR: Of course, civil violence is not to be condoned, in this or in any other country. But, before we as a nation are condemned for our violence by Europeans, Asians, or others, I would hope that they could be persuaded objectively to recall that the alleged assassin of Senator Kennedy was Arab-born and Arab oriented — not American-born, and that the "official" assassin of President Kennedy was U.S.-born, true, but had returned to the U.S. from Russian residence and Russian employment with a Russian wife.

Both men were typical Americans, each in his own way. Of both, it can be said that non-American views were held, if not anti-American, and, certainly, that Russian ideological views were held by the one and Arab-extremist views are held by the other.

Charles Talbott Garland.

Alexandria, Va.

* * * *

SIR: I am told by news commentators, civil righters, politicians and celebrities that, somehow, because I am white and/or American, I am responsible for, among other things, the killing of Senator Robert Kennedy.

Those who so indict such large segments of society should be denied the vehicle of mass media with which to incite mental illness.

J. T.

SIR: After the death of Senator Kennedy, I heard President Johnson make an appeal for the control of the sale of guns.

I have no objection to gun control. I do not care for guns myself. I do not own any and do not plan to. But I would suggest that all who propose gun laws should, first, look to the "beam in their own eyes"! I am referring to the flagrant use of guns, rockets and all kinds of destructive weapons around the world by our so-called democratic government to impose its will on the people of other parts of the world who happen to have views different than we do.

Truman E. Bruch.

Alexandria.

* * * *

SIR: In listening to television coverage Wednesday night my eight-year-old son was absorbing the news and had been doing so during the day.

Later in the evening on Kraft Music Hall, Eddy Arnold sang a song entitled "It's a Wonderful World." My son commented, "I don't think it's a wonderful world" and I asked him why. He replied, "You know because of what happened to Senator Kennedy. It's not a wonderful world when someone kills children's fathers—like Senator Kennedy, Dr. King and President Kennedy. Don't they know the children can never get another Daddy?"

If children this young are so disillusioned they no longer believe it's a wonderful world, shouldn't this be on the conscience of all the adult world so strongly as to wake them up to the fact that unless they, in their attitudes, prejudices, hate and greed, change drastically, we are leaving our children no heritage, no pride in their country and no dreams for a safer and better world in which to grow and become good citizens and future leaders?

Mrs. W. A. R.

Annandale, Va.

* * * *

SIR: In the wake of all the tragedy our decade has seen and the most recent incident in California, some people want to say, "What's the use; this world is coming to an end." I do not subscribe to this belief and I hope not many others do. We admit we have many troubles, but we also affirm that we have a whole world to preserve. We admit we have violence, but we affirm that man is basically good. We must not give up, nor lose faith in mankind.

Carolyn Hall.

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URGENT
WITH KENNEDY

JERUSALEM (UPI)--THE FATHER OF THE MAN ACCUSED OF ASSASSINATING SEN. ROBERT F. KENNEDY SAID SUNDAY NIGHT HE WAS NOW SURE THE MURDER "WAS CARRIED OUT ENTIRELY ON MY SON'S INITIATIVE AND ALONE."

THE STATEMENT BY BISHARA SIRHAN, 52, WAS A COMPLETE TURNABOUT. UNTIL SUNDAY NIGHT HE HAD MAINTAINED HIS SON, SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN, HAD BEEN "PUT UP" TO THE ASSASSINATION.

"IT'S KENNEDY WHO WAS TO BLAME FOR WHAT HAPPENED," THE ELDER SIRHAN TOLD NEWSMEN. "IT WAS HIS TONGUE WHICH LED TO HIS ASSASSINATION."

HE SAID KENNEDY HAD "INSULTED THE ARABS ENOUGH."

ASKED BY A REPORTER IF ANYONE HAD "CHANGED HIS MIND" FOR HIM, THE ELDER SIRHAN REPLIED:

"YES." HE SAID AN ARAB ACQUAINTANCE WHO RECENTLY ARRIVED FROM THE UNITED STATES "PUT THINGS STRAIGHT FOR ME."

THE ELDER SIRHAN SAID HIS SON, WHOM HE PREVIOUSLY DESCRIBED AS "GENTLE AND HUMBLE," HAD ENDURED "TRAUMATIC EXPERIENCES" DURING THE 1948 ARAB-ISRAELI WAR WHICH "LEFT SCARS ON HIS CHARACTER."

YOUNG SIRHAN WAS LESS THAN THREE YEARS OLD DURING THE 1948 FIGHTING.

