

SECRET

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS

AS OF: 31 MARCH 1982

SESSIONS

TRAINING	250
OPERATIONAL	632

PROJECTS

	1981: 25	1982: 1	TOTAL TO DATE: 74
COMPLETED	64		
ACTIVE	7		
CANCELLED	3		

INTELLIGENCE PROVIDED (COMPLETED PROJECTS)

USEFUL DATA	29
FAILED TO HELP	29
DATA STILL BEING STUDIED	<u>6</u>
	64

SECRET

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SG1A

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HISTORY - INSCOM INVOLVEMENT

ACSI TASK INSCOM...  
FALL 1978...Determine of parapsych could be used to collect intelligence...specifically that area of parapsych known as Remote Viewing

Parapsychology is classified into 2 major areas:

1. Physical actions performed by mental power that cannot be explained by known physical means (Psychokinesis -PK)
2. Forms of perceptions which cannot be explained through known sensory means (ESP, Telepathy, Remote Viewing).

INSCOM APPROACH:

1. Could RV be taught: (SRI experience)
  - \*Locate INSCOM people (characteristics)
  - \*Establish training method (never tried before) (take 1-2 yrs)
2. Can it be applied as a collection method:
  - \*Reasonable accuracy.
  - \*Provide information that would be accepted by Intelligence analysts.
3. Can it respond
  - \*Responsive to collection requirements.

MILESTONES:

FALL 78 - FEB 79 : Locate People  
FEB 79 - DEC 79 : Train (1st TNG: 28 Feb 79)  
DEC 79 - SPRING/SUMMER 81: Operational  
(460 sessions) (1st OPN'L: 4 SEP 79)

JAN 81 - ACSI turned control of project to INSCOM

1979 - 84 OPN'L  
1980 - 384 OPN'L [REDACTED]  
1981 - 139 OPN'L (QTR 1-3)

SG1A

ROLES: DIA & INSCOM only participants in G.F.

• DISTINCTION OF ROLES ...sometimes get blurred.

• DIA - involved in

SG1A

Determine vulnerabilities - countermeasures work primarily done by contractors.

ARMY/INSCOM

\*Collect Intelligence

Contracts for specific items to enable us to do a better job of collecting.

FY 81

TARGETING - What type TGTS have the highest probability of success.

How much known information should be cued to a viewer.

AUDIO ANALYSIS - Can accuracy of viewers statements be determined from analysis of tapes of the session.

Collect using professional intelligence personnel.

FY 82 - Training course (basic training)

- Technology transfer

Not doing research on the phenomena

SUMMER 1981 - 1983

NEXT PHASE: INSTITUTIONALIZE THE PROGRAM  
(ONGOING)

OBJECTIVES:

1. Establish an Organization (DET G)

Develop a method for recurring recruitment and training methods

Revalidate "Profile" of people who have been successful.

Have screening questionnaire given during visits to military schools

Evaluate results/interview

If reasonably available recruit else note for future contact

Formalize existing procedures

Revalidate security

2. Determine most "profitable" type targets.

SRI FY 81 contract (TGT Analysis)

Review our own past work

3. Determine how to get higher reliability

Test SRI new technique (training method)

Tailor individual training

Review each individual past performance & determine best TGTS

SRI FY 81 Contract (Audio analysis)

(Does individual have recurring pattern when most accurate)

Propose use of biomonitoring

Review other contractors

SUMMARY OF SRI RV ENHANCEMENT TECHNIQUE

Training

The RV enhancement techniques may be summarized as follows:

- The codified multistage approach to data acquisition inherent in the RV enhancement procedure appears to "slow down" the incoming data successfully, thereby providing some safeguard against the natural tendencies of the remote viewer to interpret and analyze prematurely.
- The data being generated within the structure being investigated appear to result in briefer transcripts with higher signal-to-noise ratios compared to previous results. The gain appears to be both in the quality of individual trials and in the reliability from trial to trial.
- Knowledge of the hypothesized multistage process of site acquisition appear to provide some predictive clue about the quality of the RV product. The data that do not emerge more or less in the staged order tend to have a higher percentage of overlay.