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THE LONG WAIT A

Crowds Gather in a Hushed

Capital

By HARRIET GRIFFITHS and JOHN SHEPHERD
Star Staff Writers

Washington waited through a long, sultry Saturday and into the night to pay its final respects to Robert F. Kennedy.

Eight and 10 deep they lined the route of the slain senator's funeral procession from Union Station to Arlington Cemetery.

In all, Assistant Police Chief Jerry Wilson's force of 450,000 to 500,000 turned out for the solemn march.

Not until the burial motorcade had passed through the city and arrived at the cemetery gates, did some of the spectators give up their posts of vigil.

The funeral train from New York arrived 4½ hours late, but neither nightfall nor rain-fall daunted most of the mourners, many of whom had taken up their positions early in the day.

Even well before noon, the beginnings of a crowd had gathered at the entrance to Arlington Cemetery west of Memorial Bridge, and by 2 p.m. more than 100 waited in the muggy heat of Union Station for the funeral train.

A Charleston, S.C., man, Cecil Smith, said he had been waiting at the station since 7:50 a.m. He spoke of Sen. Kennedy as a "wonderful man—a man of everybody," and told how he had come 4½ years ago for President John F. Kennedy's funeral.

As night fell, watchers maintained their ranks along the procession route, seemingly

undaunted by the splatter of a summer shower at 8:30 p.m., but relieved by word that the train finally had pulled into the station at 9 p.m.

A twinkling of lights from the sidelines greeted the passing motorcade—the flash bulbs of cameras and the lighted candles of the crowds waiting in the darkness.

The spectators stretched along the Constitution Avenue route and concentrated at the Lincoln Memorial, estimated at about 5,000 on the side-walk across from the Memorial.

Most stores closed at 4 p.m. and movie matinees and other events were canceled out of respect for the slain senator who had spared the time from his busy national career to become one of the Washington community's most familiar figures as well.

Security precautions were much in evidence. Police moved up and down the route checking every manhole covers. Police and National Guardsmen stood 3 feet apart.

Most area residents apparently spent the daytime hours indoors by their television sets, watching the funeral at New York's St. Patrick's Cathedral and the progress of the senator's body and his family toward Washington.

But others flocked to Union Station, cordoned into an area west of Track 16 where the special train carrying the funeral party arrived. The station's three flags flew at half-staff and entrances were draped in black.

Mrs. Juanita Johnson had come from her Southeast Washington home to "pay respect to a man who earned all the respect my race can give him."

Ronald and Sandra Mason, "terribly hurt" by the senator's death, observed sadly that "it seems always when somebody tries to make a move to do some good, he gets put down."

Mrs. Helen Anderson hoped

she could leave her job in the station's post office when the train arrived. In tears, she said, "I just don't know how much more of this I can stand."

An elderly woman sat in a chair under the trees on the edge of the circle fronting the station, dressed all in black, with an artificial flower pinned to her dress, and carrying a cane.

"I love him," she said. "I love him. I love the whole Kennedy family and Dr. Martin Luther King. I love them all."

"What's the matter with the devil?"

The assassination was a personal thing, too, for Mrs. Rebell McIvor, who has worked for 21 years in the salad pantry of the new Senate Office Building. She waited across the street from there, on the shady side of First Street NE.

"Did I know him? I knew both of them," she said, recalling that Robert Kennedy, and his brother, Sen. Edward Kennedy, often would come through the kitchen en route to their offices in the mornings.

Of Robert's death, she said, "I felt like we had lost our best friend, and we had. We have lost our best friend."

Most buildings along the procession route were closed to the public for security reasons, officials reported.

As the day progressed, the crowd at the entrance to Arlington Cemetery grew. Some wearing informal sports clothing, others dressed up, they sat on the grass. There were brightly-colored umbrellas raised against the hot sun and

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here and there in the group, campaign buttons of the Kennedy presidential race appeared.

But the mood was quiet. Transistor radios played softly, bringing news of the funeral's progress. People talked of the senator, and of his family.

A continuing line of slow-moving cars carried onlookers past the cemetery gates, and military policemen directed them to parking places at Ft. Myer.

Inside the cemetery, soldiers of the 3rd Infantry Division, the cemetery's honor guard, cordoned off the area around the gravesite, keeping spectators a good distance away.

The men in blue dress uniforms, folded raincoats at their feet against the day's portent of thundershowers, stood at parade rest in the humid heat while many in the gathering crowd searched for shady spots.

Only members of the family and close friends were permitted at the actual graveside. Members of Congress and other dignitaries were grouped in the paved area adjoining the Eternal Flame at the grave of John F. Kennedy.

On the hillside above the gravesites, attendants laid out hundreds of floral wreaths arriving from friends and admirers of the senator from all walks of life.

Members of the Kennedy staff and campaign workers arrived in groups. Chic young women and young men in gray suits came down the hillside, making a pilgrimage first at President Kennedy's grave and then gathering some distance from the waiting grave of his brother.

County Crossings Watched

From about 4:30 p.m. when the expected hour of the funeral train's passing neared, groups of people gathered and swelled at railroad crossings in Prince Georges County, with the largest concentration at Bowie, Md.

At Union Station, the train came in on Track 16 and had its three rear cars switched to Track 17 for unloading. A red runner paralleled Track 17, and the Doric columns were draped in black.

Inside the station, dozens of black limousines were lined up, and a fleet of buses was parked nearby, motors and air conditioners running.

Waiting in limousine No. 1 was chauffeur Lee Morrow, a longtime employe of the Kennedy family.

Newspapers were pressed into service as fans against the still heat, and transistor radio listeners set up groans as news of each new delay of the funeral train was reported before it finally arrived.

"I'm going to stay until the train comes in, no matter how late it is," said Olive Duff.

"It's a matter of respect," said Cheryl Blenko. "I have to stay. It's so hard to realize what happened. I don't think I'll believe it till I personally see them bring the casket by."

"It is so very hard to realize that anybody could have so much hatred as to do a thing like this," she said.

The crowd both inside and outside the station was preponderantly Negro.

The red carpet, apparently made to do when a green one could not be found in time, was covered with large white cloths in an effort to keep it clean until the train arrived.

Joint Honor Guard

A joint honor cordon of mixed military units marched back and forth during mid-afternoon, presumably to keep the men from tiring in a long, still wait.

The troops included 3rd Infantry (Old Guard) members from Ft. Myer; the Marine Corps Ceremonial and Guard Company from the Marine Barracks here; the Navy Ceremonial Guard; the Air Force Honor Guard from Bolling Air Force Base, and the Coast Guard Ceremonial Honor Guard from Washington Radio Station, Alexandria.

The Navy Band's spanking white uniforms contrasted with their black-shrouded drums.

Also waiting for the train was the Navy Band; the men's spanking white uniforms contrasting with their black-shrouded drums.

Chief Musician Edward Delight of Huntington Beach, Calif., the unit's drum major, led them with a funeral mace tied with a large black ribbon. Musical director of the group is Lt. Comdr. Anthony Mitchell.

Security in the station, particularly in the train shed area, was heavy. Men could be seen patrolling on the roof over Track 17. Washington's director of public safety, Patrick V. Murphy, circulated unobtrusively around the area.



The bier of Robert F. Kennedy stands alone during the Solemn Requiem Mass yesterday, at St. Patrick's Cathedral in New York City. President Lyndon Johnson is in pew at left.

—Associated Press



-Star Photographer Francis Rouff

Robert F. Kennedy Jr. kisses his father's casket at cemetery as the family pays its last tribute.

Tolson _____
 DeLoach _____
 Mohr _____
 Bishop *Roh* _____
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 Felt _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen *Rosen* _____
 Sullivan *Sullivan* _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

**Into the Night They Wait With Patience
 and Reverence**

Undaunted by the heat of day, occasional rain and the advent of night, thousands lined the route here of the hearse taking the body of Sen. Robert F. Kennedy to Arlington Cemetery. At the Lincoln Memorial, the funeral cortege paused for a tribute by massed choirs and about 5,000 spectators, including many residents of the adjacent Resurrection City. An estimated 450,000 to 500,000 lined the cortege route through Washington. Many had waited for hours through a long, sultry afternoon and evening for the funeral train, which was 4 1/2 hours late. Police and National Guard troops lined the entire route, keeping crowds on the sidewalks.

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The Washington Post _____
 Times Herald _____
 The Washington Daily News _____
 The Evening Star (Washington) _____
 The Sunday Star (Washington) *B-1* _____
 Daily News (New York) _____
 Sunday News (New York) _____
 New York Post _____
 The New York Times _____
 The Sun (Baltimore) _____
 The Worker _____
 The New Leader _____
 The Wall Street Journal _____
 The National Observer _____
 People's World _____
 Date *JUN 9 1968* _____

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